TWELVE PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE HOUSE WILL BE VERY INDUSTRIOUS

Will Start Business Half an Hour Earlier.

Soule Garnishment Bill Killed By Senate.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house is going to be extraordinarily industrious from now on. Beginning tomorrow it will open its morning sessions at 9:30, instead of 10, according to a resolution by D. F. Kelly, of Rice county, providing for 9 o'clock sessions, introduced Saturday. He called up his resolution this morning, and moved that it be adopted. Mr. Stevenson put in a plea for the Minneapolis members, who, he said, had a long way to come. Mr. Clague offered a compromise in the shape of an amendment, making it 9:30 instead of 9, as the original measure provided, which amendment was adopted. The resolution then passed.

Mr. Tighe offered a resolution, which was adopted, congratulating Messrs. Nelson, Nolan and Dorsey on the manner in which they carried out the arrangements for the reception of the presidents.

S. D. Peterson made a forlorn attempt to revive his telegraph rate bill, after it had been killed and a motion to reconsider had been voted down. He asked for a ruling on the claim that he had made that nobody but himself had a right to make a motion to reconsider, he having given notice of his intenceion to make such a motion. Speaker Babcock ruled that anybody could make such a motion, and that Mr. Peterson's notice was no bar. Then Mr. Peterson moved that the proceedings of Saturday whereby the motion to reconsider was put and lost be expunged from the records. This was carried, and the record is clear, but it did not help Mr. Peterson, for when he moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was lost, the chair refused to entertain the motion.

The defeat of the Fosseen bill providing for the closing of saloons on Decoration day was reconsidered.

Mr. Lightly introduced a bill permitting county boards to levy two mills for road taxes, instead of one mill, the present limit.

The only thing done with the calendar, owing to the light attendance, was to kill the Simon's bill, providing for the licensing of public accountants.

The bill relieving hail sufferers from 1902 taxes, by Mr. Block, was killed in committee of the whole. So was the Ruliffson bill to tax dogs for the benefit of sheep owners whose stock suffers from the depredations of dogs, but when the committee rose Mr. Ruliffson had the bill placed back on general orders with a new lease of life. The Tighe bill empowering cities of 50,000 and over to replace old sidewalks with new, without petition from the owners, was recommended to pass.

The Peterson senate bill to punish pilfering of grain from cars was recommended to pass after it had been amended so as not to apply to people sweeping cars in the interest of cleanliness, which it appeared to prohibit in its original form. The bill is a little unique in that it puts the burden of proof of the question of ownership on the defendant instead of on the state, making the former, when accused, prove that he owns the grain in the car, and making the fact that anybody taking grain from a car prima facie evidence that they stole it.

A bill by B. S. Bennett, of Polk to provide that when counties change their boundaries a temporary county seat shall be selected, and that within a year 35 per cent of the voters may ask for and get an election on the location of the permanent county seat, was recommended to pass.

So was Mr. Dowling's bill, designed to prevent a recurrence of the recent unpleasantness between Virginia and Eveleth, both in one school district, in which the Eveleth people claimed they had been frozen out of an election held in Virginia. The bill provides that in districts having over 300 voters in St. Louis coutny, there shall be two polling places and the polls shall be open from 4 to 8.

The Witherstine bill providing that candidates for offices for which there is no emolument, shall not be compelled to pay any fees for getting elected, was recommended to pass.

* * *

The senate did nothing this morning but fight over the Soule garnishment bill, exempting $8 a week or $32 a month from execution. The committee reported the bill for indefinite postponement, and Mr. Laybourn and others made an ineffectual fight to save it.

When the committee came in, Senator Laubourn moved as a substitute that the bill be placed on general orders, and the fight was on this motion. It was finally lost by a tie vote, 23 to 23, after which Mr. Laybourn moved to table the report of the committee, which was lost. Then the committee report was adopted and the bill killed. There has been considerable discussion of the bill, which cuts down the weekly exemption while it raises the monthly exemption. It was strongly opposed by some labor itnerests, and supported by the grocers of the state. Both houses adjourned to afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT GIVEN WARM WELCOME AT SIOUX FALLS

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON HIS WESTERN TOUR AS CAUGHT BY THE CAMERA OF THE SNAPSHOT MAN.

Talks on Wage Worker and Tiller of Soil.

Praises the Work of the Coal Commission.

Sioux Falls, April 6.—President Roosevelt began the second week of his tour in a strenuous way. He rose early, feeling much refreshed by yesterday's rest, and at 7:50 started on a drive over the city with Secretary Loeb, Senator Kittredge and Mayor Burnside. Despite the early hour and the dreary weather, the streets were lined with people who greeted the president with cheers and the waving of flags, and at 8:20 the president arrived at the big Auditorium, where he addressed 4000 children. "I believe in work and I believe in play," said the president. "I would be sorry not to see you enjoy yourselves, but do not let play interfere with work. Do things quickly and cheerfully. Boys, remember the manner you wish to be, the nicer you can afford to be at home. I would be ashamed of a boy who was a bully to the weak. When you play, be fair, but play hard, and then work hard at your studies. If you get hurt, keep on playing. Work with your whole heart in all things."

As the president left the Auditorium he was greeted with tremendous applause. He was driven rapidly to the stand which had been erected at a corner of Ninth street and Phillips avenue, where a crowd of 6000 people had assembled. The president was introduced by Senator Kittredge and spoke on "The wage-worker and the tiller of the soil."

He was frequently interrupted by applause. During his speech snow began to fall, but the president was clad in a heavy overcoat and was well protected. He said he was glad to be again in the "banana belt," which created laughter.

At the conclusion of his address the presidential party was driven to the Great Northern depot, and at 9:30 a. m. the special train left for Yankton.

The president spoke as follows:

Fellow-Citizens: There are many, many lesser problems which go to make up in their entirety the huge and complex problems of our modern industrial life. Each of these problems is, moreover, connected with many of the others. Few indeed are simple or stand only by themselves. The most important are those connected with the relation of the farmers, the stock growers and soil tillers, to the community at large, and employer and employed. In a country like ours it is fundamentally true that the well-being of the tiller of the soil and the wage-worker is the well-being of the state. If we are well off, then we need concern ourselves but little as to how other classes stand, for they will inevitably be well off too; and, on the other hand, there can be no real general prosperity unless based on the foundation of the prosperity of the wage-worker and the tiller of the soil. But the needs of these two classes are often not the same.

> The tiller of the soil has been of all our citizens the one on the whole the least affected in his ways of life and methods of industry by the giant industrial changes of the last half century.

There has been change with him, too, of course. He also can work to best advantage if he keeps in close touch with his fellows; and the success of the national department of agriculture has shown how much can be done for him by rational action of the government. Nor is it only through the department

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BREAK IN LEVEE HAS BEEN CLOSED

New Orleans, April 6.—Advices from Governor Warmouth's Magnolia plantation today are to the effect that the break in the levee has been entirely closed, but a large force of men is at work building a new back line of cribbing back of the levee to insure against a fresh disaster. Sacking began in earnest at the Hymelia plantation today. Weak spots in the cribbing have been strengthened and the line promises to hold fast. The river here today registered 20.2, a fall of a tenth since last night. For a week now the great stream in front of this city has been oscillating between 20 and 20.3.

ALL YALE COURSES TO BE ELECTIVE

Ned Haven, Conn., April 6.—Hereafter all four years of the college course at Yale are to be elective in character. By a rule eight courses will be opened to freshmen, and this rule will make it possible for a freshman to drop Greek, Latin and mathemates on his entrance to college. It will also lead to the dropping of Greek from examinations for admission to Yale. Yale began changing from required to elective courses about eighteen years ago, when the seniors were given practically all optional work. The juniors' studies were made optional six years later. Sophomore and freshmen work remained required until President Hadley was elected, when the sophomores were allowed electives.

SENATOR SMOOT AS AN APOSTLE

Salt Lake, Utah, April 6.—The fifty-third semi-annual conference of the Latter Day Saints came to an end yesterday. Three sessions were held and at each the great tabernacle was crowded to the doors and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. In point of attendance the conference just closed was by far the most successful ever held by the Mormons. The first time in the history of the Mormon church a United States senator occupied a seat among the twelve apostles. At the afternoon session Senator Smoot in his ecclesiastical capacity addressed the vast assembly. He spoke to the people on the virtue of cleanliness and was listened to with deep attention. Senator Smoot avoided any political reference in his speech.

BAD BLIZZARD AT NEWFOUNDLAND

St. Johns, N. F., April 7.—Another severe blizzard, with the thermometer registering 12 below below zero, has frustrated the efforts of the railroad employes who have been trying to clear the snow from the blocked lines and release the trains which were snowed up in the interior of the island. From present appearance, several weeks must elapse before the cross-country service is resumed. The sealing fleet has been sighted along the coast, chasing herds of seals.

COUNSEL FOR ALASKAN BOUNDARY

Washington, April 6.—The secretary of state has selected as counsel for the United States before the Alaska boundary commission Judge Jacob M. Dickinson, of Chicago, who was assistant attorney general during the Harrison administration, and is general counsel of the Illinois Central railroad; David T. Watson, of Pittsburg, United States counsel in the merger cases, and Hannis Taylor, ex-United States minister to Spain. These attorneys will present to the commission the case now being prepared by Gen. John W. Foster and Mr. Lansing. They expect to go to London in September. Judge Dickinson was a member of the president's hunting party in Mississippi last fall.

ON THE BATTLEFIELD OF SHILOH

Twenty-Two Monuments In Honor of Twenty-Two Indiana Regiments Are Dedicated.

Shiloh Battlefield, Tenn., April 6.—Indiana dedicated and presented to the government the twenty-two monuments erected at a cost of $25,000 in honor of the twenty-two regiments that state had in the battle of Shiloh. Two special trains and a fleet of passenger boats brought 600 people from Indianapolis this morning. Gen. Lew Wallace presided at the dedicatory exercises, and in his address he said the army of the Tennessee had no commander at Shiloh and was needlessly surprised by Gen. Albert Sidney Johnson. The monuments were presented to the state by Col. James Wright, of the Indiana commission which has had charge of their erection. Governor W. T. Durbin presented the monuments to the government and they were accepted by William Carney Sanger, assistant secretary of war, who said in part:

"In the absence of the secretary of war, it is my privilege to receive on behalf of the United States these monuments which have been erected to perpetuate the heroism of the soldiers of Indiana. It is fitting that the state should make enduring record of the part which her sons took in the battle, and of the courage and devotion with which they poured out their life's blood. The older men here will remember the en-

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ELECTIONS HELD IN VARIOUS CITIES

Great Interest Is Taken In Ohio on Account of New Code Enacted By Legislature.

Cincinnati, April 6.—The municipal elections in Ohio today are the first under a new code recently enacted by the legislature. There are no officers that hold over, and the winners today will control all the municipal offices for two years. Under this new code the wards have been changed everywhere, so that there can be no such early reliable estimates of gains and losses on partial returns from precincts as heretofore. In a doezn of the large cities the incumbent mayors are running for re-election, and with all the local offices at stake, the contests are much more animated than usual in April. At the same time a full state ticket and members of the legislature are to be elected at the election which follows in November, so that the successor of Senator Hanna is considered to be indirectly involved now. At the same time Ingalls, at Cincinnati, and Johnson, at Cleveland, are considered rival candidates for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination, as well as for election for mayors of their respective cities, and the result may also affect aspirants for the Republican gubernatorial nomination as well as Democratic aspirants for the senatorship. As a rule the usual party tickets are in the field. In Cincinnati, Ingalls heads a fusion ticket, and in Toledo, Jones is running for re-election, independent of all parties. There are three closely contesting tickets also at Akron, Washington Court House, Marietta, Ashbula, Fremont, Greenfield nd Oxford.

Julius Fleischmn, the present incumbent, is the Republican candidate for mayor, and Melville E. Ingalls, president of the Big Four railroad, opposes him on what is called the citizens' ticket, and is supported by the Democratic organization, together with Republicans. The Socialists and Prohibitionists also have candidates. Voting up to 10 o'clock exceeds that of any previous election.

Cleveland, April 6.—Election day in this city opened cloudy and cool. Not in years has such general interest been manifested in a municipal election as was shown today. Every booth was crowded with voters during the early part of the day, and the number of ballots deposited per hour broke all previous records in many cases.

Columbus, Ohio, April 6.—Most intense interest prevailed in the election today and a heavy vote was polled early. The sharpest fights are for the offices of mayor, president of the council, city solicitor and police judge, and party lines will be obliterated. The day opened cloudy and chilly.

Toledo, April 6.—Weather warm and cloudy, with rain probable. Voting opened brisk all over the city and a heavy vote is evident. Owing to Mayor Jones' fourth candidacy there is much scratching of tickets, and indications favor his election by a small margin, and that the Republicans will elect the remainder of their city ticket.

Detroit, April 6.—The sky was overcast with clouds when the polls opened in Detroit today, but an hour later the sun broke through, and every indication was for a beautiful day. The early vote was light. There has been little interest in the campaign excepting that of the candidates for auditor in this district, and it is believed today's vote will be very light even for an off year.

Helena, Mont., April 6.—All organized cities in Montana are holding municipal elections today. Outside Anaconda, Helena and Butte party lines are not strictly drawn.

In Helena, the Republicans who are in power, want to install new public utility plants while the Democrats want to take over the old ones. The chances seem to favor the Republicans.

In Butte it seems to be a case of Heinze against the field, with the mayoralty as the chief prize. There are four candidates for mayor.

Detroit, April 6.—Reports from the state indicate that a very light vote is being polled today, even for an off year, despite the fact that the weather is fine. A supreme justice and two regents of the state university are the only state officers to be elected. In several cities local issues are bringing out a good-sized vote. At Battle Creek a hot fight is being waged between the Republicans and Socialists. St. Clair has a three-cornered fight in which the Socialist candidate for mayor is thought to have the best chance of election. Bay City and West Bay City are voting on the question of consolidating. Kalamazoo and Chelsea also have local isues that are bringing out a good vote.

Houghton, Mich., April 6.—A very heavy snow storm yesterday, followed by a thaw this morning, will interfere materially with the vote in interior townships. Archibald J. Scott, for twenty years supervisor of Hancock township, and for seven years president of Hancock village, will be elected the first mayor of the city of Hancock without opposition. Michael Finn, for thirty-seven years clerk of Hancock township and Hancock village, will be the first city clerk without opposition.

Winona, Minn., April 6.—A large vote is being poled in the municipal election contest for mayor. Weather is cloudy, but rain is holding off.

GENERAL STRIKE OF LABORERS IS ON THROUGHOUT HOLLAND

Labor Troubles Which Have Long Been Brewing, Reach a Culmination In the Ordering Out of All Labor Engaged In Transportation.

Amsterdam, April 6.—At midnight a meeting of the workmen's committee proclaimed a general strike throughout Holland of all labor engaged in transportation, both by land and water. All the railroad lines, stations and wharves are guarded by troops.

The administration of the railroads has taken steps to secure the running of foreign expresses under military protection. A workman wa swounded by a revolver shot fired by a soldier today. The man, who was walkijng on the railroad, was not aware the strike had been proclaimed, and failed to reply to the soldier's challenge. The president of the workmen's committee of defense, in an interview, said the strike proclamation involved the entire railroad system and other land transport of Holland and the water transport of the important ports, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dordrecht and Zaandam. The strike, he added, was intended as a protest against the anti-strike laws, as well as to support the demand of the railroad men for an increase of wages before the passage of the laws made an improvement in their position impossible. The president also said the strike would spread to other branches of labor.

The staffs of the shipping companies have stopped work in sympathy with the strikers. Only one train left Amsterdam this morning, and it was protected by troops..

All business here is at a standstill on the wharves, and the mail boats which arrived today could not be unloaded.

Rotterdam, April 6.—The dock laborers, wagon drivers and all others engaged in industries connected with the port have joined in the general strike. A formal declaration was issued by the strike laders here to the effect that the strike was not connected with the question of wages, but was solely against the proposed anti-strike laws, whose withdrawal is demaneded. The railroad station here is guarded by marines and a sufficient number of employes have remained at work to enable the running of a few trains today between Rotterdam and Amsterdam.

The Hague, April 6.—A general strike of the railroad men was proclaimed here this morning. The railroad stations are guarded by troops and police. The government is endeavoring to maintain the foreign mails service by trcop protected trains. The service on the Netherlands railroad is restricted.

A BARONET IS TAKEN FROM THE WORKHOUSE AND MARRIED

Wooing Was Done By Proxy, But Principal Finally Declined to Wed, So the Deputy Arranged the Wedding For Herself.

New York, April 6.—Sir William Gordon MacGregor, recently an inmate of the Westham workhouse, has been married at Bristol, says a London dispatch to the Herald. Publicity being given to his presence in a workhouse, Sir William MacGregor was wooed and won by deputy and the deputy herself finally became the bride. Miss Alice Gulliver, who is now Lady MacGregor, induced the baronet to take his discharge from the workhouse and travel to Bristol with her. On arriving at the station she was introduced to the prospective bride and the party drove to lodgings which had been taken at a large boarding house facing Durham downs, but when they separated a few hours later, the lady declared her intention of not entering into the engagement.

However, Sir William MacGregor's expenses were guaranteed for a fortnight in order that he might rest before returning to his former environment. There for a few days the matter rested until the lady who had acted as deputy renewed the acquaintance and agreed to marry the baronet herself.

DIED AS SINGING OF HYMN ENDED

Phifadelphia, April 6.—"Who knows how near my end will be?" The congregation of Christ Lutheran church was singing the verses of this hymn as the funeral party accompanied the body of Gottlieb Strecker entered the church. Mrs. Kohler, Strecker's stepdaughter, was visibly touched by the hymn and whispered to a relative that her own end might not be far off. As the last words of the hymn died away Mrs. Kohler swayed in her pew and fell, dying almost instantly.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Stein-Bloch Co.'s Rain Repelling Overcoats!

50 styles of the most satisfactory coats. Every one guaranteed rain proof. They are a swagger, fashionable garment, and good dressers cannot be without one. They come in black, oxford, tan and neat mixtures. Broad shoulders, full skirt and cuffed sleeves

$10 $15 $20 $25

Ladies' Rain Coats!

Nobby garments, made expressly to our order. The finest quality and quite different from the ones you see in dry goods stores. Made to wear in rain or shine—

$10 to $30

MINISTERS MEET

Resolutions Against Theater Saloon Licenses and Sunday Ball.

Rev. E. K. Copper on "Why Men Do Attend Church."

A joint meeting of the Superior and Duluth Ministerial associations was held in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian association this morning with the president, Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., in the chair.

Rev. E. K. Copper read a paper on the subject "Why Men Do Go to Church" and Revs. J. D. Searles, Alex. Milne, Patten, Wright and S. C. Davis addressed the association.

A communication from H. C. Withrow of the Humane society was read by Rev. R. A. Montgomery, expressing regret that the writer could not be present as was expected, and suggesting a number of considerations with reference to the problem of children upon the streets. The paper was discussed by Rev. H. W. Knowles and Rev. R. A. Montgomery.

Mr. Montgomery presented the matter of the ordinance extending the license limits and giving liquor licenses to theaters. Dr. Gorby, Mr. Davis, Mr. Knowles, Mr. Montgomery and Mr. Powell took part in the discussion. On motion of Mr. Montgomery a committee was ordered, to visit the meeting of the city council to protest in the name of the association against granting such licenses. Mr. Powell, Mr. Thvedt, Mr. Milne and Dr. Ryan were appointed on this committee.

Rev. Mr. Knowles, presented the matter of the proposed professional baseball on Sunday, and on motion of Mr. Montgomery the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved that this association most heartily supports the committee, Messrs. Davis, Milne and Knowles, in the fight against Sunday professional baseball in this city."

Rev. E. K. Copper's paper on "Why Men Do Go to Church" was as follows:

"A positive truth is worth more than a negative. To emphasize the 'don't' is to kill the 'do,' at least, so we teach our children. Why then, does this not hold good with men?

"We have heard a great deal of late as to 'why men do not attend church.' All kinds of reasons have been given, many of which, no doubt, are true; some are mere suppositions. It is not necessary to know the truth through failure when we can see illustrations in success, and study them.

"Without searching farther then, why men do not attend church,' let us ask 'why men do attend church;' for it is a slander upon the thousands and thousands of men who do attend church regularly and devoutly, to speak as if there were few or none who do.

"There are countless churches of all denominations throughout this country and abroad where the congregations always have a large proportion of men.

"Sometimes in moments of personal or temporal discouragement the Christian leader unintentionally discloses the coward in calling attention to danger, instead of appreciating the loyalty of the faithful.

"Men do attend church today, not as universally perhaps as we would wish them to, but that desire will never be realized by telling the unchurched men that which is not true, as to the church being void of men. If we would speak more encouragingly, we would have more to encourage us.

"There are undoubtedly many reasons why men are dissatisfied with church services today. We will not enumerate them. Enough has been said along that line. Some men attend church for a mental quickening, while others attend because of the sacred influence of the early training of Christian parents. But I believe that positive doctrine has and ever will drive conviction home, and it naturally makes enemies because it tells the truth, and the opposite of that truth reveals by his opposition his smitten conscience. But, men do attend church today where they hear the 'prophet's cry; where sin is condemned irrespective of its champions, when the preacher cares more to preach God and satisfy his own conscience than he does to flatter his pew-holder and pacify a sin tampering life.

"Men also attend church when they are to hear God's voice. The word of God is more alive today than ever before, and this very life is most unmistakably admitted in the pitiful death sounds of disappointed worldly wisdom. Men go to church not because they want to be entertained and amused (pew rents and opera seats are not synonymous), but because they want something which will help them to be better men. Men want a positive gospel, a soul-stirring conviction.

"Six years ago a certain pastor in a delightful suburban village in one of our middle states, went into the business office of one of his trustees and said: 'Well, sir, I'm discouraged. Can you tell me why more of your men do not come to church?' The trusted man looked his pastor in the eyes and said: 'Do you want me to speak frankly?' 'Yes, sir,' was the reply, 'I'm here because I've failed, and I want to know why.' The answer was direct, but true.

"'Men do not come to hear you preach, because you tell them continually what you don't believe and what you don't know, and what you do not understand; and that isn't what preaching is for. In fact, men get enough of that sort of thing in their business, at the club, or in the literature of the day. What we want in church is to hear a sermon that comes from a man of belief and conviction, and to hear a man talk who believes something; not one who doesn't know what he believes.' His friend, for such he was, went on to say that if the preacher would fight out his doubts alone on his knees, and then appear before men in the white heat of conviction, empty seats would be unknown in church, and men would not be in the minority.

"I believe this simple incident is parabolic. The cry of liberalism and free thought has shouted itself hoarse, and its sound already begins to show those sure signs of diseased life. The spirit of true liberty and religious freedom is not to grant the privilege to every doubter to call audiences together to break down the faith of others, not to tell what is not believed, but to give to every man the opportunity of speaking his convictions, of telling what he does believe.

"Preaching and worships do not consist in knocking men and faiths down—I question if this be even the best work of criticism—but preaching is not criticism.

Another power which is filling the church of Christ with men is full-souled earnestness, impassioned fervor. Such preaching is that of Knox, of which the English ambassador wrote to Cecil: "I assure you the voice of one man is able in an hour to put more life into us than 500 trumpets continually blustering in our ear." He never lacked men in his audiences. Neither did Luther, John Welsey, Whitfield, or such men as Matthew Simpson and Philip Brooks in later times.

"Holiness of life also draws men. When Elijah spoke men listened. Men left the cities and stood in the desert, when John the Baptist spoke.

"But the people, too, have their part, and a church has influence where the men are cordial to each other. Where form and formalism are subservient to a kindly word and greeting, where welcome is extended in look, hand and pew.

"Men attend church today where God is, and where God lives in churchmen through the personal manliness of the indwelling Christ, who died that we might live and win others."

LOW RATES!
Tuesday, April 7, Only.
CHICAGO, $10.00.
A. O. WILLCUTS, 416 W. Sup. St.

THE ICE TRUST

In New York Raises Price Another Notch.

New York, April 6.—Pity the poor ice trust. It's in hard luck. Holders of some of the stock, iced and watered as well, have been kicking about dividends, so it has been decided to squeeze the public. Notices have been sent out to customers announcing that after April 1, just passed, the price of ice per hundred pounds will be 30 cents instead of 25 cents. The trust people have been diffident about announcing the raise. They just stamped a notice in small letters on the bills sent to their customers on April 1.

At the last meeting of the ice trust President Schoonmaker's report showed a falling off in the year's business of $821,-353. The surplus of $458,859 for the year before had been cut down to an actual deficit of $362,493.

It is further declared the price of ice is liable to jump to 40 or 50 cents before the season is well advanced.

Concert For the Bethel Refuge Home!

Under auspices of Christian Endeavor Union.

High School Assembly hall, Monday, evening, April 6th, at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

A BAVARIAN EXHIBIT.

Berlin, April 6.—Dr. Lewald, commissioner of Germany to the St. Louis exposition, had a conference yesterday at the Bavarian ministry of the interior at Munich with representatives of the Bavarian ministry of the interior at Munich with representatives of the Bavarian industrial arts and trades, who appointed a committee to prepare a full exhibit for the St. Louis fair.

NEW HAYTIEN CABINET.

Washington, April 6.—United States Minister Powell, at Port Au Prince reports changes in the Haytien cabinet in the following cablegram to the state department: "Old cabinet retired. Now one—Leshinasse, finances. Hyppolite, interior; Claude, justice; Dirac, agriculture; Bonamy, foreign affairs; Clestine, war."

Don't Practice False Economy

In the matter of headwear. Remember we give you "style" and "quality" at a reasonable price. Duluth's own. The Blake hat.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

BASEBALL TEAM

The Fashions May Be Transferred To Northern League.

A Possibility That Van Praagh May Manage League Team.

The Duluth team in the Northern league may yet be a winner.

Negotiations are under way to transfer the Duluth Fashion team to the league. This would mean the abandonment of the proposed second team and it would probably be a good thing—for it is deemed impossible to get a team together that would represent Duluth with any degree of credit at such a late date and a monthly pay roll limited to $900.

It is also proposed that L. Van Praagh take the management of the new team though it is possible that the club would have for a president a well known local man who would make his first appearance in baseball affairs.

New and convenient grounds are proposed and the interest has reached such a stage that several lumber manufacturing concerns have indicated that they may possibly contribute material for the fence and stands of this new athletic park.

The original idea was to have the Northern league team use the old Oneota park grounds, but if the fast Fashion team is converted into a league organization the Oneota Park location is too inconvenient, and unfit for ball park purposes.

It is impossible to arrange the Oneota Park Diamond so that the game can be properly watched without spectators crowding the side lines. Both the infield and outfield are in bad condition and it would take several hundred dollars to fix the grounds up for fast playing.

The fence is in such a dilapidated condition that any person not caring to pay to see a game could easily get in without going near the regular gates and this repairing would cost about as much as the loss in receipts during the season if the fence was not repaired.

The proposition to build a new baseball park along the West Duluth street car line and not far from the Oneota ore docks seems to meet with general approval and would undoubtedly be a stimulating factor to the game.

It now develops that the secrecy and general shying at publicity on account of the Northern league people was without reason—on good authority it is learned that all this talk about fast left hand pitchers and speedy men being signed is little short of hot air. Every other team in the circuit is virtually made up, and practically every good player in the country has already found a berth for the coming season and it would be impossible for Duluth to sign a separate and fast team for Northern league purposes at this late date without making it a financial inducement for men that have signed elsewhere to jump contracts which is not a very sportsmanlike procedure to say nothing of showing a lacking of early hustling for good material. Then on $900 a month salary limit it would not be possible to get many good players to jump their current contracts, for salaries in the minor leagues and among independent professional teams are better this year than ever before.

The team signed by Manager Van Praagh, is said to be plenty fast enough to keep pace with the teams announced from Winnipeg, Grand Forks, West Superior, and Fargo.

NEWS OF THE STORES

Silberstein & Bondy Co.—Elaborate display of new tailored suits, trimmed and untrimmed hats, and other Easter merchandise.

Gray-Tallant Co.—Continuation of fine Easter millinery opening Tuesday and Wednesday. Superb display in the new furniture department.

Panton & White Co.—Showing of the newest ideas in ladies' rain-coats and mackintoshes. Special values in ladies', men's and children's umbrellas.

French & Bassett—Display of new floor coverings. Special sale of chiffoniers, child's cribs and bedroom sets.

Gately's—Special sale of $5.00 to $12.00 hats at $2.00.

M. S. Burrows—Display of the celebrated Stein Block Company's raincoats for ladies and gentlemen in fifty different styles.

THE FAIR.

West Superior Firm Offers Special Sale Every Tuesday.

The Fair, of West Superior, which is very popular on this side of the bay, will tomorrow begin again their special Tuesday sales to Duluth people. Prices in every department throughout the entire stock will be reduced, and Duluthians may expect to find exceptional values in every announcement made by the firm. The first one appeared in The Saturday Herald. To every person from Duluth who purchases goods to the amount of $2.50 or over, 10 cents will be allowed for car fare.

STRIKES AT COLLIERIES

Over Differences In Construction of Commission's Award.

Pottsville, Pa., April 6.—The laborers employed at Brookside colliery, near Tower City, and at the Silver Creek colliery, owned by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron company, today refused to return to work pending the settlement of the question of the number of hours to be worked on Saturdays. The laborers claim that the award of the strike commission does not increase the number of hours to nine, as the officials of the company assert. This grievance may result in the temporary closing of all the company's collieries.

Shamokin, Pa., April 6.—The entire Luke Fidler colliery owned by the Mineral Railroad & Mining company, and employing 800 men and boys, was closed down today because of a strike of the loaders and drivers.

The employes were informed by officials that they must work nine hours a day, as provided by the strike commission. The drivers want to work only eight hours on Saturday.

FIRED INTO THE CITY.

Washington, April 6.—The following cablegram was received at the state department from United States Consul General Campbell Maxwell, dated at San Domingo yesterday:

"Government warships fired three shots into the city last night. One struck the German consulate."

LEGATION IN PEKIN

Will Not Be Fortified as It Would Be Futile.

Troops Could Be Rushed From Manila, If Trouble Occurred.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The war department, after consultation between the president and Secretary Root just before the president left the city, decided that it would be unwise to attempt to fortify the American legation in Pekin. Gen. Miles, upon his return from the Philippines, made a very strong recommendation in favor of this project. But the military authorities realized the futility of any means of fortifying the American legation in China in the event of an attack by the Chinese with heavy siege guns. It is very well known that the Chinese have at their command powerful batteries which, if trained upon the foreign quarter of the city, would destroy every legation in short order. Any attempt to fortify the buildings occupied by the foreign representatives so as to resist a siege would be utterly useless. Should another outbreak occur among the Boxers, and other attacks be made upon the foreigners' fortifications against siege guns, confined in the small space assigned to the legations, would be to no purpose.

The United States has fewer men to guard its legation in Pekin than any of the powers—the total force being only about 150 men. On the other hand, the American forces in the Philippines are within a few days' journey of the Chinese ports, and it is probable that in the event of trouble this country would have in the vicinity of the Chinese capital a force in excess of that which could be quickly landed by Germany, England, France or Russia.

Quiet preparations for the transport of a large body of American troops to the Philippines have been making for some months past, and in the event of the quite probable renewal of the anti-foreign uprising of 1900 a very large percentage of the American forces now in Manila will be rushed over to China to protect American interests there.

It is very well understood by the authorities at Washington that some one high in authority in Chinese affairs prevented the use of the heavy guns against the legations during the last uprising. It is believed by these same authorities that every possible effort will be made by some of the Dowager Empress' best advisers to prevent overt acts by the fanatical yellow men, which overt act would immediately lead to a general war.

One of the reasons for this desire upon the part of the most advanced Chinese statesmen is the hope entertained by such men as Wu Ting Fang, late Chinese minister in Washington, that the new treaty between the Chinese empire and the United States, soon to be negotiated, will result in certain concessions to China, especially in the matter of more liberal immigration laws. During the last months of his career here Mr. Wu became convinced that there is a decided disposition upon the part of these Americans coming into close relations with Hawaii and the Philippines to favor letting down the bars to an extent sufficient to relieve the labor situation in those islands. The existing treaty with China will, in all probability, expire through notification on the part of China upon the day fixed by its terms. This will be within the next year. It was first ratified in 1859, at a time when the commercial relations between the empire and the republic were of very little commercial value. Bu since the open door policy has been declared the United States has every reason to desire trade concessions at least equal to those enjoyed by Germany, France and Great Britain. Congress has in the past declined to concede to Chinese subjects anything like the same facilities for immigration which the civilized nations of the world enjoy. The Chinese desire more liberal laws, so that subjects of the empire will be admitted into American possessions on terms equal to those granted by Great Britain in Canada at least. It is in the hope of obtaining such concessions that the best men of China will use all their diplomacy toward preventing an outbreak which at this time would seriously interfere with their desire to secure a more favorable treaty with this country.

* * *

It is now quite probable that the proposed extra session of congress will not be called until after the fall elections. The principal reason for this change of program on the part of the president is the fear that a September session would result in the precipitation of a tariff changing program just prior to an election. The determination of the president to secure legislation putting the Cuban treaty into effect at the earliest possible moment is just as pronounced now as it was on the first of March, when Mr. Roosevelt originally declared his purpose to convene congress in October. But the protests against the October program has been so pronounced and so widespread that the chief executive has concluded that it would be unwise to open the tariff debate and the possible defeat of the treaty legislation before the end of the year. The so-called Iowa idea seems to be gaining strength in the West and it will take clear-headed generalship on the part of the managers of the house of representatives to prevent attempts at a general revision of the tariff schedules upon the introduction of the Cuban bill into the house. While the opponents of Cuban reciprocity treaty seem to have lost a good deal of strength during the last twelve months there is a confident air among them today and they seem to believe that with the aid of the extreme protectionists who in fear of general tariff revision may help them, they can perhaps prevent any discussion of the tariff during the next two years. On the other hand the president's earnestness in the matter of helping Cuba is so marked that the house leaders already using all their efforts to solidify the majority upon a program which will bring about the enactment of the Cuban bill without general riders.

In the senate, however, a different condition of affairs prevails, and many Democratic senators have declared their purpose to add a general tariff bill to the Cuban measure at all hazards. It was because of the fear of some such program that some of the foremost sticklers for senatorial precedents during the last days of the extra session of the senate that the rules of that body shall be changed so as to limit debate and prevent the continuance of the one-man power.

Party leaders in both houses are already engaged in a quiet party canvass among members elect and senators with the idea of ascertaining just what the probabilities are for preventing the opening of the whole subject of the tariff schedules in the extra session. It is believed that before the president returns from his western trip sufficient knowledge will have been obtained to enable them to discuss intelligently with the president the probabilities and a definite program as to the extra session; the exact date it shall be called, will be decided upon within a very few days after the return of President Roosevelt to Washington.

* * *

Eastern newspapers are paying considerable attention to the open rupture between Governor Cummins and Congressman J. A. T. Hull, of Iowa, over the question of who shall have the honor of entertaining the president when he reaches Des Moines. As the head of a great commonwealth Governor Cummins unquestionably will have the honor of paying due respect to the chief executive and the arrangements for the proper reception of Mr. Roosevelt will rest upon Governor Cummins' shoulders, aided by such citizens as he will select to carry out the program decided upon. Congressman Hull, on the other hand, states that he had a perfect understanding with the president and with the exception of the local capitol and that as he was consulted relative to the itinerary of the president in Iowa and the stop of the chief executive at Des Moines, he naturally felt that the arrangements of the entertainment of the distinguished visitor would be in the hands of Captain Hull's friends. In view of the governor's insistence in entertaining the president as well as Captain Hull's pronounced determination to entertain the president properly, it has been suggested by Iowa people here that a happy solution of the controversy would be to have the president received by Governor Cummins and his staff upon the president's arrival at Des Moines, and that afterward Mr. Hull be permitted to ride with the president in the carriage that will take the president to his train after the ceremonies at Des Moines are over. It is earnestly hoped that no fiasco may result growing out of the acute differences of opinion between Governor Cummins and Captain Hull. It was stated just before the president left Washington that in the event the factions in Des Moines could not agree upon some satisfactory program for the entertainment of President Roosevelt that the latter would cut out Des Moines entirely, using the time thus gained for a visit to one or two other towns in the Hawkeye state.

* * *

As a result of the action of congress at its last session some fifty clerks in the general land office on April the first received deserved promotions through the infusion of new blood in the form of the appointment of twenty-seven additional clerks. While the addition of twenty-seven new clerks did not permit of promotions for all of the 316 comprising the entire office force of the commissioner, W. A. Richards, of Wyoming, those who were not promoted will be compensated in a measure by the lessening of their labors through the introduction of the extra help. The twenty-seven additional clerks were drawn from the regular civil service rolls, and they will at once be assigned to their new positions and gradually broken in. The work of the general land office, because of a shortage of clerical force, is somewhat in arrears, and congress after repeated appeals at last came to the relief of the commissioner and voted to increase the clerkships accordingly. The new commissioner, W. A. Richards, who was promoted from the assistant commissionership upon the retirement of Hon. Binger Hermann, is a man of splendid executive ability and has thoroughly up-to-date ideas regarding the conduct of business. During his six years' incumbency of the office of assistant land commissioner he gained completely the confidence and good will of those under him. It seems safe to predict that with the additional clerks allowed by congress together with the hearty co-operation of the old force, Governor Richards will soon have his bureau working as harmoniously as a well balanced and correctly regulated watch and that arrears in the work will soon be caught up.

* * *

"The Recollections of a Washington Newspaper Correspondent" is the title of a monograph prepared by Francis A. Richardson for and read before the Columbia Historical society of this city. The author of this paper came to Washington in 1865 as a representative of the Baltimore Sun and was continually in the service of that great newspaper as its responsible head in the capitol of the nation until his retirement from the field of active newspaper work in June last. Mr. Richardson in the years that he has been in Washington has enjoyed the intimate acquaintanceship of more famous men possibly, men who have aided in the upbuilding of the nation, and men who have left the impress of their work upon the statute books of the nation, than any other Washington newspaper man, with the possible exceptions of Gen. Henry V. Boynton and Major John M. Garson. In addition to his broad and comprehensive understanding of men Frank A. Richardson has a vast knowledge of the art of entertaining. There is no more delightful dinner given in this city of splendid social entertainments than by Mr. Richardson. There are never more than a dozen men and women about his hospitable board. His guests are selected with scrupulous care as to the proprieties and with a nicety of discrimination that makes them delightful memories. His home is a Mecca for men who have done and are doing things, sought after by those who have learned the art of dining out from myriad associations, and the former head of the Baltimore Sun bureau has enough of this world's goods to indulge himself in bringing together a number of congenial souls under the aegis of perfect hospitality. Invitations to Mr. Richardson's house are never declined. The monograph to which reference is made is a most interesting story of nearly forty years' active participation and connection with the newspaper life of Washington. Mr. Richardson came here a little before the beginning of the first session of the Thirty-ninth congress. The Congressional Directory, according to the author of the paper, contained the names of just twenty-six Washington correspondents, he being among the number. When he retired the first of last June there were in the Congressional Directory the names of nearly 200 regular telegraphic correspondents whose entire time was devoted to newspaper work, and which does not include the multitude of space writers and letter writers numbering, perhaps, as many more.

"The smartest clothes in town."
J. Frank Bellows
Merchant Tailor.
24 Third Avenue West.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Ladies' stylish rain coats!

Our new spring line of cravenette rain coats and mackintoshes is ready. We have a splendid variety of very swell garments of the latest improved materials to shed the rain for the next three months.

Ladies' cravenette rain coats—with half fitted backs, full backs, belted backs, cape effects—the new full sleeves as stylish as on expensive dresses—oxford, olive and tan shades—all sizes

$12.50 to $25.00

Ladies' plaid rubber lined rain coats—covert and oxford exterior—box and half fitted backs, the new Raglan style—excellent qualities and correct styles—

$5.25 to $7.50

DR. ISAAC FUNK

To Return "Widow's Mite" to C. W. West.

New York, April 6.—Henry Ward Beecher and his friend, the late Prof. Charles E. West, may rest in peace in the spirit land. There is now no necessity for "John Rakestraw, deceased," to walk at night, for Dr. Isaac Funk will return the widow's mite borrowed six years ago from Prof. West to Charles W. West, his son and executor of his estate, Charles W. West at his office, 32 Nassau street, was asked if the widow's mite—market value $2500—would be returned to him.

"Of course it will," he replied in his cheery way.

"But suppose the spirits don't want you to have it?"

"Spirits be hanged. I don't care what the blooming spirits say. Dr. Funk borrowed the coin of my father. He is going to return it to me, or, by Jove, I'll serve an attachment on him. Of course, I don't mean that," he added quickly. "Funk is a good friend of mine. He is a fine man and will return it all right."

"What do you think of this spirit business, anyhow?" "Oh, I think it is all rot. Remarkable, however."

When Mr. Funk was seen he said, "Yes, I shall return the widow's mite to Mr. West."

"Have you heard anything from Mrs. Piper or your other mediums?"

"Not yet. You know these things take time. Spirits won't come back or call. They must have the right medium."

"Do you expect any further communication from Henry Ward Beecher?" "I can't tell."

TRAPPED BY SULLY.

Bears In the Cotton Market Hit Hard.

New York, April 6.—By a flank movement which has proved a trap for the cotton bears, Daniel J. Sully once more has proved himself a great manipulator of prices and the recognized leader of the cotton markets of the country, the complete mastery of which he exercises over the market being forcibly brought out in the manner in which May cotton advanced Saturday by leaps and bounds to the highest prices of the season.

The trap which was laid by the bears was sprung the day the government's official crop report came out, giving the figures on the actual crop for 1902. The idea that was given out in the report was exceedingly bearish and many of the weak-minded bulls fell into the same error, and they assisted by their efforts to hammer the market by their lieutenants.

The next day they found to their cost that their preliminary estimates had been far astray.

The report came out on Wednesday, but since that time the story of the cotton market has been one of a series of routs for the bears. Since Wednesday last the prices on the May option have advanced fully fifty-five points, or about $3 a bale. Saturday the bears were panic stricken, and May cotton sold at 10.20 cents a pound.

BRITISH EMBASSY SCORED.

Neglect of Gen. Macdonald After Suicide Denounced.

New York, April 6.—A Paris special to The Herald says: Boundless indignation was caused in the English colony regarding the fashion in which the funeral of Gen. Hector Macdonald was conducted by the embassy. The coffin was sent to the station in a packing case in a parcels delivery van.

When William Macdonald, a brother of the dead man, arrived in Paris there was not a soul from the embassy at the station to meet him. Fortunately the London Daily Mail correspondent was at the station and took him to the embassy, where everybody was out.

When he arrived at the St. Lazare depot to accompany the body to London he found that his return ticket, via the Northern line, was not available on the Western, so the correspondent had to lend him the money to buy a ticket.

Such incidents in the funeral of a national hero have caused deep indignation. In view of the behavior and neglect of the embassy general surprise was felt that Stuart Wortley, the military attache, should have written to a newspaper protesting against its having reproduced from the London papers the news of the charges against Macdonald. He himself showed little respect for his dead comrade, as he did not even accompany the body to the station.

NOTABLE SAYINGS

By Prominent Britons During Last Week.

London, April 6.—Parliament is perpetly entitled, if it has the support of the electorate, to say if we shall have fewer public houses, but we must compensate the people who are turned out.—Lord Cranborne.

Although I am not opposed to municipal enterprise, sometimes I ask myself whether it is possible to view with absolute serenity an extension of the municipality as an employer in its own constituency.—Balfour.

It is a fact, incredible though it may seem, that London, the richest city in the world, does not seem able or willing to provide funds for what really is a public necessity, funds for quicker transit.—Edgar Speyer.

The godlessness of the world seems to be increasing daily.—Gen. Booth.

Young persons of genius commonly write depressing books. With unripe creatures the impression of life is more acute in its distress.—Edmund Gosse.

No translation in verse is worth the paper on which it is printed—Andrew Lang.

It is time the church should make the question of suicide the subject of some plain teaching.—Church Times.

TEST IS POSTPONED.

Pensacola, Fla., April 6.—The test of the new Wadsworth system of fire control at Fort Pickens, which was to take place this week, has been postponed by Col. Mills, as the Washington army officers, including Gen. Miles and Randolph could not come to Pensacola on the date mentioned. The date now set for the test of the system is April 20.

IS NOW BISHOP ROOKER.

Rome, April 6.—Rev. Mgr. F. Z. Rooker, secretary of the apostolic delegation at Washington, has been appointed bishop of Nueva Caceres, Philippines.

GLADSTONE'S STATUE

Placed In Westminster Abbey During the Night.

London, April 6.—A notable statue has, so to speak, stolen into Westminster abbey in a night. Visitors last Monday were surprised to find in the north transept a fine representation of Gladstone, which had taken its place on sacred ground without the formality of public announcement. It had, in fact, been placed there in the dark hours of the night. The reason for the stealthy procedure is said to be due to parliamentary precedent, that there should be no unveiling.

The statue which has entered the abbey in such a ghostly manner is a dignified one placed in a conspicuous position. It suggests a historic contrast, for it stands near Beaconsfield's statue. The two statues recall some of the characteristic traits of the statesmen whom they commemorate. Beaconsfield, represented in court dress, with robes, adornments and the garter, Gladstone in workaday attire, over which is the scholastic gown of a doctor of Oxford university.

Differing in costume, the statues also differ in expressiveness. There is a greater vitality, greater vivacity, greater combativeness thrown into Gladstone's figure and face. Beaconsfield is slightly bent forward. The figure is that of a courtier. The face is veiled with mystery. Gladstone stands erect. his face glows with animation and his attitude is one of supreme energy and dignity. Sculptor Brock has done a work of great ability with fine discrimination.

SHAMROCK III

Is the Speediest British Yacht Ever Constructed.

London, April 6.—Both Shamrocks are now on their way to the channel, where the real racing trials will be held first off Weymouth and afterwards in the Solent. The spins on the Clyde have been fully described in the dispatches, but the opinion of a man who has forty years' eperience as a yachtsman and who was closely identified with the trials of Shamrock II, are interesting. He bases his opinion on some careful watching of a bit of Wednesday's sailing that bore a close resemblance to the well remembered bit between Shamrock I and Shamrock II. On that occasion the second Shamrock could not sail away a yard a yard from the older boat. In the caught Shamrock I and then dropped it quite easily. Men of sound experience begin to look on the new boat as the best ever turned out by Great Britain for a race for the American cup. The only point on which the new boat has not demonstrated absolute superiority is in running before the wind with spinnaker set. It may be kept in view that this was the strongest element in old Shamrock stories.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 27, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Thomas A. Madden, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Patrick Madden, of the County of Ramsey, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Thomas A. Madden, late of the County of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Patrick Madden granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-30-Apl-6-13. 1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 30th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Albert Leuret, Deceased:

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Albert Leuret deceased, late of said County, has been delivered to this Court;

And whereas, Timothy Corbett has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things, that said Albert Leuret died in said County, on the 9th day of February 1903, testate, and that said petitioner is the Executor named in said Last Will and Testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Timothy Corbett,

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Duluth, in said County, on Monday the 27th day of April A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 30th day of March A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30, April 6-13-1903.

RAILROAD NEWS

Northern Pacific Asks Increase In Live Stock Rates.

Duluth-Superior Railway Clerks Form an Association.

The Northern Pacific wants to increase the freight rate on hogs, cattle, mules and sheep between Elk River, Anoka and Duluth. Application for the increase has been made to the state railroad and warehouse commission, and there will be a hearing April 15.

In the petition the Northern Pacific asserts that it made the change in rates in the middle of August last, but forgot to ask the commission about it or publish the rate. Now it wants to have the rate regularly made.

The officials of the road set forth that there was a time when the Great Northern used to use the route through Elk River on the St. Paul-Duluth run, and there was active competition, though the live stock over the Northern Pacific had to be routed through Minneapolis and to Duluth over the Short line. Now, it is claimed, the Great Northern does not go by that route, and the towns are not considered intermediate points any longer, and it is proper that the rate be changed.

The old rates, which were canceled on Aug. 15, 1902, were as follows: Horses or mules, $32 a car; cattle, $20; hogs, single deck, $20; sheep, single deck, $15, or double deck, $20. Since Aug. 15 the rates have been as follows: Horses and mules, $33 a car; cattle, $22; hogs, single deck, $21; double deck, $25; sheep, single or double deck, $22.

THE RAILWAY CLERKS.

Those at Head of Lakes Form an Association.

A branch of the National Railway Clerks' association was formed at West Superior yesterday, when forty clerks, employed by the railways at West Superior, South Superior, Allouez and Itasca became charter members of local No. 54 of the organization.

There are more than 100 clerks eligible to membership on the other side of the bay, and it is expected that there will be at least 100 on the roll before the next meeting.

An effort is being made to organize these clerks in Duluth. The number is not as large, but it will probably be affiliated with the Superior branch, and it is said that the subscription papers are already being circulated here.

The organization is being perfected in all parts of the country, and when perfected will make a formidable association in the employ of the railroads of the United States.

This is about the last branch of railroad labor to organize, and before very long it is expected that the association other railroad workmen's organizations.

NEW LOGGING ROAD.

Gunflint & Lake Superior Company Is Organized.

The Gunflint & Lake Superior Railroad company has been incorporated with a capital of $50,000.

The company intends to construct a line of railway from a point just south of the Canadian border in township 68, north of range 2 west, in Cook county, and thence southerly to Lake Superior.

The articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state at St Paul last Friday afternoon.

The officers are: President, D. L. Arpin, Grand Rapids, Wis.; vice president, Herman Finger, Port Arthur, Ont.; secretary and treasurer, William Scott, Grand Rapids.

The proposed railway will be a logging road, and will be used to haul logs from the pineries in the center and northern part of Cook county to the lake next winter.

Work will probably begin within a few weeks, or as soon as the ground is clear, on the right-of-way.

President Arpin, of Grand Rapids, is a well-known lumberman and has holdings in Cook county.

STEVEDORE WORK.

Knudsen & Eden Get Northern Pacific Contract.

The firm of Knudsen & Eden has received the contract for handling the stevedore work of the Northern Pacific road in Duluth for the coming season. Six docks will be cared for by the firm and from 300 to 500 men will be employed.

This work has formerly been done by the firm of Donahue & Gallagher, and the awarding of the contract to the new firm has caused considerable comment in marine and railroad circles.

Mr. Eden was formerly agent of the Great Northern railroad at Duluth, and his lengthy experience will make him eminently fitted to be the active member of the new firm.

Mr. Knudsen is one of the members of the firm of Knudsen, Ferguson & Co., the wholesale fruit and produce dealers, and has already business interests which will prevent him from giving much of his time to the business of the new firm.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Abbett's drug store.

If Your Easter Hat

Is a Blake, it's correct. Ask your dealer for it.

Be Sure and Go

Concert High School tonight. 25 cents.

THE LONG YEAR

Arguments For and Against Ten Months of School.

J. L. Washburn Explains His Ideas on the Subject.

Attorney J. L. Washburn, who has long been opposed to ten months of four weeks each being made the school year, has ceased to be an active champion of the shorter year, though his views remain unshaken.

"I believe that a boy should be allowed to be an Indian as much of the time as possible," he said this morning. "But in the face of the majority which favors a longer school year I bow to the wish of the body."

The question has been discussed and argued for the past three or four years, but the question of extra expense was apparently the cause for the short year being agreed upon till now.

The contention of those in favor of the ten months' year was:

That it was hard to secure the best teachers for the short year, when larger cities and those near would offer forty weeks' engagements;

That the children would be far better rained if four additional weeks were given them for the year's course;

That with long vacations the child hardly got over the undisciplining effects of it before another one came.

It was found that this year the city would be financially able to take up the longer year, and retrenchment in the school department was no longer as necessary as formerly. It was because of this, and because of the fact that teachers who are desirable had threatened to leave and go where salaries were better for he whole year, that the majority believed it was the proper move, the champions of the longer year for the schools say.

Mr. Washburn has acceeded wholly to the wish of the majority, and, though he has dropped his fight upon the longer year, he makes a statement showing his views have not changed, and that he is in favor of letting children run out of school as much as is possible and consistent with good training mentally.

He says:

"I have grave doubts about so long a school year as ten months.

"That seems to be the school year in most of the large, progressive cities and educators generally stand for it and teachers, as a rule, desire it.

It has been somewhat difficult at times to retain the services of some of our best teachers because other nearby cities offered ten months' service. Formerly ten months school were had here and in the interest of retrenchment some years ago the year was reduced to thirty-six weeks.

"Another argument made for it is that it crowds pupils too much to do the year's work in nine months required to keep pace with the generally established grade work.

"These arguments carry considerable weight.

"On the other side is the iem of increased expense, and what is of more importance to my mind is that growing children should have ample vacation time free from the burden of school room study and routine. Physical development in natural ways is as important to children as a little book learning.

'I have heretofore stood for nine months' school, but I felt that I no longer cared to assume the responsibility of standing out against the demand for forty weeks school year nor to try further to influence others to my way of thinking.

"It seems that it has been the intention to return to the ten months' year so soon as the city was able to do so. Hence the vote to do next year."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Abbett.

SITUATION IS GRAVE.

Bitter Resentment Over Treatment of Madrid Students.

Madrid, April 6.—The situation has become graver in the university towns where the brutal treatment of students has created intense resentment against the government. In Madrid the agitation is gaining ground. The workmen of the tobacco factories have joined in the movement against the authorities, and shouts of "Down with the Bourbons" are frequently heard in the streets, intermingled with bitter cries against the government and lauding the republic.

OVERDUE STEAMER.

The Southwark Has Been Sighted Off Nantucket.

New York, April 6.—Six days overdue, the Red Star liner Southwark, from Antwerp, bringing 1000 steerage and sixty-five cabin passengers, was sighted off Nantucket today, and officials of the company have notified the relatives of the passengers who for several days have been besieging the company's offices for news of the overdue ship. Officials of the company say the cause of delay is unknown to them. The Southwark left Antwerp March 21.

"PEEPING TOM" KILLED.

Akron Woman Hit Him With a Club.

Akron, Ohio, April 6.—Mrs. Susan Updike was placed in jail here early today charged with causing the death of Andrew Fasnacht. Mrs. Updike confessed to the killing, saying that Fasnacht was playing the part of a "peeping Tom" at her home, and she hit him on the head with a club, fracturing his skull. The man was killed Saturday night and the body lay in the yard of Mrs. Updike's home till Sunday afternoon before it was discovered.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats.

The French have a saying: *"A good head does not want for hats."* That may mean several things. Just now it means that all the wise-heads who can are going to get their Easter hats before the final rush, when they must buy in a hurry and not be sure of getting what suits—or go without.

Hats are as busy as bees—$5, $6 and $8 hats especially. It is wonderful what an amount of style milliners have been able to put into them, with good shapes and simple materials for a foundation.

The best advice we can give to guide you is this:—a black hat or a burnt Tuscan straw will go with anything. But, of course, there are all colors to match any gown.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

COUNTY'S POOR

Statement of Expense For Them During the Past Quarter.

Total Cost $5,884.61, a Trifle Heavier Than Previous Quarter.

It cost the county of St. Louis $5,884.61 to take care of its poor for the quarter comprising the months of January, February and March. A statement of the receipts and expenditures of the board of poor commissioners, was filed with the county auditor this morning to be presented at the meeting of the board of county commissioners tomorrow afternoon.

The expense of the last quarter was a little heavier than that of the previous three months when the total was $5,686.60, including salaries, burials, transportation, etc.

The receipts of the poor farm and from refunds last quarter were $91.38 as compared with $118.72 for the previous quarter.

Following is the statement which was filed by John Jenswold, Jr., president of the board of poor commissioners, for the last quarter:

Poor farm	$1,669 60
Board and care outside farm	1,914 62
Temporary relief, groceries	214 00
Temporary relief, fuel	13 23
Temporary relief, clothing	23 35
Transportation	76 17
Burials	89 98
Salaries	900 00
Miscellaneous	267 00
Total expense	$5,884 61
Receipts	91 38
Net expense	$5,793 23

Of the above amounts for temporary relief, fuel was furnished four persons and families, clothing was furnished eight persons and families. Transportation was furnished twelve persons and twelve were buried at the county's expense.

The receipts were due to the sale of products from the poor farm, for board at the poor farm and from refunds.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

RAILROAD TO DAWSON.

Washington, April 6.—Construction of a railroad from Kitimaat inlet through the northern part of British Columba and the Yukon to Dawson is being agitated by Vancouver business men, according to a report to the state department from United States Consul Dudley at that place.

Refuge Home Concert

Concert, High School tonight. 25 cents.

A GREAT SENSATION.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown, of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief, and scor thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00 Guaranteed by W. A. Abbett, druggist. Trial bottles free.

"The Land of the Sky."

This is the title of an attractive booklet just issued by the passenger department of the Southern railway, descriptive of Western North Carolina. The book is beautifully illustrated, and gives the prospective tourist an excellent idea of the attractions of the charming mountain country. To those contemplating a trip for either health or pleasure, during the spring or summer, it would be well to apply to a representative of the Southern railway for a copy of this booklet.

The Blake Hat.

Just a trifle better than the next best. A Duluth enterprise. Push it along.

UPHILL WORK

By Hayden Carruth.

(Copyright 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Says the feller to the other feller: "Can you play the violin?" "I dunno," says the other feller. "I never tried." Which is the same with me. Can I write a story? I dunno; I never tried. But I'm reasonably sure I can give a plain account of a recent happening right here near our town of Hawleyburgh, the facts of the same being known to me in general and particular, partly from being there and partly from settling in Pickleson's grocery and using a pair of nat'ral gifts heaven bestowed on me. I refer to my ears.

Well, you see, there is a mighty likely girl lives near here as I could name—in fact it won't do any harm if I do name her, though her name is mighty likely to change—but that's another story, as a third feller said. Her name, then, is Matilda Chollop—old Squire Chollop's daug'ter. Pretty fine figure of a girl. Good many fellers been sweet on her. Had my own inclinations that way. Don't go round talking 'bout 'em though. Not a word to say what she thinks of me. May know, but shan't tell. Will say this, however, that she thinks less of a certain feller named Hanks than she did.

You see this here certain feller named Hanks came up here from the city for his health, he said. He got some fine outdoor exercise 'fore he got through that ought to have give his state of health a considerable h'list.

You see old man Popdale, who lives out four or five miles, give a dance one night last fall to christen a new barn. Fine man, old Popdale is, and everybody knew they'd have a good time, with two fiddlers and a barrel of cider. So everybody 'lowed they'd go. Of course this here Hanks he had to up and plan to go too. Called it a "hop." Tarnationest fool you ever see, Hanks was—little slim feller with red eyes. Used to go round with his head up like a balky cow, with a board over her face. Course he thought he had to take somebody to his pesky hop, and he asked Matilda Chollop. And somehow she said yes—out of pity for the feller, mebby. I went out to old Chollop's myself the next day, thinking I'd ask her to go with me, but she said she'd promised Hanks. Some folks might a-thought from her manner that she was sorry that she'd been so fast, but I won't say anything about what I thought. I'm not saying everything I think. Anyhow, I'll say that she wished so 'fore she got through.

Well, I went out to old Popdale's on the night of the dance, even if Matilda had gone and made some rash promises, and lots of other folks were there too, all anxious to start the new barn right and see that the cider didn't sp'ile. And just as it was growing dark up drove that there Hanks, who was up in the country for his health, and Matilda Chollop, who wished, mebby, that she'd come with me. Hanks had borrowed the Widder Ganderfoot's one-hoss phaeton—on of these here ve-hick-els which looks like a big basket and with powerful big wheels behind and mightily little wheels in front. Biggest wheels behind and smalest wheels for'ard you ever seen, t'hat being the way with phaetons in gen'ral and this one specially particular. Well Hanks tied his hoss under a shed, and him and Matilda went into the barn with the others and the two fiddlers struck up and soon we was all dancing right lively—tripping the light bombastic toe, as Hanks said. It was enough to make you sick to hear that feller talk.

Well, we kept it up livelier and livelier till along about midnight, the fiddlers sawing away like all get out, and the cider holding out uncommon, it being an extra large barrel and extra full. I reckened mebby Matilda would have got enough of Hanks riding out with him, but she didn't seem to of, and so she must keep dancing with him right along, 'bout every other time. But I didn't find any fault—not a mite. As usual I was a-hearing and a-seeing, but I wasn't saying a word.

It was just about the darkest night you ever seen. No moon for six weeks and the stars behind 40 miles of solid cloud. And it happened along about midnight, or some after, or thereabouts, that some blamed rapscallion or rapscallions, went out of that barn and into the shed where the hosses was hitched And this here feller, or fellers, they walked around a while—prob'bly did—and prob'bly they talked some, and they seem to have entered into an unholy and lowdown conspiracy to make trouble for this here Hanks. And what did these here scalawags do but swap them phaeton wheels of Hank's—put the behind ones on for'ard, and the for'ard ones on behind—positive fact, that's just what these here unknown, lowminded fellers done. Must a-made a powerful funny looking ve-hick-el of it if anybody could a-seen it, which they couldn't on account of the dark; must a-looked a good deal like a bufferlo, high in front, low behind.

Well, the dance went on till mebby three o'clock, or somewhere there and then it began to break up, we all believing in early hours out our way. Hank felt around and found his hoss and untied it and backed it out, and then helped her into the ve-hick-el. She sot down and jerked herself up and down once or twice and says she:

"Mr. Hanks, 'pears to me that there's something out o' whack with this here buggy."

"Oh, no," says Hanks, who by this time was in himself and had started the hoss, "It's all right—little uphill here, that's all."

Matilda still thought things wasn't all O. K., and said she reckoned she'd have to tie a weight to her feet to keep from falling out back'ards.

"Just you stay calm," says Hanks. "We're going up old Spiner's hill—must be 'most to the top," and he let the hoss jog along slow to rest occasionally, 'cause he seen it was a hard pull. So they poked along, and Hanks said he reckoned he'd have to get out and walk if the hill got much steeper. When they did happen to strike a little hill they both had to lean for'ards and hang onto the dashboard to keep from rolling out behind. And every few minutes stopping to let the hoss rest.

By-and-by Matilda begun to get spunky, and says she:

"I've been over this here road before and I don't remember no such awful hang-on-and-last-forever hill."

"Oh, that's all right," says Hank, "now we're goin up the Gristmill Hill."

"But where was the holler betwixt Spinner's hill and the Gristmill hill?" inquires Matilda.

"Only way I can figure it out is that the road commissioners must a-filled it up and made one long hill of it," says Hanks. "Can't tell what a road commissioner will do, you know."

So they poked along for another half hour, saying nothing. Then says Hanks:

"Matilda, this does seem to be a some considerable right smart bit of an eminence. I don't altogether fathom the mystery of it." Then after some more hard climbing, with hoss resting frequently, says Hanks: "Bet a dollar 'n' half we're on the wrong road. Reckon we might bear off to the left."

So they beared off—still uphill. Then they beared off to 'the right—more hill. Then they pagged in all directions—still up'ards, like the Excelsior feller. Then after going for a mile 'n' half straight up a big hill they started square around and started back—just as steep.

"Well, hang me," says Hanks, "this beats the Rocky mountains and the Him Layers rolled into one! We'll get out of it if it kills the hoss!" and he hit the animal a crack with the whip and went tearing along like a passenger train, them both freezing to the dashboard for dear life. And 'bout the time they'd traveled five miles in miscellaneous directions, the hoss on a dead run, it began to get some light, and they seen them there unnat'ral hind wheels looming up each side of 'em, and Hanks just sort o' sunk back into stooper. But Matilda didn't take to the stooper notion at all, and rize up and says she:

"Stop that hoss, you audacious villian! Haul me around all night in such a high-shouldered rig as this, will you, and talk to me 'bout going up the side of Mung Blung mountain! Lemme out!" and she hopped over the wheel and struck out for home, which she reached about sunup. And a little later Hanks drove into town, with the wheels still the same, him not knowing how to fix 'em; and by a strange coin-cide-ence me and a passel of some 20 or 30 others which had been at the dance happened to be on the corner when he went past. I felt we ought to be cheerful and neighborly to him, he having come into our midst a stranger for his health, so I sings out:

"Good morning, Mr. Hanks! Been out to the hop tripping the bumbastic, hey? Say, what you want to do is to trade that hoss for a giraffe and have something to match your ve-hick-el."

And the next dance Matilda went with me.

SIEBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

A Splendid Time to Get Easter Things!

Clothes, Hats and Fixings of every kind—early in the week—*now*—is the best time—when the weather is somewhat cloudy and stormy salespeople can give you more attention and any needed fixings on Tailored Suits, Dresses or Wraps can still be finished and sent home in time for Easter wear.

The Easter Opening—

An auxiliary to the formal one of last week, is an event that no fashionable dressed woman will want to miss—it reveals dozens of styles that did not arrive until late last week and today—they will continue to come in every day until Easter. It is remarkable—more than remarkable—that after the store has been besieged every day the past week by hundreds of women who have carried off coats and wraps and gowns, there is still no break anywhere. Still full lines of sizes; still plenty of beautiful, rich, new things—we were right in daring to bring so many—and at a time when you'll want lovely things most.

If alterations are to be made, we can promise them on all garments bought in the early part of the week—after that you'll have to take your chances.

A day force and a night force of tailors have been working for us the past two weeks—and will continue until Easter eve—only five more shopping days after today—then Easter.

Tailored Suits and Gowns.

Everything from the plain little walking suit up to the elaborately trimmed reception gown—is selling as fast as it can. Perhaps more women want suits between $25 and $50 than any other kind—for a suit is like a bank account—the more you put in the more interest you get out.

WALKING SUITS—
Cheviots—$16, $23.50, $36, $57.
Mixed Stuffs—$18, $23.50, $26, $36, $45.

LONG-SKIRTED SUITS—
Broadcloth, Cheviot and Venetian—$10, $12, $15 up to $125.
Voile and etamine suits, all silk-lined—$33, $35 up to $88.
Suits of mixed materials—$15, $25, up to $90.
Imported street and reception gowns—$28, $35 up to $150.
Imported evening gowns—$150 to $200.

Spring Coats.

You will see more white coats for Easter than you have any idea now. They are cropping out now in twos and threes on Fifth avenue in New York. But in a week you will see them on the best-dressed here.

White is decidedly the most fashionable thing this spring.

Nearly everybody who doesn't wear white is buying black or tan covert-cloth.

White broadcloth coats—$19 to $150.
White etamine—$22 to $65.
Pongee coats—$25 to $75.
Black etamine—$25 to $85.
Black broadcloth—$18 to $45.
Covert cloth Jacket —$8 to $30.
Black Jackets—$5.50 to $30.
Silk traveling coats—$20 to $35.
Long Cravenette Coats—$15 to $30.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CHANCE HELPED DETECTIVE

"The breaking down of a seat in a theater," remarked a secret service man, who used to be attached to the Chicago detective force, "once enabled me to get hold of a chap for whom I had been searching for several months, says the Washington Post. He was a thief on a somewhat heavy scale, and he's still doing his bit in Joliet. He was the confidential man of a big Chicago board of trade operator, and he made his jump with about $90,000 of his employer's currency. The employer, for some reason or other, didn't report the defalcation for nearly 10 days, and this delay gave the embezzler a pretty good start. There wasn't much of a tangible sort to go by in setting out after him, so I didn't enthuse over the assignment particularly. Like the rest of the flys, I like to have at least a decent chance of getting them when I set out.

"After a few days of nosing around, I got hold of enough to lead me to believe that the defaulter had taken to the West of this. After I had been on the hunt for nearly three months I became certain that the absconder had covered up his tracks. I was about to double back from San Francisco to Chicago, when I got a wire from the chief directing me to run on to Portland, Ore., to look up another Chicago thief who was supposed to be in that town. I got this No. 2 fellow within four hours after my arrival in Portland, and as he consented to return without requisition papers, I bought the tickets and arraigned to start for Chicago with him on the following day.

"That night I went to one of the Portland theaters. The house was jammed, and so I stood up and leaned on the rail at the back. I had seen the show in the east, and so it didn't amuse me particularly, and near the close of the second act decided to go back to my hotel and put in a big night's sleep in preparation for the overland journey to begin on the following day. I was just turning to go out when there was a crash down in front, followed by a giggle from the women sitting in the orchestra seats.

"I turned back to rubber over the rail, and saw that the seat under a young fellow with the Van Dyke beard had let down with him. He didn't take it good-naturedly, but came up the aisle scowling. Out of habit I looked at him closely. When I saw a small red mark on his white forehead, a birthmark not unlike an acorn in shape, I felt a little excited underneath my vest. That acorn was the distinguishing identification mark of the fellow for whom I had set out from Chicago several months before. But he had a beard, whereas my man had always been smooth faced. That was easy enough, of course, but I didn't want to make any bad breaks, for I had never clapped an eye on the thief in Chicago. His height and build, however, corresponded with my description of him, so I decided to take a chance. I followed him out into the lobby of the theater, and as he was buttoning up his topcoat, I placed my hand on his shoulder, and said:

"'Hello, there's Burdock; didn't hurt yourself much, I hope?"

"'Burdock—that's close enough to his name—wheeled upon me like a man who thinks a trolley car is only about four feet behind him and coming at full speed, and the pallor of his countenance convinced me that I had the right boy, even before he spoke. But what he said gave him away.

"'Who told you my name was Burdock?' he said, getting paler all the time.

"'Oh, a little bird in Chicago,' said I, and then I put the wristlets on him while he wasn't looking.

"'It's all up,' he said; and the next day, with the help of a man on the Portland staff, I started with both of my robins for Chicago."

REVOLT IN ALBANIA

Carefully Planned to Wrest Independence From Turkey.

Last Prince of the House of Kastrioti Is Hopeful.

Paris, April 6.—Prince Don Juan d'Aladro Kastrioti, the acknowledged leader of the Albanian party, and who lives alternately in Rome and Paris, declared that the present armed revolution in Albania has been carefully planned. He declares the Albanians are determined to wrest their independence from the sultan, even at the expense of a war that will banish the crescent of the infidel from Europe.

Prince Kastrioti is immensely wealthy and was for years in the diplomatic service. He said today:

With the help of God Albania will soon be independent. I will devote thereto my last penny and my last drop of blood.

"I was born in 1845 at Xeres de la Frontera, in the province of Cadiz. I am descended from the kings of Albania, through my grandfather, who married Princess Kastrioti, direct heiress of the great George Kastrioti Shkanderberg, who liberated Albania.

"I studied at Seville university and entered the diplomatic service in 1867. My advance was rapid. I occupied high posts in the embassies and legations at Paris, Vienna and Brussels, and was appointed minister plenipotentiary of Spain to The Hague and Buharest. On the death of King Alfonso XII, with whom I was closely acquainted, I retired from the diplomatic service and settled in Paris, where I was president of the international committee of Hispanio-Pyrenean railways.

"In 1888 the Albanians first appealed to me. I recollect they said to me:

"'Your name is Kastrioti. In your veins flows the blood of the great George Kastrioti Shkanderberg. We suffer and we call to you for aid. Be our prince.'

"This touching appeal impressed me deeply, and thenceforth, although of Spanish nationality through my father, I, the exile, have devoted myself entirely to the cause of Albania, and have directed the numerous Albanian committees which were formed in Italy, the Balkans, Greece, Egypt and elsewhere."

Prince Kastrioti showed a copy of the proclamation addressed to the Albanians on Jan. 31, 1902, which concludes as follows:

"Albanian brothers: In the name of Kastrioti, which I maintain aloft and honor, impose upon me a great and sacred mission. This name resumes the whole history of Albanian glory and also recalls five centuries of mourning. I realize how grave are those duties towards you and towards the civilized world, but with God's help and yours I assume the whole burden. A humble servant of Albania, born on foreign soil through vicissitudes which caused the exile of my royal ancestor, John Kastrioti, son of George Kastrioti Shkanderberg, I have now by night or day no other passion, no other thought than your redemption. Your sorrows, your aspirations are mine.

"European diplomacy need not be dismayed. Our task is a work of peace. Our demands are not unjust. We do not covet the property of others. We desire merely what all other nations in the world possess, a fatherland. Our cry is 'the Lord be with us.' The glorious name of Shkanderberg is our banner. With that cry on our lips, and under the shadow of that banner, let us unite, Mussulman, orthodox and Catholic.

"I, the humble servant of Albania, demand the honor of fighting by your side in the holy struggle for the deliverance of brave Albanians."

Prince Kastrioti recently had a conference with Chancellor Von Buelow of Germany and an audience with Pope Leo.

THE CONCERTS CLOSE.

Flaaten Series of the Winter Is Ended.

The final of the Flaaten series of Sunday afternoon orchestra concerts was given at the Lyceum yesterday, and a large audience was present. It has been Mr. Flaaten's custom to make the final concert a "request' one, that is, made up of numbers that receive the most demand. There were so many favorites that the program was doubled and encores cut out, although the popularity of some of the numbers was so great that a repetition was insisted upon.

Miss Jane Everington was the soloist and her singing was very pleasing, receiving a merited encore. Miss May Wylie gave a delightful reading.

The concert season has, on the whole, been a very satisfactory one. The change to the Lyceum theater from the Armory has been a popular one, and the concerts have certainly been much more enjoyable.

Don't Miss

Concert, High School tonight. 25 cents.

TRANSFERS THE LEASE.

Incas Iron Company Sells to La Belle Works.

The Incas Iron company, the principal stockholders of which are A. M. Miller, Jr., Guy A. Eaton, of Duluth, and several Virginia men, A. B. Coates, J. C. O'Rourke, Jacob Stein and W. J. Moore, has sold the lease of a new mine which it has opened up on the north half of section 4-58-15, to the La Belle Iron works, of Steubensville, Ohio. The land was leased from J. M. Longyear, of Marquette, Mich., at 25 cents a ton royalty.

The company buying the lease is to pay the Incas company an additional royalty of 10 cents a ton and a bonus of $50,000. The property is supposed to contain 4,000,000 tons of ore.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

ADDED TO BOARD

T. F. Cole Is Director of Great Northern Power Company.

Has Taken a Substantial Interest—Plans Approaching Climax.

At the monthly meeting of the directors of the Great Northern Power company this afternoon, Thomas F. Cole, president of the Steel corporation mining interests, was elected a director.

Mr. Cole recently purchased a substantial interest in the company, and is a strong addition to the already powerful factors identified with the development of the water power of the St. Louis river.

This step upon Mr. Cole's part is also another illustration of the active part he is taking in affairs that are making for the development of Duluth and of his faith in the future of the city.

The directors of the company now stands as follows: Alexander McDougall, A. B. Wolvin, F. A. Cokefair, F. A. Patrick, D. A. Reed, C. A. Duncan, T. F. Cole, A. M. Marshall, C. C. Cockefair, G. M. Rittenhouse.

Within a few days there will be a general meeting in Duluth of all of the engineers and consulting engineers of the company, and at that meeting will be finally settled all of he engineering features of the project, such as the style of dam to be built, the character of electrical machinery to use, the water wheel system to be put in, etc. After that orders will be placed at once and the work of construction pushed.

ABALAN FAMILY AGAIN

Appears In Calumet In a Domestic Difficulty.

The Abalan family which furnished several wierd police romances a few years ago has broken out afresh.

Elias Abalan and a Mrs. Stephen Trathen were recently arrested in Calumet. When captured, young Abalan simply said: "I love her."

Mrs. Trathen murmured: "I love him and he loves me and I can't help what my husband thinks about it."

Before the case got into court a brother of young Abalan, who also figured prominently in the police court troubles of Habbee Abalan, appeared on the scene and induced the husband of Mrs. Trathen to withdraw charges he has made against the couple.

A New Mining Company.

Articles of Incorporation of the Marion Iron company were filed Saturday with the register of deeds. The incorporators are S. Edward Smith and J. P. Roesman, of Duluth, and J. C. Donnelly, of West Superior. The capital stock is $50,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $5 each.

The Marion Iron company was organized to take over two state leases on iron properties, in sections 14 and 16, 57-21, in the Hibbing district. Considerable exploratory work has already been done by the incorporators on these properties and the work will be steadily pushed from this time forward with excellent prospects of large finds on both properties. Ten thousand dollars has been subscribed to carry on the work, and it is the intention of the company to carry on a general exploring and mining business, securing additional properties as opportunity offers.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

MINOR STRIKES.

Painters, Carpenters and Cigarmakers Go Out.

Buffalo, April 6.—About 300 members of the Journeymen Painters' union refused to go to work today because of the refusal of the master painters to grant their demands for an increase of 50 cents a day.

Indianapolis, April 6.—The cigarmakers of this city struck today. It is probable the strike will be called off after a conference between employers and employes tomorrow. It is reported the manufcaturers will offer an advance of $1 on the thousand. Most of the tinners went on strike today for an advance of 5 cents in wages.

Salem, Mass., April 6.—About 600 carpenters of Salem, Beverly, Peabody, and Marblehead, who are affiliated with the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of North America, went on strike today. The issue is a demand for a uniform scale of wages, the minimum being $2.75 and the maximum $3 a day.

The Blake Hat

(Union made) has no equal for the amount you pay for it and contains every essential feature of high grade hat making. They are characterized not only by "correct" style, but the finest quality. Try the Blake hat.

$100 REWARD

For the recovery of a Diamond Screw Eardrop, lost between Fourth avenue East and Fourth avenue West and Sutphin street and First street, Duluth. N. M. Herald.

TWENTIETH AVENUE CASE

To Be Argued In Supreme Court This Week.

The case of the West End Business Men's association against the Northern Pacific railway to compel the latter to restore certain railroad facilities to the western end of the city is to be heard before the supreme court in St. Paul on April 10.

The case was won by the plaintiffs in the suit before Judge Cant in the district court. It was appealed by the railway company to the supreme court and the date of hearing postponed from time to time.

The plaintiffs are anxious that the case should be heard at once, as they believe they are in the right and desire that their railroad facilities should be restored as soon as possible.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—John McDonald, of St. Cloud, $10. Widows—Mina Freitag, of Altkin, $8.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Music every afternoon and Saturday evenings by the Angelus Orchestral Piano Player.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

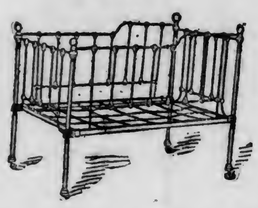
These prices should interest all economical buyers.

Chiffonier $5.75.

(Like cut) made of solid hardwood — golden finish — is 33 inches wide, 20 inches deep, four feet high; has neatly carved back, 5 drawers. Its equal would be priced by other dealers at $9.50—we sell it for—

$5.75

Child's Iron Crib $4.85.



(Like cut)—Size 2 feet 3 inches by 4 feet 6 inches—neat in appearance—has iron frame—woven wire fabric spring—high sides which can be raised or lowered. Its equal would sell in the usual store at $10.00. We sell it for—

$4.85.

Bedroom Suites $13.75

Consisting of three pieces—bed, dresser and commode—all good heavy pieces—made of hardwood, golden finish—dresser has good-sized French plate mirror. The equal of this suit would be priced in ordinary stores at $25.00. We sell it for—

$13.75.

Foot Rests.

(Like cut)—Made of solid oak, neatly upholstered in best quality figured velour, good and strong. Other dealers would ask $2.00 for its equal. We sell it for—

95c.

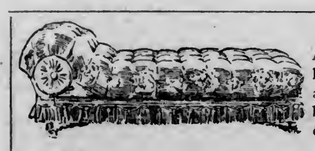
A Complete Furniture Store.

Complete in every sense of the word. In the fullest sense, in variety of selection this stock is most satisfying to customers, for there are hundreds of articles in every line to choose from at prices touching at every notch of the price scale and permit us to say right here, that the notches on our price scale run much lowre than in most stores.

It will be for your interests to carefully examine this stock of complete housefurnishings before making any purchase, however small.

We cordially invite the closest comparison of both goods and prices.

Visitors Always Welcome.



Couches $3.25

A well-made Couch—has spring edge and head, upholstered in Rame cloth, fringed all around. Its equal would be considered a bargain at $10.00 by other dealers. We sell it for..... $3.25

Leather Couches $23.50

(Like cut)—golden oak frame—well and substantially made—upholstered with clinch buttons—other stores would price its equal at $35.00—we sell it for..... $23.50

Another style—a little more elaborate in design. Its equal would be priced by other dealers at $40.00. We sell it for..... $28.00

Imitation Leather Couch $12.50

Upholstered in Pantasote—buttons fastened with clinch pins—frame work golden oak—an excellent couch for the money. The ordinary store would consider it a bargain at $16.00. We sell it for..... $12.50

Spring Showing of New Floor Coverings.

The new spring floor coverings are here—here in endless variety of quality and design.

The spring patterns are wonderful productions of the designer's skill—beautiful beyond description. We have done our best to make this season's showing superior in every way to those of former years. We leave it to you to say how well we have succeeded, and feel that a visit to this department will be fully repaid when you examine this wonderful showing.

Specially Priced.

China Matting—a number of different patterns from which to choose—special at—per yard..... 12½c

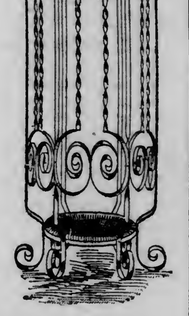
Your choice of a number of patterns—tapestry brussels Carpet—at per yard..... 43c

Velvet Carpets—in a variety of good patterns without border, at—per yard 65c

Tapestry Brussels Rugs—9x12 size—a large variety. These splendid rugs—each..... $12.50

In the Crockery Dep't.

Umbrella Stands, made of wrought iron— somewhat smaller than cut Made of wrought iron (like cut.)



68c

An equal value would sell in ordinary stores at $3. We sell it for

$1.28

EASTER COLONIAL VASES.

Beautiful plain diamond glass—10-in size..... 35c

12-inch size 50c

Up to 37-inch size for..... $5.50

Colonial Tumblers—per set..... $1.00

50c each for Colonial Water Jugs and Pitchers.

Colonial Punch Bowl and Stand..... $3.75

Have You Tried Our Little-at-a-time Plan?

It has been useful to others—why not to you? If you contemplate buying anything in home furnishings and wish to pay for it "part at a time," we shall be pleased to talk over our plan with you. Below are our very easy terms of monthly payments:

$5.00 a month on a $25.00 purchase
$6.00 a month on a $35.00 purchase
$7.00 a month on a $50.00 purchase
$8.00 a month on a $60.00 purchase
$9.00 a month on a $75.00 purchase
$10.00 a month on a $100.00 purchase

ALL GOODS SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

ON THE BATTLEFIELD OF SHILOH

(Continued from page 1.)

thusiasm with which Indiana responded to the call of President Lincoln for volunteers, and the student knows the history of its soldiers in the armies of Grant and Buell; and with the fighting forces at Bowling Green, at Mill Springs and all through this region in the operations leading up to the occupation of Corinth. We cannot think of the state and its soldiers without remembering the splendid work of Governor Oliver P. Morton, whose patriotic and effective labor has left a legacy of which his state is justly proud, and as we stand here today on the battlefield and think of the suffering of the wounded who can forget that he started on its mission of mercy the first steamboat to arrive here, forty-one years ago, with surgeons and medical supplies. Shiloh was not only the first great battle of the West, but it was the first battle which gave to the country a realizing sense of the magnitude of the struggle. Gen. Grant said that up to the battle of Shiloh he, with thousands of other citizens believed that the war might end suddenly if a decisive victory could be gained, but after the fight he gave up all idea of saving the Union except by complete conquest."

"The Confederate assault, which was made largely by untrained soldiers, has been properly called a military masterpiece. The heavy loss on both sides was conclusive evidence of the courage with which the battle was fought. The Union losses were twenty per cent, and the Confederate losses twenty-six per cent. These figures are especially striking when we compare them with the losses in some of the great battles of Europe. At Marengo and Austerlitz, the losses were fourteen per cent; at Magenta and Solferino less than nine per cent; and at Werth, Mars, Latour, Gravelotte and Sedan twelve per cent, while Napoleon at Wagram lost but five per cent. These figures speak volumes for the character of the men on both sides of the great battle which was fought here, and assure us of what we all realize, that the American soldier never knows when he is beaten. And this trait, and many other soldierly qualities, make us also justly proud of the record of our fighting forces, and so confident that, in any emergency, they will bear themselves as soldiers should. Time does not permit me to refer to the names of Indiana's heroes who died here, or of those who lived to bear with modesty through later years laurels which they won on this battlefield.

"The federal government, in accepting these monuments, becomes charged with the duty of guarding them and keeping fresh in the memory of the people a record of the deeds which they commemorate. In creating and keeping these national parks, the country is not merely perpetuating the fame of brave men, it is not merely recording with landmarks of granite and bronze the part which the gallant soldiers on both sides took in the awful contests of the civil war, it is not only emphasizing the fact that a united country thinks with pride of the valor of all the heroes who fought in that great struggle, but it is putting into visible form the conviction of the people that examples of brave and faithful performance of duty should be ever honored throughout our land. We should never forget that the lessons of war are but imperfectly learned if we think of them as only helping us to bear ourselves bravely in the face of an armed enemy. In times of peace there are battles to be fought and victories to be won, the effect of which upon the destinies of mankind are as far-reaching as the results of an armed conflict. Honor, courage, integrity, devotion to principle, and the faithful performance of duty are just as essential to the greatness of a free people as courage and self-sacrifice are to the success of a fighting army.

"The principles upon which our government rests do not of themselves insure good government, they merely give to the people the power to have that kind of government which the people desire, and they can make it as good or as bad as they wish. As patriotic Americans, we should not be discouraged because there is need in so many directions for faithful and effective work in improving existing conditions. From these impressive scenes we can draw inspiration and help for the better performance of the duties which crowd upon us as American citizens. The memory of the brave soldiers who fought on this and other battlefields will never die, for so long as the country endures their example will help the men and women in the years to come to strive courageously toward that high standard to which every American should aspire."

The national commission was represented by Col. Josiah Patterson, of Memphis, Tenn.

Governor Frazer of Tennessee was represented by Gen. Gordon of Memphis. Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana spoke.

Senator Beveridge said in part: "Since all must die, how fortunate to die for an undying cause and under the approving eye of history. So fell those who fell upon this field. For they gave their lives to save the life of the nation, and history recites no other story than the story of their sacrifice.

Their blood was shed to make American people a single nation and not for any lesser purpose. All other results of the civil war were incident to that. And so they died no less for the people of the South than for the people of the North—for the American people undivided, indivisible. Their martyrdom was to establish forever the brotherhood of the flag—a relationship so lofty that it cannot see sections within the boundaries of the republic. That great purpose they accomplished. Devotion to the nation is today the first principle of all Americans. It is now the idea and ideal of us all men and women of North and South alike.

"How little those words—Southern and Northern. Let us forget them. How much grander the single word American. Let us think of that and only that it is the word the spirits of our heroes whisper to our souls today. It is the word for which they gave up their mortality. Let us be tolerant of the views of those heroes of the other side who died before the guns of our heroes here and elsewhere. Only the years can tell wh. t minor elements of just opinion were confused and tangled in that conflict. For us it is enough—a fullness—to know that our central thought of nationality was true and that our brothers of the other side assert it now even as we ourselves assert it. But when men die for ideas, who dare denounce them all and utterly? The loftiest quality of human character is tolerance—the loftiest but one, and that one, justice. Tolerance then and loving kindness and charitable forgiveness on both sides, and through all the land sweep reasonableness. Nothing but these are important, for in these abides truth, and truth is the only sovereign.

James W. Riley recited "Old Glory." Several thousand residents of this part of the state, including many Confederate veterans who fought at Shiloh, were present. With the Indiana party was Miss Nellie Grant, of San Diego, Cal., granddaughter of Gen. U. S. Grant. A fleet of boats this morning passed the Cherry homestead, which was Gen. Grant's headquarters at Shiloh, the boats landed to allow Miss Grant to go ashore for a few minutes.

Gen. Wallace is expressing anger at what he calls the inaccuracy in the blue prints issued by the National Park commission, as they give Sherman's brigade the positions which, he insists, was occupied by the first brigade of his command.

Actors, Singers, Talkers... Are all more or less subject to bad throat, hoarseness, consilitis and catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder never disappoints. "I can but proclaim Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder a wonderful medicine for actors, singers and public speakers. Myself and my wife have tried everything, but have never found anything to equal this great remedy for quick action; it certainly is a wonderful worker."—Al. Emmett Foster, New York City. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—25.

AN OFFER TO COMPROMISE

Made By Defenders of Stratton Will to Son.

Denver, April 6.—A dispatch to the Republican from Colorado Springs says that E. E. Whitter, lawyer partner of Tyson D. Dines, one of the executors and trustees of the estate of Winifield Scott Stratton, the millionaire mine owner, whose will is now being contested here, has made a proposition of compromise to Senator E. O. Wolcott, leading counsel of I. Harry Stratton, the millionaire's son, who is the chief contestant of the will. The terms of settlement are not stated, but it is said young Stratton has been offered $1,000,000 and liberal attorneys' fees to abandon the suit. His shore under the will was $50,000. Mr. Wolcott, when questioned, said that a certain proposition had been submitted to him, and negotiations were still going on, but he refused to make known the nature of the proposal from the defender of the will. The matter was first broached late last night, and conferences concerning it were held until a late hour this morning.

Don't Forget

Concert, High School tonight. 25 cents.

RUSSELL SAGE

Leaves "Puts" and "Calls" Market.

New York, April 6.—Russell Sage, the father of "puts and calls," has retired from the "privilege" business. Wall street learned it today and the announcement created a flurry of gossip in speculative quarters. "Puts and calls," and a double back action combination thereof known in the street as "spread," has been his individual specialty since he entered Wall street.

For forty years he has been at the head of the "privilege" market as James R. Keene has been king of the stock market. Dan Scully of the cotton market, or J. P. Morgan among the underwriters of great capitalistic combinations. He was the first to develop the selling of "privileges" into an important branch of his business and Wall street credits the statement that up to the time of his recent illness his income from this source was $1000 a day. In the years he has been in the street he has made millions out of this feature of speculation, though there was a time when he suffered immense losses.

The secret of his success lay in the fact that he always sold privileges against the stocks stored away in strong boxes which in many instances, notably that of Missouri Pacific, he bought at a few dollars a share. He bought Missouri Pacific at $19 and sold "privileges" against it when it was quoted at $124, which made it impossible for him to lose.

The Blake Hat.

In all this world no snappy styles like ours. See them. They's correct. Ask your dealer.

BABY'S DAY

Every Tuesday at the

Frans Studio,

223 West Second Street, Ground Floor.

Best Cabinet Photos, $2.50 per dozen.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

Special Sale of Hats!

We have some hats that were left over from last summer—they sold from $5.00 up to $12.50—with very little fixing they can be made up to date, but we haven't the time to spare.

We Will Place Them on Sale Tomorrow at—

$2.00 EACH.

Pick Yours Out Even If You Haven't the CASH, and Let It Apply on Your Account.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD FOR MORE

Our Men's and Ladies' Easter Suits are the Leaders. The terms are only **$1.00 Per Week**

You Wear the Goods While Making the Payments.

GATELY'S WHERE THEY SELL EVERYTHING. 8 E. Superior St.

PRESIDENT WANTED

To Know Outcome of the Corbett-McGovern Fight.

He Thought It Would Be Quite the Other Way.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Several new stories in connection with President Roosevelt were floated last week. According to the first, the night watchman at the White House was dozing comfortably in his chair early in the morning of April 1, when the bell rang sharply three times. Glancing at the indicator he saw the summons was from the president's room, and up the steps he ran as fast as his rudely awakened senses would permit. In the corridor outside the president's room he found him chasing up and down, his feet thrust into bedroom slippers and his sturdy form enveloped in a dressing gown. Said the president to the watchman: "I, er, I wish you would call up one of the telegraph companies for me and, er, ascertain, if you can, the result of that little, er, physical encounter which I understand took place at San Francisco to night."

The watchman made all haste to get to the telephone, and in a few minutes returned to the corridor where the president was waiting for him, and informed him that, acording to the latest returns the Hon. Mr. Corbett had succeeded in demonsrating to the satisfaction of all concerned his physical superiority to the Hon. Terrence McGovern.

"Um-m-m," said the president. "Now, really, that is too bad. I thought it would be quite the other way. Good night." And peace once more reigned.

* * *

This is quite in line with a remark Mr. Roosevelt made some years ago to a personal friend of his when the opposition press were roasting him as a prig because of his civil service reform theories. Mr. Roosevelt said: "A man who is as fond of prize fighting as I am, and who is not afraid to take a drink of whisky can hardly be a prig."

The president has always taken the greatest interest in Terry McGovern, and in this relation an amusing story is related by Congressman-elect Timothy Sullivan, who knows as much about "pugs" as Charlie White, the referee. The night after McGovern's first defeat by Corbett, Sullivan attended a White House reception, and as the president met the New York sporting man he bent over and whispered in his ear: "Really, now, Mr. Sullivan, can you explain how it was that our friend McGovern was so badly defeated?"

Sullivan, who had a nice little line of political talk all framed up to give the president, was absolutely amazed at the form the inquiry took. In telling the story afterwards, Sullivan said:

"I give you my word, when the president of the United States stopped the line of people full of diplomats, counts and other things, to ask me about a prize fight I was faded ror fair."

"Well, what reason, Tim," said one of his listeners, "did you give the president for McGovern's defeat?"

"Tell him," returned Sullivan, "I was about to give him a classic song and dance boosting McGovern, when some guy carrying a heavy handicap of gold lace gave me a shove and I was out of the push and never had a chance to answer the president."

* * *

Another story is to the effect that on Wednesday afternoon an elderly man, apparently from a more or less rural community, called at the front door of the White House. "I come from Vermont," he said to the guard, "and I would like to shake the hand of that strong American citizen who so ably fills the chair once occupied by Abe Lincoln. Would it be possible to see him for a moment?" The guard courteously informed the visitor that the president was not at home, having departed that morning for a two months' tour of the country. As he dilated upon the itinerary of the trip, the 13,000 or 14,000 miles to be covered, the number of speeches to be made and hinted cautiously at the possible slaughter of bears, wildcats and other beasts, the old man's eyes grew larger and larger until at the conclusion he ejaculated "Gee, whiz. He's going to have a great time, ain't he?"

"Well," he continued, after a pause, "may be I could see his missus. Is she at home, so that I can tell her how sorry I am to have missed the president."

"I regret to say," replied the suave guardian of the portals, "Mrs. Roosevelt is on a yachting trip on the president's yacht, the Mayflower."

"Well, now that's too bad, ain't it?" said the old man wagging his head. "The Mayflower—I suppose is one of those little boats named in honor of the Pilgrim Fathers."

"I don't know about that," replied the guard, who had seen the impression the details of the president's trip had made on the old man, 'but I know that it was built by a millionaire named Goelet and cost about $1,000,000. It is said to be one of the finest yachts afloat and almost as fine as the one used by the emperor of Germany. It has been turned over to the president for the use of himself and family, but belongs to the United States navy."

"For the land sake's, you don't say so," said the old man, "the missus must be having a good time, too. Well, now, that's to bad, ain't it?"

"Well," he said, twirling his hat in his hand nervously, and showing his disappointment, "if I can't see either the president or his wife, perhaps Miss Alice Roosevelt will be good enough to remember me to her paw and maw," he said, looking inquiringly at the guard.

"I regret very much to say," replied the person addressed, with that courtesy for which all attaches of the White House are noted, "that Miss Alice Roosevelt is at the present time being entertained by the governor of our new island, Porto Rico, so she is not at home."

"Well, well, well," replied the old man, shaking his head somewhat dubiously. "So Miss Alice—she's having a good time, too, ain't she?"

He turned slowly on his heel and was about to leave, when another thought struck him. "Well," sail he, appealing to the guard in a most persuasive tone, "do you think it would be possible for me to see Master Teddy Roosevelt, Jr., so that he might tell his paw and maw and sister that I called on them."

"I very much regret to say," returned the ever-courteous officer, "that Mr. Teddy is on a fishing trip with a party of friends from the Mayflower."

Once more the old man started away, shaking his head and muttering to himself, but as he was about to pass through the door a brilliant thought occurred to him and he returned.

"Perhaps, perhaps," he repeated, "you can tell me is there any one of the president's family at home."

"I am very sorry," replied the officer on duty, noting the old man's intense disappointment, "there is absolutely no one here. The president is off on his trip, Miss Alice is in Porto Rico, and Mrs. Roosevelt and the remainder of the family are on the president's yacht."

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." MRS. IRA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

The Blake Hat.

The newest "correct" blocks (soft and derbies) produced for your selection for your Easter hat. "The Blake hat" in the latest colorings and black. See it and you will buy it.

Don't Miss

Concert, High School tonight. 25 cents.

THE LIST CLOSED

Nominations For Directors of the Commercial Club.

Should President Patrick Retire, W. A. McGonagle Will Be Chosen.

The nominations for directors in the Commercial club closed Saturday evening. The contest was not a very exciting one and only sixteen candidates have been named out of which five directors will be chosen. Many of the members, as a reason for not voting at the nomination, claim that men whom they indorse had already been nominated and there was no reason for sending in additional names.

The canvassing board met yesterday and made up the ballot for the election, which will be held at the club rooms Wednesday of this week, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Following are the nominees: W. A. McGonagle, F. W. Helmick, Julius H. Barnes, Guy A. Eaton, J. C. Hunter, C. R. Rust, George C. Stone, F. W. Parsons, C. L. Twohy, George A. Everest, R. H. Redman, A. C. Volk, H. W. Hoyt, Alexander Marshall, Whitney Wall, W. D. Newcomb. Messrs. McGonagle, Helmick and Barnes were each nominated on five different ballots, while C. R. Rust's name appeared on four of them.

The annual meeting will take place Wednesday evening and at this time the board of directors will elect the officers of the club for the coming year.

President Patrick's administration has been a most successful one, especially so taking into consideration the difficulties attending the organization of the club and its establishment in new rooms. He has been a very popular officer and no doubt is expressed but that he can easily be re-elected should he care to accept the duties of the office another year.

It is rumored that Mr. Patrick will refuse an election to a second term even if it is offered to him. In case he does, and his decision is final, there is a sentiment strongly in favor of the election of W. A. McGonagle to the presidency of the club. Mr. McGonagle has taken a great interest in the club and has been able through his influence in connection with the steel company's interests to extend some valued favors. There is a large membership in the club from the steel company's offices but up to the present time they have not been represented in the board of directors or the committees.

If Mr. Patrick refuses to be a candidate for re-election Mr. McGonagle is quite certain to be the leading candidate for the office. It is understood that the matter has not yet been broached to Mr. McGonagle, nor his wishes consulted in the matter, but prominent members of the club believe that if the office were offered with the unanimous consent of the board of directors and with the sentiment of the club membership back of it, he will give due consideration to the offer.

THOUSANDS IN TIN CANS.

Plumber's Assistant's Find Under a Helena House.

Helena, Mont., April 6.—Buried treasure to the amount of about $18,000 was discovered by a plumber under the house at 310 Broadway. As a reward for his discovery the alleged owner of the treasure gave him $1. The discovery created a sensation.

The house, which was occupied by John McCormick, a confectioner, was in need of plumbing repairs, and E. L. Cole and an assistant were dispatched there for this purpose. While the latter was excavating, his pick uncovered a buried can carefully wrapped in canvas. He threw this aside, intending to examine it later, and resumed work with his pick. The next blow brought the pick in contact with a second can, which however, flew to pieces and as the laborer raised his pick in the air, gold coins scattered promiscuously over the floor.

The laborer yelled with fright, which attracted the attention of Mrs. McCormick, who rushed to the spot and took possession in the name of her husband, whose property she said it was. The money consisted of $30 gold pieces.

Another can was found in a few moments, which along with the first Mrs. McCormick took. She gave the laborer $1 for his work in assisting her to gather the coins and put them in her apron.

McCormick was greatly excited when summoned to the scene and could not tell the amount he asserted he had buried beneath his cellar floor. The cans had evidently been buried for years.

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

THEY FORM MERGER

"Beachcombers" Organize the Lake Superior Carriers' Association.

Is to Regulate Carrying of Ties, Posts, Pulpwood, Etc.

An organization of the local "beachcombers" has been completed within the past few days. It is known as the Lake Superior Carriers' association and includes the following tug, scow and steam barge concerns operating on the north and south shore in ties, posts, pulpwood and cedar products: Whitney Bros., of West Superior, with the tugs Maxwell, Major Dana, the scow Interstate and other tugs and scows; Clow & Nicholson, of Duluth, with the steam barge Belle Cross; Oscar Olson, of Duluth, with the scow Georgia; A. & W. Jeffery, of Duluth, with the tug Gillett and scow; Thompson & England, of Duluth, with the steam barge H. A. Root; James McGee, of Duluth, with the tugs Constitution and McFadden two scows; E. Jacques & Sons, of Duluth, with the tug Annie L. Smith and scow.

The new carriers' association has been formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining uniform rates for the transportation of all kind of cedar products, pulpwood, sand, gravel, stone, oak and tamarack ties and piling, and will operate between the local harbor, Grand Marais, Apostle Islands, Split Rock and all intermediate points on the north shore; also Michipicoten, Portage Entry, Ashland; Houghton, Port Wing and Cranberry river on the south shore and New Duluth on the St. Louis river.

The officers of the association are William Whitney, president; Eli Jacques, secretary; H. D. Clow, treasurer and general manager.

All the tugs and scows of the association are to be operated from one office which will be established temporarily on Clow & Nicholson's dock at the foot of Fifth avenue, it being the intention to erect a new office building at some convenient point later in the season.

The tugs, scows and steam barges controlled by the new association are being overhauled and repaired and will be ready to begin the season's operation within a few days. Some new machinery is being added in a few cases, the cost of which aggregates several hundred dollars. The Belle Cross, owned by Clow & Nicholson, which was practically rebuilt last year, is having installed a new ten-ton steam derrick. A new derrick is also being put in the barge H. A. Root. Members of the association complain of the greater cost for repairs this past winter than a year ago and estimate it, in some instances, at nearly double the cost of the same class of work during the winter and early spring of 1901-2.

The beachcombing rates will be slightly higher this year than last, the association claiming that the advance has been made necessary because of the higher cost of operation, that not only is the wages of all marine help higher this year, but fuel costs more.

It is not expected that the pulpwood business along the shore of Lake Superior will be as heavy as it was formerly for the reason that the cutting of pulpwood fell off considerably last winter, but there is every prospect of a big year's business in cedar products. It is said that immense quantities of ties and poles are being piled along the north and south shores, awaiting transportation to market and to the railroad lines.

The beachcombers, as those vesselmen are called, who are engaged in this class of trade, are compelled to take certain risks with their tugs, scows and barges that the regular freight boats on Lake Superior do not encounter. Cedar products and other freight of the nature are sometimes taken off the shore where the barge or scow is tied to almost the very bank of the lake shore, and where, in case of a sudden storm, the ropes are sometimes cut in order to get out into the open lake before the boat is driven on the beach or rocks and destroyed. Owing to the risks that they have to take to get their class of freight the beachcombers are practically debarred from insurance.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Three Men Under Arrest In Clearwater County.

Crookston, Minn., April 6.—The new county of Clearwater has a big murder case on hand. Sheriff Terkelson came down from Bagley Saturday with three prisoners, Gilbert Engen, Joseph P. Mullen and Jacob Myers, who are held to the district court of Clearwater county for the murder of Ole Stephenson at Alida. It is charged Engen did the killing with a knife, and the other two men are held as accessories.

Engen narrowly escaped being lynched by the infuriated farmers of Bear Creek township, of which town Stephenson was town clerk and justice. Stephenson was trying to stop a fight between Myers and Mullen over a watch, when Engen, Mullen's partner, it is alleged, killed him by stabbing him in the head with a large knife.

SCANDAL IN TEXAS.

Shortage In Funds of Half a Million.

Dallas, Tex., April 6.—There is intense excitement in financial and political circles here over a reported shortage of $600,000 in penitentiary funds.

The names of several prominent official are connected with the scandal, and one financial agent of the prison is missing.

It is said when the full facts of the shortage become known it will reveal one of the most gigantic schemes to rob the state ever known in its history.

It is confidently expected that Gov. Sayers will order an investigation of penitentiary affairs at once.

ESCAPED EXAMINATION.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 6.—Constantine T. Rhodems, a Greek, has been arrested here by an officer of the immigration bureau. It is charged that Rhodems and a companion, who was caught in Madison, Wis., escaped from an incoming steamer at New York without undergoing the required physical examination.

WORMS

If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has Worms.

Kickapoo WormKiller

will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c. a box at druggists, or by mail from us. Your money back if not satisfactory.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Ct.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

April showers here

and unusual preparations for protection in our larger and better assortment of umbrellas. Hundreds of new ideas in handles—Qualities in every case excel for the prices.

500 children's school umbrellas—24-inch size, with steel rod—English twilled, with large assortment of handles—each 50c **35c**

1000 of ladies' and men's English twilled gloria umbrellas—black paragon frame, steel rods, plain and fancy handles, at—each... **95c**

Ladies' and men's gloria silk umbrellas—26-in and 28-in size—steel rod—some have covers—tight rolls at—each— **$1.25, $1.50 and $1.75**

SPECIAL—Ladies' all-silk umbrellas— soft twilled— all colors— plum wine, brown, navy, green, black—with a border—this umbrella is worth $3.25, but we sell it at—each..... **$2.50**

Free embroidery lessons.

The classes in embroidery under tutelage of Mrs. Eva H. Drake, late of Marshall, Field & Co.'s, Chicago, begin tomorrow, (Tuesday) morning at 9 o'clock in our waiting parlors. Come and join these classes. Nothing to pay. Hereafter every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 9 o'clock.

THE STAGE.

Large audiences attended the Lyceum Saturday evening to see the time-worn favorite, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The company, on the whole, was about the poorest aggregation that has attempted the play in this neck of the woods in many years. From Uncle Tom down to Simon Legree and the Marks the players were of the stereotyped character and made tiresome, in parts, a production which has held on to popularity for so long a time. The singing was, perhaps, one of the redeeming features, and Little Eva was very good, but the mechanical effect with which the death-bed scene went off really destroyed all idea of effectiveness. The fierce bloodhounds turned out very tame and had a few minutes' play across the stage in one act. Hitches in the performance were not infrequent, one of the most awkward occurring when Uncle Tom fell to the floor before he was shot.

* * *

This evening at the Lyceum S. Miller Kent, a young man who is pleasantly remembered by Duluthians for his excellent performance of "The Cowboy and the Lady" a year or so ago, will again be seen in that charming western play, one of the Clyde Fitch dramas. The story is an intensely interesting one and the central figure is a hero of a rather different from the usual run of stage heroes. Mr. Kent's support is said to be unusually good.

* * *

At the Metropolitan tonight the Ferris comedians will give a fine production of the great society drama, "The Prisoner of Zeresia, a dramatization of the famous "Moths of Society." The piece will be appropriately scened and costumed. "The Prisoner of Zeresia" will suffice to show all the acting abilities and qualities of both Mr. Forbes and Miss Carrington. It will also show Miss Zilliam O'Neil, the new lady, to good advantage. Tonight will be Miss Neil's first appearance in Duluth. Considerable interest is being manifested in the approaching baby show to be given Wednesday afternoon in conjunction with the regular matinee. Already numerous applications have been filed, which insures a large contest. The prettiest one, to be decided by a committee of judges, will receive $10 in gold. The contest is open to all babies; bring them along with you to the Wednesday matinee. There will also be an entire change of specialties tonight.

* * *

"The Heart of Chicago" will be the attraction at the Lyceum theater Tuesday night. The play is said to be more than of ordinary merit. Of course it appeals to those who dote on sensationalism, but it is said in its favor that its sensational incidents, while exciting in the extreme, are perfectly logical and follow as a natural sequence to the portions of the story already revealed. The author is said to be perfectly particular in his comedy situations. Among the scenic features are a representation of the down town district of Chicago during the great fire, a night illumination of the court of honor at the World's Fair, a new railroad scene unlike any other ever presented, the Masonic Roof Garden at night, and a complete panoramic view of the business portion of the South Side at night, the streets being illuminated and the principal buildings accurately set forth.

CITY SUED FOR FIREMAN'S LIFE

Philip Stackmesser's Relatives Ask $5000—Killed In September.

Joseph Stackmesser, administrator of the estate of his brother, Philip Stackmesser, has begun an action against the city, in district court, to recover $5000 for the death of the latter.

Philip Stackmesser was connected with the local fire department and was stationed at engine house No. 2, West First street and Piedmont avenue. During the temporary absence of the driver Sept. 11, last year, he started to drive the hook and ladder truck to a fire. When the truck left the engine house the front wheels struck the rails of the street car tracks and Stackmesser was thrown to the ground, the hind wheels of the heavy vehicle passing over him and causing injuries which resulted in his death within a short time after the accident. In the bill of complaint it is set forth that the pavement in front of the engine house was in bad condition and that the rails of the street railway track were from six to eight inches above the street level. It is alleged that the city was negligent in not keeping the street repaired. It is also alleged that the decedent was the sole support of his father and mother Mr. and Mrs. Karl Stackmesser.

OVERCOME BY PASSION

Extreme Anger Brings Heart Failure to Joel Miller.

Joel Miller, an employe of the Alger-Smith company at the mill on Rice's Point, dropped dead Saturday evening.

Heart failure was the cause of death and it was apparently brought on by a fit of passion aroused by something a fellow employe did that did not suit him. He began a tirade against the man which the latter passed without notice. This made Miller worse and he grew more violent. Suddenly he toppled over and was dead almost instantly.

Little is known of the man here. He has been in Duluth only about two months and had evidently drifted about the country for several years. He was a veteran of the civil war and about 55 years of age. He belonged to the Grand Army, but was not a filliated with the posts here so far as known. He drew a pension of $12 a month.

The only correspondence that could be found that would connect him with anyone was with a man in Milwaukee, and that man has been communicated with to see if he can throw any light on the man's connections.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Deadwood Man Jailed For Shooting at Several People.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Frank Carmel, of Greenwood, is in the Deadwood jail on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon. He fired shots at several persons and it is believed he is deranged. The complaint was filed by Carl Brandhorst, whom he had fired at with a shotgun. He had also fired at Brandhorst's wife and at John Troman. The sheriff was preparing to go after him, but he came into Lead, Tuesday night, and becoming boisterous, drew a revolver upon a policeman in resisting arrest. His case will probably be investigated by the county board of insanity.

The five camps of Modern Woodmen of Lawrence county held a county convention for the purpose of electing three delegates and three alternates to the state camp. C. P. Pinsinnault of Lead, Gabe Frederickson of Nemo and Achille Furols of St. Onge were chosen delegates, and A. V. Dixon and J. S. Graham of Lead, and E. F. Dotson, of Spearfish, alternates. A resolution was passed authorizing the delegation to do all in its power to secure the 1904 state camp for the Black Hills.

Watertown—There was a warm time at the Armory after the inspection by Maj. Carpenter, of Troop C. After most of the men had departed Maj. Carpenter, Gen. Conklin and several of the other officers informed the captain of the troop, Harry J. Wowrey, that there was a great deal of dissatisfaction among the boys and requested him to resign. This the captain refused to do, notwithstanding a petition asking for his resignation, signed by twenty-eight out of thirty men, had been presented to the officers. Since he refuses to resign the members of the troop have preferred charges against him, and should the adjutant general see fit not to remove him from the office, the troop will disband and reorganize, electing new officers. Capt. Mowrey says the charges cannot be sustained. He was first lieutenant of Company H. First South Dakota volunteers, the regiment which went through the Philippine campaign, having been appointed to the vacancy caused by the death in action of Lieut. Frank H. Adams. He is receiver of the United States land office in this city, secretary of the Watertown & Lake Kampeska Railway & Tarnsportation company, and attorney for the John G. Lund land agencies throughout the state.

Sioux Falls—Dr. William A. Walker, a wealthy and prominent physician of New York city, has been granted an absolute divorce by the courts of South Dakota from his wife, Hattie A. Walker, thus adding another chapter to one of the most sensational cases in the history of the divorce courts.

William H. Kline, a drug manufacturer of New York, whose wife's affections Dr. Walker is alleged to have alienated, committed suicide last February by drinking carbolic acid in Lincoln Park, Chicago, as an outgrowth of a series of scandals and exciting episodes in three families prominent in Harlem. Dr. Walker was granted a divorce on the ground of desertion. The defendant appeared in opposition to the granting of the divorce.

Walker and Mrs. Kline went to Salem from here and were quietly married by the M. E. pastor of that place.

Rapid City—Since the interior department made a ruling requiring all ablebodied male Indians to work for their livelihood, and shutting off their rations, many have sought employment off the reservation, and several have found work on the North-Western railroad. Recently nine of them have been working for George P. Bennett, register of the United States land office, getting out poles and posts by piece work.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen recently initiated a large class of candidates, increasing its membership to 289, all of whom are in good standing.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—During the past few days the Red river has risen about fourteen feet, and much apprehension is felt that a flood may be imminent and the experiences of 1897 repeated. All basements were flooded at that time, and a big property loss sustained by both business men and farmers. The big Demers avenue bridge ice break is also in bad shape to withstand a flood when the ice goes out. It was to have ben rebuilt, but the ice became unsafe just where the work started, and a temporary break was made that would not withstand a flood. Heavy snows at the headwaters make a flood probable should the snow go off with a rain.

Roy Smith, who was arrested at Duluth a short time ago for embezzling about $1000 from Collins & Stinson, fuel dealers of this city, by whom he was employed as bookkeeper and collector, yesterday returned the money to his former employers and also paid all the bills about town that he forgot when he left last fall between two days. It is thought he will get off with a light sentence. The money was probably secured from his father, who is a wealthy business man of Augusta, Me.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY — THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

All the music of

The Chaperons

way below publishers' prices.

Complete score..... .....$2.00

$1.00 instrumental selections.... .... **45c**

75c waltzes..... ..... **35c**

All the following pieces at, each..... .... **23c**

FLOWERS,
WE'RE ALL GOOD FELLOWS,
WHEN I SANG MY LOW "C,"
IN MY OFFICIAL CAPACITY,
LOVE IN A PALACE IS BETTER, (Duet.),
YOU MUSN'T BLAME THE COPPER, BLAME THE COOK,
MY SAMBO,
THE LITTLE MAID WHO COULDN'T SAY "NO,"
THE CHAPERON,
JUST A GENTLE TOUCH,
HAPPY WHEN WE EAT,
NOAH'S ARK,
MILLINERY MARY,
SOMEHOW IT MADE HIM THINK OF HOME,
LANCIERS, March and Schottische,

60c. It Seems Like Yesterday.... .... **27c**

60c. A Dream of a Bygone Day, (Duet)..... .... **27c**

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, First Street,
(Opposite Postoffice Square.)

DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

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Six months	.50
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

APPEAL TO THE PRESS.

In another column will be found an appeal to the press of Minnesota issued by Jacob Laux, special aide for the department of Minnesota of the Grand Army of the Republic, requesting the assistance of the newspapers of the state in furthering the plans of the G. A. R. in securing patriotic education in the schools and obtaining legislative action thereon. The plans outlined in the appeal issued by Mr. Laux should receive the hearty support of every patriotic citizen. They include the flying of the flag over every school house in the state and a daily salute to the flag by the school children. The flag now floats over many school houses and the daily salute is included in the school exercises, but there are hundreds of schools where the flag is not seen and the simple act of patriotic instruction is omitted. The Grand Army is anxious that a campaign of education be started to bring these schools into line and an effort will be made to interest the school authorities in the floating of flags over school houses and the adoption of a "manual of patriotism," coupled with special patriotic exercises by the schools in recognition of all national holidays, and the attendance of school children at Memorial day observances.

It is almost impossible to acomplish much along these lines without the aid of the press, and The Herald trusts that all the newspapers in the state will comply with Mr. Laux's request to publish his appeal and urge the school authorities in their districts to carry out the plan therein advocated.

INCORPORATING FAMILIES.

The incorporation of families is a new fad that has broken out in the East and which may become very popular. Family reunions have long been annual features in many families and they have been looked forward to with interest and have proved profitable to all concerned. As a result of a reunion held at the Fairbanks homestead in Dedham, Mass., last year, the Fairbanks family in America has incorporated itself as a society for historical purposes, to hold property, preserve records and objects of family interest, and promote the education of its members in subjects relating to their family history. The society will buy the Dedham homestead, and make that its headquarters, and will doubtless raise as large a fund as is necessary to provide a sufficient annual income to carry on its work.

Harper's Weekly thinks that "such an organization as this of the Fairbanks family forms a tie, slight but appreciable, between families scattered all over the United States. It makes, in its way, for cohesion, and will do its modest part in welding together the American people. It will give a good many people the sensation of having a family home, and that sensation is valuable, even though it only exists in a very limited degree. The record of most of the older American families is a record of successive migrations, beginning somewhere on the Atlantic seaboard and progressing westward by jumps of 50 to 1000 miles, in successive generations, leaving some representatives behind at each stopping-place. The result is a scatteration of kindred over an extraordinarily wide surface of country, and the existence of great numbers of families in the old Middle states, the Middle West, and the Pacific slope, who trace their derivation to New England or New York. These families like to remember where they came from, and many of them need nothing more than a timely suggestion to make them join in such an organization as the Fairbanks have contrived."

COAL MINING ACTIVITY.

With the great falling off in the production of anthracite coal in the United States last year, owing to the long-continued strike of the miners, it is surprising to learn from statistics just published that the entire tonnage of the trade was the greatest ever recorded, and it is far beyond that of any other country. This remarkable condition is due to the tremendous growth of bituminous mining which has more than doubled in the last ten years, and last year reached the immense output of 254,000,000 tons. There are concerns engaged in the soft-coal trade whose tonnage far and away exceeds that of any single anthracite company, even in the palmy days of that trade. The astonishing fact is shown that the United States output is beyond that of Great Britain; that Pennsylvania will do as much as all the bituminous coal mines of Germany, while West Virginia does as much Belgium, and Illinois as much as France. It is marvellous to the greatest degree, and even to one who has been connected with the trade for any length of time the returns for the year 1902 must come as a surprise.

The general public hardly realizes that there are other states and territories producing coal, than the one or two familiar to the average reader. It is, however, these states which render possible the large output. Now the state of Maryland produces millions of tons of coal annually, but little is ever heard of it. It has shown no very great increase in the tonnage from year to year of late, but there is an evenness to it which is remarkable, because of the fact that other districts producing a good grade of steam coal have been developed at a very rapid pace, and yet the old state keeps at about the same level. Last year's output was 4,876,068 tons, and here, as in so many other districts or states, the trade is concentrated in a few hands. This state is also peculiar in the relations of the operators with the employes, very little interruption has taken place because of strikes. West Virginia stands third in the amount of its coal output and it is giving Illinois a chase for second place. For its volume of trade it is peculiar, from the fact that three lines of railroads do by far the greatest proportion of the tonnage sent out. Kentucky shows a total of 6,421,266 tons for last year, which is a great advance in the way of output, as compared with even a few years back, for in 1897 it did only 3,111,000 tons. The enterprising operators in the Western part of the state are to be credited with this increase in the business, for they are pushing their tonnage up into the Northwest. Tennessee has not yet been scratched over, so far as its coal resources are concerned, and it is only within the past year that there has been anything like an effort on the part of the railroad companies extending through the state to aid in its development. The time has come, however, and there is now the greatest rivalry to enter coal territory, because there is no freight so readily handled and so profitable to the carrying company. Alabama is a state which is making the greatest progress, and the coal output last year was 10,327,713 tons. The peculiar fact is that the coal is so largely used at home for the iron works.

Good progress in mining coal has been made in the other states from Virginia to Texas, and even Indian territory is looking up as a coal producer. The great increase in the demand for coal, not only from the industrial development of the South, but from all over the country, is the cause of this great activity, and even more rapid development may be expected in the future.

CIVIC HOME RULE.

Reference was recently made by The Herald to the Gregory bill introduced in the legislature, making elective certain city offices now appointive, and a protest wase entered against this attempt to secure legislative interference with municipal home rule. The city of Duluth is now governed under a charter prepared by a commission and adopted by vote of the people as best adapted to the conditions existing here. When the constitutional amendment was adopted and an enabling act in accordance therewith passed by the legislature, granting authority to the cities of the state to frame their own charters, it was the understanding that thereafter there would be no interference by the legislature with the home rule principle thus established. The charter adopted by Duluth was framed to meet its peculiar needs. Certain offices were made elective and others were made appointive. The people are well satisfied with the arrangement and have no desire for a change, yet the Gregory bill would make a radical change in this respect by providing that the offices of city clerk, city attorney, city engineer, etc., which are now appointive, shall be elective. There is no excuse for legislative tinkering with the city charter. Undoubtedly the bill was introduced to change the system in some other city, but why should Duluth's charter be emasculated in this manner? The St. Louis county delegation should present a united front in opposition to the Gregory bill—not only because the changes proposed by it are not wanted in Duluth, but because it is an unwarranted attempt to interfere with the home rule principle.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press has also protested against this vicious measure. "It is a fact well known to everyone that has paid any attention to municipal government in this country," says the St. Paul paper, "that half the wrongs and evils arise from the attempts of legislatures to change local charters. These evils run all the way from such petty cases of interference as the suspension in this city of the law prohibiting the appointment to the board of public works of members of the council during the term for which they were elected, to such monstrous cases of overriding the known will of the people as the Pittsburg 'ripper' legislation. The cases in which a legislature of one political complexion has stepped in to take the control of the local police from a city of another political complexion are innumerable."

It is contrary to the spirit and purpose of the constitutional provisions regarding home rule in cities for the legislature to undertake to change the machinery of a local government, and such measures as the Gregory bill should not be enacted because they interfere with the wishes of the people who have framed their own charters and are certain to lead to gross abuses.

FREE LECTURE SYSTEM.

The system of free lectures for the masses has been tried in nearly all the large cities in the country, but outside of New York it has not been particularly successful. It may be that the speakers were not chosen with discretion, or perhaps they were unfortunate in their subjects; at any rate, they failed to interest the people they were intended to reach and in most cases the lecture were abandoned.

In New York it is different. The free lectures there have been an unqualified success. The system was inaugurated in 1889 by the board of education. The director is Dr. Henry M. Leipziger, to whom is due the chief credit for the steady progress of the lectures in popular favor. During the last season the lecture staff numbered 500 and the hearers about 1,250,000. Each center is given a varied program including scientific, literary, descriptive and musical subjects. Particular pains are taken that the advanced courses shall lead to study, a list of reference books being supplied by the lecturer. George Iles, in writing of the free lectures in the World's Work, says: "So great is the demand at the public libraries for recommended books that the supply there fails, and the board of education provides copies at each center from what Dr. Leipziger calls a 'platform library.' At a single center last winter 200 copies of a standard textbook on electricity were thus lent or sold at cost. One of the doctor's dreams is that there shall be erected in New York two or three temples of science where, in addition to a fine auditorium, shall be found amply equipped laboratories and workshops for practical application of lecture lessons."

The success of the lectures is to be attributed mainly to the wise judgment and constant care exercised in planning the courses and selecting the speakers. Says Mr. Iles: "There is evidently a ceaseless process of trial and of sifting going on. Two years ago I heard a teacher of mark speak in a large hall on the West Side. His theme was important; his presence, voice and manner were exceptionally good. Yet his presentation was so lacking in order that the man was tiresome; until he masters the art of arrangement he is not likely to be recalled. Another evening I heard a speaker fluent to glibness, with all the unction of a political spellbinder; but his story was mere wishwash, told at second-hand, and without either the pictures or the experiments we had a right to expect. He, too, now stays at home." The sum and substance of the whole thing is that the right speakers with the right subjects never fail to interest the classes intended, and the good results of their work can hardly be estimated.

The president is already finding that his trip is filled with too many demands on his strength. Hereafter all entertainments at night in his honor must be cut short.

A Pennsylvania preacher has resigned his pastorate to become a pitcher for a professional baseball team. He will see larger congregations hereafter.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

Violent deaths were frequent occurrences at Hibbing in the month of March.

W. C. Barrett, who stopped at the Hotel McKay the latter part of last week, collected a few statistics for the previous month, and the result is someting of a surprise.

"Twenty-six violent deaths occurred in the city," said Mr. Barrett, when speaking of the situation up in the booming range town. "They were from all kinds of causes, with a few murders. Six of the victims of unnatural death were children, leaving twenty-six adults whose release from this life had to be investigated by the coroner.

"That begins to count up, when you figure that the city is not much more than the good-sized country towns in the East, where a violent death a month is considered a heavy rate."

The large rate of violent deaths is accounted for by the beginning of operations for the mining companies, and the large number of men who are working around machinery and power works, besides the lawless character of a part of the population.

* *

Attorney Osborne, of Ely, was at the Hotel McKay for a day or two. He says that things are quieter at Ely this year than for many previous winters, the sentencing of Grahek for murder having had a restraining effect upon the unruly portion of the population.

* *

The Spalding register shows a large expanse of longitude on the leaves this morning, and the two usually-spoken-of extreme points of the the United States are represented. George A. Wagg, of Portland, Me., and E. R. Eldridge, of Portland, Ore., are registered side by side. The Eastern man is going West on business, and the Western man is heading for the East on a pleasure trip.

* *

"The steam shovels started Thursday in the Mahoning mines," said C. W. Kennedy, the veteran drill carbon man, at the St. Louis hotel this morning, and Hibbing is booming away at a great rate.

"There are diamond drills working on all sides of Hibbing, and the activity in explorations there has not been equalled for years. The results of explorations are being kept quiet, though occasionally there is a story of outcroppings. The owners of the properties are not making any announcements of their finds until they have arranged for the working of the mines, nowadays. They are not going to show their hand and let one of the big companies sew up their lands so far as ore transportation goes, because then they will be unable to sell their find for what it is worth.

"The drills are working in large numbers in the vicinity of Soudan also, and the lower range is practically a long procession of drilling machines. Some immense finds are expected before the season is finished."

* *

Amos Shepherd, the Corrigan-McKinney man from Hibbing, is at the Spalding hotel today.

* *

"So far as the general public goes and the men who are working for the road are informed," said R. G. Brown, general Northwestern agent of the Rock Island system, from Minneapolis at the Spalding hotel this morning, "no more changes are planned for the Great Northern. It was a surprise every few hours for awhile, but I saw one of the boys from the offices Saturday and he thought things had settled down.

"I do not think that John Eden was unfairly treated in the promotions made. He was not overlooked. Mr. Eden has been almost phenomenal in his rise in the railroad business. He has charge of the traffic of the western end of the road, and it is few men of his age who can claim control of as important a position on so important a railroad as he.

"Mr. Broughton has simply been given an extension of powers and authority, but his promotion does not affect Mr. Eden nor his prerogatives as the western traffic manager. He has been there since a year ago in December, and is doing excellent work, and it would have been a peculiar thing, had he been removed to the east end of the line."

* *

Henry Funkley, of Blackduck, escorting the following party, is at the Hotel McKay and will attend to some land business in the next few days: Barney Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, A. S. Wimer, of Barnesville, and R. W. Dering, of Blackduck.

* *

At the Spalding hotel: E. A. Megher, Fargo; J. W. O'Brien, Chicago; J. A. Harris, E. H. Cannon, O. D. Rayn, H. W. Leighton, M. L. Paige, C. P. Waunner, R. G. Brown, John B. Rayn, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Eldridge, Portland; M. W. McNally, John V. McNally, New Richmond; W. J. Farrell, Sux Falls; Amos Shephard, Hibbing; E. J. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Buck, Minneapolis; J. W. Robinson, Buffalo; E. D. Fleming, Fargo; George Gifford, Butte; Frank H. Batcheller, Faribault; John C. Greeneway, Ishpeming; J. C. Cuddihy, Calumet; F. G. Schroeder, Perham, Minn.; H. K. Broons, Thomas Owens, G. E. Pickard, Two Harbors; W. F. Walker, Plainville, Mich.; Mrs. T. A. Scoville, W. P. Allen, Milwaukee; John W. Ryan, Detroit; Miss G. Lyons, Minnesota; G. D. Fisher, St. Paul.

* *

Miss Mabel B. Hall, of Broken Bow, Neb., is at the Spalding.

* *

At the St. Louis hotel: P. F. Martyn, D. S. Carriel, C. H. Spence, St. Paul; O. F. Vissler, Thomas G. Griffith, Charles Brown, Minneapolis; T. A. Heffner, Two Harbors; A. Arnold, Hinckley; J. R. Kooghail, Virginia; A. J. Shea, Eveleth; Frank Martin, Grand Rapids; Albert Dagler, Young America; A. J. Hunds, Ely; F. E. Wills, Sioux City; A. Johnson, Iron River; W. H. Roberts, W. McCraig, Bemidji; G. H. Spear, O. D. Rasmussen, A. B. Clark, Grand Rapids; C. A. Birken, Deer River; H. T. Allerton, George Van Pelt, Cass Lake; W. H. Eaton, Virginia; Albert Kitto, Tower; Julius Wetzles, Ironwood; C. E. Leach, Chippewa Falls; E. Fulton, Virginia; Jacob Graulund, Two Harbors.

* *

Paul J. Wolf, Dr. Phelan and son, Frank Courtwright, Mell Lacy and J. Buck made up a party that came from Detroit, Minn this morning, and will attend to some land deals today.

* *

At the Hotel McKay: R. E. Smith, Scanlon; C. H. Sloan, Bemidji; O. L. Pederson, Virginia; B. T. Carroll, Grand Rapids; J. W. A. Barlon, W. S. Andrews, Two Harbors; J. H. Hanson, St. Paul; J. G. Hargreaves, Minneapolis; Henry Lefriener, Ashland; O. D. Burton, Minneapolis; B. F. Fowler, Two Harbors; S. E. Ford, W. B. Holman, Grand Rapids; Barney Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, A. S. Wimer, Barnesville; R. W. Dering, Blackduck; L. Sanders, W. W. Lyman, New York.

Limiting Height of Buildings.

Philadelphia Record: Massachusetts has established in the supreme court of the United States its right to limit the height of skyscrapers, even retroactively, and to take down several feet of a building in Boston which was carried up before the law was passed. New York is seriously agitating a radical limitation upon high buildings to be erected hereafter, and has been urged thereto, not only by the New York City fire department, but by one of the most eminent architects, and one who has put up many tall buildings. Philadelphia was invaded rather late by the skyscraper and is in a particularly advantageous position for establishing a limitation upon height. After many skyscrapers have been erected it will be a more difficult problem to deal with.

Will Bryan Do the Graceful?

Cincinnati Enquirer: A letter from Mr. Bryan welcoming Mr. Cleveland to the city of Lincoln would be the graceful thing. It would be polite, too, to write it. Somebody else may take a notion that he owns as much of Lincoln as Bryan does, and has as much right to speak for it. If somebody of this description should invite Mr. Cleveland, and he should accept, the "peerless leader" would be considerably cut down.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 6.—Low pressure areas overlie the Eastern Dakotas, Alberta and New Mexico, causing rains or snow flurries in the upper lake region, the Northwest, Eastern slopes of the Rockies, Oregon and Washington, and brisk southerly to easterly winds in the lake region. The barometer is high and the weather fair in the Atlantic states, the Lower Rockies and South Pacific states. It is slightly cooler in the Dakotas and much warmer in the extreme Northwest. Storm northeast warnings have been displayed in the Duluth station since Sunday morning.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	56	Memphis	54
Battleford	24	Miles City	20
Bismarck	28	Milwaukee	38
Boston	26	Minnedosa	24
Buffalo	30	Modena	22
Calgary	28	Montgomery	52
Charleston	50	Moorhead	34
Chicago	42	New Orleans	56
Cincinnati	42	New York	36
Davenport	44	North Platte	32
Denver	32	Oklahoma	54
Detroit	32	Omaha	40
Dodge City	38	Pittsburg	36
Duluth	34	Port Arthur	26
Edmonton	30	Portland	42
El Paso	60	Prince Albert	18
Escanaba	34	Qu Appelle	18
Galveston	58	Rapid City	28
Green Bay	58	San Francisco	48
Havre	32	Santa Fe	36
Helena	26	Shreveport	56
Houghton	28	Spokane	32
Huron	32	St. Louis	48
Jacksonville	54	St. Paul	44
Kamloops	40	S. Ste. Marie	30
Kansas City	52	Swift Current	16
Knoxville	42	Washington	32
LaCrosse	40	Williston	20
Lander	14	Winnemucca	22
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	26
Marquette	36		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain or snow this afternoon, tonight and possibly Tuesday morning. Brisk and high easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 6.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with showers this afternoon and in north portion tonight. Warmer in east, cooler in west portions tonight. Tuesday fair.

Minnesota—Rain or snow tonight with cooler in southeast portion. Tuesday partly cloudy with possibly showers in northeast portion.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday and in extreme western portions tonight.

Upper Lakes—Brisk and high southwesterly winds. Showers on Michigan tonight and on Superior and Huron tonight and Tuesday.

LONG AGO.

I once knew all the birds that came
And nestled in our orchard trees;
For every flower I had a name—
My friends were woodchucks, toads and bees;
I knew where thrived in yonder glen
What plants would soothe a stone-burised toe—
Oh, I was very learned then—
But that was very long ago.

I knew the spot upon the hill
Where checkerberries could be found;
I knew the rushes near the mill,
Where pickerel lay that weighed a pound!
I knew the wood—the very tree—
Where lived the poaching, saucy crow,
And all the woods and crows knew me—
But that was very long ago.

And, pining for the joys of youth,
I tread the old familiar spot,
Only to learn the solemn truth—
I have forgotten, am forgot.
Yet here's this youngster at my knee
Knows all the things I used to know;
To think I once was wise as he—
But that was very long ago.

I know it's folly to complain
Of whatsoe'er the Fates decree;
Yet, were not wishes all in vain,
I tell you what my wish should be;
I'd wish to be a boy again,
Back with the friends I used to know;
For I was, oh! so happy then—
But that was very long ago.

—EUGENE FIELD.

Just Waiting.

Waitin' for the June bugs,
Waitin' for the bees;
Waitin' till the katydids
Warble in the trees.

Waitin' till the grasshops
Hop around on springs;
Waitin' till the butterflies
Open up their wings.

Waitin' till et's fly time,
Waitin', waitin'—sh!
Waitin' till the fish wums
Ez fat enuf to fish!

—New York Evening Sun.

He Charged the Jury.

Green Bag: In a Western state, whose laws provide for a jury of six in suits before justices of the peace, a German was elected to that high and honorable office. The old gentleman was naturally smart, and, being prosperous, was something of an oracle in the neighborhood; but law was a thing he knew as little about as most of his predecesors and successors of the J. P. genus.

When his first case came on he listened with reasonable attention to the evidence, but with wrapt interest to the arguments of counsel for both plaintiff and defendant.

When the arguments were closed he appeared very ill at ease, and not until reminded that it was his duty to charge the jury did he offer any suggestion touching the case in hand. But he came up to the situation that confronted him like a man and a judge.

"Schendlemens of der tschury," he said, "as dis ist mein first experience in tschargin' a tschury, I hartly knows vat do say do you. But as ee- ist mein tuty to tscharge you soendings I vill de der pest vat I knows how.

"Eef you peeeves all vat der lawyer for der blaintiff haf saidt, den I tscharge you dot eet is your tuty to finu your ferdict for de blaintiff, und assess hees tamages as you dink righdt, not to oxzeet five huntret tollars under der cosdts, vitch you must nod vorged.

"But eef, on der odder hant, you peleeves all vat der tefendant's lawyer haf saidt, den eet ees your tuty to fint for der tefendant. In dot case you vill tschust do it, und say nodings apoud it, excepding der costs, vich you moost nod vorged.

"But, schendlemens, if on der odder hant, you are ligke me about dis madder, und dond't peleeves a tamt vordt vat elder one off dem haf saidt, den I doan' know vot in der heil you are goin' ter do."

Facts Worth Remembering.

Baltimore American: The public has not yet entirely recovered from the dazed condition of mind into which it was thrown by the startlingly novel theory of the coal strike commission that the people have rights which employers are bound to respect. The doctrine that the public has nothing to do with labor disputes except to pay the expenses has been too long borne in suffering silence for the great body of consumers to realize that recognition of their existence has been demanded.

England's Naval Power.

Baltimore Sun: Even some Liberals in the British parliament seem to approve the enormous outlay of $179,184,266 upon the navy in the fiscal year 1903-4, though few approve the expediture of $170,000,000 a year on the army. What is remarkable in the situation is the eagerness of the British people for an increase in the navy in spite of the high taxes it entails. There will, after April 1, be seventy-one warships under construction, including eleven battleships and nineteen armored cruisers almost equal to battleships in strength. This year six battleships and eleven armored cruisers will be completed. A new feature of the navy list is the "scout," a class which is to be marked by extraordinary speed rather than fighting power. Submarines are being built in increased numbers. The secret of the feverish activity in the British navy is the keener appreciation by the masses of the fact that the navy is not only the first line of defense of the United Kingdom, but the second line also and the third. If control of the sea is lost England can be invaded, plundered and subdued.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION

By Nellie Cravey Gillmore.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was well past 11 o'clock when Disbrowe reached his home, but a bright light still gleamed a cheerful welcome through the sitting room windows. His eyes softened with a quick glow of pleasure as he noted this, transforming his distinctly plain face into momentary beauty. A wave of tenderness swept over his face. "Dear Little Violet," he murmured softly, "dear little woman, perhaps after all—." He broke off and ran lightly up the veranda steps.

The one drop lacking to complete the cup of his great new-found happiness, seemed now, indeed, about to be realized. New life was in his blood as he drew out his latch-key and stooping, applied it tremulously to the lock. Surely he had been too exacting—too critical! His hands shook a little as he pushed open the door, but he controlled himself and passed into the corridor. An eager flame leaped to his eyes as he turned them, tentatively toward the sitting room. He took a quick step forward, then paused abruptly, a keen shadow of disappointment chasing the joy from his face. The room was empty.

All at once, things grew flat and colorless. In the loneliness of the room, a more complete sense of his own isolation came to him than he had ever before known. He walked mechanically to one of the windows and looked out where the sycamores moved gently in the dapple moonlight.

How placid and beautiful the world might have been, but for one thing.

But there was no longer any excuse to try to close his eyes to the underlying significance of his wife's bearing toward himself, which grew more and more palpable each day. Every nerve seemed to shrink with an indefinable foreboding as the panorama of the past flashed sharply across his brain.

After awhile he drew a deep breath and his hand went involuntarily to his pocket, resting there lingeringly, with a sort of regretful affection. Forn an instant, a look of gratified pride stole over his rugged features as his fingers closed tenderly over the precious letter that had that day brought him tidings of fame and fortune. Then with a gesture of quick loathing, he jerked them back and turned from the window. What mattered it? Fame, success, wealth—everything; all seemed but a mockery when the very heart within him was shrivelling to the core.

With a sigh he sought his sleeping room, taking off his clothes in a half-dazed fashion that betrayed the mastery of some terrible emotion. He was exhausted after the day's strain and soon dropped into a restless slumber. Toward dawn, he was dimly conscious of footsteps on the veranda; there was a buzz of voices, then his wife's low laugh broke musically on the still air and he fell into a profound sleep that lasted until morning.

Dawn broke gradually into a perfect day. Violet Disbrowe sat watching the brilliant streaks of sunlight that trembled through the breakfast room window. At the sound of some one approaching, she lifted the paper in her lap with a sudden assumption of interest. Presently she glanced up into her husband's face, a look of apprehension that was almost fear, leaping to her eyes as he encountered his. They were dull and sunken and his face bore a startling pallor He made some casual remark and his wife replied in kind, after a constrained silence ensued.

After awhile, Violet glanced furtively toward her husband and her lip curled faintly. "And that man is my husband," she reflected with a shiver, "I belong to him!" mentally comparing his rugged exterior to the polished grace of the other men with whom she associated.

Awkwardness was perhaps the one word that best described the whole man. Long, loosely put together, his attenuated height serving only to accentuate the first impression of ugliness, he was not rendered more attractive by the clumsiness that emphasized every movement.

The woman was the first to break the silence. "I have asked Jack Wetherell to spend the week with us—you don't mind? He leaves for the front next week and I thought—" She broke off, toying hesitatingly with her coffee-spoon.

A sudden hardness came into Disbrowe's face. He rose sharply and pushed back his chair. His wife glanced up quickly, a strange uneasiness stealing over her because of his unusual manner.

"You have no objection, dear?" she urged impatiently, a half contemptuous note on the last word. She looked narrowly at him, but his face was quite unmoved. He had lighted a cigar and was smoking mechanically. "By all means, Violet; entertain anyone you wish in your own home." He stood in an embarrassed fashion by her chair for a second, then quietly left the room.

His wife looked after the receding form, with an expression of slow wonder. For the first time in their married life he had not offered to kiss her good-bye at parting! For a moment this show of indifference stung her into swift resentment. But it was merely transcient. All thought of the tiresome husband vanished before the image of the man who threatened to bring a shadow into a hitherto blameless home.

That evening with Jack Wetherell seemed strangely short, in contrast to the long, dull hours she was sometimes forced to spend in her husband's society. With what force and cleverness he touched upon the subjects of the day; the latest triumph in the world of art, of literature—the one book especially, about which two worlds were to rave. After the great originator, the great interpreter; and such was Wetherell. His every word was teeming with interest; so different from the vapid discussions with which Disbrowe was wont to regale himself.

By the side of this man's conversation that of her husband's became mere insipid twaddle. The thought that she was the wife of such an one grew more and more intolerable with every hour.

All through the night she tossed feverishly on her pillow, weakly struggling against the invidious shadows that hovered about her. What would the future bring forth?

The week went by on golden wings and Wetherell still lingered. The book of sentimentality, long closed between them, was now fully open to both. Outwardly the time had passed uneventfully, but the first subtle attraction that had drawn the two together was now sprung into fierce life. There was only a wild, insatiate desire to escape from the desperate monotony of her everyday life. To one of her temperament, she argued, a great devotion was necessary; not the slavish devotion of a bungling husband, but the consuming love of a mature in affinity with her own!

When Disbrowe came home the following night the house was in total darkness. He entered with a dull foreboding pressing like a physical burden against his heart. He sat down wearily to rest, all capacity for thought seemingly to have gone from his overcharged brain. Presently he turned absently to take up the evening paper. As he did so his keen eye singled out a folded sheet of note paper on the reading table. There was no address; he raised it slowly with hands that shook beyond his control and read:

"My Darling: I am compelled to be away from home this evening, much to my regret. Forgive what must have seemed like neglect for the past few day and believe me, always,

Your loving 'Violet.'"

When he had finished reading the note Disbrowe glanced hastily about him; then with a sudden impulse of unspeakable joy he lifted the precious bit of paper and held it fervently to his lips. After all then he had been but a blind, unreasoning fool! He anathematised himself bitterly for the part he had acted, resolving to make atonement in a thousand different ways as long as he lived. For an hour he did not move, unutterably relieved, which was more.

Presently the front door opened and closed softly. He slipped noiselessly into the corridor and seized his wife's hands in his, devouring her face with his eyes. "Dear," he said tremulously, "I found your note and I've counted the hours until your return. I—I have been a brute to you, Violet; say that you forgive me!"

She stared at him incredulously for an instant, then swift comprehension swept over her. He had read the note she had left for Jack Wetherell. There was a momentary feeling of terror, then a sensation of fierce resentment, followed by one of quick revulsion. Her own wrongdoing flashed before her in vivid contrast to this man's trust. At the seeming evidence of one frail fragment of affection on her part he had counted as naught all the slights, neglect, even sneers that had been heaped upon him for another and in that other's presence.

For a long time she was silent, a great thankfulness in her heart for the salvation that had come to her in time. Presently she lifted her hand and laid it gently on her husband's head, noticing now for the first time, the stipples of silver that lay thick among the heavy masses of hair.

"It is I who should ask forgiveness, dear," she whispered. Her lips quivered painfully and a pleading look came into the blue eyes.

Disbrowe laid one of his big hands on her brown curls and laughed away her seriousness. He patted her softly on the cheek and stooping whispered something in her ear.

She looked at him with a startled exclamation. "And you did not tell me," she cried reproachfully. "So you are the wonderful 'incognito,' the rising star on the literary horizon! Oh, Dick, I have married a great man and I am just a little fool."

"Opinons differ," he replied, smiling.

POINTED PLEASANTRIES.

Puck: Doolittle—What are you doing nowadays?

Du Less—Doing nothing.

Dolittle—Why not?

Du Less—Nothing doing.

Washington Star: "Do you think that you will live in the annals of history?"

"I'm sure I don't know," answered Senator Sorghum. "But I'll live in first-class hotels so long as I am here below."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Henpeck—The idea! Here's an account of a man who trod on a rusty tack on the bedroom floor and got lockjaw.

Mr. Henpeck—Well, if that isn't the irony of fate. I'll bet his wife trod all around it dozens of times.

Detroit Free Press: Robert—He who flatters you is your enemy.

Richard—Oh, I don't know; he makes you feel good.

Judge: "But," sneers the tattoed lady, "the contortionist is such a piece of vanity!"

"I have never noticed it," argues the wild man. "He always seemed to me to be a perfectly modest, unassuming fellow."

"Unassuming!" exclaimed the tattoed lady. "And half the time he is simply wrapped up in himself."

Philadelphia Press: Yes, Borroughs does look worried these days."

"Worrying because he can't pay his debts, perhaps."

"Huh! You don't know him. If he's worrying about debts it's because he can't contract more."

Chicago Post: "Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins. "I am very much grieved at your ignorance of scriptural matters."

"What do you mean?"

"I overheard you telling that man at the races that there was a Jonah somewhere, but you couldn't exactly locate him. I really think it is time for you to read up a little."

Doping Race Horses.

New York Tribune: Turf authorities in Europe and America are giving careful study to the need of more rigorous measures to prevent the use of drugs and stimulants for increasing the speed of horses. There never were in any previous time so many wealthy, prominent and honorable owners of race horses, but the amazing expansion of the sport has attracted flocks of vultures who are trying to under high-minded turfmen. These birds of prey should have their wings clipped.

One Sensible Office Seeker.

Chicago Chronicle: One white man in the South has common sense about the color question. A. F. Fox, a candidate for the governorship of Mississippi and a Democrat, says that the proposal to stop schooling the negro is an assault upon the constitution of the state. Fox asks the voters to let the race question alone and devote their time to the industrial development of the state. Fox ought to be elected governor in the interest of common sense.

Crushed By Asphalt Rollers.

Philadelphia Record: It is now conceded that the stocks of the great asphalt combination that gathered so many dupes and victims in Philadelphia are utterly worthless. The question recurs as to how much value, if any, the total of not quite $30,000,000 of bonds of this swindling combination will be found to possess when the concern shall come under the auctioneer's hammer.

Something New in Court Rulings.

St. Louis Post Dispatch: A Kansas court has decided that if a railroad company had good modern appliances and careful and competent engineers and firemen, damages cannot be collected when a locomotive spark burns a planing mill, a lumber yard, a Methodist church and several minor buildings. This is quite important to both railroads and owners of buildings.

Discriminating Tariffs.

Philadelphia Press: The British government is to have a discrimination of 25 per cent in tariff rates in the conquered provinces in South Africa. But if that 25 per cent does not operate better than Canada's 33 1-3 per cent preferential rates Great Britain will not profit much in comparison with its competitors.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Monday, April 6th, the young romantic actor S. Miller Kent, presenting Nat C. Goodwin's great success **The Cowboy and the Lady** by Clyde Fitch, with the entire original Knickerbocker theater production. Dress circle, $1.50; parquet $1 and 75c; fam. cir. and bal. 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Tuesday, April 7th, Lincoln J. Carter's great spectacular production **The Heart of Chicago**
Elegant special scenery. Wonderful mechanical devices. Mysterious electical effects. A vivid picture of the great fire. See the marvelous approaching train.
Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, beginning **FRIDAY, APRIL 10**
Engagement Extraordinary! Frank L. Perley's Singing Comedians in the smartest and most up-to-date Operatic Comedy of the period—
"THE CHAPERONS"
PRICES—Night, D. C., $1.50; Parq., $1.00 and $1; F. C., 75c; Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c. Matinee—D. C., $1; Parq., $1 and 75c; F. C. and Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c.
"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN" APRIL 13.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phones 969. W. H. Rennay, Mgr.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
Dick Ferris presents Ferris' Comedians in
"THE PRISONER OF ZERESLA"
All new specialties. Extra tonight.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 2:30.
Night prices—10c, 25c and 50c.
PRIZE BABY MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
Matinee prices—10c and 25c.
Continuous Performance.

The New Veilings.

VEILINGS of the proper sort are very much in demand by the "smart set" this season. Our spring line comprises every new pattern in both ready made veils and veilings by the yard. Also a large line of "Dolly Varden" veils for draping.

Gray-Tallant Co

"Erin" Easter Linens.

IT MAY be a doilie, a dozen napkins, or it might be an entire new set of linens needed to complete the table linen set for Easter. If so, no linen you can purchase will give you the pride and satisfaction you will secure in the matchless "Erin" linens."

Opening of Fine Easter Millinery

Continues Tuesday and Wednesday, April 7 and 8.

IN OUR millinery exhibit will be found the choicest of imported creations, together with an attractive display of the best American designs in new spring millinery. You have seen the displays of the other stores, both "little and big," and it yet remains for you to see the ***superior*** display in ours. It matters not what the occasion may be, we will furnish a hat that will be most becoming, and that too at our characteristic low prices. We extend an invitation to all the ladies to be present.

Underwear and Hosiery.

WOULD you see the very latest patterns in embroidered gauze and lace hosiery and the finest of spring underwear, then you must see our new goods. The best foreign productions and the choice of America's manufacturers are awaiting your inspection.

Silk Vests—pure white—neatly trimmed with silk tape—low neck—sleeveless—$1.39 and..... **$1.50**

Fine Lisle Vests — white only—nicely trimmed—low neck—sleeveless—a splendid quality at... **$1.00**

Mercerized Gauze Vests—arms and necks neatly crocheted—white, blue and pink—each..... **75c**

Plain Mercerized Lisle Vests—very pretty shaped lace yoke—an exceptionally fine quality at..... **50c**

Our 25c quality is a most excellent quality at the price, lace trimmed or silk taped..... **25c**

Munsing Union Suits — low neck—long sleeves—ankle length—light weight—neatly trimmed..... **$1.00**

Pure Silk Hosiery—plain or lace stripes and Egyptian lace patterns ....$1.75, $2.00, $2.25 up to **$4.00**

Fine Lace Hosiery—silk or lisle—new patterns—lace entire length and all round..... **$1.25**

Superior quality lace lisle and gauze lisle hose—five exceedingly attractive patterns..... **75c**

Plain little drop stitch hosiery—the newest lace stripe—qualities with few equals—at..... **50c**

Fine gauze—real maco—full fashioned and split foot—for tomorrow—3 pairs in a box..... **$1.00**

Split foot Hose — wear guaranteed—a splendid hose and a bargain at per pair..... **25c**

Your Easter Gloves.

WHETHER your costume for Easter be new or not you will need a pair of new kid gloves to complete it. The gloves we carry are made by Alexandre of Paris, are unsurpassed in style and wearing qualities. We have a coinplete assortment of the newest shades and stitchings.

Fine Glace Dress Gloves—white, black and in all the new shades. The Paris point stitching, three clasps—has every desirable feature of durability and style—our price..... **$2.00**

Washable Kid Gloves—The desirability of a washable glove in white and the light shades hardly needs argument. Our gloves will wash and retain their shape and color—in the newest styles—per pair..... **$1.75**

Our "Elastic" Glove—not another in our stock is as elastic as this one. You'll enjoy the comfort of it—soft, pliable—Paris point back—self or black stitched, 2-clasp—pair **$1.50**

Dressy Street Gloves—medim weight, patent clasp, fancy stitched backs—pique sewed—tan, mode, gray, black and white—a very dressy Glove—our price..... **$2.00**

Fine Suede Gloves—black, white and colors—self or black stitched, 3 clasps—very soft light weights—well reinforced, insuring wear—ask for our Special Suede—at per pair..... **$1.50**

Our $1.00 Special—$1.25 will not purchase a better glove in any store in the city—all colors—gusset in every finger—thoroughly reinforced at every point—unexcelled at—per pair..... **$1.00**

Our line of spring lisle gloves has just been received. There is every color and black and white—at 25c to 75c.

Proper Dress Accessories.

A HOST of the many "little things" required to make the costume complete. The newest belts, the latest ties, the pretty new combs, dainty handkerchiefs and the large variety of wrist bags. All reasonably priced.

Silk Bishop Collars in white and colors—at 35c and..... **50c**

Fancy White Wash Stocks—Bishop style—neat and tasty..... **50c**

Silk Ties—plain and fancy—black white and colors—35c to..... **75c**

Lawn Ties with point lace ends—large assortment..... **50c**

Wash Stocks with Ties of basket cloth—the popular neckwear..... **65c**

Faney Net Ties in white cream and black—15c to..... **$1.65**

Pearl White Sets—the neatest and the newest—the set, 35c to..... **65c**

Pearl Sash Pins with initials—a very neat assortment, each..... **35c**

New line Shell Goods--Vassar and side combs—from 25c to..... **65c**

New Puff Combs—to be used in place of hair rolls—20c and..... **25c**

Linen Centre Handkerchiefs with Valenciennes lace edges..... **65c**

Linen Centre Handkerchiefs with Mechlin lace edges—each..... **65c**

Fine Linen Hankerchiefs with assorted lace edges—each..... **35c**

1-4 and 1-2 inch plain hem handkerchiefs—pure linen..... **25c**

All Linen Handkerchiefs with embroidered hems—each..... **35c**

All Linen Hemstitched Initial handkerchiefs—¼ inch hem..... **10c**

Nitsuki Wrist Bags—seal, walrus and alligator—25c to..... **$8.00**

White washable Wrist Bags —stunning styles—two sizes..... **$1.50**

New Belts in black and color combinations—25c to..... **$2.25**

Chain Beads in black, coral turquoise and pearl—25c to..... **$1.50**

CANADA TO SPEND

Millions on Waterways From Lakes to the Atlantic.

The Work Will Be Started as Soon as Possible.

Ottawa, Ont., April 6.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier's reply to the French river deputation clears up all doubt on the subject of the intention of the government to proceed with the development of Canada's transportation system from the great lakes to the sea. The administration stands pledged to go ahead as fast as means allow.

The scheme completed by Mr. Tarte, late minister of public works of the Dominion before he left office, contemplated an expenditure of $25,000,000 to $30,000,000, which it was contended, would give Canada a shorter and deeper waterway from the West to the Atlantic shipping ports than an expenditure of $380,000,000 in the improvement of the existing canals on the American side could do.

Sir Wilfrid favors development proceeding simultaneously on the railways and canals, and in the East, as well as the west, and sets his face against proposals first to develop the western section as desired by members from western Ontario, Manitoba, and the northwest territories. He holds it useless to spend money in pushing on the deepening and widening of the waterways in the lake region until the facilities of the ocean shipping ports are sufficiently increased to handle the traffic brought down.

It will take $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 to complete the French river route from Georgian bay to North bay. A charter was granted a private corporation ten years ago to undertake this work, but nothing has been done and the government has taken power to go on with it if the company fails to do so. The transportation commission appointed by the government will take up the whole subject shortly. The commission consists of Sir William Van Horne, George Bertram of Toronto, and Herbert Kennedy of Quebec.

In the meantime Sir William Mulock, postmaster general, has foreshadowed a government policy embracing the building of a link in the proposed transcontinental railway route in the shape of a national road extending from Quebec to Winnipeg, crossing the provinces of Quebec and Ontario far north, but well within the fertile belt with branches to existing systems and an undertaking on the part of the Grand Trunk and Canadian Northern to pass all their through traffic between the prairies and the sea over it. In other quarters it is confidently asserted instead of the new transcontinental road being subsidized, its capital will be guaranteed by the government, secured by mortgage bonds.

Opposition to the granting of a subsidy to the Grand Trunk railway Pacific extension, or any other railway, is assuming formidable proportions in the county constituencies throughout the dominion. Inside the ministerial party itself, some difficulty is being experienced in reconciling the views of the partisans of the proposed trans-Canada and Grand Trunk Pacific project. The trans-Canada element recognizes that in any case both the roads cannot expect to receive subsidies, and wants the government to consider the claims of the competing lines together, and this will probably be done.

French claims of limitations to British sovereign rights over Newfoundland have for the first time been explained in the capital from the French standpoint. Professor Jean Charlemagne, of Vassar college has been here lecturing under the auspices of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific society. The professor traced the chain of events by which Newfoundland ceased to be wholly French, and became, as he contended, partly but not wholly British. If the professor's view of the "French," or west shore question is correct, neither Great Britain nor France can claim sovereignty over that territory, and the problem is one for arbitration, not diplomacy, to solve.

Sir Louis Davies, late minister of marine and fisheries of Canada, now one of the judges of the supreme court, was among those who attended the lecture. He complimented the professor on the clear and logical manner in which he had dealth with the matter.

John Charlton M. P. for North Norfolk, Ont., referred to revelations of corrupt politics in Ontario at an address at Dominion Methodist Sunday school. He said "the life blood of the nation is being impregnated by the virus of political corruption, and it would take a royal commission to discover which party is the worse. Some men sell their honor for a few dollars, but there is also corruption in high places and danger that the contagion will spread and inoculate the whole body politic. Canada's future depends on Christian influences, and the Sunday school is one of the most important of these."

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

AT WEST DULUTH

Prospects are bright for an early opening of the mill season. The Alger-Smith mill, formerly the Mitchell & McClure, steamed up this morning, but the mill will not be in operation before next Monday, when sawing will commence with two full shifts.

The Merrill & Ring mill will also likely commence operations next Monday morning, although the company will probably have but one shift for several weeks after the opening, when the night shift will be put on.

The Lesure mill is not expected to commence sawing until some time after the other two mills are in operation. The logging done by the Lesure company this year was on a very large scale, and two shifts will be worked in the mill throughout the summer. For the last two years the mill has been worked with one shift only.

The St. Louis mill and the Red Cliff mill have been running throughout the winter and have sufficient work ahead of them to keep them busy during the summer months.

The greater number of the men have returned from the woods and are waiting for the season to commence. Several large parties have come from Saginaw also, and many more men are seen on the streets than at any time during the past three months.

Many of them have found work on the repair crews of the mills, as large gangs of men have been employed by all of the companies during the past month in puting the mills in shape for the coming season.

FOR JUMPING ON TRAINS.

Three badly-frightened lads appeared in Judge Stone's office this morning to surrender themselves to the authorities. They had heard that warrants had been issued for the arrest of nine West Duluth youths who were charged with jumping on and off moving trains, and they wished to be taken into custody. They were directed to the municipal court, where the warrants were secured.

The names of the lads for whom warrants are out are: Joseph Bodine, Louis Bodine, Alfred Forshay, Henry Forshay, William Forshay, Edward Kennen, Clifford Gerard, Hibbard Price and Charles Price.

The practice of jumping off and on the trains has become so common among the young lads in West Duluth that the railway company feared serious accidents might occur and decided to make an example of some of the boys.

LUMBER PILERS MEET.

The Lumber Pilers' union met for the first time this year yesterday afternoon in Victor Carlson's hall.

The men are looking forward to a prosperous season. All of the mills in West Duluth will be running this summer, many of them with two shifts, and the demand for men will be even better than last year. A ten-hour day agreement with a wage scale of $2.25 has been reached with several of the mill companies, and it is hoped that the others will sign the union contract within a short time after the starting of the mills.

SWITCHBOARD BURNS.

The switchboard at the central office of the Zenith Telephone company was burnt out Saturday afternoon. The fire was started by the crossing of the telephone wires with an arc light wire. The current of the latter was too strong for the lightning arrester, and the board was burned out.

The company has had several electricians working at the board since the fire, and is making every effort to restore the service in as short a time as possible. A temporary switch board is being installed and was being connected with the trunk lines to Duluth this morning.

The damage to the building was very slight, some of the woodwork being blackened and burnt. The fire was a difficult one to fight on account of the strong current, and one of the firemen received a severe shock by coming in contact with a live wire.

DIES OF PERITONITIS.

Swan Benson, of 716 Forty-first avenue, died yesterday afternoon as the result of an attack of peritonitis. Benson was thought to be drunk and the police were summoned to place him under arrest. When the police arrived it was seen that the man was seriously ill, and he was sent to the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Peildin, where he has been boarding. Here he expired some hours later.

The funeral will be held from M. J. Fillatrault's undertaking parlors Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The deceased leaves a wife and two children in Sweden and a son and a daughter in Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS

John Selnis and family left today for Alberta, where they expect to make their home in future. Mr. Selnis took with him a carload of settler's effects, including household goods, farm implements and live stock.

Easter footwear at Lauermann's.

John O'Brien, a bridge contractor, of Blackduck, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Stylish shoes at Lauermann's.

H. R. Patterson has returned from Barnum, where he went to look over some farm land recently purchased.

Twenty-five per cent off on all wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

Rev. Father Smiers, of Two Harbors, will preach tomorrow evening in St. James' Catholic church and receive confessions in the different languages. Rev. Father Corbett, of the cathedral, and Rev. Father Ganache, of Hibbing, will be present.

Buy your wall paper now at S. J. Nygren's.

John S. Holmes has taken a contract to cut 5000 cords of hardwood during the summer months. The wood will be cut back of Hunter's ark and sold in West Duluth next winter.

Beautiful Easter neckwear. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Christ Nilson, of the firm of Nilson & Evjen, has been receiving congratulations on the sudden addition of two girls to his family. They appeared yesterday morning.

Stetson, Gordon and Boss spring block hats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mrs. John Nedio, of Michigan, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lemein, in West Duluth.

John Parker left yesterday for Bemidji on a short business trip.

Men's and boys' Easter suits, cravenette topcoats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

The baseball game which was to have been played yesterday afternoon in West Duluth between the West Duluth team and the Big Duluth nine has been postponed until next Saturday on account of wet grounds.

Florsheim shoes. Shine books free. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Richard Wade, of Two Harbors, is visiting F. H. Wade, of this city.

Mrs. James Tanner has returned from a visit with her sister in Minneapolis.

E. K. Ashley, of Detroit, spent Sunday in West Duluth. He left this morning for St. Paul and Minneapolis.

For sale—300 bushels fancy early rose seed potatoes at J. J. Lauerman's.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contains Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Due notice is served. Due notice is hereby served on the public generally that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the only salve made from the pure, unadulterated witch hazel. Those persons who get the genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are never disappointed, because it cures.

MAX WIRTH.

Cluett-Peabody shirts, they fit; new styles and new patterns for spring wear. See them where you do your buying.

Cluett Shirts, $1.50 up.

Monarch Shirts, $1.00.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

Furniture Dept.

Bloedel & Ebeling, the reliable furniture dealers, formerly located at 18 West Superior Street, have moved their stock into the immense Third floor of the Gray-Tallant Co.'s store, and will hereafter conduct it in connection with this store.

For fifteen years this firm has enjoyed the patronage and confidence of the buying public, and make this change that they may increase the stock to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

Their business methods have been extremely conservative, relying upon the appreciation of the values they have given rather thon upon the sensational methods practiced by some. Credit will be extended to all meriting such accommodations.

Every dollar spent with them has and always will secure one hundred cents of value, and value at that which invites comparison with all others. There are no markets in the world but that they have access to, despite the claims of exclusiveness of other stores, which makes their assortment of the highest character.

New goods are arriving each day. A comparison of styles and values will be welcomed. You will then readily see the wisdom of always considering their stocks before making your furniture purchases. Several delayed carloads are expected the first of the week, after which you will find them in complete readiness to fill all your furniture wants.

Bloedel & Ebeling,

Third Floor Gray-Tallant Company.

DULUTH TO HAVE IT

Battle With Tenement House Evil Will Come Some Time.

So Says Jacob Riis Who Fought It In New York.

"Duluth, in its position as a distributing point for the Northwest, and with the certainty of rapid growth, must face the inevitable conflict with the slums which will follow. You will first welcome the tenement house and then you will recognize it as a curse upon humanity, which it is." So spoke Jacob A. Riis out of his twenty-five years of experience in battling with the slums, in his lecture Saturday evening at the First Methodist church. In his former occupation as police reporter on one of the New York dailies, Mr. Riis had every opportunity to study life in all its phases and see the hidden side laid bare. He spoke not only as a man thoroughly familiar with his subject, but as one to whom the awfulness of the daily life of the "other half" has appealed in all its horror, as one to whom the tragedies of life are familiar, but none the less real and as one who sees in these tragedies his life's work.

Mr. Riis does not lecture. He talks and every sentence is a word picture. He described in simple yet elegant English the every day life of the dwellers in tenements and of the fight for sunshine and fresh air.

The idea pursued by Mr. Riis in his battle with the slums is to furnish the dwellers in tenements with light and fresh air. He described one house which he had been istrumental in having removed. The entire block had been built up and was one vast dwelling house swarming with people and containing within its walls more inhabitants than live in many of the smaller cities of the country. In such a den, vice, crime, ignorance and poverty flourish. But such buildings are profitable for the owners, the one in question paying nearly 40 per cent on the capital invested. A model tenement was constructed in its place, in which open court yards and play grounds were substituted for the narrow air shaft, and where every room was clean, bright and sanitary. Such is the nature of the work being done by Mr. Riis and the wealthy philanthropists who believe in him.

"The whole movement is a religious one," said Mr. Riis. "How can you expect these people to understand the love of God, when they have seen nothing but the greed of man?

"The children are the worst sufferers from the curse of tenement house life. The child has no place to go. He rushes out into the street only to be driven back by the representative of the law, who tells him that it is forbidden to play on the streets. The more fortunate ones go to the roof chamber while the others hang on the rickety banisters of the tenement stairs and gasp for breath during the long hot summer days.

"In this battle with the slums one boys' club is worth 100 policemen's clubs.

"Give them light and air. With sunlight comes decency.

"Against the vice, ignorance, poverty and crime of the tenements must be pitted the opposing forces of education, the atmosphere of the public schools, fresh air, the country life of the farm as reached hv excursions, the free play grounds and the better conditions of life as seen in the model tenements."

Limelight views were shown in connection with the lecture to illustrate the various scenes mentioned by Mr. Ris.

The lecture was one of the most interesting and instructive heard in Duluth for many years and the simple direct style of the speaker made a profound impression on the large and fashionable audience present.

Mr. Riis was a guest of the Commercial club while in the city. He left yesterday afternoon over the Omaha for Minneapolis and St. Paul.

A Spring and Summer Tonic.

Go to the glorious mountains of Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky" and "Sapphire Country," a natural paradise at all times of the year, a pleasant spot, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation. For temperature and climate it is unexcelled. Reached by the Southern railway.

Write for descriptive book of "The Land of the Sky," mailed free upon application to J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Maude Porter entertained a number of friends at her home on Third street Tuesday evening last. Cards and music were the features of the evening, after which a dainty luncheon was served. The honor prizes were awarded to Miss Nellie McSweeney and Charles Ely. Those present were: Misses Bertha Dupont, Clara and Ella Voss, Nellie McSweeney, Jessie LaSalle, Tessie O'Neil and May Stevens. Messrs. William Frye, Wilfred Harrison, Charles O'Neil, Franklin Stevenson, Charles Ely, M. K. Whittemore, George Coty, Edward O'Neil and Arthur J. Johnston.

Miss Lea O'Neil was shopping in Duluth last week.

G. H. Prince, of St. Paul, spent Sunday in the city.

C. B. McDonald, of Minneapolis, was among the arrivals on the morning train Friday.

Schools closed on Friday for the Easter holidays and quite a number of teachers left for their homes.

Mrs. Reed, of Scanlon, was shopping in the city on Saturday.

The ladies' guild of St. Andrew's church will meet this week in the guild room.

Mrs. G. Graham, of Bemidji, is in the city the guest of her mother, Mrs. Carrol.

Mrs. Dwyer, mother of Mrs. M. T. Savage, of this city, died on Friday last of dropsy. Deceased had been ailing for about two months when death came to relieve her sufferings. The funeral, which took place Sunday morning to the Roman Catholic church and from there to the cemetery, was well attended.

James Brotherton, of West Duluth, attended the funeral services of Phi. Whittom here on Saturday.

Mrs. Fred Sanborn, the critical condition of whose health has been of such long continuance, is improving to such an extent as to give ultimate hopes for her recovery.

Rev. J. W. Lowrie, of West Duluth, was the guest last week of his brother, Rev. C. W. Lowrie, of this city.

In the spring the young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of hats, and the GORDON claims his attention.

Never were there so many attractive shapes as are shown in the GORDON hats this season.

$3.00.

The perfection of hat making

WILL RUSH WORK

Electric Companies Will Push Wire Removal After City Acts.

To Put In One of Finest Conduit Systems In West.

Active preparation is under way for carrying out the provisions of the conduit ordinance, which will certainly be reported to the council, and if not passed immediately, will be acted on within the next few weeks.

This information, obtained from the corporations directly affected by the abolishing of overhead wires, removes all doubt as to the readiness to accept the city's arrangement for the removal of wires.

Within the past few days there has been a rumor in municipal circles that the several corporations having electric wires along Superior and Michigan streets were conferring with a view to making a united protest against being compelled to install a conduit system within such a comparatively short time.

A representative of these companies, which are acting together on the conduit arrangement, says that within two weeks after the mayor's signature is attached to the conduit ordinance work will begin on the removal of poles and wires from Superior street between Second avenue east and Eighth avenue west.

He further states that with favorable weather conditions it will be possible to have the wires safely installed in conduits and the unsightly poles removed from Superior street within a period of six weeks after the mayor has signed the ordinance.

That work is sort of preliminary to one of the finest conduit systems in the West. While the city will not put in the system as originally proposed on a municipal ownership basis, the work of the various companies interested will be under the general superintendence of the city, and the plans and specifications submitted by the electrical commission are the result of extensive investigation and practical experiment on the part of City Engineer Patton.

Mayor Hugo has expressed himself as being much gratified with the recent turn of affairs in regard to the removal of life and property endangering wires. He has been agitating the change to an underground system for more than a year, and now says that he considers everything practically arranged for the change.

The ordinance which may be presented tonight will not have a provision for the removal of wires on South Lake avenue, but the companies are considering the advisability of removing wires there without an order from the city. They desire to put the poles and lines in Paradise alley, which runs south from Railroad street between Lake and St. Croix avenues.

ANNIHILIATION

Of Emperor's Schemes In Edward's Visit to Rome.

New York, April 6.—Immense significance is attached to the forthcoming visits of the king to Rome and Paris, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. One paper goes so far as to declare that the king's tour spells annihilation of the German emperor's ambitious scheme, as Germany could never dream of risking a quarrel either with England or America unless the connivance of Italy and the neutrality of France were secure.

SET HIS MOTHER ON FIRE.

Rochester, N. Y., April 6.—Accused of setting fire to his mother's clothes, John Wonder, 21 years old, is locked up in a police station, while his mother, Carrie Wonder, 50 years old, is at the home of a friend seriously burned, and she may not recover.

This is what Ayer's Hair Vigor does: Restores color to gray hair, makes the hair grow, stops falling, cures dandruff. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ENDED HER LIFE

Former Baroness Wolfbauer Kills Herself In Jersey Hotel.

Was But Recently Divorced From Her Titled Husband.

Sioux Falls, S. D., April 6.—Mrs. Louise Ames Van Welk, who committed suicide yesterday in a Jersey City hotel, was until a short time ago the Baroness Wolfbauer, the South Dakota courts having only recently granted her a divorce from Baron Wolfbauer, an Austrian nobleman. For about a year she lived at Hot Springs. She came from there to this city last October. She evidently feared the baron would contest the legality of her decree, for it is said she retained a room in the hotel, agreeing to pay for it indefinitely, her purpose being to maintain a semblance of a residence.

Her father was a captain in the United States army. She was born near Buffalo, N. Y., about thirty-two years ago. After her father and mother died she was sent to Indiana and became a student at Depauw university. Her paternal grandfather had been president of the institution many years before. As the granddaughter of ex-President Ames she received much attention.

Mr. Van Welk, her first husband, said to have been a member of the family of New York state of that name, was also a student in the university. She became his wife a year after leaving college. They traveled considerably. One child, Dorothy, now about 10 years old, was born. This child was the mother's only companion in her residence in Sioux Falls and South Dakota. Mrs. Van Welk first met Baron Wolfbauer only about a year and a half ago. Their married life was unhappy. They had been introduced in Paris. He was a man of fine appearance and delightful manners.

New York, April 6.—Mrs. Louise Ames Van Welk shot and killed herself at the Hotel Washington in Jersey City yesterday morning. She was perhaps 35 to 37 years of age, a blonde and good looking. She arrived at Jersey City from the West Friday over the Pennsylvania railroad.

She seemed in good spirits and was well supplied with money, and numerous packages arrived at the desk from New York stores for her. She was last seen alive Saturday evening by one of the maids of the hotel.

Edward Chase, son of the proprietor, about noon yesterday noticed water coming through the ceiling from an upstairs room. He forced his way into Mrs. Van Welk's room and found the faucet of a basin open and the water overflowing. Mrs. Van Welk was sitting in a rocking chair facing a mirror. She was dead.

Mrs. Van Welk wore a dressing gown which was open at the throat. Apparently while sitting in front of the mirror she had placed a revolver against her breast over the heart and outside her under garment and fired.

Two registered parcel receipts were found in the room. The registry took place at the Jersey City postoffice Saturday. One parcel was sent to Campbell R. Royston, Baltimore, Md., and the other to Charles H. Townsend, New York city.

Although it was supposed Mrs. Van Welk had arrived direct from the West Friday, receipts from a New York department store showing purchases made March 19 indicate that she was in this city on that date and probably spent a few days here.

Several bundles of letters were found addressed to Mrs. L. E. Wolfbauer, care of Mrs. Pease, 1250 McCullough street, Baltimore, and to Mrs. Edward W. Wolfbauer, 1017 Fifteenth street northwest, Washington, D. C. All these were signed by Edward W. Wolfbauer and addressed the recipient as wife. The most recently dated was in 1901, and most of the letters were written from various places in Cuba. From the signatures to these letters and from the signature to the woman's will, which was found among the letters, it is supposed that Mr. Wolfbauer died and that she remarried, her second husband being named Van Welk.

The will was dated Sioux Falls, S. D., March 2, 1903. This document leaves all the wardrobe of the testatrix to Mrs. Henry Garland, Washington, D. C., no address being given. To the daughter of the dead woman are left the houses and lots at 1853 and 1855 Seventh street northwest, Washington, D. C. In case of the death of the daughter before the provisions of the will are carried out, all the share of the daughter, whose name is Dorothy, is to go to William J. Hess, of Washington, D. C. An insurance policy on the life of the testatrix made out in favor of Otto B. Van Welk for $4500 is willed to the daughter, of whom the American Surety company, of Washington, D. C., is named as guardian. Mr. Royston and Mr. Townsend, the men to whom registered packages were mailed, are named as executors of the will.

Superintendent Sylvester of the Washington police was telegraphed to. He replied that he could not find any relative of the dead woman in Washington. She was known there, he said, and so far as he knew Mr. Wolfbauer was still alive. Something over a year ago Mrs. Wolfbauer left Washington for South Dakota and more recently obtained a divorce there. Of her subsequent marriage, if there was one, the Washington chief was ignorant.

CANCER IS INCREASING.

New York, April 6.—Statistics regarding deaths from cancer, given in the report of the registrar general, show, according to a London dispatch to the Tribune, that the fatal cases are steadily increasing throughout the United Kingdom, not merely in number, but in proportion to the population, and that in forty years this proportion has been at least doubled.

OLD PUGILIST IS DEAD.

St. Louis, April 6.—Tom Allen, retired heavyweight champion pugilist of the world, who for the past 25 years has conducted a small saloon here, died yesterday from general debility. He was born in Birmingham, England, April 23, 1839. Allen won his laurels in the days of bare fist fighting and bore the title of being the only pugilist who lost the world's championship, regained it and retired with it. He lost the championship to Jem Mace, May 1, 1870, and regained the title by defeating Mike McCool Sept. 23, 1873. During the latter years of his life Allen devoted much of his attention to backing a number of fighters of renown.

A Story Worth Telling

We never tire of telling the story of **Uneeda Biscuit.** We do not believe that lovers of good, wholesome food ever tire reading it.

Uneeda Biscuit are the result of two ideas. That soda crackers could be made better than they had ever been made before. That it was possible to convey them to the home fresh, crisp and clean.

The importance of the soda cracker as an article of daily consumption, made this worthy of extraordinary effort. True, many people laughed at the idea of so much thought—time—labor—capital, being devoted to a soda cracker. But the greatest industries of the greatest country in the world have been developed from smaller things than a soda cracker, and so it seemed worth while to make the best soda cracker that could be made and to place it on the table as good as it had been made.

To do the first required the selection of the best materials, of the best equipment, the highest skill. To do the second upset all traditions. The oldest bakers said there was no way to keep a soda cracker good. That no one expected it any way. That people were satisfied to eat them stale, as they had been in the habit of doing. And so it fell to the lot of younger minds to do this unheard of thing—to keep a soda cracker good until eaten.

The result was the creation of the In-er-seal Package with red and white seal. An invention that kept out the air, moisture, dust germs, that first retained the natural flavor of the biscuit, keeping it crisp and fresh until it reached the table, and so **Uneeda Biscuit** became a reality. The little thing that seemed hardly worth while became a great thing that seemed hardly possible.

To-day over 300,000,000 packages have been consumed by the thoughtful people of this country and the demand is ever increasing.

That is the story of **Uneeda Biscuit.** Some day we will tell it over again for the benefit of those who are still "satisfied" with the stale and broken crackers that come in a paper bag, when they can get **Uneeda Biscuit** whole, fresh, and clean.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT GIVEN WARM WELCOME AT SIOUX FALLS

(Continued from page 1).

that the government can act. One of the greatest and most beneficent measures passed by the last congress, or indeed by any congress in recent years, is the irrigation act, which will do for the states of the great plains and the Rocky Mountain region at least as much as ever has been done for the states of the humid region by river and harbor improvements. Few measures that have been put upon the statute books of the nation have done more for the people than this law will, I firmly believe, directly and indirectly accomplish for the states in question.

The department of agriculture devotes its whole energy to working for the welfare of farmers and stock growers. In every section of our country it aids them in their constantly increasing search for a better agricultural education. It helps not only them, but all the nation, in seeing that our exports of meats have clean bills of health, and that there is rigid inspection of all meats that enter into interstate commerce. Thirty-eight million carcasses were inspected during the last fiscal year. Our stock growers sell forty-five million dollars worth of live stock annually, and these animals must be kept healthy or else our people will lose their trade. Our export of plant products to foreign countries amounts to over six hundred million dollars a year, and there is no branch of its work to which the department of agriculture devotes more care. Thus the department has been successfully introducing a macaroni wheat from the headwaters of the Volga, which grows successfully in ten inches of rainfall, and by this means wheat growing has been successfully extended westward into the semiarid region. Two million bushels of this wheat were grown last year; and being suited to dry conditions it can be used for forage as well as for food for man.

> The department of agriculture has been helping our fruit men to establish markets abroad by studying methods of fruit preservation through refrigeration and through methods of handling and packing.

On the Gulf coasts of Louisiana and Texas, thanks to the department of agriculture, a rice suitable to the region was imported from the Orient and the rice crop is now practically equal to our needs in this country, whereas a few years ago it supplied but one-fourth of them. The most important of our farm products is the grass crop; and to show what has been done with grasses, I need only allude to the striking change made in the entire West by the extended use of alfalfa.

Moreover, the department has taken the lead in the effort to prevent the deforestation of the country. Where there are forests we seek to preserve them; and on the once treeless plains and the prairies we are doing our best to foster the habit of tree planting among our people. In my own lifetime I have seen wonderful changes brought about by this tree planting here in your own state and in the states immediately around it.

There are a number of very important questions, such as that of good roads, with which the states alone can deal, and where all that the national government can do is to cooperate with them. The same is true of the education of the American farmer. A number of the states have themselves started to help in this work and the department of agriculture does an immense amount which is in the proper sense of the word educational, and educational in the most practical way.

It is therefore clearly true that a great advance has been made in the direction of finding ways by which the government can help the farmer to help himself—the only kind of help which a self-respecting man will accept, for, I may add, which will in the end do him any good. Much has been done in these ways, and farm life and farm processes continually change for the better. The farmer himself still retains, because of his surroundings and the nature of his work, to a preeminent degree the qualities which he like to think of as distinctly American in considering our early history.

> The man who tills his own farm, whether on the prairie or in the woodland, the man who grows what we eat and the raw material which is worked up into what we wear, still exists more nearly under the conditions which obtained when the "embattled farmers" of '76 made this country a nation than is true of any others of our people.

But the wage-workers in our cities, like the capitalists in our cities, face totally changed conditions. The development of machinery and the extraordinary change in business conditions have rendered the employment of capital and of persons in large aggregations not merely profitable but often necessary for success, and have specialized the labor of the wage-worker at the same time that they have brought great aggregations of wage-workers together. More and more in our great industrial centers men have come to realize that they can not live as independently of one another as in the old days was the case everywhere, and as is now the case in the country districts.

Of course, fundamentally each man will yet find that the chief factor in determining his success or failure in life is the sum of his individual qualities. He cannot afford to lose his individual initiative, his indivdual will and power; but he can best use that power if for certain objects he unites with his fellows. Much can be done by organization, combination, union among the wage-workers; finally something can be done by the direct action of the state. It is not possible empirically to declare when the interference of the state should be deemed legitimate and when illegitimate.

> The line of demarcation between unhealthy overinterference and unhealthy lack of regulation is not always well defined, and shifts with the changes in our industrial needs.

Most certainly we should never invoke the interference of the state or nation unless it is absolutely necessary; but it is equally true that when confident of its necessity we should not on academic grounds refuse it. Wise factory laws, laws to forbid the employment of child labor and to safeguard the employee against the effects of culpable negligence by the employer, are necessary, not merely in the interest of the wage-worker, but in the interest of the honest and humane employer, who should not be penalized for his honesty and humanity of being exposed to unchecked competition with an unscrupulous rival. It is far more difficult to deal with the greed that works through cunning than with greed that works through violence. But the effort to deal with it must be steadily made.

Very much of our effort in reference to labor matters should be by every device and expedient to try to secure a constantly better understanding between employer and employe. Everything possible should be done to increase the sympathy and fellow-feeling between them, and every chance taken to allow each to look at all questions, especially at questions in dispute, somewhat through the other's eyes. If met with a sincere desire to act fairly by one another, and if there is, furthermore, power by each to appreciate the other's standpoint, the chance for trouble is minimized. I suppose every thinking man rejoices when by mediation or arbitration it proves possible to settle troubles in time to avert the suffering and bitterness caused by strikes. Moreover, a conciliation committee can do best work when the trouble is in its beginning, or at least has not come to a head. When the break has actually occurred, damage has been done, and each side feels sore and angry; and it is difficult to get them together—difficult to make either forget its own wrongs and remember the rights of the other. If possible the effort at conciliation or mediation or arbitration should be made in the earlier stages, and should be marked by the wish on the part of both sides to try to come to a common agreement which each shall think in the interests of the other as well as of itself.

> When we deal with such a subject we are fortunate in having before us an admirable object lesson in the work that has just been closed by the anthracite coal strike commission.

This was the commission which was appointed last fall at the time when the coal strike in the anthracite regions threatened our nation with a disaster second to none which has befallen us since the days of the Civil war. Their report was made just before the senate adjourned at the special session; and no government document of recent years marks a more important piece of work better done, and there is none which teaches sounder social morality to our people. The commission consisted of seven as good men as were to be found in the country, representing the bench, the church, the army, the professions, the employers, and the employed. They acted as a unit, and the report which they unanimously signed is a masterpiece of sound common sense and of sound doctrine on the very questions with which our people should most deeply concern themselves. The immediate effect of this commission's appointment and action was of vast and inculculable benefit to the nation; but the ultimate effect will be even better, if capitalist, wage-worker and lawmaker alike will take to heart and act upon the lessons set forth in the report they have made.

Of course the national government has but a small field in which it can work in labor matters. Something it can do, however, and that something ought to be done. Among other things I should like to see the District of Columbia, which is completely under the control of the national government, receive a set of model labor laws. Washington is not a city of very large industries, but still it has some. Wise labor legislation for the city of Washington would be a good thing in itself, and it would be a far better thing, because a standard would thereby be set for the country as a whole.

In the field of general legislation relating to these subjects the action of congress is necessarily very limited. Still there are certain ways in which we can act. Thus the secretary of the navy has recommended, with my cordial and hearty approval, the enactment of a strong employers'-liability law in the navy yards of the nation. It should be extended to similar branches of the government work. Again, sometimes such laws can be enacted as an incident to the nation's control over interstate commerce. In my last annual message to congress I advocated the passage of a law in reference to car couplings—to strengthen the features of the one already on the statute books so as to minimize the exposure to death and maiming of railway employes. Much opposition had to be overcome. In the end an admirable law was passed "to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes and their locomotives with driving-wheel brakes." This law received my signature a couple of days before congress adjourned. It represents a real and substantial advance in an admirable kind of legislation.

For liver troubles and constipation There's nothing better in creation Than Little Early Risers, the famous little pills They always effect a cure and save doctor bills.

MAX WIRTH.

ROYAL BETROTHAL RUMORED.

Copenhagen, April 6.—Rumors are current among the German emperor's suite and in Danish court circles, that the German crown prince, Frederick William, is to be betrothed to Duchess Cecile, sister of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, whose sister, Alexandrino, is the wife of Prince Christian, the grandson of the King of Denmark. Duchess Cecile was born at Schwerin on Sept. 20, 1886. She will thus be 17 years old next birthday, while the German crown prince is four years her senior.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Ayer Man Shoots Farmer, Wife and Himself.

Ayer, Mass., April 6.—Charles Moulton, of Clinton, attempted to kill Miss Lillian Wheeler, of this town, at the railroad station today, by shooting her twice in the head. He then turned the weapon on himself, sending a bullet through his brain, dying instantly.

Miss Wheeler was formerly Moulton's wife, but she had obtained a divorce from him a few weeks ago, and had assumed her maiden name. Moulton is believed to have been demented through jealousy and despondency.

A sweet breath is a never failing sign of a healthy stomach. There is no remedy in the world equal to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for curing indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet.

MAX WIRTH.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, $45.

The very latest spring novelties. The material is strictly imported and the lining pure silk; fit and workmanship guaranteed. This is an opportunity that no lady should miss, as it will only continue a short time. Call and see our samples and styles.

S. GOLDBERG,
London and Paris Ladies' Tailor,
101 W. Superior St.
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CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 a box.
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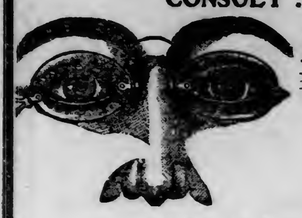

A. L. Norberg

OPTICIAN and LICENSED OPTOMETRIST,

When in Need of Glasses.

Ten Years' Experience. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth.

APPEALS TO THE PRESS

Jacob Laux Asks Aid In Furthering G. A. R. Patriotic Plans.

In Saturday's Herald was published the text of a communication addressed to him as special aide for the department of Minnesota in the field of military instruction and patrotic education in the schools, in which he was asked to systematize a plan for obtaining the following results:

First—The flying of the flag over every school house in your department.

Second—Daily salute to the flag.

Third—Legislative action in the interest of patriotism in schools.

Fourth—The interest of school authorities in the floating of flags over school houses, and the adoption of a "Manual of Patriotism."

Fifth—Special patriotic exercises by schools in recognition of all national holidays.

Sixth—Attendance of school children at memorial day observances.

Seventh—Co-operation with the Woman's Relief corps, ladies of the G. A. R., Daughters of Veterans, Sons of Veterans, and all patriotic societies, in carrying forward these patriotic purposes.

Mr. Laux has issued an appeal to the press of the state, in which he says:

"Feeling my helplessness to make any perceptible progress in this work without your aid, always so freely and generously extended in matters of this kind, I confidently appeal to every paper in the state, of whatever language, to further our objects as set forth above; at least, copy the seven objects this department of the Grand Army of the Republic has set out to accomplish.

"The patriotism that is vigilant and active in time of peace may even work a prevention of war; for no nation attacks an united country.

"Since I wish to embody in may annual report to national headquarters the names of the papers aiding us, I would be pleased to have a copy of each, containing reference to our work, mailed to my address.

JACOB LAUX,
Special Aide for the Department of Minnesota,
Duluth, Minn.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Good Progress Being Made on El Paso Tunnel.

Colorado Springs, April 6.—The regular monthly report on the progress of the tunnel being driven by the El Paso Gold Mining company for the purpose of draining the mines of the western portion of the camp, will be received this week by the company. The progress during March is said to have been greater than at any time since the tunnel was started. The El Paso people expect to have the tunnel completed several days ahead of the schedule unless some unforeseen accident occurs to delay the work. The contract calls for the completion of the work by Aug. 23.

The royalties to the Acacia company from the different leases on the Burns and morning Star claims during the month of March amounted to about $1000. There are nine sets of lessees at work on the property and oonsiderable ore is being shipped.

The August Flower Leasing company, operating the Katinke group of claims, on Guyot hill, has ordered a complete plant of machinery, which is to be installed over the large three-compartment shaft recently completed to a depth of 70 feet. With this new equipment in operation, the leasing company will increase the production from the property. The company is shipping a good grade of ore from several levels.

Some time ago a strike was made on the Morning Glory claim of the Work company, of an inch streak of ore running about $700 per ton in gold. Development has since been done on the find, and at present it is stated that the streak has widened to eight inches, running better than $140 a ton. A large shipment of the ore will be made this month.

The Golden Cycle company this week sent out the dividend checks, amounting in all to $75,000, this being at the rate of 5 cents a share on the issued capital stock of 1,500,000 shares.

SECRETLY MARRIED.

Son of Senator Cockrell Weds a St. Louis Girl.

Kansas City, Mo., April 6.—The Times says: E. H. Cockrell, a son of United States Senator Francis M. Cockrell, and Miss Hazel Hogan, of St. Louis, were secretly married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Yule in St. Louis early Saturday morning after which they left for Kansas City. They arrived here Saturday evening. The marriage was unexpected by their friends and to them as well as to the families of the two it will prove a surprise. A telegram sent to the bride's parents gave them their first intimation of the wedding.

Mrs. Cockrell is the daughter of R. B. Hogan, the agency director of a life insurance company with headquarters in St. Louis where he lives. The bride is 19 years old. Cockrell is 22 years old. He has spent much time in Washington, where he is well known socially.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Mrs. Roosevelt and her children, who have been on a cruise on the Mayflower, down the Potomac river and Chesapeake Bay returned to Washington Sunday afternoon. A carriage from the White House met the party at the boat and they were driven to the White House. All the family are well and greatly benefited by the week's outing.

The immense storage house of the Birmingham Fertilizer company in East Birmingham, Ala., said to be operated in the interest of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical company, was destroyed by fire Sunday, the loss being $225,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

City Marshal Howland, of Gardner, Kas., during a fight lasting half an hour, shot and killed Bud Briggs Saturday, while Briggs, with two companions, was trying to secure the release of Estell Briggs, a brother, whom the officer had arrested for disorderly conduct.

Bessie Cooper, six years old, was drowned, her brother Thomas, eight years old, was probably fatally injured and three other children were seriously injured Sunday by the overturning of a buggy from a bridge into Kickapoo creek near Mattoon, Ill.

Ramon Lopez, general manager of the Mexico City bull rings, announces that he has secured permission to give prize fighting exhibitions in the bull rings. He will send an American sporting man to the United States next week who will attempt to make contracts with pugilistic celebrities to pull off fights in that city.

Sheriffs Thompson, of Caddoe county, Porter of Garfield, Bottom of Washita county, and Mason of Mlowa, surrounded a ranch near Cordele, O. T., and within a brief time captured six of the remaining outlaws of the Bert Casey gang, supposed to have robbed the Leger bank of $8,000 last Friday. The bandits were surprised and taken without trouble.

GOOD BLOOD SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

You know when rich, red blood is coursing through the veins, for it shows in the brightness of the eye, the beauty and clearness of the complexion, the smooth, fair skin, and robust, healthy constitution. It is good blood that imparts strength and energy to the body and keeps it in a state of healthfulness and vigor. Good blood is the foundation of good health, and to be physically and mentally sound it must be kept pure and untainted. People with good blood possess strong, steady nerves and are blest with good appetites and digestion, and enjoy sound, refreshing sleep. If we could always maintain the purity of the blood then we might enjoy perpetual health, but it becomes infected and poisoned and most of the ills that afflict humanity and undermine the constitution are caused by an impoverished or polluted condition of this vital fluid.

When the blood is diseased the skin loses its healthy appearance, and the complexion, its freshness and beauty and becomes red and rough and full of pimples and splotches. Itching, scaly eruptions, blackheads, boils and rashes break out upon the body when the blood is too poor or too thin and acid, and is not supplying proper nourishment to the system. Debility, poor appetite, bad digestion, restless sleep and nervousness more often come from sluggish, impure blood than any other cause. To build up the blood, restore its lost properties and make it rich and nutritious again is the only rational treatment, and the proper way to get rid of skin troubles. There is no remedy like S. S. S. to accomplish this and it does it promptly and thoroughly. S. S. S. antidotes and removes from the blood all poisons and humors, and restores it to a normal, healthy condition, and invigorates and tones up the general health. When rich, red blood is again flowing through your veins all skin eruptions disappear, the appetite improves, the complexion clears and you get rid of those miserable depressing feelings and nervousness, and enjoy once more the blessings of good health. S. S. S. is nature's remedy for all blood and skin diseases. It contains no minerals whatever, but is guaranteed purely vegetable.

SSS

Write for free book. No charge for medical advice or other information desired.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

I was in wretched health; my blood was in bad order, my gums being very much ulcerated. I began the use of S. S. S., and in a remarkably short time was sound and well. My appetite increased wonderfully and my food agreed with me. I think it is a fine family medicine.

MRS. M. R. DAVIDSON.
Rockmart, Ga.

For three years I had Tetter on my hands. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetter had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago, and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble.

MRS. L. B. JACKSON.
837 St. Paul St., Kansas City, Kas.

GROWTH IN EXPORTS

Of Manufactures From United States and Their Distribution.

Striking Facts Shown By a Treasury Department Monograph.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 6—(Special to The Herald.)—The growth in the exportation of manufactures from the United States and their distribution to countries and grand divisions are discussed in much detail in a monograph prepared by the treasury bureau of statistics for publication in the April Summary of Commerce and Finance. It shows the exportations of manufactures in each year from 1790 to the present time, and their distribution, country by country, and article by article, in each year from 1892 to 1902. Thee xpuortation of manufactures has grown from $1,243,547 in 1790 to $17,580,456 in 1850, $102,856,015 in 1880, $151,102,376 in 1890, and $403,641,401 in 1902. In 1790 manufactures formed 6.15 per cent of the total domestic exports; in 1850, 13.03 per cent; in 1880, 12.48 per cent; in 1890, 17.87 per cent, and in 1902, 29.77 per cent. This shows that the exports of manufactures are increasing much more rapidly than those of other great classes of the exports. This growth in the exportation of manufactures is especially marked in the period since 1895. In that year, 1895, the total exports of manufactures were $183,595,743, having gained $81,000,000 in the fifteen years between 1880 and 1895. In the eight years from 1895 to 1903 the increase was $220,000,000 Thus in the eight years since 1895 the increase in the exportation of manufactures has been nearly three times as much as in the fifteen years immediately prior to 1895.

The statements of distribution of the manufactures exported also show some striking and interesting facts. They show, for example, that practically one-half of the manufactures exported from the United States go to Europe, and that the exportation of manufactures to Europe has grown from $76,000,000 in 1892 to $197,000,000 in 1902. To North America other than the United States, our exports of manufactures have grown from $33,000,000 in 1892 to $100,000,000 in 1902, of which $54,000,000 value went to British North America. British territory, including both the United Kingdom and its colonies, takes one-half of the manufactures exported from the United States, or $200,000,000 in round terms of the total exportation of $400,000,000 in value in 1902, while the United Kingdom alone took $100,000,000 or one-fourth of our total exportations of manufactures in 1902.

Considering the exports by great groups of articles, it may be said that manufactures of iron and steel as a group form the largest item in the exports of manufactures, having grown from $52,000 in 1800 to $322,000 in 1830, $1,000,000 in 1850, about $6,000,000 in 1860, $13,000,000 in 1870, $25,000,000 in 1890, and $121,000,000 in 1900, while in 1902, owing to the unusual demand in the United States for iron and steel manufactures, the exports there dropped to $93,000,000. Mineral oils form the second largest item among the groups of manufactures, having grown from $30,000,000 in 1870 to $66,000,000 in 1902. Copper manufactures rank third, the total exports having grown from $1,500,000 in 1860 to $2,250,000 in 1890, and $14,000,000 in 1902. Cotton manufactures have grown from $4,500,000 in 1850 to $10,000,000 in 1860, $24,000,000 in 1900, and $32,000,000 in 1902. Leather and its manufactures have increased their exportations from $1,500,000 in 1860 to $6,500,000 in 1880, $12,000,000 in 1890, $27,000,00 in 1900, and $29,000,000 in 1902. Exports of agricultural implements have grown from $1,000,000 in 1870 to $4,000,000 in 1890, $16,000,000 in 1900 and $16,225,000 in 1902. Twenty-eight articles or groups of articles exceeded $1,000,000 in the value of their respective exports in the fiscal year 1902. Of these twenty-groups, now exceeding $1,000,000 each in value annually, not a single one aggregated as much as $1,000,000 in 1820, and only three groups exceeded $1,000,000 as late as 1850; in 1860 eight groups exceeded each $1,000,000; in 1880 the number of groups exceeding $1,000,000 in value was 13; in 1890, 20, and in 1902, as already indicated, 28 exceeded $1,000,000 each in the value of their annual exportations.

ADMIRAL EXPLAINS

Expulsion of Walking Delegate From Navy Yard.

Washington, April 4.—Acting Secretary Darling received in the morning mail a report from Rear Admiral Rogers, commandant at the New York navy yard, upon the ejectment from that yard yesterday of a walking delegate, C. S. Massey, representing the Housesmith's union of New York. Admiral Rogers' statement is a temperate view of the conditions which led up to this action. Seven or eight workmen, he says, were approached by Massey. They yielded to his demands and quit work. They were employed by a contractor to install the big derrick, which will handle the material for the battleship Connecticut and the extent of the admiral's action was simply to prevent interference with the workmen while in the limits of the navy yard. As the case now stands in view of Admiral Rogers' statement the department does not feel called upon for any action.

FATHER JOHN IS HOT.

Will Have No Affiliation Whatever With Tolstoi.

St. Petersburg, April 4.—Father John, of Cronstadt, has refused to accept honorary membership in the council of the University of Dorpat to which he was elected, with the view of appeasing the wrath of the clerical party at the election of Count Tolstoi thereto. Father John, in a letter to the university, declines the "degrading honor of being placed on the same footing as the Godless man, Count Leo Tolstoi, the worst heretic of our evil days, and surpassing in intellectual pride all former heretics.

"I do not want to be associated with anti-Christ," says he. "Moreover I am astounded that the council burns incense to an author who is the personification of Satan."

Good for children. The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and la grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. MAX WIRTH.

Polishes and cleans simultaneously

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Contains no deleterious ingredients
Produces a polish that remains

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

MITCHELL CALLED UPON

To Assist In Straightening Out Miners' Tangle.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 6.—John Mitchell, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, will be in this city or Scranton during Easter week, or shortly afterward, to advise with the district officers of the anthracite districts concerning the appointment of a conciliation committee to assist in straightening out the tangle that has arisen over the different interpretations of the award of the coal commission. The district executive boards of the three anthracite districts held a meeting Friday to take action on the commission award, and after discussing the matter decided to postpone action until the advice and guidance of the national president could be secured. District President Nicholls said that there are many matters awaiting the attenion of Mr. Mitchell, and that he expects the latter here some time during next week.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Burglar Meets Tragic End at Himrods, N. Y.

Pennlan, April 6.—A series of burglaries which has been stirring the country around Himrods for the past two weeks was cleared up in a tragic manner early yesterday morning. The night operator at Himrods thought he heard an explosion in a store. He gave an alarm and a crowd of villagers quickly surrounded the place. A man's form was seen in the store, and he was commanded to surrender. For reply he boldly opened the door and, drawing a revolver, fired point blank at the crowd. The bullet failed to reach its mark and before he could fire again his body was riddled with bullets and shot. He fell unconscious and died soon after.

The burglar was a man of 30 years of age and weighed 160 pounds. He was a stranger here.

MAKES A CLEAN SWEEP.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by W. A. Abbett, Druggist.

KILLED ON THE TRAIL.

"Cowboy Pianist" and Companion Brutally Murdered.

Kingman, Ariz., April 6.—News has just reached here of the killing of Charles Blakely, known as the "Cowboy Pianist," and Roy Winchester, a young miner, on the trail forty miles north of this place, by James McKenney. Nothing definite is known of the cause, but it is thought McKinney, who is wanted for the killing of W. L. Wynn at Porterville, Cal., last month, mistook the men for officers and laid in wait for them on the trail.

Blakely was shot in the breast and Winchester in the back with buckshot. After the shooting McKenney went to a ranch and compelled the rancher to shoe two horses for him, and then rode away. The rancher failed to report the killing until three days after the shooting. A sheriff's posse is now in pursuit of McKenney. Governor Brodie has been asked to send out rangers in pursuit, as it is thought McKenney has gone south into the "Bad Man's Land" of Yuma county, where it is almost impossible for a small posse to go with safety.

McGOVERN-YANGER MATCH.

Chicago, April 6.—Terry McGovern, of Brooklyn, and Benny Yanger, of Chicago, were matched here last night, the fight to take place sometime between May 15 and June 1, before the club offering the best inducements. It was agreed that if the match pending between Eddie Hanlon and Yanger for May 4 should be agreed upon the McGovern-Yanger contest is to be postponed for three weeks. A match was also arranged between Harry Forbes, the bantam-weight champion, and Johnny Reagan, of Brooklyn, to take place about the same time as the Yanger-McGovern contest. McGovern and his manager reached here last night from the West.

A LITTLE RIOT AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 6.—Because he tried to force his car through a parade that was blocking traffic in Halstead street last night Motorman Zorab was shot and seriously injured by one of the marchers. Nearly 1500 Italians in the parade broke ranks when the disturbance began and a riot followed, in which switching irons, bricks and other missles were used. In response to a riot call a score of policemen were on the scene in a few minutes, but before quiet could be restored several persons were severely cut and bruised. Two of the Italians, who, it is supposed, did the shooting, were arrested.

Notice to Stockholders.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeler Marble Iron company will be held at room No. 303 Manhattan building, on Tuesday, the 14th day of April, 1903, for the purpose of ratifying the sale of certain of its property, and to certain options for mining leases, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

HARVEY P. SMITH, Secretary.
Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1903.

Western North Carolina In the Spring.

Western North Carolina is attractive at any season of the year, but certainly during the spring months, when the trees are budding and the flowers blossoming; what could be more inviting than a trip to this beautiful mountain country.

The months of April and May in the Land of the Sky and Sapphire country, including Asheville and Hot Springs, N. C., are very enjoyable. The climate at this season is delightful, the scenery most beautiful, and the opportunities for the enjoyment of sport, including golf, cannot be surpassed.

The hotels in this region afford the very best accommodations. If you wish to know something of this delightful region, communicate with your nearest ticket agent, or address G. B. Allen, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

DISCUSSES TARIFF

President Roosevelt Talks on Tariff Question at Minneapolis.

Says Sweeping and Violent Changes Would Be Disastrous.

Minneapolis, April 6.—The biggest, most tremendous, most enthusiastic reception ever tendered any man in the Twin Cities was that to President Theodore Roosevelt Saturday. From the time the president arrived in St. Paul till his departure from Minneapolis at 11 o'clock Saturday night for the West, he was the recipient of a continual ovation, the streets through which he passed in both cities being a solid mass of people, and Armory hall, at the university of Minnesota, being crowded to its limited capacity.

The speech, which was on tariff and reciprocity, brought out much enthusiasm, the president treating extensively of the Cuban situation, declaring that we must have military control of Southern waters, and saying that the United States is the most prosperous nation ever known. It was considered a great speech, and the crowd pushed forward to shake his hand, which was denied them. He said in part:

At the special session of the senate, held in March, the Cuban reciprocity treaty was ratified. When this treaty goes into effect, it will confer substantial economic benefits alike upon Cuba, because of the widening of her market in the United States, and upon the United States, because of the equa. widening and the progressive control it will give to our people in the Cuban market. This treaty is beneficial to both parties and justifies itself on several grounds. In the first place we offer to Cuba her natural market. We can confer upon her a benefit which no other nation can confer; and for the very reason that we have started her as an independent republic and that we are rich, prosperous and powerful, it behooves us to stretch out a helping hand to our feebler younger sister.

In the next place it widens the market for our products, both the products of the farm and certain of our manufactories; and it is therefore in the interests of our farmers, manufacturers, merchants and wage workers.

Finally, the treaty was not merely warranted, but demanded, apart from all other considerations, by the enlightened consideration of our foreign policy.

> More and more in the future we must occupy a preponderant position in the waters and along the coasts in the region south of us; not a position of control over the republics of the South, but of control of the military situation, so as to avoid any possible complications in the future.

Equally important was the action on the tariff upon products of the Philippines. We gave them a reduction of 25 per cent and would have given them a reduction of 25 per cent more had it not been for the opposition, in the hurried closing days of the last session, of certain gentlemen who, by the way, have been representing themselves both as peculiarly solicitous for the interests of the Philippine people and as special champions of the lowering of tariff duties.

Moreover, a law was enacted putting anthracite on the free list and completely removing the duties on all kinds of coal for one year.

> We are now in a condition of prosperity unparalleled, not merely in our own history, but in the history of any other nation.

This prosperity is deep rooted and stands on a firm basis because it is due to the fact that the average American has in him the stuff out of which victors are made in the great industrial contests of the present day, just as in the great military contests of the past, and because he is now able to use and develop his qualities to best advantage under our well established economic system.

The present phenomenal prosperity has been won under a tariff which was made in accordance with certain fixed and definite principles, the most important of which is an avowed determination to protect the interests of the American producer, business man, wage worker and farmer alike.

The general tariff policy, to which, with regard to changes in detail, I believe this country is irrevocably committed, is fundamentally based upon ample recognition of the difference between the cost of production—that is, the cost of labor—here and abroad, and of the need to see to it that our laws shall in no event afford advantage in our own market to foreign industries over American capital, to foreign labor over our own labor.

A nation like ours could not long stand the ruinous policy of readjusting its business to radical changes in the tariff at short intervals, especially when, as now, owing to the immense extent and variety of our products, the tariff schedules carry rates of duty on thousands of different articles.

Sweeping and violent changes in such a tariff, touching so vitally the interests of all of us, embracing agriculture, labor, manufactures and commerce, would be disastrous in any event, and they would be fatal to our present well-being if approached on the theory that the principle of the protective tariff was to be abandoned.

The business world, that is, the entire American world, can not afford, if it has any regard for its own welfare, even to consider the advisability of abandoning the present system.

Yet, on the other hand, where the industrial conditions so frequently change, as with us must of necessity be the case, it is a matter of prime importance that we should be able from time to time to adapt our economic policy to the changed conditions.

> Our aim should be to preserve the policy of a protective tariff, in which the nation as a whole has acquiesced, and yet wherever and whenever necessary to change the duties in particular paragraphs or schedules as matters of legislative detail, if such change is demanded by the interests of the nation as a whole.

One point we must steadily keep in mind. The question of tariff revision, speaking broadly, stands wholly apart from the question of dealing with the trusts. No change in tariff duties can have any substantial effect in solving the so-called trust problem.

To sum up, then, we must as a people approach a matter of such prime economic importance as the tariff from the standpoint of our business needs.

We cannot afford to become fossilized or to fail to recognize the fact that as the needs of the country change it may be necessary to meet these new needs by changing certain features of our tariff laws. Still less can we afford to fail to recognize the further fact that these changes must not be made until the need for them outweighs the disadvantages which may result; and when it becomes necessary to make them they should be made with full recognition of the need of stability in our economic system and of keeping unchanged the principle of that system which has now become a settled policy in our national life. We have prospered marvelously at home. As a nation we stand in the very forefront in the giant international industrial competition of the day. We cannot afford by any freak of folly to forefeit the position to which we have thus triumphantly attained.

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WHEAT IS STEADY

After Ruling Generally Lower, It Closes Without Change.

Flax Active and May Closes Unchanged—July Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 6.—The wheat market opened weak and lower this morning owing to the bearish influence of lower cables, a large increase in the amount of breadstuffs on passage and very heavy world's shipments, combined with favorable weather in the winter wheat districts. The scalping operations of the Armour interests in the Chicago market affected other markets somewhat. Tomorrow there will be no session of the Chicago board. In Liverpool there was a decline in wheat of ½@¾d. Paris was ¼c higher. Antwerp unchanged and Berlin was ½c higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 623,000 bus, last year 346,000 bus. Shipments 291,600 bus, last year 322,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 617,000 bus. World's shipments of wheat last week were 11,642,000 bus, against 8,712,000 bus, the previous week and 8,883,000 bus last year. The amount on passage increased 3,864,000 bus. Liverpool stocks of wheat are 2,184,000 bus, a decrease of 88,000 bus this week. The visible supply decreased 1,333,000 bus last week and is now 41,958,000 bus, against 48,410,000 bus last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 291 cars, and at Chicago, 48, a total of 339 cars, against 498 last week and 287 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅛d higher. May corn and oats in the Chicago market closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 418,000 bus, last year 236,000 bus. Shipments, 327,000 bus, last year 244,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 836,000 bus. World's shipments of corn last week were 3,589,000 bus, against 3,201,000 bus, the previous week and 3,459,000 bus last year. The amount on passage decreased 1,750,000 bus. The visible supply of corn decreased 361,000 bus, and is now 9,841,000 bus, against 8,508,000 bus last year. Liverpool stocks of corn are 425,000 bus, an increase of 275,000 bus, last week.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was slow and prices somewhat lower. May wheat opened ¼c off at 74¾c, sold at 74⅝c at 9:37 and then fell to 74½c at 9:45. It advanced to 74¾c at 10:24, fell off to 74¼c at 10:45, it held steady there for some time and then sold up to 74½c at 12:30 and closed at that price. This was unchanged from Saturday, and New York also closed unchanged. July opened unchanged and advanced ¼c.

Cash prices were unchanged at ¼c over May for No. 1 northern and 1¼c under for No. 2. Sales were 5000 bus.

Flax was active and generally higher. May opened a little off, selling at 1st lower at $1.11⅜, but it rallied and sold up to $1.12½. That figure was not held, however, and the close was unchanged at $1.12. July widened its premium over May ¼c and the difference is now 1¾c. Flax receipts in Duluth were 9 cars and in Minneapolis 58. Receipts continue heavy.

Oats on track declined ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c; May, No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; July, 74½c. Flax, cash, $1.11; to arrive, $1.12; on track, $1.12; May, $1.12; July, $1.13⅜; September, $1.14; October, $1.13; November, $1.00. Oats, to arrive, 26c; on track, 25½c; May, 33½c. Rye, to arrive, 49c; on track, 49c; May, 56c. Barley, 35@51c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 16; last year, 33; oats, 3; barley, 4; flax, 79c.

Receipts—Wheat, 19,508; barley, 489; flax, 71,025.

Shipments—Wheat, 800; oats, 2250; barley, 1375; flax, 700.

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CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 1 car.....$0.74⅝
No. 1 northern, 5 cars..... 74⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car..... 74½
Flax, 2 cars, no grade..... 1.10½
Flax, 1 car, no grade..... 1.10
Flax, 1 car, cash..... 1.12¼
Flax, 1 car, in store..... 1.10⅜
Flax, 2 cars, rejected..... 1.09¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Heavy Liquidation In Wheat With Lower Prices.

Chicago, April 6.—Lower cables, large increase in the amount on passage and world's shipments in excess of the highest estimate caused heavy liquidation in the wheat pit at the start today and opening prices were lower. May being off 1⅛@⅜c to 1⅛@⅝c at 73c to 73¼c.

The weather was also favorable and added to the general weakness. After selling down to 72¾c a better demand for May developed from local traders and the market became quite steady. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 291 cars, which with local receipts of 48 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 339 cars, against 498 cars last week and 287 cars a year ago.

A liberal decrease in the visible supply caused a better feeling during the latter part of the session and there was also good buying by a prominent operator, resulting in a strong tone in the market. The close was at the top, with May 1⅛c up at 73⅝@73¾c.

The weakness in wheat had a depressing influence on corn and opening prices were easier, May being ⅛ to ¼c lower, at 42½ to 42⅝c. After declining to 42⅜c, the market became a little former, due to the small offerings. Favorable weather was a bear factor as was the stagnation in the cash situation. Local receipts were 117 cars, none of contract grade.

The strength in wheat helped corn and closing prices were at the top, May being unchanged at 42¾c.

Oats opened easier in sympathy with wheat and corn with May ⅛c to ¼c lower at 33⅛c to 33¼c. There was only a small amount of trade and the market was featureless, with very little changes in price during the first hour. Local receipts were 182 cars.

Heavy selling of May pork at the start caused an easier tone in all the products with pork especially weak, opening from 5 to 12½c lower, at $17.37½ to $17.45. Lard was unchanged at $9.75 and ribs were off 2½ at $9.55.

Close: Wheat—May 73¾@¾; July 70¾@¾c; September 68⅝-½c. Corn—April 42c; May 42¾c; July 43½@⅝c; September 43¼@¾c. Oats—April 33⅝c; May 33⅝; July 30⅜c; September 27⅝@⅞c. Pork—May $17.60; July $17.12½; September $16.85. Lard—May $9.82½; July $9.70@72½; September $9.70@72½. Ribs. May $9.70; July $9.60; September $9.53½; Rye—May 50c; July, 50c. Barley—cash 42@53c. Flax—Cash N. W. $1.11½; S. W. $1.08; May $1.10½. Timothy—April $3.50; Clover—April $11.75. Cash wheat—2 red 73c; 3 red 67@72c; 2 hard winter 70@71c; 3 hard winter 67@70c; 1 northern spring 70@77c; 2 northern spring 70@77c; 3 spring 68@76c. Corn—2, 42@42½c; 3, 38½c. Oats—2, 32½c; 3, 31½@¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was active and irregular. It broke sharply early on the weak cables and free weather, and we later mainly on buying of wheat by Armour. The latter bought some May wheat, but principally the July. Of late their operations have been of a scalping nature entirely and this will probably be the line of the same character. In any event this buying so far has not reached any large proportions. Outside of that the situation is dull and unchanged. There is nothing in the cash demand encouraging to holders and business in that line is on a small scale. There being no session of the board tomorrow, shorts were generally disposed to cover. On legitimate conditions we see no reason to change our previous feeling, which is that wheat should be sold on the hard spots. Estimated cars, 340.

Corn—The cash market is in the same position as corn. Operations of every character are depending upon and waiting upon the opening of navigation. In the meantime there is not much feature to the speculative trade. Patten is apparently a bull on the May oats and short the July. Estimated cars, 160.

* * *

W. H. Laidley, Chicago: I have quit trying to bull wheat against my natural disposition and have come to the conclusion that wheat should be sold on every bulge and possibly on every break. Weather is perfect and no scare insight. World's shipments ¾ million more than expected, there is now nothing left for the bull to encourage him excepting possibly the war cloud which to me looks very fleecy.

* * *

F. P. Frazier, Chicago: The outlook for higher prices is anything but encouraging. Outsiders still have great deal of long May corn to liquidate taken on higher up in anticipation of an Armour corner. Trade has died out and to discount for May under July widening. We are out of line on exports and must decline to a point where some of our nine million stocks will go into consumption.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 6.—Wheat—May, 77¾c; July, 75½c. Corn—May, 50⅞c; July, 49¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 6.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 75¼c; May, 73⅝@¾c; July, 73⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 76¼c; 1 northern, 75¼c; 2 northern, 74¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74¼A	73⅛	73-¼	77⅝-¾
High	74¾	73⅝-½	73¾-⅞	77⅞-78
Low	74⅛	72⅞-¾	73⅜-½	77⅜-½
Close	74½B	73⅝-½	73¾-⅞	77⅝B
July—				
Open	74B	73¼-⅜	69⅛-⅝	75⅛
High	74½B	73⅝	70⅛-¼	75½
Low	74B	73	69⅝	75
Close	74½B	73⅝	70⅛-¼	75⅛B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	33⅛@33¼	42⅝@42⅝	$17.37@45
High	33⅜-½	42⅝	17.67
Low	33⅛	42⅜	17.25
Close	33⅛	42¾	17.60

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth, Saturday, April 4, 1903.

	Bus.
Wheat:	
No. 1 hard	689,136
No. 1 northern	3,080,558
No. 2 northern	369,479
No. 3 spring	15,886
No grade	41,475
Rejected	18,935
Special bin	2,102,702
Macaroni and western	123,383
Total	6,441,533
Increase during week	26,200
Stock last year	14,664,602
Coarse grains:	
Corn	1,245
Unchanged.	
Oats	1,537,604
Increase	26,810
Rye	84,416
Increase	1,253
Barley	648,905
Increase	2,097
Flax	4,568,698
Increase	372,579

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 6.—Wheat spot dull; 2 red western winter 6s 1½d; 1 northern spring 6s 6d; 1 California 6s 7½d. Futures quiet; May 6s 1⅜d; July 6s 7d. Corn spot American mixed new easy 4s 3d; American mixed old quiet 5s 3½d. Futures quiet; May 4s 2⅜d; June 4s 2⅞d; July 4s 1⅝d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 49,400 quarters from Atlantic ports, none from Pacific and 65,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 70,800 quarters.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market the past week was principally restricted to the retail trade. The wholesale trade fell off fully 25 per cent compared with the preceding week. Receipts were large of nearly all classes of horses. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@225
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	125@160
Farm mares, extra	135@150
Farm mares, choice	115@135
Farm mares, common to good	85@110

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 6.—Cattle receipts, 29,000; market slow and lower; good to prime steers, $4.80@5.50; poor to medium, $4.00@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2.50@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.50@4.25; calves, $3.00@7.00; Texas steers, $4.50@5.00. Hogs receipts today, 28,000; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 3475; market slow and 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $7.10@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.35@7.50; rough heavy, $7.00@7.35; light, $6.85@7.20; bulk of sales, $7.15@7.35. Sheep receipts, 20,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.05; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.50; Western sheep, $5.00@7.00; native lambs, $5.50@7.60; Western lambs, $5.50@7.80.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 m., 75th meridian time, Monday, April 6, 1903.

Stations.	State of weather	Temperature Max.*	Min.**	Rainfall inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	58	28	0
Campbell	Cloudy	54	34	0
Crookston	Raining	38	32	T
Detroit City	Cloudy	56	38	0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	54	32	
Minneapolis	Pt Cldy	54	42	.01
Montevideo	Pt Cldy	58	24	0
New Ulm	Cloudy	60	40	.T
Park Rapids	Cloudy	48	30	.08
Worthington	Cloudy	56	36	T
Devils Lake, N D	Snowing	42	22	.30
Langdon, N. D.	Snowing	36	24	T
Larimore, N. D.	Cloudy	40	28	.20
Lisbon, N. D.	Snowing	34	30	.06
Pembina, N. D.	Snowing	44	28	T
Millbank, S. D.	Cloudy	64	34	.10
Mitchell, S. D.	Cloudy	66	34	T
Bismarck, N. D.	Cloudy	40	28	.24
Duluth, Minn	Raining	39	34	.30
Huron, S. D.	Snowing	62	32	.08
La Crosse, Wis.	Cloudy	56	40	0
Moorhead, Minn	Raining	46	34	T
Pierre, S. D.	Snowing	48	32	.18
St. Paul, Minn.	Pt Cldy	58	44	.02
Winnipeg	Snowing	38	26	T

Snow or rain fell over scattered portions of the Dakotas Sunday or last night. Temperatures continued cool.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meredian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, basket	1 25	@	1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@	75
BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	30	@	31
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	21	@	22
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½@		13
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14½@		15
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	15	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream choice	13		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 60		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	65		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Smyrna figs	1 10	@	1 85
Cranberries, 1 bus. box	4 75		
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	10		
California oranges, seedlings	2 25		
California navels	2 75	@	3 00
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25		
Beets, per cwt	1 20		
Carrots, per cwt	1 25		
Turnips, per cwt	90		
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@	1 00
Parsnips, per cwt	1 50		
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00		
Cauliflower, crate	2 75		
Mint, per doz	30		
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65	@	75
Potatoes	60		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 50		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Geese	14		
Hens	15	@	19
Turkeys	18	@	19
Ducks	15		
Spring chickens	16		
MEATS.			
Mutton	11	@	12
Lamb	13		
Veal, good	8½@		9½
Dressed beef	6	@	8
Hogs	9		
Pork loins	12		
Pure lard	10½		
Compound lard	7⅝		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 6.—Butter, firm; creameries 18@23½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 13½c. Cheese, steady; twins, 13@14c; daisies, 13¼@14c; young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 6.—Butter receipts 6306 packages, firm; state dairy, 17@22c; extra creamery, 23c; held creamery, 15@25c; creamery common to choice, 19@23½c; factory, 13@16c; renovated, 12@18½c. Cheese receipts 1501 packages, firm; new state full cream, fancy small colored, fall made, 15c; small white, fall made, 14¾c; large colored, fall made, 14½@¾c; large whote, fall made, 14¼@¼c. Eggs receipts 22,190 packages, firm; state and Pennsylvania, 15@17c; Western, storage packed, 15@15c; Western firsts, 14¾c. Southern firsts, 14½c; Kentucky, 14¾c.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Bremen—Arrived: Grosser Kurfurst, New York. New York—Arrived: Southwark, Antwerp.

COAL AT KOOTENAI.

Washington, April 6.—Discovery of a large area of coal and petroleum land in Southeast Kootenai has been reported to the state department by United States Consul Smith, at Victoria. Two hundred miles of territory have been staked off, most of the locators being Americans. All this territory is on a government reservation.

REALIZING CAUSED

Bulls to Be Discouraged And Stocks Took a Drop.

Market Fell Into Stagnation and Closing Was Easy.

New York, April 6.—The advance in the American department of the London market this morning started prices upwards here at the opening. Southern Pacific gained 1¼ and there was a gain of a point in Pennsylvania, Missouri Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Brooklyn Transit, and Colorado Fuel. United States Steel preferred advanced ¾. There were some large individual transactions in the strong stocks.

Numerous active stocks were advanced a point or more. These included St. Paul, Union Pacific, Rock Island, St. Louis and San Francisco second preferred, New York Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Wabash preferred, Amalgamated, Metropolitan Street Railroad, and Sloss-Sheffield. Colorado Fuel gained 2¼. Southern Pacific was easing gradually and when Sugar began to be liquidated both stocks fell off rapidly.

Southern Pacific dropped to 57 while Sugar sold 1¾ below Saturday's close. The reaction elsewhere was moderate among the standard stocks, which rallied again to the best. St. Paul rose above 163 and Pennsylvania rose 1½.

Prices moved in a halting and irregular way, but the undertone was firm. Traders were inclined to await the decision in the Southern Pacific case, expected later in the day. The standard railroad stocks hovered near the top level. There was a drop of 8 points in Rutland preferred. Iowa Central preferred lost 3½. Keokuk & Des Moines 2¼. St. Louis & San Francisco 1½ and New Haven & Union Bag and Paper a point. Bonds were dull and irregular at noon.

Dullness was the main characteristic of the mid-day trading. Scarcely any of the speculative favorites were dealt in extensively enough to vary ⅛. General Electric rose 1½. The announcement of the judicial decision refusing the injunction against the voting of Southern Pacific stock held by Union Pacific caused an outburst of activity and higher prices all around. Union Pacific ran up to 83, a rise of 2⅛, while Southern Pacific rallied to 58¾.

St. Paul, Pennsylvania and Canadian Pacific increased their advance to 2 points, but the response at other points was not vigorous. Traders who had bought earlier in expectation of a bulge in prices on the news promptly realized and forced St. Paul, Pennsylvania and Louisville back a point and other stocks a fraction. Allis-Chalmers declined a point and Pullman 2½. Southern Pacific reacted to 57½.

The large realizing that met the advance had a discouraging effect on the bulls and they sold out. The postponement of the Southern Pacific annual meeting and the granting of an appeal in the injunction suit increased the disposition to sell. Gains were reduced to fractional limits all around. Southern Pacific fell 1¼ under Saturday and New York Central a fraction. Lackawanna lost 1⅜. Soo rose 1¼ and Pullman recovered. Southern Pacific fell over a point and other stocks a fraction. The market fell into stagnation at the rally. The closing was dull and easy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	66¼	65⅝	65½
American Sugar	121	119	120
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	83⅜	81⅝	81½
do pfd	97½	97	97
Baltimore & Ohio	92⅛	90⅞	91⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	69¼	67⅞	67¾
Canadian Pacific	130	128½	129
Chesapeake & Ohio	45⅝	45¼	45⅜
Chicago & Alton	31	30½	30⅞
Chicago Great Western	23¼	23⅛	23¼
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	163⅜	162⅛	162⅛
Chic. Rock Island & P.	45⅜	44⅞	44¾
Rock Island preferred	77¼	76½	77
Colorado Fuel & Iron	57⅛	55½	55¾
Duluth, S. S. & A	15½	15¼	15¼
Erie common	35⅜	34⅞	34⅞
Illinois Central	136⅜	136	136¼
Iowa Central	36¼	35⅜	36¼
do pfd	61	60	61
Louisville & Nashville	118½	117	117¼
Manhattan Elevated	139½	138⅝	138½
Metropolitan St. Ry	134⅝	134	134⅝
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	69¼	68	68½
Missouri Pacific	108¾	107	107¾
N. Y. Central	132	131¾	131⅞
Norfolk & Western	70⅝	69¾	69⅞
Pennsylvania	137⅜	136⅜	136⅜
People's Gas of Chgo	101⅝	100⅜	101
Reading	59⅜	58½	58¾
Republic Steel & Iron	19½	19½	19½
Southern Pacific	58⅛	56	57½
Southern Railway	31⅝	31	31⅜
Tenn. Coal & Iron	64⅞	63½	64
Union Pacific	83	81⅜	81⅜
U. S. Leather	12⅞	12⅜	12⅝
U. S. Steel	36⅜	35⅞	36⅛
do pfd	86½	86	86⅜
Wabash	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜
Western Union	86	85¼	86
Wisconsin Central	24⅜	24¼	24⅜
do pfd	48¼	48	48

Northern Securities, 103⅝ bid; 104 asked.

Total sales were 496,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Opinions on the market are still dominated by the courts. Conditions are regarded by unbaised observers as bullish and as justifying the purchase of stocks on reactions. Commission houses say that everything considered the market at the close Saturday acted well. They point out that it had to contend with the denials of the reports of a settlement of the Keene-Harriman fight and also with an unfavorable bank statement. With few exceptions railroad stocks are about where they were a week ago, which strengthens the belief that there has been absorption of securities by the most important interests in the street. As to the bank statement good judges of the monetary situation think these professional traders who are using it a bear argument are over estimating its importance. They point out that the change in reserves is closely following precedent. Indeed, the showing made today is almost the counterpart of that of last year, when in the corresponding week the decreases in surplus reserve and cash holdings were almost identical with the losses reported. As in former periods the statements are epected to steadily improve from now on and some of the largest operators are so confident in this regard that they are willing to add to their speculative holdings on any weakness resulting from the legal entanglements which have been used of late to hammer prices. Splendid crop and encouraging trade reports increases their confidence in a favorable outcome in the market despite the gloomy feeling prevalent in professional circles. They point out that a vast business is assured for the year 1903 both for the manufacturers and the railroads and lay stress on the great increase in wealth which high prices for gain and cotton exports of which latter staple this week are nearly 80,000 bales ahead of last year are brining the country. For these reasons sentiment on the Grangers is optimistic. The way Atchison has acted throughout the decline in the general market makes observant people believe that E. G. Berwynd and his followers have bought back a large line of stock sold above 90 and are only waiting for the return of normal conditions in money to start an upward movement.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been a little better today. Prices advanced sharply during the early part of the day and apparently finally culminated with the announcement that the Southern Pacific suit had been decided in favor of the Harriman and Union Pacific interest. There is no change in the money market or the New York bank situation. The banks are loaned up to about their full capacity and it is not plain where relief is to come from. A sustained bull market in stocks does not seem to us likely. It looks to us as if Wall street is still trying to put three pints into a quart cup and the inevitable result is a slop over. We advise selling stocks on the hard spots.

* * *

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The way prices held up Saturday in the face of the denial of the Southern Pacific settlement and the bad bank statement is encouraging. I don't think any further shakeouts probable. The Southern Pacific trouble is the dominating influence. If the injunction is dissolved it should affect the whole market very favorably. Southern Pacific itself might break a point or two but would go up again with the rest. Southern Pacific is very cheap. If the injunction is maintained it will probably be taken as a bear card and prices should break all around. On such a break stocks should be bought for keeps.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	10½	10¾
Arcadian	3½	4
Allouez	7	7¼
Atlantic	11	12
Anaconda	27½	28
Amalgamated	65½	65¾
Calumet & Hecla	520	525
Centennial	25	25½
Copper Range	63¼	63¾
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	11	13
Bingham	31⅛	31¼
Mass	10½	11
Mayflower	2	2¼
National	1	1½
Mohawk	51½	52½
Michigan	9	10
Old Colony	1½	2
Old Dominion	18¼	18¾
Osceola	69½	70½
Parrot	28¾	28½
Phoenix	5½	6
Quincy	115	116
Rhode Island	2¾	3
Tenn. Cop.	2⅝	....
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Tamarack	145	155
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	88¾	89
Victoria	6¼	6¾
Winona	10	10¾
Wolverine	72	73
Wyandot	1⅜	2
Elm River	3¾	4
Trinity	10¼	10¼
Dominion Coal	110	111
Greene	24	24¼
Daly-West	42	43
Mercur	1¼	2
U. S. Mining	24½	25
U. S. Oil	14½	15
Calumet & Bisbee	....	15
L. S. & Pittsburg	....	160
Calumet & Pittsburg	167	175
Calumet & Arizona	....	107½

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 6.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the divisions of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $227,699,402; gold, $125,853,622; silver, $17,015,100; United States notes, $2,591,653; treasury notes of 1890, $74,239; national bank notes, $8,142,215; total receipts this day, $2,226,467; total receipts this month, $4,524,356; total receipts this year, $431,977,736; total expenditures this day, $2,430,000; total receipts this month, $8,100,000; total expenditures this year, $357,364,177; deposits in national banks, $152,001,510.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 6.—Close: Money on call, easier, 2½@7 per cent; closing 2½@3 per cent. Time loans, nominal, 5@5½ for all periods. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6. Sterling exchange, steady, at $4.86.90 for demand, and at $4.83.75 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83¾. Bar silver, 49¾c. Mexican dollars, 38¼c. Government bonds, irregular; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 6.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 1 to 6 points and with much excitement, particularly as to May contracts, prices moved rapidly up. The previous high record on May had been 10.20. This position opened today at 10.25 and after rising at 10.22 on the opening call, rapidly advanced to 10.50. July contracts, which closed Saturday at 9.65 opened at 9.74 and within twenty minutes after the opening call, the same position was selling at 9.83. The general market was also very strong. The new crop positions made a reluctant, partial advance, weather favorable for seeding and germination being reported quite generally throughout the cotton belt. The forward movement of cotton was helped by Saturday's large exports, not known until after the close of the change, they being 39,109 bales, against port receipts of 7023 bales, which make the export movement of cotton this season, 399,000 bales greater than that of last year for the corresponding time. Another factor in today's firmness was the small estimates of receipts at the ports.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 20 points higher. Middling uplands, 10.45; middling gulf, 10.70. Sales, 2000 bales. Cotton futures closed steady: April, 10.27; May, 10.35; June, 9.95; July, 9.92; August, 9.45; September, 8.82; October, 8.53; November, 8.42; December, 8.46.

SHOT AT INEBRIATES

Who Were Attempting to Escape From Asylum.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, April 6.—Twenty-two inmates of the Independence inebriate asylum, while out walking with the attendants, refused to return. The attendants procured shot guns and fired several shots in the direction of the fleeing men. Henry Miner, of Cedar Rapids, and Frank Crowley, of Iowa City, who have arrived here, were wounded. It is believed others were injured, but all but five are said to have escaped.

HURT BY DYNAMITE.

Lancaster, Pa., April 6.—Benjamin Johnson, a farmer, living near Smithville, this county, was dangerously hurt and his wife and 11-year-old son probably fatally injured today by a dynamitee xplosion. Johnson had been blowing up stumps, and this morning took the dynamite into his frame summer house to warm it. An explosion followed, and the summer house was blown to atoms.

ACTRESS SHOOTS HERSELF.

London, April 6.—Mrs. Mabel Townsend, formerly of the Alcazar theater, San Francisco, shot herself with a revolver today on the doorstep of her sister's residence in Great Litchfield street. She was dead when taken to the hospital.

NO PEACHES OR STRAWBERRIES.

Baltimore, April 6.—Advices from Western Maryland state that vegetation was frozen during the cold snap and that there will be no peach or strawberry crop. Similar reports from the eastern shore of Maryland have been received.

SOCIETY OF EQUITY.

Elkton, S. D., April 6.—Farmers gathered 150 strong and organized a local union of the American Society of Equity of North America. J. A. Hammer was elected president; John Schweickert, vice president; Herman Sielsch, secretary. This is the first organization in the Northwest and the enthusiasm is high. The next meeting will be held April 17, when the membership will number 400.

WEST VIRGINIA LAND SOLD.

Huntington, W. Va., April 6.—One hundred and fifty thousand acres of valuable timber and coal lands in Pocahontas and Greenbrier counties have been sold to a cyndicate of state capitalists. The consideration has not been made public. Three million dollars will be spent in developing the property.

"Santa Fe"
At 20 Cents.
LATER
"Prudential"
At 25 Cents.
INQUIRE OF..... **E. V. Palmer** Room F Palladio Building.....

TALK WITH MORGAN

Had a Decidedly Beneficial Effect, Says Henry Clews.

Real Reasons For the Hesitation In Stock Market.

New York, April 6.—Henry Clews says in his weekly financial review: The interview with Mr. Morgan had a decidedly beneficial effect, not so much upon values as in fixing public attention upon a few facts that should not be overlooked when the pendulum seems inclined to swing towards unreasonable pessimism. He was perfectly correct in saying that the bulk of undigested securities were in strong hands; that there was no danger of their being dislodged; that the banks were amply protected, and that the country at large continued prosperous. It was perhaps wholesome that these facts should have the impress of authority upon them, in order to prevent exaggeration or undue apprehensions from so prolonged a decline; but there the effect of the interview seemed to end, and the market while since steadier has shown no disposition to advance.

What are the real reasons for present hesitation in the stock market? They are these: (1) The actual scarcity and consequent high rate of money; (2) the small returns upon good securities compared with current interest rates; (3) the large supply of

MAY WANT HOWARD

Minneapolis Officials May Desire the Grafter As a Witness.

Billy Edwards, Wanted At Duluth, Is Heard From.

Will Charles Howard, the Minneapolis "big mitt" man, who has been convicted in district court of this county of forgery in the second degree, and who has been sentenced to the penitentiary, be wanted as a witness against ex-Mayor Ames of Minneapolis, who was brought back to Minneapolis from the East to stand trial on several indictments?

This is a question which the St. Louis county authorities havng Howard in custody are not yet prepared to answer. Sheriff Butchart says that Howard has not yet been subpoenaed to appear at Ames' trial, but he would not be surprised if a subpoena were served before the big mitt man is taken to Stillwater to enter on his sentence. In case Howard goes to Minneapolis to testify against ex-Mayor Ames, he would have to be accompanied by a guard, and would remain in custody of an officer all the time he is away.

A Minneapolis dispatch states that Billy Edwards, whom the local police believe was one of Howard's accomplices in Fleecing Banning, the country boy, out of his $8, has written the authorities that he will appear against ex-Mayor Ames when his case is ready for trial. Edwards has also signified his intention of testifying in the Gardiner case when that comes to trial. The county attorney of Hennepin county, who is prosecuting the cases, feared that Edwards could not be found, as he disappeared some weeks ago, at the time of his trouble in Duluth. Nothing is given out at Minneapolis as to his whereabouts, if they are known. The local police department has been anxious to locate Edwards in connection with the Banning case, but up to the present time have not been able to locate him.

NOTICE OF THE CHANGE

Land Office Receives Word of Change In District.

Official notice was received at the Duluth land office this morning from the land commissioner at Washington that all land at present contained in the Duluth district which lies west of the line between ranges 23 and 24 has been transferred to the district which will be known as the Cass Lake land district. The leter also instructed the local officials that in future no more notices of final proof on land affected by this transfer shall be issued from the Duluth office where the date of such proof shall fall after June 30, of this year, when the transfer is to be made.

Members of the Commercial club offered strenuous opposition to the formation of the Cass Lake office, but their endeavors met with little success.

"The transfer will mean a large amount of extra work for us,' said Receiver Smith. "All papers having reference to land within the district transferred will have to be forwarded to the Cass Lake office and the applicants notified by letter. This will mean a vast amount of correspondence and searching of back files before the transfer is complete."

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

INJUNCTION IS REFUSED

Restraining Union Pacific From Voting Its Stock.

Cincinnati, April 6.—At 1 p. m. today Judge Lurton concluded the reading of his opinion in the suit making application to restrain the Union Pacific from voting its 900,000 shares in Southern Pacific election that has been set for April 8 and for other relief. The decision was a refusal to grant the injunction and to afford the relief asked.

The opinion was quite lengthy an was against the contention of the complaints that the Union Pacific was a necessary or actual party to the suit, even though Chairman Harriman, of the Union Pacific board of directors had made an affidavit in the case. Being a mere witness in the case did not amount to an appearance by the Union Pacific as a party in the suit.

As to the averment that the Union Pacific was expending the receipts of the Southern Pacific in betterments on the Central Pacific with a view to the ultimate purchase of that road, the court held that all this was specifically denied by the defendants and that even if true it could not be sustained, except on a showing that the action was ultra vires. On the whole case the court held that the bill be dismissed.

Senator Foraker, who represented the complainants' minority stockholders of the Southern Pacific, gave notice of appeal to the United States court of appeals and asked that pending the hearing of this appeal the election of directors of the Southern Pacific, set for April 8, be stayed. Lawrence Maxwell and Judge Humphrey, representing the defendants, agreed to that order, inasmuch as to do otherwise would render the appeal ineffective. It was agreed that the stockholders may meet as arranged and elect a chairman and then adjourn until called by the chairman after the appeal has been disposed of by the court of appeals.

NOTHING TO SAY

A. B. Wolvin Returns From the Cleveland Conferences.

Situation Is Apparently Still Far From Adjustment.

General Manager A. B. Wolvin, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, arrived in Duluth this noon.

He has no information to give regarding the lake firemen, oilers and water tenders' strike, and no prophesies to make regarding the outcome.

Mr. Wolvin is a member of the conference board of the Lake Carriers' association, having in charge the wage question being negotiated by representatives of the firemen, oilers and water tenders.

He comes from Cleveland, where the conferences have been in session for the past ten days.

The Lake Carriers' association conference body has adjourned, and will not meet again until a definite call is made, based on some overtures toward a settlement.

In the meantime the situation will remain as it is, and the boats will not move. The other craft members who are employed on steamships by all carriers, will not move, it is said, without union firemen and oilers.

A marine engineer at one of the hotels this morning said that the engineers would not strike, but they would insist on the scant courtesy, individually, of having union workmen around their engines, or they would refuse to work, the engineers believing such aid coming under the spirit of the clause in their contract calling for suitable and competent oilers, firemen and help around the engines.

The Duluth harbor is practically clear. Some hard ice remains, but a tug would have an easy time breaking it up since the rain which started in this morning.

No instructions have come for the local branch of the Great Lakes Towing company to move any of its boats, either. Mr. Wolvin is a director of the company controlling these tug boats.

Mr. Wolvin was at his office for a few moments just after lunch and then went away.

It was stated at the offices of the company that he did not intend returning to Cleveland at the present time, though future developments may demand his presence there at any time.

Marine Briefs.

Passenger steamers of the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation company will include Frankfort in the list of ports called at this season.

The engineers on the Michigan Central car ferries at Detroit have secured a raise in wages and the granting of a day off each week. The concession was secured without resort to a strike.

The owners of the Detroit and Cleveland line have been forced to pay their firemen the price set by the union, $52.50 per month. It was done under protest pending the decision of the Lake Carriers' executive committee. The mail contract held by the line forced the company to come to terms with the men.

The Harvey Brown has cleared from Erie with a load of coal for Chicago.

Rather than put into port and lose his firemen as the result of the strike orders, Capt. White, of the steamer Luzon, bound for Milwaukee with a load of coal continued his way past Port Huron and in the face of a heavy northeaster which was sweeping down the length of Lake Huron headed straight up the lake.

About 40,000 tons of coal have been shipped from Buffalo this season. The most of it was shipped during March and the tie-up on account of the firemen's strike is nearly complete.

A fleet of nine vessels laden with coal is tied up at Erie by the firemen's strike. Some of the vessels have already taken out their clearance papers.

The Stevenson dock at Escanaba is being torn to pieces by moving ice. The ice is piled to a height of thirty feet.

The Sault canals have already been used by some of the local vessels and tugs.

A BUTCHER ASSAULTED.

Milwaukee, April 6.—Frank Schmidt, a butcher, whose shop is at the corner of Twelfth and Galena streets, was found in his ice box in an unconscious condition this morning and further investigation brought out the fact that he had been assaulted, thrown into the ice box and his cash drawer rifled of about $375.

KING'S VISIT TO PARIS.

Paris, April 6.—A semi-official announcement was made in the Temps today that King Edward will arrive in Paris May 2, when he will be received by President Loubet. The king's visit to Paris will follow his trip to Italy. He will remain here two or three days and when he leaves the French capital he will go direct to England.

"FROM MISSOURI"

But Pure Food Quickly Showed Him.

The popular expression, "I'm from Missouri; you've got to show me," means a lot. Among the Missourians who have "been shown" the value of Grape-Nuts food is a man from St. Louis, who says:

"It was during the summer of 1900 that I was taken really ill. For some time previous I had had premonitory signs, occasional headaches, gastric disturbances and a general feeling of debility. These increased until I became alarmed and sought medical advice.

"It seemed to me I was treated for all the ills that flesh is heir to, but without avail. Finally I was frankly told by my physician that I had better put my business matters in order, as I could live but a short time. I had actually resigned myself to die when a friend who knew what he was talking about made me change my food and try Grape-Nuts. It was a long time before I commenced, for it seemed impossible that the food would help me after so many able physicians had failed to cure me. Well, to make a long story short, I at last decided to try Grape-Nuts and the food showed me what was the matter.

"The effect was magical. One by one the shackles of disease fell from me. My brain became clear, headaches disappeared and it seemed I could feel the improvement daily. I experienced the delicious glow of strong, rich revivifying blood flowing through my veins. I arose in the morning with old-time vigor and life seemed worth the living.

"The first month of Grape-Nuts use I gained twenty pounds, and I have been gaining steadily ever since." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight, 8:30.

The new bell of the Polish Catholic church at the corner of Twenty-fourth avenue West and Fourth street, was blessed yesterday afternoon by Bishop McGolrick with appropriate ceremonies. The bishop was assisted by a number of the local clergy and a fine musical program was given.

The board of fire commissioners has reorganized, electing Charles Fitzsimmons, president and Victor Johnson vice president. Henry Nesbitt was re-elected secretary of the board and John T. Black chief engineer.

Parlor theater. Big crowds nightly.

Everything in the electric line, J. H. McLaughlin & Co., Palladio building. Both 'phones.

John Svansson, P. N. Franke and Charles Osterlin declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States, before T. H. Pressnell, clerk of the United States circuit court, this morning.

A deed has been filed transferring from A. C. Hubbell to Delima Burnett, the east half of lot 24 East Third street, Duluth proper, First division. The consideration was $5500.

Evered Plessa, Nels A. Toratti, Herman Hemo, E. Vizina, Joseph Lapoint and Fred Latra have taken out first citizenship papers in district court.

Dr. S. P. Long, of the First M. E. church, was taken ill yesterday morning and could not conduct services at the church in the morning. In the evening he had recovered and conducted his services as usual.

Alexander Marshall and Warner E. Whipple have announced the formation of a partnership for the general practice of law, under the firm name of Marshall & Whipple. The offices of the firm will be in 905-6-7-8 Providence building.

Ole Renning, the would-be suicide that shot himself rather than live without his wife, is reported out of danger and rapidly recovering at St. Mary's hospital.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Duncan have returned from their winter's stay at Santa Barbara, Cal.

Charles A. Duncan returned yesterday from a visit at Mobile. The Duncan, Brewer mill at Mobile has been shut down temporarily because of high water.

Francis A. Cokefair returned yesterday from a southern trip. He was away for a month and spent much of the time at Ormond, Fla., and other southern resorts.

R. R. Briggs has gone to Brainerd to be in attendance at court.

F. A. Patrick returned this afternoon from a several weeks' visit in the South.

Miss Clements Bartlett left last evening for Ashland, to resume her school duties.

Miss Isabelle Fletcher left last evening for Boston.

Representative John R. Randall returned from St. Paul Saturday to spend Sunday with his family.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: Charles F. Ruggles, Chicago; E. J. Kimball, R. F. Brown, J. B. Ryan, Minneapolis; Charles McPherson, Detroit.

Miss Mabel B. Hiatt, of Broken Bow, Neb., who has been appointed by the civil service commissioner as stenographer at the local land office, reported for duty this morning.

R. G. Brown, general Northwestern agent of the Rock Island road, is in the city.

D. S. Carriel, traveling agent of the Merchants' Dispatch Transportation company, is in the city.

Mrs. E. W. Matthews and daughter left for New York this morning over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

John Rayn, traveling freight agent of the Rock Island road, is in the city.

Ernest Neville left over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic today for Stephenson, Mich.

James Robertson, division freight agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, was in the city yesterday.

PROF. SEYMOUR TALKS.

Delivers First of His Historical Lectures.

Charles W. Seymour, the New York historical lecturer, gave the first of his series of twelve talks which he is to present here during the month of April at the high school this morning at 9 o'clock. The subject of the lecture was "London's Tower."

The grim old tower, with all its horror, murder, decapitation, imprisonment and intrigue was vividly drawn by the speaker. The lecture was as good or even better than the other excellent selections which Mr. Symour has formerly given here in Duluth.

The story of the ancient prison linked as it is with English history contained a large amount of interesting detail bearing on the general history of Britain. All was woven into a story-like form to make the talk interesting as well as instructive.

ELECTION AT BISMARCK

A Hot Struggle For Choice of Mayor.

St. Paul, April 6.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch, says: A hotly contested city election is in progress today, the principal interest is in the struggle for the mayoralty between Mayor F. H. Register and John Yegen. Register is being opposed by the elements that have opposed his policy of closing all liquor resorts and from those who disapprove the actions of his brother, the state's attorney, in enforcing the Sunday laws.

The Missouri river broke at this point last night and the ice is going quickly today.

SUPREME COURT

Holds That Awards For Smack Were Excessive.

Washington, April 6.—The United States supreme court decided the cases growing out of the seizure of a number of fishing smacks by United States vessels during the Spanish war. The court having previously decided that the seizures were not legitimate, the only question before the court today was the reasonableness of the award of damages made by the commission appointed for that purpose. The court held the award to be excessive and reversed the findings of the United States district court for the southern district of Florida by which the award was affirmed.

FOUND EDDS GUILTY.

Washington, April 6.—The courtmartial which tried Chief Commissary Steward George H. Edds, at Newport, R. I., on the charge of accepting commissions from merchants on account of supplies purchased for the naval training station, found him guilty and sentenced him to one year's imprisonment.

THE CHINESE TREATY.

Stanghai, April 6.—The American commercial treaty negotiations with China are making headway. The terms are regarded as being more simple and more workable than the British, but it is still uncertain whether the Chinese will accept the treaty.

SIR CHENG AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, April 6.—Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, the newly arrived Chinese minister, called at the state department today and paid his respects to Secretary Hay and the assistant secretaries. In the president's absence the new minister cannot present his credentials and receive full recognition, but Secretary Hay, following a precedent, has signified to the minister that he will waive the formalities and the state department will recognize him to transact any necessary business.

DECLINE TO BID.

Investors Do Not Want Three and One-Half Bonds.

No Offers For Water and Light Issue of $40,000.

Not an offer was made for the $40,000 issue of 3½-cent water bonds, which was to have been sold by the city this morning.

The reduction of one-half per cent in interest caused investors to fight shy of the bonds, and it is likely that the city must readvertise the sale with the interest rate fixed at 4 per cent.

These bonds were authorized on March 12 to provide money for the proposed extensions and improvements of the municipal water and light service.

Bonds for this purpose are guilt edge securities, and it was thought that there would be plenty of bidders at a 3½ per cent rate, and that they might even offer a fair premium.

City Clerk Cheadle advertised the sale extensively among Eastern bond buyers and others, and the circulars sent out for this purpose announced that all bidders would be required to file a certified check for an amount equal to one per cent of the full value of the face of the bonds bid for, and that these checks should be in the hands of the city clerk at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Not a bid was in at that hour, and the supposition is that the effort to reduce the municipal rate of interest from 4 to 3½ per cent is not a success.

There may now be a delay of one month in getting the $40,000, and that may possibly delay the important water service improvements for which the board of water and light commissioners have asked proposals.

Among the extensions effected are those on South Fifth avenue west, for the benefit of fire protection in the wholesale district, and also the increase in water mains on Garfield avenue for the same purpose.

LIVELY EVIDENCE.

Stephenson-Von Suessmilch Trouble In Court.

The municipal court was crowded today with witnesses and spectators interested in the rather sensational charges made against Steve Stephenson by Dr. Charles G. Von Suessmilch, who asks the court to place Mr. Stephenson under bonds to keep the peace and alleges that he has threatened his life.

Witnesses for the defense testified that Mr. Stephenson's life was also threatened and at a late hour today, there seemed to be every indication that the court would take steps to see that both men were put on terms of peace if not friendship.

Last week Mr. Stephenson was fined in the municipal court for assaulting Dr. Von Suessmilch. Late this afternoon it developed that there was a quarrel of long standing between the two men, and evidence was introduced tending to show that Mr. Stephenson had commended the assassination of the late President McKinley, in Dr. Von Suessmilch's hearing and had lost his position through the doctor's efforts on that account. This was denied, however.

Julius Janzig, said to be prominent in local Socialist circles, was one of the leading witnesses for Mr. Stephenson, and during the cross-examination he understood assistant city attorney to refer to him as an anarchist. He appealed to the court to protect him against the application of any such names and Mr. Holmes said that he had not the slightest intention of applying the word anarchist to Mr. Janzig personally.

OMAHA ROAD OFFICIALS

Pay Flying Visit to Duluth, Coming By Special.

A number of the officials of the Omaha railroad arrived in Duluth at 2:30 this afternoon in a special train from Chicago. The members of the party are in Duluth on a tour of inspection. The following officials composed the party: Vice-President J. F. Clark, General Manager A. W. Trenholm, General Freight Agent H. M. Pearce, Superintendent of telephones and telegraphs, H. C. Hope, and General Superintendent, W. C. Winter.

The party is making a flying trip through Duluth and will remain only a few hours.

George Lonstorf Here.

George J. Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, one of the fee owners of section 30, arrived in Duluth this afternoon. He is in the city to ascertain the extent of the explorations of the Section Thirty company, one of his periodical visits to Duluth. It is expected that he will visit the property this time. At the office of the Section Thirty company this afternoon it was said that the work of exploration on the property had not reached a point where the findings could be made public.

PRESIDENT AT YANKTON

Stops In South Dakota City Half an Hour.

Yankton, S. D., April 6.—President Roosevelt arrived here at 11:30 o'clock and left at noon for Mitchell, where his special train is due at 3 p. m. He was accompanied from Sioux Falls by Senators Kittredge and Gamble, and Representatives Burke and Martin, the South Dakota congressional delegation. They will go with him as far as Aberdeen. The president and party were driven to a platform on Third and Walnut streets, where he delivered a brief speech, larkely local and western in character. He did not touch general issues further than to sum up his best advice as follows:

"You need wise laws. See that you get them. You need wise and firm administration of laws; see that you have it. But do not make the mistake of shirking the fundamental responsibility. As individuals be strong, honest and fearless."

In the course of his remarks along the same line, he said: "Fundamentally you must have the right stuff in you to get it out of you."

FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER.

Chicago, April 6.—Kabo Kowalski, also known as Charles Smith, was found guilty of murder today in Judge Bretano's court and sentenced to life imprisonment. Kowalski, actuated by a spirit of revenge, destroyed the home of Joseph Cordeck at Chicago Heights with dynamite, killing Cordeck and his 2-year-old daughter, Lucy. Seven other children were severely injured.

GUN CLUB SHOOT.

Good Scores Made Considering the High Wind.

Despite the strong northeast wind that was blowing yesterday afternoon, amounting sometimes almost to a gale, some good scores were made at the weekly shoot of the Duluth Central Gun club. Two scores of 21 out of a possible 25 were made in the shoot for the Class A medal and one score of 21 out of a possible 25 was made in the contest for the Class B medal.

In the contest for the Consolidated Abstract company's medal, in Class A, Field and Parmalee were tied for first place, each with 21 birds to his credit. In the shoot-off Field won, breaking 21 to Parmalee's 16.

Bob made high score in the Class B medal shoot and Salter made high score in Class C.

Following were the scores:

Consolidated Abstract medal: Class A—Field 21, Parmalee 21, Berry 20, Storey 19, Nelson 19, Jackson 19, Noisy 16.

Duluth Brewing and Malting company's medal: Class B—Bob 21, Frank 20, Zopp 19, Bernie 19, Isaac 17, Doc 15.

A. Fitger & Co.'s medal: Class C—Salter 18, Patsey 16, Max 13, Phil 12.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Wife of Ambassador Porter Dies Suddenly at Paris.

Paris, April 6.—Mrs. Horace Porter, wife of the American ambassador here, died here suddenly today. Her death occurred at 6 o'clock this afternoon of congestion followed by a chill.

St. Paul, April 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry Schroeder, the pioneer taxonomist and naturalist of the Northwest, died suddenly in his museum, 158 West Third street, yesterday. Old age, coupled with a general breakdown in health, caused death. He 78 years old and for over 40 years was a resident of St. Paul. The Schroeder museum contains a specimen of nearly every North American bird and beast, besides hundreds of Indian relics and curios from distant lands. Representatives from the Philadelphia National museum opened negotiations with the deceased to purchase the entire assortment and the negotiations were still in progress when Mr. Schroeder died.

St. Paul, April 6.—Mrs. Fannie Spencer Wilder, widow of Amherst H. Wilder, died at her home in this city yesterday. Mrs. Wilder suffered from a complication of diseases and for several weeks has been gradually declining. Her malady dates from the death of her daughter, Mrs. Cornelia D. Appleby, Jan. 20, last. The loss of her only child so depressed Mrs. Wilder that she failed rapidly, but it was not until a few days ago that she took to her bed. Mrs. Wilder has been a resident of this city since 1861, was prominent socially and identified with many public charities. She leaves a large estate.

CHIC NEW COSTUME

Costume of tan embroidered with black and white silk cord, with raised grapes. Skirt cut with foot flare. Stitched hem. Shirred elbow puff; close cut lower sleeve, embroidered cuffs. Yoke and stock of tucked chiffon with stitched bands and passementerie laid over.

Large black chip hat, underlaced tulle folds. Trimmed black plumes, tulle and jet.

PURSUIT OF BANDITS

Continues Spiritedly On Island of Mindanao.

Manila, April 6.—The pursuit of the bandits who raided St. Rigo, island of Mindanao, recently continues spiritedly. The constabulary overtook and defeated the band Saturday on the shore of Lake Mainit, killing five of them. Three of the constabulary were wounded.

Maj. Gen. Davis has left for Jolo to have a conference with the sultan, and also to inspect the Lanao military roads. He has planned to operate traction engines between Iligan and Lanao.

Two sultans, one being the datto of North Lanao, recently requested that they be furnished with American flags. They were supplied by the military authorities, and the Moros are now floating them over their settlemens.

ALL MINERS

Will Be Brought Into Association, If Possible.

Indianapolis, April 6.—The national executive board of the United Mine Workers of America began a meeting here today at which it is understood arrangements will be made for bringing all of the miners of the country into the organization before the next annual wage convention. There are probably 150,000 men now employed about the mines who do not belong to the organization. Secretary Wilson said that the board would decide on a general policy for the year and that an effort would be made to organize thoroughly every field. Virginia and West Virginia will likely receive the most attention. President Mitchell and nearly all members of the board are here.

TOOK CHARGE OF BODY.

Mrs. Van Weik Will Be Taken to Baltimore.

New York, April 6.—Campbell Royston, of Baltimore, arrived in Jersey City today to take charge of the body of Mrs. Louise Ames Van Weik, who committed suicide there yesterday. Her body will be taken to Baltimore today. Mr. Royston said Mrs. Van Weik had inherited about $75,000. Mr. Royston said that Mr. Van Weik, her first husband, is a post-office inspector in St. Louis. Mr. Royston today discovered in Mrs. Van Weik's box in a safe deposit vault two sealed packages addressed to her daughter, Dorothy Van Weik, who is living with relatives in Washington. With them were directions that one of them be delivered to the daughter when she was 14 and the other when she was 20 years old. She is now aged 11. Mr. Royston also found a letter directed to him in which Mrs. Van Weik asked him to adopt the daughter.

TRIAL OF TILLMAN

For Murder of Gonzales Will Begin April 13.

Columbia, S. C., April 6.—At the opening session of the regular term of criminal court in this city this morning, Solicitor Thurmond, of the Columbia circuit court, announced that the case of James H. Tillman, charged with the killing of N. G. Gonzales, editor of the State, last January, would be called on April 13. He stated that eighty-three witnesses have been summoned by the defense, while as many have been subpoenaed by the prosecution.

NO OWNERSHIP

In Futures Can Be Established By Board.

St. Louis, April 6.—Injunctions sought by the Chicago board of trade to establish the owenrship of the quotations on the future prices of grains and other commodities were denied by Judge Adams in the United States district court today and the dealing in futures condemned.

Groundless Fears.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Antartic exploration develops the fact that there are high mountain ranges about 460 miles from the south pole. People who have entertained fears that the world's stock of mountains might run short will be reassured by the information of the supply in reserve.

A Lesson In Discretion.

New York Times: When an admiral of the United States feels an impulse to express an opinion as to the ability of our fleet to wipe the German navy off the face of the sea—or at least to do this with such part of that navy as could be sent to American waters—he would do well to seek the seclusion of an inside room, lock the door, stuff the keyhole with cotton, and then—say nothing.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Charles J. Chapman and Hazel Marie Sutter.

G. A. Smith and A. A. Brouk.

BIRTHS.

LOUIE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Louie, of 1116 West Superior street.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. Anderson, of 812 Garfield avenue.

WAHL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Wahl, of 2025 West Second street.

LUNDGREN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Lundgren, of 181s Piedmont avenue.

Bell 'phone 1154-4. Zenith 1456.
Open Day and Night.
W. C. GRAY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER
Masonic Temple Blk.—203-5 E. Sup. St.

CARD OF THANKS.

Duluth, Minn., April 5, 1903.

To the People of Hibbing:

I thank you for your kindness to my wife and family in my absence, but in future would say I am both able and willing to support them.

McCREA PORTER.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

AVOID tan, smarting, rough, red skin applying Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder before exposure. 25c.

TWO YOUNG MEN CAN GET FURnished room with breakfast in strictly private family; all modern improvements. Terms very reasonable. 312 East Fourth street.

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1900 Good lot on upper side Superior street, west of 21st avenue East, 50 by 140. One hundred feet frontage for $2500.

$9000 Best residence site in Duluth, 150 feet frontage.

$1600 Lot 50x140; upper side Second street, near 18th avenue East. Lots on lower side $1500; 100 feet frontage for $3000.

$7500 Thoroughly modern home on good corner in East End. Hot water heat, modern plumbing, beautiful hardwood finish.

$6800 Thoroughly modern home in East End. Hot water heat. Great value for the money.

$6000 House on centrally located corner. A beautiful home, well located and a bargain for the money. For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. Lonsdale Bldg

O-AT-KA BEACH ADDITION.

We are exclusive agents for that beautiful tract of land on PARK POINT recently platted and known as OATKA BEACH ADDITION. NO FINER SPOT ON EARTH. Large pines. We will sell lots, 40x200 feet, at such a figure that you will surely become a purchaser. Come in and let us show the property to you. It will not cost you a cent to see it.

LITTLE & NOLTE,

Mortgage Loans, Fire Insurance, Real Estate.

Under American Exchange Bank.

$5750 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

$9500 Takes 9-room modern house in East End.

$2250 Takes 100 feet on East Fourth street.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

2 Houses for $1800

located near 26th avenue West, 5-room dwelling now rented for $10; 6-room dwelling will rent for $15 per month.

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 28th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph Jostljak, Deceased:

On reciving and filing the petition of Klara Jostljak, by her attorney in fact, Joseph Gliva, of the County of St. Louis, Minn., representing, among other things, that Joseph Jostljak, late of the County of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Joseph Gliva granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-30-Apl-6-13-1903.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 23rd, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of John G. Fiegel, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Louisa Fiegel, executrix of the estate of John G. Fiegel, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Tuesday, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at probate court, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March-23-30-April 6-1903.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT!

17 East Superior street, store room from May 1.

Come quick if you want 40 acres near Proctorknott, at $13.50 per acre.

Two fine lots on Park Point, Minnesota avenue, East side, between Pearl and St. John streets.

50-foot lot on First street, near 15th avenue West for $700.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

Store for Rent.

15 East Superior Street.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Bldg.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $4.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Superior street. Upstairs.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

MEDICAL.

GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 514 Torrey building.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE CONnecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence bldg. Phone 1190-2.

MILLINERY.

MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

PAINTING AND DECORATING!

WM. B. BRADLEY & SON have opened a place of business at 25 East First street, and are prepared to do House and Sign Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Hardwood Finishing, Paper-hanging, Wall-tinting, etc. The senior partner has had forty years experience in the above lines of the trade. We ask a share of your patronage. New 'phone 860.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1100 Large 7-room house in good condition, on Seventh street, near Ninth avenue East.

$1200 5-room house, almost new; on Seventh street, near Second avenue East.

$1200 Fine 7-room house on corner lot in West End. Monthly payments.

$2000 For good house and full 50-foot lot on Second street in Endion.

$2200 Buys 200 feet on West Fourth street. Will sell inside 50 feet for $500.

$1350 Buys 8-room house in good condition and two lots in West Duluth.

$8 per acre for 80 acre farm near the Jean Duluth Stock farm. Good buildings, partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.

WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city. MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY, 205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

YOU Can get money on easy terms if permanently employed with responsible concerns, from the Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith, 761. 301 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

THE .... **City National Bank of Duluth**

Has exceptional facilities for serving you along any of the lines of modern banking.

An Admitted Fact

Real Estate, Financial Men and Merchants

ALL SAY

That Quickest and Best Results Are Obtained by Advertising in the

Evening Herald!

Exercise Good Common Sense.

The time to find whether or not you have sufficient insurance is before a loss has occurred. You want the best and enough of it. We can furnish it, no difference whether you need one dollar or one million. See us also for

SURETY BONDS—SURETY BONDS.

Manley-McLennan Agency
Office—Torrey Bldg, First Floor.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

PARK POINT

Two lots on Minnesota avenue, Bay side, near 26th street, with large cottage. Very cheap. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale Bldg.

5 and 10 ACRE TRACTS

Convenient to street railway. Suitable for poultry raising or market gardens. Easy terms. Wm. C. Sargent &Co., 308 Lonsdale Bldg.

OSTEOPATHY.

WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND single buggy, in good repair. 301 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S
Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.
Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

GASOLINE ENGINE SALE April 7 to 14—

1½ horse power stationary engines, equipped with tanks, batteries and spark coil $58.50, with city gas attachment $10.00 extra. Just the thing for chopping meat, pumping water, running ice cream freezers, etc. After April 15th will be at our new location Minnesota Point, two blocks below ferry dock. Duluth Gas Engine Works. Old 'phone 175-4.

Used Organs—$12, $18, $25—
Easy terms, $5 cash and $3 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE CHEAP — ONE BROWN horse. 1904 West Superior street.

FOR SALE--LAUNCH HULL, TWENty foot; used one season; engine bed, oil tank, etc., all ready for installing engine. Price $75. Box 274, City.

FOR SALE — DAIRY BUSINESS, COMplete in every way, cheap, for cash, if taken at once. Reasons for selling, old age. Inquire at Oakland addition, O. M. Anderson.

SOLON VENDOPHONE STOCK—NEW York brokers want option, at advanced price. Ground floor buyers must call, or remit before Thursday noon, April 9th. This means our friends, too. Do not blame us if you neglect. T. F. Solon, 205 King block, Duluth.

FOR SALE—Cigar, tobacco, news and confectionery store. Excellent location. Good reasons for selling. R. 61, Herald.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD HALL AND confectionery store in good location; doing good business. Reason for selling owner leaving the city. Address, 218 Fifty-fifth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — FRESH MILCH COW. 1302 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

Square Piano—Rosewood—$38.00 case, good condition; $5 cash and $3 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE CHEAP, IF TAKEN QUICK —160 acres on Mesaba and three lots in West Duluth. 627 Manhattan building.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; broody hens, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE FRANKLIN POWER elevator platform, 4 feet by 4 feet 6 inches, complete with cable for two stories. Inquire at Union Match company, West Duluth.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

COME AND SEE US FOR ROCK BOTtom prices on the following stocks: Calumet and Bisbee, Yaqui Copper, Marquette and Arizona, Cascade Iron, Minnesota Abrasive. The Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio. Loans and investments. Zenith 'phone 761.

FOR SALE — HOME BAKERY IN IMproved plan; good business established. Call room 208, over Rathbun's grocery.

Upright Piano, Mahogany, $148.00 finished case used four months, good condition, $10 cash and $5 a month. FRENCH & BASSETT.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson. 5 E. Sup. St.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 31, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS JUST arrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seevnth street.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

HARNESS MAKING.

ALL KINDS—FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 702-4.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old 705-5.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul.. 915 Tower. W. Sup. Both 'phones

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices. Mfrs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

WALL PAPER CLEANED.

WALL PAPER CLEANED—ALL WORK guaranteed. Call or address, G. J. Salvin. 110 South Eighteenth avenue West.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$100 REWARD FOR THE RECovery of a diamond screw eardrop, lost between Fourth avenue East and Fourth avenue West and Suthlin street and First street. B. M., Herald.

FOUND — UNDRESSED KID GLOVE. Owner can have same by calling at Herald office and paying advertising charges.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—COOKS, $35 AND $40; WAITresses, $18 and $20; laundresses, $18; general girls, $18 to $20; second girls, $16; kitchen girls, $16 to $18. Girls call at once at Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second avenue East. Near Armory.

GIRL WANTED, TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housekeeping. One who sleeps at home preferred. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue West.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat A, Bostwick flats, 421 West Third street.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL AT 136 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—GIRL FOR PLAIN SEWing. 1415 East Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESwoman for muslin underwear. Apply at once. Panton & White Co.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND laundry girl, inquire at 122 East First street.

GIRLS WANTED TO LEARN PRESSing of ladies' garments. Experienced ones preferred. 6 East Superior street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SERVANT girl for general housework, at 210 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK. CALL evenings. Mrs. L. S. Loeb, 1123 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR LAUNDRY, Sapiding Hotel.

WANTE—AT ONCE, MIDDLE AGED lady as housekeeper, 902 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 1431 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL AT 1414 JEFFERSON street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. No. 4 Adams flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 619 West Second street.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — SKIRT MAKERS AND helpers. LaFerte, 17 West Superior St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS KITCHEN girl. 18 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUperior street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — THREE BRIGHT, ACTIVE boys, 16 to 19 years old, for the soda buffet business. Victor Huot.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR SODA buffet; one attending school at present, preferred. Victor Huot.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Years saved by our method of practical experience, instructions, etc.; $15 weekly paid graduates. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Salesmen
The Hawks Nursery Co.,
Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATing oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BARBER. $16 per week to right man. Address P 35, Herald.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN (MARried preferred) for positions in our machine shop. Good wages and chance for advancement. Previous experience not necessary. We can also give employment to one or two mechanics and one or two young men who have had about a couple of years' experience at machinist trade. In answering give full particulars, occupation present and previous, age, whether married or not, etc., etc. Address Gisholt Machine company, Madison, Wis.

WANTED—BELL BOY, SPALDING Hotel.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED—A NO. 1 STAIR BUILDER, also six good bench hands. Ouliette & Baxter, Garfield avenue.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED — CONTRACTOR AT 606 Garfield avenue, City.

WANTED—BOY BETWEEN 16 OR 17 years old. Minnesota Cigar Box Co., 30 First avenue West.

FRESH FISH.

D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETailer in Lake Superior trout and whitefish. 208 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BORROW.

WANTED—$2500 FOR SIX MONTHS. Will pay liberal interest and furnish gilt-edge security. Herald, R. 63.

WANTED TO BORROW $3000 FOR A short time. Good security. N. 64, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, central location. R 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM HOUSE. 925 East Fifth street. Inquire 230 East Superior street, Fred Engle.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Provid. bldg. Phone 24.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR summer; modern; centrally located. Address, O. 88, Herald.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house in Park terrace; possession May 1. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — 15-ROOM HOUSE, CITY water, sewer and bath; immediate possession; $35 per month. J. D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

SEVERAL NEATLY FURNISHED rooms to let in Graff block. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED, TWO unfurnished rooms. 212 East Fourth street. Mrs. Wilson.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS WITH conveniences. 407 East First street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, upstairs, suitable for light housekeeping. No children. Heat furnished. 5 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—SEVEN SUNNY ROOMS—Good condition; centrally located, on car line, West Duluth, May 1st. $15 with water. Also three nice flats May 1, $12, $21 and $25, at 120 West Fourth street, with water. W. C. Sherwood & Co.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM, 502½ WEST Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FLAT IN West Duluth, four rooms, $10.50. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT; WATer, bath, electric light, range and cellar. Call 2806 West Third street.

WANTED---TO RENT.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End, Address X 89 Herald.

WANTED—3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; all modern conveniences. 1222 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue West.

UPHOLSTERY.

CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG SCANdinavian as office assistant or clerk; am quick and accurate at figures. Address H. E., 208 Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer, collector or office assistant, by young married man. Over six years experience. Best of city references. Address R 78, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELing salesman for some reliable house. Have had ten years' experience and can furnish best of reference. U 96, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER wants a position to take charge of rooms. Address, O. 42, Herald.

A COMPETENT GIRL WANTS WORK at general housework. Address 428 Seventh avenue East.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK OF any kind by the day. Call or write to old St. Luke's hospital, room 11, upstairs.

WANTED—WORK FOR TWO HEAVY teams. City work preferred. 120 First avenue East.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG lady stenographer would like position substituting or steady employment. R. 7, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSItion as solicitor. Address P 27, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY ENGAGed through the day, position in office or store evenings; best of references. N 73, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS IRONING OR sweeping; can do nice baking; will work half day or time needed. Address, Mrs. L. B., care Herald.

WANTED—OFFICE WORK BY YOUNG lady. Address, N. 43, Herald.

ADVERTISER SEEKS POSITION AS bookkeeper, twelve years experience, highest references, moderate salary. Address O 80 Herald.

HOUSECLEANING AND SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue East. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—SITUATION AS DAY OR night porter. Address O 49, Herald.

WANTED BY MAN AND WIFE SITuation as cook. Address, R. 80, Herald.

FURS STORED.

AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANUfacturing furrier, 106 West Superior street. Phone 230—4.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

HAIRDRESSING.

HYDRA-VACU FACE TREATMENT, manicuring. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St., Zenith phone 1318.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended, for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIginal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

MISS MAXWELL—307 FIRST NATIONal bank bldg. Phones. Zen.. 831; Dul., 544.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

C. C. STAACKE, OPTICAL SPECIALIST —New Jersey building, Third floor. Thorough satisfaction guaranteed.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 6, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 13, 1903. Work, Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903, Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 7, 1903. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 26, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storm, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial comp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

TWELVE PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ELECTROCUTION BILL KILLED BY SENATE

Due to Opposition of Stillwater People.

Dowling Revives Non-Partisan Judge Bill.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The electrocution bill by Capt. Ray T. Lewis, of Duluth, which passed the house easily, was killed this morning in the senate by the adoption of a committee report indefinitely postponing it. The death of the bill is the result of the work of the Stillwater people, who objected to having all of the executions in the state held in their town, even if they were held in the quiet of the penitentiary. When the committee reported the bill for indefinite postponement no voice was raised in its behalf, and no attempt was made to rescue it from the fate to which the committee consigned it.

Mr. Dowling, of Eveleth, got his nonpartisan judgeship bill rescued again and it is back on general orders where the house can have another try at it. The bill was killed Saturday, not getting enough votes to pass it. This morning Mr. Dowling moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was defeated and this precipitated another debate on the bill. Capt. Lewis said nobody in Duluth wanted the measure and he hoped it would stay killed.

Mr. Fryberger, of Hennepin county, who was a leader in the opposition the other day, spoke against it this time, and said all the house Democrats were for it. This made Dr. Dorsey angry, and he said that was an untruth, which he hurled back into the teeth of the teller. Mr. McLaughlin, another Democrat, said that Mr. Fryberger was fond of using the party cry to hide his weakness.

Mr. Tighe said that the opposition came mostly from Hennepin county, and that that county had sorrows and characteristics that were so peculiar that the house ought not to consider them.

Mr. Stevenson, aroused at this, said that Mr. Tighe has been engaged all through the session in arraying the country against Hennepin county, and that the feeling against that county in the house was mostly due to him. Somebody shouted that it was due only to the Hennepin county delegation. The motion to reconsider carried by a vote of 56 to 25.

The special committee appointed to see whether the Dorsey anti-bucket shop was admissible made its report, deciding that it was sufficiently different from the Gjertsen bill to be admitted, but suggested that, in view of a possible question whether or not the bill is constitutional, it should be referred to the judiciary committee, which was done. The special committee consisted of Dr. Dorsey, the author of the bill, and Messrs. Armstrong and Shearer.

The senate bill, by Senator McNamee, permitting cities of 50,000 and over to set aside streets and avenues as parkways and place them under the park board, was passed under suspension of the rules.

The bill against pilfering grain from railroad cars came up for final passage, but Mr. Anderegg, of Le Sueur county, raised the objection to it that it threw too much of a burden upon the defendant, who is practically required to prove his innocence. The bill was sent back to general orders for further consideration.

The Laybourn bill fixing the sheriff's fees in St. Louis county at $1 for making a return of not found, no matter how many defendants there are to be served, was passed under suspension of the rules. As it is now the sheriff is entitled to

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THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND WORK OF THE ARMY

Are Discussed By the President at Fargo.

High Praise Bestowed Upon Governor Taft.

Edgely, N. D., April 7.—President Roosevelt reached Edgely at 10:20 o'clock last night, and notwithstanding the lateness of the hour and the fact that the ground was covered with snow, a large crowd and a brass band greeted the president. He came on the back platform of his car and thanked the people for their welcome in a few words.

Fargo, N. D., April 7.—Notwithstanding yesterday's severe blizzard, the weather today was clear and bracing and the program for the reception and address of President Roosevelt was carried out according to plans. The special train arrived here during the early morning, and at 8:30 o'clock the local reception committee waited on the president, and after a brief and informal reception at the train, escorted him in carriages through the business portion of the city. One of the features was the welcome accorded by the children of the city, several thousand of whom were assembled together where the president was able to greet them. After the drive the president was escorted to a stand in front of the Waldorf hotel, where he addressed an immense and enthusistic crowd on the Philippines. He spoke as follows:

My fellow-citizens: The Northwest, whose sons in the Civil war added such brilliant pages to the honor roll of the republic, likewise bore a full share in the struggle of which the war with Spain was the beginning; a struggle slight indeed when compared with the gigantic death wrestle which for four years stamped to and fro across the Southern states in the Civil war; but a struggle fraught with consequences to the nation, and indeed to the world, out of all proportion to the smallness of the effort upon our part.

Three and a half years ago President McKinley spoke in the adjoining state of Minnesota on the occasion of the return of the Thirteenth Minnesota volunteers from the Philippine islands, where they had served with your own gallant sons of the North Dakota regiment. After heartily thanking the returned soldiers for their valor and patriotism, and their contemptuous refusal to be daunted or misled by the outcry raised at home by the men of little faith who wished us to abandon the islands, he spoke of the islands themselves as follows:

"That congress will provide for them a government which will bring them blessings, which will promote their material interests as well as advance their people in the path of civilization and intelligence, I confidently believe. They will not be governed as vassals or serfs of slaves. They will be given a government of liberty, regulated by law, honestly administered, without oppressing exactions, taxation without tyranny, justice without bribe, education without distinction of social condition, freedom of religious worship, and protection in 'life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness'."

> What he said then lay in the realm of promise. Now it lies in the realm of positive performance.

It is a good thing to look back upon what has been said and compare it with the record of what has actually been done. If promises are violated, if plighted word is not kept, then those who have failed in their duty should be held up to reprobation. If, on the other hand, the promises have been substantially made good; if the achievement has kept pace and more than kept pace with the prophesy, then they who made the one and are responsible for the other are entitled of just right to claim the credit which attaches to those who serve the nation well. This credit I claim for the men who have managed so admirably the military and the civil affairs of the Philippine islands, and for those other men who have so heartily backed them in congress, and without whose aid and support not one thing could have been accomplished.

When President McKinley spoke, the first duty was the restoration of order; and to this end the use of the army of the United States—an army composed of regulars and volunteers alike—was necessary.

> To put down the insurrection and restore peace to the islands was a duty not only to ourselves but to the islanders also. We could not have abandoned the conflict without shrinking this duty, without proving ourselves recreants to the memory of our forefathers.

Moreover, if we had abandoned it we would have inflicted upon the Filipinos the most cruel wrong and would have doomed them to a bloody jumble of anarchy and tyranny. It seems strange, looking back, that any of our people should have failed to recognize a duty so obvious; but there was such failure, and the government at home, the civil authorities in the Philippines, and above all our gallant army, had to do their work amid a storm of detraction. The army in especial was attacked in a way which finally did good, for in the end it aroused the hearty resentment of the great body of American people, not against the army, but against the army's traducers. The circumstances of the war made it one of peculiar difficulty, and our soldiers were exposed to peculiar wrongs from their foes. They fought in dense tropical jungles against enemies who were very treacherous and very cruel, not only toward our own men, but toward the great numbers of friendly natives, the most peaceable and most civilized among whom eagerly welcomed our rule. Under such circumstances, among a hundred thousand hot-blooded and powerful young men serving in small detachments on the other side

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THE RIVAL CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR OF CHICAGO.

Graeme Stewart, Republican, is making a strong effort to defeat Carter Harrison for mayor of Chicago. Harrison has served three terms as mayor. Stewart is a wholesale grocer and a conspicuous Republican politician.

PUGH CIVIL SERVICE BILL RECOMMENDED FOR PASSAGE

Makes Merit the Qualification For Appointment and Promotion In the Grain Inspection Department—Present Employes Must Pass an Examination.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate yesterday afternoon recommended the Pugh civil service bill for passage, as amended by the committee on grain and warehouse.

The bill went through in committee of the whole without a word of argument or a negative vote. This advances it to the calendar, and it will be reached there about Wednesday or Thursday. There is not the least doubt about its passage in the senate. When it comes to the house there may be more fighting on it, as it is said that the railroad and warehouse commission has been doing some quiet work against it there.

As stated before, the bill provides for civil service for the grain inspection department of the state, and practically the only amendment made to it in committee was one providing that the present employes shall be examined as well as future applicants for position. They need not compete with anybody, however, as new applicants do, but they are to hold their places if they succeed in passing the examinations, which will be of a practical nature.

* * *

It developed today that one bill that went through rather hurriedly during the latter part of last week was running a race with death, and that it won out. That was the bill permitting express trusts in wills for charitable, religious and cemetery purposes.

The occasion for its passage was that Mrs. A. H. Wilder, of this city, was lying at the point of death. She has a large fortune, left by her husband, and there are no immediate heirs, her daughter having died about a month ago. She wished to devise her property to a charity founded by her husband before his death, and there was some doubt, under the decisions of the supreme court, whether it would be legal or not.

So the bill was hurried through both houses and sent up to the governor for his signature, and the hope that the bill could become a law before her death, validating her will, was realized.

The trust-buster bill, introduced in

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JOLLIES THE OLD KING

Emperor William Sends a Characteristic Telegram to Christian.

Copenhagen, April 7.—On the departure of Emperor William from Copenhagen for Kiel, where he arrived yesterday, he sent a characteristic telegram to King Christian as follows:

"My heart prompts me to once again express my warmest thanks for the never-to-be-forgotten happy days I have been permitted to spend with you in the circle of all your dear ones. From the day of the splendid reception which you and the inhabitants of your beautiful capital prepared for me until the last moment, when I had to bid you farewell, my visit afforded me unaltered pleasure.

"Accept my special thanks for having received me in your family circle, and rest assured I shall henceforth regard myself as a son of the house. I pray to God that he will make your approaching birthday a day of joy both to you and your house and your people, and that He may long preserve you in unimpaired health. WILHELM."

TERRIFIC WEATHER

Was Encountered By Southward Coming From Antwerp.

New York, April 7.—The Red Star liner, Southwark, Capt. Dann, arrived today from Antwerp after a prolonged passage of fifteen days in which she encountered terrific weather. Gale after gale came in constant succession and the steamer was able to make very little headway. Her best day's run was 284 knots, while 123 was the low limit of speed on March 28. Severe gales with high seas prevailed throughout the trip. Capt. Dann says the Southward sustained no damage and the only casualty was the death of a child in the steerage of acute pneumonia.

STEAMER FLOATED.

The Brighton Is Apparently Not Much Damaged.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 7—The Norwegian steamship Brighton, from Port Antonio for New York, which went went ashore off this city on the night of March 30, was floated at high tide this morning. The Brighton was apparently in good condition, and a short time after being pulled into deep water she proceeded north under her own steam. Her cargo of fruit had to be thrown overboard before the vessel could be floated.

A MURDERER HANGED.

London, April 7.—Kloshowski, alias Chapman, the Southwark saloonkeeper, who murdered by poison three women who lived with him as his wives in different parts of London, was hanged in Wandsworth jail. He was in a state of complete collapse and had to be supported by wardens. He protested his innocence to the end, declared his real name was Chapman, and said he was an American by birth.

ROBBERS AT OSMOND, NEB.

Osmond, Neb., April 7.—Robbers entered the Security State bank of Osmond early this morning and blew open the safe with dynamite, but were frightened away by citizens before they could secure any money. There was $4500 in the safe.

REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS BROKE ABOUT EVEN IN OHIO

Changes In Political Complexion of Mayors of Different Cities About Balanced—Of Sixty Largest Cities, Republicans and Democrats Each Carried Thirty.

Cincinnati, April 7.—While the aggregate of pluralities in Ohio cities yesterday showed Republican gains, the parties break almost even on the changes of local administrations. The most changes from the Democrats to the Republicans were at Columbus, Mansfield, Zanesville, Defiance, Delphos, Van Wert and Shelby, the Republicans carrying Shelby for the first time. Among the cities that changed from Republican to Democratic mayors were Youngstown, Springfield, Akron, Troy and probably Findlay. While there were many fusion tickets in the field, notably at Cincinnati, the only successful ones were at Wellington, Marietta and Norwood. At East Liverpool W. A. Weaver and all the rest of the Prohbition ticket were elected. In several of the larger cities the Socialists made gains and in most of the municipalities the liquor question was less of a factor than ever before. At Oxford there were two tickets, both non-partisan, and the liquor element was successful. There are seventy-one cities and 615 villages in Ohio. Of the sixty largest cities heard from officially, it is noted that the Republicans and Democrats each carried thirty. In the notable exception of Toledo, Jones, the Independent mayor, will have little authority as the Republicans control all the city government except the office of mayor.

KING ALEXANDER OF SERVIA EXECUTES A COUP D'ETAT

Belgrade, Servia, April 7.—King Alexander today executed a coup d'etat. He issued two proclamations, the first decreeing a suspension of the constitution adopted April 19, 1901, repealing objectionable laws passed thereunder, retiring the senators and the councillors of state, dissolving the skupshtina, and re-enacting the laws as they existed previous to the constitution of 1901. The second proclamation restores this constitution to its former validity.

In the first proclamation the king says the senate and the skupshtina created under the constitution granted by him in 1901 passed laws which proved impracticable. Furthermore, the constitution, by tending to fan political passions, prejudiced the interests of the fatherland and hindered its development as a state and nation.

Affairs in the Balkans, the king adds, are very serious, and Servia needs order, unity and peace. She should offer a bright example of a peace-loving state and at the same time always be ready to defend her own true interests, should this become necessary, for the purpose of restoring the unity, strength and order of the country.

The king then suspends the constitution of 1901 and declares the mandates of the senators to be null and void, and the proclamation goes on to announce that the councillors of state are retired and the skupshtina is dissolved. Several of the laws, including the press law, the communal law and the act governing the electoral system, are annulled and replaced by laws previously existing.

Immediately after this proclamation an ordinance appointing new senators and councillors of state was issued, and the king issued a second proclamation, in which the constitution of April 19, 1902, was restored to its full validity.

WIFE OF POULTNEY BIGELOW GETS DIVORCE UNDER NEW LAW

She May Remarry After Three Months But He Can Never Marry In New York State Until His Former Wife Is Dead.

New York, April 7.—Mrs. Edith E. Bigelow has obtained an absolute divorce from Poultney Bigelow, on statutory grounds. Under the new law an interlocutory decree has been entered in her favor and she will not be wholly free until three months after the filing of the pepaper in the county clerk's office. Under the wording of the decree, Mrs. Bigelow will then be at liberty to remarry, "as though Mr. Bigelow were dead," while he is prohibited from remarriage "until she is actually dead," a provision which would prevent him from having a marriage ceremony performed in this state, but not elsewhere. Mr. Bigelow came here from Europe during the winter for the avowed purpose of contesting his wife's suit. The case was referred to Charles Donohue, formerly a judge of the supreme court. Many witnesses were examined.

The referee found the charges had been sustained and decided in Mrs. Bigelow's favor. By the terms of the decree one of the children, Mildred, is to remain in her father's custody, with the provision that her mother may see her and have access to her at any time. The other children, Edith, Evelyn and Dorothy, will remain with their mother. Their father may see them when he wishes and each may decide when she comes of age, under the guardianship of which parent she will continue.

This decree was signed by Judge Blanchard, of the supreme court. Mrs. Bigelow's maiden name was Jaffray. She was married on April 16, 1884 to Mr. Bigelow, a son of John Bigelow, a former United States minister to the court of St. James. The German emperor's friendship for Mr. Bigelow is well known.

STORY THAT "HOD" TAYLOR MAY QUIT TREASURY DEPARTMENT

And Return to Wisconsin—He Is Confined to His Room By Illness, and His Close Friends Say Report Is False.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Washington Post this morning prints a story to the effect that Assistant Secretary H. A. Taylor is soon to resign and return to Wisconsin. Mr. Taylor himself could not be seen this morning as he is confined to his bedroom suffering from an attack of grippe. He has been ill for nearly a week, but is said to be now convalescing and if the weather is favorable will return to his desk before the close of the week. Close friends of Mr. Taylor in and out of the treasury department assert that he has no intention of resigning and class the statement as one of the many speculative ones which have been current about the treasury since the elevation of Robert B. Armstrong. Secretary Shaw's former private secretary, and the recent resignation of Assistant Secretary Ailes. So far as "Hod" Taylor is concerned he does not intend to relinquish his present position, his friends assert, and no matter who may be appointed to succeed Mr. Ailes or what transfer may occur Assistant Secretary Taylor will continue in the position he has for more than four years filled with ability and to the entire satisfaction of the president.

SHOT HIMSELF AND WAS SORRY

New Haven, April 7.—After shooting himself four times, once in the head and three times in the abdomen, Walter Hickley sat down beside the railroad track in Milford to die. Regretting his act he staggered to his feet and with two sticks of wood in his hand, which he had grasped as he fell, he waved frantically at an express train speeding toward this city. He then fell over as though dead. The engineer saw the apparently dying man and stopped the train. The trainmen rushed to Hickley's side. Hickley was hardly able to speak from loss of blood. He was put aboard the train and brought to this city where at the hospital it is said he will probably recover.

AMERICAN PROSPECTORS ARE SAFE

Chicago, April 7.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from New Orleans says: Dr. Gillespie, Dr. Dillhoeffer and F. E. Miller, of Clevtland, and Fred W. Wedrich and Fred Miller, of Dubuque, Iowa, composing the party of American prospectors who were in peril in Spanish Honduras, and to guarantee whose safety Senator Hanna asked a warship sent, arrived here last night direct from Honduras, safe and sound. Dr. Gillespie said the revolutionists were in control of all ports of Spanish Honduras. Consul Campbell, it is said, is practically being held for ransom in Tegucigalpa, Honduras, by the Sierra forces. He has been forced to contribute $100,000 to the campaign against Bonilla.

AN OILER'S MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

New York, April 7.—Caught in a wheel making 200 revolutions a minute, Michael Devaney, an oiler, employed in a Brooklyn iron works, was whirled around the circle for perhaps two minutes yesterday, but not seriously hurt. Devaney was at work beside a big fly wheel when his coat was caught in the belting. He yelled once or twice as he was drawn to what he thought was his death and then became unconscious. Quickly the belting was thrown off the wheel and Devaney's body fell to the floor limp and apparentl lifeless. Doctors were summoned and the supposed dead man was thoroughly examined for mortal injuries.

While the doctors and shopmates were gathered about the limp form, the supposed corpse sat upright, rubbed his head and looked about in a confused manner. Devanney recovered sufficiently in a few moments to become curious as to what had happened, and when he was informed he whistled and remarked it was a closer call than he wanted again.

STOCKMAN AMBUSHED AND KILLED

Akron, Col., April 7.—The bullet riddled body of Joseph I. Meehan, a wealthy stockman, who lived alone on his ranch northeast of this place, has been found lying on the prairies within a short distance of his house. It is believed that he was shot from ambush Friday night, as he was returning home from visiting his brother, another cattleman, and which is the result of a feud. For some time trouble has broken out at intervals among the range men over the question of the right to use the range, and in December last Meehan and a ranger named John Irwin engaged in a pistol duel, Irwin being fatally shot. Meehan was so badly wounded that he was in the hospital several months. It is said that following this encounter threats were made against Meehan's life. Meehan was very popular in the neighborhood in which he lived, and feeling is strong against the shooting.

AUTOMOBILE DASHES DOWN HILL

Manhasset, L. I., April 7.—Dr. Charles M. Niesley, a prominent physician of this village, with his two sons—Charles, 9 years old, and Paul, 7 years old—has had a narrow escape from being killed in an automobile accident. As it was, Dr. Niesley had his right arm fractured and his two boys were badly cut. While preparing to start from Spinney hill the side bar of the machine snapped. Instantly the machine dashed down the steep incline. It swerved from the road and ran full speed down a low embankment, and then turned upside down. Dr. Niesley was rendered unconscious. His two boys staggered to their feet, stunned, and when unable to arouse their father, managed to drag themselves into this village, where help was summoned.

Test for Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties of Swamp-Root

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the World-Famous Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, Will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

I wrote to Dr, Kilmer & Co., at Binghamton, N, Y., for a free sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and its effect apon me was so noticeable that I bought a supply, and after taking a few bottles of Swamp-Root I had entirely recovered, and in six months I became the man you see me now. I had kidney trouble,aggravated by bladder trouble. Was obliged to pass water often day and night, had back-ache, and was run down generally. A few bottles of this remedy did more for me than a dozen physicians could.

Hugo Hutt

865 Stillman St.,
Philadelphia, (Pa.,) Fire Dep't.

I am a firm believer in that wonderful remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It's a great medicine when a man is not feeling well; after exposure or loss of sleep and irregular meals. It is also a great medicine to tone up and regulate a man. There is such a pleasant taste to it and it seems to go right to the spot. I use it and recommend it. There is more Swamp-Root used by Kansas City firemen than any other medicine twice over.

Yours truly,

Alex. Henderson

Assistant Chief,
Kansas City, (Kansas), Fire Dep't.

I cheerfully give my endorsement to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which I sincerely believe, from my own experience, stands at the head of all known curatives for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

My own cure and also my personal observation during years of service in the Toledo Fire Department, have convinced me that Swamp-Root is a medicine of wonderful merit. I have seen many who have been pronounced incurable, speedily restored to health by Swamp-Root.

Yours Respectfully,

G. W. Fraser

No. 1 Engine House,
Toledo (Ohio), Fire Department.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the famous new discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering with *fatal results are sure to follow.* Kidney troubles irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless, irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble; you get a sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy that science has ever been able to compound.

EDITORIAL NOTICE— Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder remedy, is so remarkably sucessful that a special arrangement has been made by which all of our readers who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing, be sure and mention reading this generous offer in Duluth Daily Herald when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root—Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

FROM THE SOUTH

Lumbermen of Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma to Visit Here.

Will Reach Here on Manitou From Chicago June 10.

Hickory, birch, Norway pine,
The lumbermen
Are going to shine.
Oklahoma, "You show us,"
From old Missouri—
You show us.
Lumber, lumber, all the time
Hip, hip! Hoo-Hoo!
Whattell.
—Lumbermen's War Cry.

Duluth will be stormed by a crowd of Southwestern lumbermen June 10, when the steamer Manitou will bring a big excursion of them here from Chicago.

The Southwestern Lumbermen's association, formerly the Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma Lumbermen's association, has decided to pay Duluth a visit, among the other cities it will visit during its northern trip this summer.

This will be the first time for the Southern lumbermen in Duluth, and if they are of the same species as their brethren in the northern pineries, there will be something doing around the old Zenith in the time that the party spends here.

The Southwestern association is a strong organization and it is expected that 200 or 300 members will take the Manitou at Chicago, June 6, for the trip. The party will congregate at Kansas City, from which city they will leave on the morning of the night they take the boat.

The itinerary has been prepared by the secretary, Harry A. Gerusch, and is as follows: Chicago, Harbor Springs, Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Duluth, arrive 7 a. m. June 10, leave 4 p. m.; Ashland, Hancock, Mackinac Island, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Some form of entertainment will be prepared and offered by the Commercial club at this city, and the visitors will be shown around the city and the surrounding territory, and probably to the Alger-Smith works down by the bay.

It is likely that arrangements will be made to have some of the party stay over a while longer and catch the boat at Ashland by special train if they find Duluth interesting enough to remain after the schedule time. It is figured that the trip will take about eleven days, and the men in charge of the arrangements are working on the details of the journey already.

AT WEST DULUTH

"Never since 'boom times' has there been such a scarcity of houses in West Duluth as at the present time," said a West Duluth real estate dealer today. "A large number of families have moved to West Duluth from the city proper, in addition to all those that are arriving from outside cities, and in spite of the large amount of building that is going on there is scarcely a house in West Duluth today that is for rent. This scarcity continues in spite of the rise in rents which has taken place during the past few months.

"There is also considerable activity in the real estate business. A number of lots have been sold during the past week and several houses. In nearly every case the lots that have been sold have bee nfor sites for homes. There are more people in West Duluth buying their homes and building them today than there has been for years, and in many cases they are paying cash for them.

"The district about Grand avenue west has taken on a new value in the eyes of investors. The street railway has already a number of rails on the ground, and it is evidently the intention to push to an early completion the long-delayed extension. The land in the vicinity of Grand avenue west is level, and with good car service would make one of the most desirable residence portions of West Duluth."

CONDEMNATION HEARING.

The condemnation proceedings for the widening of the Jenswold street subway will be heard before the board of public works today.

The object of the condemnation proceedings is to secure land on each side of the cut in order that it may at any time be widened to admit of the building of a wagon road through the subway. At present the cut is just wide enough for the tracks of the street railway, and it is desired that land should be secured in order that whenever there are sufficient funds on hand to permit it the cut may be widened.

The wet weather of the past few days has been delaying the work of laying the tracks and ballasting, and it will be several days yet before the cars will be running through the subway.

TELEPHONES WORKING.

Fifty instruments belonging to the Zenith Telephone company in West Duluth have been again connected and are ready for service after the unfortunate fire of Saturday. About twenty-five additional ones will be connected this afternoon and the remainder before tomorrow evening.

A new switch board for the West Duluth central office is expected to arrive during the latter part of the week, and it will be substituted for the temporary one which is now being placed in position.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The committee of the West Duluth Commercial club on taxes will meet with the committee from the council and the county commissioners this afternoon to discuss a plan for placing certain "dead" property on the active tax list.

For sale—300 bushels fancy early rose seed potatoes at J. J. Lauerman's.

Twenty-five per cent off on all wall paper at S. J. Nygren's.

Bert Riddle, of Minneapolis, is making a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

Lawrence Gilley left yesterday for the range.

Edward Woolway and Robert Rogers are visiting friends in West Duluth today.

Easter footwear at Lauermann's.

Miss Grace Foster, of Brainerd, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

E. C. Hastings, of Minneapolis, is in the city today on a business trip.

Stylish shoes at Lauermann's.

Miss Ethel Fisher, of Ashland, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Joseph Burton and family, of Winona, have moved to West Duluth and will make this city their home in future.

Louis Foucault left this morning for his old home in Ottawa, where he was called by the death of his mother.

Joseph Bovine and J. Doe have returned from Saginaw, where they spent the winter months.

I. Grettum lef for Carlton this morning for a short business trip.

Norman Day and family, of Cloquet, have moved to West Duluth and taken up their residence at 217 Fifty-first avenue.

S. C. Murphy left for Grand Rapids this morning.

August Bouska returned from Hibbing yesterday and left this morning for St. Paul.

Mrs. Harry Defoe left this morning for a three-weeks' visit with friends in Ashland.

H. Norman left this morning for a fishing trip to Isle Royale. He expects to be absent about five months.

ELECTROCUTION BILL KILLED BY SENATE

(Continued from page 1.)

charge $1 for every defendant on whom such a return is made.

The house passed nineteen bills, all of a decidedly dreary nature. Mr. Dowling's bill relating to school meetings in St. Louis county, designed to prevent a recurrence of the recent difficulty between Eveleth and Virginia, was passed. It provides that in districts having over 200 voters there shall be two polling places, and the polls shall be kept open from 4 o'clock to 8 o'clock p. m.

The Witherstone bill, providing that where there is no pay to a position sought by a candidate he need pay no fees for getting on the ballot, was passed.

The senate put in the morning on the calendar, passing among other bills the Hickey house bill giving St. Paul policemen a pension system. The senate bill requiring surveyors general of logs and lumber to inspect and survey posts, poles, etc., was passed. So was Capt. Randall's house bill providing for the appointment of probation officers, which now needs the governor's signature. The bill requiring surveyors to take examinations and secure licenses was killed 20 to 19.

The Clague house bill giving county attorneys a contingent fund of $500 for expenses in getting up prosecutions, was passed, and so was the Clague bill increasing the number of peremptory challenges allowed the state in criminal cases. The Budd bill regulating the manner in which state mining leases are to be issued was another bill that was passed. Both houses adjourned to this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

IS FINALLY CAUGHT

Mrs. Baker of Sacred Refuge Fame Convicted at Hudson.

Orphanage Soliciting Has Rolled Up Big Bank Account.

In the fine art of consummate grafting the Baker "Sacred Refuge Orphanage" was apparently in a class by itself.

Mrs. J. S. Walter Baker, who still claims to be the very incandescence of sanctity, and who founded the notorious institution in Duluth nearly three years ago, is able to show a $20,000 bank account, but scarcely an orphan and the orphans she does show give the most incriminating evidence against her.

It is altogether likely that the $20,000 donated for the care of "orphan" children by charitably inclined people of Minnesota and Wisconsin, will be used in an effort to keep Mrs. Baker from spending a few years in the Wisconsin state prison.

At Hudson, Wis., yesterday she was convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses after a trial that was one of the most sensational in the history of the Badger state. Her conviction is largely due to the determined efforts of District Attorney H. H. Dean, of Hudson, and formerly of West Superior.

Driven from Duluth, through the efforts of Chief Troyer and others, the notorious orphanage located in West Superior, but that was too close to Duluth and it was then taken to Alma, Wis.

Mrs. Baker organized the "orphanage" in this city in 1900. She started in practically penniless and with only one small room in the Dodge block. She was extremely religious and soon worked up a big business with mostly imaginary orphans as the basis for the heart-breaking appeals she made to those charitably inclined.

The people of this city soon became suspicious of a charity institution managed with such peculiar methods and there was a public investigation of the "orphanage" in 1901, which showed the institution up in its true light as far as Duluth was concerned.

The Bakers then got quarters at Lakeside and started female canvassers out through the small towns of Minnesota and Wisconsin soliciting for the orphanage. During this time there were six children in the institution, three of whom belonged to the Bakers and there were numerous grown up people ably fitted to make a living for themselves.

In the recent trial at Hudson, testimony came out in which it was proven that one solicitor on the road for the Bakers for four months turned in from $10 to $40 a day, and that from $1000 to $1100 was sent to the orphanage in small amounts through the fourth class Lakeview postoffice, to say nothing of the larger sums turned in by more successful collectors in sums too large to be sent through a fourth class office.

After all this success Mrs. Baker fell down on a measly little 25-cent donation given by a real estate agent and lawyer, of Hudson. She was convicted of geting this 25-cent donation under false pretences and may be sentenced to from one to five years in prison.

There was one bona fide orphan in the institution that was badly wanted by the prosecution as a witness. His name was John Perry, but when the officers went to the "orphanage" at Alma the boy could not be found. Finally a local officer told Mrs. Baker's mother that her daughter needed Perry at Hudson as a witness for her, and the boy was produced, having been hidden on a farm eight miles from the town.

All through the proceedings Mrs. Baker wore mourning, and that religious demeanor so well known to the Duluth people. In the case it not only developed that the Bakers were collecting, but they were also charging the relatives of these children a dollar and a half a week for board, and the court instructed the jury to find Mrs. Baker guilty, if they considered she was operating a boarding house instead of an orphanage.

Chief Troyer of the city police department and H. C. Withrow, the St. Louis county humane agent, were the leading state witnesses.

COLORADO ASSEMBLY ENDS.

Denver, April 7.—The regular session of the fourteenth general assembly came to a close this morning by constitutional limitation. The general appropriation was passed by the senate after the adjournment of the house. Some members claim that for this reason it is illegal and an extra session is necessary. No eight-hour law was enacted, although a constitutional amendment authorizing an enactment was adopted at the last election.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure

Costs Nothing If It Fails.

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer.

I am a specialist in Rheumatism, and have treated more cases than any other physician, I think. For 16 years I made 2000 experiments with different drugs, testing all known remedies while searching the world for something better. Nine years ago I found a costly chemical in Germany which, with my previous discoveries, gives me a certain cure.

I don't mean that it can turn bony joints into flesh again; but it can cure the disease at any stage, completely and forever. I have done it fully 100,000 times.

I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my book on Rheumatism, and I will mail you an order on your druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure. Take it for a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is only $5.50. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself—and your mere word shall decide it.

I mean that exactly. If you say the results are not what I claim, I don't expect a penny from you.

I have no samples. Any mere sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met. And in all my experience of all my 2,000 tests—I never found another remedy that would cure one chronic case in ten.

Write me and I will send you the order Try my remedy for a month, as it can't harm you anyway. If it fails it is free.

Address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

Leading the Way to Bayha & Co.,

Duluth's Greatest Home Furnishers—the Mecca for Economical Housekeepers. Our spring business is expanding to the fullness of its power, and every day we are reaping the benefits of early efforts and preparation. Our highest ambition is to make this store indispensable for your needs.

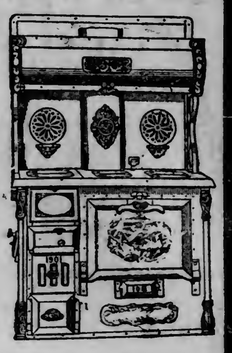
Extraordinary Values for this Week:

36 solid Oak Chiffoniers—5 large drawers—with French bevel plate mirror, exact copy of cut—sells this week at the remarkably low price of only—

$6.95

Steel Ranges $21.95.

We offer 24 of these high-grade Steel Ranges for this week at—



$21.95

COME EARLY—Don't wait until the very last—as you will get left as a great many did at our Steel Couch sale last week. These are genuine bargains—none such elsewhere. We are also giving special prices on Baby Cabs. Don't fail to see them—the finest line in the city. And don't forget your credit is good with us. You need only pay $10.00 a month on $100.00 worth of goods. Come along, don't worry—let us do that for you.

BAYHA & CO. LOWEST PRICE HOUSE-FURNISHERS IN THE CITY

News Tribune Building, 24 and 26 East Superior Street.

We Also Do Carpet Cleaning—Prices 3c and 5c per yard for quick, good and reliable service. We are the people

PREPARATIONS AT BISMARCK

Town Will Be Given Over to Reception of President.

St. Paul, April 7.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: When President Roosevelt reaches Bismarck this afternoon he will find the town given over to his entertainment. A delegation of 200 Sioux, Gros Ventre and Cree Indians arrived from the south and north this morning. Following the address of the president at the state capitol, they will present him with a written address testifying to their faith in him and their approval of his official acts in the interest of the Indians. Among the number will be Rain in the Face, the Sioux chief, who is credited with having killed Custer. The president and party will be taken from the Northern Pacific depot immediately to the state capital through streets lavishly decorated with flags. On three sides of the depot have been raised heroic pictures of the president, one as a plainsman, another at San Juan and a third as he appears in the White House. At the capitol the president will be greeted in Governor White's office by Governor White, the reception committee and state officers, and will make an address from the balcony of the capitol. Afterwards he will be driven past an old-fashioned barbecue, in which two whole steers are being roasted for the entertainment of visiting guests. The weather is perfect.

Pants! Pants!

It will be money in your pocket to purchase your pants from us. Splendid values at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and upwards. Perfect fitters.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY

William Fisher Retires From the British Treasury Department.

London, April 7.—William Hayes Fisher, M. P., financial secretary of the treasury, announced his resignation in the house today as a result of his connection as a director with a financial syndicate and of his acceptance of a bonus of shares in the concern.

Mr. Fisher said the syndicate, whose affairs were now before the courts, had never issued any shares to the public. The whole difficulty arose from the vendor pledging shares to a banker who sold them. Though he, Mr. Fisher was not rich, he and Sir Joseph Lawrence, another member of this private syndicate, had arranged that every creditor and every shareholder should be paid in full. He had handed over his check of $25,000 for this purpose.

While conscious of his own integrity, Mr. Fisher recognized that the strictures of Justice Buckley rendered him liable to attacks in his official capacity, and that he had therefore become a source of weakness to the government.

Mr. Fisher showed considerable emotion while explaining the cause of his resignation, and was sympathetically cheered from both sides of the house.

Premier Balfour expressed his sympathy and paid a warm tribute to Mr. Fisher's personal character and official capacity. The Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, associated himself with Mr. Balfour's remarks.

Take Piso's Cure for Consumption.—It will cure your cough. 25c. By all druggists.

PENNELL OWED LARGE AMOUNT

His Attorney Says He Cannot See How It Happened.

Buffalo, April 7.—Wallace Thayer, who was Arthur R. Pennell's friend and legal adviser in his lifetime, was seen today relative to a published statement quoting him as saying there was no doubt that the story of misappropriations was true, and that Pennell's brother, J. Frederick Pennell, had pleaded with him to destroy the trust papers, repudiated much that was attributed to him, and made a brief statement which embodied, he said, all that he cared to state at the present time. Mr. Thayer said: "J. Frederick Pennell, brother to A. R. Pennell, came to me last Friday and told me Arthur had left large debts to friends in the East. These debts, he said, were large enough to practically consume all the insurance and he advanced that as a reason why I should turn over to him the $25,000 in insurance which A. R. Pennell left me in trust. He said: "Unless you do this there will be practically nothing left to me."

Then Mr. Thayer made this statement: "I drew the inference from J. F. Pennell's statement that his brother must have made misappropriations of money. There is a vast amount of debt against the estate, some $200,000, and I can't see how he could have got into debt to that amount unless he spent money belonging to others."

Thomas Penney, who has been acting as attorney for Pennell's estate, when seen today was unwilling to discuss anything regarding Pennell's transactions. When asked whether the statement regarding his relations with Burdick, which Pennell is said to have written out just prior to his death, would be made public at the inquest, Mr. Penney said he knew nothing of any statement.

ECZEMA, NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

INDIANS FLEE

To Escape Eviction From the Warner Ranch.

San Bernardino, Cal., April 7.—The Warner ranch Indians are fleeing to the hills to escape eviction. Albert Juan, an Indian interpreter, who has just returned from the ranch, states that there is very little hope of the Indians submitting quietly to be carted off from Agua Caliente, and that they are now leaving the reservation, and the commissioners will find no one to move when they arrive. Juan intimates that before the Indians leave they will demand the payment of $50,000 for improvements made on the ranch.

ELECTROCUTED.

Marquette Man Loses His Life By Electricity.

Marquette, Mich., April 7.—Andrew Johnson, while attempting to relight an arc lamp near his home early this morning, was caught by the current and held fast until life was extinct. It was necessary to shut down the plant in order to free his body.

A GIFT FOR COLUMBIA.

New York, April 7.—Announcement of a gift of $100,000 to Columbia has just been made at a meeting of the university trustees. The donation is a bequest from the estate of Dorman B. Eaton, and the trustees voted to use the money to establish the Eaton professorship of administrative law and municipal science, in accordance with the terms of Mr. Eaton's will. Frank J. Goodnow, now professor of administrative law, has been appointed to the chair.

HANNA DISAPPOINTED

In the Result of Election at Cleveland.

Cleveland, April 7.—Senator M. A. Hanna gave the Associated Press the following brief statement concerning the results of yesterday's elections:

"While the result in Cleveland is disappointing to the Republicans, the effect will be to stimulate them to greater efforts in future campaigns. The result by no means shakes my faith in the belief that we cannot carry this (Cuyahoga) county next fall. The general situation in the state continues favorable to the Republican party.

"M. A. HANNA."

Mayor Johnson had no comment to make on the result further than to reiterate his previous statement that the result showed that the people were with him in his fight for 3 cent street car fare and tax reforms.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

Society For Its Advancement Meets at Detroit.

Detroit, April 7.—The delegates to the thirteenth annual convention of the American association for advancement of physical education were welcomed to the city by Mayor Maybury when their convention was called to order in the eastern high school today. The addresses at the morning session were in the nature of physiological studies of the effects of various forms of exercise. Tomorrow the delegates will visit the state normal school at Ypsilanti and the university of Michigan at Ann Arbor, where athletic exhibitions will be given for them by the students.

The Blake Hat.

The newest "correct" blocks (soft and derbies)produced for your selection for your Easter hat. "The Blake hat" in the latest colorings and black. See it and you will buy it.

HILL RETURNS FROM EUROPE.

New York, April 7.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, and his daughter, Miss E. R. Hill, returned on the Cedric today from Europe.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature Cures on every box. 25c.

DIAMONDS WILL BE HIGH.

New York, April 7.—New York jewelers are greatly disturbed over the news just received from London that in addition to the increase of 10 per cent in price of diamonds recently made by the De Beers Mining company, the British government will in all probability shortly enact a law establishing an export tax of 40 to 50 per cent upon all diamonds sent from South Africa.

The Latest In Spring Overcoats

Let us show you our assortment of spring overcoats, of neat, nobby styles, at $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

MORGAN IS DETAINED.

New York, April 7.—J. P. Morgan will not sail for Europe today, as he expected, although his passage was booked. The date of his departure is delayed indefinitely. No explanation is given for the delay, and it is said he did not know when he could get away from New York.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

FOR CATARRHAL INDIGESTION

Pe-ru-na Is a Specific.

Congressman Thompson says: "I Highly Recommend Its General Use."

Hon. Chas. W. Thompson.

Men of prominence all over the United States are commending Peruna.

Over fifty members of our National Congress have either used Peruna themselves or noted its benefit to the extent that they do not hesitate to give it public indorsement.

No other remedy in the world ever received such honorable and unqualified endorsement.

Governors, Mayors, Generals, Admirals, Consuls and scores of other government officials speak in high praise of it.

Thousands of people in the humbler walks of life rely upon it as a family medicine. Send for a free book of testimonials.

Mr. Chas. W. Thompson, member of Congress, Fifth Alabama District, writes from Washington, D. C.:

"My cashier has used your Peruna for indigestion with the most unexampled and beneficial results, and I cannot too highly or earnestly recommend its general use." —Chas. W. Thompson.

Indigestion is most always followed by catarrh of the stomach.

There is no use of taking remedies to palliate indigestion.

There is no use calling it dyspepsia, and then taking pepsin and other remedies to produce artificial digestion.

The only rational procedure is to cure the catarrh of the stomach. The catarrh once cured indigestion disappears, and there is no more dyspepsia. Taking artificial digestants is simply temporarizing with the difficulty. In this way valuable time is lost while the catarrh is fastening itself stronger and stronger upon the mucous membrane of the stomach.

A very short course of treatment with Peruna is sufficient to cure these cases.

Peruna is recommended by the highest authorities and the most conspicuous people in the land.

Congressman Botkin Cured of Catarrh by Pe-ru-na After Twenty-five Years Suffering.

In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, Congressman Botkin, of Kansas, whose fame is a national one, says of Peruna:

My Dear Doctor—"It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines, Peruna and Manalin. I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A resident in Washington has increased these trouble. A few bottles of your medicine has given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure. Peruna is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections."—J. D. Botkin.

Hon. J. D. Botkin.

Margaret J. Moore, 252 Garside street, Newark, N. J., writes: "I had dyspepsia so badly that I could not take a drink of water without suffering severe pain, or could not eat anything without bringing on dyspepsia. I took one bottle of your Peruna three months ago and can eat anything without suffering at all. I am as well as I ever was."

Mr. Edward E. Conn, 315 Woodward street, Jersey City, N. J., writes:

"I have had stomach trouble for three years up to one and one-half years ago when I first started with Peruna. After taking one bottle I found relief, so I kept on with Peruna for I was glad that I had found a remedy that would cure me. Every bottle I took made me feel better. When I began taking Peruna I only weighed 110 pounds, and now I weigh 160 pounds. I owe my health to Peruna, and highly recommend it to those who are suffering from catarrh."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MADE THEM DRUNK

Witnesses In a Hold Up Case Apparently Tampered With.

One Is Made Drunk and Shipped Out of Duluth.

Spirited away with intoxicating spirits, Matt Ark has had a sprightly experience during the past few days.

One night last week Mr. Ark, while cruising around the St. Croix district, was held up by three men and robbed of $10.

The police promptly arrested Gust Henning, John Salon and Andrew Mattson and the examination of this trio was to have taken place in the municipal court yesterday.

It did not take place because Ark could not be located. It was even suggested that detectives be stationed on Mount Ararat on the possibility that Ark would land there, but while the police were discussing the case a telephone message came from Hurley Wis., stating that a drunken woodsman had been taken off a train there and locked up and in his possession was a subpoena to appear in the municipal court of Duluth. A description of the man satisfied the local authorities that the woodsman was Ark, and today he was brought back to Duluth.

He says that men that were evidently friends of the three men that robbed him met him and got him drinking. They induced him to go to West Superior and in that city they succeeded in getting him very drunk. These new friends told him they would put him on a train for Duluth, but instead of doing so they put him on a train going the opposite direction and he woke up in Hurley.

Alfred Aleen another important witness in the case against Henning, Salon and Mattson claims that he was put in a state of drunkenness the night before last and was unable to appear in court yesterday morning when the examination was to have taken place. He was arrested charged with contempt of court but is now willing to tell all that he knows of the robbery as soon as the examination is called.

Easter Sale

By the ladies of St. John's Episcopal church of Lakeside. Useful and fancy articles, washable rugs, home-made bread, rolls, cake, etc, at Huot's candy store, Saturday, April 11.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS MEET

Annual Reunion and Conferring of Degrees Begins.

The annual reunion of the Scottish Rite Masons of St. Louis county opened this morning at the Masonic Temple, and a class of twenty-eight was started on the degree work, in which there will be conferred degrees from the fourth until the thirty-second.

There are about 100 members of the order at the various hotels, and this noon another large crowd came down from Hibbing and the range towns.

The work will continue until Thursday afternoon, when the elaborate conferring of the thirty-second degree will be made, with elaborate musical embellishment.

Thursday evening there will be an elaborate banquet at the Spalding hotel, when there will be speeches and music. Attorney John Quincy Adams, of Negaunee, will make the principal address and Judge Page Morris will also speak.

The sessions will be held this afternoon and evening at the Masonic Temple and tomorrow morning, afternoon and evening. The work is heavy and it is expected it will be finished up to the thirty-first degree by Thursday noon.

The work today is under the presidency of Veneral Master T. W. Hugo, who is conferring the degrees.

Those who arrived in town this noon for the reunion from the range cities were: J. L. Kimball, E. D. McNair, Virginia; B. H. Hayes, A. M. McDougall, J. H. Nelson, George Larde, Fred Kerch and M. M. Ghenet, of Hibbing; and O. L. Dyser, Proctorknott.

Blue Uniform Pants.

Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction, at $3.50 and $5.50 a pair.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

COMMERCIAL CLUB ANNUAL

Election of Directors With Meeting In the Evening.

The annual meeting of the Commercial club will occur in the club rooms tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. At this meeting Secretary Preston will have ready a statement of the financial status of the club and a digest of the amount of work it has accomplished during the year or has now under consideration. The meeting will be a very important one, and it is urged that every one of the members, of which there are now 1065, make a special effort to be present.

The election of the board of directors will take place tomorrow from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., the tickets already having been prepared to place in the hands of the members during the polling hours.

F. W. Parsons, one of those nominated for the directorate, has written Secretary Preston that his name must not be considered in the voting tomorrow. Mr. Parsons says that he will be out of the city so much of the time that even in case of his election he could not be able to attend properly to the duties of the office.

WILL GO TO CUBA.

Washington, April 7.—Although the negotiations are still in progress between the United States and Cuba respecting the Isle of Pines, there is reason to believe that the treaty to be drawn and which is now practically complete, will confirm the title of Cuba to the island.

A RECEIVER ASKED.

Trenton, April 7.—Application has been made for the appointment of a receiver for the Elberon Hotel and Cottage company, of Elberon, N. J. The liabilities are placed at $62,000 and the nominal assets at $60,000.

It Must Be Satisfactory!

One year ago the laundering of family work by the pound was unknown in this city. Now we are rapidly increasing the capacity of our plant to handle the large amount of this kind of work. Already two mammoth mangles are run to their full capacity and another will soon be put in. We want to grow, but can't unless you give us your patronage.

YALE LAUNDRY CO.,

30-32 East First Street. 'Phone 478.

WANTS HIS TICKET

John Alm Applies to the Court For His Transportation.

Furnished By Hannan to Get Him Out of County.

John Alm, the state's principal witness in the Hannan murder case, which was tried during the present term of district court, is after his ticket to the old country, which was used as an exhibit in the case and which is still held by the clerk of court awaiting final disposition.

Alm, however, is not likely to gain possession of the ticket without opposition. He has applied to Judge Cant for an order on the clerk of court to deliver over the ticket, but the court has not consented to give the order unless both the county attorney and Hannan's attorney, Alexander Marshall, shall agree to it, or failing to agree, there shall be a hearing when the attorneys may argue the matter.

According to the evidence disclosed at the trial, the ticket was bought by Hannan in West Superior, for the purpose of transporting Alm, who had been subpoened as a witness by the state, to his old home in Sweden. The ticket covered railroad and steamboat transportation and cost in the neighborhood of $80.

It is made out in the name of John Alm and was signed by him. The ticket was in Alm's possession when he was taken into custody by the sheriff of this county and was taken with the promise that it would be returned to him. Alm believes that he is rightfully entitled to the ticket and he desires it returned so that he can make use of it and make the visit to the old country, which he was about to take when arrested and brought back to Duluth.

The state made much of Hannan's attempt to get Alm out of the country so that he could not testify against the defendant at the time of the trial. Hannan claimed that he did not know Alm had been subpoenaed, and that his reason for attempting to get him out of the way was for self preservation, for he did not know just what Alm might testify to.

County Attorney McClintock says that he has not the least objection to the ticket being returned to John Alm, but he will object to its being turned over to Hannan. It is about as certain that Hannan will object to Alm's having the ticket, for which he paid with a specific purpose in view, and which did not materialize in a way that he expected.

Mr. McClintock was at the court house today to arrange for a hearing of the matter before Judge Cant, at which Mr. Marshall and himself will argue the question of rightful ownership.

NEWS OF THE STORES

Panton & White—Sale of 500 beautiful taffeta silk waists at $2.98.

Gray-Tallant Co.—Continuation of millinery opening tomorrow.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.—Showing of later arrivals in high-grade suits, hats and other Easter merchandise.

Bayha & Co.—Special sale of oak chiffoniers and high-grade steel ranges.

R. R. Forward & Co.—Special prize offering, beginning April 22, to ladies to bake the best loaf of white bread.

F. D. Day & Co.—Discount sale on the celebrated Libby cut glass.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

Boys' and Children's Suits.

Just opened, a new assortment of boys' suits to fit ages 8 to 16 years. They are eye-openers to the shrewd buyers, at $1.50, $2, $3 and $5. Splendid fitters.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

MINERS' TROUBLES.

Men Strike at Mahoney; Return at Shamokin.

Mahanoy City, Pa., April 7.—The drivers employed at the Maple Hill colliery of the Philadelphia & Reading company went on strike today because of this company refusing to allow them fifteen minutes at quitting time to stable the mules, and as a result 1400 mine workers, men and boys, are idle. The mine has a daily output of 1500 tons. This is the largest and best producing colliery of the Reading company.

Shamokin, Pa., April 7.—The 800 employes at the Mineral company's Luke Fidler colliery resumed work today, the employes at their meeting last night agreeing to work nine hours on Saturdays until the matter could be definitely settled through arbitration.

The Enterprise colliery, owned by W. L. Connell & Co., was started today after being tied up by the men since last Friday, they, too, agreeing to work full nine hours on Saturday until the question is arbitrated.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

LOST HIS HEAD

A Minneapolis Police Official Hears From Chief Troyer.

Insinuations as to Prosecuting Grafters Are Promptly Resented.

Not since the notorious Minneapolis municipal scandal has there been anything as seething in that city as a recent interview between Capt. Alexander of the Hennepin county jail and Chief Troyer of the Duluth police department.

In his apparent dissatisfaction at the manner in which the Duluth police were handling the former Minneapolis gang of grafters, Capt. Alexander made a number of insulting insinuations which the local chief resented and promptly called him to account for.

Alexander is not a police officer, but jailer in the county jail, and it is claimed that it was he that induced Billy Erwards and Charlie Howard to give testimony against the Minneapolis police department in the recent corruption expose.

It has been a source of great annoyance to certain Hennepin county authorities that the Duluth police apprehended and prosecuted two members of the big mitt gang that are wanted badly to give state's evidence against "Doc" Ames in the forthcoming trials. In fact authorities from Hennepin county wrote here during the Howard trial and urged the local authorities to go easy with him. They paid no attention to the request.

In the meantime, Billy Edwards, wanted as one of the chief witnesses against former Mayor Ames, disappeared because the local police were looking for him for a big mitt swindle he worked in this city. Capt. Alexander is interested in getting Edwards to Minneapolis, and Edwards declined to show up until he knew what the Duluth authorities expected to do with him.

When Alexander and Chief Troyer met in the Minneapolis police headquarters, Sunday morning, the Hennepin county jailer asked if Chief Troyer still wanted Edwards. Mr. Troyer replied that Edwards was wanted in this city for swindling with cards, and the jailer immediately opened up in an abusive and insinuating strain. He said the Duluth police would not have arrested and prosecuted Charlie Howard and Martin Moore, and would not have looked for Edwards but for a spirit of revenge, engendered because these big mitt men had given evidence against the police department of Minneapolis, and insinuated that other big mitt grafters were allowed full sway in Duluth with the knowledge and consent of the authorities.

Simultaneously there came a rumbling from the local chief which gave Capt. Alexander to understand that there was not the slightest cause for insulting the Duluth department, as a whole, or any member of it, and that grafters of all descriptions would be prosecuted even if they had friends as high up as the Hennepin county people that were interceding for them. Just about the time the chief was getting his speed Cap. Alexander took advantage of a telephone call to make a hasty exit.

It is probable that he will yet have to answer for some of the things he said, as other city officers are still after him. His statement that Duluth police prosecuted Howard solely out of revenge is rather absurd, in view of the fact that Howard only got three and one half years in Stillwater, while U. S. Skonning, a big mitt grafter that had nothing to do with the Minneapolis scandal, got ten years in Stillwater recently.

Capt. Alexander, in explaining his conversation, says:

"My talk with Chief Troyer was entirely impersonal," said Capt. Alexander this morning. "I stated that I did not believe Howard would have been prosecuted had it not been for his having been mixed up in the Minneapolis expose of last year. I also told the chief during our talk that Duluth was, during the fall and spring months, one of the best places in the country for "big mitt" work. I did not, however, make any personal charges against the officials of that city, and there was not the slightest ill feeling on my part against Chief Troyer."

TENNESSEE DERBY

Will Be Run Over Very Muddy Course.

Memphis, April 7.—The Tennessee derby will be decided over a course deep in mud this afternoon. At midnight a steady downpour of rain set in and continued until nearly noon. The field includes six thoroughbreds, all well known, except T. H. Stevens' Tracy, a son of Wadsworth and Fonsie and a full brother to Wyeth, the American derby winner of 1902. Tracy will start in his first race today and is a promising youngster. The probable starters, weights, jockeys and ante-post betting follows:

Rightful, 122, Bullman, 3 to 5.
Claude, 122, J. Daly, 3 to 1.
Banter, 119, Fuller, 8 to 1.
Senator Morrison, 122, Hoar, 8 to 1.
Judge Himes, 122, Coburn, 8 to 1.
Tracy, 122, Matthews, 30 to 1.

DATES SET

For Arguments Before the State Supreme Court.

St. Paul, April 7.—The state supreme court today set dates for argument in 1903 cases pending before it. Of these forty-one are from Ramsey county, forty-two from Hennepin and seven from St. Louis.

The appeal of F. Ames, who was sentenced to six years and six months by the district court of Minneapolis, on a charge of accepting bribes from dissolute women while he was superintendent of police in Minneapolis, will be heard June 15.

POSTMASTERS AND PENSIONS.

Washington, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters have been appointed: Central, Wadena county, Harry E. Thompson, vice James F. Oliver, resigned; Freedheim, Morrison county, Oscar Swanson, vice F. Olson, resigned.

The following pensions have been granted: Increase—Rolla C. Hudson, of Foley, $24; John H. Fetch, of Elk River, $12. Widow's—Minnie C. Saunders, of Fridley, $8.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Four Days from Tomorrow--Easter!

Four days in which to make all preparations for Easter Sunday—clothes, hats, and all the other things that go with them.

It doesn't seem advisable to wait until the last minute, for that usually means disappointment, but if you must wait and haven't got any too much time, pick the right place.

If a happy chance directs you to this store, and reveals to you the merits of the Stein-Bloch spring tailored suits, costumes, demi-costumes and wraps of every sort, you'll thank the chance.

You can't help but admire the choice things in our windows, if you glance at them as you pass, but

There's far more in our stock than we can display in the limited space our windows afford us!

The Easter display now at its best—is bubbling over with newness.

Our immense garment business the past few weeks has made it possible for us to place in our stock hundreds of new garments—styles that will not see the daylight of any other store but this one for the Head of the Lakes—styles that have every new feature out this season.

The late arrivals will interest you—we invite you to see them.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

BABCOCK AROUSED

By Secretary Root's "No Tariff Tinkering" Speech.

Washington, April 7.—Representative Babcock's ire has been aroused over the speech of the secretary of war in Boston, of which "No tariff tinkering" was the keynote. The Wisconsin representative said:

"I regard the Fifty-eighth congress as pledged to a revision of the tariff, but let it be remembered in this connection that the Republican party is standing squarely on its plank of protection to American industries, and that any tariff reform which it would inaugurate would be with that plank as a working basis. In other words there should be a revision along certain lines where no protection is needed.

Mr. Babcock pointed out that President Roosevelt's Minneapolis speech is broader and more liberal than that of Secretary Root. The president favored modification of schedules, and does not regard the Dingley tariff act as at all sacred.

"We of the West," said Mr. Babcock, "must stand by our guns."

While Representative Babcock would not be interviewed on the Cuban treaty, it is, nevertheless, understood that when that instrument comes up before the house of representatives it will open up a tariff fight. The fight will come first on the adoption of a rule to put the Cuban treaty through with limited debate. Enough Republicans are expected to oppose any such rule, to defeat it, with the aid of Democratic votes.

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

PRESIDENT PLEASED

With the Picture of the Rhein Family.

St. Paul, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—While in this city Saturday President Roosevelt was presented by Mayor R. A. Smith with a picture of the family of J. P. Rhein, of Washington county, Minn., the picture including Mr. and Mrs. Rhein, their nine children, forty-eight grandchildren and two great-grandchildren. All reside within fifty miles of the Rhein homestead.

Mayor Smith today received the following letter from President Roosevelt:

"Sioux Falls, April 6.—My Dear Mr. Smith: Will you congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Rhein for me? I am proud of them and was as pleased as possible with the two pictures of their children and grandchildren. That is the stuff out of which we make good American citizens.

"Thanking you for your courtesy during my recent visit to St. Paul, I am sincerely yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

If Your Easter Hat

Is a Blake, it's correct. Ask your dealer for it.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED

By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

**Varicocele,
Stricture,
Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Contagious Blood Poison
Rupture, Kidney and
Urinary Diseases,
Small, Weak Organs,
Discharges,
Seminal Emissions,**

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phsical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

☞ We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured. ☜

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

AN ACTIVE SEASON

Excursions Are Expected to Be Popular This Summer.

Fond du Lac Promises to Be In High Favor.

The summer excursion season on the lake and St. Louis river is not expected to open until June, but arrangements are already under way for doing a big business this summer. That there will be a greater excursion activity on the St. Louis river this season is generally conceded, and no doubt is expressed but that the beautiful river trip and the natural beauty spots along in the vicinity of New Duluth and Fond du Lac will be great attractions this year.

Nicholson & Clow, who operate the excursion steamer Newsboy, have just closed a five-year lease for Chamber's Grove, on the Minnesota side of the St. Louis river, at Fond du Lac, and will begin immediately to make improvements there in the way of fitting the place up for picnic grounds.

Chamber's Grove is one of the most beautiful spots along the river but has always been a private picnic ground.

It is reported from reliable sources that the parties owning the island in the river, which has been the usual picnic grounds in past years, have refused to lease it the coming year unless an agreement is made not to sell liquor. The sale of intoxicants of all kinds will be prohibited in Chamber's Grove. The general sentiment is that the St. Louis river picnic and excursions will become more popular if the people are convinced that the disturbances which have occurred up the river in the past because of liquor, will be effectually stopped.

The dock facilities at Fond du Lac and New Duluth are unsatisfactory to the people of both places and petitions are now being circulated among them to send to the city council asking that new docks may be put in before the excursion season opens.

The government proposes to do some dredging in the upper part of the river, deepening the channel to eight feet. The St. Louis river channel is to be buoyed and lighted this coming season so that the excursion steamers will be enabled to make trips after dark, something they have been prevented from doing in the past years. Moonlight excursions on the St. Louis river as well as on the bay and lake are likely to be among the possibilities this summer.

The indications are that the Fond du Lac region will be a popular locality for summer homes for Duluth people the coming season. Judge Cant has already a delightful summer home at Fond du Lac. Judge Windom has recently purchased a 10-acre tract near Fond du Lac, and numerous others are negotiating for small pieces of land there.

There is talk of the establishment of a summer hotel at Fond du Lac this summer and the project is said to have the backing of local capital. The proposition, according to one of the persons interested, has not yet progressed far enough to give details, but it is claimed that the prospects for such a building are much better now that the Northern Steamship company has announced that it will put one of its large white boats on the Buffalo-Duluth run. The idea in building the hotel at Fond du Lac is to attract attention to that locality for a few days or weeks some of the Eastern people who usually come up on the lake boats for a visit at the head of the lakes.

ADDITIONAL CLERK

And Promotions at the West Superior Postoffice.

Washington, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The postmaster at West Superior has been authorized to employ one additional clerk at $600 and to promote one clerk from $400 to $500 salary, one from $500 to $600, five from $700 to $800 and one from $900 to $1000.

DEFECTS IN THE MAINE

Structural Weakness Developed In the Mounts For Guns.

Washington, April 7.—Several messages have been received at the department from Capt. Leutz, commanding the battleship Maine, regarding the defects in the gun mounts of that vessel, but officials at the department feel sure that the necessary repairs can be completed at Norfolk in time to enable the Maine to accompany the North Atlantic fleet on its trip to the Azores.

Capt. Leutz says that during the gun practice in the Caribbean eight rounds each of the Maine's guns were fired with fairly successful results, though the emplacements of some of the six-inch guns on the upper decks showed weakness. In order that the nature of the defects should not be exaggerated Rear Admiral Bowles, chief constructor of the navy, today issued this statement:

"No detailed information has reached me regarding the Maine. But we have had two or three telegrams stating that the gun emplacements or foundations of several of the six-inch guns, of which there are sixteen, are not sufficiently rigid, and we have discovered that there is some trouble with the trunning gears of the twelve-inch turrets. The vessel not having been finally accepted from the contractors and the contractor being responsible for the work, the Maine has been ordered to Hampton Roads for examination in behalf of the department and contractor, to determine what work, if any, is required and to settle then when and where it will be done. I anticipate nothing serious and am confident that the Maine will be ready to accompany the fleet on its summer cruise."

MONEY PAVES WAY

For Easy Divorce of Duchess de Dino.

Paris, April 7.—The greatest secrecy is maintained in regard to the divorce which the Duchess de Dino secured from her husband this week.

One rumor was to the effect that the duke had been gambling recklessly at Monte Carlo and other places and that the duchess was anxious to save what was left of her fortune.

A friend of the duke stated today, however, that while he had been a heavy gambler he still retains an enormous income and slight economies would have repaired the damage caused by his losses, but dissensions arose and it was mutually agreed that the duchess should seek a divorce on the ground of incompatability of temper and the duke would not oppose a judgment in her favor. Cases of this kind usually drag through the court for at least a year, but the liberal expenditure of money smoothed the obstructions and made the legal wheels revolve rapidly.

The whole procedure was carried out in three weeks. The duke retains Montmorency castle and the duchess keeps the magnificent mansion situated on La Corniche road at Monte Carlo, which contains a collection of curios of great value. No woman was mentioned in the case.

The Blake Hat

(Union made) has no equal for the amount you pay for it and contains every essential feature of high grade hat making. They are characterized not only by "correct" style, but the finest quality. Try the Blake hat.

CONTRACT ASKED

Zenith Furnace Company Would Sell Gas to the City.

Theater License Matter Comes Before the Council Again.

The council last night:

Received first definite offer for proposed by-produce gas service.

Received petition to abolish the Bowery and restrict liquor traffic.

Resolved not to grant additional liquor licenses on the Bowery.

Received urgent recommendations for improved fire protection.

Received important quarterly report of the free labor bureau.

Requested conference committee to a conference with county commissioners.

Requested expert estimates on probable cost of bitulithic paving.

Removed last obstacle in lowering wires by passing conduit ordinance.

Received petition to vacate Belleview property in West Duluth.

Three hundred million feet of gas a year is offered the city by the Zenith Furnace company, and if negotiations now actively under way are any indication, the city will cease the business of gas manufacture, but continue to furnish fuel and light at the lowest possible cost through the municipal ownership system.

Last year the city manufactured 58,-193,000 feet of gas, and the increase in the business during the first quarter of the current year shows that an output of 75,000,000 feet will be necessary to meet the demands of 1903.

President A. B. Wolvin of the Zenith Furnace company personally appeared before the council last night and urged the city to enter into negotiations with his company with a view to making this important change, which will not only promote and encourage an important home industry, but, according to general opinion of gas-making experts, will do much to further the ends of municipal ownership and be a great saving to consumers in fuel and light.

If the city accepts the offer, the Zenith company proposes to build fifty modern by-product coke ovens on the blast furnace property at West Duluth. It is confidently believed that if the city will take the gas product of this system, the company can so reduce the cost of coke as to permit the Duluth concern to successfully compete with manufacturers elsewhere.

Such a scheme is not an experiment. A similar system in Everett, Mass., supplies the city of Boston with gas at a cost of $1.25 per 1000 feet. Another by-product coke oven plant in Camden, N. J., supplies gas in this way at $1.10 per 1000 feet, while in Baltimore an immense supply of gas is furnished in this way at $1.05.

The rate at present in Duluth is $1 per 1000 feet for water gas manufactured in the city's plant on Garfield avenue. Those back of the Zenith Furnace company proposition say that they can manufacture their higher grade of coal gas at a much less cost than the city is now furnishing the water gas.

About the only change in the present system would be the necessity of a high-pressure feeder main which would run the entire length of the city. Otherwise the present mains of the municipal system are considered adequate.

In West Duluth, where at present there are no gas mains, only high-pressure piping would be put in.

The offer which Mr. Wolvin made the aldermen last evening was as follows:

"You are aware of the great importance of having a furnace for the manufacture of pig iron, successfully operated at Duluth. After repeated trials, it has been found impossible to hitherto operate such a plant at a profit.

"It is confidently believed that by the erection of by-product ovens, in connection with the furnace, as the gas and by-products are utilized, savings can be made in the cost of coke, which would permit such a furnace, located at Duluth, to sucessfully compete with iron manufacturers elsewhere.

"In order to insure a price for the coke, which will not be prohibitive, the company, before erecting such by-product ovens, must be assured of a constant market for its gas, at reasonable prices. Unless such a market can be obtained, the cost of coke will be increased beyond the profit point.

"The undersigned company has invested a large amount of money in its furnace and appurtenances, and proposes, provided a contract can be made for a reasonable term of years with the city of Duluth to purchase from it constantly the gas from the ovens, to immediately make an additional investment of some hundreds of thousands of dollars, and erect fifty (50) by-product coke ovens of modern and improved design.

"The company can afford to manufacture and sell the gas, under such a contract, at a less price than the city can possibly manufacture and sell it itself, so that the benefit to the citizens of Duluth will be two-fold, not only in cheaper gas and better quality, but by reason of having a sucessful iron furnace permanently located at Duluth.

"We should be very glad to negotiate with you, on the subject of such a contract, and feel sure that it will be for them utual benefit of Duluth and its citizens and the company, if such a contract can be entered into."

The preliminary investigation and negotiations on the part of the city will be carried on by Aldermen Moore, Sang and Walker, representing the council, and by S. F. Snively, A. R. Macfarlane, L. B. Manley, J. J. Eklund, Hansen E. Smith and L. N. Case, representing the board of water and light commissioners.

* * *

Declaring drunkenness to be a curse to individuals, families, society and the nation, the Scandinavian Temperance society petitioned the council to wipe out the Bowery and put forth every effort to restrict and suppress the liquor traffic, and to compel all saloons to remove all screens and blinds from front windows and street entrances. The text of its request was as follows:

"The Scandinavian Temperance union through its committee respectfully begs leave to submit to your consideration the following resolution:

"In view of the fact that drunkenness is a curse to the individual, to the family, to society, to the church and to the nation, and knowing that drunkenness is caused by the liquor traffic as it is carried on today all over the country and in our own city, we come to you as citizens of this our prosperous commonwealth and kindly ask you, in behalf of all those that are suffering on account of the liquor traffic, to support every effort put forth to restrict and suppress the liquor traffic; and we further humbly ask that you do all in your power to further reduce the number of saloons by removing the Bowery from the city.

"We further ask that no license to sell intoxicating liquors be granted to theaters, and that all the saloonkeepers who violate the law should be punished acording to law and their licenses revoked. We also believe that all blinds and screens should be removed from the saloon windows, and therefore beg the common council to pass an ordinance to that effect."

The aldermen did not exactly "wipe" out the Bowery, but through the efforts of Alderman Moore a resolution was adopted declaring it the sense of the council that no additional saloon licenses should be granted in the Bowery district, and further declaring that the council will not sanction the selling of liquor in any theater building in the city where the saloon is connected with the theater proper, or where the saloon would have a connection with the main entrance to the theater.

After a keen debate the Moore resolution was adopted by a vote of 9 to 5.

* * *

Mayor Hugo sent in the strong recommendations of fire insurance underwriters for better fire protection on Fifth avenue west, in the wholesale district and on Garfield avenue. The mayor also suggested that in the proposed improvements of the water mains on these avenues provision be made for putting in additional fire hydrants, as recommended by the insurance people.

* * *

The quarterly report of the municipal free labor bureau was submitted by Secretary William F. Markus. The first three months of the year are the lightest in point of business, but in furnishing 476 jobs the bureau exceeded the business for the corresponding three months of last year by 47 per cent.

* * *

The municipal conference committee was requested to attend the meeting of the board of county commissioners today and work in the interest of having delinquent taxes on West Duluth property settled so that this property can be put on the active list once more, as urged by the West Duluth Commercial club.

* * *

A resolution was adopted calling on the city engineer to make an investigation of the offer of the Warren Bros. bitulithic paving plant and report on the estimated cost of laying bituminous macadam paving, should the city accept the Warren offer.

* * *

The conduit ordinance which will abolish the overhead wire nuisance in the business districts was passed with very little comment. On Superior and Michigan streets the companies are given until next January to put the wires underground, while in other portions of the central business district an additional year's time is given.

* * *

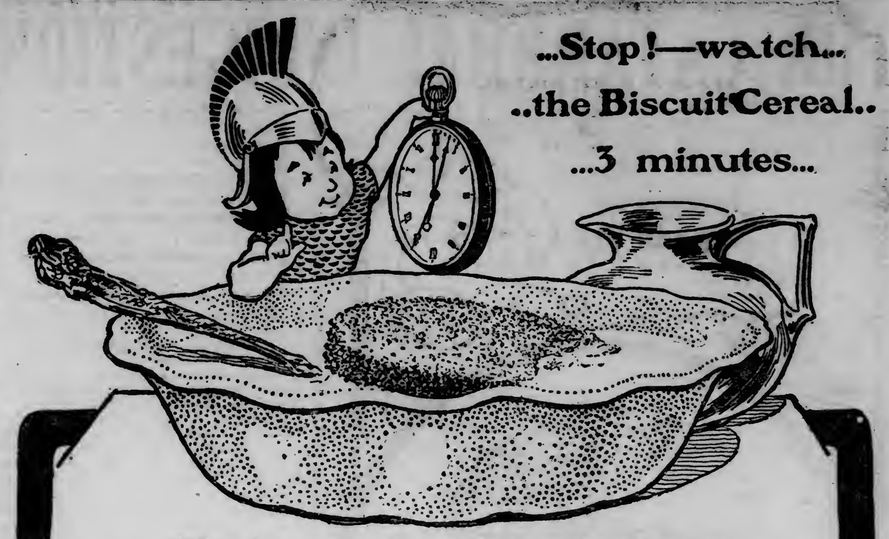
The Duluth Crushed Stone company, recently organized by prominent men of the city, asked for a general vacation of streets, alleys and public property of certain portions of Belleview Park addition, owned exclusively by those interested in the new West Duluth industry. The fact that there were such things as streets and alleys in Belleview Park seemed to surprise many of the aldermen, for it is about the rockiest portion of the city outside the Point of Rocks.

* * *

The extra bill of $2447 on the Jenswold street subway was allowed Contractor McDonnell after several weeks' delay.

STOLE A LIVERY STABLE.

Lafayette, Ind., April 7.—John F. Judy, president of the Call Publishing company, was arrested yesterday on three indictments, returned by a grand jury. One indictment charges him with conspiring with Samuel P. Hunter to steal Orson T. Goddard's livery stable at Clark's Hill. The other two indictments charge grand larceny. Judy was released on $500 bail. Samuel P. Hunter had previously been tried on a charge of stealing Goddard's livery stable, found guilty and sentenced. In an appeal for a new trial Hunter made affidavit against Judy, charging that Judy was the instigator of the crime. Hunter was granted a new trial and was released on $500 bail.



Did you ever.....see anything.....like it! .....You put it in cream..... wait three minutes.....Behold!.....tempting.....satisfying.....substantial .....soft as if you cooked it at home.....but *better* than home-cooked..... .....It's really marvellous.....Tried it yet?

Apitezo
The New Biscuit Cereal.

RAISING A FUND

New York House Collecting $50,000 to Advertise Superior.

Four Interested Have Already Subscribed $27,500—The Plan.

Superior is to be advertised and on a magnificent scale.

The sum of $50,000 is to be raised and expended for that purpose.

This would seem to be a great sum to be raised for such an object, but already $27,500 has been raised, and some immense interests have been enlisted in the movement.

The idea originates with the banking firm of Talbot J. Taylor & Co., of New York, one of the leading banking houses of that city, and a house identified with great interests and projects. It is the house which represents James R. Keene in his action against the Harriman and Union Pacific crowd over the Southern Pacific railway.

This firm was prominent in the reorganization of the Consolidated Land company, which owns a large part of that section of Superior known as Old Superior. Edward Carrington, of New York, who is connected with the firm, is also secretary of the Consolidated company and he is now in Superior. In explanation of the plan which is being pursued, he says:

"After the reorganization of the latter it became evident to the parties representing the various interests in Superior, which included not only the Land and River company, but the railroads and other large interests, that in order to secure new industries for Superior it would be necessary to place the claims of this city before Eastern capitalists. This, it was seen, would be too large an undertaking for any one party, and in order that it might be done on a large and intelligent scale, it was agreed among the leading owners that a fund should be secured and placed in the hands of Talbot J. Taylor & Co. for the purpose of making public the advantages presented at this point."

In pursuance of this plan Talbot J. Taylor & Co. have issued a letter of interests with a form of agreement for the raising of the "Superior Advertising Fund."

This agreement prescribes that the money shall be expended in setting forth the advantages possessed by Superior, and enumerates the lines which the advertising shall follow. These cover the excellence of its harbor and terminal facilities, the opportunities offered for manufacturing in many lines, its great grain terminal facilities, the close proximity of immense lumber and manufacturing and ore mining interests, its strong banking and commercial interests, and the fine prospects for farming in its vicinity.

The fund is to be raised to $50,000, and subscriptions are not available until they have reached the amount of $40,000, or more. Already $27,500 has been subscribed, as follows: Consolidated Land company, $10,000; Land and River company, $10,000; Billings estate, $2500; Northern Pacific railroad, $5000.

Mr. Carrington says:

"The advertising will be done on the most modern plan of city building and by the best experts possible to obtain. This plan has worked in other places where the advantagess offered were not nearly as great as in Superior, and I fail to see how it can be anything but a success in this instance."

THE STAGE.

In the "Prisoner of Zoresia," the Ferris comedians have made a very pleasing change in their bill at the Metropolitan Opera house. It is a romantic drama and gives excellent opportunity for members of the company to show their abilities. The events of the drama are supposed to occur in France, Russia and Poland. Vera, the daughter of Lady Dolly, a scheming Englishwoman, though in love with Courez, a French singer, is given in marriage to the Russian prince, Zouroff. Vera opposes the marriage until her mother deceives her by saying that the prince has her in his power. The prince has an infatuation for the Duchess de Sonaze, a Frenchwoman, who, powerless to prevent the wedding, plans to have her revenge on the Princess Zouroff by making the prince jealous. She succeeds in doing so and the princess is subjected to systematic ill treatment, being sent, finally, to Zeresia, one of the prince's estates in Poland, a gloomy and isolated place. Here she is kept a year without being allowed to see any of her friends. Courez finally discovers her and secures quarters in the neighborhood of the castle. He visits the princess and urges her to fly from the power of the prince, but she refuses, believing it her duty to remain as his wife. The duchess, her revenge not yet complete, tells the prince that Courez is at the castle and urges him to kill the singer. Lord Jura, a gallant English sportsman who has loved Vera, but never made it known because he knew it was useless, arrives in time to thwart the plot, and by insulting the prince draws him into a duel. Prince Zouroff is killed and Lord Jura is mortally wounded, but lives long enough to bring the princess and Courez together and bids them be happy.

Mona Carrington, audience her stay in the city, has never appeared at better advantage than she did as Vera. Lillian O'Neil, who made her appearance for the first time in this city, is a young woman of fine ability and magnificent physique and will undoubtedly be popular with the Metropolitan patrons. As the Duchess De Sonaze she had a despicable part, but played it excellently. George Elmore did some fine work as Courez and G. A. Forbes was an excellent Lord Jura. Will L. White, to whose lot it falls to be the villian, made a fine Prince Zouroff. Marie Harcourt gave a realistic characterization of Lady Dolly. Emily Baio was the lively and impressible American girl, Fuschis Leach, and Albert Doris was a typical young English lord who fell in love with the American girl.

New specialties have been introduced this week in the way of singing, athletic performances and juggling that are both sensational and interesting.

* * *

Those who love sensationalism will be at the Lyceum tonight to witness the performance of the railroad melodrama the "Heart of Chicago." This play is full of exciting situations and employs some very remarkable scenic aids. The first of these is the accurate reproduction of the great Chicago fire, panting engines, excited throngs, rushing cabs, leaping flames, shouting firemen and flying debris, add to the realism of the scene. Another bit of advance realism is to be found in the railroad effect in which a long stretch of level country is shown. Suddenly the headlight of the coming engine is seen in the distance, it gradually grows larger, the faint whistle of the engine becomes clearer, then the bell is heard and finally a full-sized engine is seen at the footlights. It is impossible to tell where the illusion ends and the engine which flinally confronts the audience, begins.

* * *

S. Miller Kent and company presented "The Cowboy and the Lady," the western comedy-melodrama which pictures life in a small town in old Colorado. It was a neat entertainment, with enough shooting and Indian ki-yi's to keep the gallery in a paroxysm of joy, and enough tears and pathos to start something with the sentimental, while the simple person who came to enjoy himself was entertained by some quiet comedy and some that was rather loud, though not offensive.

Mr. Kent and his company are not strangers in Duluth, as they showed here a year ago. The performance is good fun for anybody, and is a little different from the usual run of theatricals Duluth has been getting for the past few weeks.

Mr. Kent assumes the old Goodwin role of Teddy North, and does the self sacrifice act and defends himself in a peculiar and uncertain sort of a representation of a court of law.

While all the company is worthy of some approbation, Raplay Holmes as "Big Joe," the swearing cowpuncher, was probably the man who tendered the best bit, and Miss Josephine Sherherd acted in behalf of the ladies.

Miss Harmon and Miss Northern were the two leading personages among the women, Miss Wefting having some work to do also. It is essentially a woman show—that is, the women have the parts and the men are all foils. So it's rather easy for the male contingent.

The play deals principally with the cowboy character and the ways of the western populace. A murder, a killing afterwards, a large number of dastardly deeds done by the villians, and some sweet sayings, some heroic acts make up the plot—the same old thing told in another way.

STRUNG UP TO A LIMB.

Little Rock, Ark., April 7.—John Turner, colored, was lynched at Warren, Ark., for an attempted assault on Mrs. W. H. Neely, a white woman. Shortly after midnight a mob broke into the county jail and taking Turner out, strung him to a limb in front of the court house. Turner denied his guilt to the last breath. The coroner held an inquest which developed that the lynching was at the hands of unknown persons.

SPECIAL PRICES

for watch and jewelry repairing:

Watch cleaning	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering Jewelry	15c
Set Stone	15c
Pins for Brooches	5c
Engraving, per letter	3c

All work is guaranteed.
We buy old gold and silver.

White Barrios Diamond Co.

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,

413½ W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Don't Practice False Economy

In the matter of headwear. Remember we give you "style" and "quality" at a reasonable price. Duluth's own. The Blake hat.

CERO-FRUTO
THE ALL DAY FOOD
DIFFERENT FROM ALL OTHERS
THE JUICES OF THE FRUIT
WITH THE WHOLE OF THE WHEAT
ADAPTED TO OLD AND YOUNG
"YOUR WIFE ALWAYS FINDS TIME TO ENJOY HERSELF."
"YES, SINCE WE COMMENCED EATING CERO-FRUTO; IT ADDS ENJOYMENT TO LEISURE."
.30.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Easter

Silk waist snap at $2.98

500 beautiful taffeta silk waists in white, black, red, blue, pink, green, cream, yellow—Latest this season's style, on sale Thursday morning at 8 o'clock at almost half price. None sold, reserved, or laid aside before the hour set for this sale. See particulars tomorrow. See the waists in our

vestibule window.

SANBORN IS WRITING

Decision of the Court In the Northern Securities Case.

Many Think This Means a Decision For the Company.

St. Paul, April 7.—Walter H. Sanborn, of St. Paul, judge of the United States court for the Eighth federal circuit, is believed to be writing the opinion in the federal merger suit.

This means, in the opinion of many, that the decision will favor the Northern Securities company.

The arguments in the suit were submitted March 18, 19 and 20 at a sitting of the circuit court at St. Louis. The sitting was a special one called by the senior judge at the request of the attorney general of the United States under a special act of congress passed on Feb. 11, 1903.

The court consisted of Judges Caldwell—the senior judge—of Little Rock, Ark.; Thayer, of Denver; Van Deventer, of Wyoming, and Sanborn of St. Paul.

Judge Thayer is writing opinions in two other important cases, one a mining suit involving large itnerests and another affecting a railway injunction in the West.

Van Deventer is the youngest of the four judges, this being the first circuit court case ever argued before him. He was appointed March 10. Judge Caldwell is serving on what is generally considered his last case. He has served many years and is about to retire.

It is natural that Judge Sanborn, in whose district and state the case originated and who is a resident where the effect of the decision would be most felt, should prepare the decision.

Judge Sanborn arrived home from St. Louis a week ago. He spent the ten days prior to his departure from St. Louis in consultation with the judges who sat with him on the case. The judges selected one of their number to write the decision. That name has not been made public heretofore.

Since his return Judge Sanborn has spent hours alone in his study. Hundreds of books have been brought to him. He scarcely takes time for his luncheon. His work is alone and in secret.

"We are considering the most important piece of litigation since the granting of the charter of King John," said Judge Young in his argument at St. Louis. Again he referred to it as the "greatest piece of litigation in the history of civilized judiciary."

For the reason of its importance the decision will be looked for eagerly.

When Judge Sanborn completes the decision, typewritten copies will be sent to the other three judges. They will either concur or dissent, in which latter event they must write a dissenting opinion. The special act of Feb. 11, mentioned above, states that when the judges are divided, the case is to be certified to the supreme court of the United States direct, without an official opinion.

The judges are unable to decide on a construction of the words "when the court is divided." Some of them think that the word "divided" means an equal division, which would be two judges on each side. Another judge contends that "divided" means if they do not agree unanimously.

This is the first great question that must be settled between the judges before their decision can be filed. Many believe that the case will never be decided in the circuit court.

Meanwhile the financial world is waiting anxiously for the announcement of the decision.

The circuit court of appeals sits in St. Paul on the first Monday in May, and the decision may then be handed down, but it is more likely to be a month or more later.

To know officially the name of the judge who is writing the decision would be worth much to Wall street. Big speculators have ideas concerning constructions put on laws by the different judges who sat in the case. They believe that if they knew the name of the judge who will write the first opinion they could tell which way the decision will go.

The decision, when finished, will be announced in St. Paul in open court and read by the judge who prepared it. It will then be filed with Clerk Henry D. Lang of the Eighth circuit division of Minnesota, where the first papers were filed.

REASONING POWER

Said to Be Shown By Parisian Parrot.

Paris, April 7.—M. Pierre Hachet Souplet, writing in La Presse last evening on the intelligence of birds and animals, relates a remarkable accomplishment on the part of a parrot. He admits that the bird was an exceptionally clever specimen, and he considers its achievement indicates the high-water mark psychical possibilities as far as parrots are concerned.

He had taught Polly to use the words "cupboard" and "ladder," and, as he climbed the latter, he had succeeded in inducing the bird to articulate the word "climb." Every day when the bird was brought into the laboratory a small cupboard was opened and Polly helped herself to hempseed. One day, however, instead of the cupboard being placed where she could reach it, it was hauled up near the ceiling, and the ladder was placed among several other articles in the corner of the room.

The question to be decided was whether the bird, seeing that the cupboard was out of M. Hachet Souplet's reach, would have sufficient intelligence to use words it knew in the proper sequence. The first day's experiment was a failure. The parrot screeched "Cupboard," "Cupboard," beating its wings and biting the bars of its cage in anger, but it got no farther. That day the bird received millet, which it did not care for; the hemp seed, which it was very fond of, being locked up in the cupboard.

Next day Polly was in a greater temper than ever, and, after a desperate effort to break through the bars of her cage, she finally caught sight of the cupboard near the ceiling. Instantly came the words, "Ladder—climb—cupboard," and Polly, having learned her lesson, the cupboard was brought down and she was rewarded with some hemp seed.

M. Hachet Souplet looked upon this incident as a proof of the association of ideas in the bird's mind, as no one had ever taught the parrot the phrase she created.

ISLAND REFUGE

Is Preferred By Released Italian Woman Killer.

Rome, April 7.—Upon his release from prison Vernezzi, who in 1871 and 1872 murdered fourteen girls in the Bergamo mountains, was sent, at his own request, under escort to a small desert island in the Mediterranean, where he hopes to spend the rest of his days unknown, making shoes for the government.

Vernezzi was the forerunner of London's Jack the Ripper, and for more than a year terrorized the people of the mountain districts by deeds of atrocious bloodthirstiness directed against women and girls. He used to waylay them, disembowl and dismember them and hang their arms and legs with ropes to the trees.

He was hunted for fifteen months, and when caught was sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment, which he endured hour for hour. When the news that he was about to be set free became known the men of Bergamo got ready their rifles, the boys began to practice pistol shooting and the women and girls sharpened their knives and stilettos, all ready to fall upon the fiend the moment he showed up and cut him to pieces. The authorities learned that Vernezzi would be so thoroughly carved up if he returned that no proof of the crime would ever be discovered. As a consequence the murderer prefers to live on the desert island.

SHIP IS QUARANTINED.

Norfolk, Va., April 7.—Capt. Thomas, of the receiving ship Franklin, now under quarantine on account of diphtheria, has notified the police to arrest and hold all sailors from that vessel found in Norfolk. The police say that between fifty and 100 sailors have deserted the ship on account of the quarantine.

A DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, April 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a window cleaning apparatus has been issued to Simeon C. Lawler, of Duluth.

DYNAMITE BOMB EXPLODED.

Madrid, April 7.—Three dynamite bombs were exploded yesterday evening at the Villabijan church. Considerable damage was done, but no one was hurt. Slight student disturbances continue at Saragossa, where the prefecture and Jesuit college were stoned.

PILES

"I have suffered with piles for thirty-six years. One year ago last April I began taking Cascarets for constipation. In the course of a week I noticed the piles began to disappear and at the end of six weeks they did not trouble me at all. Cascarets have done wonders for me. I am entirely cured and feel like a new man." George Kryder, Napoleon, O.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 593

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Pay of Vessel Captains Agreed on at Cleveland.

Marine Review Discusses Lake Situation and Labor Troubles.

According to the agreement entered into at the conference between the tugmen and the Great Lakes Towing company at Cleveland, the second engineers are to receive $86.29 per month and the first engineers $116.29. The captains at Chicago are to receive $161.29, at South Chicago $141.29, at Duluth, Ashland and Marquette $136.29 and at Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit and other ports, $131.29.

Arrangements have been made to hold another conference not later than April 1 next season, and this scale of wages holds until then.

The local officials of the Great Lakes Towing company have not yet received notification to put their tugs in commission, and they are still tied up at their winter moorings. The list of captains, mates, engineers and firemen for the coming season may be announced during the latter part of the week, although as yet there has been no definite announcement that all troubles are over.

The clear water in the harbor now extends almost to the elevators, and unless the interlake boats commence running at a very early date, the tugs will have little or no ice-breaking to do.

The tug Vigilant, belonging to the estate of Thomas Nestor, was put into commission yesterday. The Vigilant was used for towing rafts of logs last season.

THE LAKE SITUATION.

Marine Review Thinks Boats Are In No Hurry.

The Marine Review says of the lake situation:

"If a settlement had been reached with the one organization still unsatisfied, the firemen, it is more than probable that a very large portion of the lake fleet would be in motion this week, taking the chance of encountering considerable difficulty on account of the ice. It is no fault of the executive committee of the lake carriers that a settlement has not been made with these men, but it must nevertheless be admitted that a very large portion of the vessel owners are quite satisfied that there is still something to prevent the movement of vessels, and many of them would be pleased to have their ships held in port another month."

It is the ore carriers alone who are at all anxious to have their vessels in operation, as at both Duluth and Two Harbors there are large quantities of ore awaiting shipment down the lakes.

"The vessel owners hold all the trumps in this game" was the way in which one lake captain expressed his opinion of the situation. "They are not only able but willing to allow their boats to remain idle for a month or more. The masters, engineers and mates have agreed to abstain from sympathetic strikes, and the vessel owners have complete control of the situation and can break the strike at their leisure."

A number of boats in the harbor are fitting out, but none have left for lower lake ports yet.

The F. R. Buell, which is en route to Duluth, is reported to be held up at Detour by the ice.

A DUEL PROBABLE.

Cuban Congressmen Indulge In Warm Language.

New York, April 7.—While the house of representatives was awaiting President Palma's message, Congressmen Villuendas and Garmendia exchanged angry words about a question of order, says the Havana correspondent of the Tribune. Villuendas called Garmendia a "little, rude, ugly person and a clown." Garmendia challenged Villuendas to go into the street and fight. Villuendas sprang up and ran toward Garmendia, but congressmen seized both men before they got together. Garmendia named Congressmen Borges and Castillo as his seconds, and it is believed a duel will be fought.

WAS A HUGE UNDERTAKING.

New York, April 7.—The American Bridge company has completed the erection of twenty-seven viaducts on the Uganda railway, cables the London representative of the Tribune. Six thousand tons of steel have been utilized in this huge undertaking, which, notwithstanding tremendous difficulties, was carried out exactly in fifty-one weeks. The company has disposed of its machinery and plant, rather than convey them back to the United States.

VANDALISM AT WINDSOR.

New York, April 7.—Within the last few days, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, several mysterious acts of vandalism have been committed in Windsor castle by some unknown person. About a week ago two historical portraits of royal personages of the Georgian period were found in a mutilated condition, having apparently been slashed across with a knife. Since then another painting has also ben deliberately injured almost in a similar manner.

NO STRIKE AT PRESENT.

Rome, April 7.—The meeting of workmen called last evening and which lasted throughout the night, decided to abandon for the present the idea of inaugurating a general strike.

WIND TOO HEAVY.

Weymouth, Eng., April 7.—The two Shamrocks were made ready early today for their first racing trial, but the wind was blowing so hard that the skippers decided not to risk the yachts gear and to await a moderation of the weather.

HAS SCHOONER IN TOW.

Victoria, B. C., April 6.—The Japanese liner Aki Mara passed Carmnah point last night with a disabled four masted schooner in tow. The main and foremasts were carried away and the vessel was in a disabled condition. Her identity could not be learned.

Coughs, Colds and La Grippe.

Rea Bros.' Cascarin dispels fever and prevents sickness. If taken before meals in small doses or at bed time it is a most effective remedy. It will break up a cold quicker than any other medicine. Sold at druggists, price 50 cents or sample sent free to any address. Rea Bros.' & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

AFTER TAX DELINQUENTS

Sheriff Will Soon Have Thirteen Hundred to Pursue.

A delinquent tax list containing the names of 1300 persons will be turned over to the sheriff and his deputies, by the county treasurer very shortly. The treasurer's office has sent out second notices of delinquency, a proceeding somewhat unusual and the result has been that some in arrears have heeded the reminder. There are at the present time about 400 more delinquent personal property tax payers than last year, but the amount of taxes already collected is larger than was collected last year. The amounts delinquent run all the way from $2.50 to $100 and some of the men whose names are included in the list are among those usually regarded as abundantly able to keep up their taxes.

CORRIVEAU IN A BAD WAY

Health Very Poor and Not Liable to Live Long.

Louis Corriveau, the Lake county murderer who has been sentenced to death and is confined in the jail of St. Louis county awaiting the date of execution, is practically a physical wreck. Corriveau has been wasting away gradually and Sheriff Butchart has had him examined by a physician. Corriveau has suffered severely from asthma and one of his lungs is said to be seriously affected. He is filled with penitence and regret for his crime and claims that William Allen, the man whom he killed was his friend and that the shooting would never have occurred had it not been for liquor.

Corriveau is very hopeful that the board of pardons, which will meet April 13, will commute his death sentence to life imprisonment. The physician who examined Corriveau expresed his opinion that the convicted man would live but a short time even were his sentence commuted.

WILL BE APPEALED.

Case Ruled on Saturday Will Be Carried Up.

The case of Charles Colbroth against the Flick & Johnson Construction company, in which Judge Cant made a ruling Saturday on a demurrer, will be appealed to the supreme court. The action was begun in district court early this year when the plaintiff sued the defendant for $2,208.66, an amount claimed to be due on a contract. The plaintiff furnished thirty horses for the grading work of the construction company near Northfield, Minn. He claimed that three of the horses died from ill treatment and he brought suit for $1750 damages, together with $558.66 which he claimed was still due on the contract.

New Stamps Are Imperfect.

Owing to an imperfection in the new 2 cent stamps recently issued, they have all been called in and a new design is to be adopted. Many persons suffering from stomach, liver and kidney complaints, and who have tried various remedies without obtaining relief, have also discovered that they made a mistake in the selection of a medicine to cure them. There is only one such medicine, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. To all such sufferers we desire to call attention to its unequaled record of cures extending over a period of fifty years. Then surely the Bitters is the right medicine for your case. It positively cures flatulency, heartburn, dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles, la grippe and malaria. Try a bottle and test it for yourself.

Buys Duluth Cars.

Receiver E. E. Clarke, of the St. Cloud Street Railway company, has purchased of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, five of the cars formerly in its service here and across the bay. Two of the cars are fitted out with motors and the others are of the trailer variety. The cars are now in the company's shops here being repaired and prepared for shipment to St. Cloud. They have not been in use on the street railway system here for some time.

Matinee Musicale.

Yesterday afternoon an unusually interesting program was given at the meeting of the Matinee Musicale. The music of Scandinavia was studied and Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury arranged the program. The first number was two songs typical of the country sung by the Normanna Singing society. Three piano numbers by Marx E. Oberndorfer followed and they were played in his usual artistic manner. Milton B. Griffith sang three songs in a delightful manner and the program closed with a Greig sonata by Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury.

The Blake Hat.

In all this world no snappy styles like ours. See them. They's correct. Ask your dealer.

CRUM MAY RESIGN

His Charleston Job For a Better Place.

Columbia, S. C., April 7.—Dr. W. D. Crum may resign the office of collector of the port of Charleston. Some friends of President Roosevelt hoped this course would be taken by Crum when it was evident that the senate would not confirm his nomination, and when it became manifest that much bitterness would be aroused if the president pressed his appointment. It was believed that it would be a strong move for the negro to make and would put Mr. Roosevelt in a less embarrassing position. Crum, however, does not seem to have considered the matter in that light until quite recently. Within the last day or two a warm personal friend of the president approached the colored office holder with the proposition that he vacate his office. Crum was assured that, while the president had stood by him in the face of very powerful opposition, his resignation would be a decided relief. He was shown that the office of collector paid but $800 last year, and was assured if he resigned he would be provided for with a more congenial office. Crum was told that he might have a certain office, with higher salary and certainly as much honor. The collector objected, saying that office was already filled. He was told there was an easy method of making it vacant. Crum, therefore, said he would take the matter under serious consideration, and the president's friend left him with the strong conviction that the resignation would be forthcoming.

Millinery Opening

Continued Tomorrow.

THE show of the beautiful imported hats and the choicest of the designs from the best New York milliners will be at its height tomorrow.

Hardly second in consideration is the host of hats from our own workroom, as nearly like the French hats as our skilled milliners can be taught to make them.

Not the least appreciated feature of this display is our ever appreciated low prices on these high character of creations.

If you have not visited our millinery section this week, why not tomorrow? We've arranged it especially for your pleasure.

Gray-Tallant Co

Gray-Tallant Co

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Young Man Meets Frightful Death In a Feed Mill.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Lisbon.—A young man by the name of Anderson met his death in a frightful manner in a feed mill at Kidville near Fort Ransom. The door leading from the grinding room into the engine-room had become locked, and in order to gain access to the engine the young man was compelled to crawl through a small hole in the wall through which the drive belt was running. In attempting to do this he was caught by the belt and carried out and thrown against the fly wheel. His body was badly torn and bruised, and death was no doubt instantaneous. He was only 19 years of age.

Jamestown.—Many settlers are going into the country tributary to the Denhoff extension of the Northern Pacific. Something over 500 cars of immigrant movables are due for that point and the country will be well settled before the road is completed to Washburn.

Some time ago it was reported that coal had been discovered near Pingree in a vein of six or more feet about seventy feel below the surface, and now it is reported that a vein ten feet thick has been discovered at Eldridge about 100 feet under the surface.

The Foster county case of Faxson vs. Porter came up before Judgel Glaspel Faxson is contesting for the office of county auditor and contends that the Nordmore precinct should be thrown out entirely, as the polls were not open for voters until 11:30 a. m. on election day. On the face of the returns Porter received twenty-three majority and twenty were from the above precinct. The defendant admits the time of the opening of the polls, but holds that a full vote was cast and no harm done. Attorney Ellsworth appeared for the plaintiff and F. Baldwin for the defendant. The court took the case under advisement.

Wheelock—Wheelock and its surrounding country are having a boom. Every train brings in dozens of people, some to locate on claims previously filed on; others to make new filings. Town lots are in great demand. Hotels, stores and residences are going up. Lofgren Bros., of Dassel, Minn., have secured four lots and are putting in a large lumber yard. They are also erecting a store building in which they will place a $5000 stock of hardware.

Grand Forks—Jesse Thompson fell on an icy sidewalk early in January and dislocated his shoulder. He has served notice of suit for $5000 damages on the city.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—The body of a young unknown man was found hanging from a beam in a corn crib near the Great Northern station last night. From papers discovered on the body it is believed his name was Andrew Strand, but it is impossible to identify him any further. He was well dressed and had some money in his pockets. There are no signs of foul play or a clue to the cause of the act.

De Smet—Arthur Stiers was arrested on a charge of forgery and theft. He disguised himself with a large overcoat and pair of spectacles and went into the Germania State bank with a check for $100 and attempted to pass it. Cashier Altfilisch after counting out the money, stepped to the telephone to call up the supposed drawer of the check. While his back was turned, Stiers swept the money into his pocket and went into a cigar store nearby where he was arrested. Stiers has had a good name and no possible reason can be given by his friends why he should commit the crime, unless he is insane. When asked why he did the deed he said, "I have got to go to the hospital, and had to do it."

Flandreau—The supreme court will give a hearing to the writ of error in the case of the state against Rich Hayes, who was convicted of assault in the second degree on the person of Miss Edith Champion, 14 years of age, and sentenced to five years. Should the supreme court reverse the judgment or order a new trial, Hayes must remain in jail here until the October term for a second trial, or furnish bail.

Pierre—After the state had presented its case in the Kunnecke case at Fort Pierre the defense waived further examination, and Kunnecke was remanded to jail. The only new point developed was that a young man named Rorbbecker, who worked for Kunnecke last winter, is missing. In each disappearance Kunnecke was indebted to the man.

Waubay—The town is all excited owing to the appearance of a mad dog at D. Lasalle's. After biting horses, cattle and chickens there it went to S. T. Lasalle's and D. Marshall's places. The town marshal has ordered all dogs to be chained for thirty days.

Sioux Falls—Irving D. Smith, of Madison, who presented to the South Dakota Children's home a quarter section of farm land, has arranged to present the Mount Pleasant cemetery association with a handsome and costly receiving vault and chapel.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrouluous Ucers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

LATTER DAY SAINTS

Of Reorganized Church Meet at Independence.

Kansas City, April 7.—The general conference of the reorganized church of the Latter Day Saints is in session in the tabernacle of the church at Independence, Joseph Smith, president, presiding. Delegates are present from almost every state in the Union, Iowa leading, and among the prominent persons present are R. C. Evans, of London, Canada; W. H. Kelly, president of the quorum of twelve; Bishop E. K. Kelly and G. T. Griffith, of the missionary work in England. Elder T. W. Williams, of Los Angeles, explained the articles of faith. A petition received from a member in New South Wales, making charges of heresy against Elder Haworth, was referred to the quorum of twelve.

TO BUY HORSES.

The Dukhobors Are Coming to Their Senses.

Winnipeg, April 7.—Peter Veregin, the leader of the Dukhobors, arrived last evening to purchase horses for his countrymen in the Swan river colony. The Dukhobors, according to his story, are losing all their old-time aversion to animals and machinery, and are desirous of adopting Canadian customs. Another important reform he reports is that the Dukhobors are entering for homesteads.

FURNITURE MEN STRIKE.

Chicago, April 7.—A thousand furniture packers in down-town wholesale and retail establishments went on strike today for a nine-hour day and $2.70 as a minimum scale. The packers submitted demands several weeks ago and were offered the nine-hour day and a minimum wage of $2.

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For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 300,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.

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Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1471.

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

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CANADIAN POLITICS.

A bitter fight is on in Canada, especially in the province of Ontario, over the proposed redistricting of the Dominion in view of the coming elections. It is claimed by its opponents that if the present bill become a law it will fully ensure the continuance in power of the present Liberal administration. Twenty-one years ago the Conservative government of the day brought in a redistribution bill, which, so far as it concerned Ontario, was a gerrymander act of the grossest character. It was admitted by Conservatives themselves to be a most unfair measure. By ignoring county boundaries, the worst forms of political injustice were meted out to the Liberals of Ontario. In that province the operation of the gerrymander was most effective, the scheme to "hive" the Liberals being boldly carried out. The ninety-two constituencies of the province were so carved out of the various counties that a big majority of Conservative members has always been secured, while the popular majority remained largely Liberal. Thus for fourteen years prior to their final overthrow in 1896 this gerrymander was the principal factor in maintaining the Conservatives in office at Ottawa.

Now the situation has changed. For the first time in the history of the Canadian federation, the Liberals at the present session of parliament have a good majority in the upper house, and government legislation will no longer be blocked there. Although it now lies in the power of the dominant political party in Canada to administer to its rivals a little of their own medicine, Sir Wilfrid Laurier is, however, opposed to any retributive measure. His redistribution bill is eminently fair to both parties. It restores municipal boundaries where they have been disregarded in the erection of constituencies by the former government, and in a large measure takes it out of the power of any succeeding parliament to perpetrate another gerrymander. As a natural result of the operation of the new distribution act it is expected that the present government will sweep the country from end to end, should an appeal to the people be made, as it probably will some time during the coming autumn.

It is evident even under the new redistricting that there will be a desperate political battle in the Dominion within a few months and the struggle for supremacy will be the most bitter ever witnessed there. As in the United States, the seat of political power is gradually moving westward. Under the new reapportionment the West will gain largely at the expense of the East in representation in parliament, and the fate of the Laurier ministry may depend largely upon the vote cast west of Port Arthur.

YOUNG LAWYERS' CHANCE.

The ever present briefless young lawyer is to have an opportunity to enter the service of Uncle Sam provided he can pass the required examination. It is seldom that the unfledged members of the legal fraternity are afforded an opportunity to enter the service of the government. It is usually the older, time-tried attorneys who are given positions, but there is now a need for the younger element. The treasury department is in need of at least a dozen bright young lawyers. The pay to start with is way beyond the average given to the beginner in government employment, being $1800 a year, with good prospects for advancement and higher salaries. Assistant Secretary Armstrong of the treasury recently called on the United States civil service commission to furnish six lawyers for his department. He added that if a dozen good men could be found he would give employment to them all, for there are plenty ways of utilizing their services in the department. They are wanted for general law work anywhere in the service, and may be skipped about from place to place and on different kinds of duties, as occasion requires. Most of them, however, will be kept permanently in the department at Washington.

The examination is of a kind that nearly any well-informed lawyer should be able to pass. It is divided into three subjects, with weights as follows: Thesis of not less than $1000 words on a legal topic to be assigned, weight, 30; questions in general law, weight, 20; preparations of opinions in stated cases (citations or the use of references will not be required), weight, 50. Applicants must have had a high school education or its equivalent, must be graduates of a reputable law school or show that they have pursued in a law office a course of reading covering the field of a law-school course; must have been admitted to the bar, and must have had not less than three years' experience in general law practice. The applications of persons which do not show this will not be accepted. The age limit is 20 years or over. The examination is open to all citizens of the United States who comply with the requirements. Competitors will be rated without regard to any consideration other than the qualifications shown in their examination papers, and eligibles will be certified strictly in accordance with the civil service law and rules. The civil service commissioners say that this is one of the best examinations they have had for some time, and urge that all qualified persons enter the lists. In order to get as many candidates as possible, it has been decided to waive the usual ten days' requirement in regard to the filing of application blanks, and any person who writes or telegraphs for permission to take the examination will be examined, provided the request is received in sufficient time for the commission to ship the necessary papers.

The examination will take place on April 14, and if there are any young lawyers in Duluth who want to try, there is yet time in case they use the wires to get in their applications.

THE RECIPROCITY LEAGUE.

The Northwestern Reciprocity League is holding a meeting at Minneapolis this afternoon to receive the report of President John Miller, of Duluth, and Eugene Hay, of Minneapolis, special counsel of the league, who recently made a visit to the political and commercial centers of Canada, by direction of the league, with a view of ascertaining the state of public sentiment in the Dominion toward freer trade relations with the United States. The result of their investigation will be presented in a report by Mr. Hay and it cannot fail to be of most interest to all who believe that the establishment of reciprocal trade relations would be of much benefit to this country, and especial to the Northwestern section. In view of the fact that the joint high commission will reconvene during the coming fall, it is necessary to take immediate steps towards securing action that will lead to the subject of reciprocity being considered by the commission. If the people of the Northwest want reciprocity with Canada, they must indicate it at once in no unmistakable mannar, otherwise the opportunity to secure it will be postponed for years and may be lost forever. The interests of the Northwest favorable to freer trade relations with our northern neighbors must be organized and all the influence which they possess brought to bear upon the members of the joint high commission in order that the subject shall be given the consideration that it deserves.

The value to Duluth of freer trade relations with Canada can hardly be over-estimated. If the tariff barriers were lowered and the unnatural trade restrictions which now exist were largely removed, the commercial relations between Duluth and the Canadian Northwest would be greatly increased. The completion at an early date of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake railroad to the international boundary, where it will connect with the Canadian Northern road, will give Duluth practically an air line to Winnipeg, and if reciprocal trade relations were established, Duluth would become intimately connected in a commercial and financial way with the leading city of Western Canada, to the mutual advantage of both. With the removal of the tariff obstacles a large portion of the trade of Manitoba would center at Duluth, and our commercial and manufacturing interests would be immensely benefited. The business men of Duluth, therefore, should take an active interest in the work of the Northwestern Reciprocity League and do everything within their power to push the campaign of education which the league has inaugurated, and organize public sentiment and all the interests concerned in support of this movement.

The interest in Canadian reciprocity is not confined to Minnesota and other Northwestern states. It extends through the Middle West, to New York state and throughout the New England states, and as far south as Louisville the business men and manufacturers have shown their deep concern in the movement. If the business interests that favor reciprocity can be thoroughly organized, the politicians who have heretofore opposed reciprocity in any form will be forced to yield or be buried beneath the weight of public sentiment.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A telegraphic news item in The Herald a few days ago concerning the statement of Rev. Dr. Funk that he had had communication with the spirit of the late Henry Ward Beecher attracted much attention among the investigators engaged in psychical research. The story of this event is best told by the New York World. It involves as the known quantity and one of the principal characters, Rev. Dr. I. K. Funk, the well-known writer and head of the publishing house of Funk & Wagnalls. During the life of Henry Ward Beecher, the two divines were intimate friends. For some time past, Dr. Funk has interested himself in the study of spiritualistic communication, but has not yet reached the point where he is satisfied that disembodied spirits can manifest themselves to others left in the flesh. Recently he attended a seance given by a woman who has been very successful as a medium of alleged messages from the other world, and was told that Mr. Beecher wished to speak with him. When communication was established, the medium asked him, in Mr. Beecher's familiar and jovial manner, why he had not returned a coin borrowed from him thirty years ago. "What coin?" asked the astonished doctor. "The Widow's Mite," was the reply; "you used it as a model in illustrating one of your books." The doctor replied that he had returned it years ago, but this the medium denied, and he was told that if he would look in a compartment in the lower right-hand corner of his safe he would find the coin under some papers. In pursuance of these instructions, next day, in company with a clerk who had been with him when the coin was borrowed, he made search. An old safe was first ransacked, but nothing was found, but search in a larger one brought it to light in the position that had been described. The doctor is not yet ready to make a positive statement of belief with respect to this odd experience. He says: "I am not forgetting the possibility of one person's reawakening and reading telepathically a dormant memory in the mind of another. Neither am I denying that it is possible for one spirit to communicate with another. My mind is open to conviction. I seek only the truth."

At this age it is scarcely doubted that telepathy is an occurrence. That communications exist between mind and mind or spirit with spirit has been demonstrated beyond a doubt and the matter is of growing interest to the occultists. Says Dr. Funk: "Is the receipt of such communications from mind to mind any more wonderful than the Marconi messages, which, by means of a wireless electric impulse, fly across the ocean and are clearly received thousands of miles away?" A hundred years ago ten persons would have believed in spirit communication where one would have acknowledged wireless telegraphy possible. Progress is being made and those who are honestly engaged in the study of psychical phenomena can well afford to wait further developments which seem sure to come.

It is reported the women of Wilkesbarre, Pa., have petitioned the mayor to procure the passage of a curfew ordinance to compel husbands to be in their homes by midnight every night. Why don't they establish rules of their own and enforce them? Or are the Wilkesbarre men not amenable to domestic regulations?

The extra session of congress will begin about Nov. 9 and should be all over by Thanksgiving, which will furnish the people with an additional reason for giving thanks.

"The grasses are growing finely in the squares and parks," says the Philadelphia Inquirer. How about the grass in the streets?

Admiral Dewey may be unpopular in Berlin, but there is no question about his popularity in the United States.

The trial spins of the Shamrock III show that she is a wonder. But wait until the Reliance has her trial.

It looks as if Richard Harding Davis' new play would be a great success. The New York critics condemn it.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

The management of the Spalding hotel will spring an innovation in a short time.

Manager Emery announced this morning that he intended to place a young woman, back of the desk, as one of the clerks for the hotel.

This will be a new departure for the Spalding hotel, but it is not to be in the nature of an experiment, as the manager is certain that the result will be elevating.

At the present time the city of Duluth can boast of one hotel at which there is a young woman clerk, the Hotel McKay, where Miss Helen McKay presides and "stands a watch" exactly the same as men clerks.

Duluth probably has the honor of some distinction in this line in the Northwest at least, and the lead may be taken up in other cities.

At the Spalding hotel this morning the first change was made in this direction, when a young woman appeared as an ornament at the cigar and news stand.

This caused a great deal of surprise and chagrin to some of the old timers, who are in the habit of leaning on the case and going into a trance while purchasing their after lunch or dinner smoke.

• • •

"Who are, who are, who are we?
We are sports from the Bow-er-ee."

There were two young fellows, who evidently had looked upon two beers while they (the men) were green, and they were out for a dickens of a time and wanted everybody to know it, and they didn't care whether school kept or whether decency existed or not.

It was this condition that caused a very pretty scene and climax for some of the guests at the St. Louis hotel a couple of evenings ago.

Several women were standing on the walk just west of the hotel waiting for a street car to come along, and as women will do, they gathered in the center of the sidewalk so that traffic must be diverted somewhat to get by them.

A young fellow, nattily dressed, had stepped out of the St. Louis hotel entry and started up the street, and there were several people standing in front of the store windows in the vicinity.

He was just at the eastern border of the gathering of women, and had stepped aside to pass around them, when he heard the Comanche yell quoted above, and he saw the women bowl around and reel, as the two awkward and bulky hulks came lunging through the crowd of women, scattering them with their arms, and scaring them with the unearthly yelling.

The stranger grasped the situation in a second and stepped back a couple of feet and waited.

The "sports" feeling very proud of themselves tore through the crowd, and just started another explanation of "we are," when they reached the young fellow who had been watching the spectacle.

He wore tight-fitting gloves and a light overcoat and derby hat. He removed none, but as the first "sport" reached him, he turned on his left toe, his arm swung around with the force of the body behind it, and Mr. "Sport" landed down among the broken ice which was waiting to be carted away.

The brother "sport" didn't stop to see what happened, and the one who received the punch on the jaw, also got up and ran.

Several of the women hurried to the stranger, who had made an inspection of himself to see that one glove was split and said: "Thank you."

He replied: "You're welcome," as he passed along and out of sight.

• • •

Last night was another record breaker at the hotels. The Spalding hotel was unable to accommodate the passengers that came up on the Twilight last night, and the other hotels were in about as bad shape.

• • •

At the Spalding hotel: Charles McPherson, Detroit; D. O. Anderson, Milwaukee; E. L. Harkness, Minneapolis; Amos Shepherd, Hibbing; H. L. Robinson, W. E. Goodfellow; P. R. Brooks, Minneapolis; H. H. Smith, Albert Goodman, St. Paul; F. Flora, E. J. Stenewald, Two Harbors; B. S. Whitman, Cloquet; J. B. Mayer, Floodwood; J. L. Kimball, Virginia; E. W. Lund, O. W. Kankel, W. H. Kongdan, J. Cowper, C. H. Vivian, Soudan; C. M. Conell, Eveleth; John Saars, Sparta; James A. Raab, Eveleth; J. C. Porter, Frederick Barrett, Eveleth; E. Dalzell, Cloquet; William Deroweth, D. McEachrin, E. Doughty, Hibbing; Mrs. J. J. Stuart, Hibbing; F. H. Blood, Appleton, W. J. Moore, Virginia; Miss G. Lyon, Minneapolis; C. H. Smith, Wausau; D. S. Clark, Eau Claire; G. J. Lonstorf, Milwaukee; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Emlie, Ely; Nathan Haas, Houghton.

• • •

E. J. Longyear, Clyde S. Longyear and Robert D. Longyear, all of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

J. M. Reading, of St. Paul, is registered at the Spalding hotel.

• • •

Miss Angst, of Minneapolis, is the guest of her father, A. Angst, chief engineer of the range road, at the Spalding hotel.

• • •

"Dick" Ferris, of the Ferris comedians, arrived at the Spalding from Minneapolis this morning.

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At the St. Louis hotel: W. T. Eaton, Virginia; George B. Mallory, Winona; George H. Spaar, Grand Rapids; Louis H. Smith, Calumet; Ike Friedman, Iron River; C. S. Strand, T. W. Sargent, Minneapolis; James G. Rayburn, Winton; F. L. Barrett, Ashland; W. A. Lambert, Pine City; E. M. Campbell, Grand Rapids; H. V. Flanders, Ellsworth; Miss Alice Paulin, Two Harbors; W. McPherson, Carlton; J. C. McGilvery, Eveleth; J. G. Ellis, W. H. Miller, G. H. Buchanan, Ashland; S. McNaughton, T. F. McNaughton, G. F. Hedberg, St. Paul; B. F. Smith, J. L. Kimball, Virginia; M. W. Lea, Iron River; J. A. Harris, Minneapolis; John Runquist, Grasston; John Long, O. W. Erickson, Cloquet; F. S. Cartright, Mell Lacy, Paul Wolf, Detroit.

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Miss Alice Paulin, of Two Harbors, is a guest at the St. Louis hotel.

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At the Hotel McKay: Ben Parkinson, Hardwood, Mich.; W. J. Nelson, Merrill; W. F. Street, Bemidji; S. M. Houser, Minneapolis; W. C. Gilbert, David Oglivie, Grand Rapids; J. B. Rayn, Grand Forks; Charles Strand, New Duluth; G. Browne, Grand Marais; Rene Vaude Pousselo, Dona Parent, J. B. Levoise, Ironwood; Alfred Davis, New York; M. D. Stoner, Bemidji; H. D. Sawer, Grand Rapids; Frank Hopper, Minneapolis; A. W. Pratt, Aitkin; F. C. Hazelton, Hibbing; J. J. Schulte, Appleton; H. P. Carter, Floodwood; H. G. Powers, Grand Rapids.

An After Effect.

Judge: The good old minister had been inveigled into the shopping district on Saturday by his two daughters. They assured him that the trip through the stores would liven him up, brighten his mind, give him new impressions and generally have a beneficial effect upon him. They had other reasons for making him go with them, as he afterwards discovered. However, those reasons need not be mentioned here.

Sunday morning he walked to the church, his mind revolving the varied scenes he had witnessed the day before. He pondered over the vanity of mankind and womankind; he marveled at the complexity and completeness of the great business systems of today; he meditated upon the amount of money that was spent upon frivolous things when it might be elevating the heathen.

These thoughts stayed with him as he mounted the steps to the pulpit, and even when he was announcing the opening hymn a vision of the interior of a store came between his eyes and the book. "Let us now sing," he said, "No. 480, marked down from $5."

Step Up and Invest.

Philadelphia North American: J. Pierpont Morgan breaks a long and painful silence to declare with enthusiasm that prosperity will continue and that it is based upon the iron and steel industry The public will now please form in line at the cashier's window and buy steel trust stock.

An Old Saw Demolished.

Boston Transcript: The bill permitting cities and towns to establish emergency funds for employment of labor in times of industrial distress was defeated by a close vote in the legislature, apparently on the ground that the state owes no man a living. The old saying that the world owes every man a living. Massachusetts, as a state, does not intend to stand for it.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 7.—The Minnesota "low" has moved its center to Lake Superior, while the Edmonton "low" has moved to Eastern Saskatchewan. The barometer remains high in Pacific and Atlantic states, but there has been a decided decrease over the latter district. It is warmer over the Rocky mountains and Eastern slopes and Eastern states and cooler in the Upper Mississippi valley and Alberta. Rain or snow fell over the Northwest and rains in districts east of the Mississippi. The winds in the lake region are fresh and brisk southwesterly.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	34	Memphis	62
Battleford	26	Miles City	32
Bismarck	28	Milwaukee	40
Boston	36	Minnedosa	40
Buffalo	46	Modena	22
Calgary	24	Montgomery	60
Charleston	60	Moorhead	24
Cincinnati	36	New Orleans	65
Davenport	40	New York	44
Denver	30	North Platte	34
Detroit	48	Oklahoma	50
Dodge City	38	Omaha	38
Duluth	34	Pittsburg	52
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	32
El Paso	50	Portland	44
Escanaba	36	Prince Albert	24
Galveston	54	Qu'Appelle	28
Green Bay	38	Rapid City	32
Havre	30	San Francisco	48
Helena	36	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	34	Shreveport	54
Huron	30	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	52
Kamloops	40	St. Paul	30
Kansas City	48	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Knoxville	56	Swift Current	26
La Crosse	36	Washington	48
Lander	28	Williston	32
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	34
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	32
Medicine Hat	26		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday. Slightly warmer Wednesday. Fresh and brisk southwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 7.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Fair, and slightly warmer tonight. Wednesday increasing cloudiness.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Warmer in south and west portions tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Wednesday.

Upper Lakes—Brisk southwesterly winds. Fair tonight. Possibly showers Wednesday.

LAUGHING REMARKS.

Washington Star: "What do you think the greatest need of the modern drama is?"

And after serious thought Mr. Stormington Barnes replied: "Lower railway fares and better hotels."

Boston Transcript: Teacher—You have heard about the terrible punishment of Ixion. Have you ever thought of the agony he must have suffered?

Pupil—Yes; always longing for a chainless wheel, I suppose.

Chicago News: "Our house is scheduled to make a big drive in carpets next week," said the department store boarder.

"What's it going to drive—tacks?" queried the party who had a mania for getting full details.

Brooklyn Life: "My uncle died yesterday, sir, and I want you to officiate. Can you say something nice about him?"

"But I didn't know him."

"Good! You're just the man."

Harvard Lampoon: Visitor—Is the baron at home?

Butler—No, he sends word to you that he has just gone out.

Visitor—Good! Give the baron my compliments and say I didn't call.

City Editor—Did you say he had nothing to say?

Reporter—Not at all. I'm sure he did have something to say, otherwise he would not have said to me that he had nothing to say. If he hadn't had anything to say he wouldn't have hesitated to say it.

Washington Star: "It must be a very hard matter to be a watchdog of the treasury."

"The position has its reliefs," answered the statesman. "When a man is recognized as a watchdog he may often keep other people so worried about their own appropriations that they are not disposed to make much trouble about his."

NOT OURS THE VOWS.

Not ours the vows of such as plight
Their troth in sunny weather,
While leaves are green, and skies are bright,
To walk on flowers together.

But we have loved as those who tread
The thorny paths of sorrow,
With clouds above, and cause to dread
Yet deeper gloom tomorrow.

That thorny path, those stormy skies,
Have drawn our spirits nearer;
And rendered us, by sorrow's ties,
Each to the other dearer.

Love, born in hours of joy and mirth,
With mirth and joy may perish;
That to which darker hours give birth
Still more and more we cherish.

It looks beyond the clouds of time
And through death's shadowy portal;
Made by adversity sublime,
By faith and hope immortal.

—BERNARD BARTON (1784-1849.)

Out of His Sphere.

Chicago News: A lonely male stood on the floor of a great dry goods bazaar when a female crowd came surging upgathered from near and far. These fair ones gazed at him scornfully with looks that wither and sting, till the poor male despised himself for a base superfluous thing. He was called wise by other men and reckoned among the great; homage they had laid at his feet as governor of the state. But there alone in that feminine crowd he stood like a trembling slave—a focus for eyes that pierced his soul—and longed for the peaceful grave. Oh, a male may acquire great renown and such honors as men can give, but if caught in a female shopping crowd he will feel too small to live.

Saying Prayers In Advance.

New York Tribune: Julian Hawthorne sometimes tells an amusing story of the childhood of his daughter Hildegarde.

"Once, when Hildegarde was a little girl," he will begin, "she was elated over the fact that we were all going to spend the summer at the seashore. Particularly was she elated on the night before our departure. Her eyes shone, her cheeks were flushed, and she could do nothing but dance and clap her hands for joy.

"After she had gone to her room I heard her chattering away like an insane person for a long time. I peeped in at the door and saw her on her knees praying. Over and over again she repeated the same prayer.

"'Hildegarde,' I said, 'what on earth are you doing, child?'

"'I am saying my prayers now for all summer,' she answered, 'so that I won't have to waste any time on them while we are away.'"

Twopence Earned.

Chicago Tribune: Seeing a friend step on the platform of a weighing machine Mr. Pneer stepped up behind him.

"Let's see how much both of us weigh," he said.

"All right," the friend said, dropping a cent in the slot.

The indicator flew around to the figures 297 and stopped.

"How much do you usually weigh?" asked Mr. Pneer.

"One forty-three, I guess. That's what it was the other day."

"Then my weight is 154. Thanks."

And Mr. Pneer's countenance glowed with serene satisfaction as he stepped down.

Money Is Not All.

Chicago Record-Herald: Mary Anderson de Navarro has refused an offer of $275,000 to give readings from Shakespeare, Tennyson and Longfellow for fifty-five weeks in America. It is evident that Mary thinks money is not all.

BLUE BLOOD AND RED BLOOD

By H. S. Canfield.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Being the son of a small Dutch farmer in the Pennsylvania hills, and having been obliged to work his way through college, Karl Diebold entered upon his law practice in aristocratic Easton with some misgiving, felt inwardly, but not outwardly shown. He was a big-boned, swarthy, square-shouldered chap, with a bulging brow and a heavy jaw, muscularly and temperamentally fitted to force his way along anywhere.

"It's the push does it," he used to say. "If you see anything you want, go after it hard. Take hold of it with both hands and tug. It'll give somewhere."

It is not surprising that at the end of a year he should find himself to be making money, nor that in a small city he should make his way into society without special trouble. Really, he cared nothing about society; his books and long-stemmed pipe in his disorderly rooms had been enough for him; but then he met Maude Alice Greene Allyngham. She was something that he wanted and he went after it hard. Metaphorically, he took hold of her with both hands and tugged. She had not given way anywhere when this story opens, but was likely to yield on one or another side at any time.

Maude Alice Greene Allyngham, whose name was printed in full on her cards, was small and pale and pretty, with a kind heart, a lovely disposition, what there was of it, and an immense idea of her blood. She was lineally descended from a hero of our tea-tax war, and, of course, a Daughter of the American Revolution. She got mildly angry if any one mistook here for a daughter of the revolution. There are two sets of these people. Like Two-Seed Baptists and Wash-Feet Baptists, they differ in minor point of faith, but the difference is bitter.

To her Karl Diebold was an incomprehensible creature. She could not understand his directness, his open manner of wooing, his loud, genuine laughter, his utter lack of reverence for the great and glorious ones of a great and glorious past. Once she plucked up the spirit to order him from her presence when he said carelessly that Alexander Hamilton was a "foreigner by birth and a king worshiper by nature."

"He fought for this country," she said tartly.

"Yes," he answered, "and as soon as he saw that Washington did not regard him as the greatest of his aids he flew into a passion, like a school girl defrauded of bonbons, and quit."

"He was great."

"He hounded a genuine American for years, insulted him, reviled him, injured him with voice and pen, and when brought at last to the field turned mawkish and fired into the air. What kind of stunted fraud is that you are defying?"

"Go out!" said Miss Allyngham, passionately stamping a very small foot. "Go out and stay out! I do not wish to see you again."

Diebold threw back his big head and laughed. Then he sat down and began to talk calmly of other things. She could not put him out. What could she do?

The local Daughters of the American Revolution regarded Diebold as a muddy-blooded interloper who deserved extinction. Their fathers and brothers said that he was a good fellow, but they had as little to do with him as they could help. He was in society and they could not get rid of him, but it must be said that he bothered them little of his own initiative. If Alice Allyngham was in her room he devoted himself wholly to her. She, too, tried to escape him, but in vain. The man, in a manner, fascinated her, he was so big and strong and determined. She could not anger or distress the statue of Ethan Allen on the public square.

She had one protection against him, though a frail one. That was Georgo Clavering Hunt-Houghton. Hunt-Houghton, too, was small boned and pale and pretty, a result of five generations of inbreeding, and he was a Son of the American Revolution. Garnished with a small estate and a call to literature, he had plenty of time in which to devote himself to any object of his fancy and in this instance Miss Allyngham was his fancy. He was enough like her to be her brother, and, in fact, his interest, though he dignified it with the name of love, little exceeded the fraternal in warmth. He was then in the second volume of his book which proved that Major André carried his papers in his right boot instead of in his left. Therefore he fell into a thoughtful attitude when any one looked at him, forefinger to his brow and his lips sucked in, cogitating deeply. He hated Diebold with the hatred of a small nature, for Diebold had once written and printed in the Easton Chronicle an essay of two columns in which was set forth in detail a mass of manufactured evidence showing that Andre wore congress gaiters and carried the incriminating papers in his hip pocket.

Diebold called one night and found Miss Allyngham and Hunt-Houghton poring over a map designed to show Andre's route after leaving West Point.

"Singular thing about that," said Diebold, cheerfully. "My father has some old letters which relate that when Andre came to the forks of the road his mule wanted to turn to the right, but the major reasoned that it is the nature of a mule to want to do the wrong thing, and he spurred him in the ribs and yanked him into the left fork. So he met the three American jayhawkers, dodgers and all-round rascals, who started to rob him and found the papers."

"Mule?" said Hunt-Houghton.

"Rascals?" said Miss Allyngham.

"Yes, both."

"Where was your father born?" asked Hunt-Houghton.

"In Holland," said Diebold promptly.

"How did he come by these letters?"

"Found them in the old house he bought when he came to this country."

"What," asked Hunt-Houghton desperately, "is the use of talking to him? He does not—cannot—understand these matters."

Miss Allyngham sighed. She was forced to admit the truth of it. Yet if Diebold had only been a son of the American revolution things would be so different, and—

She checked herself and said:

"We're going to hold a bazar, Mr. Diebold, to raise money for the monument fund to Chris Vandewerker."

"Who was he?" Diebold inquired lazily.

"Don't you know? Chris Vandewerker was a New York farmer who lent $10 to Paulding and Paulding was one of the men who captured Andre."

"But why the monument?"

"Why, you see if Vandewerker had not lent him the $10 Paulding might have moved to another section or might have starved, or might have been thrown into prison, or died from lack of medicine, and Andre might not have been captured, and Benedict Arnold might have completed his treason and West Point might have fallen, and we might still be the slaves of Britain. Mr. Hunt-Houghton has elucidated this in his brochure entitled, 'Perils Which Pass Us By.'"

"Yes," said Diebold. "Strangely enough the paper this morning failed to print the story of how 20,000,000 of people came near to being killed by trolly cars yesterday. Did Paulding pay the ten?"

"What difference does that make?"

"Oh, none at all, except to Vanderwerker. His name ought to have been Vanderwerked." Then he laughed coarsely and went away.

Going down the street he muttered to himself: "This thing has come to a place where something has got to give. The Hunt-Houghton crowd will have her crazy in another month. I believe she said that she was going to that meeting tomorrow afternoon."

He met her five blocks from her home, walking soberly on duty bent. Her hands full of manuscript and she was very serious. He slipped his arm through hers without a word of greeting and turned her into a side street. She muttered a faint inquiry, but he bore her steadily along. Half way down the block he took her up some steps, rang the bell and when a maid opened the door walked in as a matter of course. She knew it to be the home of Rev. Archibald Twiggs, Congregational minister. A moment later, shrinking, and with all thought scattered, she stood in the parlor. She did not understand it then, she does not understand it now. This big man with the wide shoulders and strong hands seemed to have paralyzed her thinking faculties. The minister rose from an arm-chair and came forward.

"You are prompt," he said, with a smile.

"Yes," said Diebold, producing the license. "This is Miss Allyngham, as you know. You know, too, that she is of age. She likes quiet, as I do."

Five minutes later they were man and wife. Alice spoke the responses as one in a dream. She found a plain gold ring on her finger. Diebold stooped and kissed her. She started, but rather liked it. She did not go to the meeting which was to organize the bazaar to build the Vanderwerker monument. Instead she got on a train with her husband and made a bridal trip.

The minister pocketed a fee and found some manuscript on the floor. It was a poem by Hunt-Houghton, telling how the farmer's $10-bill, in continental currency, saved the country.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Hancock Man Killed In Ladderway of Hancock Mine.

Hancock—The body of Henry Symons, a miner employed in No. 3 shaft at the North Tamarack, was found in the ladderway between the fourteenth and fifteenth levels. The unfortunate man was last seen at 5 o'clock by men with whom he went to the shaft at the fourteenth level to take the cage to surface. In his eagerness to get into the cage it is believed he climbed over the guard railing to get aboard at the other side, and in so doing fell down the ladderway. His body was found at 7 o'clock with one hand clutching a ladder rung seventy feet below the fourteenth level. The death of Symons was a great shock to his wife, who grew anxious at his absence when he did not appear at the boarding house for supper. She feared something had befallen him and one of the boarders got the investigation party together to look for the missing man. The inquest held by Coroner Fisher developed that there was nothing unusual in the persons not coming up out of the mine in the cage he attempted to board. A verdict of accidental death by falling down the ladderway was rendered.

Mrs. Mary Finn, mother of Justice Michael Finn, died early Saturday morning at the age of eighty-seven. She had lived in Hancock for the past forty years. The funeral will be held this morning at 9 o'clock from St. Patrick's church. Besides Justice Finn, she is survived by two daughters, Mrs. J. B. Looney, of Hancock and Mrs. Dennis Connors of Chicago.

Ironwood—Moses Krikoll, a Finn miner, was killed in the tenth level of No. 1 shaft of the Big Norrie mine. He was a single man about 23 years of age.

Capt. Thomas Oliver, for several years mining captain of the Newport mine, has resigned and will leave soon for England.

Ishpeming—Poor Commissioner Sporley was here looking into the case of a Finlander who arrived here direct from his native land last summer. The man was found to be suffering from consumption, with which disease he was ill when he landed. He was unable to work and was a county charge. The man was sent to New York, and from there he will be conveyed back to his home, the steamship company which brought him here standing the expense. This is one of the first instances in which the provisions of the immigration laws relating it seemed that he would soon become from contagious diseases has been enforced in this section.

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AMUSEMENTS.

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ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Tuesday, April 7th, Lincoln J. Carter's great spectacular production The Heart of Chicago
Elegant special scenery. Wonderful mechanical devices. Mysterious electrical effects. A vivid picture of the great fire. See the marvelous approaching train.
Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phones 969. W. H. Reaney, Mgr.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
Dick Ferris presents Ferris' Comedians in
"THE PRISONER OF ZERESLA"
All new specialties. Extra tonight.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 2:30.
Night prices—10c, 25c and 50c.
PRIZE BABY MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
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Continuous Performance.

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Mothers!

Protect your dear little ones from the dangers of

Croup, Sore Throat, Sore Chest AND Pneumonia

by using the Magical, Soothing Remedy,

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Gives instant relief by removing the Congestion, Swelling and Inflammation, and Soothes to restful sleep the suffering one. Best remedy for chapped hands and face.

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DULUTH, MINN. 'PHONE 138

FULLER TO RETIRE

And Judge Taft May Succeed Him as Chief Justice.

Many Federal Judges Are Likely to Resign This Year.

Washington, April 7.—During the next year or two President Roosevelt will have a greater number of federal judgeship appointments than any president for many years. The probability is that in two years' time, or before the expiration of his present term, he will appoint more federal judges than any president during a four-year term, or even two terms. This will be occasioned by the retirement of a large number of distinguished jurists. For a number of years there was pending in congress the attempt to secure increased compensation for the federal judges of the country. At nearly every session the effort appeared to be going through. The bill providing for increased compensation became a law at the last session. It largely increases the salary of judges, and numbers of them will now leave the bench to draw comfortable retirement pay from the government. The retirement of Chief Justice Bingham and Associate Justice Hagner, of the supreme court of the district, are forerunners of other retirements that are expected within the next year or so. Chief Justice Fuller himself is one of the distinguished men whose retirement is looked for. Taft, of the Philippines, is universally regarded as his successor. The law relating to retirement provides that a judge must have served ten years or be 70 years of age before he is eligible to retirement on full pay. Chief Justice Fuller has been on the bench since 1888 and is eligible both from service and age.

Although possessing the right, few judges retire after ten years' service. Justice Harlan has been more than twenty-five years on the supreme court, but is so vigorous physically and mentally that he has given no definite thought to retirement. Justice Brewer has been on the spreme bench since December, 1889, and could retire if he desired. So could Justice Brown, who was appointed Dec. 29, 1890. Justice White will have served ten years next February, having been appointed by President Cleveland Feb. 19, 1894. The other justices were appointed since that time.

A number of retirements in the court of claims are expected, as there are judges on that bench eligible for retirement and giving consideration to the idea of doing so. Ex-Governor W. Atkinson, of West Virginia, will be appointed to a position on this bench when a vacancy occurs next. He is now United States attorney of the Southern district of West Virginia. Chief Justice Charles C. Nott was appointed to that bench from New York Feb. 22, 1865, and was made chief justice Dec. 15, 1896. He has been on the bench thirty-eight years. Judge Weldon is regarded as another member of the same bench likely to retire. He was appointed from Illinois and has served twenty years. Judge Stanton J. Peelle has served eleven years, but at present has no thought of retiring. The retirement of Chief Justice Nott and Judge Weldon are regarded as almost certain.

On the United States circuit bench are judges eligible to retire, and many of them will do so. In the First circuit Judge Le Baro Colt, of Bristol, R. I., has served nineteen years. In the Second circuit Judge J. Wallace, of Albany has served twenty-one years.

JUST PUBLISHED.

Prospectors' Map of the Highland Iron Range.

This map has been carefully compiled and drawn by C. P. Frank, county surveyor, from the state and government geological surveys and reports, and other authentic sources.

It has been published with a view to facilitating explorations along this range with the hope that bodies of merchantable iron ore may be discovered near Duluth.

The map shows generally where surface indications of iron are to be seen all the way from range 14 west to range 7 west, inclusive; also the levels of land contours at every fifty feet of elevation, as well as all county roads, railroads, logging railroads and other valuable information. It is just what a prospector in the field requires by way of preliminary information. The maps are printed on strong white paper and are being sold at $1 each by Sharp & Ryan, No. 406 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ELECTION RESULTS

The Michigan Republicans Elect State Ticket With Good Majorities.

Johnson, Fleischman and Jones Re-Elected In Ohio Cities.

Detroit, Mich., April 7.—The Republicans of Michigan yesterday elected their state ticket by a majority estimated between 35,000 and 40,000. The ticket is as follows:

For justice of the supreme court—Judge Frank A. Hooker, of Charlotte.

Regents of the state university—Peter White, of Marquette, and Loyal E. Knappen, of Grand Rapids.

The vote throughout the state excepting where the local issues lent interest to the fight, was light.

In Detroit, an unsually light vote was cast. The only municipal officers elected were a police justice and eight school inspectors. Justice Sellers, Republican, the present incumbent, was re-elected by a large majority and the Republicans elected six of the inspectors.

In Wayne county the Republicans elected Auditor Burt and Circuit Judge Mandell.

Local issues determined the results in most of the smaller cities in the state. At Battle Creek the Socialist party had made a strong campaign but Mayor F. H. Webb, Republican, was elected by 500 majority, with the total vote cast in that city 1300 greater than at the last spring election. The Socialist party elected two aldermen, giving them four in the present council.

At Ludington, the voters declared in favor of accepting Andrew Carnegie's offer of $15,000 for a library.

At Escanaba, the independent labor candidate, J. J. Sourwine, was elected mayor, and S. E. Dikeman was elected mayor of South Haven on a citizens ticket.

In Lapeer, Dr. Blake, Republican, defeated Mayor Schlegel, Democrat, who has carried the city by large majorities for three terms and the Republicans took all the other offices, except one alderman.

J. R. Santo, Citizens candidate for mayor at Traverse City, was elected, the rest of the offices going to the Republicans. The Democrats gained considerable of the council at Marshall and re-elected Mayor F. M. Motte by an increased majority.

For the first time in ten years, the Democrats swept the city of Muskegon and elected their city ticket headed by Leonard Eyke for mayor. Local option was defeated in Cass county. Sam Folz, Citizen-Democratic candidate was elected mayor of Kalamazoo.

The proposition to consolidate Bay City and West Bay City was defeated by a small adverse majority in the latter city.

BAY CITY.

Bay City, Mich., April 7.—This city gave a majority of 800 to the Republican state ticket and elected the entire Republican city ticket by from 499 to 800 majority. Nine Republicans and two Democratic aldermen were elected.

HOUGHTON.

Houghton, Mich., April 6.—Rain and slush caused a light vote in Houghton county. The Republican state ticket won by about 2500 majority.

KALAMAZOO.

Kalamazoo, Mich., April 7.—This city gives the Republican candidates on the state ticket about 300 plurality and the county will increase their pluralities to about 500.

JACKSON.

Jackson, Mich., April 7.—The Republican state ticket won in Jackson county by pluralities from 100 to 150, the larger figure being for the re-election of Judge Frank A. Hooker to the supreme court.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 7.—The Republicans elected their entire city ticket in this city and gave the Republican state ticket between 1600 and 2000 plurality. Kent will give the state Republican ticket between 2500 and 5000 plurality.

SAGINAW.

Saginaw, Mich., April 7.—The Democrats elect their candidate for recorder and justice of the peace by from 75 to 100 plurality. The Republican state ticket in Saginaw county will have a plurality estimated at from 200 to 500.

MARQUETTE.

Marquette, Mich., April 7.—The Republican state ticket carried in Marquette county by a majority of 2000. The total vote was 5500. Greene, Peoples party, was elected mayor of Marquette.

SAULT STE MARIE.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., April 7.—The Democrats made enormous gains over previous years, electing a mayor, a treasurer and two aldermen. The Republicans elect two aldermen. The Republican state ticket received a majority of 300 votes in Sault Ste Marie.

IN OHIO.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 7.—While the Republicans had material gains in the municipal elections in Ohio yesterday they did not secure many changes in the administration of the city. The most notable exception was at Columbus, where Mayor Hinkle, Democrat, is succeeded by Jeffreys, Republican. The mayors of all the leading cities except Columbus, were re-elected. The Republicans retained control of Cincinnati and the Democrats of Cleveland, and Samuel M. Jones was elected as an independent for the fourth time as mayor of Toledo.

The Democrats elected their tickets at Dayton, Sandusky, Chillicothe, Hamilton and other cities normally Democratic, and the Republicans at Steubenville, Youngstown, Warden, Ironton, Portsmouth and other towns that they have heretofore controlled. The winning tickets were of either of the dominant parties. The fusion tickets as a rule were defeated in a dozen or more cities, where they were in the field. There is much diversity of opinion as to the effect of these municipal elections upon the next Republican nomination for governor, but it is conceded that Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, for the Democratic nomination for governor a few months hence and the Ingalls organization will be continued with a view of making him the Democratic opponent of Hanna for the senatorship. There is considerable gossip here about the incipient boom of Mayor Fleischmann for the Republican nomination for governor. It is conceded that the endorsement of Mayor Fleischmann's administration mainly produced the result in Cincinnati, the largest plurality and the largest total vote in the history of the city.

The elections were under the new Ohio municipal code which reorganizes all cities with different system of officers.

COLUMBUS.

Columbus, Ohio, April 9.—Complete returns show that Robert H. Jeffry (Republican), for mayor, is elected over Mayor John N. Hinkle, who was a candidate for re-election by 2000. Mayor Hinkle was elected two years ago by 350.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Ohio, April 7.—Mayor Samuel M. Jones was re-elected for the fourth term by a plurality of about 28,000 over John W. Dowd, Republican, and Charles Eadson, Democrat. A Democratic police judge was re-elected by a majority of 200. The remainder of the Republican ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 400 to 4000.

CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, O., April 7.—Tom L. Johnson was re-elected to the office of mayor by a majority of about 7000 over Harvey D. Goulder, Republican. The Democrats elected vice-mayor, auditor, solicitor and treasurer, and three members of the board of public service. Of thirty-one councilmen returns indicate that twenty-six or twenty-seven will be in sympathy with the mayor's policy, the number including one or two Republicans, who ran as independents.

CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, O., April 7.—Complete returns from the 228 precincts in Cincinnati give Fleischmann, R., 42,907; Ingalls, Fus., 26,287; Swing, Soc., 3774; Martin, Prohib., 845; total, 73,813; Fleischmann's plurality, 16,620; majority, 12,001. The council and school boards each stand twenty Republicans to four Democrats.

AT OTHER PLACES.

Winona, Minn., April 8.—Returns from the municipal election show Brown, (Dem.), elected mayor. The Democrats also elect their candidates for treasurer and assessor. Republican aldermen are elected at large in the Third ward, but other contests are very close. All elections were by a narrow margin.

BISMARCK, N. D.

Bismarck, N. D., April 7.—After a hotly contested election Mayor F. H. Register was re-elected by a majority of thirty-six over John Yegen. Yegen had the active support of former Mayor Patterson, but could not overcome the sentiment in favor of endorsing the clean city administration of the past two years.

ANACONDA.

Anaconda, Mont., April 7.—The Socialists elected John Frinke, mayor; Patrick McHugh, police judge; Michael Tobin, treasurer, and three out of six aldermen. The Democrats elected two aldermen and the Republicans one.

HELENA.

Helena, Mont., April 7.—In the election held here only aldermen were elected. Out of eight the Democrats elected six.

Sterling Silver is the only silver employed by the

Gorham Co.

Silversmiths

This is vouched for by the trade-mark, which also ensures appropriate design and sound workmanship. Yet it costs no more than the unreliable wares of anonymous makers.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND WORK OF THE ARMY

(Continued from page 1.)

of the globe, it was impossible that occasional instances of wrongdoing should not occur. The fact that they occurred in retaliation for well-night intolerable provocation can not for one moment be admitted in the way of excuse or justification. All good Americans regret and deplore them, and the war department has taken every step in its power to punish the offenders and to prevent or minimize the chance of repetition of the offense. But these offenses were the exception and not the rule.

> As a whole our troops showed not only signal courage and efficiency, but great humanity and the most sincere desire to promote the welfare and liberties of the islanders.

In a series of exceedingly harassing and difficult campaigns they completely overthrew the enemy, reducing them finally to a condition of mere brigandage; and whenever they conquered, they conquered only to make way for the rule of the civil government, for the introduction of law, and of liberty under the law. When, by last July, the last vestige of organized insurrection had disappeared, peace and amnesty were proclaimed.

As rapidly as the military rule was extended over the islands by the defeat of the insurgents, just so rapidly was it replaced by the civil government. At the present time the civil government is supreme and the army in the Philippines has been reduced until it is sufficient merely to provide against the recurrence of trouble. In Governor Taft and his associates we sent to the Filipinos as upright, as conscientious, and as able a group of administrators as ever any country has been blessed with having. With them and under them we have associated the best men among the Filipinos, so that the great majority of the officials, including many of the highest rank, are themselves natives of the islands. The administration is incorruptibly honest; justice is as jealously safeguarded as here at home. The government is conducted purely in the interests of the people of the islands; they are protected in their religious and civil rights; they have been given an excellent and well administered school system, and each of them now enjoys rights to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" such as were never before known in all the history of the islands.

The congress which has just adjourned has passed legislation of high importance and great wisdom in the interests of the Filipino people. First and foremost, they conferred upon them by law the present admirable civil government; in addition they gave them an excellent currency; they passed a measure allowing the organization of a native constabulary; and they provided, in the interests of the islands, for a reduction of twenty-five per cent in the tariff on Filipino articles brought to this country. I asked that a still further reduction should be made. It was not granted by the last congress, but I think that in some shape it will be granted by the next. And even without it, the record of legislation in the interests of the Filipinos is one with which we have a right to feel great satisfaction.

Moreover, congress appropriated three million dollars, following the precedent it set when the people of Porto Rico were afflicted by sudden disaster; this money to be used by the Philippine government in order to meet the distress occasioned primarily by the terrible cattle disease which almost annihilated the carabao or water-buffalo, the chief and most important domestic animal in the islands.

> Coming as this disaster did upon the heels of the havoc wrought by the insurrectionary war great suffering has been caused; and this misery for which this government is in no way responsible will doubtless in turn increase the difficulties of the Philippine government for the next year or so.

In consequence there will doubtless here and there occur sporadic increases of the armed brigandage to which the islands have been habituated from time immemorial, and here and there for their own purposes the bandits may choose to style themselves patriots or insurrectionists; but these local difficulties will be of little consequence save as they give occasion to a few men here at home again to try to mislead our people. Not only has the military problem in the Philippines been worked out quicker and better than we had dared to expect, but the progress socially and in civil government has likewise exceeded our fondest hopes.

The best thing that can be done in handling such a problem as that in the Philippines, so peculiar, so delicate, so difficult and so remote, is to put the best man possible in charge and then give him the heartiest possible support, and the freest possible hand. This is what has been done with Governor Taft. There is not in this nation a higher or finer type of public servant than Governor Taft. He has rendered literally inestimable service, not only to the people of the Philippines, but also to the people of the United States, by what he has done in those islands. He has been able to do it, because from the beginning he has been given absolute support by the war department, under Secretary Root. With the cessation of organized resistance the civil government assumed its proper position of headship. The army in the Philippines is now one of the instruments through which Governor Taft does his admirable work. The civil government, of which Governor Taft is the head, is supreme and it will do well in the future as it has in the past, because it will be backed up in the future as it has been in the past.

Remember always that in the Philippines the American government has tried and is trying to carry out exactly what the greatest genius and most revered patriot ever known in the Philippine islands—Jose Rizal—steadfastly advocated. This man, shortly before his death, in a message to his countrymen, under date of Dec. 16, 1896, condemned unsparingly the insurrection of Aguinaldo, terminated just before our navy appeared upon the scene, and pointed out the path his people should follow to liberty and enlightenment. Speaking of the insurrection and of the pretense that Filipino independence of a wholesale character could thereby be obtained, he wrote:

"When, in spite of my advice, a movement was begun, I offered of my own accord, not only my services, but my life and even my good name to be used in any way they might believe effective in stifling the rebellion. I thought of the disaster which would follow the success of the revolution, and I deemed myself fortunate if by any sacrifice I could block the progress of such a useless calamity.

"My countrymen, I have given proof that I was one who sought liberty for our country and I still seek it. But as a first step I insisted upon the development of the people in order that, by means of education and of labor, they might acquire the proper individual character and force which would make them worthy of it. In my writings I have commended to you study and civic virtue, without which our redemption does not exist * * * I can not do less than condemn, and I do condemn, this absurd and savage insurrection planned behind my back, which dishonors us before the Filipinos and discredits us with those who otherwise would argue in our behalf. I abominate its cruelties and disavow any kind of connection with it, regretting with all the sorrow of my soul that these reckless men have allowed themselves to be deceived. Let them return, then, to their homes, and may God pardon those who have acted in bad faith."

This message embodied precisely and exactly the policy upon which the American government has acted in the Philippines. What the patriot Rizal said with such force in speaking of the insurrection before we came to the islands applies with tenfold greater force to those who foolishly or wickedly opposed the mild and beneficent government we were instituting in the islands.

> The judgment of the martyred public servant, Rizal, whose birthday the Philippine people celebrate, and whom they worship as their hero and ideal, sets forth the duty of American sovereignty; a duty from which the American people will never flinch.

While we have been doing these great and beneficent works in the islands, we have yet been steadily reducing the cost at which they are done. The last congress repealed the law for the war taxes, and the war department has reduced the army from the maximum number of one hundred thousand allowed under the law to very nearly the minimum of sixty thousand.

Moreover, the last congress enacted some admirable legislation affecting the army, passing first of all the militia bill and then the bill to create a general staff. The militia bill represents the realization of a reform which had been championed ineffectively by Washington, and had been fruitlessly agitated ever since. At last we have taken from the statute books the obsolete militia law of the Revolutionary days and have provided for efficient aid to the national guard of the states. I believe that no other great country has such fine natural material for volunteer soldiers as we have, and it is the obvious duty of the nation and of the states to make such provision as will enable this volunteer soldiery to be organized with all possible rapidity and efficiency in time of war; and, furthermore, to help in every way the national guard in time of peace. The militia law enacted by the congress marks the first long step ever taken in this direction by the national government.

> The general-staff law is of immense importance and benefit to the regular army.

Individually, I would not admit that the American regular, either officer or enlisted man, is inferiod to any other regular soldier in the world. In fact, if it were worth while to boast, I should be tempted to say that he was the best. But there must be proper training, proper organization and administration, in order to get the best service out of even the best troops. This is particularly the case with such a small army as ours, scattered over so vast a country. We do not need a large regular army, but we do need to have our small regular army the very best that can possibly be produced. Under the worn-out and ineffective organization which has hitherto existed, a sudden strain is absolutely certain to produce the dislocation and confusion we saw at the outbreak of the war with Spain; and when such dislocation and confusion occurs it is easy and natural, but entirely improper, to blame the men who happen to be in office, instead of the system which is really responsible. Under the law just enacted by congress this system will be changed immensely for the better, and every patriotic American ought to rejoice; for when we come to the army and the navy we deal with the honor and interests of all our people; and when such is the case party lines are as nothing, and we all stand shoulder to shoulder as Americans, moved only by pride in and love for our common country.

Burdens Are Many

Duluth Citizens Have Their Share.

Most backache pains come from sick kidneys.

Must cure the kidneys to cure the back.

Doan's Kidney Pills will do it.

Lots of Duluth proof that this is so.

Read what a citizen says:

Mr. Henry Hibke, police officer at Lakeside, residing at 4544 London road, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone who is at all troubled with their kidneys or suffers from pains through the loins or from the effects of colds settling in the kidneys. An officer's work necessitates his being exposed to all kinds of weather. A few years ago I had attacks whenever I caught cold, and a heavy aching pain developed across my loins and kidneys, secretions became irregular and unnatural. Otherwise I have always enjoyed the best of health. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and began using the remedy. The trouble was soon removed."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA

THE GUARANTEED CURE FOR

DREADED DYSPEPSIA.

WHAT is dyspepsia? Failure of the stomach. Failure to do what? Failure to digest food. Why does the stomach fail to digest food? For many reasons: Because it was born weak or has been made weak. Because the food is indigestible. Because of work or worry or exhaustion or a thousand and one causes. They all end in the same thing. You have dyspepsia. That is enough. Anyone who has dyspepsia only cares to know the cause in order that they may find the cure. There is no use in your running around after this doctor and that, and having your complaint called heart disease by one, and nervous prostration by another, and kidney trouble by a third, and collapse of the vital powers, cancer, consumption and what not by the rest, when, after all, it is nothing more than chronic dyspepsia and liver inaction that ails you. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa will cure you and quickly too just as it has thousands of such cases. If you are skeptical read these convincing endorsements.

MRS. LEE ROBERTS, ELKHART, ILL.

"For the past four years I have suffered with Stomach troubles. I tried the best physicians here and three at Springfield with very poor results. When I commenced taking Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, I had no faith in it, but I must say *it is a wonderful medicine.* All the symptoms have left me. I can eat whatever tempts my appetite, with no bad feelings in my stomach; when before, the plainest food would distress me, making life a burden. Now I am all right, and can thank you and cheerfully recommend Kickapoo Indian Sagwa to all who are afflicted with Stomach Trouble. No one will ever regret trying it."—MRS. LEE ROBERTS, Elkhart, Ill.

"About five years ago I used *Kickapoo Indian Sagwa* for a bad case of Dyspepsia. I can say, it is the best medicine I ever used, as it cured me. I have had no return of Dyspepsia since. I recommend it whenever I can."
MRS. BERTHA MURRAY, Dubuque, Iowa.

Sagwa is guaranteed. If it don't give satisfaction your money will be cheerfully refunded. Druggists everywhere sell Sagwa, 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

A full set of the best artificial teeth **$10**
And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K)..... $7.00
Porcelain Crowns..... $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from..... $1.50
Silver Fillings, up from..... 75c
Painless Extracting..... 50c

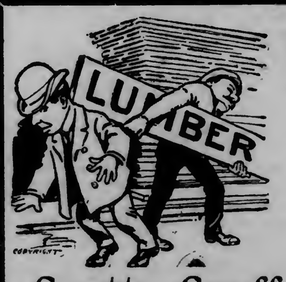
Zenith 'Phone 168. **JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.**
Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Moving and Storage.

The Old Reliable

DULUTH VAN CO.

210 W. Sup. St. 'PHONES: Old 492 / Zenith 767



Did It Ever Strike You

That we have the best Lumber, Lath and Shingles in the city?

We have also Doors, Sash, Mouldings and Mill-Work.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co.

2402 West Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic

FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS

ANTISEPTIC AND HYGIENIC.

Sells on Merit, Not on Sensational Advertising.

A HAIR INVIGORATOR —just what its name implies. It supplies nourishment, the elements of growth, which, when absorbed by the hair, strengthens and beautifies it in the same way that sap glorifies the foliage of a tree. Even where the follicles are seemingly dead, if the scalp is massaged daily with Mme. Yale's Hair Tonics a vigorous growth will be produced. It has honestly earned its title of "the great hair grower." It stimulates the most stunted growth and makes the hair magnificently healthy and beautiful. By its use women can provide themselves with a trailing mantle of hair— woman's natural raiment, her birthright.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC is prized equally by men and women, particularly when the hair begins to weaken or fade. Cures baldness, grayness, splitting of the hair, dandruff and all diseases of the hair, scalp and beard. One application usually stops hair falling. A nursery requisite; no mother should neglect to use it for her boys and girls; when the hair is made strong in childhood it remains proof against disease and retains its vigor and youthfulness throughout life.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC is a colorless, fragrant, delightful hair dressing; neither sticky, gritty nor greasy. Contains no artificial coloring; would not soil the whitest hair; restores original color by invigorating the scalp and re-establishing normal circulation and proper distribution of the live coloring matter. Beautiful hair redeems the plainest countenance, and anyone can secure it by using Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic. Now in three sizes; prices $1.00, 50 cents and 25 cents.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Mme. Yale may be consulted by mail free of charge. Twenty-seven years of practice and experience in treating the human hair and scalp, combined with natural adaptability and scientific study, has given this wonderful woman complete mastery of the capillary structure.

MME. YALE'S BOOKS ARE FREE.

Mme. Yale's books on the subjects of Health, Beauty and the Human Hair will be mailed free upon request.
Address, Mme. M. Yale,
189 Michigan Boulevard, Chicago.

Our special price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic

89c, 45c and 22c.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

WILL NOT REVISE.

Action of Wiscousin Court In a Minnesota Case.

Washington, April 6.—The case of A. C. Finney, receiver of the Farmers and Merchants' State Bank of Minnesota, which failed in 1893, against Mary A. Guy, a resident of Wisconsin, who owned a number of shares of stock in the bank, was decided yesterday by the United States supreme court, which ruled that it could not revise the conclusion reached by the supreme court of Wisconsin in the matter. The suit was brought to enforce the liability of stockholders under the law of Minnesota. The Wisconsin state court held that a receiver appointed in Minnesota under the statutes of the states could not maintain an action outside of Minnesota to enforce liability. The opinion of the supreme court held that as no federal question was involved, it was incompetent for the court to supervise the action of the Wisconsin court. "Whether," it added, "aside from the federal question, the Wisconsin court should have permitted this action to be maintained because of the principle of comity between the states is a question exclusively for the courts of that state to decide."

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

PENNELL'S STORY

He Left a Statement In Defense of Himself.

Buffalo Paper Alleges That He Was a Defaulter.

Buffalo, April 7.—It is now stated that interesting developments may be looked for at the Pennell inquest. It is known that Pennell left a last statement in defense of himself. In it he dealt at length with the Burdick case, with Burdick and with his relations with Mrs. Burdick. Pennell said in this statement that Burdick was killed at midnight; that an unknown woman killed him; he protested his own innocence and said that he had nothing to do with the crime. He told of his strained relations with Mr. Burdick, but insisted that his relations with Mrs. Burdick were purely platonic.

This statement was finished by Pennell the day before his death. After it was finished he set to work, on the day of his death, on a separate statement. The first statement was held pending the completion of the second statement. The last statement has not been found. It has disappeared as completely as if some one had burned it up.

The first statement written by Pennell, in which he comes to his own defense, is known to have been in existence, and it is believed that unless extraordinary circumstances prevent, it will come to light. Unless there is deliberate smothering of this statement, District Attorney Coatsworth and Judge Murphy will have it out at the Pennell inquest next Friday.

It is now pointed out that it will be impossible to divorce the Pennell inquest from the Burdick inquest. Too many facts have come to light establishing a seeming connection between the two. This apparent connection must be established or discredited, the authorities say.

Besides the statement in self-defense Pennell left the letters to friends about the Burdick case detective reports, detective bills and other documents pertaining to the shadowing of Burdick in an effort to get evidence against him upon which to base a divorce case. It is stated that the authorities have some of these papers. Others they expect to get from witnesses at the Pennell inquest and thus secure further information concerning Burdick's life, and possibly of Burdick's death. If, by some legal right these witnesses can decline to produce the papers, they will have the opportunity to state that right, and stand upon it, so that the public may know the fact. This is what is feared by the authorities.

The Commercial yesterday afternoon publishes a story in which it is alleged that Arthur R. Pennell, who was killed in an automobile accident on March 10, was a defaulter to the extent of from $150,000 to $200,000. The story, the Commercial says, leaked out as the result of a legal dispute over two life insurance policies, and is to the effect that Pennell induced friends in the East, who had known his family and the family of his wife, to place money in his hands for investment. He acted, in fact, as their financial agent. He would inform them of some good investment which he had come across which would pay an excellent rate of interest, and they would send him money. The money which was sent to him for investment, it is alleged, he spent, and when interest payments fell due he made payments out of his own pocket.

Wallace Thayer, who was Pennell's attorney and intimate friend, is referred to by the paper as saying he had suspected irregularities, but that he had no proof of any such wrong doing.

Incidentally it has been learned that Pennell made provision for the payment to Mrs. Edwin L. Burdick of $25,000 out of his life insurance.

Pennell carried over $200,000 life insurance in order, the Commercial says, that after his death the Eastern estates to which he is alleged to have been a defaulter, might be able to recoup the losses, which they sustained through him. In his will Pennell named as administrator of his estate his brother, J. Frederick Pennell. He left to his administrator sealed instructions that upon his death he should make good, in full, out of his estate, all the losses which had been sustained through his defalcations.

The Commercial adds that Pennell had contemplated suicide for two years and says the fact is known that Pennell planned two years ago to throw himself in front of a train at Peekskill, and to make it appear that his death was an accident. He stopped off at Peekskill on the way back from New York with the intention of committing suicide in that way, but his nerve failed him. Recently he told the story of the Peekskill incident himself. During the Pan-American exposition he sought for days an opportunity to commit suicide in a manner that would make it appear accidental. He had an idea that he could be run over in some way while at the exposition, but he never could nerve himself up to the point where he could throw himself under a train or drop under the wheels of a trolley car.

It appears there were two life policies which had not been handed over to the administrator. One was for $15,000 and the other for $10,000. Those two policies had been assigned by Pennell to Attorney Wallace Thayer, in trust. In one he was referred to as "Wallace Thayer, trustee," and in the other he was designated "Wallace Thayer, as trustee." The insurance companies took legal counsel in the matter and held up payments. J. Frederick Pennell, the administrator of the estate, was called in and insisted on having more information before he would consent to the payment of any insurance money to Mr. Thayer, as trustee. It was then that the story of Pennell's alleged defalcations and his plans to commit suicide were made known. The $15,000 insurance money, assigned to Thayer by Pennell in trust, is supposed to be paid over to Mrs. Burdick in accordance with the provisions of the bond for $50,000 which Pennell gave prior to his death. Mr. Thayer will not talk about it. In fact, he has declined to give even the administrator of Pennell's estate any information concerning it.

The administrator went to Mr. Thayer for the purpose of finding out the nature of his trust. Mr. Thayer would not talk. He said Pennell had left sealed instructions advising him how he was to dispose of the $25,000, and that as a lawyer, he could not divulge the nature of that transaction. The administrator urged that he was entitled to know the nature of the trust before he could consent to have the money paid over. Mr. Thayer still refused to say what the trust was.

Thomas Penney, attorney for the Pennell estate, accordingly charged the insurance companies to pay over no money to Mr. Thayer. The probability is that the $25,000 will be paid into the courts. Mr. Penney said that if Pennell had swindled any estates in the East, he was absolutely ignorant of it.

MOTHER AND CHILD

Scott's Emulsion is cod liver oil made almost as palatable as milk. It is easy and soothing to the weak stomach; it checks the tendencies of children toward thinness.

Scott's Emulsion gives strength to weak mothers because it creates healthy flesh and new blood.

Nursing mothers will find a special value in Scott's Emulsion because it insures a flow of rich, nourishing milk for the baby. More and better than a medicine; Scott's Emulsion is a food.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Samuel Clark, of Fond du Lac, Wis., shot May Mitchell three times and then killed himself. The woman may die.

Governor Pennypacker, of Pennsylvania, has signed the act of legislature prohibiting the sale of cigarets or cigaret papers to any person under 21 years of age. The penalty for violation of the act is a fine of from $100 to $300.

Lucius R. Stout, former county commissioner and a wealthy farmer, was arrested at Noblesville, Ind., charged with grave robbing, the case being connected with the notorious ghoul conspiracy at Indianapolis. Stout was released under heavy bond.

The district grand jury returned an indictment for embezzlement against Henry Rechtin, formerly disbursing clerk in the department of justice. The indictment alleges that Rechtin converted to his own use $7,604 of United States funds.

Eleven young men who are said to have participated in an attack on the non-union crew of a trolley car in Waterville, Conn., on the night of Feb. 26, were held for trial on the charge of assault with intent to kill. Their names are: Edwin Wolcott, William Costello, James Quinn, Thomas Quinn, James Whitty, Joseph Kelly, Stephen Bail, Michael Ryan, Charles Cobb, Thomas Kenny and James Ennis.

The wagonmakers of Brooklyn, to the number of 1500, struck Monday for eight, instead of ten hours, as a day's work.

The Labor Fuel company, recently organized at Fort Smith, Ark., with a capital of $75,000,000, is to be a gigantic coal mining company, owned and controlled by union labor. J. Mallette, Southwestern representative of the American Federation of Labor, is president and the directors are all labor men. The company has purchased 15,000 acres of coal lands.

The second attempt within a week was made early Monday to burn the town of Montgomery, Ind. Just before daylight five fires were started with oil-soaked rags in as many buildings in the business section of town. All the fires were extinguished without heavy loss. The citizens are organizing a vigilance committee and declare that they will lynch the firebugs as soon as they are detected.

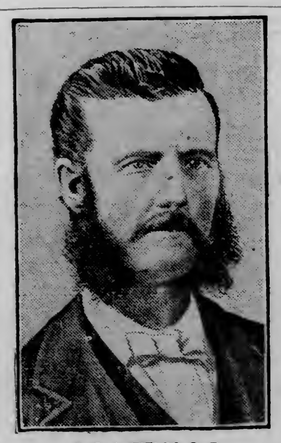
A Doctor of Divinity

Renews His Life and Prepares Himself for Continued Active Work as a Christian Minister.

Paine's Celery Compound

The World's Ideal Health Builder, Does the Blessed Work.

Thousands of prominent Christian ministers, through the use of Paine's Celery Compound, are happily pursuing their pastoral duties and ministering with success to their congregations. Heart troubles, sleeplessness, nervousness, sluggish and impure blood, weak digestion, and variable appetite, resulting from overwork, overstudy, worry, and anxiety are the troubles that drag clergymen down to deeper sufferings



S. G. A. FIELDS, D. D.

and perils. Today Paine's Celery Compound is the home medicine of all wise and prudent clergymen. A vast number of them owe their lives and present good health to Dr. Phelps' world renowned prescription that "makes sick people well." The Rev. Dr. S. G. A. Fields, Crescent, Oklahoma, says:

"I thank you most sincerely for the marvelous benefits I derived from the use of your Paine's Celery Compound. I can boast of heart trouble banished, my nervousness is gone, my sleep is refreshing, appetite and digestion in splendid condition, and my strength is increasing daily. All this blessed work has been accomplished by your Paine's Celery Compound."

AS VIEWED BY GATH

Some Reflections Upon the Burdick Murder at Buffalo.

A Useful Case to Produce Amendment and Reflection.

Buffalo, April 7.—Stopping over in Western New York I took in the localities of the Burdick murder, which, in our happy country, is the only case found out among 80,000,000 of folks.

It presents an easy occasion for everybody to kiss his wife and forgive himself.

Who would have thought Yale college so hysterical as to give Arthur Pennell, the ruiner of his friend's wife, a clean sheet of gratuitous exoneration, and have it developed three days afterward that Pennell started the seduction of Mrs. Burdick upon the Yale college lawn, at a commencement, full of loyalty to his class, full of university clubernacle?

Shakespeare, with clairvoyance beyond Moses, creates Hamlet's mother in the same likeness with the unconsolable wife of Petronius Arbiter, who lies down in her dead husband's grave till a soldier is invited in, who so alters matters that they put the dead husband on the crucifix of the malefactor whose body was stolen during the soldier's diversion. This tale has been derided, but we see Hamlet's mother restored in Mrs. Burdick, when Hamlet, the son says:

Frost itself, as actively doth burn,
And reason panders will.

What man must sometimes endure to be a family example is seen in Burdick's case. He saw his wife willing to return to him without love and calmly assure him that another woman's husband was her passion. In fierce ages the scimeter itself would have severed her head, but punitive love also murders the peace of the inflictor. Love is the Hebrew Moloch of the jealous God, visiting the sins of the parents upon the children.

In my enforced study of the Tilton case I saw where age can tamper with young wives, from its daring art of love. The presence of so many young women at the Burdick inquest shows how the love of scandal is next door to guilt.

The most devout societies seem most given to coquetry. There is a "rebellious hell that mutinies in matron's bones." Good sense is the great preserver. Hysterics, unrest of any kind, become unsafe before the verb Amo. Therefore, husbandry is a better guardian than dogma, or extreme idealism.

Women who marry for "support" are uncertain. The mighty talisman of passionate love is to be tried upon them. Much beauty, also, is a hazardous conquest, as in Helen of Troy and Mary Stuart. The loss of an opporutnity saves many a pair, as in Browning's poem of "The Statue and the Bust."

The murder of Burdick was the astonishing conclusion of a chain of vulgarity. Pennell must have been a dangerous machine to pursue another man's commonplace wife till he did not want her, yet had to kill himself to evade her, after he had revealed himself to the society he feared.

Burdick's principles were above the spite of most injured husbands. He was at first slandered foully, as merely killed by his unknown of many paramours, whereas he was all the time upon his guard, lest private detectives offset his divorce suit with a disclosure. He was envied because he would not revenge himself upon his wife with her own behavior. Few men were ever so perseveringly persecuted, and if he had only fallen he need not have been killed.

Edward Clark, late architect of the Washington capitol, told me that old Brumidi, the dome painter, married a careless second wife, who, like his first wife, is represented naked in the dome, as Ceres, Venus, Flora, or something. She made champagne trips away and returned sad, and when the old artist remonstrated, she said: "I love Smithy; I do not love you. I am sorry."

"Oh," said the Italian, "if you love Smithy, go live with him. I will pay you. Always be conscientious!" So he lost his Fornarina model and wife. After that he could paint no more saints.

A week before Mrs. Burdick's testimony I heard a good family man say that Burdick had brought the murder upon himself by his licentiousness. It now seems that his virtue was too stalwart; that his friends' wives had no temptation from him; that he was mutual respect all the time. Burdick died covered with newspaper infamy, and after the detectives had shadowed him long without an imputation upon him, he came near going to the grave detested by his children, who might have lived to have called their mother and step-father, Pennell, the earth's best salt.

The case of Burdick is a useful one to produce amendment and reflection. We are sorry to admit that Burdick was too fine and forgiving; he would have been alive had he proceeded against his wife at the first offense. In the court-martial of men condonation of a wife's adultery is the greatest of shames. Butterworth, who detained Key till Sickles killed him, never spoke to Sickles again after he clandestinely took back his guilty wife.

GATH.

PUGH CIVIL SERVICE BILL RECOMMENDED FOR PASSAGE

(Continued from page 1).

the house some time ago by the railroad committee, was voted down by the special committee to which it was referred yesterday afternoon. It was generally conceded to be a very ridiculous bill in some of its features, and its fate in the committee was not unexpected. The bill sought to do away with rebates on freight rates, and in that attempt it embodied provisions that would have made it extremely uncomfortable for a lot of innocent manufacturers in this state.

The special committee consisted of W. A. Nolan, George W. Armstrong, Ambrose Tighe, J. D. Shearer, Frank Clague, T. F. Ofsthun and J. O. Haugland.

* * *

The house judiciary committee had another whirl at the trading stamp bill yesterday afternoon, and in a hearing that continued until considerably after the supper hour listened to the arguments of the friends and opponents of the Jepson bill, prohibiting gift enterprises.

The friends of the bill had had their innings before, and this time its enemies were present, represented by a number of very clever attorneys. The bill did not go undefended however for the State Grocers' association had its attorney, William T. Coe, of Minneapolis, there to talk.

Among the attorneys there against the bill were the following: Gilbert E. Roe, of New York, representing tea and coffee houses; John H. Jones, of New York, representing soap and coffee houses; Morton Barrows, of St. Paul, representing the American Tobacco company (the tobacco trust); Harlan P. Roberts, of Minneapolis, representing the trading stamp people, and L. J. Dobner, of St. Paul, representing a large grocery firm that was in favor of the trading stamp. In regard to this concern it was charged—and not denied—that its chief proprietor was interested in the trading stamp business himself.

The hearing was quite heated, and as there were many able lawyers present, it ran considerably to constitutional law, the opponents of the bill raising the point that it is unconstitutional. One of the members said the members of the committee had been receiving letters and telegrams from country grocers, asking them to support the bill, when they did not know a trading stamp from a rabbit.

Another attorney ventured to state that he had heard reports to the effect that nearly all of the members of the committee had pledged themselves to support the bill.

In the executive meeting of the committee that followed some heat was shown because of this statement, and some of the memebrs wondered whether or not they ought to feel insulted. The bill was not disposed of, but was referred to a sub-committee, which will consider its constitutionality. This committee will consist of Messrs. Hellinwell, Shearer, Perley, Wilson and Bennett and it is to report Wednesday back to the committee.

* * *

In the house session yesterday afternoon Mr. Shearer took up his attempt to beat the Smith bill permitting state banks to have savings departments, but it finally failed. When the bill was declared carried on Saturday, he gave notice of a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was adopted, and yesterday afternoon he called up this motion, but it was voted down.

* * *

The house game and fish committee had a meeting yesterday afternoon and considered five bills, two of which it voted to recommend for passage and two for indefinite postponement. The Taylor bill permitting bullheads to be caught and shipped out of the state at any season was recommended to pass, and so was the Haugen bill permitting the use of fish houses to catch pickerel and redhorse through the ice for domestic uses. Bennett's bill prohibiting sportsmen from hunting in fields of grain without the consent of the owners was recommended for indefinite postponement, and so was Mr. Smith's bill permitting people to have deer hides in their possession outside the deer season, providing it could not be shown that the deer the hide had belonged to was killed unlawfully. The same unhappy fate overtook Mr. Jacoby's bill making it a misdemeanor to kill a hare or rabbit by any means except a gun.

* * *

The house yesterday passed the Putnam bill increasing the fees paid by banks, savings banks and trust companies to the state, and requiring them to pay the expense of having the public examiner inspect their affairs. The annual fee is to be $20 for gross assets of $50,000, $25 for gross assets over $50,000 to $100,000, $1 for each additional $100,000 up to $1,000,000, and $2.50 for each $100,000 over $1,000,000.

The Wilson bill from the senate making a wife a competent witness against her husband to prove desertion, and providing punishments for that offense, was also passed. The punishment is ninety days or $100, but if the desertion continues over six months the offense becomes a felony, and may be punished by three years in the penitentiary, the county jail one year, or hard labor in the workhouse from ninety days to a year.

* * *

The senate in committee of the whole yesterday afternoon recommended for passage the Calhoun bill amending the insurance laws so as to include the co-insurance clause.

Dr. Budd's bill validating bonds heretofore issued for county jails received favorable action also.

The Du Toit bill prohibiting railroads from moving passenger stations or depots or withdrawing their agents without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission was recommended to pass.

Another bill that had favorable action was the Peterson bill providing that an election contest may be had by their party when the vote is a tie. This cannot be done under the present laws.

Capt. Randall's bill requiring the use of covered patrol wagons in cities over 50,000 was recommended to pass.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL.

Mr. Schmahl is the efficient clerk of the house of representatives. He is part owner of the Redwood Falls Gazette, and wrote the article on the legislative trip which was republished by The Herald last Saturday.

Mrs. Weisslitz, president of the German Womans' Club of Buffalo, N. Y., after doctoring for two years, was finally cured of her kidney trouble by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Of all the diseases known with which the female organism is afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal. In fact, unless prompt and correct treatment is applied, the weary patient seldom survives.

Being fully aware of this, Mrs. Pinkham, early in her career, gave exhaustive study to the subject, and in producing her great remedy for woman's ills—**Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**—was careful to see that it contained the correct combination of herbs which was sure to control that dreaded disease, **woman's** kidney troubles. The Vegetable Compound acts in harmony with the laws that govern the entire female system, and while there are many so called remedies for kidney troubles, **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only one especially prepared for women.**

Read What Mrs. Weisslitz Says.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two years my life was simply a burden, I suffered so with female troubles, and pains across my back and loins. The doctor told me that I had kidney troubles and prescribed for me. For three months I took his medicines, but grew steadily worse. My husband then advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and brought home a bottle. It is the greatest blessing ever brought to our home. Within three months I was a changed woman. My pain had disappeared, my complexion became clear, my eyes bright, and my entire system in good shape."—MRS. PAULA WEISSLITZ, 176 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Proof that Kidney Trouble can be Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel very thankful to you for the good your medicine has done me. I had doctored for years and was steadily growing worse. I had trouble with my kidneys, and two doctors told me I had Bright's disease; also had falling of the womb, and could not walk a block at a time. My back and head ached all the time, and I was so nervous I could not sleep; had hysteria and fainting spells, was tired all the time, had such a pain in my left side that I could hardly stand at times without putting my foot on something.

"I doctored with several good doctors, but they did not help me any. I took, in all, twelve bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** five boxes of **Liver Pills,** and used three packages of **Sanative Wash,** and feel like a new woman, can eat and sleep well, do all my own work, and can walk two miles without feeling over tired. The doctors tell me that my kidneys are all right now. I am so happy to be well, and I feel that I owe it all to your medicine."—MRS. OPAL STRONG, Dalton, Mass.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Big Reduction in Electric Light Rates.

Commencing January 1, 1903, the rates for electric current used after that date will be reduced from a basis rate of twenty cents per kilo watt to fifteen cents per kilo watt, with increased reductions for current use.

The New Rates Are As Follows:

1 to 20 thousand watts.....15 cents per thousand watts
20 to 60 thousand watts.....14 cents per thousand watts
60 to 100 thousand watts.....12½ cents per thousand watts
100 to 200 thousand watts.....10 cents per thousand watts
All over 200 thousand watts..... 8 cents per thousand watts

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid before the 12th of the month.

—Note—1000 watts equal one kilo watt.—

EXAMPLE OF REDUCTION:

20,000 watts at 20c per kilo watt amounts to $4 00, less 15 per cent discount, net.....$3.40
New rates—20,000 watts at 14 cents per kilo watts amounts to $2.80, less 10 per cent, net.....$2.52

Duluth General Electric Co.,
Office: 216 West Superior Street.

Peachey & Lounsberry,
New Address Providence Bldg.
Zenith 336; Duluth 166-5. The Printers

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitchings of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;
Acts Pleasantly;
Acts Beneficially;
Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

For sale by all leading Druggists, in original packages only, bearing the full name of the Company.

COMING TO STUDY

Agriculture In the United States and Get American Ideas.

Eminent German Land Owners Seek Pointers on Farming.

Washington, April 7.—A delegation of forty-five of the men most deeply interested in the development of agriculture in Germany will make a tour of the United States in May. The tour is taken for the purpose of giving the visitors an opportunity to study American methods in farming, stock raising and other branches of husbandry. The Germans have devoted much attention in the last few years to the improvement of agricultural conditions in the empire. The colleges, the officials of the government and the land owners have taken a deep interest in everything pertaining to latest and most improved methods in farm production.

Nearly a year ago the German ambassador in Washington took the preliminary steps toward arranging for the coming tour. The ambassador had a conference with Mr. Wilson, secretary of agriculture, and was assured by him that the department would afford every facility to the visitors and would be pleased to show them everything that had been tried and proved of benefit to the agriculturists of America. For several months the plans for the tour of the visitors have been under consideration by the German representatives here and the officials of the department of agriculture. The details have now all been arranged.

The visitors will arrive in New York on May 2, where they will be met by J. L. Schulte, of the department of agriculture, who will accompany them on their tour of this country. They will go to Plainsboro, N. J., to inspect the model dairy farm of the country, and will then come to Washington for a stay of two or three days. They will then go to Virginia to examine some orchards, and from there to Kentucky for a study of horse raising and an inspection of the blue grass region.

On Saturday, May 9, the party will be the guests of Adolphus Busch at St. Louis, and on Sunday, May 10, will go to Kansas City for a day's stay. From Kansas City the visitors will go to a number of points in Iowa and Nebraska and will visit Denver on the 15th. They will then go direct to San Francisco, returning through Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin, and on back to Boston, sailing for Germany from New York on June 26.

The following gentlemen will compose the party: Dr. Victor Ritter von Bauer, Bruenn, Austria; Maximillian Beutner, Posen, owner of feudal estate; F. Bierman, Sanitz, Mecklenburg, owner of feudal estates; F. R. Brettreicher, Munich, Bavaria, government official; Ulrich Behm, Kleetzow, Pomerania, agriculturist; Conrad Eberhardt, Speyer-on-the-Rhine; Dr. Alfred Dietrich, Coblonz, government official; H. Eysenhart, Rangsdorf, Brandenburg, owner of feudal estate; H. Frederick Farber, Gera, agriculturist; Ottoman Fenerstein, Parchwitz, Silesia, agriculturist; Dr. F. H. Flecken, Cologne; Erich von Fluegge, Speck, Pomerania, government official; Th. Fuehling, Frechem, Rhenish Prussia, director of large estates; A. Fuhrman, Berlin, agriculturist; Kurt Guebler, Sorau, Brandenburg, agriculturist; Armand Galn, Peske, West Prussia; Bernard Gontard, Leipsic, agriculturist; Charles Hanich, Breslau, director of estates; H. Kloevekorn, Uderwagen, owner of estates; Victor V. Laffert, Brahsterf, Mecklenburg, lieutenant of the reserve; Hans Lampe, Leipsic, agriculturist; Dr. Eugene Count Loeber, Lobositz, Bohemia; E. Lomcke, Hoppenrade, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, agriculturist; Dr. Felix Lindermann, Dresden, agriculturist; P. Moeller, Schleffenburg, Mecklenburg, owner of feudal estates; Ferdinand von Prachter, Munich, Bavaria, government official; C. Rechboltz, Doelitz, Pomerania, owner of feudal estates; Walter Richter, Tapiau, East Prussia, agricultural inspector; Fred Rueffer, Heidelburg, student; Bernard Sachss, Weissig, Saxxony, owner of feudal estates; Jacob Schlosser, Koeln, Ehrenfeld, student; E. Schuennat, Neulienen, East Prussia, owner of feudal estates; Count von Schnurbein, Rain, Bavaria; Ernst Simons, Elberfield, agriculturist; Charles Skene, Jr., Breslau, agriculturist; Count Schenk von Stauffenberg Rissbach, Wuerttemberg; Fred Staak mann, Leipsic; Anton Treip, Elberfield, agriculturist; Professor Viel Hauer, Mosbach, Baden, teacher of agriculture; A. Wadsack Tonnsraedt, province of Saxony; Mr. Wagner, Neudientendorf, agriculturist; Martin Weissenborn, Fidichow, Pomerania, agriculturist; W. Wies Lalendorf, Mecklenburg, agriculturist; Dr. Martin Wilner, Berlin, agriculturist; C. Winkler, Lockwitz, Saxony, owner of estates.

"Doesn't cough much through the day. It's when night comes that he coughs so hard."

Don't let these night coughs deceive you. Some day you may wake up to the fact that your boy is thin, pale, weak, even seriously ill. You can't safely trifle with any throat or lung trouble. Cure the cough quickly with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It's the same medicine your old doctor gave you when you were a child. The young doctors indorse it now, too, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"I have the greatest confidence in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have used it for a number of years and I never knew it to fail to break up a cold."—CHARLES PREVOST, Plattsburg, N. Y.

A Spring and Summer Tonic.

Go to the glorious mountains of Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky" and "Sapphire Country," a natural paradise at all times of the year, a pleasant spot, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation. For temperature and climate it is unexcelled. Reached by the Southern railway.

Write for descriptive book of "The Land of the Sky," mailed free upon application to J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Hints To Advertisers

When your ads are in early, they always appear in the first, or Iron Range edition of The Herald of that day. Besides this, the extra time allowed in the setting insures a more attractive display. Get your copy in the day before.

"The man who does not advertise," says Bosworth, "that man seems to me to possess but one idea, and that a wrong one."

It does not occur to some advertisers that disagreeable, unseasonable days are the very ones on which the evening paper is most welcome. When everything is soaking outside, the ads are soaking into the minds of the readers inside.

It is a favorable argument with some merchants who do not advertise that they cannot afford to do so because it adds to the expense.

As well say they cannot afford to do more business because another salesman would have to be employed.

It is the volume of sales which reduces the expenses of selling, and the cheapest, quickest way to get volume is to advertise.

The Advisor: Department stores are admirably qualified by the very nature of their business to enter the mail order field, and every one should develop a mail order department at the earliest possible time. In this manner the local advertising is made to bring the fullest returns possible. Those which have never reached out for mail orders have no conception of the vast amount of business that can be built up in a few years in this manner. The mail orders are often followed by personal visitation, which results in large purchases. By all means cultivate a mail order trade.

Do you ever see an Evening Herald lying around in vacant seats or street cars?

Malin's Magazine: The business man who stands still in his advertising, places himself behind the times.

When he is content to let well enough alone, he is placing a mortgage on his future.

The man who has been recognized as a leader, takes his place in the ranks with poor grace, and—eventually, his business disposition sours.

An advertising periodical says that when one of two merchants in the same line of trade advertises and the other does not, the latter pays the advertising bill of the former in the loss of trade. This is true in a measure, says the Schenectady Star, but the gain of the advertiser is not limited to the trade which he wins from the other. His advertising creates trade. It induces people to buy who would not otherwise feel impelled to buy.

When ready to move use Evening Herald want ads.

Progressive Advertiser: The demand for many articles of diet has, through advertising, reached a point far in excess of the expectations of the most sanguine.

Nearly everybody advertises in the Evening Herald because everybody reads it.

"I never think I hit hard unless it rebounds."—Boswell. Evening Herald want ads hit hard; what you want rebounds.

Jed Scarboro: A ladder is a good thing to climb on, provided it rests on a good and secure foundation. Advertising may be likened unto a ladder. It's a good thing for the man who wishes to reach success quickly, but if there is not merit and truth at its base, great will be the fall when the prop of public confidence is withdrawn.

THAT FISH HEAR

Is Proven By Experiments Made By a Harvard Professor.

Scientists Show the Ears of Some Are of Use.

Cambridge, Mass., April 7.—The notion that fish can hear has been denied of late years by several modern scientific observers, but now comes Prof. G. H. Parker, of Harvard university, with experiments recently performed at the biological laboratory of the United States fish commission at Woods Hole, to substantiate, at least in part, the fisherman's time honored supposition. That all fishes have the power of hearing Prof. Parker does not assert. But none the less he declares that he is fully convinced that particular kind of fish used in his recent investigation do hear sounds.

This conclusion, seems, at first glance, quite opposite to the one reached by the Viennese physiologist, Kreidl, who decided, some years ago, that the ears of a goldfish have no value whatsoever as hearing apparatus and that the goldfish never actually hears a sound, but rather feels it. Yet the two conclusions may not be so irreconcilable. It does not follow, for instance, because the little New English minnow, or "killifish," on which Prof. Parker conducted his experiments did hear, that the goldfish used in the European experiment may not have been quite incapable of hearing. Indeed, Prof. Tullberg, of the University of Upsala, Sweden, who has just finished a somewhat similar series of experiments with the sense organ of fishes, tells us that a fish's actual hearing is a matter not yet finally proved, either one way or the other.

Hearing, as has been pointed out by various observers, was probably the last of the five senses to be developed. It is found only in the higher organisms. Among the vertebrates, for example, although frogs, toads, turtles and the like have a certain sense of hearing, yet its efficiency is low compared with that of birds, or, particularly, of such highly organized animals as the dog and cat. All the creatures, moreover, in which hearing has so far been found highly developed are animals that live surrounded by air, and the question has thus been raised as to whether the sense of hearing could really be developed at all in water. And if hearing under water were impossible, fishes would obviously be deaf.

Naturally, however, one might argue, if the ears of a certain fish do not serve it to hear with, they must have some other equally important office, and it has become clear, through the independent investigations of several scientists during the last two decades that they do play an important part in maintaining the balance of the fish as it swims through the water. Prof. Lee, of Columbia university, in studying the action of several species of fish when subjected to sounds of one kind and another, came to the conclusion that the sole function of their ears, so-called, was to keep their bodies in equilibrium. In fact, according to another general concensus of opinion at the beginning of the twentieth century, piscatorial need by no means constrained Isaak Walton's angler to "be patient and forbear swearing."

Prof. Parker, however, does not altogether agree with these other scientists. He starts from the well known fact that certain fish, like the sea robin, makes sounds when attacked—the natural inference being that the sound is heard by both creatures. In a series of experiments conducted last summer he went on to show that at least one species of fish—the small green killifish before mentioned—has ears that are distinctly serviceable to hear with.

The apparatus which Prof. Parker used in his experiments consisted of a deal sounding board on which a bass viol string was so stretched that its vibrations could be transmitted through the board to the water. Its sounds were thus practically made under water. The string itself was kept tuned to about forty vibrations a second, a little among the lowest ever used in music, and of about the same pitch as the sounds uttered by the few known fishes that have voices. Within the aquarium was hung a small cage, one end of which, paralled with the sounding board, was covered with netting to permit the free entrance to any sound from without. This cage was suspended from supports independent of the aquarium itself, so that no oscillation of the aquarium framework would be communicated to the cage, and in it were placed, one by one, the killifish used in Prof. Parker's experiments. To sum up, apparatus provided that the sounds to which the imprisoned fish was to be subjected should be well sustained and of relatively low intensity rather than of the kind to produce a concussion or shock that should be "felt" instead of "heard."

Three classes of killifish were tested—first, those that were entirely normal; second, those in which the nerves of the ears had been cut and which were therefore unquestionably deaf, if they had originally been able to hear; and, third, those with outer skins which had been rendered insensitive and which accordingly could not serve as a medium for noting any phenomena incident to the sound of the viol string.

As soon as the normal fish were placed in the cage and the bass viol string set in vibration, four different "reactions," to use the technical expression, were immediately noticeable. The rate of the gill movements increased for a brief period. The pectoral fins, if quiet, were set in motion. The tail fins often vibrated. Finally, the whole fish sometimes gave a spring, just as if startled by an unexpected sound. The normal fishes were subjected to ten tests apiece, and in ninety-six cases—just 96 per cent of all—the movement of the pectoral fins, which were chosen as the reaction most satisfactory for observation, responded to the sound produced by the instrument.

Ten fishes whose ear nerves had been operated on at least twenty-four hours before the experiment were tested in a similar fashion, but in 100 trials there were only eighteen responses, and some of these eighteen were of doubtful character. Here, then, was presumptive evidence that the ears of the normal killifish were actually stimulated, as ears, by the disturbance set up by the vibrating bass viol string, and this evidence was made certain by 100 similar tests performed on the fishes whose ears were normal but whose skins had been treated to make them insensitive. This special operation, moreover, was more severe upon the organization of the fishes than the preceding one, and the fact that they still reacted under the influence of the instrument almost exactly like the normal fish in the first experiment disposed at once of the possibility that the treatment of the earless fish had had any bearing on their behavior.

There still remained one question—whether the vibrations of the bass viol string had reached the fishes as an actual sound or as a slight wave motion started in the water of the aquarium by the actual oscillation of the sounding board. Close observation of the aquarium during the vibration of the bass viol string had revealed that the whole aquarium vibrated slightly at the same time and that the sound vibrations were communicated to the water. It followed naturally that the fish might respond to the vibration of the water surrounding it even without hearing the sound of the string. An electric tuning fork, vibrating some 120 times a second, was therefore substituted for the string as a sound producer, the fork being so arranged that the sound could be delivered through the sounding board and into the water of the aquarium without communicating any noticeable jar or disturbance to the aquarium itself. Under these conditions it was found that the earless fishes never paid the slightest attention to the sound of the tuning fork, while those with ears invariably noticed it. The eighteen times out of a hundred in which the earless killifish heard and responded to the sound of the viol string were therefore due probably to the movements which the vibrations of the viol string had produced in the aquarium itself and not to any actual hearing on their part. Tried on a dogfish, however, the same series failed to produce the least evidence of hearing and the results of Prof. Parker's experiments therefore partly substantiate as well as refute the work of Prof. Kreidl and Prof. Lee—His own conclusion being that there are some fishes in which hearing may be totally undeveloped and others in which the sense of hearing, however, rudimentary, is actually a definite fact to be reckoned with, whether by fisherman or by scientist.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer

SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS ... "ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz"

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS

VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad Street. Telephone 62.

BERLIN ASKING

How Did Lona Harrison Carry Her Point?

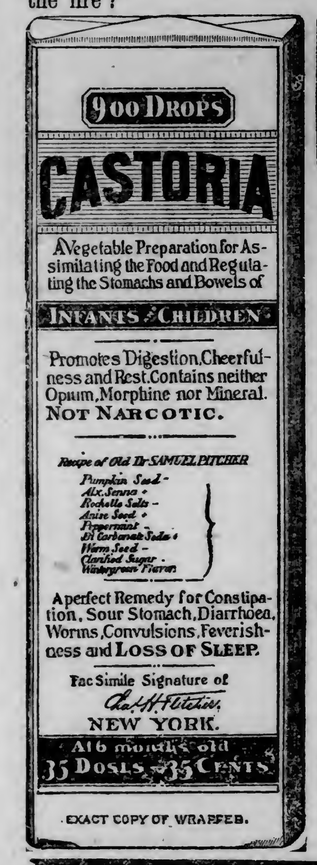
Berlin, April 7.—"What did Lona do to Baron Hammerstein, minister of the interior?" runs the latest popular ditty. After playing in a rather torrid undressing act the Walhalla theater, Magdeburg, the chief of police, sent next evening twelve cops in uniform to prevent Lona from repeating her exhibition. Lona asked the commanding officer to her dressing room and threatening dire things on account of some mysterious "pull" with the authorities, persuaded him to let her play that night. After finishing her performance Lona and her husband, Fleuron, who used to be a New York newspaper man, took the train for Berlin, and next morning Lona waited upon his excellency the minister, asking him to intercede on her behalf. He did—after a lengthy interview—telegraphing to the Magdeburg chief that Lona's performance was all right and must not be interfered with.

The gossips have it that Lona went through her part in Baron Hammerstein's private office, convincing him that Magdeburg's morality was safe. At any rate, the former American girl is again the most advertised vaudeville artist in Germany, and when she walks the street policemen stand at attention and salute with three low bows, fearing that the minister of the interior may cut their heads off if they lack in courtesy to his protege.

A New Baby.

A New Baby! What magic, what mystery, what charm these words have for us. Yet, how infinitely more they mean to the mother. A new life; short, to be sure, but full of possibilities. Some one must be patient, hopeful, watchful, proud and never discouraged. That "some one" is the mother. She has heard her baby's first cry, and whether it be her first or tenth, the feeling is the same. Her feeble arms are out-stretched; those arms that will never desert it as long as the mother shall live. And that hand which supports the head of the new-born babe, the mother's hand, supports the civilization of the world.

Is it any wonder, we ask you, mothers, that with all these responsibilities resting upon your all too weak shoulders, we urge upon you the necessity of selecting the babe's medicine with utmost care; the necessity of protecting your babe from worthless, unknown and narcotic drugs as you would protect it from the fire?


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

AGED NEGRO

Learns of His Emancipation After Many Years.

Eagle Pass, Tex., April 7.—An old negro, giving his name as Edmund Williams, born near Nacogdoches, Tex., eighty-five years ago, came into Eagle Pass Saturday from a ranch situated in the interior of Mexico, where he says he has been living for sixty years. His mission to Eagle Pass was to verify a bit of news that had come to him.

"I heard," he said, "dat de black men was free now."

He was assured that it was a fact.

"Is dat so?" he said, and as his old eyes brightened with the goods news, he added: "Does all de black men know it?"

He looks well the age he claims, but his sight and hearing are still good, and after his long residence among Mexicans has retained remarkable command of English. He says he was in Austin when the first house was put up there, and, like all old-timers, distinctly remembers Santa Anna.

Twenty Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over twenty years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within fifteen minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—26.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. Acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 26-30 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale at Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

The Blake Hat.

Just a trifle better than the next best. A Duluth enterprise. Push it along.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, March 30, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of John Gordon, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Thomas Gordon of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that John Gordon, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1903, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

It is ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—March 31, April 7-14, 1903.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 31st, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of John Olson, also known as John Anale and John Olson Audlid, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Samuel V. Gilbert, administrator of the estate of the above named deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 31st day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald—March 31, April 7-14, 1903.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Has Many Advantages over all others. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 907, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 305 West Superior st., Duluth.

VERY DULL MARKET

Closing of Chicago Board Restricts Trade In Other Markets.

Wheat Closed Unchanged —Flax Quiet and Slightly Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 7.—With the Chicago market closed today business in all other markets was practically dead. The Chicago market has for some time dominated other markets by reason of the scalping operations which have been conducted on a large scale there and just at this time one of the largest interests has been particularly active and all eyes have been turned to Chicago. Duluth and Minneapolis closed without change and New York ⅛c higher. New York reported some export demand with about twenty-five loads worked to be shipped to the continent. Good orders for the new winter wheat crop were reported as coming from the continent. The Liverpool market closed ¼d higher for wheat and ⅛d lower to ⅛d higher for corn. Paris was ½ to ¾c higher. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 1,857,000 bus., in the world's visible supply of wheat. The decrease east of the Rockies in America was 2,187,000 bus., and in Europe and afloat there was an increase of 500,000 bus. Corn showed a decrease of 501,000 bus.

One trade in futures in wheat was all that was reported on the Duluth board and that was at 74⅛c which was the closing price of yesterday.

Cash sales were a few cars only and ¼c over May price continue to be paid for No. 1 northern to arrive and 1¼c under for No. 2 northern.

Flax was quiet and fairly steady. May selling early at $1.12, which was yesterday's closing price and then falling off to $1.11¾ and closing there. July lost ⅜c and is now 1⅝c over May. Receipts at Duluth were 35 cars but Minneapolis fell off showing only 6 cars.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern 74¾c; No. 2 northern, 74¼c; May, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 74¼c; July, 74½c. Flax in store $1.10¾; to arrive, $1.11⅜; on track, $1.11⅜; May, $1.11¾; July, $1.13¾; September, $1.14; October, $1.12; November, $1.12. Oats to arrive, 32c; on track, 32½c; May, 33½c. Rye on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c; May, 50c. Barley, 35@51c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 15; last year, 32; oats, 5; barley, 5; flax, 85. Receipts: Wheat, 28,878; oats, 5809; barley, 1467; flax, 54,027. Shipments: Wheat, 10,267; oats, 2500; barley, 2677.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.75
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74⅞
Rejected, 1 car	72½
Rejected, 1 car	72½
Barley, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	45
Barley, 1 car	47½
Flax, 2 cars, cash	1.11⅜
Flax, 4 cars, cash	1.11½
Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive	1.11½
Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive	1.11⅜
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.10¼

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: The suggestion of some crop trouble abroad, apprehension of May manipulation and a natural inclination to buy after a long decline rallied wheat last week 1½c to 2c a bus. The May at its best showed a recovery from the low price of ten days ago of almost 3c. The week closed about 1c under top.

The fear of manipulation has most to do with the occasional May firmness; and chiefly to do with the May premium. There is no scarcity of wheat. The public and private stock here is over 11,000,000 bus, and the total now is a little over that of a month ago. The changes from week to week are unimportant. The amount of wheat deliverable on contracts aggregates 3,248,000 bus; and the changes in this also are very slight from week to week. The total is 313,000 bus less than a month ago. The local wheat supplies indicate no pinch for anybody unless there is a deliberate attempt by some rich operator to buy more wheat than can be delivered. A line of 10,000,000 bus of May would make the 3,258,000 bus contract stock entirely inadequate. There is no indication of inadequacy from any other standpoint. On the other hand, with a new crop promising to be a bumper one only three months off, the supply of 11,600,000 bus of all kinds of old wheat would seem an expensive one.

If there was any important line of May wheat in existence now, it could hardly escape the attention of the trade. Those who should know say there is no such holding. With the May delivery day only three weeks off, any attempt now to accumulate a great May holding would be at once detected. The handlers of cash wheat do not consider the old grain this season likely to command much premium over the new if the new is of fairly good quality. Last year's red winter wheat crop was a low grade one, and of the 1,176,000 bus No. 2 red winter here some is pronounced undesirable. The No. 1 northern will be worth a premium, but the May price will be governed by the poorest quality of grain deliverable on contracts.

There has been a fair foreign demand for wheat for a week; but the purchases have been largely for new crop shipment, August-September. Even including the business from the next crop the total sales have not been on a great scale. It is significant that most of the export people are bearish.

The April government crop report will be issued Friday. It will show a winter wheat condition much above an average. The area planted was 34,000,000 acres, or 4,000,000 acres above the record area of 1901. There has been no indication of any loss of area through the winter. The crop report, which will be published on April 10, will suggest an amazing yield, about 75,000,000 bus more winter wheat than ever harvested.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Mpls.	New York.
May—			
Open	74½B	73½	78
High	74½	73½	78⅛
Low	74¼	73⅝	78
Close	74½B	73⅜-½	78⅛A
July—			
Open	74⅝B	73⅞	77⅜
High		73⅝-¾	75¼-⅜
Low		73½-⅝	75⅛
Close	74½B	73⅝	75⅜

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 7.—Wheat: Spot, quiet; 1 northern spring, 6s 6½d; 1 California, 6s 7½d; 2 red western winter, 6s 1d. Futures, quiet; May, 6s 1½d; July, 6s 1½d. Corn: Spot, American mixed, new, easy, 4s 2⅜d; American mixed, old, steady, 5s 4d. Futures, quiet; May, 4s 2⅝d; June, 4s 2d; July, 4s 1⅝d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 2... cents, including 120,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 231,300 centals. Weather dull.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 7.—Close: Wheat, May, 73⅜@¾c; on track, No. 1 hard, 75¼c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 73c.

LONDON BOARD OF TRADE.

London, April 7.—The march statement of the board of trade shows increases of $3,093,500 in imports and $14,455,000 in exports.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 7.—Wheat May 78⅛c; July 75⅜c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the opening of the market especially active in the retail trade. Local expressmen being aggressive buyers. Some trade being had with North Dakota and Manitoba dealers. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@215
Drafters, choice	145@170
Drafters, common to good	120@145
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	115@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 7.—Cattle—Receipts 4000, including 300 Texans. Steady. Good to prime steers, $4.90@5.60; poor to medium, $3.90@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; cows, $1.60@4.25; heifers, $2.50@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.80; bulls, $2.25@4.25; calves, $3@6.75; Texas steers, $4.20@4.55. Hogs—Receipts today 15,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 4063. Steady to strong. Mixed and butchers, $7.20@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.30@7.52½; rough heavy, $7.10@7.35; light, $6.85@7.20; bulk of sales, $7.15@7.35. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.75@7.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.50; western sheep, $5.50@7.00; native lambs, $5.50@7.50; western lambs, $5.50@7.90.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Tuesday, April 7, 1903:

Stations.	State of weather	Temperature Max.*	Min.**	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear	42	24	.38
Campbell	Clear	34	20	.40
Crookston	Clear	40	20	.42
Detroit City	Clear	54	30	T
Grand Meadow	Clear	44	30	.30
Minneapolis	Clear	38	18	.12
Montevideo	Clear	42	30	.02
New Ulm	Clear	38	22	.56
Winnebago City	Pt. cldy	42	30	0
Worthington	Clear	40	22	0
Devils Lake	Clear	36	22	0
Langdon	Clear	32	16	.02
Larimore	Clear	34	12	.18
Lisbon	Clear	32	10	.12
Pembina	Clear	52	28	.50
Millbank	Clear	48	28	0
Mitchell	Clear	40	26	T
Bismarck	Clear	40	28	0
Duluth	Cloudy	38	35	.36
Huron	Clear	44	30	.01
La Crosse	Clear	52	36	T
Moorhead	Clear	36	24	.66
Pierre	Clear	50	36	.04
St. Paul	Clear	44	30	.14
Winnipeg, Man.	Clear	32	22	.10

Rains or snow fell over the Minneapolis district and rain over the Chicago, Indianapolis, Louisville and Columbus districts. Cool weather continued in the Dakotas and Minnesota.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forcast Official.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For 24 hours ending 8 a. m. 75th meridian time.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 7.—Money on call, firmer at 4½@5 per cent; closing 5@6 per cent. Time money, nominal; sixty and ninety days at 5@5½ per cent; six months, 5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.60@4.86.65 for demand, and $4.83.65@4.83.75 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½@4.88; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.83¾. Bar silver, 49½c. Mexican dollars, 38¼c. Government bonds, firmer; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 7.—The rise in cotton which began almost five months ago, continued today. May touched 10.40 and July 9.99, new high records for the present movement. The market opened firm, active and strong all around at an advance of 1 to 7 points, but the shorts were almost the only buyers of May. The bull element held off and took only so much as was necessary to strengthen their position. The bulk of the trading was in May and July. Offerings of July cotton at $9.98 were liberal and sales at that figure were moderately large. By 11 a. m. May sold off to 10.33 and July to 9.93. Today's port receipts proved heavier than calculated with the estimates now pointing to 17,000 bales against 9721 last year.

Cotton spot closed dull; middling uplands, 10.45; middling gulf, 10.70; sales, none. Cotton futures closed barely steady; April, 10.21; May, 10.29; June, 9.92; July, 9.90; August, 9.44; September, 8.83; October, 8.53; November, 8.41; December, 8.39.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $227,69,212; gold, 125,792,821; silver, $16,851,158; United States notes, $2,330,212; treasury notes of 1890, $54,094; national bank notes, $9,120,519; total receipts this day, $999,711; total receipts this month, $9,984,452; total receipts this year, $432,917,453; total expenditures this day, $1,605,000; total expenditures this month, $9,705,000; total expenditures this year, $398,969,177; deposits in national banks, $151,564,428.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (426 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.

Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.

WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

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Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

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GRAIN AND STOCKS

Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.

Ship Us Your Cash Grain

We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.

WE BUY AND SELL

WHEAT, CORN AND OATS

for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.

We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.

MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2a share on stocks

References—106 National and State Banks.

Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 87 Leading Towns of the Northwest.

General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, basket	1 25 @ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	65 @ 75
BUTTER.	
Creamery prints	30 @ 31
Storage, creamery, tubs	25 @ 26
Dairies, fancy	21 @ 22
Packing stock	14
EGGS.	
Fresh	13½@ 13
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	14½@ 15
Twins, full cream, old	13 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14½
Brick-cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cream choice	13
Primos	8
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	17½
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 60 @ 2 10
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	65
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	3 00 @ 4 00
Smyrna figs	1 10 @ 1 85
Cranberries, 1 bus. box	4 75
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges, seedlings	2 25
California navels	2 75 @ 3 00
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	50
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25
Beets, per cwt	1 20
Carrots, per cwt	1 25
Turnips, per cwt	90
Cabbage, per cwt	50 @ 1 00
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00
Cauliflower, crate	2 75
Mint, per doz	30
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65 @ 75
Potatoes	50
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 50
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Geese	14
Hens	15
Turkeys	18 @ 19
Ducks	15
Spring chickens	16
MEATS.	
Mutton	11 @ 12
Lamb	13
Veal, good	8½@ 9
Dressed beef	6 @ 8
Hogs	9
Pork loins	12
Pure lard	10½
Compound lard	7⅝

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 7.—Butter firm; creameries, 18@23½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 14c. Cheese steady; twins, 13@14c; daisies, 13¼@14c; Young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 7.—Butter receipts 8581 packages firm. State dairy 17@27; extra creamery 29; held creamery 15@25; common to choice 19@23½. Cheese receipts 1661 packages firm. New state full cream fancy small colored fall made 15s; white 14¾c; large colored fall made 14½@14¾c; white 14¼@14½. Eggs receipts 8389 packages strong. State and Pennsylvania 15@17; western storage packed 15½; Kentucky first 14¾@15; western firsts 15; southern first 14½.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Prices Turned Upwards Early But Sagged Slowly.

Sales By Disgusted Holders With Practically No Demand.

New York, April 7.—Declines in Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Pennsylvania made the opening tone heavy. Changes as a rule were very small and dealings were very light. There were running sales of 1300 shares of Union Pacific at 91¼ to 91½, compared with 92⅜ last night. Southern Pacific declined ⅝. Pennsylvania ⅛ and Rock Island preferred a point. There was an advance of a point in Lackawanna. Buying orders appeared on the decline for the western stocks. Prices turned upwards all through the list and the earlier small losses were supplemented by equal gains. Purchases had slackened greatly by the time St. Paul, Rock Island, New York Central, Mexican Central and National of Mexico stocks gained 1 to 1⅝. Southern Pacific recovered to 57¼ and then reacted to 55⅜. Top prices elsewhere were not well held and the tendency was downward again at 11 o'clock. Reactions ran to near a point in leading stocks. Third avenue advanced 2 and Virginia-Carolina Chemical preferred declined 3¾. Southern Pacific touched 55, the low point on the movement and then rallied a point. The narrow drift of prices elsewhere was in sympathy with this stock. Among less active stocks Westinghouse Electric lost 4, Lackawanna reacted to 1½ below yesterday, Northwestern fell 2¼, New Haven 2, St. Louis Southwestern preferred 1¼ and Detroit Southern preferred and Bag preferred a point. Southern Pacific fell back to about the lowest before noon. Speculation was practically stagnant. Bonds were steady at noon.

Prices sagged slowly, large liquidations of Southern Pacific and Rock Island having an unfavorable effect on the market. Southern Pacific broke through 55, but met support. Lackawanna increased its loss to 3½ and Amalgamated, U. S. Steel, Delaware & Hudson, Reading, St. Louis & San Francisco and Southern Railway fell 1@1¾. The U. S. Leather stocks were actively bought for a time and the preferred gained a point.

Pressure was continued in spots while at other points the tone was better. U. S. Steel preferred and Baltimore & Ohio and Metropolitan were included in the list of stocks losing a point or more. Lackawanna lost 6 in all. There was not much pressure at any time, prices falling away gradually on sales by disgusted holders with practically no demand. The market hardened slightly before 2 p. m.

Fresh selling caused declines of about a point in Union Pacific, Norfolk & Western, Ontario & Western, Kansas City Southern preferred, St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred, Colorado & Southern and Manhattan. Lackawanna extended its loss to eight and Lake Erie & Western preferred and Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling preferred dropped 5 and Colorado & Southern first preferred 2. Some large blocks of U. S. Steel changed hands. Southern Pacific recovered to 56 and Northwestern rallied 1⅝. There were feeble rallies elsewhere leading to stagnation and the market closed in that state.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 423 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	65⅞	65⅜	64½
American Sugar	120⅝	119½	119⅝
Anaconda	110	107	107
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	81⅝	80⅝	81⅛
do pfd	97¼	96⅞	96⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	92	90⅜	90⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	68½	67	67⅝
Canadian Pacific	129	128¼	128⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	45⅜	44⅝	44⅝
Chicago & Alton	30⅜	30¼	30½
Chicago Great Western	23¼	23	23⅛
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	163	161½	161⅞
Chi., Rock Island & P	46¼	43½	43⅝
Rock Island pfd	76¾	75¾	75⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	56⅛	55	56
Duluth S. S. & A	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
do pfd	22¼	22	22
Erie Common	35	34¼	34¼
General Electric	187	187	187
Illinois Central	136½	136	136
Iowa Central	36	36	36
Louisville & Nashville	117⅞	117	117
Manhattan Elevated	138⅝	137⅞	137⅞
Metropolitan St. Ry	134	133½	133½
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M	68⅛	67	67
do pfd	126½	126¼	126½
Missouri Pacific	108¼	107	107½
New York Central	133	131⅞	131¾
Norfolk & Western	70⅜	69¼	69½
Pennsylvania	137⅛	135⅝	136⅞
People's Gas of Chic	101	100¾	100¾
Reading	59¼	57⅝	57⅞
Republic Steel & Iron	19⅝	19½	19⅝
Southern Railway	57¼	54⅞	56
Southern Railway pref	31⅝	30¾	31⅛
Tennessee Coal & Iron	64½	63	63⅝
Union Pacific	91⅞	90¾	91¼
United States Leather	13⅛	12½	12⅝
U. S. Steel	36⅜	35	35⅛
do pfd	86⅜	85⅛	85⅝
Wabash	27⅛	27	27
Western Union	86¼	86	86
Wisconsin Central	24⅜	24¼	24¼
do pfd	48	47@	47⅜

Northern Securities, 103½ bid; 105⅞ asked.

The total sales were 458,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The fact that bank loans exceed deposits by $10,000 has been widely exploited and bears would have us believe that it shows a very rotten state of finances, but it should be noted that although deposits have decreased $110,000,000 since 1901, capital and surplus have shown an increase. Basic conditions are sound. Winter wheat prospects, interior trade, railway earnings, etc., are very favorable. Immediately the prices for American commodities fall we will flood the outside world with our products. There was profit taking on the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific decision yesterday, but very little stock came out. I cannot but feel that prices are at bottom and that market will soon have a sharp advance. The decision should favorably affect the general railway list and if my guess is correct we ought not to see prices a single point lower.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Although there is some disappointment over the markets indifferent response to the dissolution of the Union Pacific injunction, speculative sentiment is confident and conservative houses advise the purchase of stocks on reactions. There is no indication, however, that the bear party will renew its campaign against values as its leaders feel sure that Northern Securities case will go against the roads. Meantime, it is believed that their aggressiveness will give intending buyers an opportunity to pick up some cheap stocks. In view of the liquidation that has taken place throughout the general security list, the market's reduction in loans during the last month and the fact that a movement of funds from the south to this center is about due, a drop in money rates in the near future is considered very probable. This outlook, together with the reasonable certainty of a fine crop report next Friday, is expected to prove an important factor in speculation. Comment on the day's outcome in the stock market shows that professional traders are busy.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Hon. David Boody, speaking of Brooklyn Rapid Transit, says the company will earn 10 per cent during the year 1903 and still more in years to come, owing to the growth of the city and increased facilities to be afforded by the new bridges. With still further improvement nearer at hand, I cannot help favoring the stock for a long pull.

* * *

Town Topics: A special dispatch from Colorado today says that George J. Gould has obtained the controlling interest in Colorado Fuel & Iron. It is hinted that he bought heavily of the stock on the recent break. Mr. Gould and Mr. Harriman both became large stockholders when the Gates faction tried to oust the Osgood people. Mr. Osgood has always held control.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today opened strong but very dull and uninteresting. Later it became rather weak and inclined to sag. There was no news of importance. Southern Pacific broke quite sharply on what was supposed to be pool selling. In the afternoon the market sold off further and lacked support. We look for a dull market until after the holidays.

* * *

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The opening was fairly firm. Professionals were not long in deciding what position to take in market for after the first half hour the market had a sagging tendency and on heavy selling of Southern Pacific on liquidation by pool the general list was weak and losses were shown about a point from last night's close.

The only railway stock that showed strength was Union Pacific during forenoon and it was reported the Harriman interests were buying the stock.

* * *

Norton & Co. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Whether the decline in the afternoon was on an organized raid on the Southern Pacific pool or not the market was decidedly weak and there was obvious liquidation. Plenty of bear news mostly of a rather vague character, but the liquidation in such stocks as Steel common had a distinctly unfavorable effect, as it was felt that public holdings were coming to the market. Coal stocks were inclined to sell off. Outside market has been dull and prices, after being steady most of the day, were inclined to be heavy in sympathy with prices on the exchange.

A BIG VOTE POLLED

Great Interest Taken In Mayoralty Election at Chicago.

Municipal Elections In Many Cities Throughout the West.

Chicago, April 7.—Election day opened clear and cool and there is every indication that a heavy early vote will be polled. The fact that Harrison was conceded to be the logical Democratic candidate long before the primaries and the lively contest between Stewart and Harlan for the Republican nomination aroused unusual interest in today's contest and it is believed will result in the largest vote ever cast at a local election.

As the day progressed the expectations of the party leaders began to be realized. The labor vote is estimated to have been, in a large measure, polled between 6 and 8 o'clock, and was unusually heavy. In many ways fully 50 per cent of the registered vote was said to have been cast by 11 o'clock. The ward workers were astir early and 250,000 cards, which are said to have been attached to door knobs throughout the city urging voters to go to the polls, appear to have had the desired effect. Neither side seems to have lost any of the confidence displayed yesterday and both sides claim a plurality of over 40,000 for their respective candidates. No disorder has been reported from any of the polling places.

Oshkosh, Wis., April 7.—Oshkosh elects a full city ticket today. The weather is fine and votes are being polled rapidly. Both sides appear confident.

Green Bay, Wis., April 7.—The weather was bright and windy today. Little interest was taken in the election and indications were for a light vote. Party lines were not drawn.

Madison, Wis., April 7.—Election day opened clear, but the voting was light, the only contest on mayor was to be elected this spring taking away interest. Siebecker is receiving practically all the votes for supreme court justice.

La Crosse, April 7.—Election day opened up bright and warm. Prospects are that a big vote will be cast today. Many voted during the first two hours this morning.

Omaha, April 7.—This city, working under special charter, does not hold its municipal election until May 7, and the election in South Omaha was put over one year by special act of the present legislature, the bill having been signed by the governor yesterday. Elections were held in a few towns yesterday, but the result was insignificant. Favorable weather prevails over the state.

Topeka, Kas., April 7.—Election day opens cool and cloudy with the largest registration on record. The vote promises to be heavy and the contest exciting.

Kansas City, Kas., April 7.—The day opened clear with a big early vote. The registration was heavy and the interest intense.

Lincoln, Neb., April 7.—The weather is perfect, the largest vote will be cast in the towns where the agitation for "no license" in the liquor traffic is advocated. Party lines will be disregarded entirely in many instances.

Leavenworth, Kas., April 7.—The weather started out cloudy but later cleared up. At 9 o'clock it was estimated that 2800 ballots had been cast. The interest shown is intense.

Pueblo, Col., April 7.—Election day is clear and warm. The polls opened at 7 o'clock and voting began immediately. Indications are that the heaviest vote in the history of Pueblo will be cast and that the two candidates for mayor will run close.

Wichita, Kas., April 7.—Perfect weather with registration exceeding by 2000 all previous records, a full vote will be polled. The contest is between Republican organization and Independent ticket headed by Ex-Mayor Rose, a Republican. Women are voting in large numbers.

St. Louis, April 7.—Owing to the recent hoodle convictions more than ordinary interest is shown in the election today for members of the city council and house of delegates. Members of the board of education are also being voted for. A bright, clear day promises to bring out a fuller vote than is usually cast at off year city elections in St. Louis. There are five tickets in the field.

DROWNED IN A POND.

Stratford, Iowa, April 7.—Mrs. A. B. Barkhurst, wife of A. B. Barkhurst, a wealthy retired farmer and prominent Republican politician, drowned herself in a pond here today. She was despondent from ill health.

GOETZ IS EXPELLED.

Rome, April 7.—A police agent escorted the Russian student Michael Goetz to the frontier yesterday evening. This action of the authorities followed a decree of expulsion issued against the students. Goetz was recently arrested at Naples on the charge of being implicated in a plot to kill the czar during his proposed visit to Italy.

HOWARD CASE CALLED.

Frankfort, Ky., April 7.—The defense in the Howard murder case today withdrew its application for a change of venue and the case was called for trial. The commonwealth answered ready and the defense was given until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, to make answer for its side.

"Santa Fe" At 20 Cents.

LATER

"Prudential" At 25 Cents.

INQUIRE OF..... **E. V. Palmer** Room F Palladio Building.....

UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

Home office, Duluth, Minn. F. H. Lounsberry, president; Donald D. McInnis, secretary. Incorporated May 26, 1896. Commenced business, June 1, 1896.

Attorney to accept service in Minnesota: Insurance commissioner.

Net assets, December, 31, previous year	$ 4 679 27
INCOME DURING 1902.	
Membership fees with applications	$ 5,695 00
Annual dues and expense assessments or premiums	5,810 44
Premiums or assessments for specific or temporary disability benefits	9,561 84
Total paid by members	$20,467 28
From all other sources	51 20
Total income	$20,518 48
DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1902.	
Specific benefit claims, including installments, paid	$ 600 00
Temporary disability benefits and other payments to members	8,516 67
Total paid to members	$ 9,316 67
Commissions, salaries and expenses of agents and collectors	6,690 93
Salaries of officers and employes	2,372 85
All other disbursements	1,841 60
Total disbursements	$20,222 11
Excess of income over disbursements	$ 296 37
ASSETS.	
Value of real estate, bonds and stocks owned	$ 660 00
Mortgage and collateral loans	425 00
Cash in office and in bank	4,010 64
Assessments due and unpaid	1,159 25
Total admitted assets	$ 6,174 89
Assets not admitted	$1,500
LIABILITIES.	
Claims unadjusted and reported	$ 870 00
Balance to protect contracts	$ 5,304 89

EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OR POLICIES. BUSINESS OF 1902.

Total Business. Business in Minnesota.

	No.	Amt.	No.	Amt.
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of yr.)	1590	$154,162	1025	$104,575
Written during the year	1031	$123,175	798	$ 85,250
Total	2621	$277,337	1823	$189,825
Ceased during the year	1387	$146,227	980	$104,515
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	1234	$131 110	843	$ 85,310
Claims incurred during the year	350	$ 9,315	261	$ 7,359
Claims settled during the year	350	9,315	261	7,359

Received from members in Minnesota during the year.....$11,584 48

STATE OF MINNESOTA. DEPARTMENT of Insurance.

Whereas, the Union Mutual Insurance Co., a corporation organized under the laws of Minnesota, has fully complied with the requirements of the laws of this state, relating to co-operative or assessment insurance.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, insurance commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the above named society to transact its appropriate business of co-operative or assessment accident insurance in the state of Minnesota, according to the laws thereof, until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1904, unless said authority be revoked or otherwise legally terminated prior thereto.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office at St. Paul, this 31st day of January, A. D. 1903.

ELMER H. DEARTH,
Insurance Commissioner.

Duluth Evening Herald. April-7-8-9-1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, April 4, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Julia A. Foro, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Julia A. Ford, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to John H. Darling.

It is ordered that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 12th day of October, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said county be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 4th day of April, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 7-14-21, 1903.

SYMPATHY FOR PORTER.

Many Letters and Telegrams Received at Embassy.

Paris, April 7.—Many letters and cablegrams of condulence on the sudden death yesterday of Mrs. Porter, wife of Ambassador Porter, have been received at the United States embassy. Representatives of the French government took an early occasion to express the sense of the grief they felt. Foreign Minister Delcasse wrote a personal letter to Gen. Porter.

Throughout the day members of the diplomatic corps called at the embassy to incribe their names on the register. Among the callers were the British ambassador, Sir Edmund Monson and Lady Monson, M. Justin de Selves, prefect of the Seine, the duke and duchess of Bassano, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Kautz, the governor of the Bank of France, M. Georges Pallain and Madame Pallain, the German ambassador, Prince Von Radolin and Princess Von Radolin, and representatives of practically all of the embassies and legations. Owing to the earnest request of the German ambassador, Prince Von Radolin saw Gen. Porter personally and expressed profound regrets of himself and the princess, who had been much attached to Mrs. Porter. Miss Elsie Porter will arrive this afternoon. The funeral will occur Thursday morning at 11 o'clock in the American church. Dr. Thurber will officiate. The body will then be placed in a vault, pending the final plans for its disposition.

TILLMAN IS INDICTED.

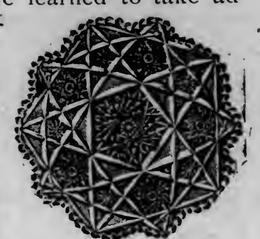
Columbia, S. C., April 7.—The grand jury returned today a true bill against James H. Tillman, charging him with the murder of N. G. Gonzales in this city last January. The indictment returned by the grand jury also contains the charge of carrying concealed weapons. Tillman's case will be called next Monday.

Easter Discount Sale on Libbey Cut Glass!

This is Cut Libbey on Trade Mark Every Piece

For the next four days of this week we will **cut the price** on every piece of cut glass in our store **20 per cent.** This sale only occurs once a year with us, and when it comes people have learned to take advantage of the bargains we offer. We pride ourselves in having choice things. Cut glass has been our hobby. We carry nothing but high class lines. We are exclusive sellers of LIBBEY, the king of all cutters of glass.

Libbey Bowl—8-inch, $5.50—less 20 per cent.



Libbey Noppy—8-inch, $5.00—less 20 per cent.

Libbey Bottle $5.00, less 20 per cent.

F. D. DAY & CO.,

Fashionable Jewelers,

315 West Superior Street. Duluth, Minn.

THEY WANT BOATS

Ore Carrying Roads Are Anxious to See Ore Move.

Both Have Practically Stopped Shipments to the Docks.

"Boats, boats, a kingdom for some boats!"

That is the way the operators of the range roads are talking now.

There is about 150,000 tons of ore on the docks at the Missabe docks and Two Harbors. Seventy-eight thousand tons was the record at the Missabe docks today.

The two range roads have practically stopped the hauling of ore. Once or twice a day a short train comes down and is sent out on either of the docks, but the organized transportation of ore is discontinued.

The roads will not start hauling ore again until the boats come up to the docks and begin taking their cargoes from the pockets.

This may be in a few days or it may be weeks, according to the strike situation on the lakes.

None of the railroad men are predicting anything for the settlement of the strike, and in the meantime the crews are laying off waiting for the trains to start working again.

The situation leaves the cities of Proctorknott and Two Harbors full of railroad men who will not be able to get to work until the boats start. As most of the men who came in did not appear till the last minute before navigation was expected, and few had any money, or at least very little, there is a great deal of discomfort among the railroad men.

C. H. GEPHART RESIGNS.

Northern Pacific Yardmaster Retires After Twenty Years.

After twenty years' service with the Northern Pacific railroad, Cyril H. Gephart, yardmaster of the yards of that company in Duluth, has resigned and left the employ of the road yesterday.

Mr. Gephart has been in charge of the yards here for a number of years, and worked through the time of the building up of the mesh of trackage that the company now owns here.

At the yards office this noon it was stated that no one there knew what the reason for Mr. Gephart's resignation was. There was evidently something behind the move, however.

When the day force of the yards come on this morning W. J. McVann was in charge.

Mr. McVann is an experienced yard superintendent and comes here from the Chicago Great Western yards at St. Paul, where he has been for some years.

The resignation of Mr. Gephart was to have taken effect April 1, but Mr. McVann did not arrive until today, and Mr. Gephart remained on duty till yesterday.

President House Home.

President F. E. House of the Duluth & Iron Range road, who has been at Pasadena, Cal., for the past several weeks, arrived home last night, and is back at his desk today, looking well and feeling much improved in health.

President W. J. Olcott of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road is in Asheville, N. C., with his private car, and expects to return to Duluth by the 20th of the month. He sends word that he has been encountering heavy rains for the past several days.

"FORCE" For Appetites Weak or Strong

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight, 8:30.

Dr. Samuel P. Long is to hold services every evening this week and will illustrate his sermons with stereopticon views.

J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, has filed with the county auditor a statement showing the earnings of his office to be $1,329.10 for the month of March. Of this amount $696.25 was chargeable to the county and no collection was made.

Jacob Wallingbaa, of Eveleth, was examined for insanity before Judge Middlecoff, yesterday, and will be committed to the state asylum at Fergus Falls. Wallingbaa shows acute symptoms of melancholia but is not violent.

The divorce action of Frank McCoy against Margaret McCoy, on the grounds of desertion, was dismissed in district court yesterday. The defendant desired to transfer the action to Ramsey county and the plaintiff preferred to have it dismissed.

Thirty-seven wolves have been slain in St. Louis county since the payment of the bounty went into effect, and up to date $975.10 has been paid out to hunters, trappers and others that have had a hand in exterminating the animals. Thirty-two of the number killed were females and fifteen were males.

Parlor theater. Big crowds nightly.

A warranty deed has been filed with the register of deeds transferring from J. Frank Graff to A. C. Hubbell, lots 4 and 5, block 37, Portland division. The consideration was $800.

Everything electrical. J. H. McLaughlin & Co. Palladio Bldg., both 'phones.

Notices of the dismissals of the cases of T. W. Wahl against Edwin Sawyer and of E. C. Merrill against Edwin Sawyer and T. W. Wahl, have been filed in district court.

M. C. Palmer, county register of deeds, has filed with the county auditor a statement showing that the earnings of his office for the month of March was $1,064.90. Of this amount $308.75 was for county business and was not collectable. As register of titles, Mr. Palmer received $34.09.

Capt. Alex Shaw, keeper of the Passage Island lighthouse, and Capt. John Malone, keeper of the Menagerie Island light, will leave with their assistants, on the steamer Moore, tomorrow morning, to take their respective stations. Barring accidents and unforseen delays, it is expected that the lights at both stations will be in operation by Thursday evening of this week.

Charles A. Zein, Richard Bouhamra, Abraham Atol, Farris Lyon, Joseph Lyon and Joseph Bouhamra declared their intention to become United States citizens before T. H. Pressnell, clerk of the United States court this afternoon.

PURELY PERSONAL

F. J. Nixon who has been in Florida for some weeks for the benefit of his health has returned and is much improved.

Miss Louise V. Hopkins, who has been critically ill at her home, 2021 West Second street, for the past three weeks, is rapidly recovering and will shortly be able to resume teaching in the public schools.

Dr. F. B. Patton has returned from Chippewa Falls, Wis., where he was called to attend the funeral of a relative.

Mrs. Donald Campbell and daughter, left this morning for the state of Washington, where they will make their future home. They will be rejoined shortly by Mr. Campbell.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: P. A. Gough, Sault Ste Marie, Mich.; G. L. Street, Bemidji; E. D. Fleming, Fargo, N. D.; L. Contains, St. Paul; H. A. Buell, Milwaukee; Amos Shephard, Hibbing; F. W. Carey, Dayton, O.; M. T. Roach, Milwaukee; J. D. Mason, St. Paul.

A. E. McManus has gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to be away three weeks.

C. H. Bradley has returned from an extended trip through California.

A. C. Randall, of Minneapolis, of the firm of W. C. Mitchell & Co., of that city and Duluth, is in Duluth, and will be here for about two weeks during which time Mr. Mitchell, the Duluth representative, will be away.

B. J. Toben and party left this morning for Portland over the Great Northern. The members of the party intend to file on timber claims in Oregon.

George M. Smith, city agent of the Omaha railroad, left last evening for Calumet.

Mrs. S. Herriott left over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Grand Rapids.

A. M. Marshall was a passenger on the Omaha train this afternoon for Chicago.

Charles Davies left over the Omaha this afternoon for Boston.

J. J. McAuliffe has returned from a trip to the Twin Cities.

Clarence Coleman, assistant United States engineer, is in Chicago.

Money For Famine Fund.

Two picked teams of the Interstate Indoor Baseball league met at the Armory last night for the benefit of the Scandinavian famine sufferers. The all-star aggregation which defeated Houghton here some time ago was successful, winning over the other team by a score of 14 to 11. Seventy-five dollars was added to the famine fund.

The game was slow and not particularly interesting, the teams making a poor showing because of the fact that they were not accustomed to lining up in the order in which they appeared.

Cummings, the high school man, pitched for the second team, and his work was even better than usual. Nobody walked on him during the entire game.

DULUTH IS IMMUNE

To the North and South Howling Storms Rage.

While Here the Weather Is Warm and Pleasant.

Duluth slipped in between the weather last night and broke all records.

It was warm and fair in Duluth while the storms raged and howled on all sides.

At Ely last night there was a fall of four inches of snow, and all along the range there was more or less storm.

The snowfall was not long for this earth, for it dissolved into the liquid form by noon today.

At Minneapolis and part of the way between there and this city, there was a storm resembling a blizzard, and the snow flew and the wind blew.

In the sacred precincts of Duluth, however, there was tranquil serenity and not a speck of snow fell, nor did the wind swerve around to the lake side and start trouble.

One thing the wind did, however, was to clear the ice out of the bay, and that sheet of water looks almost like summer. The channel from the canal away around Rice's Point is clear and clean, and boats can move whenever the firemen get ready.

25 and 50 Cents.

Splendid assortment of working gloves at 25 and 50 cents a pair.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

COUNTY BOARD IS IN SESSION

Meeting Not Expected to Develop Anything of Importance.

The board of county commissioners is in session this afternoon, the meeting of the various committees having been held this morning. Up to this noon there had been nothing of special importance filed with the county auditor, outside of the county officers' reports and some road petitions.

It is expected, however, that a petition will be presented relative to the division of school district No. 22, and another asking for a division of the town of Stuntz.

There has been a wrong impression prevalent as to the school district No. 22 proposed division. In case the petition is presented there will be no discussion relative to it at this meeting of the board. The board may set a date for the hearing, at which the Eveleth and Virginia citizens interested may be present and argue the matter, but there would be no call for a delegation from those towns at the meeting today, neither is one expected by the members of the county board.

Libbey Cut Glass

The World's Best

Brilliant, Sparkling, Exclusive Designs—Awarded Highest Medals

The name Libbey engraved on every piece

F. D. DAY & CO.
Exclusive Duluth Agents,
315 West Superior Street.

OTHER MEN QUIT

Striking Machinists at Clyde Iron Works Joined By Others.

Attempt to Use Non-Union Machinists Causes the Trouble.

Duluth has a labor strike of considerable consequence.

An effort to introduce non-union machinists at the Clyde Iron works, in the place of the machinists that struck for a nine-hour working day last week, caused the blacksmiths, pattern makers and molders to quit work.

About sixty-five men are out now, and there are rumors that the chain makers, who are indirectly affiliated with the blacksmiths, may also join the strike.

Twelve non-union machinists were brought here by the Clyde Works company, and it is claimed that most of them came from Cheyenne, Wyo., where they were employed for months in the places of the striking machinists in the Union Pacific railway shops.

As soon as these men arrived in town yesterday they were discovered by members of the Machinists' union, and some of them were requested not to go to work.

They went direct to the shops on South Lake avenue, and the other union men in the establishment quit work. The chain makers, too, took a short lay off yesterday afternoon, but returned to work again today.

An officer of the union today stated that he understood that six of the strike breakers had either quit their jobs or intended doing so today.

There is a report current that union marine engineers may refuse to handle work turned out by the Clyde shops unless the trouble is adjusted before the active marine repairing season opens up, but this report lacks confirmation.

Manager Luster, of the Clyde works, said this afternoon that from the standpoint of the company there was nothing for publication to say, and that the work in the shops was getting along in a satisfactory manner.

HIGH SCHOOL EXHIBITION

Athletes Will Begin Work Soon—Baseball Game Arranged.

A meeting of the high school young men who are to take part in the athletic carnival, which the school will give next month, was held this afternoon. Professor Alletzhauser, who has the matter in charge, will select his men and begin work training them immediately.

Some interesting evolutions are planned and they will be well given. The work of training will begin next week at the latest.

• • •

About fifty members of the High School Musical society will take part in the Scottish Rite services of the Masons, which are to be held Thursday afternoon and evening. The music for the ocasion is under the direction of A. F. M. Custance and he is using the high school students in the chorus. Flaaten's orchestra will give the accompaniments.

• • •

Arrangements have been made for a game of baseball between the Duluth and Brainerd high schools to take place in Brainerd May 30. This will be one of the best games which the local men have to play and they are already looking forward to the contest. Last year the teams met twice, but this time only one game will be played.

If the weather of today continues the men will be out for practice to-morrow and there will be some heavy training done for a week or two when the first game will be played.

BOATS ARE READY TO GO

Opening of Navigation Rests With Firemen and Oilers.

Commodore A. B. Wolvin visited the shipyards at Superior this morning and afternoon, looking over the Pittsburg Steamship company's boats and the situation generally.

The strike of the firemen is still in status quo and no conference or suggestion is being made by either side.

At the Pittsburg Steamship offices this morning it was said:

"The bay is open and the boats are all ready to move, but the firemen and oilers are not. We will have to wait for the firemen and oilers."

Boats were fired up in several parts of the harbor this morning, though none of them were moved. The boat owners have begun offering premiums for firemen and will pay good wages to secure the men to work in the stoke hole.

The firing done on the boats this morning was in the way of a test, and steam was just raised to see that everything was in working order.

At none of the steamship offices was there any advice that there was an end in sight to the strike.

BLACK—MASON.

Young People Prominent In Colored Society Wedded.

Miss Harriet May Black, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Black of 921 East Sixth street and Scott James Mason were married at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. G. B. Pope. Mr. Mason has been an employe of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad for a number of years. The bride was the first colored graduate of Duluth Central high school and is well known in the colored society of the city.

The bridal party left over the Northern Pacific at 1:55 for St. Paul. A reception will be given for them at the home of the bride's mother, Friday April 10.

The house was prettily decorated for the wedding and a large number of guests were present. The bridesmaids were Miss Jessie Pope and Miss Minnie Rickey.

Moore's Steel Ranges Cook

They cook quickly and evenly. They cook quickly—that saves wood; they cook evenly—that saves temper. The patent hinged key plate is very simple and most handy for toasting bread, broiling meat or feeding the fire. The oven register tells at a glance the heat of your oven. The cut shows the convenieuce of oven register. These ranges are guaranteed to satisfy. You neighbor has one—why not you?

Prices range from

$32, $38, $41, $46, $45, up to $53.

Can be fitted with water front or reservoir if you desire.

A special prize offering for ladies who bake the finest loaves of white bread.—Remember the date, April 22, 1903.

R. R. Forward & Co. Hardware and Furniture

Twenty-first Ave. West on Superior St., Duluth.

NOT QUOTED CORRECTLY

Alderman McEwen's Statement Made to the Council.

Not within the years of the present city administration has a 13-year-old girl been taken out of a Bowery basement, "in a beastly state of intoxication" and Alderman McEwen, although differing politically with the mayor, says that it is only just to the administration that a wrong impression should be corrected.

The statement was attributed to Mr. McEwen in the council chamber debate on Bowery saloons, last evening. Although the Bowery is a strong political factor in his ward, Alderman McEwen urged a restriction of saloon privileges on the ground that there were so many saloons in that district that the supply of liquor exceeded the demand and certain of the saloon men were known in the past to resort to illegitimate methods to make the business pay.

He recited the fact that recently a 13-year old girl was found in the basement of a Bowery saloon conducted by an Italian and that the man responsible for her being there had been punished with a 90-day sentence on the street cleaning gang, but Mr. McEwen says that he did not say that the little girl was "beastly intoxicated."

Members of the police department say that when the girl in question was taken to police headquarters she was perfectly sober and told them several times that she did not drink any intoxicating liquors while in this particular basement, or any other place for that matter.

Despite these statements from Mr. McEwen and the police, Mayor Hugo is having the matter investigated for the purpose of satisfying himself whether or not liquor was sold to this unfortunate girl.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Chicago, April 7.—John R. Wilson, former publisher of the Chicago Journal, died at Lake Geneva, Wis., early today, of typhoid fever. Mr. Wilson was born 51 years ago at Hornellsville, N. Y. His father was Stephen L. Wilson, brother of Richard F. Wilson, first editor of the Chicago Journal. After an academic education at the Lima, N. Y., academy, Mr. Wilson removed to Chicago and at the age of 18 entered the employ of the Journal, then conducted by his uncle. Upon the death of Charles L. Wilson in 1878 Mr. Wilson became publisher of the paper and continued in that capacity until five years ago, when he retired from active life. Mr. Wilson was a member of the Chicago stock exchange, the Union League club and the Chicago Athletic association.

Menomonie, Wis., April 7.—William Weissenbach, of Dayton, O., traveling salesman of the wholesale tea and coffee house of Grinnell, Wright & Co., died suddenly last night at Hotel Royal.

Brooksville, Fla., April 7.—Dr. Sheldon Stringer, one of the most widely known physicians in Florida, is dead at his home in this place.

Amsterdam, N. Y., April 7.—William P. Beldan, for twenty years one of the leading journalists and Republican politicians of the Mohawk valley, died suddenly today of apoplexy at Albany, where he was deputy senate clerk. He graduated from Yale and was one of the founders of the Yale News. He was 47 years old.

Louisville, April 7.—Mrs. Smythe, wife of J. H. Smythe, correspondent of the Associated Press in this city, died at her home here today. Mrs. Smythe, who had been suffering from consumption for the past two or three years, leaves a family of three small children. She was formerly a resident of Chicago and the funeral will take place in that city tomorrow morning.

CONSOLIDATED LAKE SUPERIOR

Company Moves Offices From Philadelphia to New York.

Philadelphia, April 7.—Announcement was made today that the Consolidated Lake Superior company has issued orders for the removal of its offices from this city to New York. One of the reasons given for the changes is that the financiers concerned in the management of the corporation and instrumental in raising the $1,750,000 loan are in New York and the business of the company can be more easily transacted in that city. Cornelius Shields, president of the company, will leave New York tonight for Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, the center of the company's manufacturing interests. He will probably make his headquarters at that point.

3% Interest. 3%

Compounded twice yearly, paid on all Deposits of One Dollar and Upwards by the

Duluth Savings Bank,

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

All deposits made on or before the **10th** of the month draw interest from the **1st** of the month.

DEPOSIT NOW.

Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

We Offer For Sale the Following Mortgages on Centrally Located Real Estate—

Mortgage	Rate	Insurance	Valuation	Income
$3500	5 per cent	$4000	$7500	$1320
3000	5 per cent	3000	6000	540
3000	5 per cent	3000	6500	540

Further particulars on application.

PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309-310 Exchange Building.

STRATTON CASE SETTLED.

Son Accepts $350,000 Cash and Withdraws Contest.

Colorado Springs, April 7.—Judge James Orr, of the probate court, today signed an order authorizing the administrators of the Winfield Scott Stratton estate to pay his son, I. Harry Stratton $350,000 in cash in consideration of the withdrawal of his contest against the will. His legacy under the will was $50,000.

HEAVY WIND STORM

Caused One Fatality In Vicinity of Appleton.

Appleton, Wis., April 7.—One fatality and considerable loss of property resulted from a wind storm which visited this vicinity last night. Percy M. Clark, civil engineer of the Chicago & Northwestern road, was struck by a falling tree and killed, about 30 miles north of Appleton. Property losses throughout the country will aggregate several thousand dollars.

AT "JIMTOWN."

President Makes Short Stop At That City.

Jamestown, N. D., April 7.—President Roosevelt arrived here at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon and after a brief address at the Opera house left for Bismarck, where he is scheduled to arrive at 5:15 this afternoon. Three stops were made by president between Fargo and here, namely at Casselton, Tower City and Valley City, the latter place being the home of Governor White. At each place the president said a few words of greeting to the crowd at the station.

STEEL CORPORATION

Net Earnings For First Quarter Were $24,656,136.

New York, April 7.—The net earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the first quarter of the calendar year were $24,656,136, a decrease of $1,623,463 as compared with last year.

NEW TRIAL ORDERED

For Michigan Man Who Sold Imitation Extracts.

Lansing, Mich., April 7.—The supreme court today set aside the conviction and ordered a new trial in the case of Charles W. Jennings, who was convicted under the state pure food law of selling a compound imitation of lemon extract. The court makes the important ruling that if the articles complained of contained all the ingredients, and in quantities as prescribed by the pharmacists which are adapted to use as food, and nothing was eliminated except such ingredients as could be dispensed with without injury to the product as a food product, there was no violation of the law.

ALBANIANS MORE QUIET.

Salonica, European Turkey, April 7.—The Albanians are becoming quieter. A battalion of Nizams and a battalion of Redifs have arrived here from Smyrna and proceeded to Mitrovitza.

SALSBURY DISBARRED.

Lansing, Mich., April 7.—The supreme court today entered an order disbarring Lant K. Salsbury, formerly city attorney of Grand Rapids, who is now serving a term in the Detroit house of correction, for his connection with the corrupt Grand Rapids water deal.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. H. Lufister and Mrs. M. Campbell.
Scott J. Mason and May H. Black.

BIRTHS.

PETERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Peterson, of 215 Pittsburg street.

MATTSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Leander Mattson, of 317 Westonell street.

HOLTER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Holter, of Highland street.

VYE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Vye, of 217 North Fifty-first avenue West.

LARSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Larson, of 813 Fifty-ninth avenue West.

McDONALD—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles McDonald of New Duluth.

CLEMENT—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clement, of 572 Garfield avenue.

DEATHS.

WAZNIAK—A. Wazniak, age 81 years, died last night at his home 808 East Sixth street. The funeral service will be at 9:30 o'clock Wednesday morning in the Polish Catholic church.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

BEST FOR YOU BECAUSE BEST made are Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Complexion Powder. Use is proof.

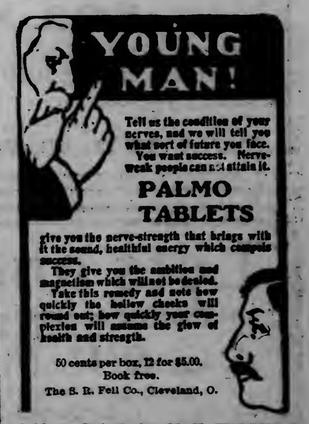
LOST — PEARL SUNBURST, WITH diamond center, between Lake avenue and Second avenue West on Superior street. Reward. Return to Herald.

M. S. BURROWS SELLS FOR $2.50 shoes that would cost $3.50 in the regular shoe stores.

WANTED — COOK, $30; NO WASHING. Also kitchen girl. 203 West Second street.

WANTED — SALESMEN. EXPERienced in wash goods. Apply at once, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — SALESLADY. EXPERienced in wash goods. Apply at once, Panton & White Co.


YOUNG MAN!
Tell us the condition of your nerves, and we will tell you what sort of future you face. You want success. Nerve-weak people can not attain it.
PALMO TABLETS
give you the nerve-strength that brings with it the sound, healthful energy which compels success.
They give you the ambition and magnetism which will not be denied.
Take this remedy and note how quickly the hollow cheeks will round out; how quickly your complexion will assume the glow of health and strength.
50 cents per box, 12 for $5.00.
Book free.
The S. B. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 12 West Superior street.

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A full size lot near 18th avenue west and Third street can be bought just now for $350. No cash payment required if used for building at once.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

We have a fine house in the West End; has electric lights, city water and sewer; fine bath room and full lot 50x140; this is a good bargain and can be bought on very easy terms.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

501 South Sixteenth Avenue West.—This is a fine eight-room house with stone foundation and has two full lots, beautiful shade trees and is an ideal home at a low price; terms to suit any purchaser

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

$5750 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

$9500 Takes 9-room modern house in East End.

$2250 Takes 100 feet on East Fourth street.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

GOOD HOMES —IN— LAKESIDE —AND— Lester Park!

Houses on large lots, convenient to street railway at—

$600 $1000 $1300 $1600 $1800

Houses with all modern conveniences at—

$2000 $2500 $3000 $3500 $4500

These places are all bargains and can be had on

EASY TERMS.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

Stocks! Stocks!

Now is the time tobuy Kootenai Copper. If the Pan Handle smelter, begins operation you will not be able to buy Kootenai at the price quoted today.

Call and see us about the National Nickel Corporation (Limited), of Ontario, Canada. This company has an excellent management and the stock in it affords a very attractive investment.

For any unlisted stocks communicate with

The WM. KAISER CO.,
106 Palladio Bldg.

$325 And upward for lots on Grand Avenue, West Duluth. They are going up.

$600 For Southeast corner 20th avenue east and Dingwall street. This is a good lot for a little money.

$40000 for a good Superior street property, netting 7 per cent. A good list of homes for sale—description and price on application.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE! 100-foot corner on 43rd avenue East and London road. A bargain. Well located Lakeside lots from $200 up. Lots in Duluth proper. Acres.
E. W. MARKELL, 306 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE!
Nine-room house—No. 225 West Fifth street—city water—price $2000, $500 cash, balance on monthly payments.
PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309-310 Exchange Building.

Lots and Acres
at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.
J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT!

17 East Superior street, store room from May 1.

Come quick if you want 40 acres near Proctorknott, at $13.50 per acre.

Two fine lots on Park Point, Minnesota avenue, East side, between Pearl and St. John streets.

50-foot lot on First street, near 15th avenue West for $700.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

$6750 A large, well built, modern dwelling of nine rooms. All conveniences, including hot water heat. This house could not be duplicated for less than $7500, and in addition we throw in a lot 50x150, worth $3000. Location central. This is one of a large list of exceptional bargains in improved residence property for sale exclusively by

R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agt., 302 Lonsdale Bldg.

Homes For Sale.

FOR MEN WITH MODERATE INCOMES AT LAKESIDE.

NO 5815, LONDON ROAD.—Seven-room house and handsome lot on London road. 50x140 feet in area. Over-looking lake. Will sell on monthly payments. Make an offer of..... **$2000**

Handsome eight-room house with good plumbing, hot water heat and electric light. Lot 50x140 feet in area. Convenient to street cars, store and school..... **$3500**

House and lot on London Road, house has eight rooms, hardwood finish, furnace heat. Will consider an offer of..... **$3500**
Easy terms.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Bldg.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$3500 New, modern 10-room house, ten minutes walk from the court house.

$2250 The best 50x140-foot corner on Fifth street. Central. six rooms, good well.

$700 Six rooms, good well, upper side Fifth street, between 23rd and 21st avnues West.

$500 40 acres, partly improved, on Pike Lake road.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg 'Phone 789.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Superior street. Upstairs.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

MEDICAL.

GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 514 Torrey building.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS McGOWAN HAS JUST RETurned from New York and is prepared to fill all orders for the very latest styles in dressmaking. 209 Masonic Temple.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1100 Large 7-room house in good condition, on Seventh street, near Ninth avenue East.

$1200 5-room house, almost new; on Seventh street, near Second avenue East.

$1200 Fine 7-room house on corner lot in West End. Monthly payments.

$2000 For good house and full 50-foot lot on Second street in Endion.

$2200 Buys 200 feet on West Fourth street. Will sell inside 50 feet for $500.

$1350 Buys 8-room house in good condition and two lots in West Duluth.

$8 per acre for 80 acre farm near the Jean Duluth Stock farm. Good buildings, partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

1026 E. Superior Street.

A splendid 8-room house, in the best portion of the East End.

—For Sale at—

$9,000

This is a great bargain.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Reason for selling. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city. MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY, 206 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

YOU Can get money on easy terms if permanently employed with responsible concerns, from the Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith, 761. 301 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 19 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

HARNESS MAKING.

ALL KINDS—FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 702-4.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old 705-5.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul., 915 Tower, W. Sup. Both 'phones

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

PARK POINT

Two lots on Minnesota avenue, Bay side, near 26th street, with large cottage. Very cheap. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

5 and 10 ACRE TRACTS

Convenient to street railway. Suitable for poultry raising or market gardens. Easy terms. Wm. C. Sargent &Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

OSTEOPATHY.

WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND single buggy, in good repair. 301 Torrey building.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECOND-hand saxaphone. P. 11, Herald.

MILLINERY.

MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

No advertisements less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S
Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.
Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

FOR SALE---MISCELLANEOUS

Used Organs—$12, $18, $25—
Easy terms, $5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE—STEEL RANGE, ALMOST new; cheap. 332 East Fourth street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A COMFORTABLE HOME suitable for a dairy; good water. Price $1200. Address 1822 West Second street.

FOR SALE—VOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT piano. $125 takes it. Can be seen at 19 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE—FINE TEAM OF EIGHTyear-old mares; weight 2600 pounds. 602 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — ONE BROWN horse. 1904 West Superior street.

FOR SALE--LAUNCH HULL, TWENty foot; used one season; engine bed, oil tank, etc., all ready for installing engine. Price $75. Box 274, City.

YOU WILL SAVE 50c TO $1.00 BY BUYing shoes of M. S. Burrows.

FOR SALE — DAIRY BUSINESS, COMplete in every way, cheap, for cash, if taken at once. Reasons for selling, old age. Inquire at Oakland addition, O. M. Anderson.

SOLON VENDOPHONE STOCK—NEW York brokers want option, at advanced price. Ground floor buyers must call, or remit before Thursday noon, April 9th. This means our friends, too. Do not blame us if you neglect. T. F. Solon, 205 King block, Duluth.

FOR SALE—THE HERALD IS THE paper to keep you posted on fresh milch cow sales at Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD HALL AND confectionery store in good location; doing good business. Reason for selling owner leaving the city. Address, 218 Fifty-fifth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

Square Piano—Rosewood—$38.00
case, good condition; $5 cash and $3 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; broody hens, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE FRANKLIN POWER elevator platform, 4 feet by 4 feet 6 inches, complete with cable for two stories. Inquire at Union Match company, West Duluth.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

COME AND SEE US FOR ROCK BOTtom prices on the following stocks: Calumet and Bisbee, Yaqui Copper, Marquette and Arizona, Cascade Iron, Minnesota Abrasive. The Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio. Loans and investments. Zenith 'phone 761.

Upright Piano, Mahogany, $148.00
finished case used four months, good condition, $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS JUST arrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. Some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seevnth street.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices. M'f'rs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 321 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

WANTED—TO BORROW.

WANTED—$2500 FOR SIX MONTHS. Will pay liberal interest and furnish gilt-edge security. Herald, R. 63.

WANTED TO BORROW $3000 FOR A short time. Good security. N. 64, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$100 REWARD FOR THE REcovery of a diamond screw eardrop, lost between Fourth avenue east and Fourth avenue west and Sutphin street and First street. N. M., Herald.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE CONnecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence bldg. Phone 1150-2.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—WOMAN WHO CAN LIVE at home to do chamber work. Inquire 622½ West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; private boarding house. Mrs. Klietsch, 613 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AT MISS Melning's, 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Also nurse girl. T. W. Wahl, 1411 London Road.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL AT THE Phillips Hotel, West Duluth.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, WHO CAN help cook. $25. 2532 West Superior St.

GIRL WANTED, TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housekeeping. One who sleeps at home preferred. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue West.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat A, Bostwick flats, 421 West Third street.

WANTED — A NURSE GIRL AT 136 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—GIRL FOR PLAIN SEWing. 1415 East Third street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND laundry girl, inquire at 122 East First street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SERVANT girl for general housework, at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR LAUNDRY, Sapiding Hotel.

WANTED—GIRL AT 1414 JEFFERSON street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. No. 4 Adams flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 619 West Second street.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUperior street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—BOY, 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, to work in tailor store. Must come well recommended. Scotland Woolen Mills, 109 West Superior street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman. Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—COMPETENT GROOM TO care for, feed and clean my driving horses, and make himself generally useful around barn. Must understand his business as I am particular. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — THREE BRIGHT, ACTIVE boys, 16 to 19 years old, for the soda buffet business. Victor Huot.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR SODA buffet; one attending school at present, preferred. Victor Huot.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN (MARried preferred) for positions in our machine shop. Good wages and chance for advancement. Previous experience not necessary. We can also give employment to one or two mechanics and one or two young men who have had about a couple of years' experience at machinist trade. In answering give full particulars, occupation present and previous, age, whether married or not, etc., etc. Address Gisholt Machine company, Madison, Wis.

WANTED—BELL BOY, SPALDING Hotel.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED— A NO. 1 STAIR BUILDER, also six good bench hands. Oullette & Baxter, Garfield avenue.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED—BOY BETWEEN 16 OR 17 years old. Minnesota Cigar Box Co., 30 First avenue West.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL MERItorious household articles; easy seller. Excellent opportunity to make money. Call 926 East Second.

FRESH FISH.

D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETailer in Lake Superior trout and whitefish. 208 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $4.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM HOUSE. 925 East Fifth street. Inquire 230 East Superior street, Fred Engle.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Provid. bldg. Phone 24.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR summer; modern; centrally located. Address, O. 88, Herald.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house in Park terrace; possession May 1. 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TWO YOUNG MEN CAN GET FURnished room with breakfast in strictly private family; all modern improvements. Terms very reasonable. 312 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, upstairs, 229 Fifth avenue west, suitable for light housekeeping. No children. Heat furnished. Call at 501 West Michigan street, Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co.

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED, TWO unfurnished rooms. 212 East Fourth street. Mrs. Wilson.

FOR RENT—SEVEN SUNNY ROOMS—Good condition; centrally located. on car line, West Duluth, May 1st. $15 with water. Also three nice flats May 1, $12, $21 and $25, at 120 West Fourth street, with water. W. C. Sherwood & Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, 1826 WEST Second street, with bath and hot water heat. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FLAT IN West Duluth, four rooms, $16.50. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT; WATer, bath, electric light, range and cellar. Call 2806 West Third street.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED house; central location. R. 81, Herald.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End. Address X 89 Herald.

WANTED--3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; all modern conveniences. 1222 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue West.

UPHOLSTERY.

CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO COOK FOR dinner parties, etc.; will work half day or time needed. Address, V. 93, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG SCANdinavian as office assistant or clerk; am quick and accurate at figures. Address H, E., 208 Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer, collector or office assistant, by young married man. Over six years experience. Best of city references. Address R 78, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELing salesman for some reliable house. Have had ten years' experience and can furnish best of reference. U 96, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER wants a position to take charge of rooms. Address, O. 42, Herald.

A COMPETENT GIRL WANTS WORK at general housework. Address 428 Seventh avenue East.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK OF any kind by the day. Call or write to old St. Luke's hospital, room 11, upstairs.

WANTED—WORK FOR TWO HEAVY teams. City work preferred. 120 First avenue East.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG lady stenographer would like position substituting or steady employment. R. 7, Herald.

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY ENGAGed through the day, position in office or store evenings; best of references. N 73, Herald.

FURS STORED.

AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANUfacturing furrier. 106 West Superior street. Phone 220-4.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

WALL PAPER CLEANED.

WALL PAPER CLEANED—ALL WORK guaranteed. Call or address, G. J. Salvin. 110 South Eighteenth avenue West.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—GOOD LOcation. 20 East Fourth street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

HAIRDRESSING.

HYDRA-VACU FACE TREATMENT, manicuring. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St., Zenith phone 1318.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair works, C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 3303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended, for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL—NOTARY—DEpositions taken. 307 First National bank building. Phones, Zenith, 831; Duluth, 544.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

C. C. STAACKE, OPTICAL SPECIALIST —New Jersey building, Third floor. Thorough satisfaction guaranteed.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 6, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 13, 1903. Work, Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903, Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 7, 1903. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred La Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storm, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial comp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TWENTY PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWENTY PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1903. TWO CENTS.

WEST DULUTH CLUBS PETITION THE HOUSE

To Look Into St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific Merger.

Bill Limiting Terms of National Guard Officers Is Passed.

Gregory Bill Making Certain City Officers Elective Killed.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house this morning received an abundantly signed petition from the members of the West End Business Men's club and the West Duluth Commercial club, praying that the house take some action to look into the merger of the St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific roads. The petition succinctly sets forth the history of the purchase of the St. Paul & Duluth by the Northern Pacific, and says that since that time the West End station has been abandoned and the West Duluth station moved out into the country. Besides, after making an agreement with the state that the line of the old St. Paul & Duluth should be forever maintained wholly within this state, it is running from Duluth to Superior and back before going to St. Paul, thus delaying mails and traffic, as the trains have to cross two bridges with draws where vessels have the right-of-way. The members of the Duluth delegation received requests from these two organizations to see what could be done for the Yoerg resolution, introduced early in the session, calling for an investigation of this so-called merger. They have replied that the resolution was laid upon the table and never taken up again, because the matter is now in the courts, and therefore beyond the jurisdiction of the legislature.

The bill limiting the terms of field and staff officers of the National Guard to ten years passed both houses this morning. In the house there was but one vote against it and in the senate it barely carried 34 to 17. Senator Pugh voted for the bill in the senate, and Senators Laybourn and Hawkins voted against it. All of the Duluth house members voted for it.

The senate put in nearly the entire morning on an attempt to reconsider the vote by which the Soule garnishment bill was killed, and during the debate the president of the senate administered a rebuke to lobbyists. While he was speaking against the bill, Senator Horton, of St. Paul, referred to merchants that had been lobbying for the bill, and said that at that moment some of them were whispering to senators in order to influence their votes. President Jones interrupted him to instruct the sergeant-at-arms to eject all lobbyists and thereafter to strictly enforce the rule shutting them out of the senate chamber. The attempt to consider the bill was lost, 16 for and 39 against. Mr. Laybourn led the movement to reconsider the bill.

Some of the members of the house this morning becoming restive about their bills, tried to get them out of the committees and before the house and some of them succeeded. Mr. Perley, author of the latest board of control bill, wanted to have a resolution passed, calling upon the education committee to report the bill back tomorrow. He said the session was drawing to a close and it was imperative that speedy action be taken. Mr. Andelegg, chairman of that committee, said he would try to have a meeting of the committee at once, but if he could not hold it he would not, and the bill would have to take its course. The motion was lost.

Two bills were taken out of the judiciary committee and placed on general orders. One is the bill by Mr. Erickson, of Yellow Medicine, putting the limit of damages for death by accident at $15,000 instead of $5000, and the other was a similar bill by Mr. Chinnock, of St. Paul, placing it at $10,000. These bills were before a sub-committee of the judiciary committee and Mr. Clague and Mr. Rockne, members of that sub-committee, said they had been repeatedly to Mr. Bardwell, its chairman, and tried to get a meeting, but could not. There were intimations that attempts were being made to throttle the bills in the committee. The motions to take the two bills away from the committee were adopted.

Mr. Tighe wanted to know, while the house was on that subject, what had become of a bill in the same sub-committee, relating to the liability of employers for personal injuries. It had been requested for assage a week ago, but had not been reported. Mr. Steyenson, chairman of the judiciary committee, said this was because the author of the bill, Mr. Tighe, had substituted a new bill in the committee and he did not like it, so he had sent it back to the sub-committee.

Mr. Dowling got his non-partisan judiciary bill placed on general orders.

The Gregory bill making certain city officers of St. Paul and Minneapolis elective was subjected to terrible slaughter this morning in the house, being defeated by a vote of 29 for and 62 against.

The reception to Admiral Schley was to be the feature of this afternoon's session, though it was expected that there would be some work, too.

The senate judiciary committee this afternoon voted to recommend for indefinite postponement the bill legalizing the bonds of the township of Duluth, which are being protested on the ground that the funds devoted from the sale of the bonds were diverted to other purposes than those for which the bonds were issued. The bonds were issued for road and bridge purposes and part of the money was used in the construction of a sawmill. There has been a hard fight before the committee between representatives of the township, the bondholders and the Alger-Smith Lumber company, large taxpayers.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

CHICAGO'S COUNCIL.

Its Political Complexion Under Tuesday's Election.

Chicago, April 8.—The new city council will be composed of thirty-five Republicans, thirty-three Democrats, one independent and one Socialist. Of the seventy members, including twenty-six of the thirty-five elected yesterday, fifty-three were endorsed by the Municipal Voters' league.

RADICAL ACTION OF RED CROSS FACTION

Barton Clique Suspends Prominent Washington Members.

New ork April 8.—Walter P. Phillips, a member of Clara Barton's inner board of control of the Red Cross society, has issued an announcement that the executive committee of the society has suspended from membership what is known as the Washington "minority" or those members who have been trying to oust Miss Barton from the presidency.

Among the Washingtonians suspended are Gen. John M. Wilson, W. K. Van Reypen (surgeon general of the navy), John W. Foster (former secretary of state), Harriet Blaine Beale (daughter of James G. Blaine), Anna Roosevelt Cowles (sister of President Roosevelt) and Hilary S. Herbert (former secretary of the navy).

This formal notice of suspension was sent to each of the disciplined members:

"You are hereby notified that at a meeting of the executive committee of the American Red Cross, held in New York April 6, you were by vote of the executive committee, suspended from membership and all privileges of a member, the charge against you being:

"1—That you have attempted to disrupt the organization.

"2—That in a certain memorial sent to congress and known as house document No. 340, fifty-seventh congress, second session, you have assumed an attitude unbecoming a member of the organization.

"You are hereby notified to appear before the legislative committee at a time and place agreed upon later, and show cause why said suspension should not be permanent."

In the public announcement, Mr. Phillips says:

"This aggressive policy has been adopted in order to end the persistent attempt to discredit Miss Barton and disrupt the Red Cross society. The efforts of the minority to force the retirement of Miss Barton have proved absolutely futile and have not met with the support of the public. Among Miss Barton's supporters are such men as William T. Wardell, who was chairman of the New York Red Cross society during the Spanish-American war, raising $360,000 for Red Cross work in Cuba, and who has since established the Red Cross hospital in this city. It is now proposed that the society shall take up the work of extending the organization throughout the entire country, as contemplated some months ago by Miss Barton and outlined in her report at the last annual meeting."

THE BOARD OF CONTROL HAS STRONG HOLD ON THE HOUSE

Bill Requiring Publicity Concerning Bids Received By the Board Is Killed—House and Senate Are Keeping Well Up With Their Work.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fact that the board of control has a strong hold on the house was shown yesterday afternoon when the bill by J. E. Gregory, of Ramsey county, requiring publicity concerning bids received by the board, was killed.

At present the board of control keeps its dealings with bidders under cover to the extent that the names of the bidders and the amounts of their bids are not given out. Of course it is taken for granted that the contracts are regularly let to the lowest bidders, but nobody outside the board knows this.

The bill in question proposed to compel the board to call for bids on all contracts, and then have the bids, with the names of the bidders and the amounts bid, open for public inspection.

The bill was killed by an amendment offered by Frank Clague, of Redwood county. This provided that it should be left with the bidders whether or not their bids should be made public. If it was against their wish the bids were to remain secret, as the case is now on all bids.

In making the amendment Mr. Clague said that the bill was backed by a coterie of St. Paul contractors, who thought they were not getting enough on of board of control contracts, and who wanted the bids all made public, with the idea some of those who now bid low might keep out if their bids had to become public property.

Mr. Gregory said that the bill was introduced at the request of the State Builders' exchange, which extends all over Minnesota.

William Butler, of St. Paul, after the amendment had been adopted, said that the bill might as well be killed, because the feature that was sought after, publicity, had been eliminated, as no bidder would permit the publication of his bid if it was left to him. Mr. Gregory, the author of the bill, moved that it be indefinitely postponed, and the motion was adopted.

* * *

Work in behalf of the bills taking the normal schools and state university away from the board of control is being

(Continued on Page 4.)

AN UNKNOWN TRAMP STEAMER RUNS DOWN AN ATLAS LINER

Steamer Allegheny From West Indian Ports Was Sunk In New York Harbor on Way to Her Dock —Passengers and Crew Were Saved.

New York, April 8.—The Atlas Liner, Allegheny, from West Indian ports, was sunk in a collision with an unknown tramp steamer in the harbor of New York today, after leaving quarantine to go to her dock. There was no loss of life on the Allegheny. The crew and passengers were taken off by a tug boat. The Allegheny left Port Limon March 30, with thirty-four passengers on board.

The Allegheny left quarantine early in the day, but had anchored in the bay below Robbins reef because of the fog. The steamship was struck on the starboard side a great hole torn in her. When the tug Coastwise reached the steamer the officers had lowered two boats. Most of the passengers in the boats were women who were in a panic-stricken condition and tried to jump into the water.

A COMPETITOR TO CRACKER TRUST

Chicago, April 8.—A dispatch to the Tribune from New York says: A certificate of incorporation for the United States Biscuit company has been filed in Trenton, N. J., with a capital of $4,500,000. The new concern promises to be a powerful competitor of the National Biscuit company. The financial powers behind the new company are not disclosed, but it is understood they are millionaire Chicago capitalists. It is reported in Wall street the new company will be operated as an adjunct of the beef combination, with Armour interests in control. The capital of $4,500,000 is divided into $1,500,000 7 per cent preferred cumulative and $3,000,000 common stock.

PARLIAMENT HAS ADJOURNED

London, April 8.—Parliament adjourned today for the Easter holidays. During the usual discussion of foreign affairs prior to an adjournment, Premier Balfour referred to the Balkan situation. He said the saving feature was the cordial co-operation of Austria and Russia, with the view to improving the condition of the Christians. These two powers were more directly interested than any others, and what could not be accomplished by them could not be done at all. If the task was too difficult for them he had feeble hopes that the other signatories of the Berlin treaty, anxious as they were to end the intolerable state of things, would be able to devise any cure for the sore disease afflicting that portion of the Turkish empire. The government, Mr. Balfour continued, was considering sending British officers to accompany the Turkish troops engaged in the suppression of disorder, with the view of acquiring some guarantee that no excesses were committed.

THIRTEEN DEAD

Awful Work of a Cyclone Near Hanceville, Ala.

Great Damage Done According to Meagre News Received.

Birmingham, Ala., April 8.—Meagre information has reached here regarding a cyclone which passed a mile north of Hanceville, Ala., on the line of Blount and Culman counties about 2 o'clock this morning. Owing to the crippled condition of the wires full information has not yet arrived, but persons who have arrived here on the Louisville & Nashville accommodation train from Decatur, which passed the scene of the disaster, say that thirteen dead bodies are reported to have been found and that upwards of a score of persons were injured and many farm houses destroyed. Seney McCoy, a farmer, and his whole family of seven persons, are reported among the dead, also a farmer named John Griffin and son and the Miner family were killed by the wrecking of their home. No other names have yet been secured.

Owensville, Ky., April 8.—A tornado swept over this section early this morning, doing great damage in the tobacco farms and over a thousand dollars to buildings here.

TREZONA IS DEFEATED

Mike Weinzierl Elected Mayor of Ely By 303 to 282.

Ely, Minn., April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city election here yesterday was a hot one, the total number of votes cast being 595.

Mike Weinzierl was elected mayor over Charles Trezona, the mining captain, receiving 303 votes to the latter's 282.

For treasurer F. L. Cowen had no opposition, nor did Thomas Jury for assessor.

John Cosgrove was elected municipal judge, receiving 286 votes to H. Van Blarcom's 249 and Al Medford's 35.

David Brown was elected special judge, receiving 235 votes to 189 for F. S. Childers.

The following aldermen were elected: First ward, A. D. Ellessen, Ben White; Second ward, Olaf Knutson, John Plucheran; Third ward, Martin Skalla, Charles Grabowsky.

AT GATES OF SAN DOMINGO

Three Thousand Government Troops Will Soon Attack City.

Cape Haytien, Hayti, April 8.—A special messenger of the government who arrived yesterday at Cotuy, Hayti, from Santo Domingo, announces that 3000 Dominican government troops are at the gates of San Domingo City, that they have captured the suburb of San Carolos, and that three revolutionary generals have been killed, including Perico Pepin, one of the principal leaders of the revolution.

President Vasquez was preparing to attack San Domingo when the messenger left.

The inhabitants of the district of Monte Christi and San Lorenzo de Guayubin, Santo Domingo, have taken up arms against the government, but President Vasquez believes the revolutionary groups will easily be dispersed if the government forces regain possession of the capital.

STEAMER OVERDUE.

Some Anxiety Is Felt For the Luckenbach.

Philadelphia, April 8.—The oil steamer S. V. Luckenbach, which sailed from Sabine Pass, March 21, for this city, has not been reported at the Delaware breakwater. The Luckenbach should have reached here early last week, and shipping men are becoming anxious as to the fate of the vessel. They point to th fact that had her machinery become disabled, she would in all probability have been sighted by some vessels sailing the same course. The tanker Roma, which sailed from Port Arthur on March 23, reached this port last week. The captain reported squally weather, but said nothing of having passed the Luckenbach. The agents of the vessel are the Sun Oil company. She carries a crew of twenty-five men.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Woman and Two Children Meet Awful Fate.

Philadelphia, April 8.—Mrs. Yetta Brownstein, aged 30 years, and her two children, Cecilia and Yetta, were burned to death today in their home. Two other members of the family are in a hospital in a critical condition. The fire was caused by the overturning of an oil stove.

AN INCREASE IN PAY.

San Francisco, April 8.—A telegram from Lewis Nixon, president of the United States Shipbuilding company, received by W. G. Dodd, president of the Union Iron works, indicates that the men will be granted the nine-hour day on May 1, with a 10 per cent increase of pay.

ARTILLERY FIRES INTO MIDST OF STRIKERS

THE SHAMROCK III IS THE FASTEST YET

In a Race With Shamrock I She Shows Up to Good Advantage.

Weymouth, Eng., April 8.—With club topsails set in a good twelve to fourteen-knot breeze off shore, promising fast racing and a thorough test both of speed and gear, the Shamrock III and the Shamrock I started today off down the wind for a leeward and windward trial. The Shamrock III was a good length ahead as the boats were sent off. She gathered way faster and was off with double that lead before the older boat had fairly started. Booms were run off and the Shamrock drew into the wake of the cup challenger, getting between her and the wind. This advantage enabled the old boat to draw up somewhat, but the blanketing did not last and the challenger opened away fast and ran in such fashion as helped to dispel doubts as to her speed when off the wind.

When the boats were three-quarters on the way to Shambles lightship, the wind drew westerly and the Shamrock III had to run a course considerably more to the westward, throwing her astern as they luffed for the Shambles. The Shamrock I led round the lightship. The times were: Shamrock I, 10:45:02. Shamrock III, 10:45:26.

Sheets were all home as they came on the wind and the challenger gaining fast and a trifle freer went right past and to leeward of the older boat before they had gone a mile to windward. After holding this tack for twenty minutes, Shamrock III came about and passed wide across the bows of Shamrock I and taking up a position ahead and wide to the windward, pointing higher and sailing faster, she gained on every mile.

The freshening wind caused some sea as the boats beat back, but the challenger stood up well to the wind and took the seas easily. She again crossed the bows of Shamrock I as they beat into the bay.

The times as they turned the Erin at the finish of the first round were: Shamrock III, 11:46:14. Shamrock I, 11:47:50. The challenger gained exactly two minutes on a seven-mile beat to windward.

As the two yachts rounded the Erin, spinnakers were set for the next run to the Shambles. Some smarter work on board Shamrock I enabled her to make up twenty seconds of lost ground. They made fairly level racing down the wind, the challenger not gaining appreciably in the first couple of miles.

The wind held fresh and fairly steady, allowing an honest trial of speed. Both boats were equally served by the wind and sailing practically in the same water it took a little over fifty minutes to run the seven miles and the boats turned the Shambles on the second round as follows: Shamrock III, 12:42:37. Shamrock I, 12:44:57.

All sheets were brought aboard again and the boats headed home looking as though with the breeze more westerly they might fetch through. The challenger gradually increased the gap. The yachts trimmed in as close as they could lie to a fine, steady breeze, and both made short work of the journey, doing about 12 knots. Shamrock III pulled ahead the whole time, gaining fully three minutes from mark to mark.

The yachts finished the second round as follows: Shamrock III, 1:28:35; Shamrock I, 1:33:58.

The boats were then sent off on another spinnaker run seaward. Shamrock III, which had a short lead in starting, widened the gap. About a mile from the Shambles the spinnakers were taken in and the two boats reached for the mark, which was turned on the third round as follows: Shamrock III, 2:29:05; Shamrock I, 2:30:17. This was a gain of about a minute for the new boat in the seven miles.

A couple of long tacks brought them home. Jib topsails were set, and the challenger rapidly opened out a long lead, seemingly being well suited for the freshening winds. The times at the finish of the day's work were: Shamrock III, 3:28:10; Shamrock I, 3:33:18.

The new boat has thus beaten Shamrock I four minutes over the last seven miles turn to windward.

The trials were regarded by experts as showing that the Shamrock III is markedly superior to the old boat in fresher weather and in more open water. In running off the wind in a light breeze Shamrock I was only some seconds a mile slower, but on the wind the challenger quite outclassed her.

MOVEMENTS OF PRESIDENT WILL BE UNKNOWN FOR TWO WEEKS

Is at Entrance of Yellowstone Park and Will Enter Its Depths at Once In Hopes of Getting a Much Needed Rest.

Livingston, Mont., April 8.—President Roosevelt will enter the Yellowstone Park some time this afternoon, and for the next sixteen days the outside world will know very litle of his doings. His special train arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, and after a 15-minute stop, during which the president greeted a large crowd that had gathered to meet him, started for Gardner, which is the entrance to the park. It is due there at 12:30 p. m. The president will take luncheon on the train and finish up some necessary work. Then, accompanied by John Burroughs and a detachment of cavalry, he will plunge into the park for what he hopes to be two weeks of rest. The remainder of the party will live on the train at Cinnibar, three miles from Gardner.

IT WAS EVERYBODY'S MOVE THEN

New York, April 8.—The house in East Twentieth street in which President Roosevelt was born and in which had lived eight generations of his fathers' family, has been visited by the police, who were informed that a pool room had been opened there. After slight delays in gaining entrance, the officers found sixty men watching a game of checkers.

"It's your move," said one of the players when the officers, headed by Capt. O'Connor, entered.

"You're off, my friend," replied the captain. "It's everybody's move."

The men took the hint and filed out with alacrity.

The tablet recording that President Roosevelt was born there is set in the wall of the first floor hall.

MRS. VANDERBILT IS DISTRESSED

New York, April 8.—Four days of running a women's smoking parlor in Fifth avenue have proved almost too much for Mrs. Jacob H. Vanderbilt. The culminating trouble came when a man claiming to be member of the Y. M. C. A. called upon Mrs. Vanderbilt with a written protest. His appearance was the climax to a series of protests from societies and individuals, which Mrs. Vanderbilt says has sdistressed her almost beyond endurance. "They have said such unjust things," she said. "It is inspired, I am sure, by the desire to force me out of this business which I have taken up for the purpose of earning a living. I connect this Y. M. C. A. protest with what I have heard about the feeling of certain persons toward my venture here."

NON-UNION MEN WILL MOVE GRAIN

Chicago, April 8.—Before the close of the week the 3,000,000 bushels of grain that has been tied up in the river for the last two weeks will be shipped to Buffalo and Eastern ports. The vessel owners have secured non-union firemen to take the places of the strikers, and expect to send out five boats today. The departure of the grain fleet will save its owners from $200,000 to $300,000. Most of it was under contract, and should have been delivered three days ago. Its owners attempted to get permission from the strikers to move it last week and were refused. News of the refusal angered the carriers and non-union men were immediately hired.

AFTER THE KING OF YAP'S ESTATE

Washington, April 8.—The navy department is informed that the collier Justice left Cavite yesterday for the island of Yap, in the Caroline group, on her way to San Francisco. The trip to Yap is made for the purpose of taking there a lawyer from Georgia, who is looking out for the interests of certain residents of Georgia, who claimed to be heirs of King O'Keefe of Yap, who is said to have left a valuable estate. The claimants are the wife and children of the alleged king. King O'Keefe had several dusky wives and children in his island kingdom, and they will undoubtedly resist any attempt on the part of the American heirs to secure possession of any part of his estate.

Thirty Persons Killed and Many Wounded at Novgorod.

Rome Is Completely Paralyzed on Account of Strikes.

A General Strike to Be Proclaimed Throughout Holland.

Berlin, April 8.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from St. Petersburg, dated yesterday, says thirty persons have been killed and that 100 were injured during labor disturbances near Nishni Novgorod.

The disturbance occurred yesterday at a large factory near Nishni Novgorod. The local civil authorities were unable to restore order. Troops were called out and artillery was brought up and fired point blank into the midst of the rioters, killing thirty men and wounding 100.

Rome, April 8.—The aspect of Rome was completely changed early today. The gay, crowded city of yesterday seemed dead. No cabs passed through the streets and even the street cars, which run at long intervals were escorted by police and were almost empty, as the people feared to ride in them on account of threats of the strikers. The shops were open but the shutters were up as the proprietors intended to be ready for any eventuality. They were apprehensive of rioting and feared, as on other occasions, that their windows would be smashed.

The whole city was occupied by troops. Detachments of cavalry were placed on the squares and special details of soldiers and police were stationed around the vatican in order to prevent any attempt against the papal palace.

Foreigners continue to leave Rome but many of them cannot get away, as they are far from the railroad station and no cabs are obtainable and the noted omnibuses can carry only a limited number of passengers. If the strike continues and all the foreigners leave the city it is said that the boarding house keepers alone will lose on an average of $10,000 daily.

Unimportant encounters between the strikers and troops took place during the morning, the former wishing to hold meetings which were forbidden. The strikers were easily dispersed.

During the morning an attempt was made by strikers to overthrow a street car, but it failed.

Five hundreds French pilgrims arrived here today and had some startling experiences. They got off at a station on the outskirts of Rome, so as to avoid going through the city, but there were no cabs and all kinds of wagons and carts were hired to take the pilgrims' baggage. The men and women finally arrived at the Garibaldi bridge just as a detachment of cavalry charged a mob and a scene of indescribable confusion ensued. With screams and shouts the pilgrims in their efforts to escape were scattered in all directions.

About the middle of the day the strikers succeeded in gathering in threatening numbers at the Corso Vittorio Emanuele almost in the center of the city and detachments of troops charged, fired three volleys and dispersed them. About a dozen men were reported to have been wounded. The officials reported that order had been completely reestablished since noon, but Rome was still occupied by the military forces and the general strike continued. Many strikers were arrested during the day. The government has determined to have a sufficient force of troops on hand to maintain order under any circumstances and has issued instructions to send ten more battalions of troops to Rome. They will arrive here today.

The pope was much interested in the particulars of the strike. He said:

"It is a sword with two edges." He also expressed sorrow at the damage done the interests of the city, and also because the strike interferes with the religious ceremonies of Easter.

Instructions were issued to close the churches wherever disturbances occurred, and the prelates of St. Peter's met during the day to decide whether or not to suspend the Easter services, fearing that the strikers may enter St. Peter's and provoke disorder.

Amsterdam, April 8.—The workmen's defense committe has decided to proclaim a general strike of all the trades throughout the country.

London, April 8.—A special dispatch from Amsterdam says the government of the Netherlands has ordered the mobilization of all the marines within twenty-four hours, and that three warships at Denhelder have been ordered to be in readiness for immediate service. About 10,000 men are idle in Amsterddm alone.

OBJECT TO KING'S TITLE

Officials Say That It Is an Insult to Scotland.

Edinburgh, Scotland, April 8.—There was a curious scene at a meeting here today called to make preparations for the forthcoming visit of King Edward to Scotland. Several of the local Scottish officials refused to have anything to do with the king until he dropped the title of Edward VII. The objectors protested that the title was an insult to Scotland. They added that judging from the addresses he received at Lisbon even the king himself seemed to realize that he was only king of England.

Considerable uproar prevailed, but the meeting ultimately refused to listen any further to the malcontents.

Shoes for Boys.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO the Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE W.

Shoes for Girls.

M. S. BURROWS.

Boys' Peerless Easter and Confirmation Clothing!

This great Boys' Clothing Store has never offered such vast inducements. Handsome, swagger, rich apparel at prices that will assure satisfaction. Boys' and young men's correct spring clothes.

SAILOR-COLLAR NORFOLK SUITS—2½ to 8 years—handsome suits for the little fellows—homespuns, cheviots, serges and worsteds—made with sailor collar—pleats and belts—plain blue and fancy colors—prices .....$10.00 down to **$3.50**

SAILOR SUITS—3 to 12 years—serges, cheviots and unfinished worsteds—collars are braided—shield and sleeves embellished with embroidery — this line includes the "Peter Thompson" suits—prices from..... $12.00 down to **$2.50**

TWO-GARMENT SUITS—8 to 16 years—single or double-breasted coat and pants—Scotch mixtures — cheviots, serges and homespuns—in plain blues, blacks and fancy colorings — close-fitting collars—square shoulders—prices ....$15.00 down to **$2.00**

Silk-lined Top Coats at $15.00, $12.50 and $8.50.

Ladies' Knox Hats—In all the new shades.

RUSSIAN SUITS—2½ to 5 years—very nobby and stylish—more worn this season than ever—cheviots, worsteds and serges, in nobby conceits—prices from ..... $18.00 down to **$5.00**

LONG-TROUSER SUITS—15 to 20 years—tailored and finished like the men's garments—hand-made button holes—hand-placed collars and hand-padded shoulders—every known material and style is shown in all colors, prices from..... ..... $22.50 to **$6.00**

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, BLOUSES AND WAISTS—All sizes and colorings—our stock of furnishing goods is now complete—make your selections before they are picked over—prices $1.50 down to **50c**

NORFOLK SUITS—6 to 16 years—all colors and materials—the most popular style produced this season—hand-placed collars and padded shoulders—made with pleats and belt—prices from ..... $10.00 down to **$3.00**

RAIN-PROOF COATS—8 to 20 years—Coverts and Oxford mixtures in light and dark colorings—extra long cut—hand-padded shoulders and close-fitting collars, prices $18 down to **$8.50**

CONFIRMATION SUITS—8 to 20 years—blue or black worsteds—serges and Thibets—all styles, in long or short pants suits—every garment perfectly made and trimmed—prices $22.50 to **$3.00**

SPRING OVERCOATS—3 to 20 years—short box garments—in coverts, homespuns and cheviots—in endless varieties—square shoulders and loose-fitting backs—prices $15 down to **$4.00**

THREE-GARMENT SUITS— 10 to 16 years—blue, black and fancy mixtures—the popular garment for dress and evening wear—Clay and fancy worsteds, cheviots, serges and cassimeres—prices from .....$15.00 down to **$4.00**

Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings in endless varieties.

Easter Shoes

The birds are here, and Glorious Easter is but a few days off.

OUR SPRING SHOWING of practical, dainty and exclusive footwear styles has never been equaled in Duluth. It is ready for your inspection. You will find scores of

Out of the ordinary and full of Individuality styles

for men, women, boys and girls. Styles never found and never dreamed of in the ordinary shoe store. Before selecting your Easter Shoes step in and see—

Hanan's New Spring Styles,
Laird, Schober & Co.'s Fine Shoes,
Burrows' Famous Regent Shoes.

Experienced Shoe Salespeople to wait upon you.

M. S. BURROWS,

Fine Shoes for Men and Women.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Striking Men Expect Settlement Within a Few Days.

Contracts With Independent Lines Are to Be Permitted.

Strike headquarters of the firemen, oilers and water tenders for the head of the lakes, which have been established in Superior, are a scene of much activity at the present time. The rooms are crowded with firemen from Duluth and Superior, discussing the strike situation.

"I do not believe the strike will last much longer," said William Jones, the agent of the union who has recently come to the head of the lakes from Cleveland. "I believe a settlement will be reached within a few days.

"The members of the union are determined not to yield. They are asking for $52.50 and they believe they are entitled to it.

"We have hitherto been successful in tying up the boats in the Duluth-Superior harbor. None have left yet this season and none have as yet secured non-union firemen. Our union, known as the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Watertenders Benevolent association is one of the strongest on the lakes and very few boats on the lakes carried non-union firemen.

"Nothing is now preventing the opening of navigation, but the impossibility of securing competent firemen and as the ore carriers are anxious to commence running as soon as possible, I believe some change in the situation will take place within a very short time."

Dispatches from Cleveland say that the shipping offices of the Lake Carriers' association will be opened for the purpose of shipping non-union firemen. Several vessels have been successful in clearing from some of the lower lake ports and it is expected that some of the Pittsburg Steamship company's fleet will be moved within a few days.

President Livingstone, of the Lake Carriers' association, yesterday sent out the following notice:

"All shipping offices of the Lake Carrier's association will be opened tomorrow for the shipping of non-union firemen exclusively, as all the other men employed on the boats will be furnished through the respective organizations under our contract with them. Steamers that are loaded, especially those that have grain cargoes, will have the first call on the men that are shipped by the association."

A dispatch from Buffalo says: "The Marine Firemen, Oilers and Watertenders' association, which declared a strike a few days ago upon the refusal of the Lake Carriers' association to grant in increase of salary from $46 to $52.50 a month, today took a vote upon the proposition to permit independent owners to sign the scale, and it was carried unanimously. One independent boat left here today. Several will sail tomorrow. President Stewart has been advised that similar action has been taken at other Great Lakes ports."

Marine Briefs.

Word was received at the office of the Western Transit company yesterday that Charles M. Heald had been elected president and general manager of the Mutual Transportation company, the new company which has been organized to take over the Northern Steamship company's fleet of package freighters.

John A. Anderson, a tug engineer, will commence work today overhauling the Picket. The boat will be repainted. The engines will be thoroughly repaired and the boat refitted from stem to stern. She will be used this summer as an excursion boat plying in and about the harbor and St. Louis river, and carrying small private excursion parties.

TO REVIVE TROTTING.

San Francisco, April 8.—Tanforan park, near this city, is to be hereafter given over to the light harness horses. A. B. Spreckles has secured the track for the Golden Gate Driving association, and it is not unlikely that there will be a revival of trotting and pacing in California.

The Blake Hat.

Just a trifle better than the next best. A Duluth enterprise. Push it along.

STATUARY FOR WORLD'S FAIR

Shipment of Heroic Pieces Made to St. Louis.

Weehawken, N. J., April 8.—Karl Bitter, director of the department of sculpture of the Louisiana purchase exposition; Gustav H. Gerlach, superintendent of Mr. Bitter's shop and a score of workmen have loaded into cars a part of the heroic size statuary which is to decorate the fair grounds and building. Mr. Gerlach says the number of groups made and being made for St. Louis is nearly twice as large as for either the Chicago worlds fair. There will be somewhere between 250 and 300 groups. The figures already sent away were nearly all of heroic size, varying from eight to twelve feet in height. Among them were the four great pieces for the mines and metallurgy building, two male and two female. These were too large to be loaded into even one of the huge furniture cars without separation. The four big pieces were each made in two or more sections, which were accurately fitted together before they were finally loaded into the cars. The weight of one of the parts of any of these is about 1000. The lower portion of the figure symbolizing civilization, for the liberal arts building, was so tall that it could just be passed through the doorway. The upper portion of the body and the pedestal were carefully stowed beside it, and the three pieces just filled the space between the end of the car and its side door.

One of the pair of mammoth lions for the decoration of the grounds will be completed within the next five days. These figures will be fourteen feet long and about eight feet wide and, on account of the poses, nearly sixteen feet high. Four more figures for the mines and metalurgy building each over typifying coal, copper, iron and gold, will go forward about the same time as the first lion. The big centaur and cupid for the liberal arts building will be shipped probably today or tomorrow and the female figures for the colonnade of the varied industries building, which Bruno Luis Sims is modeling will be ready for shipment within a week.

MAKES A CLEAN SWEEP.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

TRAGEDY AT HOLCOMBE.

Postoffice Clerk Shoots Two and Cuts Throat.

Holcombe, Mass., April 8.—Peter McGurrin, a postoffice clerk, yesterday afternoon, shot his sister, Mary, aged 16, and his aunt, Miss Sarah Cassidy, and then cut his throat with a razor dying instantly. McGurrin was driven to the deed through worry over the condition of his sister who is hopelessly ill with consumption. The shooting of his aunt was not premeditated, but McGurrin turned on her when she ran into the bedroom at the sound of the first shot. McGurrin left a note stating that $300 would be found in his clothes which would pay for the burial expenses of his sister and himself and added that he had not slept for a week. Miss McGurrin received a bullet in the head, and in her weakened condition cannot survive. The aunt's wounds are not dangerous and she will recover.

ITALIAN PASSENGER

Fleeced on Ocean Liner By a Gambler.

New York, April 8.—In a card game an Italian passenger on the Deutschland lost $1000 to "Doc" Owens, with whom he played on the last voyage of the liner, now at the pier in Hoboken. The Italian, who was booked as Janquin Sensini, fared even worse than Earl Rosslyn. The Italian got back $100. Sensini proposed the game himself, and at the first sitting little money changed hands, but at the end of the third day the Italian was out the amount named. Nothing was done until quarantine was reached, when, it is said, one of the passengers, who read a paper just brought aboard, saw "Doc" Owens' picture along with the story of Owens' pulling the city to have his picture removed from the Rogues' gallery.

Capt. Barend is said to have sent for Owens and insisted upon a return of the money. He declared the game was straight, and he would not give back a cent. When the Italian said he was penniless, however, Owens returned him $100. The officers of the ship say the Italian was not penniless, as a friend had induced him to give his money to the purser when he got to losing.

Owens said to a friend, as he was leaving the pier at Hoboken: "My, I don't want to get arrested here in Jersey City; you don't know what they might do to you; perhaps they'd incorporate a fellow. Over in New York I don't care."

Your Child's Health.

If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has Worms. KICKAPOO WORM KILLER will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c. a box at druggists, or by mail from us. Your money back if not satisfactory.

KICKAPOO INDIAN WORM KILLER

is endorsed and recommended by thousands of mothers.

Mrs. Laundry, Pembroke, Ont., says:

"I gave a dose of Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer to my little girl, four years old, and she passed seven long worms. The next dose brought the most—she passed fifteen worms ten or eleven inches long. They were stock full of little pin worms. Kickapoo is the best worm killer I ever used."

Mrs. J. W. Potter, Disco, Ill., says:

"Our oldest child had eleven spasms, although we doctored all the time. Then we commenced using Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, and have not had the least bit of trouble since."

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Conn.

THE WOODS FULL

Of Aspirants For Vice Presidential Nomination With Roosevelt.

How the Van Sant Boom Was Launched and Died.

Washington, April 8.—During his tour of the West the president will examine the numerous candidates for the nomination of vice president on the Republican ticket. The woods are full of aspirants for the tail-end position on the presidential ticket, but by common consent the man is to come from west of the Mississippi, and Republican politicians here believe that the present trip of the president will have an important bearing in the selection of the candidate.

President Roosevelt will size up the merits of the various eligibles as he proceeds to San Francisco. Nearly every state that he is to pass through has a candidate. One of the embarrassments of the president will be to maintain an air of neutrality and treat all the hopeful politicians alike. In fact, for some months past he has been busy side-stepping a couple of strenuous vice presidential booms. The most persistent was that of Van Sant. The governor of Minnesota got the vice presidential bee immediately after his raid on the Northern Securities company. One of his friends nominated him for vice president on the ticket with Roosevelt. Van Sant fell into the spirit of the thing and nursed the boom along. Van Sant vice presidential clubs were formed and Roosevelt-Van Sant buttons began to appear in the lapels of the governor's friends. Seeing that assaults on the trusts were popular, Van Sant went anti-trust mad. On the occasion of his first visit to Washington he was treated with marked consideration by the president and was invited to take luncheon at the White House. After the vice presidential boom was well launched, Van Sant decided to clinch it by making another trip to Washington, confidently expecting another invitation to dine with the president. But the president had been warned of the danger of encouraging the trust-wrecking governor, and so Van Sant got no chance to eat another meal at the White House. He saw the president for about thirty seconds, in a room with a lot of others, and was told to go and talk with Attorney General Knox. When he left Washington the Van Sant boom was a hopeless wreck. However, Minnesota has come to the front with another candidate. He is Joel P. Heatwole, who for many years has represented the Third Minnesota district in the house of representatives.

Last fall Heatwole decided not to run for congress again, but instead elected to remain at home and get possession of the Republican machine and lay plans to get into the senate, vice Senator Clapp. He is making good headway in his fight for control of the Republican state machine, and has already displaced Van Sant from that position. The other day one of the Washington papers mentioned Heatwole as a possible candidate for vice president, and Heatwole sent an order for 200 copies of the paper.

Some of the other politicians say that the vice presidential candidate on the Republican ticket next year will be taken from the United States senate. At one time or another about a dozen members of that body have been spoken of as the running mate for President Roosevelt. Some of those thus mentioned are protesting that they have no aspirations for second place on the ticket, and some of them have also been compelled to admit that they did not covet first honors. Senator Fairbanks of Indiana is most frequently talked of for vice president, and a good many believe that he would take it as a solace for his disappointment in not getting the nomination for president. The other senator from Indiana is also talked of as the president's running mate, but the old men of the senate shake their heads at the idea of a Roosevelt-Beveridge ticket, and say that it is a case of too much young blood. The president and young Beveridge are great friends, and it is believed that the nomination of the Indiana man would be personally agreeable to the former.

Senator Spooner has also been spoken of as candidate for the second place on the presidential ticket, but he gave to his friends the impression that he would not take the nomination. Former Governor Lynn, Governor Taft and Gen. Leonard Wood have all been discussed more or less as possibilities.

But the shrewd politicians of the West are picking Senator Thomas Robert Bard of California as President Roosevelt's running mate, and are talking long-shot bets that he will be the man. Senator Bard's term in the senate it drawing to a close and he has not announced his candidacy for re-election. His friends claim that he is an ideal candidate for vice president. He is wealthy, conservative and capable, and in addition comes from a state that has been wabbling politically for the last few years, and to carry which is a matter of much importance to the Republican managers. Senator Bard is 62 years of age, is of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and is a man of very fine personal appearance.

California has never had a candidate for one of the presidential offices on a Republican ticket, and it is believed that it would be a good thing to gratify the state's ambitions in this regard.

To Aid Nature

This health giver is most speedy in action and satisfactory in results. There will be no bilious attacks or sick-headaches if you take

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

"BABY M'KEE"

Shows Good Traits of Progenitors at School.

New York, April 8.—In the eyes of those who know him best Benjamin Harrison McKee, the former "ruler of the White House," is daily reflecting certain characteristics that distinguished his grandfather, Benjamin Harrison, and his great-grandfather, William Henry Harrison.

Today at Pomfret school, in Connecticut, he leads his form and also the entire school in mathematics, French, German, Latin and spelling. Fearing that he might be overdoing his work, his father, J. R. McKee, formerly of Indianapolis, recently asked the head master if there was any danger of his son breaking down.

"No, indeed," said the head of the school. "Ben studies the required number of hours each day, and not a bit more. He is able to keep at the head of his form by his extraordinary power of concentration. When he is studying his Latin he is absolutely oblivious to everything else."

His schoolmates say "Ben McKee is a thoughtful fellow, but while he leads the school in languages and mathematics he doesn't get 100 per cent in deportment or tidiness."

NOTED DIVE KEEPER

Will Seek Good Health In Holy Land.

New York, April 8.—"The" Allen, at one time known as the "wickedest man in New York," and the last of the noted dive keepers of the olden time, of which Harry Hill, Billy McGlory, Tom Gould, Owney Geoghan and Tom McMahon were the shining examples, has left New York in search of health a broken man physically. His destination is the Holy Land.

"The" Allen for fifty years almost has been one of the most unique and picturesque characters in New York's under world. He served throughout the civil war in the United States navy, and his record as a soldier was without a blemish. Since the war, however, his life has been a constant battle with the police, as gambler, dance hall keeper, poolroom keeper he has been at war with society, and not always unsuccessfully. While the places he kept were rendezvous for the most noted criminals in the country Allen was never under suspicion of being a "crook." He was perfectly fearless, and though a small man a desperate fighter. His fights were innumerable, and he was nearly always victorious. Once he took human life, but a coroner's jury declared the killing of Eddie Mallory an accident and no further action was taken.

Allen had a summer place on Long Island, and his reputation there was entirely different from that in New York. He was regarded as a good neighbor, a public-spirited citizen and a man devoted to his family.

WORK BEING RUSHED

By the Chippewa Reservation Estimating Crews.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two new estimating and classifying crews left here, accompanied by Chief Examiner E. L. Warren, for the Red Lake reservation yesterday. They went to Winnipeg and from thence to Beaudette on the Rainy river. The new crews consist of John W. Hunt, Charles Sleeper, A. E. Morgan, T. A. Howe, E. S. Wilcox, L. R. Davis, B. C. Barrett, Samuel Tibby. Chief Examiner Warren said all the work had been done in township 48, ranges 26, 27 and 28, and in township 147, ranges 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30. The crews were moved yesterday to the Leech Lake reservation to finish township 145, ranges 27, 28 and 29, township 142, ranges 27, 28, 29 and 30, and township 141, ranges 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31. This is the only land on the Chippewa reservation surrounding Leech Lake remaining to examine and classify and estimate. All the land embraced in the Leech Lake, Winnebigoshish and Cass Lake on the ceded Chippewa reservation will be completed early in May. This is weeks before the time the chief examiner expected to have the work finished because of the deep snow, the rains and other difficulties. This will make it possible for the allotments and the forestry corps to complete their work.

CARROLL D. WRIGHT

Has No Intention of Resigning His Position.

Washington, April 8.—Gossip has been set afloat the last few days to the effect that E. E. Clark, grand chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, and a member of the late anthracite coal commission, is likely to become commissioner of labor "within a few months," has suddenly struck an immovable snag.

Commissioner Carroll D. Wright announces he has no intention of resigning, now or at any time in the near future, having only accepted the presidency of Clark University college, in Worcester, Mass., he said, with the understanding that his duties there should not interfere with his work in the department of labor, which would take about two years, or, at least, until the summer of 1904.

According to a political authority, the agitation of Mr. Clark's name at this time for the labor commissionership is for the purpose of diverting attention from his consideration for the position of assistant secretary of commerce and labor.

"The smartest clothes in town."

J. Frank Burrows

Merchant Tailor.

24 Third Avenue West.

Easter Gifts

Have become almost as fashionable as Christmas gifts.

Our New Jewelry and Novelties

for spring wear are the very latest in style and pattern. We have many articles at small cost which will add to the richness of the ladies' Easter costumes. Visit us and see our stocks, buy or not, you are heartily welcome

M. N. BERG, The West End Jeweler.

2003 W. Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

The Best

STEEL RANGES

REDUCED.

Our present line of first class guaranteed steel ranges is the largest we have ever carried. They range in price from $20 to $35 and for the few remaining days before Easter we place the entire line on sale at reduced prices. You cannot afford to miss the opportunity.

C. B. JOHNSON & CO.,

HARDWARE DEALERS.

1918 West Superior Street.

Come in and get figures on builders' hardware. Headquarters for all kinds of carpenters' tools.

Easter

Neckwear

Easter

Gloves

We have a specially fine selection of up-to-date new Easter merchandise, which we are offering at the best values in the city. You'll find everything here that is carried by any first class store, and our prices cannot be beaten anywhere.

Chas. H. Mork & CO.,

Dealers In Men's Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Etc.

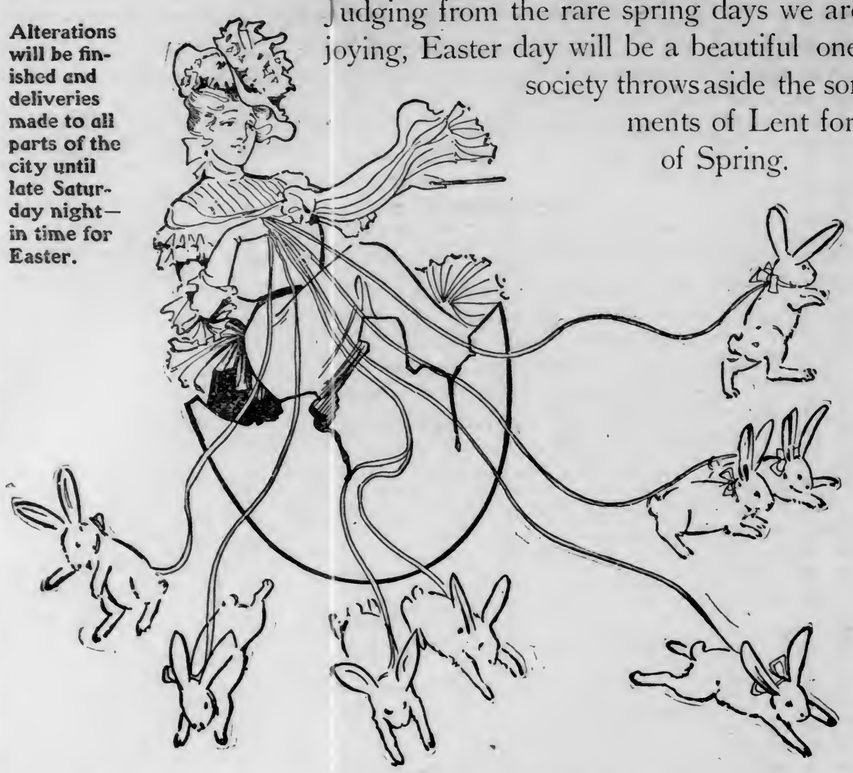
1930 West Superior Street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Before Easter Day Dawns

Alterations will be finished and deliveries made to all parts of the city until late Saturday night—in time for Easter.

Judging from the rare spring days we are now enjoying, Easter day will be a beautiful one—a day society throws aside the sombre garments of Lent for the garb of Spring.



Tailored Suits, Costumes and Wraps for Easter.

It is a question of hours now—the months and weeks are gone! Are you Easter ready? If not, don't despair — we can help you. Many a suit has gone out in the past few days for women who had been trying to get dresses made and could not get them finished in time. Satisfaction is felt by every woman who has been at the S. & B. Co. store to select her Easter costume! It's ready now—it pleases better than what she could have had made. If you are not ready, there's still time to be fitted—you can come here and choose from hundreds of gowns of the very latest fashions — all ready to wear, with probably an alteration here and there, but practically better and more "style correct" than the best you could have had made—You've heard of the new arrivals—dozens of them —costumes in voile, etamine and broadcloth—the choicest and most exclusive of America's standard makers — Come tomorrow—if there's any alteration it will be done propely — like every garment sent out this season—perfection — two expert fitters constantly on our floors—and twenty-eight tailors and sewing women are working every day—and an equal force way into every night, to make any needed alterations and keep the work up to the hour.

Tailored Suits and Gowns.

Everything from the plain little Walking Suit up to the elaborately trimmed reception gown—is selling as fast as it can. Perhaps more women want suits between $25 and $50 than any other kind—for a suit is like a bank account—the more you put in the more interest you get out.

WALKING SUITS—

Cheviots—$16, $23.50, $36, $57.

Mixed Stuffs—$18, $23.50, $26, $36, $45.

LONG-SKIRTED SUITS—

Broadcloth, Cheviot and Venetian—$10, $12, $15 up to $125.

Voile and etamine suits—all silk-lined—$33, $35 up to $88.

Suits of mixed materials—$15, $25, up to $90.

Imported street and reception gowns—$28, $35 up to $150.

Imported evening gowns—$150 to $200.

Coats and Dresses

For Big and Little Girls—

For the tot 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6; the girl 8, 10 and 12; or the miss, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18.

All kinds of Tailored Suits for girls—including the Peter Thompson—beautiful wraps and jackets—a splendid assortment of children's reefers.

We are offering some exceptionally good values in children's coats as follows:

At $5.00—We offer you tomorrow a line of Children's English box coats, with cape effect—in Castor and Blue—trimmed with Red, and crescent of red—a very nobby garment, and full $6.75 value.

At $4.50—Blue and black Cecilian Walking Coats, with pongee collar and trimmed with braid—something new and very chic—sizes 2 to 6.

At $5.00—Black and blue taffeta silk Walking Coats —made with large collar and cape effect, trimmed richly —a regular $6.50 value.

Novelties for girls and children—beautiful, exclusive things—especially made up for our patrons who desire garments out of the ordinary—$6.75, $8.50, $10, $12 and $15.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Easter Coats.

You will see more white coats for Easter than you have any idea now. They are cropping out now in twos and three on Fifth avenue in New York. But in a week you will see them on the best-dressed here.

White is decidedly the most fashionable thing this spring.

Nearly everybody who doesn't wear white is buying black or tan covert cloth.

White broadcloth coats—$19 to $150.

White etamine—$22 to $65.

Pongee coats—$25 to $75.

Black etamine—$25 to $85.

Black broadcloth—$18 to $45.

Covert cloth Jackets—$8 to $30.

Black Jackets—$5.50 to $30.

Easter Jewelry. Easter Purses. Easter Belts.

First Floor—Front.

The "chic," attractive little things which go a great way in finishing and beautifying your Easter costume.

New Belts—from 50c to $4.00.

New Satin Belts, pleated in desirable shadings, clasps back and front, in French gray and gun metal effects—at 69c.

Beautiful Silk Belts, with artistic and novel designs in clasps—50c and 75c.

Double-face black satin and silk elastic belts—clasp back and front—at $1.50.

New crochet and plain belts—in new clasp and girdle effects—all colors—at 50c.

New crochet and plaid belts—in new clasp and ished harness buckle—at $1.50.

Purses—Wrist Bags.

First Floor—Front.

A choice assortment of the most popular Eastern styles—correct and exclusive novelties direct from the style centers.

New "Netsuki" Purses—from $1.50 to $8.00—the popular fad for spring and summer—in Persian and embroidered Japanese silks, walrus, alligator, lizard, morocco—in the correct shades with gun metal, oxydized and gilt frames—$1.50 to $8.00 each.

Wrist Bags—50c to $10—in all leathers and shades —walrus, morocco, moose calf, alligator, lizard, etc.—gun metal, silver, gilt and oxydized mountings—50c to $10.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Notwithstanding the numbers of people who have already selected their Easter Hat, the rush for

Easter Millinery

is increasing and keeps our already doubled working force busier than ever. We thought, with our additional force, to avoid night work, but the last three days evidently will be our busiest. But we're proud of our increased business—there's a reason for it. The right styles are here and we quickly transform your own ideas to facts—and then the prices are so reasonable, considering the charming styles from choicest conception.

Again (pardon us for emphasizing it) let us urge you to select before Saturday, for while we will send out every Hat ordered, we want a little time for any necessary alterations.

Stylish Hats at $5.00—You'll be surprised at the style and character displayed at this most popular price.

Our Hats at $10.00 will please and are quite elaborate. We sell a great many of these. Then again, there's a most varied field for selection—it's too late to describe them; you must see for yourself. Between these prices we show many stylish creations then, from $10.00 up to any price you choose to pay—even to the Paris models at $35.00, $40.00 and $50.00. But come—and come soon.

Misses' and Children's Hats.

It's almost too late to make up anything, but we have a large representation of really pretty styles in the correct straw and braid creations. Prices commence at $2.00 for daintily trimmed Children's and Girls' Hats—then $2.50, $3.00 and $5.00 for the more elaborate styles—and so on to $15.00.

Easter Gloves.

The correct and desirable shades are here to match any costume—The "Fownes" and "Reynier" styles, are known as the world's best—

Special Notice.

Although many have already bought their Easter gloves there are hundreds of others yet to fit—during these last few days an additional force of fitters will be on hand so all can be fitted without the usual delays occasioned by the Easter rush—but if you wait until Saturday try to do your trading early.

Fownes' Kid Gloves—La Tosca, in all the desirable shades. Paris point back—in black, brown, mode, oxblood and white—$2.50.

Fownes' Dagmars—Heavy weight gloves, in brown, mode, oxblood and gray—Paris point back and cut seams —$1.50.

Ireland's Light Weight Mocha—In gray, black, beaver and red—$1.25.

Easter Hosiery.

Dainty effects in lace and natural flower embroidery in silk and lisle—stylish shadings now so popular in the East, such as "Jasper" black and white, black open work, etc. — The "exclusive" ideas only to be found in the store that is an authority in dress. Stocks in the fine staple lines are also at their best to supply all your needs in

Women's, Misses' and Children's Wear.

New "Jasper" Lisle Hose, with embroidered center stripe—a popular Eastern style—$2.00 a pair.

New White and Black Lisle Hose—in the Jacquard lace effects—$2.25 a pair.

Fancy Black and White Openwork Lisle Hose, with black boot and black and white upper—$1.75 a pair.

Fine Black Lisle Hose—in embroidered silk effects—violets, daisies, snowdrop, etc.—85c a pair.

Easter Neckwear.

Elaborate effects in dainty neck pieces to complete the Easter Toilet.

To the woman who studies all the details of elaborate toilets there's no department so attractive and so interesting as our beautiful neckwear section — every conceit that becomes popular in the East is soon on our counters, and this season's showing is a careful and comprehensive glossary of the real style authority—and the prices are reasonable, much more so we believe than in any previous season, as for instance—

Collar Tops—In fine embroidered effects at 25c and 35c—hemstitched and fancy designs at 50c—hand-drawn, divided or straight hemstitched—real lace effects at 59c, 75c and up to $5.

Cuff and Collar Sets—Hemstitched, lace and embroidery—new etamine effects—at 75c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Shirt Waist Sets—Of pique in white, hemstitched with black or red—$2.25.

New Hand-Embroidered Sets—Consisting of bishops, stocks, cuffs and belts—in all white—the sets are of white lawn, embroidered with red, blue, pink and blue with white dots—$2.25.

White Pique Sets—With collar, cuffs and belts, stitched with red, black or white—$2.25.

Two-Piece Sets—Consisting of stock with box pleat for shirt front and belt made of dotted Swiss, with colored dots—white with blue, pink, black or blue with white, pink with white dots—$1.75.

New set of heavy basket-weave material, consisting of belts, cuffs and top collar—in blue, pink, navy, cream, black and linen collar with red, blue, white and black dots, and bound with same—$2.00.

Handsome hand-drawn stock, with cuffs to match, of white linen—$2.00.

The New Cherry Stocks—Of white linen—embroidered with white—at $2.00.

The Popular Neck Ruffs and Boas—The New Cape Styles.

So becoming an addition to your Easter gown—Paris has decided in favor of this particularly dressy garment and the Eastern style followers are following —they take the place of the fur piece or wrap, and look more seasonable, so to speak.

We are showing a splendid line of new Boas in Liberty Silks and Chiffons—in the cape or full effects—in black—black and white—and all white, with long or short streamers—all the latest designs from $1.75 to $27.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Shoes

for Easter.

Ehle Shoe Co.

--Eton--

All the Latest in Spring Footwear.

" Oxfords "

This will be the season for Oxfords. Everybody will wear them.

"Why Not You."

We have the swellest line in the city to select from.

Enamel, Patent Colt, Box Calf and Kid.....

EHLE SHOE CO

Torrey Building.

SHOE SHINING— the best only—2 stands... 5c

PRESIDENT HONORED

Commercial Club Officers and Directors Remember F. A. Patrick.

Presented With Handsome Testimonial In Recognition of Efforts.

The first annual dinner of the officers, board of directors and house committee of the Commercial club was given last evening, and the event was designed as a testimonial to F. A. Patrick, whose first term as president of the club expires today.

Mr. Patrick was notified of the proposed dinner on his return from a trip in the South, a few days ago, but he was completely surprised when at the close of the dinner he was presented with a handsome testimonial showing the appreciation of his fellow-clubmen.

Those present were President F. A. Patrick, Vice Presidents C. E. Bassett and E. M. Ferguson, Secretary A. L. Preston, Directors Julius H. Barnes, Hansen E. Smith, E. L. Millar, C. R. Rust, Alexander Marshall, F. W. Heimlick, F. W. Parsons, Guy A. Eaton and George C. Stone, members of the house committee.

The dinner was an elaborate affair of eight courses. One of the features was a large ornamental cake made especially for the occasion by Chef Gutting, and bearing on its top in artistic design the name of President Patrick.

At the close of the dinner Director E. L. Millar, in behalf of those assembled, made a few remarks in which he said that everybody recognized and appreciated the growth and development of the club, that it was now a matter of history. He spoke of the close relations and good feeling that has existed between President Patrick and the board of directors, as well as the other officers and committees, and emphasized the courteous treatment always afforded by the president, and his resourceful and tactful administration. At the close of his talk Mr. Millar presented President Patrick with an elegant champagne set, consisting of nine pieces of cut glass and a silver tray, on the rim of which was engraved the names of the givers.

President Patrick, although taken by surprise, responded in a happy and appropriate manner.

The election of five directors took place this afternoon, and the annual meeting of the club will take place in the club rooms this evening.

HELD UP AND HUGGED.

Janesville Women Afraid to Venture on Streets.

Janesville, Minn., April 8.—A real "Jack the Hugger" has been doing his nefarious embracing stunt in Janesville for the past fortnight or more and few maids or matrons dare venture out on the streets after dark without an escort. Scarcely a night passes that some girl or woman is not held up and hugged. A young man with a more or less shady character is under suspicion of the local officer and his movements will be closely watched with the hope of capturing the culprit.

IS BOWERY DOOMED?

Fight Against It Seems to Be a Determined One.

Has For Its Object, Complete Change of Present Character.

Complete abolition of the Bowery and not a mere restriction of the liquor traffic is desired by the citizens recently petitioning the council to make a clean sweep of the Bowery district.

The agitation now has the appearance of a possible political issue at the next city election, and it is bound to bring about some stirring developments within the next few months.

In fact the crusade against the Bowery has a stronger backing than appears on the surface, acording to several aldermen that have been subjected to strenuous argument from business men and others, to say nothing of the temperance organizations that are making a systematic campaign against the Bowery district.

The leading objection of the business men seems to be that the Bowery district, greeting the eye of persons first coming to the city, leaves a bad impression, which no only hurts the city in a financial way by prejudicing possible investors, but gives Duluth much unwholesome advertising from visitors that go away and talk about the city to others.

As far as genuine Boweryism goes the district is nothing compared to what it was a few years ago. The lodging houses are as filthy or filthier than ever, but big mitt gangs, common thieves and the saloon business is much better controlled. Occasionally something startling comes from the Bowery, such as the recent rescuing of a 13-year-old girl from a saloon basement, but these things now become public through the arrest and punishing of those responsible, and such occurrences are few and far between.

However much the morals of the Bowery have improved under close police surveillance from an aesthetic standpoint, it is as unsightly as ever, and from a temperance standpoint there are as many saloons selling just as much liquor as ever.

The Moore resolution passed by the council, and declaring against the granting of any additional licenses in the Bowery district, seems to meet with general approval, but the temperance organizations say that it was merely a preliminary skirmish in a fight on the Bowery that will open up all along the line.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A cablegram was received at St. Louis from President James Ramsey, of the Wabash railroad, who is now in Cairo, Egypt, that his daughter Alice died Tuesday. President Ramsey was called to Cairo two weeks ago by a cablegram announcing the serious illness of his daughter, who was suffering from typhoid fever. She was making a pleasure tour when taken ill.

Sam Trace killed Logan Elam and Sidney Elam, the murdered man's son, avenged his father's death by killing Trace on the White Fork of Johnson river, Ky. Young Elam surrendered and was placed in jail at West Liberty. The Elams and the Traces were relatives and neighbors and the killings grew out of a family feud.

President Arthur T. Hadley, of Yale university, was the guest of honor Tuesday night at the first annual banquet of the Michigan Yale Alumni association at the Detroit club. Ex-United States Senator Patton, of Grand Rapids, was toastmaster and among the other guests was Rev. F. L. Patton, ex-President of Princeton university.

John E. Madden has sold his Kentucky and American derby candidate Onatas, the phenomenal Top Gallant colt, to D. E. Thomas, the New York turf man. The colt will be shipped immediately to Sheepshead bay, and consequently will not race in the West, so Mr. Madden declared. The price is not stated. Friends of the turfman assert that a round $25,000 was the amount laid down by the New Yorker.

WEDDING GIFTS

Worth $500,000 For Miss Cathleen Neilson.

New York, April 8.—From the gifts already received it is estimated that Miss Cathleen Neilson, the bride of Reginald Vanderbilt, will be showered with presents to the value of $500,000. The bride will wear about her neck a gorgeous string of great pearls which the bridegroom already has given her.

Mrs. Vanderbilt has given her a superb set of diamonds, tiara and collar; also a string of diamonds and rubies. Another of Mrs. Vanderbilt's gifts is a complete set of table silver.

The Twomblys have sent two massive silver candelabras, the Gerrys a superb set of silver gilt compotieres, Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt a chain set with diamonds, the Webbs a set of silver plates.

Curious crowds loitered about Mrs. Frederick Neilson's plain red brick mansion at 100 Fifth avenue today. A policeman had to keep the sightseers moving.

The bride has told what her wedding gown is to be. Delicate chiffon of the flimsiest texture over ivory white satin is its ground work. Here and there are touches of rare old lace, just enough to give character to the gown without taking away of its light, airy effect. The skirt is clinging and the bodice is high. The yoke and the upper part of the sleeves are of the same beautiful lace, while the lower part falls in a great ruff of delicate chiffon.

The wedding veil is to be of tulle.

POSTOFFICE FRAUDS.

Washington, April 8.—Another chapter in the investigation in the affairs of the postoffice department was furnished yesterday when charges were furnished Acting Postmaster-General Wynne against M. W. Lewis, chief of the division of supplies. The charges alleged that the handstamps and ink pads now being supplied to the postoffices under the present contract are inferior in quality and not up to the contract standard.

ACCIDENT AT FOND DU LAC, WIS.

Fond du Lac, Wis., April 8.—Two men were fatally injured in the Wisconsin Central railway shops at North Fond du Lac yesterday afternoon. The victims are:

Clarence Girder, 57 Ogden street, this city.

Adolph Friday, of North Fond du Lac.

They were at work in the shops when some heavy timbers fell on them, crushing them so badly that they cannot recover.

50c Kiki Imported Wash Silks at 38c.

All the dainty shades for summer dresses and waists—regular price 50c— Thursday ---------- 38c

Silk Headquarters at Head of the Lakes.

Freimuth's

The May Delineator is ready at the pattern counter—just get one—15c.

Women's Easter Outer Garments

A magnificent and extensive exhibit that reflects the true merits of garment excellence—and at much lower prices than similar garments are sold elsewhere. The inexpensive as well as the very fine creations are ably represented and bear the trade-mark of superior workmanship—giving a style-tone known only to best artists. These special offerings for Thursday will help you to quick choosing.

Women's Finely Tailored Suits—of cheviot, canvas, etamine or broadcloth—plain and novelty effects; ten distinct styles—selling regularly from $35 to $42—Thursday, each ----- $27.50

Women's Blouse Suits—of novelty mixtures—with the fashionable cape effect—the new pleated skirt with yoke—would be a splendid value at $30—for Thursday at, only---------- $22.50

Women's Blouse Suits—in cheviots and venetians—collarless— with epaulette cape—postilion back and new sleeves—the skirt is unlined and the entire suit is trimmed with straps of taffeta—stole front—a regular $16.50 value—at, only $10.98

New Spring Walking Skirts—Women's runabout skirts—in light and dark oxford mixtures, with double slot pleated seams—all colors—a regular $7.50 skirt—Thursday for---------- $5.98

Women's Dress Skirts—of fine quality etamine—beautifully trimmed with taffeta folds and self-stitching fancy flounce—silk drop skirt—a regular $22.50 value—for Thursday at, only ---------- $13.75

Misses' and Children's Suits—in plain and fancy mixtures, with braid, silk and Persian trimming—10 to 18 years; prices $25 down to $10

Children's Silk Coats—taffeta silk—with the large sailor collar—trimmed with lace, sizes 3, 4, 6, 8 years; prices range from $6 up to---- $12

The Easter Hat—Charming Styles.

The selection of the Easter Hat is now of paramount interest to every fashionable woman. The superiority of the Freimuth Hats are plainly evident to those who have "looked around" and the hearty words of approval heard on every side, together with the wonderfully increased sales are convincing arguments that it's to your advantage to investigate this grand showing. The styles are exclusive.

Our Hats for Street and Dress Wear at from $3.00 to $10.00 are positively the best that can be obtained anywhere for the money.

In the Trimmed Millinery—Great interest is centered in our unique showing. It is strikingly noticeable for the beautiful color blending, individuality in style and little prices. From the simple ready-to-put-on Walking Hat to the elaborate Pattern Hat this showing is complete in every detail. Prices range from $5.00 to $40.00. Thursday will be a good day to choose.

15c Polka Dot Pique 10c.

An ideal fabric for Shirt Waist Suits or separate Waist and Skirt—white grounds, with assorted sizes of black dots—medium weight, cheap at 15c—for Thursday special at—per yard------ 10c

100 pieces Dress Ginghams

In pink, blue, green and tan—dainty stripes and checks—new combinations—the 12½c quality—and sold at that price everywhere—will go Thursday at the special price of—per yard---------- 10c

$1.25 Wrist Bags 95c.

New line, real seal and walrus, inside pocket, moire lined, trimmings of gun metal and oxidized silver—splendid serviceable purse—real value $1.25—specially priced for Thursday at—each---------- 95c

75c Wrist Bags 50c.

A new line of Wrist Bags—of imitation seal and walrus—with frames of oxidized silver—inside pocket—the kind that sell everywhere at 75c—special for Thursday at—each---------- 50c

Muslin Underwear and Corsets. Thursday Specials.

Women's muslin gowns—embroidery trimmed—high V, or Empire neck. The regular 75c kind Thursday ---------- 49c

Women's drawers of muslin and cambric embroidery trimmed, umbrella shape, an unusual value at 35c. Special for tomorrow---------- 23c

Women's corset covers of muslin and fine lawn—embroidery and lace trimmed—never sells for less than 35c. Special Monday each ---------- 23c

Corsets—straight front—new spring style—in white, pink and blue—regular price 75c. Special for Thursday, each--- 49c

Women's housewife aprons—head to foot style—good quality ginghams—regular price 39c. Special for Thursday, each--- 29c

Arnold knit goods—for women and children—the summer weight garments are made from fabrics of light and fine texture—will not overheat on the hottest night—and will also afford protection against chills and colds in sudden change of temperature. We are exclusive Duluth agents. Send for booklet.

Headquarters for Fashionable Footwear.

No Easter gown is complete without the finishing touches of the fashionable footwear. We have the most attractive line in the city, in both variety and price.

A word about the new styles.

Lighter and neater shoes are the rule this year, with narrower toes and higher heels—the walking skirt and the return to the light weight materials for gowns have made necessary, greater regard than ever for dainty footwear. More low cut shoes will be worn than ever before. A few of the new lasts:

Women's low oxfords. Louis XV. heel—high arched shank, patent tip, laced—would be cheap at $4.50. Our price--------- $3.50

Women's vici kid oxfords—Waldorf heel—narrow extension sole. This is a beauty at ----- $4.00

Women's fine vici kid shoes, Louis XV. heel—extension sole, hand welt—the Volga make, excellent for dress wear------- $3.50

Women's dress shoes, patent kid foxing, dull vici kid top—hand turned sole, Cuban heel—none better sold, at---------- $5.00

Hosiery and Underwear—the new at special prices.

Women's fine cotton Union Suits—but-toned down front—high neck—long sleeves—ankle length—a splendid value at 85c—for Thursday—per suit..... 65c

Women's Vests and Pants of fine guage —ribbed cotton—pure white, silk crocheted at neck—a splendid value at 50c—for Thursday—each..... 29c

Women's Knit Corset Covers—fine gauge cotton—high neck—long sleeves—would be a bargain at 39c—on sale Thursday at—each..... 25c

Women's Cotton Stockings—ribbed, very very elastic—high spliced heel and toe—fast black—usual value at 20c—for Thursday—TWO PAIRS FOR..... 25c

Women's Cotton Stockings—heavy and light weight—an assorted lot—plain and velvet fleece—ribbed and plain tops—very elastic—double heel and toe—the regular 18c values—for Thursday—per pair..... 12½c

New Easter Gloves.

The busiest spot in the store—the glove section. That's because only the best makes find their way here and all are priced so advantageously. These Thursday.

Our $1 gloves continue to prove an attractive feature—two makes—The Montfort, a dress glove—and The Corso for every day wear present a grand variety of shades, making it possible to match the most delicate gown—every pair is imported by us direct thus saving you the middleman's profits and really giving you a $1.25 gloves at.. $1.00

Women's Dress Gloves—The Dorette 2-clasp—have the wide embroidered backs, all the vogue now. We have a splendid assortment of all the prevailing shades of tans, modes grays; also white. An unusual value at $1.50. Special tomorrow.. $1.35

Women's Street Gloves—the Famous Adler make—in mocha only; shades of gray, tan and black, 2-clasp, easily worth $1.50—special per pair---------- $1.25

Women's 2-clasp Mode and Glace gloves—the "Wertheimer's Peerless" make, in black, white, red, brown, modes and tans, for street and dress wear. None better at our price of---------- $1.50

The Trefousse and Jouvan Dress gloves—in newest shades, in glace and mode, 2 and 3 clasp, $1.75 and $2.00

The sale of $1.50 Copyrighted Books continued for tomorrow at---------- 69c
25c and 50c paper covered Novels at---------- 5c

The Ribbons for Easter.

Novelties that are fashionable—just now are the cleverly conceived fixings for the hair and ornaments for the bodice—roses, buds and sprays in all the dainty coloring to imitate the real flowers and so well are they fashioned that its hard to distinguish them from the handiwork of nature. Never have ribbons been so popular—for hats, for gowns, in fact for almost every form of trimmings they are on the very crest of the topmost wave.

Our display of ribbons and novelties for the hair and bodice is incomparable—Just step in and see for yourself. These specials for Thursday—

Beautiful Ribbon Hair Bows—all the rage now—in the white yellow, pink and blue—regular price 35c—Thursday 25c

Heavy Corded Silk Neck Ribbon—with open work lace effect—4 inches wide—regular price 29c—special Thursday—per yard--- 19c

THE BOARD OF CONTROL HAS STRONG HOLD ON THE HOUSE

(Continued from page 1).

conducted on a systematic basis, and the friends of this move claim to be satisfied that they can get the bill through yet.

There have been rumors that the governor has been doing some work for this bill, and some of its friends have been wondering if his efforts in this line will have the same effect that they had on the speakership contest.

* * *

Duluth got out from under the bill making a lot of city officers elective instead of appointive. When the bill came up on general orders in the house yesterday, Capt. Lewis offered an amendment making it apply only to cities over 150,000 inhabitants, and the author of the bill said that while the change might make the bill unconstitutional, if Duluth did not want the bill applied to it, he would run the risk and accept the amendment.

The bill was recommended to pass, but only after a hard fight. Several of the Ramsey county members, led by James R. Hickey, opposed the bill, and sought to kill it by amendments. A dozen were offered, and all were voted down except one making it so that officers whose terms expire before the next city election shall not hold over until then. As drawn, the bill would have permitted all the officers to hold their places until the next general city election, whether or not their terms had expired in the meantime.

* * *

Judge Morris, L. M. Willcuts, C. O. Baldwin, S. T. Harrison, James C. Hunter and A. H. Crassweller were among the Duluth callers yesterday at the capitol.

* * *

The house in committee of the whole passed a bill that will permit new corporations looking for names to hunt over the tombstones of dead corporations and pick out any they find there. As the law now stands, they would not be permitted to use the names of corporations, even if they were gone before, but this bill permits them, if they find a dead corporation wearing a name that is not doing it any good and might help the new corporation, the latter can use it.

* * *

W. I. Nolan's new bill providing for the isolation of juveniles accused of crime, sent in to replace the one killed by the senate, was recommended to pass by the house yesterday afternoon. It simply provides that in cities of 50,000 and over juveniles when confined shall have places apart from more hardened offenders, and that when they are tried the judges must clear the court rooms of all except the court officers. The old bill had many more provisions than this, such as one for an entirely distinct court for the trial of juveniles.

* * *

While no doubt many bills will never come to light when the session is over, both houses and senate are keeping fairly well up with their work, and unless the committees are holding back bills, the legislature is in good shape. Both house and senate yesterday cleaned up calendar and general orders.

Of course the committees are holding up some bills. That is what some of the bills were sent to committees for. Many a bill is killed in this manner, being held up in the committee until it is too late to do anything with it. There are a number of bills that will not be reported out of the committees before the Fourth of July. In most cases civilization will be just as well off if they are not reported out.

* * *

There may be a log-rolling contest between a member of the house and a member of the senate. This has absolutely no reference to the proverbial use of the term "log-rolling," for if it came to that the house would never be in it for a minute.

Senator Ole Mausten, of Aitkin, and Representative Swen Magnusson, of Washington county, are both accomplished woodsmen and rivermen, and they have been discussing their relative possibilities along this line lately. Each of them is quite confident that if he got on the same log with the other he would have to fish his opponent out of the water to keep him from drowning. Neither is afraid of what might happen to himself, but each seems fearful that his opponent might get a chill or get drowned.

Some of the other members have become interested, and they are now looking for a suitable log, and if it is found the two may be conducted down to the Mississippi, where they can have it out.

* * *

The house yesterday recommended to pass the Ward senate bill providing for an appeal to the district court from a decision of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners that it has no jurisdiction over matters brought before it because the subject covers interstate traffic. If one commissioner dissents an appeal can be taken.

* * *

The senate yesterday afternoon, in committee of the whole, recommended the Gregory anti-vaccination bill to pass, without any discussion, much to the surprise of outsiders. The motion was made by Hilder H. Horton, of St. Paul, and seconded by Dr. A. B. Cole, of Otter Tail county, who made the principal fight against the senate bill.

The agreement is to let the bill go to the calendar and be voted on there, without any further discussion. The chances appear to be quite large that the bill will be voted down there.

* * *

Mr. Dowling's bill giving county superintendents of schools $250 a year for traveling expenses was recommended to pass by the senate in committee of the whole. So was Mr. Shephard's house bill making the owners of places in which blind pigs are kept as culpable under the law as the keepers of the illicit dispensary.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

A BATTLE EXPECTED.

New York, April 8.—It is rumored in La Guayra, Vez., says a dispatch to The Herald from that city that the revolutionary leader Rolando has 4,500,000 cartridges at two hours' distance from Caracas and a battle is expected to be fought by April 15.

GRAMPUS IS EFFICIENT.

San Francisco, April 8.—The Holland sub-marine torpedo boat Grampus has demonstrated her efficiency as a vessel of war by discharging a torpedo at a range of 350 yards and striking a stationary target squarely in the center. The firing of the torpedo was a most important test of the value of the new fighting machine and the board of naval officers that witnessed the trial was highly pleased with the result.

Good for children. The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and la grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. MAX WIRTH.

THE ELECTION AT SUPERIOR

Republicans Win Complete Victory—Have Council and Board.

The Republicans won a decisive victory in the city election in West Superior yesterday, electing eight aldermen and ten supervisors. The city council will be comprised of thirteen Republicans, seven Democrats and one independent, and the county board of supervisors is comprised entirely of Republican members.

Some of the old Democratic aldermen, such as A. G. Newburgh, who has been in the council for years, and A. G. Bertrand, went down to defeat. In the Sixth ward George Hislop, Republican, defeated Alderman Joseph Ennis, Democrat. In South Superior, Alderman Hanton, Democrat, was defeated by Huele, Republican. W. H. Thorne, the independent member of the council, was elected from Allouez district.

J. B. French, Republican, was elected justice of the peace over A. P. LeSage, Democrat.

West Superior now has a Democratic mayor and a Republican council.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Easter millinery.

Thursday 3 hundred new hats will be on display—the prettiest ideas—copies of famous French models. The same values as in the little stores, at about half the price. You get more and get better for your money at the Glass Block.

The Glass Block stands for "swell dressing at small cost." Our prices are alike to all. We sell for lower prices because we sell so much more. We can sell at "wholesale rates" as compared with the smaller stores.

Our dress hats at $3.95 are designed to be the equals of **$3.95** any $6.00 hat offered in Duluth. The shapes, the trimmings, are just as valuable and just as stylish. The making is better. Thursday we will show 150 new hats in our $3.95 line, and every purchaser will save at least $2.00. You can't afford a refusal to inspect them.

Our dress hats at $4.95 are the specialty of which we are **$4.95** proudest. Every hat is the equal of all $8.00 hats shown elsewhere. Making them up in 100 lots we so save on work and cost that we are able to undersell all other milliners. No two alike—every hat a creation of beauty and each saves the purchaser $3.00.

Street hats, latest, including Jane Hading and Nancy Brown...89c to $12.00
Tucked and shirred hats in chiffon and maline, ready to trim...$1.25 to $4.52
Straw hats and turbans—black, brown, navy, tan and white.....48c to $3.00
Children's hats—straw and chiffon—silk, ribbons, flowers, etc...75c to $12.00
Babies' bonnets, children's caps, greatest variety at head of lakes..25c to $3.25

Easter men's

Fixings—from head to foot.

Imported hand-made Shirts—at.....$1.50 to $3.00
Imperial Hats, new shapes....$3.00
P. & W. Hats, new shapes...$1.75
$1.00 all-silk neckwear.....50c
50c line all-silk neckwear.....25c
Fownes' and Adler's kid and mocha kid gloves, very fine—per pair...$1.50, $1.85 and $2
Embroidered half hose.....25c
Fancy half hose.....35c and 50c

Easter boys'

Outfittings—Save enough on the suit alone here to buy all the rest of the Easter outfit.

$2.50 blouse suits at.....$1.98
$4.00 Norfolk suits at.....$2.48
$6.50 Norfolk suits at.....$4.93
50c line of boys' caps.....19c
35c line boys' shirts, each.....25c
75c line boys' fancy shirts.....50c

Easter jewelry.

New styles in sash pins, stick pins, brooches.

New styles in hair ornaments in tortoise, gold and silver.

New styles in shirt waist sets, cuff and collar sets.

New styles in long and short bead chains, coral chains and necklaces.

Correct corsets.

The models that have won widest favor in select dress circles are the models in our corset parlors.

Corsets that fit the form.
Corsets that make the form.
Corsets that correct the form.
Hygienic corsets all—
La Fleur, La Grecque, W. B., Kabo, Her Majestys, Fasso, Thompson's Glove Fitting, 50c to $15.00.

$5.00 silk waists tomorrow $2.98

THE FACTS:

Just 500 Duluth women can have a new silk waist for Easter at about ½ price. There are only 500 waists in the lot. And they go on sale tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock in the suit parlors, 2nd floor. We bought all the maker had. He wanted cash so we got the waists at about what the silk alone would cost at wholesale. And you can buy them for less than the value of the silk alone—

$2.98

DESCRIPTION:

Beautiful, good quality taffeta silk—all silk. Colors are white, black, cream, blue, pink, crimson, green, maize, turquoise, pearl. Made up in latest style, similar to cut, with stock collar and tabs, rows of hemstitching and cluster tucks down front and on sleeves, ornamented with fancy cord ornaments and silk covered buttons; strongly lined, well made, bound seams. A full $5 value for—

$2.98

Easter neckwear.

New stocks, new top collars, new lace collars, new ruffs, new chiffons, new chiffon boas. Every price Duluth's lowest.

New top collars.....5c to $1.25
New stock collars.....50c to $2.39
New chiffon collars....35c to $2.50
New ruffs, flowing ends..$2 to $6.50
Venise lace waistings, a yd $1 to $8
Nottingham allovers, yd 35c to $1.50

Easter gloves.

50c All-silk gloves — white ones — black ones with white stitchings — gray, brown, pearl, other colors—double finger tips.

$1.00 More real kid value at $1.00 than at other stores. The Marlborough kids and Ireland Bros.' mocha gloves at $1.00 a pair.

$1.75 Kid gloves that wash in soap and water, and come out good as new—Vallier's new French invention—white and colors, choice at $1.75 a pair.

Fownes' "Dagmars" are only $1.50
Fownes' "La Toscas" are only $2

Easter stockings.

From plainest black cotton and lisle, to fanciest multi-colored silks.

35c quality fast black for.....25c
75c fancy openwork lisles.....50c
Splendid assortment of allover lace and openwork stripes and figures, in black, black and white, and fancy hose, regular and opera lengths—in lisle and silk—

50c to $2.50

Easter furniture.

Hundreds of pretty pieces in mahogany, gold, weathered oak, birdseye and other fancy woods. Let's suggest:

A new Morris chair.
A new china closet.
A new hall clock.
A new sideboard.
A new smoking set.

Every Glass Block price far under furniture store prices for similar qualities.

Easter china.

Get a few new fancy china pieces for the Easter table.

Fancy china fruit plates.
Fancy china cups and saucers.
Fancy china fruit dishes.
Fancy china desert plates.
Fancy china pieces, all sorts.

Every Glass Block price lowest—in the basement.

Easter covers.

New table covers—size 36x36 inches—nicely fringed — crimson and green grounds with pretty patterns, worth $1.00 each—special.....**69c**

Easter curtains.

Lace curtains—imported and domestic Nottinghams, 6 new designs—qualities worth up to $3.50 a pair—for...**$1.98**

10 new designs in Brussels net curtains—dainty lace effects for parlor, chamber or boudoir, worth up to $8.50—for the Easter sale.....**$5.98**

Easter perfumes.

Ed Pinaud's, Roger & Gallet's, Le Grand's, Piver's, Crown Perfume Co., London; Guerlain, Paris; 4711, Germany; and Woodworth's, Colgate's and Kirk's, domestic. These are the world's most celebrated lines, and we have their most popular products.

L. T. Piver's "Azurea," a new odor by the celebrated perfumer, very fragrant and lasting—$1.00 per oz quality—our price...**85c**

Roger & Gallet's "Violette Reine"—usually $1.00 per oz—special.....**75c**

"Le Trefle Incarnet," one of the most popular extracts in use—85c our regular price—special.....**69c**

"4711 Violet Water"—fragrant and lasting, a bottle..**75c**

Azurea Toilet Water—per bottle.....**$1.50**

SACHET POWDERS.

Le Trefle Incarnet—always 65c per oz, special....**49c**

"4711" Violet Powder—just received—a true violet odor—per oz.....**35c**

TOILET POWDERS.

Ed. Pinaud's "Loria," a new product, delightfully perfumed—50c box for.....**35c**

Violette de Parme—a 50c box—special.....**35c**

Easter go-carts

For baby's Easter outing. Sold lots of them this season, but we've lots of pretty ones still ready for you—

$1.75 to $12.50

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Easter dresses.

"Get the best, but save money." No woman is so rich or so poor as to be careless of this motto. You can pay higher prices at the little shops. You can pay one price and your neighbor can get the same thing for less money if she's good at beating down.

Its our ONE LOW PRICE system makes you safe in style and safe in price. All pay alike and all get most value for the price paid. "GET THE BEST BUT SAVE MONEY."

Tailored suits for which other stores are asking $15 and taking what they can get, we sell for..... **$9.98**

Tailored suits for which other stores are asking $19.50 and taking what they can get, we sell for..... **$12.50**

Tailored suits for which other stores are asking $25.00 and taking what they can get, we sell for..... **$16.50**

Excellent assortment—wide variety—suits in cheviot, etamine, fancy Scotch mixtures — Venetians — blacks, blues and all the fashionable shades. All the new shaped sleeves. The new stole and cape effects The new flares, sweeps panel fronts and habit or inverted backs. Other stores ask $35.00 for suits not as swell and take what they can get. Our price is only $22.50. **$22.50**

Beautiful and large assortment of etamine, cheviot, granite, mistral cloth suits. Every latest style of long and short silk-lined jackets, with every new idea in shoulders, sleeves, back and girdle. Skirts with every new idea in drape, fold, sweep, seam and trimming. Smaller stores ask $45.00 and take all they can get. **$32.50**

Easter bags

And Easter purses and Easter pocketbooks—new Nitsuki bags—new chatelaine bags—new beaded bags—new mocha bags, bead trimmed.

Some very pretty bags you can get nowhere but here. Yet we make the prices low.

New bags, similar to those you can get at other stores—but our prices are lower—

50c to $8.75

Easter belts.

New silk belts, new satin belts, new white belts, new black belts, new wide belts, new narrow belts—the new ideas in buckles. We're doing a big belt business because we have the belts to do it with. Come for your belt. Come for a new buckle—

50c to $3.25

Easter veils.

All the new meshes—close and open—white veils, black veils, colored veils, spotted veils, embroidered veils—Persian edge veils—the latest. The prettiest we could find. Pattern veils from 69c to $2. Veilings by the yard..25c to $1.00

Easter flowers.

Easter lilies, azaleas, rhododendrons, hyacinths, lilies of the valley, tulips, daffodils, primroses, spireas, hydrangeas, cinerarias—all in healthy and beautiful bloom, well potted and in first-class condition for transfer to your house.

All Seekins' own hothouse growths. Thousands of plants on sale at from 25c to $3.00. Extra fine specimens up to $15.00

ROSES—Red, white, pink and tea roses—including the American Beauties—enough for all.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Easter shoes—money savers.

Our new $5.00 shoes, new $4.00 shoes and "Queen Quality" $3.50 shoes are the essence of style and the perfection of value. Besides, we offer these special Easter bargains for Thursday—

Ladies' newest style patent calf and ideal kid shoes—matt kid tops—straight lace and latest Blucher cut—high or medium low heels—hand turned or welt soles. Very latest shapes and better values than you pay $5.00 for elsewhere. All sizes and widths—A to E—special for tomorrow..... **$4.00**

Ladies' $3.00 spring shoes in light or heavy soles—all glace or matt kid tips—high or low heels—suitable for dress or street wear—all sizes and widths—Thursday at..... **$2.48**

200 pairs of the Vassar $2.98 shoes in six different styles—not all sizes in each line, but all sizes in the lot—patent leather and vici kid stock—Thursday..... **$1.98**

Ladies' vici kid shoes—soft, flexible soles—patent leather tips—lace—new toes—good heels—stylish, serviceable footwear—all sizes..... **$1.39**

Ladies' hand turned beaded bow strap slipper—fine vici kid stock—high or low heels—worth from $1.50 to $2—10 different styles—for Thursday only..... **$1.25**

THE STAGE.

At the Lyceum Friday and Saturday evenings, with a matinee Saturday, will be presented the operatic comedy "The Chaperons." This is a play that has already met with rather remarkable success. It made a very thorough tour of the Eastern country last season and appeared in every city of prominence from Omaha to New York, including in its career engagements of considerable length in Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia, its season ending with a run of ten weeks at the New York theater. In all this time the play has naturally developed and improved until it is now said to be one of the brightest, quickest and most up-to-date musical farces of the period. The company is reported to be a very large one, and it is promised that the entire original production will be utilized during the engagement here. In the cast are very many of the artists who appeared last summer during the New York run of "The Chaperons." The leading parts are played by Walter Jones, Edd Redway, Edward Metcalfe, Albert Farrington, George K. Henery, Thomas Burton, Eva Tanguay, May Boley, Genevieve Day, Jessica Duncan and Mae Stebbins.

* * *

This afternoon there was every prospect that the baby show at the Metropolitan would be the event of the Metropolitan season. To the baby which wins the prize the management is to give a $10 gold piece, and this proved attraction sufficient to bring out the mothers with their babies in large numbers.

A good audience was present again last evening to see the drama, "The Prisoner of Zenda." It is one of the best things the Ferris comedians have done and offers parts to all of the players that fit them well. Tonight the production will be given for the last time. Tomorrow evening and for the remainder of the week the dramatization of Tolstoi's "Resurrection" will be given. Mr. Ferris was in New York and witnessed the production of while Blanche Walsh was the star, and is here to personally direct and supervise the production here. He promises that the scenery and costuming will be complete and in entire conformity with the scenes in which the play is laid.

* * *

A top-heavy house greeted "The Heart of Chicago" last evening at the Lyceum. As a popular priced melodrama the play is passable. The stage settings were good, the scenic portion being the feature of the show. Johnny Philaber as Swipes and Miss Florence Willis as Maggie had the gallery with them from the start.

* * *

Fair Marguerita Sylva, said to be as radiantly beautiful and as beautifully radiant as ever, comes to the Lyceum for two performances on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at the head of her own company in "The Strollers," a musical comedy that has scored one of the biggest hits recorded in recent years. Miss Sylva's advancement has been rapid and well deserved. She is easily the peer of any prima donna on tour in musical comedy, and her glorious soprano voice would demand for her high place in the front rank of American artists, even though she were not possessed of the striking beauty that proclaims her one of the handsomest women on the stage today. In "The Strollers" Miss Sylva has found a congenial role. The light-hearted, devil-may-care disciple of vagabondia in the first act; le grande princess in the second, and the dashing military officer in the third afford her not only opportunity to sing and act, but to wear some particularly striking and fetching costumes. That she has taken full advantage of these opportunities there can be no doubt.

Messrs. Nixon & Zimmerman have surrounded their fair star with an organization the principals of which appear to have been chosen most carefully. George C. Boniface, Jr., is an unctuous comedian whose reputation is well established; Neil McNeil has the eccentric character part of the jailer and is said to be the superior of his predecessor; D. L. Don, who plays the part of the senile prince, achieved such success in creating the part that he has played it ever since, and is one of the laughing hits of the show, because of his inimitable make-up and voice and ludicrous eccentric dancing. David Torrence, he of the impressive personality and big baritone voice, is cast for the judge. Miss Dorothy Hunting, the beautiful Canadian girl whose glorious contralto voice and charming personality have won her high place in her profession within two years, plays the pretty part of Anna, and Miss Louise Middleton, whose classic beauty has caused her to be the most sought-after photographic model in New York, and who sang and danced her way into the hearts of the London "Johnnies" not long since, will be seen as Mimi.

All the world is brighter, when woman's work is lighter.

ELECTRO Silver Polish SILICON

Every surface of Gold or Silver is made brighter by its use—and there's comfort in the confidence that it is absolutely harmless. In use a quarter century.

"SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.

LIES WITH STATE

Abatement of West Duluth Taxes Rests With State Auditor.

Necessity For Action Presented to the County Board.

One of the principal matters of interest to come before the board of county commissioners at its monthly meeting yesterday was a petition from the Commercial club of West Duluth asking that the county board accept an abatement of taxes on certain property in Duluth on which the total delinquent taxes and assessments have piled up until the amount is greater than the assessed valuation of the property affected. The petition wa presented by a committee from the club, comprised of David Sang, L. A. Barnes, J. J. Frey and Mr. Berglund.

The propositiona roused considerable discussion. It was shown, however, that the county board could not make any agreement for an abatement of the taxes, and that all it could do was to recommend a tax settlement, on some basis, to the state auditor. On resolution of Commissioner Kauppi, Assistant County Attorney Oscar Mitchell in conferring with the state auditor with reference to such West Duluth property on which the total taxes and assessments delinquent are greater than the assessed valuation and find out what proposition the state auditor will accept.

The matter was brought before the board by Alderman David Sang, who pointed out that the people of West Duluth are very anxious to get a sewerage system, but that the proposition is held up by the delinquent taxes and assessments affecting about 500 lots, some of which are along the route of the proposed trunk sewer.

Commissioner Kauppi championed the cause of the West Duluthians, but claimed that the only thing the county board could do is to recommend to the state auditor a tax settlement. He said:

"There has been a great deal of agitation in West Duluth about this matter. Some the property has not paid taxes for years past. As a rule this property is not worth much. When there is from $150 to $300 taxes accumulated against the property that is not worth over $25 nobody will bid it in for the taxes.

"It seems to me that some relief can be had from the state auditor. I believe that a resolution could be passed by the county board recommending, perhaps, a 50 per cent reduction in the delinquent taxes and setting a time limit during which they should be paid.

"The chances are that if the back taxes as they accrue, but as matters now stand the property is dead and those who do pay their taxes have to pay the burden.

"I am in favor of a resolution favoring a tax settlement. We need the sewers in West Duluth and this is the only way to get them."

County Auditor Halden stated that the matter of tax settlement could not be affected in a wholesale way even in the matter of recommendation to the state auditor, but that application for abatement must be made by the owner of each piece of property affected.

The sentiment of the county board was that something should be done to help the people of West Duluth to get their sewer system, but that it should be done in the right way. The resolution to have the assistant county attorney act with the city attorney to confer with the state auditor, was then passed.

Alderman Mannheim, who was also at the county board meeting, took occasion to touch on a matter that is a sore spot with the city against the county and that is the fact that the county charges the city 50 cents per day for the board of prisoners in the county jail, sent up from the city. Alderman Mannheim declared that it was not right for the county to charge 50 cents per day when it only costs 33 cents per day to feed each prisoner. He thought the county ought to reduce the price the city has to pay, to actual cost. He also objected to the payment of $1 per commitment by the city.

Commissioner Patterson told the chairman that the extra cost was to cover the expense of fuel, ligths, water, soap and even clothing. He remarked that some of the city prisoners came to the county jail with scarcely any clothes and recalled one instance where a man came to the county jail wrapped in a blanket. The discussion aroused no small amount of fun at Mr. Mannheim's expense, but he was firm in his position.

Assistant County Attorney Crosby told the board that the amount the county charges the city for feeding its prisoners is set by law and that nothing less or greater can be accepted. The discussion was then dropped.

A petition for the division of school district No. 22, a matter which is agitating the citizens of Virginia and Eveleth, was presented yesterday afternoon and the hearing on the petition was set for April 22.

Other petitions were presented for the organization of a new school district in the town of Stuntz, and the division of district No. 19, in which Chisholm and Hibbing are located, but at the request of Commissioner Connor both were tabled until the next meeting, to give him an opportunity of investigating.

A little friction was apparent in the board when the resolution of Commissioner Kauppi, setting forth that the county board disapproves of the Dowling bill which will disqualify the voters of Duluth from participating in the election of a county superintendent of schools, makes it compulsory for that official to live outside of Duluth and have his office otherwise than in the county seat, was passed.

Commissioners Morcom and McInnis voted against the resolution. A suggestion was made after the vote to make it unanimous, before sending a copy of the resolution to the St. Louis county delegation in state legislature, but Commissioner Kugler objected. He declared that the legislators should know how some of the range county commissioners stood on a "fool proposition."

More friction occurred when Commissioner Patterson's resolution requesting the chief executive officers of the various towns and villages in the county to co-operate with the sheriff's office in the matter of bringing prisoners to Duluth was passed. Commissioners Morcom, Connors and McInnis voted against it.

The object of the resolution was to promote economy in the matter of bringing prisoners to Duluth from the ranges. It was claimed that cases have often occurred when prisoners could have been sent down with one of the deputy sheriffs from the office here, but that the local authorities brought them down to get the fees and mileage from the county.

Commissioner Morcom declared that the city of Duluth was injuring itself on the range by every such resolution that it passed, and that if there is a chance anywhere to put a nickel in the pocket of a range town man the members from Duluth will try to cut it off.

Local members of the board protested that the range towns were not prohibited from having a deputy sheriff appointment; that if they did not have one it was not the fault of the county board, but lay with the sheriff, who had the appointments to make.

The appointment of Walter Butchart as deputy sheriff in the place of George Thatcher, resigned, was confirmed. The salary of Mrs. Mather, comparer in the register of deeds office, was fixed at $75.

UNDUE INFLUENCE

Of Medium Is Alleged By Caldwell Heirs.

Salem, Mass., April 8.—The Essex county court have been asked to pass upon the question of the influence of spiritualism upon a sick person, and whether or not through a medium, George A. Caldwell, 80 years of age, late of Lynn, was unduly influenced to give away his property. A bill of complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of courts by the members of the dead man's family, setting forth that George A. Caldwell was ill at Lynn hospital from Feb. 1 to Feb. 25, 1903, that much of the time he was under the influence of opiates, that he deeded certain property to Lucinda J. Higgins without consideration and by reason of undue influence on her part. Mr. Caldwell was a spiritualist, and it is alleged that the respondent was a medium. The bill prays that the deed be set aside.

YALE FRATERNITY MEMBERS.

New Haven, Conn., April 8.—Among those elected to membership in the Yale junior fraternities are: To Psi Upsilon: Robert Buff Dalzell, Pittsburg, Pa., and Henry Blanchard Spaulding, Santa Barbara, Cal. To Alpha Delta Pi: Charles Sheldon Judd, Honolulu, and Dwight Milton Wishard, St. Paul, Minn.; Henry Graff Dodge, Cleveland, O. To Delta Kappa Epsilon: Frank Clemons Brown, Columbus, O., and John Hayland Taylor, Toledo, O.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable *Merit.*

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism—prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

USE OF BIBLE

In California Schools Is Declared Unconstitutional.

San Francisco, April 8.—State's Attorney Webb has rendered an official opinion declaring the use of the Bible in the public schools as unconstitutional. Not only may teachers not use scriptures as a text book, but they may not even read from them, as is the custom frequently at the opening exercises.

CLAUDE WON

The Tennessee Derby With Farmer Jim Second.

Memphis, Tenn., April 8.—The Tennessee derby at one mile and an eighth, the richest stake of the Memphis Jockey club, was won yesterday afternoon by M. J. Daly's colt, Claude, in a canter by half a dozen lengths. Farmer Jim, an added starter, finished second, two lengths before the odds-on favorite, Rightful.

Despite the weather conditions an enormous crowd witnessed the running of the derby. Rain fell throughout the morning and left the track in a muddy condition. The derby was called at 4 o'clock and six horses faced the starter. Treacy was scratched and Farmer Jim was added an hour before the race. Rightful was held at the close odds of 1 to 2, while Claude was second choice at three. Banter and Farmer Jim sold at tens while Senator Morrison and Judge Himes, the Ellison entry, were the outsiders at long odds. To a good start Claude showed in front, closely followed by Judge Himes and Rightful. Passing the stand Judge Himes assumed the lead but Daly, on Claude, kept close behind. Turning up the back stretch Judge Himes cut out the pace and held the lead until the far turn was reached when Claude made his run, and without effort the California derby winner shot forward and won in a canter by six lengths.

SAILING POSTPONED.

San Francisco, April 8.—The sailing of the army transport Sumner for Manila has been postponed from the 15th of this month to the 20th. The Sumner will carry troops to the Philippines and then will proceed to New York.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 23 W. Superior St.

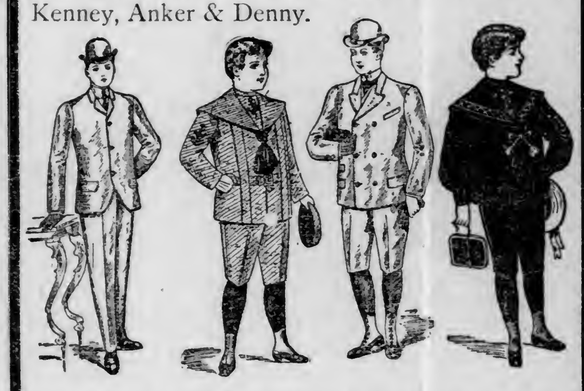
DRINK {The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.} **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER** Sold in Duluth at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ★ ZENOTA FLOUR DULUTH, MINN.

There's something about Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

by which you may identify them even more certainly than the "small-thing-to-look-for" label—it goes into them before the label. It is a style, a quality, a tailored-by-hand touch to them, a harmony of fabrics, trimmings, etc., a "thoroughbred" look about them almost never found in other ready-made clothes. The fact that we can't define it doesn't make it any less real — you can see it without fully realizing what it is—we can't show it or tell you fully about it until you wear the clothes — then we won't need to—it's one of the things that makes the label a big thing to find.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyers fine Suits and Overcoats sold only in Duluth by Kenney, Anker & Denny.



Next Sunday is Easter Sunday and we are prepared to fit the boys from head to foot with the very best makes for less money than you pay for inferior makes in other stores.

Kenney, Anker & Denny

409-411 West Superior St., Duluth.

FUNDS FOR ROADS

County Board Makes Allotments For the Several Districts.

Matter Settled Without Any of the Usual Difficulty.

The board of commissioners of St. Louis county has fixed the amounts to be appropriated for the building of roads, bridges, etc., in the county the coming year. This matter is usually attended with more or less difficulty, each commissioner striving to get as much as possible for his district, and it was somewhat of a surprise when Commissioner Patterson's resolution designating the various amounts went through without a protest. The total amount of the levy for county roads this year is $55,000.

Of this amount Commissioner Patterson figured out about $5,000 which would represent the unpaid taxes, $3500 which was drawn from the levy to pay for the new bridge over the Cloquet river on the Swan Lake road, $1500 for roads in the city of Duluth and $3000 for miscellaneous expenses.

The amounts to be spent in the various commissioner districts are as follows:

Second district	$7,000
Fourth district	7,000
Fifth district	9,000
Sixth district	7,000
Seventh district	7,000
Total	$37,000

On the Miller trunk road south of the bridge over the St. Louis river $3000 will be expended, including the repairs on the bridge, and $1500 will be expended on the road north of the bridge.

The fund for county roads and bridges was not entirely exhausted after the drains made on it last year, for at the beginning of the current year there was about $2000 in the county treasury accredited to the county road fund.

Garfield Avenue Romance.

A real romance came to light in the municipal court this morning.

Hilma Frederickson, an attractive Garfield avenue girl, caused the arrest of Mates Anton all on acount of an engagement ring.

Miss Frederickson claims that Mr. Anton recently gave her an engagement ring with her initials and his engraved on the inside. He later asked to have the ring back, claiming that he wanted his initials scratched off. She refused to have it that way, and when he tried to take the ring off her finger she had him arrested.

Gray-Tallant Concert.

At the regular Thursday afternoon concert tomorrow afternoon at the Gray-Tallant store, Flaaten's orchestra will render the following program:

"A Social Chat" .. .. ..

Next Sunday Is Easter!

We're ready with Fine Spring Overcoats, Raincoats and Suits.

Our Prices $10, $15, $20, $25
Are $12, $18, $22, $30

New Confirmation Clothing For Boys.

There's more styles and better quality for the same money in Boys' Clothing this spring than for many seasons.

Boys' Knee Pant Confirmation Suits—ages 7 to 16 yrs—in fine Clay worsteds, serges, thibets and tricots, coats double-breasted style, new shaped shoulders and lapels, fully worth $5.00..... **$3.95**

Boys' 3-piece Knee Pants Suits—for confirmation; ages 10 to 17; made from finest serges, Clay worsteds, black thibets and percales, strictly high-cut and finish—worth $7.00—for this sale..... **$4.95**

Boys' Long Pants Suits—for confirmation, ages 15 to 20—made of black Clay worsted and blue serge; coats single or double breasted—broad shoulders—worth $10—for.. **$8.50**

Easter Shoes.

New last for spring of 1903. The best fitting,

BEST QUALITY FOOTWEAR that money can buy. All styles and all leathers—

$2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $5.00.

Stylish Easter Hats.

It is high time you were replacing your winter hat with a new shape. In our Hat Department you will find all of the latest blocks. Many can be found in no other store.

At $3.00 The greatest showing of new, original, and popular shapes in Derbies, and Soft Hats ever made in this city. Soft hats in all the new brims and styles of crowns. New Wide-Brim Derbies; all proportions to suit everyone.

At $2.00 The nobbiest shapes ever shown at this price, Wide-Brims, Low Crowns or Medium Shapes. We have hats at this price for men of all ages. Do not overlook these hats.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

SPRINTERS SKIP

Prisoners Take French Leave of the Chain Gang.

Two Had Been Sentenced But a Few Hours Before.

The usual field day exercises were held yesterday afternoon by the county prisoners under the auspices of the chain gang.

Four men got away and are still at large. The performances of two of these are really remarkable.

Joe Williams regained his liberty through sheer sprinting ability after having served but one hour and thirty-five minutes of a twenty-two day sentence.

Harry Webster, a ten-day prisoner, also served but an hour and thirty-five minutes of his sentence.

These two men were arraigned before Judge Windom in the municipal court yesterday morning. Williams was charged with disorderly conduct and Webster was a plain drunk.

They were committed to the county jail at 11 o'clock in the forenoon and, after eating a hearty dinner at the expense of the county, escaped at 1:05 in the afternoon, just a few minutes after the prisoners were taken out for their afternoon's work on the streets.

Williams, before going to the county jail, said he would get away before he had served a day of the sentence, but he probably did not imagine that the opportunity for which he was watching would come almost within an hour of his confinement.

The third prisoner to escape was William Burns, who had served one day of a ten-day sentence for petty larceny. He escaped just as the guards were taking the gang back after the afternoon's work.

During the excitement attending the escape of Burns, Victor Olson, another prisoner, was noticed crossing corner lots on the bias at a very high speed velocity and he has not been seen since. On April 2 he was sentenced to thirty days in jail for disorderly conduct.

To Sing "Crucifixion."

At the Pilgrim church Good Friday evening, Stainer's "Crucifixion" will be rendered. The regular quartet, consisting of Mrs. Collins, soprano; Miss Hector, contralto; John R. Martin, tenor, and H. G. Gearhart, baritone, will be assisted by Mrs. Mark Baldwin, Mrs. Milton B. Griffith, Miss Mary S. Bradshaw, Milton B. Griffith, Miss Elizabeth Bailey and G. H. McCarthy. This will give a strong choir, and the magnificent oratorio, narrating the passion and death of the Savior, will be finely rendered.

Easter Suits and Coats

Of Quality

You will find for the price you intend to pay something different, smarter and with more of those little indescribable touches of style here than can be seen at the ordinary stores.

All the fashionable materials are represented in our assortment, the most popular weaves in the light materials—being etamines, voiles and canvas cloths.

We make no attempt at individual description, a brilliant gathering of the most charming modes is here, and we invite you to spend as much time as you will in viewing the scores of beautiful creations.

H. G. GROSS,

106 West Superior Street.

SUITS AND COSTUMES. HIGH GRADE FURS.

CONFIDENT AS EVER

Walker Maintains That Copper Is In Strong Position.

Copper Boom Not Over and Stocks Are Busy.

George L. Walker in his last copper letter shows no abatement in his confidence in the strength of the price of metal. He says:

The market for copper continues strong, and has every appearance of strength and stability. Lake copper is selling at 15 cents, and electrolytic at 14¾ to 14⅞ cents. Some speculative lots have been offered a fraction lower on the metal exchange; but as even low prices will not induce consumers to buy their supplies on the exchange, these offerings have little significance. Producers continue as a rule to hold prices up to 15¼ cents for lake and 15⅛ for electrolytic. London quotations have sagged about an even pound sterling during the week, and stand at a decline from the highest reached this year that is equivalent to about ½ cent per pound.

Consumers of copper have been buying more sparingly during the past week, their confidence in the stability of the situation being shaken by the weakness of Amalgamated Copper stock. They very naturally reason that if the situation is one that warrants them in paying above 15 cents for copper it should be reflected in much higher prices for Amalgamated and other copper stocks. The tremendous activity in the copper and brass trades, however, does not admit of much hesitation. How urgent and strong the buying demand has been is shown by the statement of John Stanton, that all of the copper mines in which he is interested are sold up ahead to next August, his last sale having been made at 15¾ cents per pound. Mr. Stanton says he could readily sell all the copper his mines will produce this year at an average of 15 cents per pound.

If anyone has been disturbed by the latest manifesto of H. L. Casey, let him measure Casey's importance in the light of Mr. Stanton's statement. Casey says that not 2,000,000 pounds of copper have changed hands legitimately since the price advanced above 13 cents per pound. The Stanton mines will produce more than 5,000,000 pounds of copper between now and Aug. 1, the date to which their product has been sold, and no one has ever yet questioned the legitimacy of Mr. Stanton's transactions in copper. His mines are among the smallest producers, and his success in selling four months ahead and getting top prices, reflects a condition that cannot be the outgrowth of anything but natural conditions. Mr. Stanton has sold, and therefore others must naturally have sold. For one to assume that Amalgamated interests have made the present market artificially and allowed the independents to sell out their product months in advance at the top prices of the advance is to assume as fact something that is not backed up by the smallest modicum of logic or evidence.

Advices from the workshops of the largest consuming interests tell a story of activity that is unparalleled in past experience. Brass workers in the Connecticut valley, who for several months have told their customers that they were three weeks behind their orders, have recently sent out notice that six weeks will for the present be the minimum limit of time on which deliveries may be expected. An increasing volume of business is reported from all centers. The head of the brass trust is quoted as stating that the concerns under his direction consumed 33 per cent more copper in the first three months of this year than in the corresponding period a year ago.

COPPER SHARES.

It required abnormal financial conditions to bring about this decline in copper share prices. A difference of opinion and of interests between the two leading powers on Wall street, led to threatened conflict, the outcome of which no one could foretell. At the same moment a monetary stringency was threatening, making the situation such that no one could afford to attempt the rescue of the security markets. Confidence declined, and the markets went with it. Liquidation led to liquidation, and the shrinkage in the prices of high class investment securities forced their holders to sell coppers and other speculative stocks.

At all times during the past three weeks has been a good buying demand for coppers on the decline, and holdings have been constantly changing from weak to stronger hands. Speculative accounts have been largely liquidated, and the market is now in a position to respond promptly to the influence of good news. As soon as the pressure on the general market is relieved coppers should sell much higher. The mental market has not lost any of its strength, nor the mines any of their earning power. This will be a year of tremendous prosperity for the copper mining industry, and the result will be reflected in advancing prices for copper stocks. The copper boom is by no means over. Coppers are the greatest bargains on the list, and should be bought at present prices.

GRADUATE SEVEN

That Number Will Complete the Normal School Course.

Simple Commencement Exercises To Be Held June 3.

In spite of the many difficulties that the Duluth normal has waded through, commencement exercise will be their portion at the end of the school year. Seven of the young women that entered the school will finish the course and graduate on the third day of June.

Those who expect to graduate at that time are:

Helen Bawyer.
Bessie Bowman.
Elizabeth Merritt.
Amanda Ellefsen.
Esther Levy.
William Marshall.
Agnes Holt.

Two of the seven will graduate from the elementary graduate course and the remainder from the advanced graduate course. The Winona normal, the Superior normal, the Minnesota State university and three other colleges are the schools from which the credits were obtained that make it possible for these students to graduate this year.

The exercises will necessarily be of a simple nature. They will be given the Sunday before graduation, with a sermon delivered to the graduates at the school assembly room. The commencement day exercises will probably consist of an address delivered to the students by some public man.

As yet nothing has been done with reference to a summer session at the school, and nothing can be done until the appropriation for this school is decided upon. This awaits the passage of the bill by the legislature. The catalogue for the coming year is ready for the printer, and the only thing delaying its issue is the appropriation for the school.

LEVYING OF BLACKMAIL

Italian Outlaws At New York Caught Robbing Immigrants.

New York, April 8.—As a result of the recent influx of scores of thousands of Italian immigrants, and with them brigands who have been driven from their native provinces, efforts are being made to transplant to American soil some of the most pernicious of Italian institutions. Against this the police of New York and suburban cities will unite their forces.

Italian outlaws have created a society of a secret nature, having for its object the levying of blackmail, the victims being their own countrymen, who, knowing their methods, are willing to pay for immunity from other persecution. These brigands have been particularly active in Westchester county. Three alleged members of the secret society have been arrested, and if their identity is established they will be severely punished.

In this city, it is said, the society has also been active, though here it operates more diplomatically than in the country, and it is even more difficult for the police to cope with them.

Attempting to add dignity to their society, the Italians have taken the name of Carbonari, which less than a century ago was an organization of patriots banded together for good government. The members of this society are sworn to secrecy, and one of its peculiarities is that it permits its victims to become members if they choose.

Wealthy Italians all over New York and in nearby cities have received letters signed "President," demanding sums varying from $25 to $100, and giving directions for the method of payment. Death is to be the penalty of refusal.

The chief of police of New Rochelle has received many letters from Italians who have been threatened. In many cases he has been told that the money has been paid. Prominent Italians have told him that the society is composed of the most dangerous characters who have been driven from Italy.

WANTED—AT ONCE!
EGG CANDLERS.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL
16 West First Street.

DR. HEBER NEWTON

Resigns When Harmony Plan Proves a Failure.

San Francisco, April 8.—It was given out at Stanford university that the Rev. Heber Newton, the Episcopalian clergyman, and former pastor of All Souls' church, New York, has resigned his position as preacher of the Memorial church. The probable reason for retirement is said to be the severe criticism which he has encountered in his efforts to harmonize differences in creeds.

He came to Stanford university carrying with him a large idea of harmonization, but it would appear that his efforts to put it into practice have brought about much more discord than harmony.

He had not been installed long as pastor before he issued a call for a congress of ministers and churchmen, the purpose of which was to seek to discover and establish a "common denominator of religions."

The suggestion met with hostile response from many leading churchmen and ecclesiasts. Ministers of many creeds thought the relations of the denominations had better remain undisturbed, and they were not slow in voicing their opinions.

In his own church, the Episcopal, his friends say the sentiments expressed by many clergymen in relation to his plan hurt him greatly.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Easter Flowers

Everybody invited to visit our display
Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Choice Blooming Plants.

LILIES True Bermuda Stock—each ---- **50c to $5**

True Blue 20th Century Hydrangeas The floral wonder of the age. To see them is to admire them **$1.50 to $8**

AZALEAS A charming array of these lovely plants, ranging from pure white to the deepest scarlet, each---------- **$1.50 to $10**

Spireas, Cinerarias, Rambler Roses, Hybrid Roses, Lilacs, Genistas, Hyacinths, Lily of the Valley, Primroses, and an almost endless array of beautiful flowerings plants.

CUT FLOWERS
In Great Variety and Abundance—
American Beauties, Sweet Violets, Enchantress, Carnations, and other fancy sorts. Tulips, Daffodils, Jonquils, Etc., Etc.

Church Boxes of Cut Flowers appropriate for Font and Altar decorations, each---------- **$2.00 to $15.00**

Plant Collections for Churches at special prices— **$5, $10 and $15 each**
Both these contain Lilies.

☞ COUNTRY ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION ☜

EISCHEN BROS.,

129 WEST SUPERIOR ST. **FLORISTS** 129 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

AT WEST DULUTH

"They are just doing it to scare us," said one of the nine lads who were arrested for jumping on cars in West Duluth, "but we intend to stay scared."

One of the mill men who was a witness of the action of the lads, in telling of it, said: "It is a wonder that some of them were not killed. At one place a shed projected within a few feet of the track, and the cars cleared it by a very narrow margin. One of the lads was clinging to the side of a car and would have been crushed between the shed and the train had I not signalled the engineer to stop. When told of the danger he was in the lad requested me to tend to my own business and leave his alone."

The case against the boys in the municipal court was dismissed this morning.

TO CANVASS CITY.

Sunday School Association Makes Plans For It.

The Duluth Sunday School association made plans at its regular meeting last evening in the Pilgrim Congregational church to commence a house-to-house canvass of the city in the interest of the Sunday school work.

"There are 6,000,000 children in the United States who do not attend Sunday school," said Rev. Harry Knowles, who proposed the plan, "and Duluth has its share of them." He advocated that every house be visited and the parents asked to send their children to Sunday school. A committee was appointed, with Mr. Knowles as chairman to take charge of the work.

The resignation of Secretary Williamson was accepted and William Anderson, formerly the treasurer, appointed to the position. C. A. Rakowsky was chosen to fill Mr. Andersons place.

Nearly 200 members of the association were present and enjoyed the short musical program which followed the business session.

WRITES FROM PHILIPPINES.

Julius D. Lindgren has received a letter from William Springstead, a former West Duluth resident and a young man who is well known in this section of the city. Mr. Springstead is serving with the hospital corps in the Philippines and has lately peen promoted to the position of assistant surgeon at the Manila hospital. In the letter Mr. Springstead states that he expects to permanently locate at Manila, although he is planning a visit to West Duluth next year, when he expects to spend three or four months in America.

His letter contains many very interesting references to life in the Philippines and some excellent descriptions of the country and the business conditions. He also enclosed a number of kodak pictures of various scenes in the islands.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Beautiful Easter neckwear. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Walter Cook sustained painful burns on his right arm yesterday at the National Iron works. The injuries are not serious.

James Ericson, of Fifty-eighth avenue, left last evening for Minneapolis. He expects to make his home in that city in future.

Strictly hand-made longshoremen's, drivers' and Workingmen's shoes at Lauermann's.

A. C. Ramsey, of Minneapolis, is in West Duluth today on a short business trip.

Miss Jennie Ecklund, of Crookston, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Boys' shoes at Lauermann's.

R. G. Arnold and family, of Fond du Lac, Wis., have moved to West Duluth and will make their home in this city in future.

John Larson, of Sixtieth avenue, fell last evening from the porch at the rear of his house and broke his left arm below the elbow.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

Olaf Nelson, of Fifty-second avenue, left last evening for a trip to the range towns.

Stetson, Gordon and Boss spring block hats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Miss Bessie Taylor, of Bemidji, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

The L. L. O. L. will hold a sale of fancy and useful articles this evening in the Weiland & Wade hall.

Nelson Ness will leave for St. Paul this afternoon.

Clement Henry will leave tomorrow for a visit to his old home in Paspebiac, Que.

Men's and boys' Easter suits, cravenette topcoats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Miss St. Scanlon and Steven Krackenberg will be united in marriage tomorrow afternoon at the home of T. Stickney on Fifty-ninth avenue.

Joseph Carlin returned from the Canadian border yesterday afternoon.

John Eldridge came down from Tower this morning for a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

S. Sether will leave for Minneapolis this afternoon.

Miss Marie Jenson will leave for Kentucky this evening. She expects to be absent about two weeks.

Edward Robinson, left last evening for Brainerd.

Florsheim shoes. Shine books free. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Alexander Kerowac has a contract for cutting 6000 cords of hardwood this summer. The wood will be taken from the vicinity of Proctorknott.

Mrs. John Ericson, of Fifty-seventh avenue, and daughter, left last evening for a short visit with relatives in St. Paul.

EJECTS CLERGYMAN

From His Home and Causes His Arrest.

New York, April 8.—Angered by what he said were the too frequent visits of the Rev. Abraham S. Thompson, pastor of the Baptist church at Paterson, N. J., Frank Tice, a member of the flock, has caused the clergyman's arrest and in turn has been sued by his own wife and mother-in-law on a charge of assault and battery. Tice had left home, and upon his return, found his wife and her mother had moved to another house. He went there and says he found the pastor behind the door and forcibly ejected him, despite the interference of Mrs. Tice and her mother. Tice says the pastor told him he had come to console the family and incidentally to help put the furniture to rights.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE

By Member of Famous Old Dutch Family.

New York, April 8.—John A. Van Rensselaer, whose secret marriage caused a social stir a few years ago, is suing his wife, Mrs. Helen G. Van Rensselaer, for divorce. The case is pending before George W. Clune as referee. All concerned are anxious to keep the facts secret. Mr. Van Rensselaer is a member of one of the most famous old Dutch families in New York, and is related to many persons of social prominence. He is a son of Mrs. John K. Van Rensselaer, whose aunt, Mrs. Hoyt, of Newport, published an advertisement last week saying she would not be responsible for any bills her neice might contract. Mr. Van Rensselaer surprised his parents by telling them he had taken as his bride Miss Helen Frances Eder Galindo. She was not known to his relatives. She is a daughter of Edwin Galindo, a manufacturer of Brooklyn.

FIRE AT MARSHALLTOWN, IA.

Marshalltown, Iowa, April 8.—Fire this morning destroyed the general storekeeper's office, coal chutes and several loaded cars of the Iowa Central railway. A workman's torch top melted off, allowing the oil to spill, and this started the blaze. Loss, $40,000.

OLD DRUG FIRM INSOLVENT.

Chicago, April 8.—Lord, Owen & Co., one of the oldest wholesale drug firms in the city, confessed insolvency in the United States district court today. The firm placed its liabilities at $762,739 and its assets at $315,537.

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

Bicycle Season Opened

CRESCENT BICYCLES

TRIBUNE BICYCLES.

The bicycle season is now on and to enjoy it you should have a first-class wheel and we are prepared to supply your wants in that line. We have the greatest bargains ever offered in bicycles, and if price and quality count we will get your business.

Crescent Bicycles—$25.00 and $35.00.
Tribune Bicycles—$40.00 and $50.00.

We have the largest stock of Bicycles and Bicycle Sundries ever shown in Duluth. Tires of all kinds from $2.50 to $10 per pair.

WIELAND & WADE,

329-331 Central Avenue, - WEST DULUTH.

First Annual

Easter Sale

Is a great success. Ladies appreciate the low prices of our most up-to-date and high-grade Tailored Suits, Silk and Cloth Blouses, Skirts and Waists in all styles and materials.

We have received another large assortment of Suits and we will continue these special prices.

An Extraordinary Choice Offered To All.

Suits sold elsewhere for $30 to $35 our price..... **$25**
Suits sold elsewhere for $20 to $25, our price ... **$16.75**
We fer a specially good suit for..... **$8.75**

Suits sold elsewhere for 20 to $28, our price..... **$18**
Suits sold elsewhere for $15 to $18, our price **$12.50**
A few more Children's Suits for.. .. .. **$6.75**

Walking and Dress Skirts.

A fine lot of silk, net, voile, etamine, brilliantine cloth, walking and dress skirts—correct styles and exclusive designs from **$2.50** up.

Large selection of Silk Waists of all descriptions from **$2.95** up.

A fine line of the newest Wash Waists in white, madras, Japs and fancy mercerized, at **95c** up.

Silk Petticoats, good values from **$3.95** up.

Come and see our special line of Children's Skirts from **$1.95** up.

Our Aim Is To Sell The Best Garments at Lowest Prices. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

S. Beinhart CLOAKS

Largest Exclusive Cloak and Suit house north of Chicago.

No. 12 West Superior Street.

WORK NOW NEEDED

To Secure Negotiation of Reciprocity Treaty With Canada.

Canada Will Retaliate Unless United States Lowers Duties.

Minneapolis, April 8.—The meeting of the Minnesota branch of the National Reciprocity league at the Commercial club yesterday afternoon was called to order by President John Miller, of Duluth. The most important matter for consideration was the report upon Canadian reciprocity, made to the advisory board of the branch by its special counsellor, Eugene G. Hay, of Minneapolis.

Mr. Hay has returned after some weeks spent in Ottawa, Can., and three weeks in Washington, investigating the effects of the present customs regulations of both countries and the probable result of changes in these regulations as affecting reciprocity.

In beginning his report Mr. Hay referred briefly to the three principal tariff systems used in civilized countries; the general and conventional tariff systems, showing that rigidity in any system of levying customs duties creates a disadvantage.

Following a discussion of the reasons for the protective policy used by the United States, Mr. Hay took up the general subject of reciprocity, after which he plunged directly into the subject of Canadian reciprocity. He spoke strongly of the ties of blood, habit and thought which bind the two nations, stating that there wa sno reason why there should not be absolute freedom of trade between the United States and Canada, save the fiscal exigencies of the Canadian government. Absolute free trade would be an ideal condition, but at the present time it seemed impossible.

The Canadian controller of customs told the speaker that under free trade with the United States the present aggregate customs duties would be reduced one-fourth, making it apparent that the Canadian government would have to face a large deficit each year. Canada could not, therefore, consent to free trade with the United States except on a basis of a complete commercial union or zollverein, but whatever might be the disposition of those now in power, the settlement of the Canadian people would not sustain them in taking so radical a step as would be involved in commercial union. Said Mr. Hay:

A commercial war with reprisals and retaliation seems at this time even more probable than commercial union. I say without hesitation that the hope of reciprocity has up to this time prevented or postponed retaliation, but if much longer deferred, hope will be abandoned.

At this point the report entered into a brief history of the struggle for Canadian reciprocity with a discussion of the reasons for the abrogation of the treaty in 1866 for reasons which in the light of present conditions are hard to understand. Among the events which make up the history of commercial relations between the United States and Canada Mr. Hay mentioned the creation and work of the joint high commission, with its present status following the split on the Alaskan boundary question, and the probability that its living members would reconvene Sept. 1 at Ottawa. Mr. Hay said of this reconvention:

"Senator Fairbanks, chairman of the American division, has written to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, chairman of the Canadian division, requesting him to join in a call for a meeting of the commission at an early date, and I have the most positive and reliable assurance that this request will be granted. We will, therefore, have in session within the next five months a tribunal to which to submit our case. If the commission at this sitting fails to arrange a treaty it ends all prospect for years, in fact, so long as the present parties exist in Canada. The reasons for this are political. Any reciprocity treaty negotiated with Canada must be done with the Liberal party.

"The joint high commission was created so far as Canada is concerned, by the Liberal party. This party is now in complete power. Reciprocity with the United States has been one of the chief articles of faith with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, their great leader. The joint high commission was his last effort. Its first session lasted several months without results and added but one more failure to Sir Wilfrid's efforts. Continued failure is not conducive to continued party triumph, and it is exceedingly doubtful if the Liberal party could survive another failure without changing front, and if the coming meeting of the joint high commission shall prove fruitless, I should expect to see the Liberal party advocate higher duties.

"The present situation, however, in my judgment, presents the best prospect for Canadian reciprocity that has existed since the abrogation of the old treaty in 1866. The government at Ottawa and the government at Washington both favor it. It should, however, in this connection, be borne in mind that the president has not that same control or influence over the American division of the commission and that congress that must ratify any treaty that is agreed upon, that the Canadian prime minister and his party have over the Canadian division and the Canadian parliament.

"In Canada the manufacturing interests will oppose reciprocity. These, though rapidly growing, are not yet large nor a very influential factor. The only other great commercial interest in Canada that will oppose reciprocity is the transportation interests centering at the St. Lawrence. This is a much more important factor and will undoubtedly have to be reckoned with in the work of securing a treaty. The Canadian lumbermen, fishermen, mine workers and farmers, to which could be added a large share of Canadian tradesmen, all favor reciprocity, and these constitute a very large part of the population of that country.

"In the United States it is a little more difficult to classify the commercial interests that will oppose reciprocity. The lumbermen have heretofore opposed it, and we may still count on some opposition from that source, yet I am persuaded not nearly so extensive or so vigorous as heretofore. There will be opposition from some of the fishing interests of the Atlantic coast, but the strongest opposition will come from the great unclassified high protected industries. Not because they expect to be directly affected by the provisions of any treaty that might be made with Canada, but because they have, in the madness of their power, banded together to oppose every proposed change in our tariff laws, and adopted as their shiboleth, 'Stand pat and let well enough alone.'

"I am, notwithstanding all this, however, fully persuaded that a treaty will be agreed upon by the commission. The political pressure from the administration at Washington and at Ottawa, each seeking to do that which will serve the best interests of the people, will be great enough, I believe, to effect this. What that treaty may contain is, of course, a matter of conjecture. One thing, however, seems to me of prime importance, and that is that the commercial interests of Minnesota should unite and agree upon what they want in the treaty, and then arrange to have their wants presented to the commission with thoroughness and understanding.

"I can only state what, from my investigation at this time, seems the probable basis of a treaty. The Canadian suggestion is a free interchange of natural products. This, of course, is a trifle vague. But coming down to detail, I believe they will insist upon free fish, free lumber, free ore, free coal, free salt and free wheat. In some of these items we would feel as great an interest in having all tariffs removed as would they—others would undoubtedly meet with opposition in certain sections of this country. In addition to this, I feel quite confident, from such information as I have secured from high sources, that by proper effort we can get a very material reduction on a large list of manufactures, and the abolition of the present British preferential tariff. In addition, while of course it will not go into any treaty, if a satisfactory commercial treaty between the United States and Canada is negotiated and ratified, I have reason to believe that the Canadian government will, by additional tariff legislation, discriminate against certain European countries in a way that will be helpful to our commerce.

"The greatest difficulty in my judgment will be in securing the ratification of whatever treaty may be agreed upon. The Canadian parliament will undoubtedly ratify whatever the commission does, for those who control the commission dominate the parliament. Not so in the United States. The American congress has become difficult to understand. Under the great dome at Washington there seems to be an all-pervading atmosphere of "Laissez faire.' But aside from this in the very nature of things, congress is not likely to act upon any new question unless there is a strong pressure in favor of it. If responsibility can be avoided by postponement and procrastination, we must expect it. It is up to us to crowd responsibility upon them.

"I firmly believe that if the business interests that are in favor of and will be benefited by Canadian reciprocity, will use their influence to the full measure in intelligently directed effort, we will be operating under a satisfactory treaty before the beginning of the year 1905, and Minnesota will have entered upon an era of prosperity unequaled in its history. There is, however, no use to waste time, money and energy unless you are going to enter upon the work upon a scale large enough to obtain results. The task is a large one. It will require time and energy and money. One man cannot do all the work. It will require the perfecting o four organization and much work of an educational character here in the state and in the neighboring states. It will require careful preparation of such demand or request as we desire to present to the commission, and the most careful watching during the entire progress of the negotiations. It will require the organization, first of all the interests i nthis state favorable to the movement, and second, the organization of all similar interests in every other state. In this latter Minnesota will probably be required to do no more than furnish the primary energy, but that much will be necessary, for after some inquiry I am unable to learn of any organization other than our own devoted exclusively to the cause of Canadian reciprocity, that is doing anything practical, except that which has its headquarters at Boston. An organization can be perfected that will start an electric current of reciprocity between almost every congressional district in the United States and Washington. With such an organization success is absolutely assured. Without it, the fate of the French treaty and the other treaties that have so long pended in the senate, awaits us."

...IVERS & POND PIANOS

Embody the most perfect qualities—they are especially noted for their exquisite liquid tone, sympathetic action, wonderful durability and the most artistic case designs. Do you know that more Ivers & Pond Pianos are used in the leading music schools and colleges in America than any other American piano? We are fortunate enough to be their Western representative, and carry in stock every beautiful design produced by their house. We invite your inspection to our grand spring display. *Our terms: A little down and a little per month.*

We have secured the services of F. R. Mann, a recognized expert in piano tuning, who will give his entire attention to this important department.

Duluth Music Co.

F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

Corner Lake Avenue and Superior Street.

Investigate Our New Pianola Library Plan.

MILLIONS SPENT

On Easter Decorations In Churches In the Great Cities.

Easter is conceded to be the most brilliant of the many church festivals celebrated in American cities, surpassing even Christmas in lavishness of musical programs, extravagance of decoration, and point of attendance.

Millions of dollars are spent each year Easter lilies and alleluias, yet paradoxically, the more wealthy the congregation the less the money which is paid out by the treasurer. This is due to the general custom of making Easter Sunday the occasion of memorials to the dead. In fashionable churches like St. Bartholomew's, New York, where the Vanderbilts worship, the floral decorations will represent several thousand dollars, but of this sum only the potted plants are paid for by the committee in charge, and these are merely rented for the day. The flowers are sent by the Vanderbilts in memory of those of their family who have died in the church. Sometimes these memorials come in the form of set pieces, such as pillows, harps and other funeral offerings, but so skillfully are they arranged by the decorators that the work, when completed, shows only an admirably massed chancel of green and white.

HOW THE DECORATION IS DONE.

The work of decoration begins on Saturday afternoon and is generally in the hands of professionals, decorators and florists, assisted or hindered, as the case may be, by a committee of the church people. In the Episcopal churches the committee consists of what is known as the altar guild, while in the Catholic churches the work is done by the sisterhoods. The ceremony is accomplished with much reverence, and those who make the rounds of the Catholic churches at this time have an opportunity to study the exquisite workmanship in the laces used in decorating the altars, which can never be seen during the crush of Easter Sunday. The finest laces owned by a church are reserved for the Easter services, and often the veils used to drape the figures on the various altars are worth a small fortune in themselves.

At the conclusion of the last service on Sunday the flowers are removed and they are sorted for distribution by a committee. In churches where guilds are formed to minister to the sick, these workers have first right to the flowers, and the rest are distributed to the various hospitals. The palms and ferns rented by the florists are removed on Monday unless the week following Easter is to be marked by a number of church weddings, in which case arrangements are frequently made for the decorations to stand.

A florist who has stores in New York, Chicago and Philadelphia states that fully $200,000 will be spent in chancel decorations in New York churches, $150,000 in Chicago churches, and as much in Philadelphia.

This includes all sorts and conditions of congregations, from the mission chapel where an expenditure of $25 or $50 is made only after most mature deliberation, to edifices like St. George's, where J. Pierpont Morgan will pass the silver plate for Easter offerings, and where the chancel will be completely hidden by lilies and azaleas at $5 a plant, hyacinths at half the price and cut flowers beside which the decorations at a ball or dinner sink into financial insignificance.

The wealthier the church, the more simple does the choir master find the problem of arranging the Easter music. His singers are kept up to the highest possible standard for every service, and he makes no special effort for Easter Sunday, except in an appropriate selection of music. So perfectly are his singers drilled for chorus work that the introduction of additional voices would injure, not improve, the ensemble work. Chorus singers in wealthy churches are paid enough to make their regular attendance an object.

Several of the fashionable churches have a harpist or 'celloist, or both, throughout the year, and these may be augmented by other stringed instruments for Easter, otherwise the choir remains as usual.

On the other hand, the choir master who is compelled to economize and stint the year around is expected to make more or less of a splurge on Easter. He is allowed funds to secure a noted soloist or two, perhaps a harpist. It is in regard to the latter that he has most trouble. There are not enough harpists in the average city to supply the demand for this great festival of music. They are engaged long in advance, and are paid a much higher figure than the soloists. A satisfactory soloist can be secured for $20, but higher prices are sometimes paid for "names." For instance, if a good light opera company is playing at one of the theaters, the tenor or basso may be secured for the Easter solos at a church. When a grand opera singer is heard, his or her solo is an offering, without money and without price to the church.

Where the choir master must reorganize his workers on a more elaborate scale for this one day, his task is arduous and involves long and tedious rehearsals, even though the music selected is of the lightest order.

In churches where boy choirs are employed the old English music, notably that written by Sir John Stainer, is selected as lending itself more easily to the choral style of the English church. If a choir master inclines to the work of American composers he selects the Easter music written by Horatio Parker, Arthur Foote or George W. Chadwick.

In the very large edifices in the larger cities, and especially in New York, only those well in the front hear the Easter sermon, for there is a perpetual stream of sightseers, coming and going. To the individual accustomed to life on the European continent, this floating congregation is quite a matter of course, but to the American accustomed to the congregation's remaining seated during the entire service, the peripatetic throng seems distinctly irreverent.

The Blake Hat.

In all this world no snappy styles like ours. See them. They's correct. Ask your dealer.

Easter Sale of High Grade Watches!

We offer, for a few days before Easter, the following very special values in high grade watches.

First—Ladies' nought size Elgin or Waltham movement, fitted in 14-karat solid gold cases..... $18.50

Second—Gentlemen's 12-size New York standard movement, fitted in 20-year O. F. gold filled cases..... $7.50

Third—Gentlemen's 16-size 15-jewel Waltham movement—fancy blue enameled dial with gold hands and second—fitted in 20-year gold filled hunting cases..... $15.00

A complete and handsome collection of Easter gifts at right prices.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co

3 4 West Superior Street.

We have our own fully equipped manufacturing plant for the prompt accomodation of patrons.

SHOE REPAIRING

Old shoes made like new.

The place to get your old shoes fixed is at the

Ehle Shoe Co.,

Torrey Building.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

American Embassy Watching Movements of Englishmen.

New York, April 8.—The American embassy is closely watching the Alaskan boundary dispute, cables the London representative of the Tribune, but is not taking an active part in the preparation of the case. It does not have access to the archives of the foreign office and cannot compete with the Canadian commission in making an exhaustive study of the documentary evidence relating to the treaty of 1825. The new counsel appointed for the United States are expected to work up the case at Washington and to depend mainly upon the literal interpretation of the text of the treaty especially upon the words "windings or sinuosities of the coast" in determining the method of measuring ten marine leagues. Minister Sifton and his Canadian associates are working quietly, but with the hearty co-operation of the British foreign office.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Falling House Crushed Out Life of Boy at Armour.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Armour—A little boy of Ray Wohlford was killed while playing around a house which was being raised. He crawled under the building and it fell upon him.

Bonesteel—Last week City Marshal Pierce visited all the saloons and gambling houses and stated to the proprietors that the city council had authorized him to collect the fines which are paid each month, amounting to over $150. He succeeded in collecting something over $100 and gave his personal receipts. He also sold his stock, which was mortgaged to different persons. It was discovered Saturday that two girls of about 17 years of age, with whom Pierce had been intimate for several months, also left on the same train. Pierce is about 40 years of age and has a family, who are left in straightened circumstances. Telegrams have been sent to different points along the line, and no doubt he will be arrested. The girls with whom he left are from respectable families and their fathers swear vengeance. Pierce left debts to the extent of several hundred dollars.

Watertown.—The death of Mrs. John Keifer brings to notice the advanced age of her husband. Mrs. Keifer was only 48 years old, but her husband is over twice her age, being 113, having been born in 1790. He is over six feet tall and is as straight as an Indian. He was a drummer boy in the war of 1812, served in the Black Hawk Indian war, was a veteran in the Mexican war and carried a musket throughout the civil war and fought with the Indians on the plains several times since. He wanted to go to the Spanish-American war in 1898.

Vermillion—The April term of the circuit court for Clay county has been postponed until the 15th. This is due to the fact that Judge E. G. Smith was summoned to the bedside of his aged mother in Iowa. The term will not be a long one as there are few cases. Only one criminal case is to come up, it being against a man named Hansen for illegal liquor selling at Wakonda. The only civil case of importance is the one of Lee & Prendis vs. Margaret Droyer, a land suit up for the third time.

An effort is being made by influential citizens to raise funds for the building of a canning factory. Much interest is manifested in the project, as it is generally admitted that a canning factory would be of great benefit.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—There have been several recent discoveries of coal in sections where the lignite was not thought to be found. In Cavalier county a farmer near Olga had discovered an outcropping of coal, and in several parts of Stutsman county veins have been found while wells were being sunk.

Dr. Callander, of this city, leaves in a few days for Baltimore, Md., to take a short post-graduate course and then to Europe for a few months in the famous hospitals.

E. A. Hughes, of this city, who was manager of the Edison Electric plant and later was with the consolidated system here has resigned to look after some other enterprises in which he and his father are interested. He is succeeded by Superintendent Markhus of the Moorhead light and waterworks plant.

Grand Forks—After one of the stormiest sessions ever held by the Grand Forks city council, lasting till 1 o'clock, over the question of granting an additional telephone franchise to the Twin City Telephone company or a Chicago concern, action was deferred for thirty days.

The Northwestern company, holding the franchise at present, put up a great fight. Intense feeling has been engendered.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Rapid Progress Made on Shaft In Austin Mine.

Negaunee—The new Cleveland Cliffs mine at Princeton has been named the Austin, in honor of Austin Farrell, superintendent of the company's furnace at Gladstone. Work on the new shaft has now been in progress for nearly two weeks. It has three compartments, including two skipways and a ladder way, and is being sunk on the drop shaft plan. About thirty feet of sand must be passed through before the ledge is reached, but the distance to the ore body has not yet been determined. The shaft will be perpendicular.

The first attempt to reach the ledge ended in failure, after the shaft was down fifteen feet. Sand and water were encountered in such quantities that the work had to be abandoned at that particular spot. The shaft house also interfered with the work as it had been built before operations were begun and prevented the drop shaft method from being employed. The shaft house will be moved to cover the new shaft when operations have progressed far enough to permit it to be used.

Marquette—After an illness of but a dayor two with pneumonia, Miss Flora McArthy, a well known school teacher, is dead. Last Friday when the schools closed for Easter vacation she conducted her classes as usual.

Carunna—Frank Fish, aged 60, was instantly killed Friday afternoon while at work on a new house. He stepped upon the end of a loose plank lying across open joists on the second floor, and was dashed to the floor below, striking on his head. His skull was crushed in and he was dead when fellow workmen reached him.

Hancock—Odd Fellows from all the towns in the copper country will meet in Hancock, April 25, to commemorate the eighty-fourth aniversary of the founding of the order. The occasion will be the annual county reunion. The railways have made special rates and several hundred persons will be present. After a parade in the afternoon, Mayor A. J. Scott will welcome the Odd Fellows in St. Patrick's hall. Rev. A. Raymond Johns, pastor of the Hancock Methodist church, will deliver an address. A ball will close the day's celebration.

Interest among the copper country people in the suffering of the famine-stricken in Finland has not abated, and J. H. Jasberg, secretary of the Finnish central relief committee, daily receives contributions for the work of relief. Mr. Jasberg has forwarded to Isaac Miemi, treasurer of the relief committee, a report of subscriptions received and collections made since his last report, enclosing a check for $177.71.

Mrs. Mary Finn, mother of Michael Finn, justice of the peace and city clerk, died after a brief illness, aged 87. She has been a resident of Hancock for forty years.

Houghton—F. W. Cappelin, ex-city engineer of Minneapolis, who will be employed by the village of Houghton to look into the advisability of the plans suggested for providing a more adequate water system for domestic and fire purposes, arrived at Houghton. He will be assisted in his work by the committee of citizens, comprised of C. D. Shelden, J. H. Rice and Joseph Croze, appointed by President Miller to investigate the various plans. Full reports on the plans to get water from the Huron dam on the hill above Houghton, the South side springs and from wells driven through the gravel bed on the Portage lake shore will be furnished the council for its guidance. Mr. Cappelin and the committee will do well if they are ready to report by the first of the coming month.

THE

CROOKED RIVER

A GREAT PROPERTY.

FORTY MORE STAMPS TO GO IN.

Purchase of Additional Forty Stamps.

Has Had Twenty Stamps Working for Some time.

Development Work Has So Far Shown Up a Supply of Ore Sufficient to Last a 60-Stamp Mill for at Least Ten Years.

A report of interest to stockholders of the Crooked River Mining & Milling company was recently received, the gist of which reads as follows:

We are pleased to report that arrangements are now completed and the work already under way for the installation of forty more stamps in addition to our present mill of twenty stamps. The machinery is ordered from Allis-Chalmers company, of Chicago. Ten of the stamps are already shipped from Butte and the other thirty stamps are promised for delivery by the Allis-Chalmers company in from sixty to ninety days. The equipment will all be the latest and best type of gold milling machinery.

When these forty stamps are added to the present mill, the whole plant will have a capacity of about 270 tons per day and what this will mean to the company can easily be appreciated as mining and milling can be carried on at 50 cents per ton.

The development work, to which reference was made in our report of Feb. 12, 1903, has exposed a sufficient quantity of ore to supply a sixty-stamp mill for at least ten years, and as the tunnels continue to expose good ore we propose to extend them very much farther. The ore is unquestionably improving in value with depth and while we have a very large body of ore blocked out, it is only a small part of the whole dike.

The work of getting out the timber for this mill has already begun and will be carried on with all possible speed. It is our aim to have the mill machinery at Sites as soon as the roads are in good condition to haul it to the mines. It will be necessary to develop more water power and for this purpose a flume will be constructed from Quartz creek large enough to take all the water of the creek. The flume will be about a mile long and will give a fall of about 300 feet. From the end of the flume a pipe line will be laid to the mill, which will be about a quarter of a mile. Mr. Pennington, of Butte, a mining and civil engineer, is on his way to the property to survey for this water power and also to survey for patent all the claims of the company not included in the former survey.

The company has received a number of offers to purchase lots from parties at Elk City and elsewhere who desire to build at Orogrande and we have decided to plat a townsite on the company's ground. The mining district adjacent to our ground is developing quite rapidly and conditions are such as are likely to cause the growth of a considerable town. It is probable that the company will derive a considerable revenue from the sale of lots as anyone visiting the property is at once convinced that it will take many years and large mills to work out the ore deposits. The townsite will have the advantage over all other places in the district, of good building ground in the river basin and it will be equipped from the beginning with electric light and a water system.

The mill building and general developments of the past year has greatly enhanced the value of the property and the present improvements will not only enable the company to increase the capacity of its mill, but by fluming and piping the water the mill can be run through the winter as well as in summer. The above pertains only to the mining and milling of the Dyke ore.

Supplement to Above Report.

This dyke, averaging about 400 feet in width and about two miles in length, is one of the greatest discoveries yet made. The ore from the new tunnels, as depth is being gained, proves it of value beyond expectations. Assays recently run from ore taken indiscriminately, run as follows, $8.00, $9.02, $13.40, $4.80, $9.00, $4.60, $2.10, $4.20 and $10.45, while it is known that shutes of the ore runs exceedingly high in value. The firm of Derrig & Gunnis of this city, has received samples of both the "Dyke" and "Regnier" ores. They had assays made which confirm assays of the Dyke ore made at the mine, while the ore from the "Regnier" ran $160, $156.42 and $161.68.

Those who were fortunate enough to secure stock of this company have every reason to congratulate themselves on the wisdom of their investment.

With a capacity of 270 tons of ore per day and running the year around, the payment of good dividends will be assured.

CONSENT OF THE INDIANS

To Be Asked For Cession of Red Lake Townships.

Washington, April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Major McLaughlin was today ordered by the secretary of the interior to proceed at once to the Red Lake Indian reservation to conduct negotiations looking to the cession of eleven townships in that reservation to the United States. A bill was passed by the last congress providing for the negotiation of such a treaty, and the assignment of Maj. McLaughlin is the first step looking to gaining the consent of the Red Lake Indians to the desired cession.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it. Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

STACK & CO.

Easter Suits, Skirts and Waists.

Every lady in Duluth will profit by an inspection of our line—style, quality and low prices—are linked together, making our proposition an attractive and profitable one. Come early tomorrow.

$22 SUITS AT $15

All wool Venetian suits, nicely made and trimmed in black, navy and caster, elegant.

$22 VALUE AT $15

EASTER JACKETS—in Taffeta, Peau de Soie and all-wool cloths.

WOOL MELTON BLOUSE JACKETS—new effects—at..... **$3.98**

EXTRA FINE WOOL BLOUSE JACKETS —from $5.00 to..... **$15.00**

Easter Showing of Waists.

The very latest and best—all the new weaves in cotton goods—prices very reasonable.

200 dozen Shirt Waists—in colored and white, worth up to $1.00 each at..... **50c**

20 dozen Waists in fine white goods—mercerized cottons, etc.—$2.50 values at..... **98c**

Also a lot of fine new Waistings at $3, $2.50, $2 and..... **$1.50**

10 dozen all-silk Taffeta Waists, in black and colors—$4.00 value—at..... **$2.98**

Phenomenal Values In Dress and Walking Skirts.

We will surprise anyone at the showing we make in ready-made skirts. High-grade Skirts—hundreds of them—all selling far below what you are accustomed to pay.

$15.00 lace silk Dress Skirts at $6.98—a beautiful production in net and silk—with drop skirt — nothing like them anywhere for the money—$15.00 values at

$6.98

$17.50 strictly all-wool Venetian Broadcloth, Cheviot and Assabett Suiting — in walking-skirt lengths — elaborately made and stitched—for this sale at—

$12.50

$22.50 Peau de Soie and Lace Dress Skirts—made in the most approved fashion—nothing like them ever shown before for the low price we ask—

$10.00

$15.00 fine Broadcloth Dress Skirts, with drop skirt attached—during this sale at..... **$8.98**

$3.50 Gray Walking Skirts—lengths 38 to 44 inches—6 rows of stitching and strap seams, at... **$1.98**

$6.50 Walking Skirts, in fine wool melton, cheviots, mixed suitings, pebble cloth, etc.—all well made—special price..... **$5.00**

$5, $6.50 and $8 Dress and Walking Skirts—a lot of about 50 in odd and ends of this season's goods—choice at..... **$3.98**

SHIPPERS MUST PAY

Railroads Make New Regulations As To Storage Charges.

One of the most important changes affecting lake and rail business from the shippers' viewpoint in years was announced yesterday.

The Great Northern, Soo, Northern Pacific and North-Western have decided to apply heavy demurrage charges to all lake and rail business at the head of the lakes and at Gladstone. On all classes of traffic except flour the charges take effect immediately. On flour the change is effective April 15.

In the past it has been customary for lake and rail shippers to allow their shipments, consisting of cement, sugar, coffee, wire and other articles, to lie in the warehouse of the lake companies until such time as they desired to use the commodities. During the winter the warehouses were crowded.

Storage charges will be exacted on the following basis: Fifteen cents a ton for the first fifteen days or fraction thereof, and 10 cents a ton for the ensuing ten days or fraction thereof, or each additional day. These charges will govern sugar, coffee and other shipments of that class.

As regards flour shipments, on April 15 the charge will be made 15 cents a ton and 10 cents a ton after the first fifteen days, except in the winter season when a 20-cent per ton charge will be demanded.

CRIBBING GIVES WAY.

New Orleans, April 8.—Forty feet of cribbing at the Hymelia crevasse blew out today and the water rushed through in a strong current, threatening the entire works. Later it was said there was hope of repairing the damage and additional lumber was hurried to the levee.

REQUISITION FOR KELLY.

St. Louis, April 8.—Governor Dockery today issued a requisition on Governor Odell, of New York, for the return of Daniel J. Kelly, who is charged with offering a bribe of $1000 to Lieutenant-Governor John A. Lee, for the purpose of securing his influence in legislature matters. Detective Tracy left Jefferson City today with the requisition papers for New York.

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

THEY KILL TREES

Wholesale Tapping of Maple To Get the Sap.

One Arrest Made and Others Dikely to Follow.

Maple trees in the various parks throughout the city are being greatly damaged by boys that tap them for sap.

At the request of Secretary Helm of the board of park commissioners the police have arrested Edward Milostan, who is accused of tapping twenty trees on the east side of Seventh avenue East between Sixth and Ninth streets.

Other arrests are likely to follow as the police and park authorities have the names of a number of boys, many of prominent families, that have been stealing sweet sugar water at the expense of the life of the young maples in the parks.

The twenty trees on Seventh avenue East that were damaged were deliberately chopped with an ax in some places and a number of residents in that neighborhood have signified their willingness to appear in court and testify as to what they saw young Milostan doing.

Secretary Helm says that the hacking of maples is particularly noticeable in Cascade Park and people living in that neighborhood are rendering valuable aid in apprehending the youthful vandals.

It is likely that a severe penalty will be imposed on boys convicted of destroying park property in this manner. Secretary Helm says the board of park commissioners are determined to stop the pernicious practice, and in a general way he advises boys to let park trees and other park property alone if they do not wish to get in serious trouble.

The tapping of young trees at this season of the year does not always kill them but is a great injury to the appearance of the trunk and the life of the upper branches.

CONFERRING OF DEGREES

Scottish Rite Busy With the Class at Reunion.

The sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth degrees were conferred at the Masonic Temple this morning, opening the second day of the reunion of the Scottish Rite Masons.

W. A. McGonagle, as acting wise master, conferred the degrees on the thirty candidates for the position, being assisted by W. E. Richardson in the ceremonial.

This afternoon the degrees from the nineteenth to the thirtieth were begun, and the thirtieth degree will be conferred before the adjournment of the lodge tonight.

The work this afternoon and this evening is under the direction of George W. Buck, master of Kadosh.

Tomorrow morning the thirty-first degree will be conferred and in the afternoon the elaborate ceremonial of conferring the thirty-second degree will take place.

The candidates for degrees have headquarters at the Spalding hotel, though the work has taken up most of the time so far, and there have been no social sessions around the hotel lobby.

MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

Where Torn Money on Park Point Ferry Came From.

Every resident of Park Point is vindicated. For the past week they have been under suspicion, generally charged with the shocking offense of littering up the deck of the ferryboat Estelle with real money.

It now develops that the whole affair was an April fool joke. A janitor in one of the local banking institutions got the stub ends of a lot of wornout currency, and for a joke left them on the ferry.

The ends were picked up and taken to police headquarters, where the find created all kinds of a sensation, and one of the officers there telephoned the bank from which the mutilated currency ends were taken not to cash certain kinds of torn money.

The banks usually take bills badly worn and tear the mutilated ends off, sending the balance to the United States treasury, where they are redeemed. The torn ends are thrown in the waste baskets for the janitor to remove.

Don't Practice False Economy

In the matter of headwear. Remember we give you "style" and "quality" at a reasonable price. Duluth's own. The Blake hat.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

David S. Moore and Stinia Klikkla.
Matt Nekula and Selma Lehto.
Ernest Fuller and Elizabeth M. Harper.

Bell 'phone 1154-4. Zenith 1456. Open Day and Night.

W. C. GRAY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Masonic Temple Blk.—203-5 E. Sup. St.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LOVELY COMPLEXION, SATIN SKIN produced by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Complexion Powder. 25c.

ALWAYS CALL UPON T. W. CAMERON, 10 East Superior street, when you are in the market for iron beds, springs and mattresses, the best goods for the least money.

DINING TABLES FROM $1.75 TO $45. Dining chairs from 65c to $4.50. Come and see us for anything in furniture. Our price is a money-saver. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—A SMART BOY OF 18. FURNITURE store. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

M. S. BURROWS SELLS FOR $2.50 shoes that would cost $3.50 in the regular shoe stores.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE

115—WEST SUPERIOR STREET—115

We are Sole Agents for the Celebrated

Dorothy Dodd Shoes

which have proved in the last season to be the most popular and best fitting

Ladies' $3.00 Shoes

ever produced. The styles are the same as the best of the high-priced shoes, and wear guaranteed in every pair.

Dorothy Dodd TRADE MARK

Have your Shoes Shined ----BY---- Prof. EUGENE WATTS.

CAPT. GAILLARD IS HONORED

By Appointment to General Staff of the Army.

Washington, April 8.—The secretary of war today announced the names selected by the board of officers for the general staff. They are as follows: Cols. Thomas H. Barry, adjutant general's department. John B. Kerr, Twelfth cavalry. John L. Chamberlain, inspector general's department. Enoch H. Crowder, judge advocate general's department. Lieut. Cols. William A. Simpson, A. A. G. department; Henry P. McCain, A. A. department. James T. Keer, A. A. G. department. James T. Kerr, A. A. G. department; Frederick A. Smith, A. G. department; Crosby P. Miller, Q. M. G. department; Charles S. Haler, ordnance department. Majors—John G. D. Knight, corps of engineers; George W. Goethals, corps of engineers; Henry A. Greene, U. S. Infantry, A. A. G. department; Edward J. McClernand, U. S. cavalry, A. A. G. department; James A. Irons, U. S. infantry, I. G. department; Sedgwick Pratt, artillery corps; William A. Mann, Fourteenth infantry; William F. Duval, artillery corps; Montgomery M. Macomb, artillery corps; William D. Beach, Tenth cavalry; John S. Mallory, First infantry; Maj. Samuel Reber, signal corps. Captains—William W. Gibson, ordnance department; David Du Bois Gaillard, corps of engineers; Benj. Alvord, Twentieth infantry; Joseph T. Dickman, Eighth cavalry; Harry C. Hale, Twentieth infantry; Charles H. Muir, Second infantry; Frank De W. Ramsey, Ninth infantry; Frank McIntyre, Nineteenth infantry; F. Sydney Coleman, Twentieth infantry; Robert E. Lynch, Twelfth cavalry; Hugh J. Gallacher, suosistence department; John Pershing, Fifteenth cavalry; C. L. Menoher, artillery corps; William C. Rivers, First cavalry; Peyton C. March, artillery corps; William G. Haan, artillery corps; Charles D. Rhodes; Sixth cavalry; Horace M. Reeve, Seventeenth infantry; Dennis E. Nolan, Thirteenth infantry. First Lieutenant John C. Oakes, corps of engineers.

TWO BODIES FOUND.

Had Evidently Been Caught Out In Gale.

Mackinac Island, Mich., April 8.—The bodies of Capt. Henry Hartwell and his son Alva Hartwell, were found on the beach of Round island today. It is thought that while they were returning from Mackinac island to their home on Bois Blanc island, their sailboat was wrecked by the fierce gale that prevailed Monday afternoon.

SOLDIERS MUTINIED.

Thought They Were Going to African Colonies.

London, April 8.—A special dispatch from Lisbon says 150 men belonging to the Eighteenth infantry at Oporto, have mutinied owing to the belief that they were about to be sent to the Portuguese colonies in Africa. The men hold the barracks and are shouting "Long live the republic," and are threatening to shoot their officers if the latter attempt to approach.

SEVEN ARE WORKING.

Strike Situation at Clyde Works Unchanged.

The strike at the Clyde Iron works is still on and conditions today are unchanged.

Seven non-union machinists are reported working in the places of the fifteen men that are striking for a nine-hour day, and the moulders, pattern-makers and blacksmiths that walked out when the non-union machinists were introduced, are still out.

In union sources it is rumored that all of the seven machinists are well armed, but this report is denied. Both sides agree that such a precaution is unnecessary and that the strike will be conducted in a quiet and orderly manner.

CONVENTION POSTPONED.

Boston, April 8.—Announcement was made here today that the annual convention of the international association of ticket agents of the United States, Mexico and Canada, which was to have been held on May 10 at Salt Lake City, Utah, has been postponed until September.

Washington, April 8.—Frank C. Partridge of Vermont, has been invited to represent the United States in the capacity of agent at Caracas in the adjustment of the claims of American citizens against Venezuela. Mr. Partridge was at one time United States minister to Veuezuela and was also solicitor of the department of state.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

LONG-SUFFERING "AUNTS."

Let the mother, some tired afternoon, when aunty has sent her off for a much-needed nap, look, open-eyed, at aunty's lot; let her ask herself even one question, says Harper's Bazar. "How would I like to take care of (let us say) the Robinson children for a whole afternoon?" But the Robinsons are not nearly so nice as the Johnsons! she thinks.

Perhaps they are—to Mrs. Robinson. Let mother work out, with her rusty, unused imagination, several parallels of this kind, and she will begin to be uncomfortable about aunty; she won't take her nap on that particular afternoon. Perhaps she will even be slightly unhappy for a day or two; but that won't hurt her, and it may be most beneficial for aunty. For out of Mrs. Jones' discomfort (may it be very keen) will grow certain resolutions:

First—Not to take it for granted that aunty likes just what Mrs. Jones likes.

Second—Not to take it for granted that aunty is interested in Mrs. Jones' interests, at least in the same degree.

Third—Not to take it for granted that aunty is particularly favored in being privileged to live under Jones' roof—or to frequent it every day for the sake of the little Joneses.

Fourth—Never to forget that aunty is a Buffer.

"A RARE EASTER EGG."

During Convalescence

Recovery is hastened, health restored and vitality renewed by the use of

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine
TRADE MARK.

The perfect malt tonic. A food in liquid form. It quickly builds flesh and tissue.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Dullness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. "CUPIDENE" cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. "CUPIDENE" strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00. By mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are **"LIFE SAVERS"** to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

THE JAPANESE EASTER FEAST

Day Set Apart For Special Delectation of Children.

Tokio, April 8.—At the time when the Christian churches in Japan are celebrating the Feast of Easter, the people of Japan are making lanes in country and streets and squares in cities gay and resplendent with the children's feast of cherry blossoms, to welcome the awakening of nature out of the winter sleep. The origin of this feast is undoubtedly contemporaneous with that of the Estore of the ancient inhabitants of Europe, a suggestion specially emphasized by the recent statement of ethnological experts that the Ainus or ancient inhabitants of Japan are now known to have been of Caucasian origin.

Now, while the Christian Caucasians have their Easter or Feast of Flowers throughout the world, Japan marks the season of the passing of winter lethargy with scenes equally typical, though in Japanese fashion, with a strong element of the materialistic symbolism.

We had come expressly to witness the ceremonial. The cherry festival was in full progress. It is the Japanese Easter, which celebrates the resurrection of the fruits and flowers after six months of death. All Japan rejoices, the children have a day set apart for their special delectation, and the grown people do little but seek to make the young people happy. Along roadways, inch dep with fallen cherry petals, the children draw immense movable temples. Sometimes more than a hundred little girls dressed in gorgeous hues are in line pulling on the ropes attached to these chariots, on which the boys dressed in blue and white togas ride and play on their musical instruments, while the cleverest of their number, in masked faces, render religious dramas on the elevated platform in front of the chariot. The streets are choked with thousands of grown people who give up the day to witnessing these processions, and as the chariot and the children pass down a carpeted avenue of cherry trees and the gentle spring breeze blows, a constant shower of pink perfumed snow falls from the cherry trees and everything becomes hazy in the entrancing mist of a pink snowstorm of soft petals.

All nature seems to take part in this Easter festival of the Japanese children. Of course, it is not a Christian Easter, as there is but one Christian in Japan to every 400 who are not, and of late the ruling dispute in Tokio has been whether the Buddhist forms should be reestablished or the Shinto faith remain the religion of state.

Two weeks after witnessing the Japanese Easter celebrations I found myself in Russian territory and Easter Sunday approaching. A difference of twelve days between the Russian and European calendars throws Easter, which is governed by the moon, just one month later in Russia than with us.

A DREYFUS DISCUSSION

Causes an Uproar In the French House of Deputies.

Paris, April 7.—The renewal of the Dreyfus discussion in the chamber of deputies drew a great crowd to the house today. The galleries were packed and there was much excitement on the floor. The debate evidently was arousing great bitterness. M. Jares renewed his criticisms of the methods adopted to convict Dreyfus, asserting that after the Col. Henry incident the war office adopted the plan of using the incriminating letter which was falsely ascribed to Emperor William.

As M. Jares proceeded with his speech there was continuous interruptions and much disorder.

He closed with a demand that the government conduct an administrative investigation into the letter sent by Gen. Pelleux to M. Cavaignac when the latter was war minister in 1898.

Minister of War Andre declared the government proposed to seek the truth and confirmed the facts in connection with the Pelleux letter. Gen. Andre amid great excitement closed his remarks with an acceptance of the proposition to institute an administrative inquiry, which he added, would be connected with the assistance of certain judges.

Former Minister of War Cavaignac then demanded that he be heard and he proceeded to speak amid uproar and confusion.

KING GOES ABOARD YACHT.

Lisbon, April 7.—King Edward boarded the royal yacht Victoria and Albert today preparatory to his departure from Lisbon tonight for Gibraltar. The ceremony at his embarkation was the same as on his arrival here. King Edward and King Carlos received an ovation along the whole route followed. Their state barge was escorted by an enormous flotilla of boats filled with cheering people.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. P. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Ahbett.

LIFE SAVERS TO CONTEST.

London, April 7.—The life-saving society to which King Edward recently presented a handsome cup for international competition, has dispatched invitations to the leading amateur associations of the United States. Canada, European countries and the colonies to send representatives to compete in a contest of three swimming races for the cup. These are to be held in London, July 11 and 12. The country whose representatives makes the best score in all the contests will hold the cup for a year.

Talk this over with your doctor. If he says Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is all right for your hard cough, then take it. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PROMISE OF EASTER

Is For the Most Profitable Era of Our History.

Business Activity Increases Demand For Small Bills.

New York, April 8.—The floodtide of prosperity reached last year has shown no signs of recedence. On the contrary it seems setting more steadily outward and the most profitable era of our history is now an actuality.

The wave of prosperity which first manifested itself in feeble ripples as far back as 1896 has mounted higher and higher until during the past year it assumed the force and proportions of an overwhelming flood. At no other point has the industrial horizon been unclouded, and in fact American development has contributed some sustaining force to older European countries, industrial conditions of which would have been more disappointing but for the wonderful productive capacity and vast absorbing power of the United States.

To say that the present time is the best this country has ever experienced, while truthful enough in the main, does not suggest fully the enormous strides which the United States are now taking. Practically every branch of ordinary trade and manufacture shows an increase above the best of previous years, and yet this immense enlargement of output is not sufficient of itself to satisfy the growing, it might even be termed insatiable, demand for all kinds of materals. In many cases the usual foreign outlet for our products is, perforce, neglected by American producers, who confine their efforts to supplying insistent domestic output, with the result that new currents and channels are created in our foreign trade. Our export trade, therefore, shrinks, while our imports expand to unprecedented figures.

The present year is an extraordinary one with railroads. The earnings surpass the most sanguine expectations. The expenses have been large, not only because of improvements which have been made at the cost of operation, but principally because of the increased cost of materials and labor.

The present indications are that the large earnings of the last year will continue for the year to come. Indeed, it seems probable that they will increase. Crops have ben large, and yield more revenue to the railroads than they have yielded in several years past. The great demand for coal, for lumber, for manufactured goods and for merchandise continues, and is likely to continue. The large consumption of these things by the people of moderate means, and by day laborers, is bound to continue while the income or wages of these classes continues at its present rate. The earnings of railroads come from these classes, not from the rich. The increase in wages amounts in round numbers to an average of from 4 to 7 per cent.

The vast importance of mining and metallurgical industries of the United States may be appreciated when it is stated that the value of the output of mines and furnaces at the place of production reached a total of $1,500,000,000 in 1902, and that the rate of increase has kept up ever since. If we add to this cost of transportation, refining and working into finished forms, the value of the products finally placed upon the market is multiplied three times. The great sum named above represents only the value of the raw products, which are the basis of so many important industries.

The treasury has many evidences that affairs are now more active than ever before. The demand for small notes is constantly increasing. The bureau of engraving and printing is kept working night and day to meet the demands of redemption and issue, while one of the auditors of the treasury, who is engaged in the settlement of postoffice money order accounts finds it difficult to dispose of the great mass of money orders sent in for settlement, notwithstanding that his force has been largely increased by congressional action.

A glimpse in the retail stores shows us that this increase of national wealth is soon distributed by the spending classes. The reign of luxury and extravagance which has set in in New York, and which doubtless is duplicated in other American centers, is almost striking enough to appear a mania.

Some of the older fashioned shoppers are, it is true, astounded at the prices paid for articles intended for presents, but that makes little difference, as the wealthy seem even disposed to run to still greater excesses in the way of prices than those indulged in, were it possible.

Some of the prices quoted by flippant saleswomen and clerks are named as nonchalantly as if cents were mentioned instead of dollars.

The proprietors of some of these stores say that it seems as if many people had more money than they know what to do with and were anxious to part with it. These plethoric-pursed individuals never wince however high the prices chance to climb, although such prices would have staggered buyers only a few years ago.

Enquiries in some of the fashionable department stores by a "shopper" recently developed some interesting figures.

At one of these a handsome royal porcelain set, selling pretty freely, was quoted gilbly at $6000. At another $50 was suggested as a cheap figure for a darling of a baby's bib! Seventy-five-dollar umbrellas are common, but a good article was offered for $500, while fans worth $1000 were found without difficulty.

ANOTHER MOVE

By the Packers to Mislead the Public.

New York, April 7.—Those who are conversant with the "beef trust" situation confidently asserted today that the "United States Packing company," which has just increased its capital stock at from $1,000,000 to $4,000,000 is merely another motive of the great western interests of Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and Nelson, Morris & Co., meant as a blind to mislead the public until they are ready to announce their merger plans.

It is the belief of the state corporation bureau at Trenton that the provisions of the amendment charter of the beef trust will stand a judicial test. The section prohibiting stockholders from examining the books of the United States Packing company, except as they relate to their own shares of stock, is identical with a section of a recently amended charter of the Carnegie Steel company, both following a recent decision of the supreme court.

DECADENCE OF LONDON SOCIETY

Is Assailed By Truth In a Very Scathing Article.

London, April 8.—Truth continues to assail the decadence of London society. This week it bitterly denounces the ladies and gentlemen of society who, for money, introduce rich parvenues into society or take commission for touting wine, groceries, cigars and tailors. Truth declares: "The bitterest enemies of the ladies and gentlemen in society could not accuse the majority of them of being one or the other. Shopkeepers sell their goods, society people sell their friends. The following advertisements in London newspapers deserve more attention than they have received:

"'Lady of title, moving in the best society, is prepared to introduce lady of means to a luxurious home in the West End. Carriages kept. Terms must be liberal. Highest references furnished and demanded.'

"'Well known titled lady is willing to chaperon colonial or American lady. Would instruct one unaccustomed to the habits and behavior of good society. Liberal terms required.'

"'Lady member of one of the oldest country families, having a beautiful place in the country, would receive a young lady during the winter months, introducing her to the society of the neighborhood. Good hunting, hospitable country, unique opportunity.'

"'West End dressmaker, desiring to extend her business, desires to meet a lady in society who would influence business. Liberal commission offered. Strictest confidence may be relied on.'

"'Old established firm of wine merchants desires obtaining West End orders. High commission. Young ladies and gentlemen introducing business wanted.'

"'Noblemen or gentlemen of position in society able to influence capital in large sum, wanted by an old firm. Liberal commission.'

"'Young lady, rich, desires to spend the season in London and be introduced to the best society. Willing to pay handsomely for services rendered. Secrecy guaranteed.'"

Truth, commenting on the advertisements, says:

"Not content with selling worthless shares, bad horses, impure wines, unsmokable cigars, the ladies and gentlemen of the day, apparently sell each other to middle-class aspirants for social distinction and tradesmen. They complain their servants take commissions and accept commissions themselves. Our selling society is a combination of touts for all tradesmen. That explains why society has become the object of such general pursuit. It is the only gentlemanly profession left, now that competitive examinations bar the way to offices and sinecures under the crown."

Truth violates no secret in stating that notables in society and at court give their services for money. The fees are well known. Dozens of titled women eagerly jump at the opportunity to chaperon rich American women and colonials.

An American woman well known in London society has been suspected for years of accepting money for introducing rich American girls into society and procuring presentation at court. Her business is so well known that society accepts it as a matter of course. Hundreds of English aristocrats, so poor that they have lost all pride, are willing to do almost anything to earn money. The competition in the introduction of business has become so intense that several London women advertise anonymously for rich clients in New York, Chicago and Boston papers.

EASTER MORNING

At the Graves of the Lepers In Surinam, Dutch Guiana, S. A.

By REV. HENRY T. WEISS.

(Superintendent of Bethesda, The Protestant Leper Home, and Missionary in charge. Present address, 12 Church street, Bethlehem, Pa.)

It is 5 o'clock in the morning. Over the tall trees of the forest on the opposite side of the Surinam river shines the constellation of the majestic Southern cross. Myriads of stars move along in their silent course. Also in the cottages of Bethesda, the leper village, all is still. Only from one of these cottages is heard a cry of distress, the cry of an unfortunate inmate approaching his dissolution.

6:30 a. m.—Dull burn the few lamps in the chapel of the lepers in which, during the last weeks, they have so often gathered in order, in spirit, to follow their suffering Saviour on his dolorous road to Golgatha's cross.

Quietly the congregation awaits the arrival of the missionary. Now he enters with the joyful Easter greeting: "The Lord is risen!" The lepers arise responding with the words: "He is risen indeed!" and triumphantly the words sound forth in the Easter night:

Hail, all hail, victorious Lord and Saviour!
Thou hast burst the bonds of death;
Grant us, as to Mary, that great favor,
To embrace thy feet in faith.
Thou hast in our stead the curse endured,
And for us eternal life procured,
Joyful, we with one accord,
Hail Thee, as our risen Lord.

The lepers now all pass out, in mute procession, into the starlit night, to the last resting place of the dead. Silently they move along, each one absorbed in his own thoughts.

On the edge of the forest, in dark outline, rises a cross from among the tall grass. They have now reached the peaceful grave yard of the leper colony. No high monuments of brass or stone adorn this resting place of the dead. No kneeling angels guard the graves of the sleepers. In vain would you seek even the simplest grave stone. The giant trees of the primeval forest stand here like a death watch. The waves of the Surinam river murmur a funeral dirge to the departed.

"I am the resurrection and the life! Whosoever believeth in me shall live though he were dead!" Thus sound the words of life and hope over the lowly mounds of earth.

Now rises, on the opposite shore, above the woods, the fiery orb of day. His beams tremble through the thick foliage of the primeval forest, they plunge into the current of the stream, they illumine the cottages where pain and suffering dwell, they surround with fleeting luster, the cross on the field of death.

Struck by the wind the tall grass surges up and down—like a crystal sea—and the lowlands far and wide glisten and sparkle with heavy dew in the bright Easter morning light.

The company of cripples, men, women and children, all clad in spotless white, surround the graves of their former companions and friends, whose long path of suffering has ended here. Not far from these Christian lepers a large number of heathen Coolis listen to their Easter hymn of rejoycing:

Jesus lives! henceforth is death
But the gate of life immortal;
This shall calm my trembling breath,
When I pass its gloomy portal;
Faith shall cry, as fails each sense,
Lord, thou art my confidence.

The hymn has perceptibly moved the swarthy sons from India's pearly strand as the expression on their faces would indicate. Leaning on his staff, bent forward, Buddha's priest looks down to the earth. He seems, at this moment, to feel something like a longing for Heaven and he is conscious that One who is invisible to the human eye, yet omnipresent, is here passing through the groups of Christian lepers and that He is mightier than Buddha.

The hymn has died away. The Christian congregation unites in prayer to the risen Prince of Life.

Those, among the lepers whose hands still remain, reverently fold them. The others cross their crippled members, while the Coolis place their arms over their breasts. The missionary in his prayer remembers the departed, he commends the living of this village of exiles from home and kindred, to the heart of the Allcompassionate Saviour. He asks that an Easter blessing may descend upon the heathen peoples who still dwell in darkness and the shadow of death—far from the Easter light and hope. When the Amen has been pronounced the lepers extend to each other, over the graves of the departed, their crippled hands, during the singing of the well known hymn:

We who here together are assembled,
Joining hearts and hands in one,
Bind ourselves with love that's undissembled,
Christ to love and serve alone:
Oh, may our imperfect songs and praises
Be well-pleasing unto Thee, Lord Jesus:
Say, "My peace I leave with you:"
Amen, amen, be it so.

Now they return to their cottages, the homeless exiles who, under Golgatha's cross, have found the way to their Father's home on high and peace on earth. Across their scarred and disfigured visages passes a beam of Easter joy. They know that God's messenger will some day approach their couch of suffering and gently bear them away from this valley of corruption into the land of the redeemed from many nations, where dwell the saints in light.

In your Easter joy, kind reader, will you not also remember the poor, crippled lepers of Bethesda? Your helping hand and sympathy is needed in order to extend the work. There are still thousands of lepers in Surinam who cannot turn to Bethesda for shelter because there is no room for them. Many there are who are anxious to come and be tenderly cared for, to find rest here and the shadow of the cross of Calvary. In the lepers' farewell letter to us they wrote: "As it is only love for us that prompts you to cross the sea, He will crown your labors with success; for where love is the compelling power, the Lord will command a blessing."

CUTLERY GRINDING

We grind everything in the way of cutlery—knives, shears, razors, surgical instruments, clippers, etc.

F. L. Stoddard,
107 Lake Ave. South.
Barbers' Supplies and Cutlery.

The practice of taking a tonic in the Springtime is too time-honored to need justification. The herb tea brewed by our grandmothers, and administered to young and old alike, was a homely effort to combat the humors which poison the blood at the end of the winter season. The decoction had a nauseous taste but the effect was beneficial. The same need exists today and medical science has improved upon the treatment.

The feeling of weakness, depression and feebleness from which you suffer is debilitating and dangerous. It affects you both mentally and physically, for the blood feeds the brain as well as the body. You cannot think clearly nor act vigorously. Your blood is sluggish, impure, vitiated. You need a renovation of the entire system—you need

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

It is none too early to begin now. Get a box from your druggist today. Take one pill after each meal. To be sure you don't forget, have the box placed at your plate at table. Remember that the pills are NOT A CATHARTIC. If you need a laxative buy five cents' worth of compound licorice powder and take a teaspoonful at bed time to stir up your liver, but don't take, regularly, for a tonic, any preparation that physics and weakens you. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength from the first dose. You begin to feel vigorous, the dull lassitude disappears, your step becomes elastic and your eyes brighten, pimples and eruptions disappear and you know that your veins are filling with good, red blood. For your encouragement, we print a few statements of cures that we have personally investigated and know to be trustworthy:

Impure Blood.

"Last spring," says Walter Haines, of No. 1006 Broad street, Providence, R. I., "I was made miserable by the appearance of boils all over my body. They pained me a great deal and nothing I took did me any good until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I suffered with these eruptions for months and the doctors did not seem able to help me. They said my trouble was caused by impurities in the blood. Then Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me and I tried them with the result that in a short time the boils were all driven away and I was cured. I am glad to recommend this remedy to all whose blood is not as it should be."

Nervous and Sleepless.

Mrs. Mary Lee, of No. 226 Water street, Eau Claire, Wis., says: In the spring of 1896 the effects of over work, which had been telling upon me for some time, caused a general breaking down of my health. I became very nervous, with severe headaches and dizzy spells and had such agonizing pains across the chest that I could not raise my arms without undergoing horrible tortures. I could not sleep for more than an hour at a time, I felt worn out and all my ambition was gone. After I had been in this condition for five years, my mother, who lives in Allenford, Ont., recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I began taking them, and, although my case was a stubborn one, in a short time I was better, and in four months I was entirely cured. It always gives me pleasure to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to any who suffer as I did for I know this medicine will help them."

Feared Consumption.

"I was going into an unnatural decline," says Mrs. Charles Lavigne, of No. 1317 Third avenue, Detroit, Mich. "I was weak and thin, nervous and without appetite, took cold easily and was afraid of consumption. I could not sleep, I was always tired and worn out, color all went away and I felt miserable. Good doctors treated me but failed to do me any good and I was discouraged of ever getting better till a friend told me of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I began to take them and kept on till I had used three boxes. By that time I was an entirely different person. The nervousness had all gone, I could eat and sleep, I gained in weight and felt strong and well. My friends began to remark on the color in my cheeks and I told them Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done it and had restored me to health. That was several years ago but from that day to this I have retained my health and strength."

Rheumatism Cured.

After suffering nearly half her lifetime with rheumatism, Mrs. Jenett E. Hart, of Sea Bright, Calif., now past seventy years of age, was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She says:

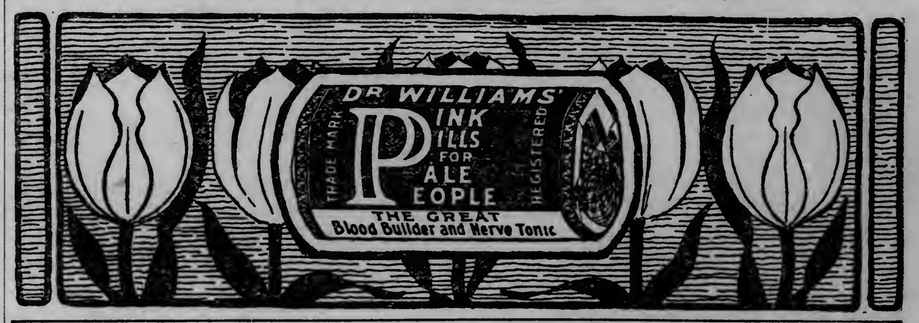
"I began to suffer with rheumatism thirty-five years ago and nothing that I tried seemed to help me. It grew worse and worse until I was badly crippled with it. Sometimes it was so severe that I had to take to my bed. About a year ago an article in the paper induced me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I could notice a change for the better by the time I had taken the first box. Five boxes cured me and I have had no return of the trouble since. I can work and sew and get around as well as many a woman much younger than myself. I am now over seventy years and I firmly believe that Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People are the cause of my being so well."

A Tonic that is also a Specific.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a powerful blood builder and spinal tonic and they embody Dr. Williams' wonderful discovery—a principle in medicine that attacks the root of disease, not the symptoms. They have cured cases of rheumatism, anemia, indigestion, nervousness and partial paralysis that have not yielded to ordinary treatment. If you are suffering from any disease of the blood or nerves, write us and we will convince you, by the most absolute proof, that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are

Not Like Ordinary Medicines.

The genuine are sold only in boxes bearing the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. At all druggists, or sent postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.



INFANT'S BODY FOUND.

Probably Explains Mysterious Death of a Woman.

Mount Sterling, Ill., April 7.—The body of an infant was found concealed in a trunk in the Tinnin hotel here, as the result of an investigation by the police into the death of Lizzie Phleiger, an employe of the hotel. Physicians declare that the child was born two weeks ago, and was placed in the trunk a short time after its birth.

Miss Phleiger had been ill for several weeks, but had no medical attention until the last few days. Late Sunday night she died.

The coroner became suspicious and ordered an investigation. The jury returned a verdict that the girl came to her death from septic poisoning caused by the birth of a child. A further investigation was made by the authorities, who found the child in a trunk on the back porch of the hotel. The proprietor, his wife, and all of the employes of the hotel were closely questioned, but were unable to throw any light on the case.

There is great excitement here over the discovery, and the authorities have announced that they will probe the case more deeply.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in Ten to Sixty Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—21.

HISTORICAL

Dsler Number

ATONAHAN

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used

GOLD DUST

It **Multiplies**—your pleasures; **Divides**—your efforts; **Subtracts**—from your cares; **Adds**—to your life.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

LINCOLN'S OLD CAR

To Be Used By President Roosevelt to Speak From.

Dilapidated Carrier Which Frequently Bore the Great Emancipator.

Omaha, Neb., April 7.—When the presidential train rolls into the Union depot at Omaha and President Roosevelt steps to the rear to make a short speech to the waiting crowds, he will be escorted from his own palatial coach to a side track on which will stand an old, dilapidated, half broken-down passenger car, devoid of paint and weather beaten, from whose platform he will say a few words in answer to the address of welcome of the mayor.

But around every plank and board of that old car hangs the memory of a martyr. During the first two years it was in commission more prominent men traveled in that car than in any other one on the face of the earth. It was the private car of Abraham Lincoln from early in 1864 until its owner's death the following year. And after having carried the president through his travels during his life, it was fitting that the old car should carry his martyred body to its resting place at Springfield, Ill. And so, on April 21, the sad journey was begun. Up through Philadelphia to New York and westward, passing through many state capitals and many more large cities, the car bore its burden, making many stops, that the nation should have the opportunity of showing its love and veneration for its great dead, until Springfield was reached on May 3. On the following day the coffin lid was closed for last time and the car, ever afterwards to be known as the "Lincoln car," was reverently shunted to a side track in the railroad yards at Springfield, where it remained until the war closed.

At the close of the war much government material was auctioned. The Lincoln car was included. The Union Pacific railroad, just being built and practically owing its existence to Mr. Lincoln, saved the car from destruction and purchased the historic relic.

When first constructed the car was the acme of railroad coach work and was the superior of anything in its line. But when placed beside the Roosevelt train, the vast strides made in railroads will be shown as perhaps never before. Originally divided into three compartments opening into a narrow hall way extending the entire length, the car was lined throughout with quarter-inch steel plates, making it bullet proof. This was thought necessary since Mr. Lincoln used this car in all of his travels from Washington to the army posts he visited. The car was upholstered and padded with rich crimson corded silk, and the president's room was decorated with panels on which the coats-of-arms of the different states were painted.

After the car passed into the possession of the Union Pacific it was used by Sydney Dillon, then head of the road, as a private car for himself and the directors of the road. At that time Indian and outlaw attacks on the overland trains often occurred, and the armored car was used as a protection against both the white and red marauders. It served its purpose for several years until all danger of these attacks were past, after which the car was brought to Omaha and a special house erected for it in the Union Pacific shops.

During the World's fair at Chicago, and again at the trans-Mississippi exposition at Omaha, the historic car was placed on exhibition, and attracted much attention.

Since the last exposition the old car has been taken out of the shed and has gone to wrack and ruin very fast. At the present time scarcely a vestige of its old splendor remains.

But from its hallowed platform, from the very spot from which so often the first Republican president addressed the people, will Mr. Roosevelt make his initial bow as president to the people of the trans-Mississippi country.

The old car will scarcely hold together many more years, and will probably soon be dismantled and relegated to the scrap heap. But as long as it holds together it will carry dear memories to millions of Americans.

THE FAIR CASE.

Witness Says That Mr. Fair Died First.

New York, April 7.—Evidence was given today by a witness who says he saw the automobile accident near Paris, France, last August, which resulted in the death of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair. The statement was made to a referee in a suit instituted by Mrs. Fair's mother, Anna Nelson, and other relatives to recover from Mrs. Theresa Oelrichs and Mrs. Virginia Vanderbilt, sisters of Mr. Fair, a large portion of the Fair estate.

It is contended that Mrs. Fair lived after her husband. The suit is expected to determine also whether an agreement to settle the estate by the payment of $250,000 shall be cancelled.

Lucien Mass, of Paris, testified that he witnessed the accident and that when he reached the scene Mr. Fair was "absolutely lifeless," but that Mrs. Fair was breathing. He noticed a nervous contraction of her face and hands.

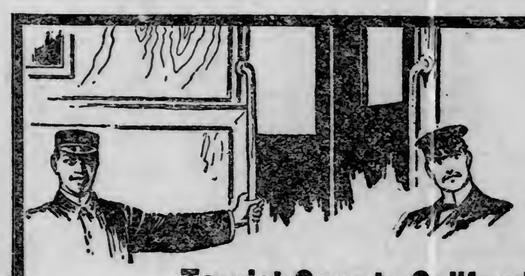
Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

Western North Carolina In the Spring.

Western North Carolina is attractive at any season of the year, but certainly during the spring months, when the trees are budding and the flowers blossoming; what could be more inviting than a trip to this beautiful mountain country.

The months of April and May in the Land of the Sky and Sapphire country, including Asheville and Hot Springs, N. C., are very enjoyable. The climate at this season is delightful, the scenery most beautiful, and the opportunities for the enjoyment of sport, including golf, cannot be surpassed.

The hotels in this region afford the very best accommodations. If you wish to know something of this delightful region, communicate with your nearest ticket agent, or address G. B. Allen, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.



Tourist Cars to California

Which do you prefer—to go to California in 3¾ days via the El Paso-Rock Island route, or to take 4½ days and see the glorious mountain scenery of Colorado and Utah? It is for you to decide.

Rock Island tourist sleepers are operated over both routes—three times a week from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Los Angeles and San Francisco, via El Paso; once a week to San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Colorado Springs.

Cars are the best of their kind—as clean as newly minted dollars; good ventilation; same bedding as standard sleepers.

Folder mailed on request. Tickets, berths and full information at any railroad ticket office, or by addressing R. G. BROWN, G. N. W. A., 322 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis.

Rock Island System

FAMINE IN FINLAND

All Reports Concerning the Unhappy Conditions Are Confirmed.

Trip of the Christian Herald Famine Relief Expedition.

Kajama, Northern Finland, March 10.—The members of the Christian Herald famine relief expedition, who just arrived in sledges at this little town on the top of the world, are the first Americans ever seen in this part of the czar's empire in winter. Never before, indeed, has an American traversed Northern Finland at this season of the year. We are now several days distant by sled from the railroad, at the very heart of the sorest spot in the famine-stricken districts of the country called in Finnish, Suomi, the land of many lakes.

The party is headed by Dr. Louis Klopsch, proprietor of the New York Christian Herald, through whose efforts a large sum of money has been collected from benevolent Americans for the starving of Finland.

He is making this hard and trying trip—though the conditions of travel are such that a midwinter journey through the Klondike is a midsummer's night's dream by comparison—for the purpose of studying the actual needs and methods of relief among the distressed peasantry and reporting the conditions as they really are, for the benefit of those who have contributed to the various relief funds that are being raised throughout the United States.

He is accompanied by Dr. J. N. Reuter, of the Helsingfors university, representing the Finnish central relief committee; Robert Allopaeus, superintendent of the government industrial schools, and by the writer. The party has already traveled over 200 miles in sledges over frozen lakes and rivers, from one forest town to another, sometimes cutting their way through fields of virgin snow, again pushing ahead on skis to reach the more remote cottages where starvation lurks. Ten, fifteen and twenty miles must oftentimes be traveled between two neighboring cottages. With the thermometer ever and ever far below zero, and the snow gale driven like the sands of the desert, it is manifestly true that such a journey is a test of physical endurance and of Job-like patience.

The night may be passed in the sled in the open, or in a post-house where the air is stifling. The sled racks the body and makes the bones ache, but the post-house plays havoc far worse. The post-house beds are at least a foot too short for the normal man, the supply of water for bathing might possibly satisfy a Laplander, and the air has not been renewed since the house was built. With four in a room 8 by 12 feet, where the windows are hermetically sealed and nailed down and boarded up, it is obvious that a Finnish post-house has not great attractions for the traveler from the West. Coffee is the only good thing that characterizes these lonely Finnish inns, for it is principally in the matter of coffee that the Finn is intemperate. This is one of the reasons, indeed, that relief to the starving Finnish peasant must be given in work rather than in cash. For to his own detriment he will spend the cash for coffee.

The party carries its own supply of provisions—an absolute necessity in a section where all the peasantry have subsisted for months on hunger bread dipped in salt water. Such are the general facts pertaining to the fur-wrapped, fur-booted and fur-capped party which emerged from the forest depths tonight after many days spent in driving from villages where the suffering was bad indeed, to villages where the suffering was even worse. Kajana, a town of 1200 souls, and the center of the famine in Finland, is decidedly as an oasis to this particular relief party. For here for the time being is a good inn, a little fresh food, and some of the comforts of civilization.

It should be stated here that in the course of the observations and investigations which we have made thus far, all the reports published in America concerning famine conditions in this most unhappy land, have been fully corroborated. And more, I can state positively that the conditions are even far worse than were ever reported, that the famine is spread over a greater area and more persons are affected than previous meager information had led us to believe, that the suffering is actually increasing in intensity, and, more important than all, that the worst is yet to come in April and May, the critical period when the great thaw begins. For then the roads are unpassable and the peasants' houses absolutely inaccessible, and hence utterly cut off from relief.

Three months ago the civilized world was startled by news of distress and starvation in a land almost wholly unknown outside of Europe.

Americans, especially, know little about the Finnish people, the general idea among even the educated classes being that the Finns were akin to the Eskimos and Lapps, without religion, or culture, or literature or learning.

With the news of a famine in Finland, however, more newspaper space was devoted to the Finns in a few days than had been published in all the preceding years. It was shown then that Finland was the most progressive province in the czar's empire, that education was compulsory throughout the land, that religion as an institution was second in importance only to state institutions, that for centuries the Finns were a people born, bred, married and buried according to the doctrines of Luther, abiding in the Lutheran faith as the foundation of character and morals and right living; that in culture and art the Finns held a place equal to that of Sweden, and hence that such a people were worthy of the help of all nations in the time of their dire distress, when especially the women and little children were threatened with death by starvation.

The first cry of woe from the far Northland was heard around the world, but no country heeded it so far as to elicit a response in the form of proposals for help save America. It was natural that people in the United States should be the first to listen attentively to Finland's wail of distress, for toward America flows the great tide of emigration from Suomi. Through the hospitable Ellis island gates to free America, 170,000 Finns have entered the land of freedom, principally young men who have sought to better their material lives and that of their children by flying from the land overhung by the shadow of despotism, and seeking an asylum where the light of liberty ever shines. These Finnish immigrants, many of them, become naturalized Americans, received letters from the old folks at home in Finland, wherein was writ appalling stories of whole districts without food, of homes where the last bit of bread had been consumed, and of a kind of reign of terror among the peasantry induced by the hovering spectre of starvation that had come like a thief in the night and stolen all happiness alike from farm house and peasant hut. Those letters the Finns in America gave to the press, and they were printed simultaneously with letters direct from Finland setting forth the sad conditions in the provinces where the crops had failed.

With the facts before them and confronted by the urgent need for help, it was a foregone conclusion that the American people, in the fullness of their sympathy, would respond with dollars as well as with tears. But to whom should such relief money be sent? A central channel of distribution was an imperative necessity. This want was at once supplied by the Christian Herald, of New York. The proprietor of this paper, Dr. Louis Klopsch, printed an appeal setting forth all the facts and statistics relating to the famine in Finland, and impressing the benevolent people of America with the urgent need of help. Dr. Klopsch printed this appeal not only in his own paper, but in every prominent religious journal in the country. The result was that the Christian Herald famine fund grew day by day at the rate of $1000 a day, increasing to $2000 daily, and finally to $8000. The total of the fund sent to the central relief committee at Helsingfors already amounts to $70,000.

Dr. Klopsch had done the same thing for Russia, for Cuba, for India, for China, for Porto Rico, for Armenia and for other lands in times when there was a dearth of food, gaining thus for himself a reputation as an international philanthropist, giving of his purse in each instance and calling upon others to give of their abundance when such help was most needed, and that instantly. In this, his life work, Dr. Klopsch has in ten years raised more than $2,000,000, all for the famine-stricken, regardless of nationality or creed. At various times he has visited the land so distressed in person, making such visits notably to Russia, to Cuba and to India. It was in such a cause and with the purpose of informing himself personally regarding conditions in the land which he called upon the American people to help, that he journeyed to Finland and made the arduous trip through the frozen North where the hideous figure of Want sits upon the doorstep of each and every cottage awaiting its victims. The Finnish press is united in conceding that the aid that came from America has saved thousands of Finnish peasants from the torture unto death that comes of starvation.

The chief divisions of the Finnish peasantry are the farmers, who are land owners, and the tenant farmers. It is among the latter that the suffering is most acute. For two weeks we have visited the homes of tenant farmers, and in every case the sight of misery and the story of want has been the same. A description of our experiences in a few of these homes, therefore, is thoroughly typical of all such homes throughout the famine area of Finland.

I recall one such home not far from here, where we found five children alone, the eldest 10, the youngest 3. They were motherless and for days had been also fatherless. For the father was away traveling about the country on skis, looking for work. He had been gone three or four days and upon the eldest child, a girl, devolved the care of her four brothers and sisters. We stepped into this home of unhappy childhood, and came to a sudden pause, so appalling was the picture of misery. Imagine a log hut, of one room, not larger than the log cabins of our own poor whites in the South, but with a ceiling too low for ordinary man to stand upright, and containing absolutely nothing in the way of furniture save a rude table, a few rough hewn kitchen utensils, and a bench along one side. On that bench as we entered sat the five children. Did they evince childish criosity at our intrusion? Nay! There they sat and stared, like so many little statues of grief, their young spirit deadened by the pang or that peculiar form of hunger that comes of eating the same food week after week, and month after month. And such food! Simply the brack bread from flour furnished by the relief committee. The bread was as hard as pumice. To soften it they dipped it in hot water, making a kind of gruel. This black bread, or committee bread, is superior to hunger bread, is nutritious in a small degree and at the most contains no deleterious ingredient. But imagine, if you can, living for months on absolutely nothing but this selfsame bread. These five children had actually subsisted entirely on this bread since October. On a pole over the stone fire place were suspended now five loaves of the committee bread, the only food in that home, but yet forming a raft of safety on the waters of life for the five children. Even for the 3-year boy there was no milk, for the cow had long ago been sold. His stomach, like those of the others, was distended abnormally, as the result of starvtion diet. The single room was at once their parlor, bedchamber, dining room and kitchen. When evening came they had no candle, not even a little petroleum for the tiny tin lamp. So with the coming of darkness they huddled around the fire on the stone hearth, the bare floor their bed, for even the straw had been sold. By day this room was their playhouse—though it is difficult to associate play with a childhood that has had glee frozen within the marrow, with a childhood upon whose life laughter has ceased as utterly as upon the life of old age. Yet these children had one plaything. It lay on the window sill, a tiny home-made rag doll, the sole evidence of childish things in this stricken home. They had a single pair of boots among them. When one went abroad into the snow, that one wore the boots, and the others must await his return with the family boots, or venture forth at peril of frozen toes.

Many such scenes we have witnessed in peasant huts, but the case just described is sufficient to typify the lot of Finnish childhood throughout the famine area.

We placed money on their table. They simply stared with their stone faces—such old faces. We carried in a dozen loaves. Still they said nothing, seeming to stare past us into an infinitude of suffering, as if hope had died even in the breast of childhood. It was apparent that the significance of the relief we had brought them would not reach their consciousness until after our departure.

It should be explained that we always carried a sled-ful of bread and left a number of loaves at each cottage. Sometimes we chanced upon homes wherein the last crumb had been consumed, the mother and father having gone forth in search of work. In such instances our loaves came just in the nick of time. In every stricken home also finnish marks were left where they would be found after we had driven away.

Such are the general facts relating to the famine in Finland. As are the conditions in the home specifically mentioned above, so are the conditions in 40,000 other homes scattered over an area as large as half the state of California, at least a quarter of a million persons being affected. From where I can write, I can peer through a window out upon a scene of dazzling whiteness, all illumined by the wide-spreading flames of the Aurora Boreadis. This great torch of heaven made of a thousand thousand rainbows, reveals to the citizens of Kajana a number of outlying cottages where insidious starvation knaws at the vitals of those within. While the incandescence of the northern light imparts a majesty to the scene assisting the imagination to grasp the significance of its revelation of the suffering of those who hath not, a mournful sound suddenly comes out of the vast silence. It is the sound of human voices, male voices singing in unison one of the melancholy folklore songs of the North. The young men of Kajana, are serenading the Americans. The young men of Kajana, through the medium of the national custom, are singing their thanks to the whole American nation for the aid given their people in time of direst need. And the song of the youth of Kjan tonight is the song of all Finland to the people of the United States, the song of gratitude felt deep in the heart of every Finn.

GILSON WILLETS.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

For Neuralgia
For Headache
For Pain in the Side.

Bathe the affected parts freely with the Liniment, at the same time take a small teaspoonful in sugar and hot water. In severe cases of Neuralgia apply flannol cloths wrung out in hot water.

A bottle of Hinkley's Bone Liniment is a regular medicine chest in itself, because it contains a cure for every pain. It penetrates to the very bone when applied externally, and when taken internally it suffuses the whole system with vigorous warmth and healing. It is the grandest medicine in the world. Sold everywhere, 25c, 50c, and $1.00 per bottle.

WILLIAM PORTER

Denies the Charge of Killing His Father.

Peoria, Ill., April 7.—William Porter, the 25-year-old son of John Porter, who was killed in the basement of the high school building Thursday, was arrested and will be held by the police pending an investigation.

It is claimed that the father and son had quarreled bitterly a week ago concerning fast company the young man was keeping and that the father told William he would either have to reform or leave home.

At the coroner's inquest the wife of the deceased and his oldest son testified that William was at home in bed during the entire evening and a strong alibi was proved.

The affair is the most mysterious the local police have ever encountered and grows even darker as they endeavor to penetrate it.

Said One Woman to Another

"Queer, isn't it, what creatures of habit we women are? We get in the habit of doing certain things and keep on doing them year after year, even when we have been told time and time again of a better way."

And so it is. Take for example soda crackers, or biscuit, probably there isn't a woman in the land who wouldn't say she knew all about **Uneeda Biscuit,** but as a matter of fact millions of women know nothing about them, or they would never again buy loose soda crackers in a paper bag.

When soda crackers are packed the ordinary way every cracker must be handled several times before it leaves the bakery. When the cracker box reaches the grocer, he, of course, uncovers it, the air and dust and flies get in and destroy the crispness and flavor of the crackers. Every time there is a call for crackers they must be handled again and again.

Every woman knows the above to be true, for she has seen it over and over again. Why then does anyone continue to buy crackers in this way?

It is not the price, for **Uneeda Biscuit** are only 5 cents.

It is not a question of taste, because everyone likes **Uneeda Biscuit.**

It is habit—simply habit.

Every woman by this time ought to know the advantages of buying **Uneeda Biscuit.** They are baked in the cleanest of bakeries, under the most rigid system of cleanliness and care. When they come from the oven they are immediately packed in In-er-seal Packages, an airtight, germ and moisture proof covering, which not only protects them from contamination, but actually preserves their original flavor until the package is opened.

Economy, cleanliness, healthfulness and delicacy are all found in **Uneeda Biscuit** in In-er-seal Package with red and white seal, and every careful housewife ought to know these facts, and knowing them should insist on having **Uneeda Biscuit.**

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Anna G. Codding, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alexander Macrae, Mary Hines, and George C. Wallace and William E. Cave, executors of Benjamin H. Wisdom, deceased, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree made, entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court for St. Louis county, Minnesota, in the above entitled action, on the 20th day of March, 1903, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis county, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the fifteenth (15th) day of May, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and hereinafter described, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment and decree, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis county, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The northerly one-half of lots numbered fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block five (5), in Norton's division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated April 1st, 1903.
W. A. BUTCHART,
As sheriff of St. Louis Co., Minn.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Duluth Evening Herald—April 1-8-15-22-29, May 6, 1903.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
George L. Patterson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Willmar Patterson, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh Judicial District, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office at 807-808 Torrey building, in Duluth, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated February 16th, 1903.
W. G. BONHAM,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—March 4-11-18-25, April 1-8, 1903.

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A PASSION PLAY

To Be Presented By British Columbia Indian Tribes.

With New Resurrection Tableaux By the Christian Converts.

Victoria, B. C., April 8.—What will probably be the most unique celebration of Easter in the world this season is planned by the Seechelt Indians to take place in the Chilliwack Valley, on the banks of the Fraser river.

For the past eight or nine years a number of converts of this tribe of Indians, under the careful training of the Right Rev. Bishop Dontenwill, have performed an Americanized version of the Oberammergau Passion Play.

The novelty of the performance this year will be the addition of tableaux representing the Resurrection which it has been decided to add as giving a measure of relief to the more sombre passages of the Passion Play.

The devout spirit with which the Indians enter into the portrayal of the scenes of Passion week is one of the most remarkable manifestations of the depth and grasp of Indian character.

There will be Indians from Shuswap, Fort Douglas, Thompson Lillooet, Tiadamen, Seechelt, Squamish, Cowichan Lumni and other tribes, gathered from far and near, and each one, from "tenass" (Indian of tender years) to the wrinkled old man and old klootchman of ninety "snows" will have a personal interest in the successful outcome of the presentation of the sacred story of Calvary's agony. Some of these Indians will come by canoe, steamer and train hundreds of miles, and because of the call of their beloved Bishop for the great gathering at Skwa, where a week of religious celebration culminating in the Passion Play will be held.

Bishop Dontenwill will arrive four days before the presentation of the play via the Canadian Pacific railroad and river steamer Minto, down the Harrison and Fraser to Chilliwack, and here at the landing he will be met by a monster procession of wagons, all gayly decorated, with long lines of Indians carrying flags and accompanied by eight bands, and in great eclat will be escorted to the village, where he will be lodged, together with the other missionaries there gathered in the house of the chief of the Stahlos.

Processions will be held to the little cemetery and requiem masses will be sung for the repose of the soul of the late Bishop Durieu. High masses will be celebrated, and the days of the week spent by the devout Indians in religious exercises until Saturday afternoon, when the Passion Play will begin.

The presentation of the Passion Play by the British Columbia Indians does not compare with that of Oberammergau in its elaborateness, but in the beautiful simplicity of its actors and their earnest conviction and piety, such as religious faith alone can inspire, the portrayal in this quaint village is more impressive. It is not with these simple children of nature as with the peasants of Oberammergau, who now have allowed the money element to ruin the simplicity of their portrayal of the agony of Calvary. The Indians are at the stage where the people of Oberammergau were a hundred years ago, and their work is alone for the Master and comes from the heart.

The first presentation of the Passion Play by the British Columbia Indians was given in 1892, when the portrayal took place at the mission, but that it was not nearly so impressive or beautiful in detail as was last year's performance.

On this occasion it was afternoon when the great gathering of natives, over three thousand in all, took their places for the procession. The actors, numbering over one hundred, emerged from the pavilion all garbed for participation in the tableaux. Quickly they group themselves, and in very short order are standing immobile as statues in the bright sun arranged as tableaux representative of the scenes of the Passion.

Seeing his tribesmen in place, Father Chirouse raises his hand, and then swells from the great gathering the solemn chanting of the Latin hymn "O, Cross, Our Only Hope," as they march out from the square to the extreme lines of the village, and there, hidden by the intervening houses, march on, singing and praying, until they enter the square again at the other end. The effect of the chanting is weird and startling in its impressiveness, for the procession of devotees forms a circle around the village a mile or more in length.

One moment their chanting can be heard close at hand and then far away, rising and falling. The foothills, rolling away off to where great Chean Peak raises its head, give back echoes of their chant, and the very air seems filled with murmuring of the sweetest melodies.

The first tableau reached by the slowly marching procession of worshippers represents our Lord kneeling in the Garden of Gethsemane, surrounded by His three sleeping Apostles. In the next Judas is seen in the act of betraying Him.

Then Jesus is seen standing before Pilate, the background filled with soldiery. Next comes a most realistic picture of the crowning with thorns, the soldiers being shown pressing down the cruel thorns upon the Master's brow. From that picture the chanting procession passes on to where Pilate is shown holding forth the Savior, pointing to His bleeding brow, where the thorns are cutting into the flesh, and saying "Ecce Homo"—("Behold the Man.").

The fall of Jesus beneath the weighty cross and the subsequent meeting with his sorrowing mother form the succeeding tableaux, followed by a portrayal of St. Veronica wiping the face of Jesus. Then are seen the sorrowful Jewish women gathered before the Christ, while He exorts them and foretells the fall of Jerusalem. The partition of His clothing in fulfilment of the prophecy and the nailing of the Master to the cruel cross are shown in two succeeding scenes, and although true to the life, the acme of realism is not apparent until the final tableaux—the crucifixion.

When the last of the procession has filed past this tableaux, with bared and bent heads, and chanting, as they pass, their soul stirring hymns, a halt is made in front of the cross for nearly an hour. Here on the raised platform is seen the figure of Christ nailed to the cross. A Roman soldier stands by with his spear, and another is rnising the gall filled sponge to the Savior's lips. A hush has fallen upon the multitude, now kneeling before the picture. This last scene is signally impressive. In the foreground are the several thousand kneeling Indians intently engaged in their devotions, and in the background is Christ on the Cross, Mary Magdalen at His feet, and Mary, His mother, at His side, and soldiers surrounding.

Suddenly from the wounds in His hands, feet and side blood begins to flow, for to such ends has the true pictorial production been carried. Slowly the blood drips down His breast and upon the garments of the weeping Mary Magdalen at His feet. The picture is complete and awful in its intense realism.

The chant of Indians is renewed several times, and then, after prayers have been recited Father Rohr with his interpreter mounts the platform and addresses the kneeling Siwashes, the priest speaking in the Chenook—the trading language of the Indians—and the interpreter rendering his speech into the native tongue. The holy father retells to the Indians the story of Christ's life, following his every detail with an exhortation to follow in the footsteps of the Master.

The plans for this year include three additional scenes—the discovery of the rising of Jesus at the tomb and the angel guarding it—the meeting at Emmaus with Jesus and the appearance of the Risen Christ before the assembled disciples.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Abbett's drug store.

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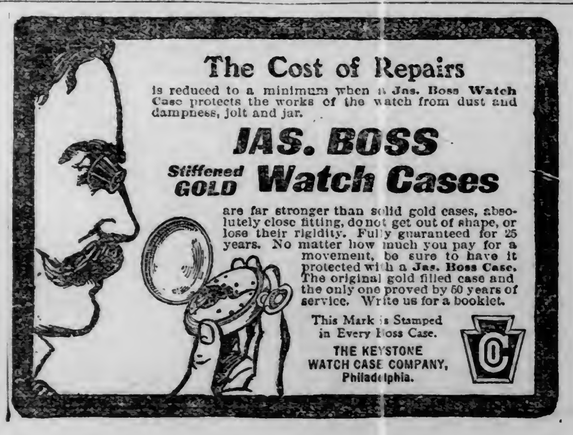

HUNDRED ELEVATORS

May Be Built In the Canadian Northwest.

Winnipeg, Man., April 7.—W. J. Bettingen of Minneapolis and C. W. Lestikow of Grafton, N. D., who are large shareholders in the Imperial Elevator company, arrived in the city yesterday. In conversation with a correspondent, Mr. Bettingen said it was the intention of his company to look into the requirements east, west, northwest and south, and wherever elevators were required they intended to build.

"We are prepared to construct between seventy-five and one hundred at as early a date as possible in Manitoba and the territories," he said, "and we do not see any reason why we should not have thirty or forty built in time for this year's crop. We have been in consultation with the officials of your railways and they have advised us as to the most suitable points for starting in the business."

"Are you sure of the necessary labor and materials?"

"Yes. When we decided on building at any point we will use our best endeavors to induce local contractors to undertake the work. If we fail, we will do as many others have done, arrange for the building ourselves and if necessary import the material."

"What will be the average capacity of your elevators?"

"According to the requirements of the respective districts, from 25,000 to 40,000 bushels?"

"You think there is money in the elevator business?"

"Not at first. We calculate on a fair profit, but what we look to is the future of this country. We think its capacity for wheat raising is scarcely yet recognized."

M. Boyd, of Minneapolis, who is also connected with the elevator company, has been traveling through Manitoba and the Northwest during the past month looking up favorable locations for elevators. Several have already been decided upon and the company's building operations will commence as soon as the season opens.

WITH TRIPLE ALLIANCE

Denmark Has Agreed to Act When Necessary.

Berlin, April 7.—The object of Emperor William's recent visit to Denmark, according to Herr Kraus, editor of the Deutsche Warte, was to arrange for Denmark to fight on the side of the triple alliance in the event of war with the dual alliance. Herr Kraus, in communicating this information to the correspondent of the Associated Press, affirmed that he had authoritative information that Denmark had agreed to act with the triple alliance should any emergency arise.

Various newspapers today publish descriptions of Denmark's army. A naval expert completed recently a series of articles in the Leipzic Grenzboten on the strategic value of the Danish ports, showing how possession of them would enable a relatively small fleet to close the Baltic sea.

CANAL COMPANY

Must Be Paid For Work Now Going On.

Washington, April 7.—Mr. Cromwell, counsel for the Panama Canal company, and Admiral Walker, called at the state department today to talk to Secretary Hay about the work of the sub-committee which is to visit the isthmus to appraise the value of the work the company is now doing on the canal. It was reported to the secretary that the company now employs 160 engineers, about forty-five medical officers and about 1500 laborers and foremen on the canal. These are nearly all at work in the Culebra cut. Five thousand dollars a day is a modest estimate of the money which the United States will be expected to pay the canal company for continuing this work, and it is now suggested that the payments may date back to the last report of the canal commission.

ENORMOUS BUSINESS

Shown By First Annual Report of Steel Corporation.

Comprehensive Statement of Doings of the Big Company.

New York, April 8.—The first annual report to the stockholders of the United States Steel corporation for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 1902, was issued yesterday.

The income account of the year shows total net earnings of all properties, after deducting expenditures for ordinary repairs and maintenance, also interest on bonds for the subsidiary companies, of $133,308,764; less sinking funds on bonds of subsidiary companies, $624,064; depreciation and extinguishment funds, $4,634,710; extraordinary replacement funds, $3,315,615; special funds for depreciation and improvements, $10,000,000; total, $24,774,389; balance of net earnings for the year, $108,534,374; interest on United States Steel corporation bonds for the year, $15,187,850; sinking fund on United States Steel corporation bonds for the year, $3,040,000; total, $18,227,850; balance, $90,306,524; dividends 7 per cent preferred stock, $35,720,177; common 4 per cent, $20,332,690; total, $54,052,867, leaving undivided profits or surplus for the year, $34,253,557. Previous surplus, $43,620,940; total surplus Dec. 31,1902, $77,874,597, which includes the capital surplus of $5,000,000 provided at date of organization. The physical condition of the properties has been fully maintained during the year, the cost of which has been charged to current expenses and the amount expended by all properties for maintenance, renewals and extraordinary replacements aggregating $29,157,011. Provisional charges were made monthly to operations for sinking fund and to establish funds for depreciation, and for reserves for extraordinary replacement.

The total redeemed bonds by the company at par, held by trustees on Dec. 31, 1901, was $907,000; redeemed in 1902, $3,115,000; total Dec. 31, 1902, $4,022,000. The balances to the credit of the several funds on Dec. 31,1902, are included in the current assets of the organization, viz.: In general cash, $1,773,333; in current assets, cash, marketable securities, inventories, etc., $18,491,146; total, $20,264,479.

The volume of business done by all companies during the year, including sales between the companies and the gross receipts of transportation and miscellaneous properties aggregated $560,510,479.

The production of iron ore mines for the year was 16,063,170 tons; coke manufactured, 9,521,567 tons; coal mined, not including that used in making coke, 709,367 tons; blast furnace products, 7,975,530 tons; steel ingot production, 9,743,918 tons. Total tonnage of rolled and other finished products for sale, 8,197,332 tons.

The aggregate inventory of all properties on Dec. 31, 1902, equalled the total sum of $104,390,844. About one-third of this sum is represented by the value of iron ore on hand. It is necessary to accumulate large tonnage of ore during the summer and fall months for conversion during the period extending from Dec. 1 to April 15, when, owing to the close of navigation on the great lakes, the mining of ore is reduced and shipment from the mines entirely stopped.

The quantities of partly finished materials and of finished products are somewhat above the normal average, owing largely to the railroad congestion at principal producing centers, which prevented prompt delivery from the mills. Inventories are taken on the basis of actual cost of material and products at the several departments of the company holding the same. Total capital stock of the corporation issued and outstanding Dec. 31, was $508,302,500 common stock and $510,281,100 preferred stock. The bonded mortgaged debt of the United States Steel corporation and subsidiary companies in the hands of the public at the beginning of the year was $366,097,698. Issues made during the year by several companies, $2,370,338; total, $368,468,036. Total bonds and mortgages paid and canceled during the year, $1,698,577; bonds purchased by trustees of sinking funds for investment, $3,115,000. Leaving the bonded debenture and mortgaged debt Dec. 31, 1902, $363,655,459, a net decrease during the year of $2,442,239. Purchase money obligations and bills payable, paid off between Apr 1, 1901, and Dec. 31, 1901, amounted to $11,047,971; paid off during 1902, $13,652,368, a total reduction of $24,700,339.

The funds for the payment of these liabilities were provided entirely from the surplus net earnings of the organization, no new capital or bonded or other liability having been created in lieu thereof, although practically all of such payments might properly be funded, as the liabilities were those of the subsidiary companies prior to or at the time of organization for the acquirement of additional property or for moneys borrowed, which were in turn used for the purchase of property and construction expenditures. The amount of these liabilities outstanding on Dec. 31, 1902, was $6,689,419; bills payable, $6,202,502; special deposits, $4,685,547, a total of $17,377,467. The expenditures made during the year by all the properties and charged to property account were $16,555,532. The average number of employes in the service of all property during the entire year was 168,127, receiving for salaries and wages $120,528,343. The total number of stockholders in March, 1902, was 58,629, an increase of 15,610. This does not include the subscription for preferred stock by the 27,359 employes who were granted an opportunity to participate in the profits of the organization through the purchase of the preferred stock of the corporation. The tonnage of unfilled orders on the books at the close of 1902 equalled 5,437,583 tons of all kinds of manufactured products against 4,497,749 tons at the corresponding period in 1901. In many of the classes of heavier products like rails, plates and structural material, practically the entire capacity of the mills is sold up until nearly the end of 1903.

According to a statement given out yesterday by the board of directors, the net earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the first quarter of the calendar year, March estimated, after deduction of outlays for repairs, renewals, maintenance of plant, interest on bonds and fixed charges were $24,656,136. The net earnings for the first quarter last year were $26,279,590, showing a decrease for the first quarter of this year of $1,623,463. After deducting amounts set aside for sinking funds, depreciation and reserve funds, there was a balance of net earnings for the quarter of $21,551,189. There was a further deduction for interest on the corporation bonds and sinking funds for the same bonds, leaving a balance of $16,991,189. After paying the usual dividends on the preferred and common stocks, there was left undivided profits for the quarter of $2,978,245. The quarter's earnings show a decrease and in a foot note the decrease, as compared with the same period last year, was attributed largely to the railroad congestion, which prevented prompt delivery. Unfilled orders on the book for manufactured products April 1, were 5,410,729 tons. The preferred dividend is payable May 15, the common June 30.

TORTURING DISFIGURING

Skin, Scalp and Blood Humours

From Pimples to Scrofula From Infancy to Age

Speedily Cured by Cuticura When All Else Fails.

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in Eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurements, as in acne and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy, have made them the standard skin cures, blood purifiers and humour remedies of the civilized world.

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. This complete local and constitutional treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humours of the skin, scalp and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 50c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Every Humour."

BOILS

PYRAMIDS OF PAIN

Most Plentiful and Troublesome During Spring and Summer.

It takes warm weather to bring out the hidden impurities, humors and poisons in the system and stir up the sluggish blood, and this is why boils are so common in Spring and Summer. They sometimes come singly, but oftener in pairs and triplets, and even in bunches and clusters, and generally upon the tenderest part of the body. They are the most painful of all skin eruptions, and the blood is in a turmoil, and the system in a feverish commotion from the time these volcanoes of misery begin to form until they burst and the matter is all discharged. But lucky is the unfortunate sufferer who gets off with only one boil, for even if another does not follow immediately, the poison that is left in the blood is bound to collect somewhere else and break through the skin, and these pyramids of pain may be coming and going all through the Spring and Summer.

Some people have an idea that boils are good for the health, that they are evidences that the blood is too rich, but nobody's blood ever gets too rich; neither are boils conducive to health. Impoverished or polluted blood, or a riotous, feverish condition of this vital fluid causes boils, carbuncles, and other dangerous skin eruptions.

Long-continued sickness leaves the blood too weak and sluggish to throw off the bodily impurities and relieve the system of the waste and refuse, which then concentrates at some spot and a carbuncle or boil is the result. To one already enfeebled by disease boils seem to come with more frequency, causing the intensest pain and greatest danger to the already weak and debilitated sufferer.

All skin eruptions, from the sometimes fatal carbuncle to the spiteful little cat-boil, are caused by bad blood, and the only way to avoid or get permanently rid of them is to purify and build up the deteriorated, polluted blood, and counteract the humors and poisons, and nothing will do this so quickly and thoroughly as S. S. S., which is the acknowledged king of blood purifiers and greatest of all tonics.

BOILS FOR OVER 15 YEARS.

Gentlemen:—For over fifteen years I have suffered more or less from Impure Blood. About a year ago I had a boil appear on my leg below the knee, which was followed by three more on my neck. I saw S. S. S. advertised and decided to try it. After taking three bottles all Boils disappeared, and I have not been troubled any since. I feel deeply indebted to S. S. S. for the excellent health I am enjoying, as I have not felt so well in twenty years. You have certainly placed me under many obligations, and I must say that I will always have great faith in S. S. S.

GEO. G. FERTIG,
114 W. Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.

Where the blood has become impoverished and is poor and thin no medicine acts so promptly in building it up and restoring its richness, purity and strength. The time to cure a boil is before it develops, when it is in a state of incubation or formation in the blood, for boils are, after all, only the impurities and poisons bubbling up through the skin, and this will continue in spite of poulticing and lancing till the blood gets rid of its accumulated poison. The way to stop boils is to attack them in the blood, and this is what S. S. S. does. All danger of boils is past when the blood has been thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all morbid, impure matter. If you are subject to boils, then the same causes that produced them last season will do so this, and the sooner you begin to put your blood and system in good order the better the chance of going through the spring and summer season without boils or other painful and irritating skin eruptions.

SSS

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and can be taken with perfect safety by old and young, and without harm to the most delicate constitution. It is mild and pleasant in its action, and unequalled as a cure for boils and kindred eruptions.

Write us if you would like advice from our physicians or desire any special information; this will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

CROOKED WORK

Discovered at Polling Place at Springfield, Ill.

Springfield, Ill., April 7.—At the Fourth precinct of the Third ward it was discovered this noon that irregular work was being done, when the police were called for and closed the polling place, but not until a riot had almost been precipitated and the police were compelled to use their clubs. The booth was closed for half an hour. Alderman Ensel, Republican candidate for reelection in the Seventh ward, was served with a warrant for his arrest on the charge of purchasing votes, and gave $1000 bond for his appearance.

BOILER EXPLODES.

Toledo, April 7.—A Cincinnati Northern engine exploded while standing in the round house at Van Wert at the noon hour. Fatally injured: A. A. Stultz. Four were slightly injured. The roundhouse was completely wrecked. Loss, $25,000.

SHOE FIRM FAILS.

Boston, April 7.—The shoe manufacturing firm of George Coburn & Co., with factories in this city and Midway, Mass., today made an assignment. The liabilities are estimated at $300,000.

TRAFFIC SUSPENDED.

Berlin, April 7.—Telegrams received here from the frontier of Holland say freight traffic between Germany and Holland is wholly suspended and that passenger traffic is intermittent.

A MENTAL WRECK.

Imagines He Is Still on Ill-Fated Engine.

New York, April 8.—As a result of the injuries he received and the awful ordeal through which he passed on February 19, when his locomotive wrecked the trolley car and killed a number of school children at Clifton avenue crossing, Newark, Oscar Barcliffe, the Lackawanna engineer, is now a mental wreck in St. Michael's hospital.

Barcliffe was crushed in the cab of his locomotive so that at first it was believed that he would die, and although he has entirely recovered physically, his reason has gone. Barcliffe imagines he is still in his engine cab, and as he sits on his cot one hand is on an imaginary throttle while the other shifts from one place to another as though turning imaginery valves. When Barcliffe's condition became such that he was able to sit up it was noticed that whenever he looked out of the window of his room he apparently saw something that set him to work vigorously at strange motions, and after a time the nature of his hallucination was learned.

QUIET AT HONDURAS.

Mobile, April 7.—Passengers of the steamer Gyller, which arrived this morning from Ceiba, Honduras, report everything quiet at that point and the affairs of the city being conducted in a satisfactory manner by the revolutionists, who are in possesssion. All the people have returned to work and things are moving along as smoothly as if there had been no revolution.

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A NON-PARTISAN JUDICIARY.

Capt. Lewis is reported to have said, in opposition to the resurrection of Mr. Dowling's non-partisan judgeship bill, that nobody in Duluth wanted the bill passed. It would be interesting to learn where Capt. Lewis obtained the information upon which he based this cocksure statement. He certainly must have secured it at long range, because if he had mingled for an hour or two among the people who reside in his legislative district, he would have been able to discover at least a few persons who think that the judiciary should be removed as far as possible from the mire of politics and believe that the bill introduced by Mr. Dowling is a step in the right direction.

A non-partisan judiciary is favored by the people of Duluth, and Capt. Lewis did not properly represent them when he stated to the legislature that "nobody in Duluth" wants the Dowling bill passed. A non-partisan judiciary is essential to the proper administration of justice and to secure the confidence of the people in the courts, and any measure that aims to secure it should receive the favorable consideration of the legislature. Those legislators who oppose a bill that seeks to secure non-partisanship on the bench are simply partisans and have not a proper conception of their duties as representatives of the districts that sent them to St. Paul.

UNREASONABLE DEMANDS.

It is unfortunate that sometimes members of the various labor organizations overreach themselves in their demands for better wages and better hours. This is particularly true of those employed by Uncle Sam. They seem to have an idea that, because they are employed by the government, they are entitled to a little better treatment than the employes of private concerns. This has been manifested at the Brooklyn navy yard perhaps more than at any other place, and was brought out prominently a few days ago by the action of a walking delegate, who insisted on visiting the yard and trying to induce the workmen to quit. The delegate was ordered out, and the action of Admiral Walker was sustained at Washington.

The movement of the walking delegate in interfering with the work being done for the government, has stirred up the Washington officials and the incident was the subject of a serious talk at navy headquarters. This is not the first time the department has been confronted by a possibility of trouble with labor unions. A few weeks ago the pattern makers in one of the bureaus at the Brooklyn yard demanded an increase of wages and at the same time intimated that they would like to do less work. The local officer in charge recommended that the demands be disapproved and the department acted favorably on this suggestion. Thereupon the pattern makers began to make threats of a general strike unless their demands were acceded to, declaring that they would tie up the entire yard. They also said that the labor organizations were behind them and that the department would have to give in or shut up that particular bureau in the yard. As soon as this news was forwarded toWashington, Acting Secretary Darling ordered the summary dismissal of the ringleaders in the revolt. The men were discharged, and thereupon appealed to their union to support them and cause a general strike. The appeal failed, because the organization refused to back up the men. The navy department officials realize the necessity of keeping the upper hand of the labor organizations, and are determined to withstand all unjust demands made by them.

It is not generally known that the selfish and unreasoning exactions of labor unions were responsible for the abandonment of what would have turned out to be a very important industry at the Brooklyn navy yard. When Admiral (then Constructor) Bowles was located there he decided to start a factory for the manufacture of metal furniture for use on warships. Some sample pieces were made, and Admiral Bowles found that he could turn out tables, desks, chairs and other pieces at prices as low as those demanded by private firms. He engaged a number of metal experts and the factory was started. It was just beginning to am t to something when the men, who were being paid $3 a day, demanded $4. The firms engaged in the same business on the outside were paying their metal workers $2.50 per day, and Admiral Bowles naturally refused to increase the navy pay to $4. The metal workers in the yard were all union men, and they served notice that unless they got $4 they would quit. The men were told that their demands were unreasonable; that it would not be considered, and that if they insisted on the high rate of pay the shop would be closed, and thus deprive them of work which he estimated would ultimately amount to $100,000 a year. The men were obdurate, and finally Admiral Bowles ended the matter by discharging them all and buying all metal furniture from the private firms.

There is no question that the sympathy of the general public is with the laboring man, but there must be a limit to his desires. The conservative, thoughtful workman realizes this and his demands are usually justified. But there are some hot-headed, indiscreet members of unions who fail to consider conditions, and trouble results. There should be some way in which the conservative man should receive his just deserts and at the same time be protected from the radical member.

In its annual estimate of what it calls the nation's drink bill, the American Grocer puts the total for 1902 at $1,369,098,276. This, however, includes an expenditure of $196,533,041 for coffee, tea, and cocoa, leaving $1,172,565,235 for alcoholic beverages of all kinds and potencies. Since 1880, it says, the use of alcoholic beverages has nearly doubled, having increased from 10.09 gallons per capita to 19.48 gallons, a gain of over 93 per cent.

THE ELECTROCUTION BILL.

There will be general regret among those who believe that the present system of legal executions by hanging in this state should be changed to the better method of electrocution, because the bill introduced by Capt. Lewis, of this city, and passed by the house has been killed by the senate. The bill provided that hereafter all criminals sentenced to death in this state should be put out of existence in the electric chair, and that the electrocutions should take place within the walls of the state prison. This method of execution now prevails in New York and other states. There are so many good reasons why it should be introduced in Minnesota that it is surprising that a majority of the senators recorded their votes against it, when it was reported by the judiciary committee for indefinite postponement.

The defeat of the bill is ascribed to the opposition of the people of Stillwater, in which city the state penitentiary is located. They objected, it is said, to all the executions taking place at the state prison, claiming that it would give Stillwater an unenviable reputation. This appears to be an absurd reason for the senate to refuse to pass the bill. Certainly the location of the state prison at Stillwater is as damaging to that town's reputation as would be the electrocuting of criminals within its walls. The supersensitive people of the "Prison City" seem to be splitting hairs. If possible, the senate should reconsider its action and promptly pass the bill.

THE CLERGUE ENTERPRISES.

The Consolidated Lake Superior company has decided to remove its main offices from Philadelphia to New York, where most of the capitalists reside who have furnished the large loan which is to keep the company going in spite of the financial depression under which it has labored, due merely, however, to the natural reaction which followed the completion of the great power house and canal at the Soo. It is thought that the removal of the offices to New York will afford the backers of the company a better opportunity to supervise the operations of the syndicate and this is probably so. There have been many rumors and a good deal of misinformation spread broadcast concerning this company and a great amount of it has been without cause. It is true that the company met with financial troubles, but they were due largely to the rapid progress of the enterprise in advance of the utilization of its power, and to the lack of sufficient capital to carry the plans along until the great power was placed. As the Detroit Evening News says, the failure of this enterprise is out of the range of possibilities. More than $20,000,000 has been expended in the work already; over 2000 men are now on the pay rolls, and the number will be increased to 3000 as soon as the new blast furnaces and the rail mill begin operations in the early summer. On the American side the great plants which will consume the power generated by the canal are well under way. Adverse criticism of Mr. Clergue's lack of foresight in having the power canal completed before the factories that would use power were ready for operation seems ridiculous to anyone who is familiar with the local situation. The capacity of the city of Sault Ste. Marie was taxed to the utmost during the constructive period. It was physically impossible to consider or promote at that time the institutions which will consume the power. Consideration of these matters leads to the inevitable conclusion that the work has been carried on as rapidly as possible, and that the reaction is not to be considered seriously as indicating any permanent slump in the industrial prospects in the region of the Soo.

The rumors of the retirement of Mr. Clergue, the promoter of the whole enterprise, are absurd. It is true that in the reorganization of the great company, he has been transferred from the laborious active management of the company, but he is to be retained on the board of directors and will continue to be the great force that is destined to make the company a permanent monument to his genius.

AMERICAN WINES.

It is pleasing as well as surprising to note the rapid advancement of American wines, not only in our own country, but abroad as well. It is true the American wine industry is in its infancy, but so good have the products of the American vineyards become, that many people who have always used the imported article are beginning to realize that the home product is not to be slighted. In exports a steady gain is shown. The figures for the five years 1897-1901 show that during that period we sent abroad wine, bottled and unbottled, averaging in value $646,792. This is interesting as evidence of a growing trade, and that in commodities until recently monopolized by old-world producers. It further appears that we export but little wine as yet to France, the great wine country of the world, although we sell some there. The best customer for unbottled wines from the United States is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, which in the five years mentioned took on the average of $106,396 annually; then came Germany, $90,000; Salvador, $30,571; Guatemala, $25,234; Canada, $24,887, and Japan, $21,329. These were the only countries that bought over $20,000 worth, and they account for $469,214 out of our total exports of unbottled wines amounting to a little less than $600,000. Bottled wines went mainly to Guatemala, Hawaii, the United Kingdom, Salvador, Mexico and the Philippines.

There is a great opportunity for growth and there is no reason to doubt that in a few years the wine export business of the United States will be largely extended and prove highly profitable.

According to the Independence Belge, "the partisan Russian press is in an impotent rage" over what is regarded as the outwitting of Russia by Turkey in connection with the so-called Balkan reforms. It appears that Russia demanded reforms only in Salonika, Monastir and Kossovo, her idea being that other vilayets could be depended upon to keep Macedonia in a state of unrest until Russia was in a position to benefit thereby and relieve Turkey of her European provinces. The sultan, however, seeing through this plan, generously extended his reforms over Adrianople, Scutari, and Yanina, greatly to the disgust of those cognizant of Russia's plans; because the excuse for continued agitation is thus removed, so far as the porte is able to remove it.

Crime is evidently decreasing in France. The criminal statistics for the nineteen years from 1881 to 1900, as officially presented by the department of justice furnish interesting data for the study of criminology in that country. In 1900 the number of cases submitted to the jury was 2283 as against 2524 in 1899. Including cases submitted to the correctional tribunals, some 8644 more cases were tried in 1899 than in 1900. Another point of interest is the progressive diminution since 1894, of the number of recidivists and also of first offenders. In 1899, the number of recidivists condemned was 89,594 which fell to 86,027 in 1900. Of first offenders there were, in 1899, 108,959; in 1900, 99,550.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

Charles Salisbury, who represents "The Strollers," has been in the city for a couple of days.

Mr. Salisbury will probably be represented by some concession at the St. Louis exposition next summer. He was interested in one of the mammoth hotels put up at the Buffalo exposition, though at the Buffalo show time hotel business was a great deal of a failure.

For several years Mr. Salisbury was at Milwaukee and was the organizer of the Salisbury Stock company, which is still in existence.

He met George J. Lonstorf, one of the fee owners of section 30, in the Spalding hotel lobby yesterday, and there was quite a reunion, for Mr. Lonstorf is also a Milwaukee man.

Mr. Lonstorf left yesterday for Ely, from where he will go over to section 30 and see what work has been done by the exploring company. He is anxious to keep the facts connected with the property very quiet.

Mr. Salisbury left for the Twin Cities. He said the show was going to be a whale, and, not at all like Mr. Lonstorf, he desires the greatest publicity with his venture. The company plays here next week.

Mr. Salisbury used to be a visitor to Duluth before the Spanish war and longer ago than some of the younger generation can remember. He was the manager of the Oshkosh team, when the Northwestern baseball league was in existence and used to play here when the town was baseball crazy. The Oshkosh team carried away the pennant from Duluth and Mr. Salisbury has ever since had a soft spot in his heart for this city.

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Mrs. James O. West, of New York, is at the Spalding hotel and is visiting her son, James O. West, of this city, before leaving for the Pacific coast. Mrs. West was implicated in a sensational jewelry robbery in New York four years ago, by being the owner of the jewels which were stolen.

The robbery took place in February, 1899, at St. Louis, where Mrs. West was visiting at the home of P. L. Norton. It was committed while the family was at supper. The amount of jewelry taken was valued at $15,000, but the owner was consoled somewhat by the fact that the robber overlooked an $8,000 necklace and some other jewelry.

The jewels were never recovered, though large rewards were offered for their finding.

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The hotel registers are beginning to show pronounced signs of the St. Louis exposition. All the enthusiastic ones who come to Duluth register with their name followed by "St. Louis, 1901."

The plan is generally observed, but the "sticker" which was so popular before the Buffalo exposition has not come into vogue as yet. The traveling men from St. Louis will do all they can to boost the game along.

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Last night Manager Emery was standing behind the hotel desk looking vacantly across the lobby, when he was suddenly brought out of it by a hand being laid on his arm.

Mr. Emery looked up and saw one of the most virulent type of the lumberjack in front of him. The woodsman was somewhat the worse for liquor, but he had a determined expression on his face and when he spoke, somebody listened.

"Have you got any boiled potatoes?" asked the jack.

"Any what?" inquired the astonished manager, thinking perchaps the man was chaffing him.

"Any boiled potatoes," repeated the man, and with all seriousness pulled 15 cents out of his pocket and tendered the amount, saying: "This is a hotel ain't it?"

He was informed it was a hotel, but that boiled potatoes were not doled out over the office desk.

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At the Spalding hotel: A. O. Erickson, John Grow, F. D. McAnnulty, C. E. Walker, Minneapolis; J. E. Loldell, C. S. Cowler, St. Paul; R. W. Wentworth, St. Paul; Charles Onimed, C. F. Houglund, New York; W. E. Satterlee, G. P. Murphy, Minneapolis; M. McDermott, Ashland; J. E. Myers, Richard Walford, Minneapolis; S. T. Hamilton, Virginia; Charles Trezona, Reuben Toms, Ely, W. T. Street, Bemidji; E. A. Hughes, Fargo, N. D.; M. K. Whittemore, Adbie Village; Lemoy, Louise Koch, Clonan; C. A. Bent, Negaunee; M. S. Hawkins, Mt. Iron; James DeVay, Ironwood; D. G. Stone, Calumet; Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Smith, Marquette; E. D. McNair, M. M. Ghenet, Hibbing.

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M. Zimmerman, a member of the horse dealing firm, is up from St. Paul and at the St. Louis hotel. He will be present at the big horse sale the middle of the month.

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Mrs. Paul Grierson is registered at the Spalding hotel. She comes from Calumet.

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At the St. Louis hotel: J. C. Simon, Alstead; R. Davidson, White Bear; T. E. Charhammer, J. A. McCurdy, Crookston; Frank R. Ferguson, James S. Rayburn, Virginia; Nell McClarnon, Eyelath; Dan C. Desmond, C. K. Clauson, Ashland; James Ryan, Michigamme; George W. Beckett, Cass Lake; Mrs. Agnes Quinn, Ashland; J. J. Ross, Blackduck; Mrs. Maggie Trimble, Blue Earth; M. H. Schussler, Floodwood; C. E. McClintock, Ashland; Frank W. Walker, Two Harbors; Frank Yauko, Portage, Wis.; Ray M. Cook, Pelican Lake; George Richmond, Brule; C. H. Carhart, Grand Marais.

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Miss Mayme Boyle, of Hibbing, is at the St. Louis hotel today.

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At the St. Louis hotel: W. J. Cowan, J. E. Meehan, Hibbing; G. S. Botton, Nashwauk; H. Mayhew, Grand Marais.

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George W. Myers, one of Chisholm's prominent merchants, is in the city today and is registered at the St. Louis hotel.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Phillips, of Hibbing, are stopping at the Hotel McKay.

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At the Hotel McKay: W. T. Street, Bemidji; S. W. Hanson, Minneapolis; J. A. Cummings, Alexander McDonald, Two Harbors; A. Blume, Milwaukee; Mrs. E. O. Loveland, Tower; Miss L. Roby, Hibbing; J. P. Gormgann, Ottawa; W. V. Korten, Chicago; T. C. Silliman, W. R. Wasson, Virginia; John E. Hodge, Hibbing; J. W. Alton, Grand Rapids; Thomas Buckley, Plainfield; J. Smart, Minneapolis; S. L. Dupking, Grand Rapids; A. L. Hulett, Grand Forks; C. A. Morrison, Eveleth; W. A. Day, Longdale, N. J.; James Rody, Tower.

Soil Carried to Sea.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: It is estimated that from the entire drainage basin of the Mississippi there is annually washed away and carried down the river in a body of soil one foot thick sufficient to cover an area of 269 square miles. This is without any reference to the sand, clay and gravel washed from the bluffs. It is suggested that if farmers would everywhere apply themselves to damming the gullies and drains on their farms, by inexpensive methods, this abstraction of valuable materials from their fields might be greatly diminished.

Following a Certain Example.

Washington Post: It is now in order for Hon. Terry McGovern to start a weekly newspaper, criticise the administration of Mr. Corbett, and knock the other fellow who aspires to lick the champion.

Bound to Give Something Away.

Memphis News: Uncle Russ Sage wants it understood by the young men of the country that if there is anything he can do for them in the way of advice just to call on him.

Has His Own Reasons.

Chicago News: J. Pierpont Morgan can see nothing but good times ahead. With the stocks he has on hand that is all that it would be well for him to see.

May Also Please the Farmers.

Buffalo Express: It is now reported that President Roosevelt has arranged to begin a course in fencing. He should get the French vote without any trouble.

In the Half Crown Class.

St. Paul Globe: King Edward, having met Buffalo Bill, now knows how it feels to be 30 cents in one's own estimation.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 8.—Rains fell over Atlantic states, the Ohio and Lower Mississippi valleys, Eastern Texas, Manitoba, Western Montana and Oregon, heavy thunderstorms occurring over Tennessee and Alabama. It is generally somewhat warmer in Southern districts, temperatures being moderate. The barometer is quite low over Assiniboia and relatively high over gulf states and Oregon. The winds in the lake region are fresh southwesterly.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	50	Memphis	54
Battleford	30	Miles City	44
Bismarck	40	Milwaukee	42
Boston	52	Minnedosa	32
Buffalo	40	Modena	30
Calgary	22	Montgomery	64
Charleston	66	Moorhead	34
Chicago	46	New Orleans	68
Cincinnati	48	New York	54
Davenport	44	North Platte	34
Denver	38	Oklahoma	48
Detroit	46	Omaha	44
Dodge City	40	Pittsburg	48
Duluth	38	Port Arthur	24
Edmonton	28	Portland	42
El Paso	48	Prince Albert	30
Escanaba	30	Qu Appelle	30
Galveston	68	Rapid City	36
Green Bay	56	San Francisco	54
Havre	34	Santa Fe	28
Helena	36	Shreveport	68
Houghton	30	Spokane	36
Huron	32	St. Louis	52
Jacksonville	66	St. Paul	36
Kamloops	34	Sault Ste Marie	30
Kansas City	42	Swift Current	28
La Crosse	58	Washington	56
Lander	40	Williston	34
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	36
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	22
Medicine Hat	32		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, with probably showers. Cooler Thursday. Fresh and brisk southwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 8.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Thursday, except possibly showers north portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Thursday, except possibly showers in northeast portion. Cooler Thursday and in northwest portions tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Thursday. Cooler Thursday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh and brisk southwest winds. Generally fair tonight and Thursday except showers on Superior.

WHITTLED TO A POINT.

Chicago News: Mrs. Uppson—Your grandfather is an octogenarian, is he not?

Mrs. Neurich—Indeed, he isn't anything of the sort. He is the most truthful man I ever bumped up against.

Chicago Tribune: "The bus is full," said the driver, "but there is plenty of room at the top."

"I see," muttered the man with the traveling bag, buttoning his coat closer about him. "And plenty of rheumatism. I'll walk."

Philadelphia Press: "What is it," demanded the temperance lecturer, "that causes most of the crime in this world? Drink! And what makes men drink?"

"Thirst!" shouted a man at the door.

Somerville Journal: Binks—He told me I was a liar.

Winks—What did you do?

Binks—I walked proudly and disdainfully away.

New York Sun: Wagner had just given the first rehearsal of "Die Gotterdammerung."

"It's fine!" cried his friends, enthusiastically; "the best college yell we ever heard!"

Shattered by their criticism, the great composer knew that he had at last reached his ideal.

Washington Star: "What do you think of this idea of electing senators by a direct vote of the people?"

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "I don't know that it would make a great deal of difference to me, but it would mean a considerable privation to the members of my legislature."

Tossing Bouquets to Sailors.

Boston Globe: Admiral Dewey pays the men of the American navy a resplendent compliment. "If every officer on a United States warship should be killed in action," he says, "the enlisted men—the men behind the guns—could fight the ship to victory. I know our men, and I know that statement is absolutely true. It is not true of any other navy." Now listen for the mighty chorus: "You do us proud, sir!"

Any Excuse Better Than None.

Chicago Chronicle: From his explanation to the president we learn that Admiral Dewey's theory is that if he is foolish enough to talk indiscreetly to on interviewer the interviewer ought to be wise enough not to report what he says.

Lawmakers Rudely Shocked.

Washington Post: A Missouri newspaper correspondent had a thousand dollar bill changed at Jefferson City the other day and the entire membership of the legislature came near having heart disease. They had no idea there was anything to be made by working the other side of the street.

Promises That Have Failed.

Kansas City Journal: The statement that the radium will supply continuous heat without loss in quantity or energy recalls the promises made a year or so ago for liquid air. That frigid substance was to increase itself to any desired extent without the use of any other agency and was to accomplish untold wonders for mankind. Mankind is still waiting.

What's the Score?

Portland Oregonian: Pictures of stalwart young men in baggy trousers and other foot ball toggery will now, for a term of months, give place on the sporting page of the daily papers to those of stalwart young men in baseball costume in pose calculated to set off their fine points in their profession. Glancing at these pictures one can imagine the eagerness with which fathers in various parts of the country will hurry to the nearest telegraph office, each exultantly "hitting the wire," after the manner of Corbett pere at the close of a certain prize fight, with the words: "Go on, my son; your mother and I are proud of you."

When Capitalists Fall Out.

New York World: Half the energy that Keene and Harriman are squandering on each other would have "cleaned out" a whole streetful of lambs.

CONFESSION BY STRANGE MEANS

By Teddy Williams.

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A few months ago I was called into my chief's office and there introduced to the state's attorney of East Ohio, after the introduction the attorney who, I had noticed looking me over from head to foot, simply said, "I guess he will do."

My chief turned to me and said, read this and tell me what you think of it, handing me a paper with a marked item. It was a small country paper, a weekly issue, and told its story in the following manner: The people in the south end of town were startled last night by the worst crime that has ever occurred in our county, if not in the state. Last night at 10:30 p. m. Mrs. James and her son, who live next door to the Weeks family, as most of our readers know, were aroused and frightened from their sleep by the sound of cries and shots from the Weeks home. The Weeks family consists of Mr. Weeks, Mrs. Weeks, and her son John and daughter Mary, by her first husband, and the adopted son Albert. The pistol shots as counted by Young James were nine in number, and he said he heard Mrs. Weeks cry in feeble tones, "Oh, how could you?" And a few minutes after the shooting stopped young John Weeks came to the door of the James' house and shouted that some one had gotten into their house and killed all but him, and for God's sake to send for help. By this time other neighbors had come and soon the whole village was there. The sight that met their eyes when they got into the house was one of horror. Mr. and Mrs. Weeks lay dead near the door of their room; in the hall a few feet from his door lay the body of Alfred, and May, the daughter, was found half under the bed in her room, as if she had crawled under it in fright or to avoid another shot. She was still breathing and Dr. Bimb restored her to consciousness long enough to answer the squire's question if she knew who had done the shooting. She said she did not know, asked for her mother and died. When the squire asked young Weeks (who is only 19), how he escaped, he said that he had come into the hall when he heard his mother scream, and that just as he did so he heard his father say, "What do you want? My God, is it you?" He grabbed a baseball bat that was in his room and as he started down the hall he saw Alfred fall dead in front of him. He then ran back to his room and jumped out of the window. That is all the information the local police could gather. Officers have been sent for from other towns, and it is said that the lodge that Weeks belonged to will hire Chicago detectives to work on the case. The Times is just going to Press and will, if any further details are discovered, issue an extra. The inquest will be held as soon as the coroner from S. can get here.

Instead of answering my chief I turned to the attorney and asked what further details he had, as the paper was three weeks old. He replied that they had learned nothing of value; that part of the insurance money had been paid to the young man, John Weeks, and that nothing was taken from the house, no arrests had been made except that of a tramp who had been found near the town the morning after the murder, but as he had no weapon on him and proved that he had come from a barn near the town, he was not thought guilty, but was still held in jail on another charge. I was told to get ready to leave town and that night at a late hour I was in L. I smoked a cigar or two trying to find a motive for the crime, and when at last I fell asleep it was with strange ideas of motives. Was it some sworn enemy of the family? Was it a burglar? What reason would he have for killing all of them unless he was some one they knew? Nothing seemed to fit the case. I did not sleep much and early in the morning I was at the scene of the crime. Nothing about the house gave me any help. I looked under the window where John Weeks said he had jumped from and could see the deep impression of the jewels where he had landed. I talked with the people that lived about the house, but they knew nothing of any value except that they all knew the different members of the murdered family, and none had ever heard of an enemy. The Jameses said that they were very intimate and never heard of any one that they feared. That old man Weeks got a good pension from the government and that Alfred was a hard-working blacksmith and John was the clerk in the town drug store; that he was studying to be a lawyer. When I asked if they ever heard the Weekses quarreling they said not much except that John and his stepfather did not get along well. I next talked to the tramp in jail, but was soon convinced that he knew less than any one about the case. I learned that the town had been well guarded against tramps and suspicious strangers, as the railroad had a special man there to watch their yards, and all tramps were arrested. I stayed in town two days, but accomplished nothing and left there for home more puzzled than ever. After a long talk with my chief at the agency my chief said the only man that could have done that job was young Weeks. You go and get in with him and get a confession from him. That is the only way that crime will ever be explained. I have forgotten to say that Weeks had left his home town shortly after getting the insurance money and was at this time in Cincinnati. I left for there at once and knowing his address the next day I was a fellow boarder of his. We soon were fast friends and at the last of the week became roommates. I told him of some assumed troubles I had and seemed to have gotten into his confidence. He told me of the murder of his family, but his story did not differ from the one he told the night of the crime. Another week passed and we had talked of the crime a dozen times, but I had gained nothing. I received a letter from the agency on Wednesday morning telling me to drop the case Saturday if not successful before then, as the funds subscribed to work the case had about run out and it did not look as if I could accomplish anything. That afternoon John and I were walking down a side street when he stopped in front of a house that had a sign in the front window which read, Madam Pela, clairvoyant. John said let's go in just for the fun of the thing; I have heard of her and they say she is good. A thought came to me so quick that it made me dizzy but I managed to say not today, I'm not feeling well; we'll come round tomorrow afternoon. As soon as we reached our room I made an excuse to Weeks, and in ten minutes was walking to Madam Pela. In half an hour she had from me a sum of money for her services and the details of the crime that wiped out the Weeks family. My plan was this, she was to tell my fortune first, as I had told my past to Weeks, and then she was to go into a trance and in as dramatic manner as possible tell the story of the murder and wind up by seeing John Weeks as the murderer with smoking gun in his hand, gloating over his work.

The next day at 2 p. m. I had two central detectives hidden behind a curtain in the clairvoyant's room and soon after Weeks was sitting beside me hearing the clairvoyant tell my story. He came next. After a few commonplace remarks she began the tale of the murder. It was the most dramatic thing I ever saw. She sitting back against the red curtains, the subdued light on her pale face, the metallic sound of her voice, Weeks leaning forward in his chair, trembling, great drops of sweat rolling off his forehead, and as she ended, accusing him of the murder, he gave a cry and fell prone upon the floor in a dead faint. I told her to leave the room and soon brought him to. He said in a scared whisper, "You heard her; its true."

That night in the jail he made a full confession which was written down and signed by him. The details are too gruesome to tell. He only intended to kill his stepfather, but the others having seen him, he killed them all—his motive, the insurance. He was electrocuted a month after. I am now trying to find where a priceless necklace of a rich woman has gone.

Fifty Years the Standard
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
Awarded
Highest Honors World's Fair
Highest tests U.S. Gov't Chemists
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

THE EASTER RUSH

Of the Belated Shoppers Near at Hand.

"Barring the Christmas trade, of course, the last few days before Easter bring us the heaviest business of the year," remarked the department store manager. "I might add that we dread the aftermmath of the Easter trade more than the unpleasant results of the holiday rush. A shopkeeper may placate the woman whose Christmas gift has gone astray, but not her whose Easter frock or hat failed to reach her in time."

One of the sights in a big city on the Saturday before Easter Sunday is the scurry of belated shoppers, each wearing a worried look and studiously berating the clerks, who never seemed so slow at other times. The woman whose dressmaker has gone down under nervous prostration and sends word that the Easter raiment will be delivered a week late, dashes into the suit department of a fashionable shop at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon and hysterically paws over the array of ready-made gowns. When she learns that the alteration department has orders to keep it running into the wee small hours of Sunday morning, and the extra three inches cannot be taken off the skirt, or the fullness removed between the shoulders, she is in despair and vows she will never enter the shop of such unaccommodating people again.

The departments which enjoy the heaviest trade during this rush period are the suit, millinery, glove and candy departments. As a rule, the tardy millinery shoppers may be divided into two classes—the reckless buyers, who pay exorbitant prices, and the very poor, whose purchases are delayed because funds are lacking. Thus, the most expensive and the cheapest grades of hats are sold on this day, while the conservative, thoughtful buyer has long since made her selection after mature deliberation.

No matter how heavy the glove department may be stocked, disgruntled customers are numerous, because the most popular shades are bound to give out in the common sizes. Then, too, many Easter costumes require gloves of a tint that must be especially ordered, and this cannot be done on twenty-four hours' notice. Many a woman compromises on white gloves, and feels that the essence of her Easter raiment has been sacrificed on the altar of the shop's poor assortment. That the gloves have been selected with the costume does not enter to her thoughts.

In the candy stores things fairly hum for forty-eight hours preceding Easter Sunday. Here, too, are sold favorns for Easter dinners and luncheons.

"It is something I have never been able to understand," said a clerk in a well-known candy store. "For weeks before Easter our windows are filled with novelities and our advertising is practically devoted to Easter goods, yet the real rush does not set in until the last moment. Perhaps shoppers think they will get fresher goods by waiting, but our fancy packages are put up long in advance, and very little new stock comes in at this late hour."

A GREAT SENSATION.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown, of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief, and soon thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed by W. A. Abbett, druggist. Trial bottles free.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, beginning FRIDAY, APRIL 10
Engagement Extraordinary! Frank L. Perley's Singing Comedians in the smartest and most up-to-date Operatic Comedy of the period—
"THE CHAPERONS"
PRICES—Night, D. C., $1.50; Parq., $1.50 and $1; F. C., 75c; Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c. Matinee—D. C., $1; Parq., $1 and 75c; F. C. and Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c.
"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN" APRIL 13.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Tuesday and Wednesday Nights, Wednesday Matinee, April 14, 15.
Nixon & Zimmerman present the Marguerita Sylvia Comic Opera Co—50 people—headed by the brilliant and talented artist, Marguerita Sylvia, in Geo. W. Lederer's musical success.
"THE STROLLERS."
Music by Ludwig Englander. Book by Harry B. Smith. PRICES—Night, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phones 969. W. H. Keaney, Mgr.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
Dick Ferris presents Ferris' Comedians in
"THE PRISONER OF ZERESLA"
All new specialties. Extra tonight.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 2:30.
Night prices—10c, 25c and 50c.
PRIZE BABY MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
Matinee prices—10c and 25c.
Continuous Performance.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Easter Menu.

Fresh flowers, new garments, the Easter bonnet, the game of ball, leaping bonfires, the Easter kiss, Paschal eggs, cakes, hares, feasting, dancing, love making, Easter chimes, wedding bells, altars decorated with blooming plants, tapers, stately palms, out of the black soil the pure white lily with the heart of gold, all proclaim in varied ways the same beautiful story of joy and gladness. The winter is past. The time of singing of birds has come. "Alleluiah! Christ the Lord is risen, indeed!"

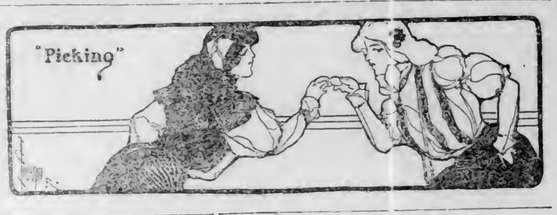
In almost every country the egg stands first on the Easter menu as the appropriate thing for breaking the long fast.

This is a special feature of the religious observance of the day in many of the Catholic or Prova-Slav countries, while in our rural districts the small boy who can report at Sunday school the largest number of "Pans" eggs taken from their biding place in the haymow and devoured by himself for breakfast stands higher in the estimation of his fellows than he who can say his "Golden Text."

In Hungary it has been the custom from the very earliest times for the boys to herald in the day by sprinkling the girls with rose water, receiving colored eggs in return.

In Roumania, peopled by the descendants of Trojan's legions, the high dignitaries exchange Easter eggs with the people, and neighbors call on each other with baskets of red tinted, hard boiled eggs.

While all Paschal eggs given as presents were originally colored red, as typical of the blood of Christ—the Paschal Lamb—the custom has lost its significance in most lands, and any and every color or device in ornamentation is allowable. In Persia eggs are



painted and gilded before being sent as presents. The Shah himself distributes five hundred among his seraglio, the favorites receiving theirs in beautiful basins.

In Turkey the deft fingered Armenian girls make charming Easter souvenirs of egg shells, decorated with gold or silver spangles in elaborate designs, fastening a dainty ribbon at either end to allow of their being suspended. In coloring the ordinary eggs onion skin is employed to give them the approved red tint, while various designs may be traced upon the shell by wrapping the egg in a piece of calico and then boiling.

To Decorate Easter Eggs.

Various methods of egg decoration are practiced in this country. For blown eggs a small hole may be made at each end of the eggs and the contents forced out with the breath. Rinse clean. Draw a narrow ribbon through double from one hole to the other, tying in a bow at the lower end and leaving a loop or corresponding bow at the upper end. Decorate the shell in water colors, tracing small flowers or ecclesiastical designs. A pretty effect may be obtained by painting the rest of the eggshell with gold or silver paint, bringing out the colors in greater relief. These blown eggshells may also be painted to represent faces. Glue a little down or hair over the forehead and cover the bald head with a Normandy cap made of colored tissue paper, with a little cape and bow tied under the chin. A part circle of stiff white paper pasted flat underneath makes a neat, firm finish. For table decorations, eggshell flowerholders are made by breaking off the top of the emptied shell, painting the guest's name on it in silver or gold, and then, to make it stand upright, putting small shot in the bottom and filling in with melted wax. At the places where confectioners' supplies are sold composition eggs in every possible size can be procured at small cost. The pure white ones are susceptible of dainty decoration, even moderate artistic ability sufficing to produce lovely effects, from scattered blossoms, put on in Dresden fashion, in sprays of single flowers, in a cross with entwining vines, or the letters I. H. S., singly or as a monogram. If a center ornament for an elaborate Easter luncheon or breakfast is desired, the confectioners will make them to order of any dimensions and style of ornament, and of clear candy or clouded sugar, as preferred. Laid on a bed of moss or ferns or in a nest of spun sugar they prove an attractive feature of the feast.

Other eggs for table decorations, gifts or favors may be found covered with hand-pelutted satin or housed in basket holders of daintily dyed straw or molds representing a young girl's large straw hat; while for the children the old form of a motherly hen and chickens resting on their big nest of spun sugar is never hackneyed or without its fascination. Great straw eggs are also shown at this season, made of interwoven shaded straw and gilt, with large straw rings for hanging them. When one of these wicker eggs parts in the middle it discloses a lining of soft peachblow satin that proclaims its fitness for a dainty workbasket when its mission as a candy receptacle is over.

Egg-racing, egg-bunting and egg-"picking," when the victor is the "cock" of one, two, three or four eggs, as the case may be, are favorite amusements with children the world over.

In this country egg rolling or racing finds its apotheosis in the White House grounds, while Philadelphia claims the palm for egg-"picking." This game, which has a respectable ancestral and cosmopolitan past, consists in a battle with eggs, the contestants knocking their hard-boiled eggs together. To the victor—of superior skill or harder shell—belong the spoils. In Greece and Asia Minor this practice goes hand in hand with a great display of mausketry, which is always the expression of joy.

A close second to the egg, in Easter symbolism, are Easter cakes. The origin of the hot-cross bun, whose unlimited consumption begins on Good Friday and extends through Easter week, may be traced to antiquity.

In London and all over England the universal cry of the venders, "One a penny, two a penny—hot cross buns!" is sufficient to coax the coppers out of the most closely buttoned purse. In Swift's "Journal to Stella," in 1712, he estimated that at the old Chelsea bun house 240,000 have been sold in a day, and the taste for hot cross buns seems to grow by what it feeds on.

The first Good Friday bun is believed never to mold and is kept by the superstitious from one year to the next to prevent disease and bring good luck. These buns are also dried, grated and added to water to make a sort of panado, supposed to be a valuable tonic.

In the North of England "flawns," a sort of cheesecake or baked custard, are deemed indispensable to the proper celebration of the day, an old rhyme, urging the housewife to endeavor, running as follows:

Fill the oven with flawns, Jennie; pause not for sleep,
For to-morrow thy father his wake-day will keep.

It behooves the housewife to see that the last of her mince pies are eaten at Easter, as it is deemed most unlucky to have any left over after that date.

In Shropshire the Easter dinner to this day is likely to consist of a leg of mutton stuffed with ground ivy and accompanied by a large piece of boiled bacon or ham. In fact, the eating of "gammon" at Easter used formerly to be considered the index of orthodoxy.

In some localities veal pie and apple pie are believed to be suited to Easter day dining, while rabbits and hares are in repute.

The Easter Bonnet.

The custom of wearing new clothes for

Easter is as old as the day, originating doubtless from the fact that it was the festival of opening spring.—Nature casting aside the garb of winter and putting on her spring finery. The Persians named the festival "The Feast of New Clothes," because it was commanded that each person cast aside the old worn garments and appear in new.

In England there is an old proverb, "Unless you wear something new on Easter Day, the rooks will spoil your clothing all the year through."

Easter Flowers.

The use of flowers in Easter decorations was derived, according to antiquarians, from the Druids.

While palms and lilies are the close associates of Easter in the south lands, in English villages the young willow boughs bursting into bloom are usually substituted. In Roumania and Asia Minor all the houses are wreathed with budding branches of the weeping willow.

While the stately Easter lily, with all its beautiful associations, seems the fitting symbol for sacred uses in the sanctity of the church, for house and table decorations nothing can compare with daffodils, jonquils or the delicate narcissi.

Yellow is unquestionably the distinctive color for Easter festivities, giving a suggestion of sunlight.

In this country nearly all social functions scheduled for Easter week belong primarily to women and Easter breakfasts and luncheons rule the day. In most of these yellow color effects will predominate and no color scheme is more easily carried out or more generally satisfactory. Gold banded china, whose old-time popularity has recently been revived; yellow glass and shades, yellow flowers, tulips, daffodils or jonquils and food combinations in which bananas, carrots, mayonnaise, oranges, lemons, guimoa, sweetbreads and mushrooms, chicken with curry in rice border, egg salad, cheese straws, lemon ices and creams and bonbons may be made to reflect the same warm effect. All unite to make glorious summer indoors if even outside winter still holds nominal possession. White tablecloths are always appropriate and correct, it is considered smarter at present to discard the cloth and serve luncheon on the polished, shining mahogany. This is productive of charming effects, the rich tint of the wood showing through the delicate cobweb meshes of the centerpiece and corresponding doilies.

The menus are usually served a la Russe, which leaves the hostess at liberty to enjoy herself with her guests, unless she prefers to have certain of the courses placed before her when she knows she can readily and gracefully serve while holding to the thread of conversation.

The menus for breakfast or luncheon are much the same, the chief difference being in the hour of serving it, it being a little later for the luncheon.

Breakfast is usually at 12 o'clock, and may begin with fruit or with bouillon or clam juice served in cups.

The following menus are suggestive and may be altered to suit individual preference:

BREAKFAST.
Grape Fruit, with Maraschino Cherries.
Consomme (in cups).
Caviar Sandwiches (round, covered with caviar and over that the powdered yolks of eggs).
Croustadt of Whitebait (served in shells, with sauce piquant).
Tenderloin of Beef, with Mushrooms.
Pineapple Sorbet (in glasses, set on plate, with a doily).
Squab on Toast, with Watercress.
Creme en Surprise (in egg shaped moulds, with chestnuts hidden in the cream).
Angel and Sunshine Cakes.
Glaced Fruits.
Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Clam Broth, with Whipped Cream.
Salmon Cutlets, Finger Rolls.
Fresh Mushrooms in Casseroles.
Fillet of Fowl. Rice Croquettes.
Cauliflower.
Potatoes a la Duchesse.
Deviled Egg Salad and Lettuce Hearts.
Cheese Fingers.
Sorbet au Kirsch (in Easter Lilies).
Angel Cake.
Coffee.

As on the dinner table there are small dishes for the yellow radishes and olives and dainty compotiers of china or silver for the mints, the glaced fruits or the salted Arabian nuts which are coming into popular use. In the finger bowls, only half filled with fresh perfumed water, should be slices of lemon and yellow rose leaves.

Among the approved Easter cakes are hot cross buns made as follows:—

Into four pounds of the best wheat flour rub a quarter pound of good sweet butter, the same amount of lard, a half pound of sugar, a heaping teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, a half teaspoonful of cinnamon and a pinch of mace. Add three-quarters of a pound of well washed and dried currants and a little finely shredded candied lemon peel. Dissolve two compressed yeast cakes in a pint of lukewarm milk and, making a hole in the centre of the flour, pour in and thoroughly mix. This should be done early in the evening, if the buns are to be used for breakfast. When the sponge rises to the top of the hole knead the entire mixture to a light dough, using as much more warm milk as may be necessary. Set the bowl, well covered, in a warm place. The next morning knead and turn out on a well floured board and divide into pieces weighing about three ounces each. Pat them out round, let them stand a few moments, then roll into oblong shapes and lay on a flat dripping pan, taking care that they have room to expand. Let them rise from a half to three-quarters of an hour, mark a cross on them with a sharp knife or a fork and bake in a moderate oven. As soon as they are done wash the top with a syrup of sugar and water boiled together. Eat hot and well buttered.

The Splendor Of Fashion's Easter Array.

With the last echo of the recessional "Alleluia" borne away on the perfumed air the men, women and children turn from the church to the streets, which, bear in their way as many tokens of Easter as the flower-trimmed churches. Up and down the avenue are moving human lines, with the freshness of the newly purchased in their attire. Careful grooming is evident in every figure. The brightness of the spring time and delicate coloring characterize the frocks and hats of the women. The children, in their straight coats and flower-topped hats, look like spring blossoms. Men carry themselves with an uplifting consciousness of the correctness of their dress. It is a pleased and satisfied world that shows itself on the avenue after the Easter services. It is worth looking at and being a part of.

While the Easter period may have lost just a bit of its fashionable flavor, there it far more becoming than it was, and there is enough material now provided in a well-cut frock coat to prevent any ugly effect at the back when the coat is fastened in front, such as the tails dividing too widely, and frockcoats are now fitted to define the figure most closely. There are rumors, and apparently well-founded rumors, that corsets are now worn with the evident desire to accentuate the waistline, giving always the long-waisted effect, however. Light trousers, checked or striped or any vague indescribable sort of pattern, white or fancy waistcoats, are worn with the frock coat, while the overcoat worn over it—that is, if the weather is cold enough to wear an overcoat over a frock coat—is a stylish one, with long skirts, very long waist, pockets far down and altogether of fascinating appearance.

men's business suits. These last are made up on simple lines, short skirt, nine gored or plaited, with long coat, the rule now being that the long coat and short skirt shall be worn together and the short coat with the long skirt. The light clothes are made with short coats, as has been said, and most elaborate are they in detail, trimmed with lace or embroidery or braiding or fringe, for, strangely enough, many of the lightweight cloths have fringe on them. These are the styles that have short jackets, with deep capes, the fringe around the capes giving a long shoulder seam effect. Capes are worn on all the fancy coats of all the tailor suits—that is, the severely plain tailor suits, which are made with the three-quarter coat and without trimming.

skirts. For older girls the short loose coats in the light colors, with skirts to match and hats to match also, trimmed with pink flowers, daisies or forget-me-nots, are delightfully springlike in appearance and most becoming, but bright blue and red are also worn for spring gowns and with these same hats. The veiling gowns, in gray, blue, red, tan and a bright brown, are very smart for young girls and are trimmed with narrow velvet ribbons of the same color. They are quite simple in design, very attractive and are worn with covert coats, for the covert coat is a necessary part of the young girl's spring outfit.

Cheviots, with just a line of white, a finer line than has been worn for some time, are

Top coats are shorter than they were, and emphatically top coats, while mackintoshes with a woolen facing are still employed both as rain coats and evening coats by men who consult economy. Oxford and pepper and salt mixtures in rough cheviots are still fashionable, while in many details the styles are similar to last season's. Business suits are in tans, grays and blues, with a colored line; not at all such as have been worn so much, but with an irregular line of red or light blue. They are seen also in the iron gray, with a line of red, or with the red showing through is perhaps a better description. The dark cheviots are also fashionable, and the rough, English-looking materials are the smartest for men who go in for a lot of clothes. The extreme of fashions is shown in the silk suits of the heavy brocade that are used for smoking jackets, and occasionally for summer evening dress, but, of course, these have not become generally fashionable, and are only included in the wardrobe of the man who has a suit for every day, and two or three times a day.

For men there are many different styles of coats, several different shapes of hats, many different cuts and colors of waistcoats, many varieties and colorings of shirtings and no end of new materials for suits to be worn in the morning, afternoon and evening. The frock coat has attained a degree of perfection and elegance that makes

Easter hats will be as a rule smaller than those of last year, and the old fashioned bonnet will be seen. Later, bonnets with strings will make their appearance, but it is hardly safe to say that so early in the season. The turban that fits close to the head at the back has a brim extending over the face and is faced with a shirring of tulle or chiffon, with stiff little wings or aigrettes at the sides, giving a little height, will be the hat most in demand. The plaited tulle hat in black or colors will be the favorite model, and will be seen both in large and small sizes. To wear with the light colored gowns will be hats of the same shade, but the black tulle hat will be permitted with everything, and will be trimmed with one or two ostrich tips rather than with flowers. The fine chip hats in black with a pompon of yellow lace and two ostrich tips at the back will also be very smart and very useful, and for dress the same hats in white with pink feathers and pink satin bows will be seen. The all-white tulle hats trimmed with white pompons and white ostrich tips, and which really are only appropriate for midsummer, will be worn during the spring, and with the cloth gowns, but the fashion is an eccentric one, and only to be recommended when the number of hats is not limited.

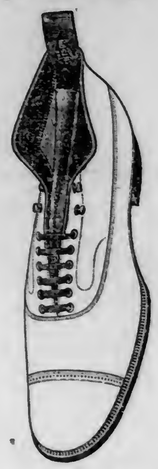
The fashion of Easter clothes must include children's costumes, and very smart will the little people look this year. Light blue, red, gray and green are fashionable colors for small children, of course in the bright shades, while blue, not only in the light shades and bright ones, but in the darker ones as well, is made up in cloth or in serge into plaited skirts and short coats, in long coats and in dainty little blouses to wear with plaited

made up with the loose Norfolk jacket and plain gored skirt for hard wear, and are worn with wash waists by the young girl who adds to the costume a fashionable but severe tailor hat, of straw or chip, trimmed with only two black pompons.

Angel Cake.

Have in readiness one cupful of granulated sugar and one cupful of flour, measured after sifting once, then both sifted together five times; a half teaspoonful of sifted cream of tartar, and the whites of nine large or ten small eggs, beaten to a stiff froth, with a salt spoon of salt. Use a flat wire beater for this purpose and whip on a large platter. When the whites are foaming add the cream of tartar and beat until very, very stiff. Now slip the eggs into the bowl of sifted sugar and flour and cut and fold the whites into the flour very carefully, so as not to break the air cells. Flavor with a little almond. This is the critical moment. Have the cake tin in readiness and do not stop the folding until the cake is almost in the oven. This should be very slow—almost a bread oven. If there is danger of its being too hot leave the oven door open while the cake is being made. This gives the cake a chance to heat gradually and rise slowly and steadily, like a souffle. If you have an angel cake tin use it; otherwise a narrow bar tin, lined with lightly buttered paper. If apt to bake too fast cover with buttered paper.

PHILLIPS



All the new leathers and shapes in Men's Spring Shoes—

$3, $3.50, $5, $6.

Dainty novelties in Ladies' Boots for Easter wear—

$2.50 to $6.00.

There is nothing like a neat, dressy, well-fitted Shoe on a little girl.

We have them in endless variety —the value received kind—

69c to $3.00

Boys' Shoes, the kind that "never wear out"—

$1.75 to $3.00

Others—

98c to $1.48.

Last, but the best of all, the "Little Fellow"—

19c to $1.25.

Phillips'

213 W. Superior St.

SHINE—FIVE CENTS.

IS PLAINLY SHOWN

Witnesses Unquestionably Tampered With In Ark Case.

Three Men Held to Await Grand Jury's Action.

There is no question but that witnesses were tampered with in the Ark robbery case.

During the examination before Judge Windom this morning one of the witnesses testified that on Saturday night he was approached and offered a ticket to Montana and a job at $3 a day if he would leave Duluth then and there and not appear against the men charged with the robbery.

This witness was Alfred Aleene, and the men that made him the offer finally did get him too drunk to appear in court at the time the original examination was set for.

Ark, the complaining witness in the case, testifies that he was doped and not drunk before being put on the train to Hurley, Wis., and further substantiated the report that friends of the three men charged with the robbery stopped at nothing in the way of getting both Ark and Aleene out of the city.

The three men under arrest are Gust Henning, John Salon and Andrew Mattson, and Judge Windom considered the case against them of sufficient strength to bind all over to the grand jury.

Two Fine Wagons.

The Silberstein & Bondy company have just added to their delivery equipment two new wagons of the latest model, fitted with rubber tires and presenting an altogether metropolitan appearance. The harness is brass mounted and monogramed, and the delivery men wear caps and uniforms of olive green to match the wagons. The whole effect is most striking.

Appropriate Easter Gifts!

We would suggest for an appropriate and always acceptable remembrance for the Easter occasion a handsome diamond or combination ring, such as pearls, turquoise, opals or hundreds of other different combinations. A gift like this is both useful and ornamental and never depreciates in value.

A handsome brooch makes another very dainty gift—in fact our whole stock abounds with beautiful suggestions and the prices are most reasonable.

G. A. Klein,

Jeweler,

325 W. Superior St.

BON TON BAKERY AND CANDY KITCHEN

25 West Superior St.

Good Things for Easter--

We make a specialty of Cakes for Easter—and at prices lower than they can be made at home. Names of self or friends put on orders. No names taken after Friday evening.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

We have the largest display of handsome decorated Easter Eggs in the city.

The result of years of experiment

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Does not cake or fill up interstices

Cleans as well as polishes

All responsible jewelers keep it — 25 cents a package

HAD BEEN OUT WITH WOMEN

Frenchman Did Not Want His Wife to Know It.

New York, April 8.—The hearing on the will of the late Charles L. Fair, who was killed in an automobile accident in France last August, was resumed today. Mrs. Hannah Nelson, of Newmarket, N. J., mother of Mrs. Fair, seeks to show that Mr. Fair died before his wife.

Lucien Mas, the Frenchman, who testified yesterday that when he reached the scene of the accident he found Mr. Fair dead and Mrs. Fair breathing, was again on the stand. Mas was questioned about an interview he had had with M. Picard, a French secret agent, regarding the accident. Mas said he had refused to tell Picard who was with him and where he had been when he witnessed the accident, because Mas and his friend, of Moranne, had been to Deauville with women and did not want their wives to know it.

Mas said he had not described the accident to M. Picard differently from his description at this hearing.

When counsel for Mrs. Nelson objected to the cross-examination as to what time Mas boarded a train after witnessing the accident, opposing counsel said it was most important, as it "shows Mas was not at the place at all."

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Helena, Mont., April 8.—John J. Hall is dead at Jefferson, aged 73 years. He was a native of West Dover, Vt., and was a pioneer in three states, Minnesota, Washington and Montana. He settled in Minnesota in 1856 and next year left for Walla Walla, Wash., where he was identified with Congregational missions. He came to Montana in 1862 and was one of the first miners in Alder Gulch, the scene of the first gold discoveries in Montana.

Cincinnati, April 8.—J. W. Bryan, former lieutenant governor of Kentucky, died today at his home in Covington, Ky. He was for years a leading attorney as well as prominent in politics.

Milton, Mass., April 8.—Henry Van Brunt, well known as an architect and designer of the electricity building at the Chicago World's fair, died today at his home here.

Ithaca, N. Y., April 8.—Daniel Butler, aged 106 years, the oldest resident of Tompkin's county, is dead at Enfield Falls, near here.

Toledo, April 8.—Dr. G. A. Collamore, one of the most prominent physicians in Ohio, is dead at his home here. The deceased was stricken with paralysis four days ago and failed to recover full consciousness up to the hour of his death. He is survived by a widow and five children.

Eau Claire, Wis., April 8.—Ole Broder Olson, editor of the Norwegian Prohibitionist newspaper Reform, former member of the national committee of the Prohibition party and nominee for congressman and lieutenant governor in past campaigns, died here yesterday. Mr. Olson was 47 years of age and was born in Norway. He was a lecturer of some note.

E. L. BROWN IS ADVANCED

Assistant General Superintendent of Great Northern—Gruber Quits.

E. L. Brown, formerly of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, and latterly superintendent of the Montana Central railroad, has been appointed to the position of assistant general superintendent of the Great Northern road, with headquarters at St. Paul.

He takes the position of J. M. Gruber, who resigned because George T. Slade, a son-in-law of J. J. Hill, was appointed over him to the position of general superintendent, which was made vacant by the appointment of F. E. Ward as general manager.

Mr. Brown will be succeeded by F. S. Forest, superintendent of the Spokane Falls & Northern road.

Mr. Brown is one of the old St. Paul & Duluth road men and is well known and well liked in Duluth. He has worked up from the bottom of the railroad business.

Mr. Gruber began his railroad career as a stenographer to Mr. Hill twenty years ago, and rose steadily to the position of assistant general superintendent. He was considered very close to Mr. Hill and the appointment of Mr. Slade over him caused a great deal of comment in railroad circles.

BUST OF WASHINGTON

Will Be Offered United States By Frenchmen.

Paris, April 8.—A committee has been formed, consisting of the Marquis de Lafayette, the Marquis de Grasse and Count de Rochambeau, descendants of three notable figures in the American revolution, to offer a bust of Washington to the United States. It will be a replica of the famous bronze bust of David D'Angers, which was once in Washington but was destroyed by fire. The daughter of the sculptor has placed at the disposition of the committee her father's original plaster casts from which the new bronze sections will be made.

A public subscription has been opened. The Count de Rochambeau is chairman of the committee.

THE FIRST BOAT

One of Pittsburg Fleet Will Leave Duluth Tomorrow.

Forty Non-Union Firemen Are Hired By That Company.

The first of the Pittsburg Steamship company's boats will move out tomorrow between daylight and noon.

Forty firemen have been hired by the company and oilers and water tenders are now on the pay rolls. Part were hired yesterday and part today.

At the office of the company it was not announced what boat would be the first to move, nor would the officials announce to which dock the first boat would go.

The steamship men feel that there is likely to be some demonstration, and are not desirous of telling where the first work is to be done.

The engineers and masters, who are under contract with the Lake Carriers' association and the various companies individually, have signified their willingness to work with non-union men.

This matter has been talked over and the firemen who are working today and who will cause the boats to move tomorrow are satisfactory to their shipmates, so far as is known.

What the firemen are being paid is not made public. There are reports of fancy prices, some as high as $5 a day, owing to the danger to life and limb which may face them when arriving at Buffalo or Cleveland, but this is also denied.

What the men on the ore docks may or may not do cannot be foretold. The company has not had any conferences with other branches of labor, but it is understood that the unions working for the steel corporation will let the firemen and oilers take care of their own troubles.

SHIPPING NON-UNION MEN.

Employment Agency Reports Them Easy to Get.

The Pittsburg Steamship company today placed an order with the B. F. Gilbert employment agency for eight firemen. The order was promptly filled.

"We could have secured three times the number had they been needed," said Mr. Gilbert. "We had a large number of applicants whom we had to turn away. The men who were hired were experienced firemen and they contracted to work for $45 per month, the same wage that was offered the union men. Our order which was from the Pittsburg Steamship company has been filled and we have no further orders on our books for firemen."

The union men about the city were much excited at the news of the hiring of non-union men to fill their places and the employment office was thronged with members of the union during the time the men were being hired. There was no movement to interfere with the work of the employment agents on the part of the union.

William Jones, the agent of the union for the head of the lakes whose office is in Superior, was informed of the move on the part of the Pittsburg Steamship company by some of the union men about two o'clock this afternoon and immediately came over to Duluth to verify the news.

ONE COMPANY CONCEDES

Seither Transit Company Contract With Firemen.

The Seither Transit company, owner of the steamer Grammer, has made a settlement with the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Watertenders' association.

R. W. England, agent for the company at Duluth, signed five firemen and watertenders today at $52.50 per month until October 1 and $60 per month from then until the end of the season.

The men claim that other managers are considering the question and that further settlements may be expected before night. The Grammer will leave Saturday for Buffalo with a load of grain.

"We believe the Pittsburg Steamship company and the others will soon come to terms," said one of the firemen who has been engaged by the Seither Transit company. "Several conferences with various ship owners at Duluth are being held now and we expect farther agreements to be signed before tonight."

LUMBER SHIPMENTS

Not Expected to Begin Before May 1 From Here.

Lumber shipments down the lakes are not expected to begin from this harbor much before May 1, a date somewhat later than last season. Captain Charles Weeks, the vesselman, and one of the members of the executive committee of the Lake Lumber Carriers' association, said this afternoon regarding the vessel situation:

"I do not expect that any of the lumber boats will arrive in the Duluth harbor from the lower lake ports before April 25, nor will there be any lumber shipments before that date.

"None of the lumber boats have yet started up here for the reason that it is not yet advisable for them to do so. The steamer Buell, bound for Duluth with package freight, is still in the vicinity of Detour and nobody knows what she will strike in the way of ice if she gets to the Soo. It looks reasonable that the owners who are figuring that the ice-bucking proposition is a losing one in the long run are acting the wiser part in waiting until the lakes and channels are clear. It stands to reason that the battering and strain to which one of the big boats is subjected to in making an early run through floating ice to the head of the lakes, damages it to a greater or less extent and the damage is more than the advantage gained.

"I do not think the firemen's strike will seriously inconvenience the lake lumber trade if it holds out to May 1; indeed, it may be a good thing for the vessel trade if it holds out that long."

Moore Goes Out.

The steamer C. W. Moore cleared today for Isle Royale. She had on board a number of lighthouse keepers for the various lights on Isle Royale and other north shore points.

SMILES.

Good Cheer and Good Food Go Together.

Improper feeding is the source of most human ails. Sick people don't laugh much. It is the healthy and strong who see the sunny side of everything. Pure, scientific food will correct most ailments and bring laughter and good cheer in place of sickness and gloom.

The wife of a physician of Dayton, O., says: "Before I had finished the first package of Grape-Nuts, which I got at the urgent request of a friend of mine several months ago, I was astonished to find I was less nervous over small matters and worried less over large ones, laughed more readily and was at all times more calm and contented than I had ever been in my life. I found also that the hollow places in my neck and shoulders were filling out, and that astonished me as I had always been very thin, as women with starved nerves are apt to be.

"After a time I discontinued the use of Grape-Nuts for two months, and found the old symptoms return at once. I went back to the use of the food again and feel well and strong. I can increase my weight at will from five to ten pounds a month by using more or less of the food. Before I was married I was for five years a trained nurse and I have never in all my experience seen anything to act as quickly and favorably as this scientific food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SPICER-FANNING CO.

The Northwest's Greatest Store.

1501-1507 TOWER AVENUE... West Superior, Wisconsin.

Don't Choose too Hastily this Season.

WE ARE only five miles nearer New York than Duluth stores—but we are two months ahead of them in styles.

The New York fashions of today are here now. No other house in the Northwest has them.

You must come here to be posted on the season's latest styles.

Interstate Cars Direct to Our Doors.

GETS AN APPOINTMENT.

Paul Pressentin Offered Secretaryship to Young.

Paul H. Pressentin, who has been employed in the office of President W. J. Olcott, of the Missabe road, in a secretarial position for the past year, has been appointed private secretary to Congressman H. O. Young, of the Twelfth district in Michigan.

Mr. Pressentin said this morning at the offices of the company, that he had not decided to acept the appointment as yet.

Young Pressentin is a Milwaukee boy and came up to Duluth with the Oliver Iron Mining company, getting his transfer from Ishpeming. He was formerly a carrier boy on the Milwaukee Sentinel, and later, after being graduated from the city schools there, went into the offices of the Milwaukee road.

Walter Pressentin, who holds a position with Dr. Hulst, of the Oliver Mining company, is a brother of the young man.

QUIET AT LAWRENCE.

No Trouble When the Hosiery Mills Opened.

Lowell, Mass., April 8.—There was no trace of last night's disturbances today when the Lawrence hosiery mill opened as usual. The ring spinners went to their work with the other operatives, numbering about 3000 in all. Some Greeks had gathered near the mill gate, but the police were on hand to prevent any trouble. But there was no demonstration. The board of arbitration will meet tomorrow to investigate the strike and the dispute leading to it.

Fitchburg, Mass., April 8.—The power was not started at the Park Hill cotton mills here today, on account of the strike of the weavers and loom fixers in mill C.

In all 1200 employes are now out of work. The weavers of mill C objected to doing work left unfinished in the other mills by the original strikers.

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight. 8:30.

See Duluth-Superior Traction Co. ad, Want page.

Beautiful Easter Packages of Lowney's chocolates. E. H. Fish & Co.

At St. Paul's Episcopal rectory Elizabeth M. Thayer, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Harper of 827 East Fifth street and Ernest Fuller, of Virginia, Minn., were married yesterday by Rev. A. W. Ryan. They have gone to Minneapolis for the wedding trip.

The regular meeting of the Womans' Aid society of the First M. E. church, will be held in the church parlor, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Parlor theater. Big crowds nightly.

Everything electrical. J. H. McLaughlin & Co. Palladio Bldg., both 'phones.

The Salvation Army self-denial week is now well under way, and the people of Duluth are uniting with the Salvation Army in a very practical way by contribution of their nickels and dimes. Fifteen hundred children are cared for in various ways annually by the Salvation Army in the United States. There are 150 children in orphanages, there are accommodations for 500 fallen girls in the army rescue homes and 1800 girls pass through the homes yearly. The army friends will be given the opportunity to keep the pots boiling for those homes the remainder of the week. They are to be found on Superior street.

The election of five directors to fill vacancies on the board at the Commercial club, passed off quietly tiday, about 150 votes being registered up to 2 o'clock, out of a membership of over 1050. Some of the members refrained from voting on the ground that all the nominees were capable of filling the office, and they have no choice of election. The heaviest voting was done this noon when the members came in for the luncheon hour.

A feature of municipal court arraignments today was that of Barney McGuire, charged with drunkenness. He was dressed like a cowboy and appeared with both sleeves rolled up and introduced his bare arms in evidence as a sort of "Exhibit A," to prove that he would go to work if allowed to go free. He was sent to the county jail for thirty days.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Louis Rouchleau left today for Minneapolis for a short visit with friends.

Reidar D. Rovig, city passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road at St. Paul, is in the city today.

George Waters left this morning over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Calumet.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Leland left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for West Baden Springs.

H. W. Andridge left over the Wisconsin Central this afternoon for Chicago.

Samuel Spurbeck, son of F. H. Spurbeck, deputy collector of customs, has returned from Two Harbors, where he has been confined to the hospital for several weeks.

C. E. Wells left this afternoon over the Wisconsin Central for Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Bell left last evening over the South Shore for Liverpool.

The following were guests of the Commercial club today: H. L. Burdick, Chicago; C. H. Garhart, Grand Marais; George Hammond, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen, Detroit, Mich.

Attorney Tracy R. Bangs, of Grand Forks, a prominent politician and citizen of North Dakota, is in the city and registered at the Spalding hotel.

W. A. Avery of the firm of Avery & Richardson, lumbermen, arrived in Duluth from Detroit this morning and is at the Spalding hotel.

CONSUL MAY DIE.

Paris, April 8.—A Temps dispatch from Belgrade says late information received there indicates that the condition of M. Stcherbina, the Russian consul at Mitrovitza, who was shot by an Albanian sentry there recently, is serious. He has high fever and expectorates blood.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

New York, April 8.—Guy E. Howett, son of William Howett, of 5563 Washington avenue, Chicago, attempted to commit suicide in a hotel here today by inhaling illuminating gas. He was taken to St. Vincent's hospital a prisoner.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

ADVERTISING.

All the advertising in the world couldn't make you buy a poor thing a second time.

The best advertisement any article can have is itself —*if* it's good.

Most of the men wearing GORDON hats to-day are doing so because they feel they *know* its goodness.

Do you?

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PATENTS

and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof

JAMES T WATSON.

P. O. Box 573, or ***Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.*** Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.

Call or send for information.

Contracts, Licenses. Designs.

Wedding Silver

Our collection comprises a complete assortment of the newest designs and choicest quality, combining artistic features with high-grade of elegance.

Tea Spoons per set of 6	$ 3.00
Dessert Spoons per set of 6	6.75
Table Spoons per set of 6	10.00
Table Forks per set of 6	10.00

J. B. Erd,

Successor to Geist & Erd,

121 West Superior Street.

SOROSIS
TRADE MARK
FOR
EASTER
The shoes that are worn by the best gowned women in the leading cities of this country and abroad are designed by SOROSIS.
We are now showing the latest creations in this famous line for EASTER

Sold in Duluth Exclusively By the Wieland Shoe Co.

PALESTINE FILLED

With Pilgrims For the Wonderful Ceremonies at Jerusalem.

Jews, Moslems and Christians Celebrate at Same Time.

Jerusalem, April 8.—The picturesqueness of Easter celebrations is nowhere on earth so striking as it is in Jerusalem and a visit here at this season is well worth the short journey from the Mediterranean on the Jaffa railway—a comparatively new innovation—although that brings but a small percentage of the pilgrims.

Jews, Moslems and Christians all celebrate Easter here at the same time. To the Jew it is the time honored feast of the Passover, to the Moslem it represents the anniversary of Isaac's release from death on Mount Moriah. For the Christian it has a still larger si nificance, for here are Bethsemane, Golgotha and the Holy Sepulchre, speaking to him so eloquently of the actual Resurrection.

Wonderful to western eyes are those Easter ceremonies in the Orient. Rarely does the Greek and Latin festival fall upon the same date. It therefore happens that for weeks pilgrims from both churches pour into Jerusalem from the four quarters of the earth. Every hospice is crowded, every dwelling has its guest; and far out on the hills—especially on the western slope of Mount Oliver—innumerable white tents are pitched, as in the days of the Master. Every ship to Jaffa brings its hundreds; every road has its caravan of horses, camels, donkeys and dogs—Greek, Christians, Moslem Arabs and foreign-born Jews, in voluble yet picturesque confusion, "going up to Jerusalem" as men went three thousand years ago.

In the Holy City the narrow streets are full to their utmost capacity, and thousands are outside the walls trying vainly to enter. It is a motley crowd, such as can be seen even in Jerusalem at no other time.

All night processions of Russian pilgrims pass through the Jaffa gate to and from the church of the Holy Sepulchre. At times they sing, always one song, the "Song of the Resurrection." It begins with one low, wailing note, like the cry of the lost. By twos and threes and tens and hundreds the refrain is taken up, until the entire street, even to the Holy Sepulchre, is full of the mournful strain.

White as silver in the moonlight shines the tower of the Emperor's church, its cross a pearl against the purple night sky, where great stars float like truant balloons. Like a huge shadow stands the Tower of David and the citadel.

Among Christians Thursday preceding Easter is a day of magnificent ceremonial. Before 8 a. m. a dense crowd fills the court in front of the Holy Sepulchre, covers the staircases, outflows upon the roofs and balconies and fills every niche which offers support for a toe. It is the day of foot washing, and the ceremony takes place on a platform in the centre of a court, the Greek Patriarch and twelve priests performing it with greap pomp and dignity.

Their robes are magnificent with gold embroidery. Jewels dazzle the eye, tender strains of music touch the heart, and in the closing moments of the scene a flock of doves drops into the court and circles about the head of the Patriarch.

In the Armenian church, built on the site and largely out of the debris of Herod's palace; the same ceremony takes place in the afternoon; and as this church is the richest and most magnificent of all Oriental Christendom, it is a wonderful pageant, with the priests, in dazzling vestments, surrounding the Patriarch at the high altar, the golden lamps, the votive offerings and the gold mosaics of the walls.

Good Friday brings the procession of Neby Moussa, in which all male Mahometans must join who can, going out from the Mosque of Omar—which has been closed to infidels since Wednesday morning—passing eastward through St. Stephen's gate, the holy green flags flying, bands playing, Turkish troops escorting, attended by the governor of Jerusalem and the Mufti, who is the head of the Mahometan church.

All the Moslem youth of the city, in superb robes and on horseback if rich, on foot if poor, follow this procession down the eastern road into the valley of Siloam, over the brook Kedron, past Gethsemane and over the south spur of the Mount of Olives, winding in and out among the gray-green olive groves and over brown hills like a wonderful glittering serpent or another conquering Crusader army going to worship God at the tomb of Moses.

With this procession, which marches twenty miles and remains a week, may go no women, but Neby Moussa Day is the sole time of the year when if a chance breeze floats a Muslimah's veil and reveals her blushing loveliness to the brave youths passing at her feet Allah will forgive.

While this pageant passes, all devout Christendom seems gathering at the Holy Sepulchre. It is estimated that this year 12,000 Greek Christians from Russia are seeking salvation in Jerusalem in company with 2000 from Egypt, a few hundred from India, 800 Americans and about three thousand nondescripts of various nationalities, all pilgrims to the sacred shrine.

On the night of Good Friday at least ten thousand pilgrims will lie, sit, stand or kneel on the stone floors and benches, in the galleries and cloisters, on the balconies and roofs and staircases or in the outer court of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, silent, prayerful, immovable, waiting for dawn. All night the streets will resound with the "Resurrection Hymn," which on Easter is changed to the triumphal "Christos voskrese! Christos voskres!" ("Christ is risen!") And this chorus is the crowning glory of the Greek Easter.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

YOU Should Buy Your Easter Shoes Now

The latest styles and neatest fitting lasts are always found here at—

$3.50

These are the kind with the Goodyear welt, oak tanned soles. They cost you—

$2.50

BROCKTON SHOE CO. 311 W. Sup. St.

HARRISON WINS

Elected Mayor of Chicago For the Fourth Time.

Results of the Elections Held In Other Cities.

Chicago, April 8.—Carter H. Harrison was elected mayor of Chicago yesterday for the fourth time, his majority by unofficial count over Graeme Stewart, the Republican candidate, being 6848. The total vote was: Harrison, 146,323; Stewart, 139,373; Cruise, Independent Labor, 9009; Breckon, socialist, 11,212; Haines, Prohibitionist, 2848. In the last mayoralty election the total vote was Harrison, Democrat, 156,756; Haney, Republican, 128,413; Hoyt, Prohibition, 3328; Collins, Socialist, 5384.

The early returns were in favor of Stewart and at one time he was 2000 ahead, but the later returns cut down his pularality steadily and the Republican leaders in private conversations admitted Stewart's defeat by about 6000. In the first precinct of the twenty-first ward, in which both Harrison and Stewart reside, the vote was Harrison 41, Stewart 101. In the last mayoralty election the vote was Harrison 82, Haney 54.

The chief issue in the campaign was the traction question, both candidates favoring municipal ownership of the street railways. Stewart advocated an immediate improvement of conditions, making the best terms possible with the companies. Harrison recommended a delay until the city had obtained what it desired from the companies.

Mayor Harrison said: "I regard the present election as less of a personal victory for myself than as a victory for municipal ownership—a victory which should lead to the development of public, national as well as municipal utilities. Partisan lines were cast aside to a great extent, but the result is at the same time a substantial endorsement of my administration."

The Republicans elected John F. Mutsky, for city attorney, by 800 plurality, and Fred Bender for city clerk by 3700. The democrats elected Ernest Hummel for city treasurer by 21,700. The new city council will be 38 Republicans, 33 Democrats and one Independent Democrat. The result in one ward is in doubt. The old council was 39 Republicans, 30 Democrats and one Independent.

QUINCY.

Quincy, Ill., April 8.—The entire Democratic ticket here is re-elected by majorities ranging from 1000 down.

GALESBURG.

Galesburg, Ill., April 8.—The citizens' ticket elected mayor, treasurer, assessor and one alderman; the liberals elected clerk, attorney, three supervisors and six aldermen.

ROCK ISLAND.

Rock Island, Ill., April 8.—On the Republican city ticket, six of the seven Republican candidates for alderman were elected. There is no change in the local political situation.

Springfield, Ill., April 8.—Harry H. Devereux, Democrat, was today elected mayor by 1500 over William A. Butler, Republican. The Democrats elected the city attorney and the Republicans the balance of the city and township ticket.

IN MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, April 8.—Elections were held in villages and cities of the third class throughout Minnesota yesterday. They were without political significance, most of the tickets being unopposed, and where more than one ticket was in the field party lines were not drawn. Mayors elected were as follows: Willmar, B. Qvale; Sauk Center, Dr. J. A. Dubois; Wabasha, Dr. J. F. Milligan; Le Sueur, J. H. Termatch; Marshall, M. E. Matthews; Fergus Falls, E. J. Webber.

All the Moslem youth of the city, in superb robes and on horseback if rich, on foot if poor, follow this procession down the eastern road into the valley of Siloam, over the brook Kedron, past Gethsemane and over the south spur of the Mount of Olives, winding in and out among the gray-green olive groves and over brown hills like a wonderful glittering serpent or another conquering Crusader army going to worship God at the tomb of Moses.

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On the night of Good Friday at least ten thousand pilgrims will lie, sit, stand or kneel on the stone floors and benches, in the galleries and cloisters, on the balconies and roofs and staircases or in the outer court of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, silent, prayerful, immovable, waiting for dawn. All night the streets will resound with the "Resurrection Hymn," which on Easter is changed to the triumphal "Christos voskrese! Christos voskres!" ("Christ is risen!") And this chorus is the crowning glory of the Greek Easter.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

SENT FREE TO MEN

A Most Remarkable Remedy That Quickly Restores Lost Vigor to Men.

A Free Trial Package Sent By Mail to All Who Write.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood, that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness, resulting from youthful folly, premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

"No Man Is Lost—There Is a Cure for Every Man."—Dr. Robinson.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 2739 Electron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in a plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

ton, of the tenth, and James O'Neill, of the Seventeenth, and O. T. Williams, of Milwaukee, of the Second circuit. There were hot contests for the position for every circuit except the second, where Judge O. T. Williams was unopposed, and in the Seventeenth.

The proposed amendment to the constitution increasing the number of justices of the supreme court from five to seven undoubtedly carried. In Milwaukee 2750 votes were cast in favor of the amendment and 1538 against it.

Comparatively few mayors were elected in the state and there were few changes.

Fox Lake, Waukesha and Marinette went for the Republicans. The Democrats carried Neenah, Menasha, Amherst, Berlin, Peshtigo and Beaver Dam.

License carried in Lake Mills, Waupun, Glenwood, Stoughton, Sparta, Deerfield, Richland Center, Sturgeon Bay and Brodhead. Viroqua voted against license.

RACINE.

Racine, Wis., April 8.—Racine elected the entire Republican ticket. Nelson for mayor, leading with 904 majority. The city council is strongly Republican.

LA CROSSE.

La Crosse, Wis., April 8.—The entire Democratic ticket is undoubtedly elected, including Torrence for mayor, by a large majority. The council will be equally divided.

MADISON.

Madison, Wis., April 8.—Madison went Democratic, the council being 10 to 8. The city voted in favor of a municipal lighting plant.

OSHKOSH.

Oshkosh, Wis., April 8.—The Democratic ticket was elected with reduced majorities. The Democrats will have a majority of 18 in the common council. Mayor Mulva and City Clerk Dan Witza were re-elected.

ASHLAND.

Ashland, Wis., April 8.—Mayor Burt Williams, Democrat, was re-elected without opposition. Pat Keenan, Democrat, was elected treasurer over Rod McDonald, Republican, by a vote of 1240 to 970. All the Republican candidates for aldermen were elected. A propos.....n to refuse to issue saloon licenses was defeated by a vote of 1526 to 723.

IN WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 8.—The judicial election in Wisconsin passed off quietly yesterday. Judge Robert G. Siebecker, of Madison, judge of the ninth circuit, was elected to the place on the Wisconsin supreme bench, made vacant by the recent death of C. V. Bardeen. There was comparatively little interest taken in the election and in many localities it was almost impossible to secure complete returns.

The indications are that Judge Siebecker was elected by about four-fifths of the total vote cast. William Rugger, of Janesville, who declared after his name was placed on the ticket that he was not a candidate, was given almost as many votes as Moritz Witte, of Milwaukee, the third candidate. There was no change in the four circuits that elected judges. Though complete returns will not be available for two days, Judge Silverthorn, of Milwaukee, is elected judge of the Sixteenth circuit; John Goodland, of Appleto

IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, Mo., April 8.—Elections were held in all the large cities of Kansas yesterday. The liquor question was an issue in a number of cities, notable Topeka and in other places various local matters were in controversy. The result as a whole shows large Republican gains. Kansas City, Kan., turned a Democratic plurality of 2000 two years ago into a Republican plurality of more than 2500. Thomas B. Gilbert, Republican, was elected mayor over M. J. Manning, Democrat, and the Republicans carried every ward.

In Topeka, W. S. Borfiundthal, Republican, was chosen for mayor by bore than 500 plurality. He was the "dry" candidate and received a large majority of the woman vote. One year ago a Democrat was elected mayor.

IN NEBRASKA.

Omaha, Neb., April 8.—Municipal elections were held in all the cities and towns of Nebraska yesterday with the exception of Lincoln and South Omaha, party lines were drawn in but few instances, the matter of permitting the sale of liquor being the issue in nearly every town. Republicans were successful in most of the towns heard, although Democratic majorities were given in a number of instances that have heretofore returned Republicans.

LINCOLN.

Lincoln, Neb., April 8.—Republicans elected George A. Adams for mayor, their entire city ticket and six or seven councilmen, a fusion gain of a councilman.

AT OTHER PLACES.

LEADVILLE.

Leadville, Col., April 8.—With two precincts to hear from McDonald, Republican, is probably elected mayor, the remainder of the ticket being Democratic by small majorities.

GUTHRIE.

Guthrie, O. T., April 8.—C. M. Barnes, Republican, former governor of Oklahoma, was elected mayor of Guthrie by 300 majority. The Republicans elected nearly all the other officers.

PUEBLO.

Pueblo, Col., April 8.—Benj. Brown, Republican, was re-elected mayor of Pueblo by several hundred majority. The entire Republican ticket was elected.

If Your Easter Hat

Is a Blake, it's correct. Ask your dealer for it.

KING CHALLENGED

Is Too Old and His Son Must Fight.

Vienna, April 8.—The younger princes of the house of Tuscany have at last risen in defense of their relative, the former crown princess of Saxony. Archdukes Joseph, Peter, Henry and Leopold have sent challenges to King George of Saxony, demanding that he must fight them to the death for saying in a "proclamation to his people" that their sister, or cousin, respectively, Princess Louise, "was long an abandoned creature and slave to evil passions before the scandal became public."

As the king is too old to accept his son, the crown prince, must take up the challenge, lest he lose his military rank. George II, of England, was the last king to receive a challenge.

About the middle of the eighteenth century Frederick William I, of Prussia, called him out "for being an old thief who robbed me of my Ahlden inheritances"—so his letter read. George II though it wise to "crawl," whereupon the Prussian called him a few more names and considered the incident closed. Kings enjoy fighting when others but themselves run the risk.

KILLED BY FATHER-IN-LAW.

Fayette, Mo., April 7.—James Leach was shot and killed on the public square today by Norman Smallwood, his father-in-law. Leach has just secured a divorce from his wife and wa sleaving the court house when he met Smallwood and the shooting began. Smallwood, who was unhurt, was arrested. Both men are farmers.

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Easter Apparel For Men and Boys.

We want you to see the extremely beautiful, well tailored and perfect-fitting Suits and Spring Overcoats that we have selected for you this season. Our range of prices was never as great as now.

Men's Suits and Overcoats—

$10, $12.50, $15, $20, $25

Men's Hats—

New spring shapes in the Gordon and Stetson Hats

$3.00 and $3.50

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

RECOVERING HER REASON

Divorced Wife of Millionaire Flagler Is Reported Improving.

New York, April 8.—Mrs. Ida L. Flagler, divorced wife of Henry M. Flagler, Standard Oil millionaire, is reported to be recovering her reason.

Mr. Flagler after getting his divorce, married Miss Mary Lily Kenan, of Wilmington, N. C.

In the year that Mrs. Flagler has been at The Orchids, in New Rochelle, under the care of Dr. Carlos McDonald, the noted alienist, she has improved to such an extent that she now converses rationally with Dr. and Mrs. McDonald, and her attendants, interests herself in books and seems to be cheerful and contented.

Almost daily Mrs. Flagler is driven out in New Rochelle.

Once, a short time after her arrival, Mrs. Flagler was taken on a drive outside of New Rochelle, and by chance the carriage neared Orienta, the handsome country seat of Mr. Flagler.

Mrs. Flagler recognized it at once, and demanded to be taken there. When her former husband learned of the incident he issued orders that she must not be taken outside of New Rochelle.

For the past year Mrs. Flagler has been living in The Orchids, the country place of Francis Wilson. The former Mrs. Flagler is surrounded with every luxury, flowers and objects of art abound, and at intervals musicians are taken to the house to sing and play for her.

Prior to going to The Orchids Mrs. Flagler was detained at Dr. McDonald's sanitarium at Pleasantville. Dr. McDonald devotes his entire professional time to her, receiving therefor $25,000 per year.

Mrs. Flagler has in her own right $2,500,000, which is in charge of a guardian, who is paying to her relatives annually such part of the income from her estate as is not needed for her care and maintenance.

COURT CIRCLES SHOCKED

By Conduct of Ladies of Diplomatic Corps.

Tacoma, Wash., April 8.—Court circles in China and Japan have been shocked, according to mail advices from Yokohama, at the remarkable absence of etiquette shown by the ladies of the diplomatic corps at Pekin on the occasion of the reception given them by the empress dowager and court in honor of the Chinese New Year. The ladies, twenty-five in number, headed by Mrs. Conger, wife of the American minister, were shown great consideration by the empress dowager, Mrs. Conger and the wife of the Japanese minister being shown the dowager's sleeping room. The Japanese ladies were careful not to presume on this condescension, keeping their seats at a distance of three feet. Pekin correspondents of the Tokio papers declare the foreign ladies showed no such consideration, but pushed their chairs close to that of the empress, one of the number patting the imperial shoulder, while others helped themselves to refreshments and behaved in a manner altogether unbecoming from the Chinese point of view. Another offense was committed by the party in continually staring at the emperor through lorgnettes.

The Blake Hat.

The newest "correct" blocks (soft and derbies)produced for your selection for your Easter hat. "The Blake hat" in the latest colorings and black. See it and you will buy it.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. Powers, of Third street, who has been quite ill of late, was recently taken to a Duluth hospital where it was found necessary for her to undergo an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Girard, of Carlton avenue have moved to Cass Iake for the summer months, where Mr. Girard will be employed as knot sawyer.

Misses Kate Corbett and Josephine Hayes, who have been visiting friends in the city, returned to their homes in Duluth this week.

Miss Odele Loisel is confined to her home with a sprained ankle.

Joseph Loisel made a business trip to St. Paul the latter part of the week.

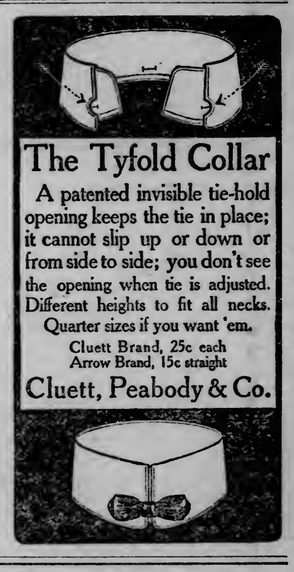
Rev. Charles Giraux is confined to the house with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Hunt, of Duluth, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Loisel for some time, returned to her home this week.

The infant child of Charlie Johnson died on Thursday. Interment took place on Friday.

E. O. Borosher leaves today for Marquette, Mich., where he will start another bowling alley.

A large number of members were received by the Swedish Lutheran Zion church on Sunday.



The Tyfold Collar

A patented invisible tie-hold opening keeps the tie in place; it cannot slip up or down or from side to side; you don't see the opening when tie is adjusted. Different heights to fit all necks. Quarter sizes if you want 'em.

Cluett Brand, 25c each
Arrow Brand, 15c straight

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

Call and See the New Styles

Made by the leading wagon and carriage manufacturers.

FARM WAGONS, DELIVERY WAGONS, DRAYS,

ROAD WAGONS, CONCORDS, RUNABOUTS,

TOP BUGGIES, STANHOPES, SURRIES.

M. W. TURNER, Armory Bldg.

201 and 203 EAST FIRST STREET.

Easter Flowers!

Everything that blooms—in glorious array for the Easter festivities. Flowers for the home, the corsage for the churches—literally thousands.

Seekins Florist

Will have the finest display of home grown plants and cut flowers ever shown at the head of the lakes, at 110 W. Superior St. Easter Lilies, Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Hyacinths, Lily of the Valley, Tulips, Daffodils, Primroses, Spireas, Hydrangeas, Cinerarias, etc., literally by the thousands and at prices ranging from **25c to $3.00** with a few specimens up to **$15.00.** Our magnificent display Thursday, Friday and Saturday will be worth traveling a hundred miles to see. Don't miss it.

Special prices to all churches, both in and out of the city. Out of town orders carefully selected and packed so as to arrive in perfect condition.

We have also one of the finest lines of Easter Candies, Eggs, and novelties in the city.

Long Distance 'Phone, Duluth 104. 110 W. Superior St.

FIVE REASONS

Why you can do better here in buying a piano than at any other store.

1st In buying pianos as we do for cash, we own the goods at from 10 per cent to 25 per cent less than "consignment" or "long-time" dealers can obtain them for.

We are the only piano dealers in Duluth buying all instruments out and out for cash, consequently we are in a position to make the lowest prices, comparing quality for quality.

2d The expense of conducting this piano department in connection with a large and old-established business in other lines is about one-half that attached to any exclusive piano or music store.

3d We sell on most liberal terms of payment, as low as $5.00 a month if customers desire, and take old organs or pianos in exchange at good prices. Your notes remain in our possession and you have no outside parties to deal with, which is an advantage no other dealer here can offer you.

4th Buying for cash and not being under obligation to any manufacturer, we exercise the closest inspection of pianos as they arrive, and manufacturers understanding this, send us only the choicest instruments, reserving the less desirable ones for "long-time" and "consignment" dealers.

5th You will find here a stock of over one hundred instruments, including such distinguished makes as *WEBBER, VOSE, STERLING, CROWN, STECK, DECKER, BLASIUS, REGENT, HAINES, MARTIN BROS., ESTEY AND HUNTINGTON.*

SEVERAL GOOD BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS ON HAND FROM $125 UP.

Every piano and transaction is backed up by our entire capital and reputation, besides the manufacturer's full guarantee.

Perfect satisfaction assured under all circumstances. Come and see our stock.

EXPERT TUNING AND REPAIRING.

A HOME PIANO STORE.

Owned and operated by Duluth people, and not tributary to outside ownership, dictation or management.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

NEGRO ORATOR

At Yale University Is a Product of Chicago.

Chicago, April 8.—William Pickens, the negro who won the Ten Eyck prize for oratory at Yale, and drew from ex-President Cleveland a request for a copy of his oration, is a Chicago boy by adoption, and declares his success is due to "the Chicago spirit." Pickens worked in Chicago nearly two years, leaving last fall to enter Yale.

The negro orator was born in Arkansas, and after receiving a common school education, went to Talladega college. He spent vacations in the North, soliciting funds for the institution, being associated with R. S. Abbott, recently graduated from Kent College of Law, Lake Forest. Abbott came from Georgia.

Pickens was planning to enter Yale or Harvard. He declared, however, he intended to "get the Chicago spirit," essential to success.

In one of their soliciting trips Pickens and Abbott visited the camp of ex-President Harrison, and were entertained there. Pickens then, at the request of the ex-president, delivered an oration by the camp fire. When he had finished, Mr. Harrison asked what career he was planning for himself. Pickens replied he intended to enter Yale. The ex-president remarked, "Young man, you'll make Yale howl." Pickens last week proved the prophecy true.

Pickens came to Chicago and secured employment in a machine shop on the West Side, studying when not at work. He returned to Talladega, graduated, and came back to Chicago.

Replying to advising friends, Pickens said if there was prejudice against negroes at Yale, he intended to be a prejudice breaker and a pioneer of his race at New Haven. Abbott received a letter from Pickens yesterday saying he was succeeding in his self-imposed task.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

DENY REPORT

Of Engagement of "Sultan of Sulu" Singer.

Chicago, April 8.—The report from Terre Haute, Ind., that Miss Mary Bridwell, formerly of the "Sultan of Zulu" company, is engaged to marry Charles A. Cooper, son of Frank H. Cooper, is denied by both parties.

"There is no foundation for this report," said Miss Bridwell yesterday. "I am not engaged to Mr. Cooper and never have been. Some malicious person has circulated this rumor."

"This is the third time recently that my alleged engagement to Miss Bridwell has been announced in the newspapers," said Mr. Cooper. "I am looking for the person who is behind it all. Miss Bridwell and I are not engeged. I am well acquainted with her, as she is a cousin of my brother Edward's wife."

WOMAN ASPHYXIATED.

New York, April 8.—Mrs. Carrie Mosher, of Jersey City, was found dead in bed today, having been asphyxiated by escaping gas. Her two sons, Charles, aged 12, and Lewis, aged 8, are believed to be dying from the same cause. It is supposed that Lewis, who extinguished the light last night, did not quite shut off the gas.

TOPEKA "DRYS" VICTORIOUS.

Topeka, Kas., April 8.—W. S. Bergunthal, Republican, carried Topeka for mayor over M. Herry, by a majority of 2971. The Democrats elected one councilman by 500 majority. The proposition to purchase the city water works and erect new school buildings carried. The election was a decided victory for the "dry" element.

KING AT GIBRALTAR.

Gibraltar, April 8.—King Edward arrived here today from Lisbon on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert. The ships dressed, manned sides and saluted.

FORTUNE LEFT

To Youngster Whose Mother Cruelly Denies His Parentage.

A Story of Real Life That Rivals All Fiction.

Denver, Col., April 8.—A. B. Wright, a lawyer of Chicago, is endeavoring on behalf of Chicago clients, to establish the parentage of a child born with a bar sinister in the bottoms of Denver twelve years ago. He has resorted to advertisements in the local papers and to personal calls on every physician and nurse in Denver, Los Angeles and Colorado Springs. Armed with a half-tone of the father and one of the mother, Mr. Wright visited every physician and nurse in the three cities.

"Did you ever see this woman? Did you ever hear of this birth?" was asked Dr. I. B. Perkins, of this city.

"Let me think," said Dr. Perkins, "I did hear of such a case. It was in Denver a dozen years ago. Dr. Kinley and I were lunching together. He had that case. Kinley is your man."

"Yes," said Dr. Kinley, "that was a patient of mine. She gave birth to a boy. Peculiar case, too. What interest have you in it?"

The explanation follows, except that instead of real names fictitious ones have been substituted in deference to the wishes of the family in Chicago.

"The father of my clients, Daniel Lamar, a Chicago business man, at the age of 60 had amassed a fortune of $2,000,000. He had a beautiful home, presided over by a wife and graced by four children. In the summer of 1890 he went to Atlantic City. There he met a handsome woman who was earning her way as a manicure. Mr. Lamar was smitten and Miss Wilberforce was much in his company. Later he sent her to Denver, and afterward when she called him to her side he responded. The boy is now grown to 12 years, and is living in Chicago.

"Mr. Lamar divulged the story to his family. The boy Robert had always been kept in sight, and at the age of 3 was brought to Chicago.

"Miss Wilberforce settled in California. She received outright $75,000 and set up in a handsome home. It was asserted that she was a young woman of independent means from the East. After the death of his wife Mr. Lamar made her the sole executrix of his estate. He died two years ago.

"A proposition was made to the mother that she acknowledge her son and let him be adopted legally into the family and given his part of the millions. Miss Wilberforce denied that her relations with Mr. Lamar had been other than proper.

"The reason for the young woman's denial is that a new love has come into her life. She has won the regard of a man who believes her pure, and to have it appear otherwise would be fatal to her hopes. The family is determined to establish the child's parentage clearly and hand over to him a part of the estate. In order to do so I must have two witnesses."

Mr. Wright's search would have ended in Dr. Kinley's office but for the fact that the city hall was burned in December, 1901. All the papers of the health department were destroyed, so there is no record of the boy's birth in existence. Then a personal perusal of the files of all the newspapers followed without success.

The state will not be closed until a settlement is had in favor of the boy. The relatives of Robert Lamar will see that he gets justice.

TO BE INSPECTOR.

Churchill Will Succeed Wright In Indian Service.

Muskogee, I. T., April 8.—It is reported here that Col. F. Churchill, of Connecticut, will succeed J. George Wright as inspector of Indian territory. This is the largest office in that branch of Indian service. The incumbent is really the personal representative of the secretary of the interior, and his acts are regarded as the direct acts of the secretary himself. Two years ago Inspector Wright's health began to fail. He went to Chicago last summer for treatment. He had an attack of typhoid fever there, and it has left him in such bad shape that he cannot resume work here. J. W. Sevelly, formerly secretary to Governor Francis of Missouri, but now in the law department of the Indian service, has been filling the position of inspector temporarily, but he has other work to do, and as Mr. Wright will not be back, Col. Churchill is to be made inspector. The colonel was revenue inspector of the territory for several years.

DRUNKARDS CURED SECRETLY

A Home Cure Which Any Lady Can Give Secretly That Will Positively Stop Drinking.

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE.

An odorless and tasteless remedy when put in the drunkard's coffee or food will destroy all desire for drink. This remedy is so simple that anyone can use it

MISS MARY ROBERTS.

and the drunkard need never know why he quit drinking intoxicating liquors.

Miss Mary Roberts says the terrible evil of drunkenness has at last found a conqueror in Golden Specific. She saved her brother from ruin and her words burn with a new hope to every woman who would rescue a son, brother or husband from the scourge of drunkenness.

It is a physical impossibility for anyone to drink intoxicating liquors and take this medicine.

If anyone desires to try this marvelous remedy, Dr. J. W. Haines, 892 Glenn building, Cincinnati, Ohio, will gladly send a free trial package that they may see how easily it is to be used and how positive is its effect.

NO BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Stockholders of Southern Pacific Meet and Merely Organize.

Louisville, Ky., April 8.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific company was held this morning at 10 o'clock in Beechmont, the residence of J. B. Weaver, the resident assistant secretary of the company. The meeting was purely formal and no business was transacted beyond the organization of the meeting by the election of Charles T. Ballard, of this city, as chairman.

Judge Lurton's order in granting the appeal taken by the minority stockholders in the injunction suit of Talbot J. Taylor expressly forbade the transaction of any further business, and the adjournment was taken subject to the call of the chairman, who will act under orders of the United States circuit court of appeals. Attorney A. P. Humphrey, of this city, represented the Harriman interests and A. E. Wilson, also of Louisville, represented the Keene interests at the meeting. Mr. Ballard and several other Louisville men held a number of proxies but no Eastern men were present.

St. Louis and Return $22.30.

The Northwestern line, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., April 26 to May 1, inclusive, at $22.30 for the round trip. Tickets limited to May 4 for return passage. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

BLOT ON NAME WAS FATAL

Woman Kills Herself When She Learns of Parentage.

Chicago, April 8.—"Did you kill your wife?"

Shifting slightly in his chair, while under the gaze of all in the court, Willford N. Stamm replied, "No," to the question asked by Deputy Coroner Buckley at the inquest over the body of Mrs. Stamm.

The inquest was conducted at 670 West Division street, and the proceedings attracted a crowd of 200 persons, less than twenty of whom were admitted to the small room. There was no evidence to show that Stamm had been implicated in the death of his wife, and a verdict of suicide while despondent was rendered by the jury. The latter also recommended that the husband be released from custody, and immediately after the verdict had been read, Lieut. Max Danner set Stamm free.

Stamm not only said his wife had been despondent and tired of life for a long time, but gave what was considered grounds for despondency. She had frequently threatened suicide. Her sorrow began when she discovered she was not the child of the man she had considered her father.

"We were married in 1892," testified Stamm, "and we lived happily. My wife's mother died in November. Some time before, however, her mother told my wife the man she had believed to be her father was not her parent. This revelation was made at a meal and was interrupted by the appearance of my wife's supposed father. He had not overheard the conversation.

"My wife made repeated efforts to induce her mother to tell who her father was. When her mother was dying in November my wife begged and pleaded to be enlightened, but her mother died with the secret.

"The story had become known among friends and relatives of my wife, and some of them shunned her. From that time she was a changed woman. She confessed to me what her mother had told her. She wept frequently and her mind seemed constantly troubled. She spoke of joining a church, and I promised to help her. She often spoke of the revelation made by her mother, and said it had broken her heart."

Stamm denied his married life had been unhappy, but admitted on one occasion he had struck his wife in the eye, bruising and discoloring it. He denied they quarreled Saturday night. He retired, he said, at 8 o'clock and slept upon a couch. About 3 o'clock in the morning he arose and groped his way through the darkness to a rear door and went into the back yard.

A few seconds later, he said, he heard a shot. He ran into the house, and, after procuring a light, discovered his wife on the floor. He notified Mr. and Mrs. Martin Harder, who live in the rooms above, at 478 Crystal avenue. He also went for a doctor and notified relatives. He telephoned to the police, and later went to the police station, where he was arrested.

The testimony of the coroner's physician showed the woman had died from a bullet wound. In the wound the doctor found traces of powder. The police failed to produce any direct evidence, but dwelt at length on the fact that Mrs. Stamm had been shot in the left temple. Stamm said his wife could use her left hand as well as her right hand.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Ewert has been appointed postmaster at Vivian, Waseca county, vice A. J. Tangeman, resigned.

CARPENTERS STRIKE

On Account of Troubles With Rival Unions.

New York, April 8.—Work on many buildings in course of construction on Manhattan island was tied up on account of troubles between the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters. The brotherhood men have gone on strike on every building on which amalgamated men are employed. As there are about 9000 brotherhood men employed on Manhattan island, the strike is a serious matter for the contractors. Not a single member of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners was working today.

Sold in Duluth Over Thirty Years and Guaranteed in Every Way or Money Returned.

$5.00 Cash ...and... $1.25 per week

Iowa and Radiant Home Steel Ranges

Cut Prices Continue on these Ranges a Little Longer. Never Were Sold this Cheap Before.

	Regular Price.	Time Price.	Now.
No. 8—18 Square, without Shelf	$30.00	$32.00	$23.90
No. 9—18 Square, without Shelf	$31.00	$33.00	$24.90
No. 8—19 Square, without Shelf	$32.00	$34.00	$26.50
No. 8—21 Square, without Shelf	$35.00	$37.00	$29.50
No. 9—21 Square, without Shelf	$37.00	$39.00	$31.50
High Shelves	$5.00	$5.50	$4.50
High Closets	$10.00	$11.00	$8.75

In buying on time add $2.00 to the above prices.

KELLEY HDW. CO.

PURELY BRITISH

The Cunard Steamship Line Is to Remain.

Chicago, April 8.—A dispatch to the Inter-Ocean from London says: At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Cunard Steamship company yesterday Lord Inverclyde, the chairman, said the essence of the agreement with the government was that the company should remain purely British as to shareholders, ships, board officials, employes, management and control—in fact, in every respect. The chairman said the directors had not yet placed the contract for the construction of the proposed new 25-knot steamships, as they desired to give the utmost consideration to every point before placing the orders.

WILL BE GOOD.

Albanians Make Promise to Sultan's Representatives.

Vienna, April 8.—Advices from Mitrovitza, European Turkey, says the sultan's Albanian commisston has had a satisfactory conference with the Albanian leaders, who promised to maintain order and send home the Albanians, who had assembled in the neighborhood, thereby assuring at any rate temporary peace.

It is reported from Sofia that another attempt has been made to destroy a bridge of the Constantinople-Salonica railroad by the use of dynamite.

An Opportunity.

In these times of money making, when so much is being realized upon legitimate mining stocks, much stock is offered, and investors are more or less puzzled. The element of risk is largely eliminated when you buy stock in a company which is well managed and whose property lies in a proven district and on a well-defined lode. It is for these reasons that the Northern Homestake company's stock presents an opportunity rarely equalled. The property of this company is adjacent to and lies upon the same lode as the Alaska Treadwell mine, which is the greatest gold mine in the world.

A Spring and Summer Tonic.

Go to the glorious mountains of Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky" and "Sapphire Country," a natural paradise at all times of the year, a pleasant spot, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation. For temperature and climate it is unexcelled. Reached by the Southern railway.

Write for descriptive book of "The Land of the Sky," mailed free upon application to J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

BUYS MESABI CHIEF MINE

Great Northern Acquires State Lease of the Mine.

The lease of the Mesabi Chief mine, in section 22, 57-22, has been bought by the Great Northern railroad, and that road will carry the 10,000,000 tons of low grade ore which it contains after it has disposed of the property to a consuming interest.

The land is owned by the state of Minnesota and was leased to the Mesabi Chief Iron Mining company, of which C. E. Dickerman, of St. Paul, is president; G. G. Dickerman, vice president, and Howard T. Abbott, L. C. Harris and J. C. Mischler directors. The price paid for the lease was $55,000.

The mine was once optioned to the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines, and $15,000 was paid down on a bonus of $150,000, but the option was allowed to lapse.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

THREE LEADERS OF THE REVOLUTION AGAINST TURKEY IN MACEDONIA AND VICINITY.

BORIS SARAFOFF, one of the most conspicuous leaders of the Macedonian insurgents in revolt against Turkish rule, left the Bulgarian army in 1895 to head an incursion into Macedonia, where he is alleged to have sanctioned the slaughter of unarmed Turkish officials in a village which had surrendered to him. He became a member of the superior Macedonian committee at Sofia in 1899, and later was president. He separated from the central organization in 1901. The killing of Sarafoff has been reported repeatedly and as often denied. Tsoncheff is a major general in the reserve of the Bulgarian army. Mikhailovsky, by profession a schoolmaster, was elected president of the superior committee in 1901, on the secession of Sarafoff. He has taken no part in armed incursions.

A BULGE IN WHEAT

Strength In Foreign Situation Causes a Lively Advance.

Fraud Shows Greatest Strength—Flax Is Slightly Weaker.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 8.—The wheat market was buoyant and made sharp advances in all markets today. In Minneapolis and Duluth the advance was 1⅛c in Chicago 1⅝c and in New York 1c. The foreign situation was responsible for the strong feeling, the French news being particularly bullish. The Paris market was up 2c at one time and closed 1½ to 1⅝c higher. Foreign crop news caused the rise there. Russia reported great damage to the wheat crop and foreign offers for wheat came from everywhere. In the Duluth market very little wheat was worked, a few loads being taken early, but buyers not keeping pace with the advance. Had prices today continued at about the basis of yesterday's close a large amount would have been worked by local shippers. New York reported yesterday's business as totaling 47 loads of wheat and 21 of corn. It was also reported that considerable flour was being taken for export today. St. Louis reported New York exporters trying to buy flour there and that Antwerp accepted flour last night at advanced prices. In Chicago the prospective departure of the grain fleet today gave a better feeling. Contract stocks in Chicago are now 3,126,000 bus, a decrease of 122,000 bus, during the week. The European visible supply last week increased 500,000 bus as compared with a decrease of 2,800,000 bus the previous week and a decrease of 300,000 bus last year. An error in the computation of the world's visible supply of wheat as reported yesterday by Bradstreet was discovered which materially changed the figures. The amount in Europe afloat was found to have increased 2,500,000 bus, instead of 500,000. This made the world's visible show an increase of 313,000 bus, instead of a decrease of 1,687,000 bus.

The Liverpool market closed ½@⅝d higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 668,000 bus, last year 235,000 bus. Shipments 319,000 bus, last year 300,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 241,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis 162 cars, and at Chicago 37, a total of 199 cars against 210 last week and 81 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@½d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ½c higher and May oats ¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 674,000 bus, last year 227,000 bus. Shipments 1,175,000 bus, last year 577,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 606,234 bus.

Trading in wheat in Duluth was fairly active and the market very strong. May opened 1c up at 74⅜c and sold up to 75¼c at 10:15. It reacted from that to 75¼c at 10:25 and then sold up to 75⅞c at 11:10. After that it fell off again to 75⅛c at 11:35 and then bulged to 75¾c at 1 o'clock and closed at that price, an advance of 1⅜c. Cash sales were practically nothing, amounting to but two or three cars. Prices continued at ⅜c over May for No. 1 northern to arrive and 1¼c under for No. 2.

Flax was rather tame today and interest in that market was at a low ebb, wheat absorbing attention. The May option sold 1c to $1.11½ and then reacted to $1.11⅜, but settled back a little again at the close, which was at $1.11½. July closed 1⅜c over May. September and October advanced ¼c.

Minneapolis received 12 cars and Duluth 45.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive No. 1 hard 78; No. 1 northern 76c; No. 2 northern 74½c; May No. 1 hard 77⅝c; No. 1 northern 75¾c; July 75⅞c. Flax in store $1.10½; to arrive $1.11½; May $1.11½; May $1.13¾; September $1.14½; October $1.13¾; November $1.12. Oats to arrive 32c; on track 32½@33½c. Rye on track 49c; to arrive 49c; May 50c. Barley 35@46c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 16; last year 1; oats 1; barley 3; flax 45.

Receipts: Wheat 3757; oats 4091; barley 1426; flax 71,468.

Shipments: None.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.

Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

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GRAIN AND STOCKS

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We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.

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WHEAT, CORN AND OATS for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.

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References—108 National and State Banks.

Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 37 Leading Towns of the Northwest.

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Local Office, 210 West Superior Street. E. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants, Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 1 car	.75¾
Barley, 2 cars	46
Barley, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	46
Flax, 1 car cash	1.11⅛
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.07½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Has Strong Tone With Good Demand.

Chicago, April 8.—Wheat opened strong on higher cables and on confirmation of reports of damage to the Russian crop. May being ⅛@⅝c to ⅞@1c higher at 74⅛c to 74½c. There was a good demand from commission houses and local shorts and the strong tone was well maintained. May selling up to 75⅝c after touching 75c early in the session. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 162 cars, which with local receipts of 37 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts of 199 cars, against 210 cars last week and 81 cars a year ago.

The feature of the trading was the heavy buying by the Armour interests, that house taking large quantities of both May and July deliveries. Under this influence the market was strong the entire day and the close was near the top, May being 1⅜c higher at 75½@¾c, after selling at 75⅛c.

The strength in wheat helped corn and May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 43⅜@43½c, and on covering by shorts the price advanced to ⅝c. A better cash demand due to the sailing of the lake vessels was also a strengthening factor. Local receipts 225, none of contract grade.

Oats opened firm in sympathy with the strength in other grains and on the better situation in the cash article. May was ⅛@⅜c higher, at 33½@33¾c, but some of the early gain was lost during the first hour and the market steadied around 33⅜@33½c. Local receipts were 169 cars.

The close was firm with May ½c higher at 33¾c.

The strength in grains and a small advance in prices of hogs caused firmness in provisions at the start, May pork being 10c to 12½c higher, at $17.70@17.75. May lard was up 5c at $9.57½ and ribs were unchanged at $9.70. Trading was very light and featureless and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

Close: Wheat, May, 75¼@¾c; July, 71⅞@¾c; September, 73⅝@¾c. Corn, April, 43½c; May, 42¾c; July, 43⅝@43¾c; September, 43⅛c. Oats April, 33¼c; May, 33½c; July, 30½c; September, 27⅝@27⅞c. Pork, May, $17.80; July, $17.17½; September, $16.95. Lard, May, $9.85; July, $9.77½; September, $9.77½. Ribs, May, $9.70; July, $9.60; September, $9.55. Rye, May, 50c; July, 50c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.10½; Southwestern, $1.09; May, $1.11. Timothy, April, $3.50. Clover, April, $11.75. Barley, cash, 42@53c. Cash wheat No. 2 red, 74c; No. 3 red, 67@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 70@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@71c; No. 1 northern spring, 77@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@76c; No. 3 spring, 69@72c. Corn, No. 2, 45c; No. 3, 33½@39c. Oats, No. 2, 31@32c; No. 3, 31c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: The Record-Herald says: The grain fleet which has been tied up a week by the strike of the firemen, will probably start for Buffalo today. The engineers have decided to join in no sympathetic strike. The firemen will probably be aboard their vessels today and take the grain-laden vessels to their destination and await a final settlement of their claims after that is done. The starting of the fleet should have some effect on the market for it will put the grain at the seaboard where it can be exported.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Brokers say that there is fair bidding again for forward deliveries of new crop red winter wheat at good limits. A rumor is current at the produce exchange here of sixty loads of wheat for export for France and the continent, but it is not credited by some large interests. A big shipper says that yesterday he had bid 3 on sixty loads spot up to October, about 1 cent under the market.

* * *

Topeka, Kans.: Recent rains and snow have put the earth in prime condition. Wheat grows half an inch every day. Every report received is favorable. Grain men are still talking about 100,000,000 bus. for Kansas.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat: The market here was active and strong. Armour is buying some May but mostly July. The seaboard reports some French buying of red winter wheat but mainly for the next crop futures and there is some uncertainty as to the extent of it. Bradstreet says that Liverpool advance was due to reports of French buying in this country. Bradstreet corrects his world's visible and makes it an increase of 300,000 instead of a decrease of 1,700,000 bushels. Primary receipts continue large and on the whole the cash demand is poor. Armour is by all odds the most important factor in the market at the moment. Estimated cars 50.

Corn—The tone of the market here was firmer. There seemed to be some relief from the strike situation and some vessels taking their clearance papers preparatory to moving out. Nothing important has developed yet in that way of a cash situation and it is on the whole dull. Cudahy is credited with having been a free seller of July corn which he is supposed to be long. The strength in wheat was no doubt a helping factor. Estimated cars 150.

Oats—Market was very dull and featureless. Low grades of cash oats were a little easier and there was nothing of interest in the speculative trade. Estimated cars 210.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 8.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 76¾c; May, 74½@¾c; July, 74¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 75¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 8.—Close: Wheat, May, 79½c; July, 76⅝c. Corn, May, 51⅜c; July, 49⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74⅞B	73¾	74-¼	78⅝
High	75¾	74½-¾	75¼	79¼
Low	74⅝	73¾	74	78
Close	75⅛B	74½-⅝	75⅛-¼	79⅛
July—				
Open	74⅝B	74	70¼-½	75¾-78
High	75¼	74⅜-⅝	71⅜	76⅝
Low	74⅛B	73⅜-¼	70¼	75⅜
Close	75⅛B	74¼	71¼-⅜	76⅝B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	33½-33⅝	42⅝-42¾	$17.75
High	33¾	43¼	17.80
Low	33¼	42⅝	17.72
Close	33¼	43¼	17.80

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 8.—Wheat: Spot, quiet; 2 red western winter, 6s 1d; 1 northern spring, 6s 6½d; 1 California, 6s 7½d. Futures, steady; March, 6s 1⅞d; July, 6s 1⅝d. Corn: Spot, American mixed, new, easy, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, steady, 4s 4d. Futures, steady; May, 4s 4d; July, 4s 2½d.

HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that expressers, drafters and farm mares were moving satisfactory. The speculative trade being an important feature of the market. Stock were plentiful. Prices holding slightly lower than the past two weeks. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@225
Drafters, choice	150@180
Drafters, common to good	126@150
Farm mares, extra	125@140
Farm mares, choice	110@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@110

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 8.—Cattle receipts 6000. Market strong to 10c higher. Good to prime steers $5@5.70; poor to medium $4@5.55; stockers and feeders $3@4.75; cows $1.60@4.55; heifers $2.50@4.75; canners $1.90@2.90; bulls $2.50@4.25; calves $3@6.20; Texas fed steers $4.10@4.55. Hogs receipts today 22,000; tomorrow 25,000; left over 3100. Market strong to 5c higher. Mixed and butchers $7.20@7.40; good to choice heavy $7.40@7.60; rough heavy $7.15@7.40; light $6.90@7.25; bulk of sales $7.20@7.40. Sheep receipts 12,000. Sheep steady, lambs choice steady, others lower. Good to choice wethers $5.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed $4.50@5.60; western sheep $5.50@7; native lambs $5.05@7.75; western lambs $5.50@7.80.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 m., 75th meridian time, Wednesday, April 8, 1903.

Stations.	State of weather	Temperature Max.°	Temperature Min.°	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	52	26	0
Crookston	Clear	50	24	0
Detroit City	Cloudy	50	30	T
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	58	30	T
Minneapolis	Cloudy	66	30	0
Montevideo	Pt Cldy	58	32	0
New Ulm	Clear	60	32	0
Park Rapids	Cloudy	48	26	0
Winnebago City	Cloudy	60	30	0
Worthington	Cloudy	56	36	0
Devils Lake, N. D.	Clear	54	30	0
Langdon, N. D.	Clear	52	36	0
Larimore, N. D.	Cloudy	52	32	0
Lisbon, N. D.	Cloudy	52	32	0
Pembina, N. D.	Cloudy	46	32	0
Aberdeen, S. D.	Pt Cldy	68	34	0
Millbank, S. D.	Clear	58	32	0
Bismarck, N. D.	Clear	58	40	0
Duluth, Minn	Pt Cldy	51	39	T
Huron, S. D.	Clear	58	32	0
La Crosse, Wis	Clear	58	36	0
Moorhead, Minn	Cloudy	52	34	0
Pierre, S. D.	Pt Cldy	58	36	0
St. Paul, Minn	Cloudy	54	36	0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	48	30	.08

Rains fell over the Columbus, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis and Kansas City districts, heavy over Kentucky and Tennessee. Temperatures were moderately warm Wednesday and cool last night, ranging from 20 to 30 degrees generally in the Dakotas and Minnesota.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meredian time.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $224,570,095. Gold, $125,907,343. Silver, $16,936,918. United States notes, $2,483,704. Treasury notes of 1890, $32,853. National bank notes, $8,909,743. Total receipts this day, $1,722,686. Total receipts this month, $11,546,739. Total receipts this year, $434,610,140. Total expenditures this day, $1,520,000. Total expenditures this month, $11,225,000. Total expenditures this year, $400,489,177. Deposits in national banks, $152,395,063.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 8.—Close: Money on call steady at 4½@7 per cent. Time money easier, sixty and ninety days, 5¼@6½; six months, 5@5¼. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6. Sterling exchange steady at decline with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.866.55@4.86.60 for demand and $4.82.50@4.83.60 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½@4.88; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.83¼. Bar silver, 49¼c. Mexican dollars, 38¼c. Government bonds irregular; railroad bonds, steady.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices will be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, baske	1 25 @ 1 50
Green onions, per doz	65 @ 75

BUTTER.

Creamery prints	30 @ 31
Storage, creamery, tubs	25 @ 26
Dairies, fancy	21 @ 22
Packing stock	14

EGGS.

Fresh	13½@ 13

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	14½@ 15
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cream choice	13
Primos	8

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	17½
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 75
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 60
Brown beans, fancy, ous	1 90 @ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	65
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	3 00 @ 4 00
Smyrna figs	1 10 @ 1 85
Cranberries, 1 bus. box	2 00 @ 2 50
Bananas	3 50 @ 3 75
Cal. lemons, per box	1 25
Dates, Fard, per box	2 75 @ 3 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges, seedlings	2 25
California navels	

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25
Beets, per cwt	1 20
Carrots, per cwt	1 25
Turnips, per cwt	90
Cabbage, per cwt	90 @ 1 00
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	2 00
Cauliflower, crate	2 75
Mint, per doz	30
Radishes, per doz. bunches	65 @ 75
Potatoes	50
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 50

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6

DRESSED POULTRY.

Geese	14
Hens	15
Turkeys	18 @ 19
Ducks	15
Spring chickens	16

MEATS.

Mutton	11 @ 12
Lamb	13
Veal, good	8½@ 9½
Dressed beef	6 @ 8
Hogs	9
Pork loins	12
Pure lard	10½
Compound lard	7⅞

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 8.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@28½c; dairies, 16@24c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 14c. Cheese, steady; twins, 13@14c; daisies, 13¼@13½c; young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 8.—Butter receipts, 7206 packages, firm. State dairy, 17@27c; extra creamery, 29c; held creamery, 15@26c; creamery, common to choice, 19@28½c. Cheese receipts, 151 packages, firm. State full cream, small, colored, fancy, fall made, 15c; do white, 14¾c; large, colored, fancy, fall made, 14¼@14½c; do white, 14¼@14½c; large, white, fancy, fall made, 14¼@14½c. Eggs receipts, 27,231 packages, firm. State and Pennsylvania, 15@15½c; western storage, 15½c; southern, 14½c; western firsts, 15c; Kentucky, 14¾@15c.

The total sales were 212,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Record-Herald says: There was a report current in Wall street today that the Hill-Morgan party has its plans perfected for a complete readjustment and reorganization of the Northern Securities financial plan in the event of an unfavorable decision in the merger case. This report was accompanied by the further statement that intimations have been received that the ruling of the court will be against the validity of the merger as consummated under the Northern Securities holding company's plan. The new arrangement, it is believed, contemplates a transfer of the control of the Northern Pacific, Burlington and Great Northern from the Securities company to three trustees, in whose names the stock will be registered. This it is held, will meet the legal requirements and will not be open to the charge of being an evasion of the state and federal statutes prohibiting one road from buying the control of a cometing line.

* * *

New York to Harris, Gate & Co.: The Commercial says that the New York stock exchange has taken decisive action against the formation of syndicates which have for their object the distribution of new securities. The stock exchange is opposed to the tying up of securities and has compelled several syndicates to dissolve and make immediate distribution of the securities involved.

* * *

Miller to Paine, Webber & Co.: The banking interests show no disposition to enter the market. While the leader of the last bull movement is undoubtedly bearish and has perhaps become more so through his late defeat. His hand was very evidently on the selling side of steel stocks yesterday.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: The approaching long holiday is restricting all but purely professional business. The stock exchange will close for a triple holiday beginning Thursday. Many traders will leave the street tomorrow and the day after to be gone until next Monday so that the outlook for the stock market is for continued dullness. Commission houses are doing almost nothing. large interests of the banking sort are apathetic and the consequence is that the bear element is moved to fresh efforts to bring about liquidation; but there is a conservative feeling that developments over the holidays will be favorable and that in the meantime on any drive stocks will be a purchase. The declining tendency of money rates is thought to foreshadow a good bank statement at the end of the week, while the heaviness of grain is a reminder that the government crop report is due on April 10 and is sure to indicate a record breaking yield of winter wheat. While it is admitted that these considerations are without speculative effect at the moment, there is a growing conviction that they will soon determine the course of prices as against the great argument of "undigested securities" on which so much stress has been laid of late, but which could not, many observers believe, has been discounted by the drastic declines of the past three months. The enormous increase reported this week in gross earnings are also counted on to have their influence later on. In the case of New York Central, Missouri Pacific and the big systems of the South, the opinion is expressed that the gains in gross are so large as to offset the reduction in net caused by the increased cost of fuel and higher wages. Commenting on yesterday's market movements, brokers who watched the trading closely say that a determined effort was made to find additional weak spots and force liquidation. These attempts were rather successful, in the United States Steel stocks and John W. Gates got the credit of selling down both the common and preferred. Since his return from the West Mr. Gates has been unusually reticent, but his personal friends around the Waldorf and also in the Wall street district have of late been quoting him as saying of the iron and steel trade that "the edge is off." The big operator's opinion though privately expressed hurts the steel stocks. Talk of the tariff being made a leading political issue also had its influence. On the other hand, the steel trust continues to pile up big earnings and it is felt that both issues at their present prices have discounted the alleged unfavorable features of the situation.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: My views have already been set out. I may be wrong but after stocks have been falling three months, it seems to me the time is near for a change. Always heretofore stocks could have been profitably sold after a three months advance or bought after a three months decline. Pessimists are rampant, nobody can see anything more than fitful rallies. It is always so before a bull market. Of course bears may be right. Leading rails ought to be a purchase on any weakness this morning.

* * *

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Chronicle says: F. H. Clergue of the Lake Superior Consolidated in confirming the appointment of Cornelius Shields as president and managing director states that since the resignation of President Lewis he has insisted that the new president shall be a practical man and shall make his headquarters at Sault Ste Marie. Mr. Clergue states that he will remain a director of the company and will co-operate with the new president in carrying forward the interests of the company. A bond issue of $10,000 will take the place of an equal amount of the preferred, which will not be issued, thus providing a large working capital in addition to the $30,000,000 now invested in plants.

* * *

C. G. Gates, New York: The papers here, especially the Times, are very sarcastic about the steel corporations showing for the quarter and show that the public have been misled, as the statements have gone out there would be a good increase over last year instead of any decrease.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	10	10½
Arcadian	3¾	4
Allouez	1½	2
Atlantic	11	12
Anaconda	26½	27
Amalgamated	62½	63
Calumet and Hecla	520	535
Centennial	22	23
Copper Range	60½	61
Franklin	10½	11
Isle Royale	11	12
Bingham	30½	31
Mass	10	11
May Flower	2	2¼
National	1	1½
Mohawk	50	51
Michigan	9	10
Old Colony	1½	2
Old Dominion	18	18
Osceola	67	68
Parrot	27	28
Phoenix	5½	6
Quincy	115	116
Rock Island	2½	3
Tennessee Copper	25	..
Santa Fe	2	2½
Tamarack	145	150
Tecumseh	1	1½
Tri-Mountain	80	90
Utah	27	28
Victoria	5½	6
Winona	9¼	9½
Wolverine	70	71
Wyandotte	1½	2
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	9¼	9½
Dominion Coal	116	117
Daly-West	43	44
Greene	24	24½
U. S. M.	23⅞	24
Calumet and Bisbee	..	15
U. S. Oil	14	14½
U. S. and Pittsburg	..	160
Calumet and Pittsburg	..	170
Calumet and Arizona	..	185

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 8.—The cotton market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 3 points. Early weakness was the result of unsatisfactory cables and renewed selling by the bull pool, which, however, gives the impression that they were supporting the market. Under this pressure and with port receipts estimated at 13,000 against 11,047 last year, May sold down from 10.29 to 10.20; July from 9.83 to 9.75; August from 9.48 to 9.37; September from 8.83 to 8.77, and October from 8.51 to 8.49. Active movement caused a recovery of 3 @4 points, after which, however, the market again turned weak. The later cables for a time were better, but again turned weak as a response to the decline here. At 11 o'clock the market showed a net loss of about 3@7 points, with trading fairly active.

Cotton spot closed dull; mid ups, 10.45; mid gulf, 10.70. Sales none. Cotton futures closed quiet: April, 10.22; May, 10.20; June, 9.87; August, 9.42; September, 8.77; October, 8.47; November, 8.37; December, 8.35.

HARRISON IS WILLING

To Take Up the Traction Act at Any Time.

Chicago, April 8.—Mayor Harrison's first official act today was to announce that he would ask the council tomorrow night to authorize him to appoint a commission of ten aldermen and as many private citizens to go to Springfield as the representatives of the city and urge the passage of a municipal ownership enabling act and a bill providing for the initiative and referendum. He also sent a telegram to Governor Yates asking him to aid Chicago in getting this enabling act.

"I am willing to take up the settlement of the traction question at any time," said the mayor. "It must be understood in advance, however, that no ordinance is to be passed until the legislature has given Chicago the right to own and operate street car lines. The ordinance must provide moreover for the referendum and the rights claimed by the companies under the 99-year act must be expressly waived."

The Blake Hat

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TRADING IN STOCKS

Showed Hesitation at Outset But Market Became Firm.

It Hardened Near the Close, Which Was Intensely Dull.

New York, April 8.—Trading showed hesitation at the outset, the higher prices in London having some influence on some of the internationals. Weakness was shown in some of the specialties, but the movement of prices either way was exceedingly narrow. Southern Pacific sold at from 55¼ and 55¾ on the transfer of 3000 shares, compared with 56, yesterday's closing. There was a block of 2000 shares of steel preferred at unchanged quotations while 4000 of the common sold at from 35⅛ to 35⅜, a gain of ⅛.

Moderate purchases caused a steadier tone and there was a small fractional advance to about last night's prices. St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Reading, B. & O. and U. S. Steel stocks were most benefited by the demand. Traders sold Amalgamated freely when it crossed 64 and it reacted 1½ to 62¾, causing the general list to sag. Advances were quite generally wiped out and Consolidated, St. Louis & San Francisco, and St. Louis Southwestern preferred lost 1¼ and General Electric and Biscuit 2 each. Southern Pacific was supported throughout and held firmly at 56.

There was languid recovery except for good gains established by a few stocks. Sugar's advance reached 1¼. Manhattan and Colorado Fuel 1¼ and St. Paul, New York Central and Union Pacific a point. There were losses by Northwestern of 3¼, Third avenue 2⅝, Virginia Iron 1½ and Evansville & Terre Haute and Metropolitan a point. U. S. Steel new 5s were sold down to 82¾ on the curb with a rally to 84⅛. Prices of stocks receded a fraction again before noon.

Bonds were steady at noon. Copper relapsed to 62¼ before there was any indication of support. The market in general was not much affected by the liquidation in copper, its weakness serving rather more to check buying than to cause sales. Consolidated Gas turned an early loss of a point into a rise of 3, while General Electric fell 4 points in all. The market maintained a firm tone, although business was almost at a standstill. Amalgamated met support. St. Louis Southwestern preferred rallied 2½ and Northwestern 1¾. There was a sale of Philadelphia company at 50 compared with the preceding sale in July, 1901, at 104. Lackawanna Steel dropped 9¾, Virginia Iron 2½ and Chicago, Great Western preferred 1½.

The market was inclined to sag but the movement was extremely narrow in the active leaders. Chicago Great Western preferred rallied 1½ and General Electric 2. The reaction ran in colsolidated Gas to 2¼ and Baltimore and Ohio, Brooklyn Transit a point. There was a loss for Sloss-Sheffield Steel preferred of 2⅜, Chicago Union Traction 1¾, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis 1¾ and the Chicago Terminal stocks, and American Woolen a point. The market hardened again but closed firm and intensely dull.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	64¼	62¼	62¾
American Sugar	121⅝	120	121
Anaconda	106½	105½	106½
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	81⅞	81⅝	81⅝
do pfd	97¼	96⅞	97
Baltimore & Ohio	91½	90⅜	91
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	68¼	67½	67½
Canadian Pacific	129	128½	129
Chesapeake & Ohio	46	44⅝	44⅞
Chicago & Alton	30⅜	30	30
Chi. Great Western	23¼	23	23⅛
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	163	161⅞	163⅜
Chic. Rock Island & P.	44¼	43½	43⅞
Rock Island pfd	76	75⅝	75½
Colorado Fuel & Iron	86½	86½	86
Erie Common	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜
Iowa Central	35⅜	35½	35⅜
do pfd	60	60	60
Louisville & Nashville	117	116¾	117
Manhattan Elevated	129¾	127⅞	129
Metropolitan St. Ry	134⅜	133½	133½
Mexican Central	26⅝	26¼	26⅜
M. S. P. & S. S. M.	68¼	68	68
do pfd	126	125	125
Missouri Pacific	108	107½	107⅝
New York Central	132¼	131⅜	132¼
Norfolk & Western	70¼	69	70¼
Pennsylvania	136⅝	135½	136½
People's Gas of Chicago	101	100½	100¾
Reading	58⅜	57⅞	58¼
Republic Steel & Iron	19¾	19¼	19⅝
Southern Pacific	56⅛	55¼	56
Southern Railway	31¼	30⅞	30⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	64	63¼	64
Union Pacific	91⅞	91	91½
United States Leather	13¼	13	13⅛
U. S. Steel	35½	34⅞	35⅜
do pfd	85⅝	84¾	85⅝
Wabash	27⅜	27	27
Western Union	86	85⅝	86
Wisconsin Central	24¼	24¼	24¼

Northern Securities, 104 bid; 104½ asked.

"Santa Fe" At 20 Cents.

LATER

"Prudential" At 25 Cents.

INQUIRE OF..... **E. V. Palmer** Room F Palladio Building.....

NORTHERN HOMESTAKE Mining Co. Stock.

Only 20c a share. First and lowest price.

THE WILLIAM KAISER CO., 106 Palladio Building.

O-AT-KA BEACH ADDITION.

We are exclusive agents for that beautiful tract of land on PARK POINT recently platted and known as OATKA BEACH ADDITION. NO FINER SPOT ON EARTH. Large plnes. We will sell lots, 40x200 feet, at such a figure that you will surely become a purchaser. Come in and let us show the property to you. It will not cost you a cent to see it.

LITTLE & NOLTE, Mortgage Loans, Fire Insurance, Real Estate.

Under American Exchange Bank,

PROTECT YOUR IDEAS

Write for illustrated work on Patents FREE.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Patent Lawyers,

Established 1861, and in Duluth 1888.

DULUTH'S ORIGINAL PATENT FIRM.

UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., Home office, Duluth, Minn. F. H. Lounsberry, president; Donald D. McInnis, secretary. Incorporated May 26, 1896. Commenced business, June 1, 1896.

Attorney to accept service in Minnesota: Insurance commissioner.

Net assets, December, 31, previous year ..... $ 4 679 27

INCOME DURING 1902.

Membership fees with applications	$ 5,095 00
Annual dues and expense assessments or premiums	5,310 44
Premiums or assessments for specific or temporary disability benefits	9,561 84
Total paid by members	$

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1900 Good lot on upper side Superior street, west of 21st avenue East. 50 by 140. One hundred feet frontage for $3800.

$9000 Best residence site in Duluth. 150 feet frontage.

$1600 Lot 50x140; upper side Second street, near 18th avenue East. Lots on lower side $1500; 100 feet frontage for $3000.

$7500 Thoroughly modern home on good corner in East End. Hot water heat, modern plumbing, beautiful hardwood finish.

$6800 Thoroughly modern home in East End. Hot water heat. Great value for the money.

$6000 House on centrally located corner. A beautiful home, well located and a bargain for the money. For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. Lonsdale Bldg

$5750 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

$9500 Takes 9-room modern house in East End.

$2250 Takes 100 feet on East Fourth street.

A. C. VOLK & CO.. 202-203 Palladio.

BARGAINS IN Vacant Lots

Buy and Build.

50 feet on Fourth street, between 26th and 27th avenues West, or can sell either half..... $1225

150 feet, corner First street and 22nd avenue East..... $7500
Can be divided. Nothing handsomer in the city. All city improvements made, including stone sidewalks.

100x150 double corner, Jefferson street and 18th avenue..... $2200
A choice corner for improvement and cheap.

100x140 double corner, Second street and 25th avenue East... $2600
No handsomer corner in the city. Easy terms.

50 feet lower side Second street, between 21st and 22nd avenues East..... $1400

50 feet, lower side Superior street, between 24th and 25th avenues East..... $1350
In a choice location, other lots in the block $2000.

100 feet upper side Second street at Twenty-sixth avenue East..... $1000

50 feet, upper side Grand avenue and 57th avenue East..... $400
Or more at same price.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST LIST OF DOUBLE CORNERS IN THE EAST END, AND THEY ARE GETTING MORE SCARCE EVERY DAY.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

2 Houses for $1800

located near 26th avenue West, 5-room dwelling now rented for $10; 6-room dwelling will rent for $15 per month.

E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Duluth-Superior Traction Company Common Stock. The cash is waiting for you. Communicate at once with

The WILLIAM KAISER CO.
106 Palladio Bldg.. Duluth. Both 'phones.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR FARM, BUSINESS, home or property of any kind, no matter where located. For a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, X, 313 Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, Douglas county farm lands for house in Duluth or Superior. 1231 East Third street.

WANTED—$2000 ON GOOD SECURITY for 3 and 6 years. R. 24 Herald.

HARNESS MAKING.

ALL KINDS—FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 702-4.

MEDICAL.

GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 314 Torrey building.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Superior street. Upstairs.

OSTEOPATHY.

WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

50 acres on French River. Lays well. Price per acre..... $4.25

40 acres near Proctorknott at one-half price if sold quick.

175 ft on 5th street and 5th avenue West. Will sell 25 or 50 foot lots.

3 lots, corner Gosnold and 58th Ave., West Duluth. Cheap..... $700

Houses in all parts of the city and small lots of acres close in.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

FRESH FISH.

D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETAILER in Lake Superior trout and whitefish. 208 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL MERITORIOUS household articles; easy seller. Excellent opportunity to make money. Call 926 East Second street.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

PAINTING AND DECORATING!

WM. B. BRADLEY & SON have opened a place of business at 25 East First street, and are prepared to do House and Sign Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Hardwood Finishing, Paper-hanging, Wall-tinting, etc. The senior partner has had forty years experience in the above lines of the trade. We ask a share of your patronage. New 'phone 900.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $1.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.

WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 935. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

YOU Can get money on easy terms if permanently employed with responsible concerns, from Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith, 761. 301 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 316; old 705-5.

MILLINERY.

MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS McGOWAN HAS JUST RETurned from New York and is prepared to fill all orders for the very latest styles in dressmaking. 209 Masonic Temple.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1600 7-room house, water, sewer porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl. Centrally located. Easy terms.

$1200 5-room house, almost new; on Seventh street, near Second avenue East.

$1200 Fine 7-room house on corner lot in West End. Monthly payments.

$2000 For good house and full 50-foot lot on Second street in Endion.

$2200 Buys 200 feet on West Fourth street. Will sell inside 50 feet for $500.

$1350 Buys 8-room house in good condition and two lots in West Duluth.

$8 per acre for 80 acre farm near the Jean Duluth Stock farm. Good buildings, partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

BUFF LEGHORNS Won all first awards at Minnesota State Show. Eggs, $2.00 for fifteen. Yards, 23 West Ninth street; office, 22 West First street. H. A. NELSON.

SILVER GREY DORKINGS Try them. Eggs at $1.50 for thirteen, this season only. G. H. THOMPSON, Glen Avon Poultry Yards.

WHITE WYANDOTTES Duston strain. Eggs $2.00 for thirteen and $5.00 for twenty-six. Won two silver cups and five first prizes at Duluth show. JOHN ANDERSON, 522 Garfield avenue.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS Winning stock. Eggs, $3.00 for thirteen; $5.00 for twenty-six. Yards, Forty-third avenue East. Office, 303 Lonsdale building. J. B. GREENFIELD.

CYPHERS INCUBATORS, BROODERS Poultry supplies of all kinds. Breeder of the rich plumage Partridge Wyandottes; good egg producers and the best table fowl ever bred. Seven of my birds won six prizes at Minnesota State Show. J. W. NELSON, 5 East Superior street.

WHITE WYANDOTTES Eggs $1.00 for thirteen. Broilers and roasters a specialty. H. EDMUNDS, 423 Fifty-eighth avenue South, West Duluth. Bell 'phone, 3006-3.

LIGHT BRAHMAS, DARK BRAHMAS, Buff Rocks, Golden Wyandottes and Blue Andalusians. Eggs, $2.00 for thirteen. THEO. HOLLISTER, 5061 London road.

BLACK MINORCAS Fancy stock. Eggs, $2.00 for thirteen, or $3 for thirty-nine. JOHN H. NORTON, 5811 Grand avenue East.

WHITE WYANDOTTES Eggs $2.00 per sitting. E. H. SMITH, Board of Trade.

THE .... City National Bank of Duluth

Has exceptional facilities for serving you along any of the lines of modern banking.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul., 915 Tower, W. Sup. Both 'phones.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECONDhand saxaphone. P. 11, Herald.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence bldg. Phone 1190-2.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WILL PERSON TAKING VAlise from West Duluth car at West Duluth, last Sunday, leave same at Spencer's Drug store.

LOST—DIAMOND BROOCH, BETWEEN Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues West, on First street. Return to 1807 West First street and receive reward.

LOST — PEARL SUNBURST, WITH diamond center, between Lake avenue and Second avenue West on Superior street. Reward. Return to Herald.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—GOOD LOcation. 20 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—STORE 20 EAST FOURTH street. Old 'phone 171-3 rings.

FURS STORED.

AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANUfacturing furrier, 106 West Superior street. Phone 230—4.

No advertisements less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S

Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.
Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

GASOLINE ENGINE SALE April 7 to 14 — 1½ horse power stationary engines, equipped with tanks, batteries and spark coil $58.50, with city gas attachment $10.00 extra. Just the thing for chopping meat, pumping water, running ice cream freezers, etc. After April 15th will be at our new location Minnesota Point, two blocks below ferry dock. Duluth Gas Engine Works. Old 'phone 175-4.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITER, "SMITH Premier" No. 4, new. Call at Room 209 Trust building.

FOR SALE—FOLDING SOFA, EXTENsion table, hanging lamp, and oil stove. 1912 Sixtieth avenue East.

FOR SALE—IRON BEDSTEAD, MATtress and spring and dresser. Good condition; cheap for cash. 218 West Fifty-fifth avenue West.

FOR SALE—FINE CHERRY BED AND spring, $4.00. 305 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS A great number of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — THE CONTENTS OF A well furnished 5-room flat for sale, including one piano, goods used just six months; flat also for rent. 115 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — 75,000 FEET NO. 4 AND 5 dry boards. Mill at Forty-fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, DOUBLE SEATed surrey and single cutter. 229 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE — PROCTOR HOTEL, FURnished, doing good business. Address Proctor, Minn.

FOR SALE—A COMFORTABLE HOME suitable for a dairy; good water. Price $1200. Address 1422 West Second street.

FOR SALE—VOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT piano. $125 takes it. Can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE—FINE TEAM OF EIGHTyear-old mares; weight 2600 pounds. 602 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — ONE BROWN horse. 1904 West Superior street.

FOR SALE--LAUNCH HULL, TWENty foot; used one season; engine bed, oil tank, etc., all ready for installing engine. Price $75. Box 274, City.

FOR SALE — DAIRY BUSINESS, COMplete in every way, cheap, for cash, if taken at once. Reasons for selling, old age. Inquire at Oakland addition, O. M. Anderson.

SOLON VENDOPHONE STOCK—NEW York brokers want option, at advanced price. Ground floor buyers must call, or remit before Thursday noon, April 9th. This means our friends, too. Do not blame us if you neglect. T. F. Solon, 205 King block, Duluth.

FOR SALE—THE HERALD IS THE paper to keep you posted on fresh milch cow sales at Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD HALL AND confectionery store in good location; doing good business. Reason for selling owner leaving the city. Address, 218 Fifty-fifth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; eggs for hatching, etc., J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE FRANKLIN POWER elevator platform, 4 feet by 4 feet 6 inches, complete with cable for two stories. Inquire at Union Match company, West Duluth.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices. M'f'rs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

WANTED—TO BORROW.

WANTED—$2500 FOR SIX MONTHS. Will pay liberal interest and furnish gilt-edge security. Herald, R. 63.

WANTED TO BORROW $3000 FOR A short time. Good security. N. 64, Herald.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY AND A middle aged lady. Call at room 1015 Torrey Building, 10th Floor.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family and house. Inquire 222 Fourteenth avenue East.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK. Apply Delaware Hotel.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK, AT Randall's hotel, West Duluth. Good wages to the right party.

WANTED — GOOD KITCHEN GIRL also good second girl. Freimuth's, 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GOOD GIRL FOR general housework, 123 West Second street.

WANTED — A WASH WOMAN. CALL this evening at 213 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED— EXPERIENCED MILLINery saleswoman. Only experienced and capable need apply. Panton & White Co.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply West Superior St., Flat 7.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 317 West Fourth street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO WASH AND iron. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL 13 OR 15 years, one who can sleep at home nights. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED — COOK, $30; NO WASHING. Also kitchen girl. 203 West Second street.

WANTED — SALESLADY, EXPERIenced in wash goods. Apply at once, Panton & White Co.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STARCHer. Acme laundry.

WANTED — A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

YOU WILL SAVE 50c TO $1.00 BY BUYing shoes of M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Apply at 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; private boarding house. Mrs. Kiletsch, 613 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AT MISS Meining's, 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Also nurse girl. T. W. Wahl, 1411 London Road.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, WHO CAN help cook. $25. 2532 West Superior St.

GIRL WANTED, TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housekeeping. One who sleeps at home preferred. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue West.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat A, Bostwick flats, 421 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR PLAIN SEWing. 1415 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR LAUNDRY, Sapiding Hotel.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. No. 4 Adams flats.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUperior street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FIRST class coat makers and pant makers; also reliable errand boy. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix Block.

WANTED—A CARPENTER, AT ONCE. Call afternoons or evenings. 211 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN CAMP clerk. Apply to Duluth Employment company, 429 West Michigan street.

WANTED—ELEVATOR AND BELL boys at Spalding Hotel.

WANTED — SALESMAN, EXPERIenced in wash goods. Apply at once, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Years saved by our method of practical experience, instructions, etc.; $15 weekly paid graduates. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Salesmen
The Hawks Nursery Co.,
Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman. Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—COMPETENT GROOM TO care for, feed and clean my driving horses, and make himself generally useful around barn. Must understand his business as I am particular. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — THREE BRIGHT, ACTIVE boys, 16 to 19 years old, for the soda buffet business. Victor Huot.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED---CONTINUED.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR SODA buffet; one attending school at present, preferred. Victor Huot.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN (MARried preferred) for positions in our machine shop. Good wages and chance for advancement. Previous experience not necessary. We can also give employment to one or two mechanics and one or two young men who have had about a couple of years' experience at machinist trade. In answering give full particulars, occupation present and previous, age, whether married or not, etc., etc. Address Gisholt Machine company, Madison, Wis.

WANTED—BELL BOY, SPALDING Hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Two in family. 312½ West Fifth street.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED— A NO. 1 STAIR BUILDER, also six good bench hands. Oullette & Baxter, Garfield avenue.

DRIVER FOR DELIVERY WAGON. Apply at once O'Leary's Grocery.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN, FURNISHED room, 7 Mason Flats.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, WATER, SEWer, light and bath, on Ninth avenue East. A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—MODERN EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, Julius D. Howard. 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SIXTEEN-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for roomers or boarders; central; furniture for sale. S 41, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM HOUSE. 925 East Fifth street. Inquire 230 East Superior street, Fred Engle.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Provid. Bldg. Phone 24.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house in Park terrace; possession May 1. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS of the city. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Building. 'Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN GRAFF block. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 419 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, upstairs, 229 Fifth avenue west, suitable for light housekeeping. No children. Heat furnished. Call at 501 West Michigan street, Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT. MODern conveniences. Possession at once. Inquire Bridgeman & Russell, 16 West First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, 1826 WEST Second street, with bath and hot water heat. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FLAT IN West Duluth, four rooms, $10.50. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—4-ROOM FLAT or small 5-room house, about a mile from Spalding hotel. Address J. A. M. Leidel, Spalding hotel.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO OR MORE furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. S 73, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED house; central location. R. 81, Herald.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End, Address X 89 Herald.

WANTED—3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; all modern conveniences. 1222 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue West.

UPHOLSTERY.

CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO COOK FOR dinner parties, etc.; will work half day or time needed. Address, V. 93, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG SCANdinavian as office assistant or clerk; am quick and accurate at figures. Address H. E., 208 Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer, collector or office assistant, by young married man. Over six years experience. Best of city references. Address R 78, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELing salesman for some reliable house. Have had ten years' experience and can furnish best of reference. U 96, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER wants a position to take charge of rooms. Address, O. 42, Herald.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

HAIRDRESSING.

HYDRA-VACU FACE TREATMENT, manicuring. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St., Zenith phone 1318.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Superior St. Phones old 1603-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended, for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIginal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL—DEPOSITIONS taken. 307 First National Bank building. Phones, Zenith, 831; Duluth, 644.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

C. C. STAACKE, OPTICAL SPECIALIST —New Jersey building, Third floor. Thorough satisfaction guaranteed.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 6, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 13, 1903. Work, Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 7, 1903. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, scribe. Arlington hotel,

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storm, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial comp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

FOURTEEN PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FOURTEEN PAGES.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS DECIDES AGAINST NORTHERN SECURITIES COMPANY

ANTI-NORMAL SCHOOL BILL IN THE SENATE

That Body Refused to Kill Schutz Bill.

Sugar Refining Company Bill Is Defeated.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate this morning refused to turn down the bill if John G. Schutz, of Lyon county, abolishing the Duluth, Mankato and Moorhead normal schools and turning the buildings over to the cities, to be used for other schools. The bill was reported for indefinite postponement by the normal school committee, to which it was referred ,and its author succeeded in getting the report of the committee rejected and the bill placed on general orders. The bill provides that the Duluth school is to be made a school of mines.

The Stonehouse bill prohibiting railroads from raising rates without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission, was killed by the senate, and Senator Schain's motion to have it printed and placed on general orders was voted down, 15 for and 31 against. Senator Hawkins moved that this vote be reconsidered, and his motion was voted down, thus killing the bill.

The bill requiring all mining companies to file statements of their condition with the secretary of state be-

(Continued on page 10.)

MUST PAY A FEE

To Indians Before Grazing on Their Lands.

Court of Appeals Has Sustained Claims of the Redmen.

Washington, April 9.—The court of appeals of the District of Columbia has sustained the authority of the Indian tribes in Indian territory to make the payment of a permit fee or tribal tax a perquisite to grazing of cattle and other live stock within the territory by persons who are not members of the tribes and has sustained the authority of the secretary of the interior to enforce such an Indian law by removing from the Indian territory all cattle and other live stock upon whchi this fee is not paid.

The decision as rendered in the case of Edwin T. Morris and other Texas cattlemen against E. T. Hitchcock, secretary of the interior, in which plaintiffs sought to enjoin the secretary from removing from Indian territory, cattle upon which they had refused to pay the tax.

WOMAN SHOOTS MAN WHILE HE SLEEPS

Fatally Wounds Former Sweetheart In Room at Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 9.—Mrs. Amanda Williams, who came here recently from Texas, shot and fatally wounded Carroll Nix, of Fayetteville, Ark., while the latter was asleep in his room at 410 West Ninth street, early today. At the police station later she refused to talk.

Mrs. Williams and Nix were former sweethearts. The woman was deserted by her husband some time ago in a Texas town and until recently had been in Fayetteville. Nix, it appears, came to Kansas City a few days ago to escape a woman who had followed him, apparently intent on taking his life. As Nix lay asleep Mrs. Williams entered his room at 5:30 o'clock, unknown to any other occupant of the house, and began firing at him. The first shot struck him on the nose, a second hit him in the cheek, a third in the groin and a fourth grazed his left arm. The fifth bullet, the last in the revolver, went wild. Mrs. Williams submitted to arrest quietly.

Nix, who was taken to the hospital in a dying condition, said that he had come to Kansas City a few days ago to get away from the woman, and said that he did not know she was in the city. Mrs. Williams is 30 years old and Nix is 29.

The shooting occurred in the next room to that occupied by Bud Taylor, from the window of which the latter two years ago shot and killed his sweetheart, Ruth Nollard, with a rifle.

Is a Combination In Restraint of Commerce.

Cannot Exercise Control Over N. P. or G. N. Roads.

Stock May Be Returned to Former Holders.

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States court of appeals today noon handed down a decision in the suit of the United States against the Northern Securities company, enjoining the company from voting the stock of the Northern Pacific or Great Northern Railroad companies, but allowing the return of such stock as had been delivered to that holding company. The opinion was unanimous, all four judges concurring, but the opinion was written by Judge Thayer. The substance of the order is in the decree, which is at follows:

"A decree in favor of the United States will accordingly be entered to the following effect: Adjudging that the stock of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern companies, now held by the Securities company, was acquired in virtue of a combination among the defendants, in restraint of trade and commerce among the several states, such as the anti-trust act denounces as illegal; enjoining the Securities company from acquiring or attempting to acquire further stock of either of said companies; also enjoining it from voting such stock at any meeting of the stockholders of either of said railroad companies, or exercising or attempting to exercise any control, direction, or supervision or influence over the acts of said companies or either of them by virtue of its holding such stock; enjoining the Northern Pacific and Great Northern companies respectively, their officers, directors and agents, from permitting such stock to be voted by the Northern Securities company or any of its agents or attorneys on its behalf, at any corporate election for directors or officers of either of said companies and likewise enjoining them from paying any dividends to the Securities company on account of said stock, or permitting or suffering the Securities company to exercise any control whatever over the corporate acts of said companies or to direct the policy of either; and, finally, permitting the Securities company to return and transfer to the stockholders of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern companies, any and all shares of stock of those companies which it may have received from such stockholders in exchange for its own stock, or to make such transfer and assignment to such person or persons as are now the holders and owners of its own stock originally issued in exchange for the stock of said companies."

New York, April 9.—In the outside market Northern Securities, which had crawled up to 106½, broke to 103 on receipt of the news from St. Paul.

New York, April 9.—The case of the Northern Securities company will be appealed.

THE CONCLUSIONS OF THE COURT.

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Circuit Judge Thayer stated the conclusions of the court in the Northern Securities case. He recites the petition which was brought under the anti-trust act of 1890, and adds that under the act of Feb. 11, 1903, this case, being of "general public importance," has been given precedence over others and in every way expedited. It is declared that under the admissions of the defendants the matters of fact are that the roads were parallel and competing lines, that they had jointly secured control of the Burlington line, that in 1901 a holding company had been formed by large owners of stock of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads, by which new company large stock interests had been acquired at an agreed price, and the court holds "that the scheme which was thus devised and consummated led inevitably to the following results:

1—It placed the control of the two roads in the hands of a single person, to-wit, the Securities company, by virtue of its ownership of a large majority of the stock of both companies.

2—It destroyed every motive for competition between two roads engaged in interstate traffic, which were natural competitors for business, by pooling the earnings of the two roads for the common benefit of the stockholders of both companies; and, according to the familiar rule that every one is presumed

(Continued on page 10.)

GRAIN DEPARTMENT BUILDING FOR DULUTH WAS PROPOSED

Duluth Senators Made a Fight For It But Finally Withdrew the Request When Majority of Senate Appeared to Be Against It.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth delegation in the senate made a struggle yesterday afternoon for a grain department building for Duluth, such as the Gjertsen bill proposes for Minneapolis, but withdrew the request when it was found that it was certain to defeat the Minneapolis bill.

Senator Gjertsen of Minneapolis has a bill before the senate empowering the railroad and warehouse commission to buy a site and put up a building in Minneapolis for the grain inspection department, and appropriating $50,000 for that purpose.

When the bill came up on general orders yesterday afternoon, Senator Pugh offered an amendment making it apply to Duluth, and appropriating another $50,000 for that city. This brought the author of the bill to the rescue. He said the amendment would beat the bill altogether, and that Duluth need not be in a hurry. If the experiment worked all right in Minneapolis, Duluth could come in and get a building at the next session. The grain department in Minneapolis is now paying $4650 in rent, and the building would be a saving to the state.

Senator Hawkins said the state was paying rent in Duluth as well as in Minneapolis, and what the senator from Hennepin said about Minneapolis would apply with equal force to Duluth. The bill left the matter to the discretion of the railroad and warehouse commission anyway, and it could build one or both or either, just as it saw fit. Under these circumstances he thought Duluth ought to have the same chance at it as Minneapolis.

Senator Thompson of Filmore county said thi swas a peculiar move to give Duluth a part of the state capitol and Minneapolis another part. Senator Wood of Todd county said he thought the old capitol building would do very well for a home for the grain department.

Senator Laybourn said this was impossible, as the departments at Minneapoli sand Duluth had to be near where the work is, and neither of them could be moved to St. Paul. Duluth is as much interestd in the matter as Minneapolis, and as a matter of fact the department there yields more revenue to the state than the one at Minneapolis, because in Duluth much of the grain is shipped out by boat, and has to be inspected coming in and going out. The Duluth offices are now paying high rents, and these would be saved if the state had a building there.

The amendment was adopted by the senate, but when the author's motion that the bill be recommended to pass came up it was lost. The Duluth senators did not want to drag down the bill with their amendment, so on their motion the amendment with withdrawn, and progress was reported on the bill, so it could come up another day just as

(Continued on Page 8.)

PASSING OF HUNTINGTON

Representative of Founder of Southern Pacific Is Out.

Los Angeles, April 9.—The Times this morning says: It was accepted as a fact yesterday that Senator William A. Clark of Montana represents the Southern Pacific in the application for the blanket franchise for an eighty-two-mile street railway system in Los Angeles.

Any doubt that might have existed is dispelled by the discovery of the holding of a midnight meeting of a quartet of men who cemented the bond between the Southern Pacific and Mr. Garland, who acts as agent for the franchise applicants. This meeting was held at the office of Attorney Clarence Miller, in the Brison block, and those present were: W. F. Herrin, general counsel for the Southern Pacific; Walter F. X. Parker, political agent for that company; William M. Garland and Attorney Clarence Miller.

At this meeting was born the plan that seems destined to wreck the policy of the transportation family, and which already has caused Henry E. Huntington to sever his official relations with the Southern Pacific company. Mr. Huntington has been for a long time director and vice president of the Southern Pacific, but the attack of the corporation upon his interests makes it impossible for him to continue. If he has not already resigned he will do so. This news comes from headquarters. It marks an episode of national importance in railroading, the passing of the successor of C. P. Huntington, one of the founders of the corporation, from the board.

SIR WILFRID LAWSON ELECTED IN SPITE OF ALL OPPOSITION

Parliamentary Vacancy In Cornwall Is Filled By Liberal Whom Chamberlain Said Had Invariably Sympathized With Enemies of His Country.

London, April 9.—The parliamentary vacancy in the Camborne division of Cornwall, due to the death of W. S. Caine, Progressive Liberal, was filled today by the return of Sir Wilfrid Lawson Liberal, with an increased Liberal majority. The figures were: Sir Wilfrid Lawson (Liberal), 3558; Arthur Strauss (Liberal Union), 2869.

Considerable rowdyism marked the canvassing. The students of a local mining college had frequent encounters with the villagers. Sir Wilfrid's increased majority was not expected, as he was bitterly assailed for his so-called "Little England" attitude. He openly declared the government ought to give back the Transvaal and Orange Free State to the Boers, and he otherwise identified himself with the ardent pro-Boer party.

Mr. Strauss, who had already represented Camborne for five years, was considered to be a strong local candidate. The Liberal success probably was due to the dissatisfaction of the non-conformist Cornishmen with the government's educational measures. Sir Wilfrid Lawson's election brings back to Westminster a picturesque figure, long known for his vehement interest in the cause of temperance. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain sent a telegram to the electors, pointing out that throughout the war Sir Wilfrid had "invariably sympathized with the enemies of his country."

UNION LEAGUE CLUB FAVORS NEGRO SUFFRAGE IN SOUTH

This Powerful Organization Will Appeal to Congress to Deal With Question Along Lines of Reduction of Representation of Southern States.

New York, April 9.—The members of the Union League club, of this city, will take radical steps, it is said, favoring negro suffrage in the South at their April meeting, which occurs tonight. In a word, congress will be appealed to to deal with the question along the line of a radical reduction of representation of the Southern states in congress. It is just a year ago that the Union League club was divided on the question of discharging negro attendants. The negro servants were kept by a vote of 3 to 1 after a stormy session.

The report of the club committee on political reform, which is expected to precede the action favoring negro suffrage, it is believed, will create a sensation in the Southern states. After reciting that Southern states have taken steps to circumvent national legislation giving suffrage to negroes, the report recommends that congress be asked to take up the question without a moment's delay.

It recommends, also, that this body be asked to cut down Southern representation, and that a large sum of money be appropriated to test the validity of the recently adopted constitutions in Alabama, Virginia and other states in the South.

The ablest counsel in this country will be employed to prepare and argue these test cases regarding the constitutions mentioned. In addition to the sums appropriated, it is proposed to ask the individual members of the club to contribute.

One of the prime movers is said to be Former Secretary of the Interior Cornellus N. Bliss.

The club is expected to adopt resolutions following the adoption of the committee's repor. Ten thousand copies of these resolutions will be circulated to state senators, to prominent churchmen and those in authority everywhere.

President Roosevelt was vice president of the club in 1899. He is still prominent in its councils.

Gen. Horace Porter, Joseph H. Choate, John Cleveland and George Ward have also acted as presidents of the club at different times. The lote Hamilton Fish and William Evarts also had that distinction in their lifetime. So has Senator Chauncey M. Depew, John D. Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan and Andrew Carnegie are members of the club, the two latter being on the govclub at different times. The late Hamincludes also William D. Sloane, George F. Baker, Whitelaw Reid, John Jacob Astor, D. O. Mills and many other prominent men.

PASSIONIST FATHERS

Depart From Paris Without Any Demonstration.

Paris, April 9.—The Passionist fathers, who had been conducting the Anglo-American Catholic church here, departed for England today without a demonstration. An early hour was chosen, so as to avoid a manifestation. Quite a number of American and English members of the church gathered and bid good bye to the fathers. Secular priests immediately took up the work usual during holy week. The services are proceeding uninterruptedly.

TRIUMPHS OF 1902.

Seldom if ever in any one year of the histo y of the world have so many important events of universal interest taken place. America, England, Germany and France have each participated. The President of the United States welcomed and entertained H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia at the White House, Edward the VII was crowned King of England and Emperor of India, the German Emperor had his American-built yacht, "Meteor," christened; France had the unveiling of the Rochambeau Statue, and at all functions attending these celebrations Moet & Chandon's Champagne was used exclusively. This indeed is an unparalleled record, which is proof positive of the superiority and popularity of the renowned brand of Moet & Chandon White Seal.

GOVERNOR VAN SANT ANXIOUS TO BE GOVERNOR THIRD TIME

Vice Presidential Bee Buzzed For Some Time, Then He Looked Longingly at Senator Clapp's Place, But Now He Is Willing to Remain as Governor.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Samuel R. Van Sant, twice elected governor of the state of Minnesota, wants to have the same happy experience again.

His candidacy is not yet declared. Far from it. It may even be denied. But the tip comes straight from the best possible sources that he has made up his mind to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor next year, and events are bearing out the truth of the statement.

There has not been a doubt at any time about the governor possessing ambitions of some sort. Rumor hovered about the vice presidential nomination for some time, and it was said at the time of the governor's trip to Washington that he journeyed there for the purpose of sounding the situation and finding out what his chances were along that line. The trip was fruitful of results, but not of a sort to permit the vice presidential bee to buzz about the governor's bonnet any more.

Then there is the United States senatorship. The governor has been accused of harboring designs on the position now held by Senator Moses E. Clapp. The governor was highly pleased with the immense majority he received last fall, and it was no more than human and natural that he should consider it as an indication that whatever his ambition centered upon should be easy of attainment. But for some reason the senatorial will-o'-the-wisp has vanished, and the gubernatorial ambition has settled on the same easy old governor's chair.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

SHE FEARED BEING BURIED ALIVE

Belford, N. J., April 9.—Remembering that her mother came near being buried alive, Mrs. Mary E. Morris ever since has had a great fear of suffering a similar fate. Now she is dead, at least she bears the appearance of having passed away, but so urgent was her last request, amounting, indeed, to a command, that she will not be placed in the ground until five days shall have elapsed from the time of her apparent demise. Several years ago Mrs. Morris mother fell ill and apparently died. The undertaker's men came and prepared the body for burial. On the day before that set for the funeral a mourner, bending over the coffin saw a twitching of eyelids and lips, and a doctor was summoned. He found the woman still alive. She lingered several days. Then death came in reality. When Mrs. Morris was married she made an agreement with her husband that the body of the one dying first should be kept for five days by the survivor.

EMPEROR JOSEPH WASHES FEET

Vienna, April 9.—Emperor Francis Joseph, assisted by eleven archdukes, in the Hofburg today, performed the ancient holy Thursday ceremony of washing the feet of twelve aged men. Their ages ranged from 92 to 89, aggregated 1082 years. The emperor first placed dishes of food before each man, which the archdukes removed immediately afterwards, the viands being sent later to the men's homes. The ceremony ended with the emperor hanging a bag containing thirty pieces of silver around each man's neck. His majesty appeared to be in excellent health.

There was a large gathering of court, diplomatic and military officials present, including Ambassador Storer and Mrs. Storer, Second Secretary Rives, Military Attache Harris, the British ambassador, Sir F. Plunket, and Lady Plunkett and the duchess of Marlborough.

THE MINNESOTA WILL BE A WONDER

New York, April 9.—Larger than any vessel ever built in this country and only excelled in size of all the world's fleet by the Celtic and Cedric of the White Star line, the Minnesota will be launched in New London, Conn., on April 16. Miss Hill, daughter of James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Steamship company, for whom the new ship was built, will christen her. The Minnesota will have features and conveniences to be found in no other vessel until her sister ship, now building, is launched. She is 630 feet long, 73 feet 6 inches beam and 56 feet rom keel to upper deck, and has nine decks in all.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of "The Herald" May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

11 East 120th St., New York City.
DEAR SIR: Oct. 15th, 1902.

"I had been suffering from kidney trouble. All symptoms were on hand; my former strength and power had left me; I could hardly drag myself along. Even my mental capacity was giving out, and often I wished to die. It was then I saw an advertisement of yours in a New York paper, but would not have paid any attention to it, had it not promised a sworn guarantee with every bottle of your medicine, asserting that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable, and does not contain any harmful drugs. I am seventy years and four months old, and with a good conscience I can recommend Swamp-Root to all sufferers from kidney troubles. Four members of my family have been using Swamp-Root for four different kidney diseases, with the same good results."

With many thanks to you, I remain,
Very truly yours,
ROBERT BERNER.

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, when obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their families because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale the world over at druggists' in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Daily Herald.

SECRET OF HUMAN LIFE.

The secret of life is in the glands. At least such is the moral of the latest discovery regarding certain glands made by the well-known medical authority, Dr. C. E. De M. Sajous, of Philadelphia, says the New York Herald. It has been known by scientists for many years that the glands were the most important part of the body, but the difficulty in studying them has perhaps been the reason that no larger amount of knowledge regarding their activity has yet been brought to light.

When we consider that there are from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 sweat glands in the skin and an infinite number of glands in the small intestines as well as other parts of the body, it can easily be seen what a task is before the specialist who is devoting attention solely to the subject of glands and their action.

They have been the mysterious organs of the body whose action could be followed, but seldom explained, and now Dr. Sajous comes with a most startling theory, supported by fourteen years of experiment, that one of the least studied glands is the most important in the body. He claims that the anterior pituitary gland is the controlling agent in health, and his theory might be compared to that ancient one of Descartes, that the pineal gland, the very center of the brain, was the seat of the soul.

Every one knows who knows anything about it, that the liver is the largest gland in the human body, and, while we really understand comparatively little of the way in which the liver works, we do know that one of its chief functions is the secretion of bile in the gall bladder. The wonderful thing about this gland, as well as about all the other glands of the body, is that it extracts from the blood, by some peculiar change which is brought about through the protoplasm of the cells of the glands, substances which we cannot find in the blood itself.

No possible chemical analysis would show bile in the blood as it enters the liver, and yet after it has entered, and as the acid chyme passes the opening of the bile duct in the duodeum, streams of bile are poured forth from the ball bladder.

This action of the liver is paralleled by all the other glands. The pancreas, for instance, produces what is called zymogen, or the ferment former, so called because it gives rise to one of the chief enzymes, or ferments, of the pancreatic juice, so necessary for the work of digestion. These enzymes are the peculiar products of the gland, and because of their strange, unorganized character they constitute the most puzzling substances to the chemists.

We know that as the blood enters the gland it contains certain chemical substances, but why, as it passes through the cells which go to make up this gland certain parts of the blood are transformed into these peculiar liquids which is secreted by the special glands, is one of the great unsolved problems of human physiology. It is known that there are certain cells through which the blood passes, but it is not simply a process of filtration by which the gland extracts from the blood whatever it seeks, but a chemical change takes place through the action of the protoplasm of the glands themselves.

Dr. Sajous has devoted his time especially during the last fourteen years to a study of the ductless glands, such as the suprarenal glands, two little bodies in the abdomen just above the kidneys, and especially of the anterior pituitary body, which he claims is of chief importance in the preservation of the health of the human being. He has announced his discovery to the Philadelphia County Medical society within the last few days, where it has attracted considerable attention and wide discussion.

Dr. Sajous claims that he can demonstrate the direct connection of these little glands with the vital elements of the entire system, and, although they are ductless and do not apparently give off any special secretion, he announces he has found and analyzed this secretion, and that it is of the utmost importance because it is carried directly to the lungs.

This substance, so carefully manufactured by these little glands, is the all-important agent for the absorption of the oxygen introduced through the breathing apparatus, in conjunction with which it forms a new substance, which Dr. Sajous calls "andrenoxin." This andrenoxin becomes mixed with the fluid part of the blood, and flows through all the blood channels of the body, even to the smallest blood vessel. When it reaches the tissues the oxygen is then absorbed from this mysterious substance, and not from the red corpuscles of the blood, as has been hitherto supposed.

It is too early as yet to announce definitely the acceptance of this theory by the medical fraternity, but he will undoubtedly set them to thinking along new lines.

A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

SETTLERS WIN

Federal Supreme Court Decision In Cedar Island Case.

Dissolves the Injunction Against a Resurvey of the Town.

The United States supreme court has rendered a decision which dissolves the injunction secured by Messrs. Simon J. Murphy, George D. Robinson, Elisha O. Flinn and Temple E. Dorr against P. H. Kirwan, as United States surveyor general for the state of Minnesota, and Thomas H. Crosswell, deputy surveyor, and restraining the defendants from resurveying the land in the disputed Cedar island cases on Ely lake.

The full text of the decision is not known, but the attorneys for the plaintiff believe that while the injunctional order is dissolved, the question of jurisdiction is not affected and the way is still open to future litigation.

This case is one of those which has arisen over the disputed ownership of valuable timber lands on Ely lake, where the plaintiffs represent one class of claimants and the settlers another.

The action was first started in December, 1896, in United States circuit court, when M. H. Stanford, of this city, attorney for the plaintiff, asked for and received a temporary order restraining the United States surveyors from making a resurvey of the lands affected. The government carried the case to the circuit court of appeals, where the decision of the lower court was affirmed.

Afterward argument was made on the merits of the case before the United States circuit court, the testimony being very voluminous, and a permanent injunctional order was finally issued by Judge Lochren. The defendants carried the case to the circuit court of appeals, where the order was affirmed, then to the United States supreme court, where argument was made in February of this year. The decision reverses the decree of the lower court.

There is still pending in the United States supreme court an ejectment case relative to the occupancy of the disputed land by the settlers.

The history of the Cedar island cases, as they are termed, covers a period of many years and a large amount of litigation, many events and subsequent lawsuits of a more or less interesting nature arising during that time.

The settlers on the disputed territory claim that when the government surveyors established the meander line of Cedar or Ely lake it was, in some instances, established from one-half mile to a mile from the water's edge, and it is the timbered land between the meander line and the lake to which the settlers claim title.

Messrs. Dorr, Murphy, Hemple and Flinn, the original claimants, sold the timber on the lands to the Cloquet Lumber company, and recent troubles have grown out of the lumber company's attempts to cut the timber which the settlers claim is on their land.

INVESTIGATING BRIBERY CASE

St. Louis Jury Looking Into Baking Powder Matter.

St. Louis, April 9.—The April grand jury, empanelled today in the criminal division of the St. Louis circuit court, by Judge Ryan, took up the charges of bribery growing out of the state alum baking powder legislation. Charges have been made by Lieutenant Governor John Lee that Daniel Kelley, of New York, alleged legislative agent of the baking powder trust, attempted to give $1000 to secure the appointment of a senate committee that would handle the bill to repeal the law prohibiting the manufacture of "alum" baking powder in Missouri for the interests of the trust. Kelley, who was arrested in New York city several days ago at the request of Governor Dockery, was later released on his own recognizance. A requisition for Kelley, signed by Governor Dockery, is now in the hands of a St. Louis detective, enroute to New York city and a telegram has been sent by Circuit Attorney Folk to District Attorney Jerome asking that Kelley be rearrested and held to await the arrival of the requisition papers.

Among the witnesses to appear before the jury are several state senators and Whitney Layton, manufacturer of anti-trust baking powder, who is alleged to have been compelled to move his plant from Missouri by the legislature, said to have been secured by Kelley.

Circuit Attorney Folk has charge of the investigation here and is assisted by Attorney General Crow. Circuit Attorney Folk said to the Associated Press: "The investigation begun by the grand jury here today is preliminary to that to be made at Jefferson City next Monday, when the Cole county grand jury will reconvene and take up the matter fully. Most of the bribes are alleged to have been used in securing favorable legislation and are though to have been paid out in Jefferson City and there will be held the more important part of thei nvestigation."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

Don't Practice False Economy

In the matter of headwear. Remember we give you "style" and "quality" at a reasonable price. Duluth's own. The Blake hat.

Black Suits!

Suitable for confirmation, to fit boys, for ages 14 to 18 years, at $4.00 to $15.00. Large assortment to select from.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Buy your Easter shoes at the Brockton Shoe company. The best $2.50 and $3.50 shoes are always to be found here.

ACTOR HAS MANY WIVES

Admits Four Spouses and Three Others Claim Him.

New York, April 9.—A continuance performance of marriage and divorce.

Dramatis personae:

Mr. Lawrence—Mr. Lawrence.

Mrs. Lawrence—Carrie Rudolph, Marguerite Le Vyne, Kittie Howard, Ernestine Kingston, Miss L. B. Brinckernoff, Dorothy Drew, Reata Winfield.

Lawyers, judges, court clerks, clergymen, witnesses, actors, actress and correspondents.

The drama of which the foregoing is the cast has so many acts and the scenario is so complex and varied that it would never make an acting success, any more than it has made a success in real life, for Lionel Lawrence, the hero, is very much alive, and so are most of his wives, though he is no Mormon. Therefore only a synopsis of the play can be given here, and for interest's sake it may be as well to begin with the last act and tell the story backward.

As a matter of fact, the last act is yet to be played.

Its scene will be in the supreme court and Justice Blanchard will play a leading role, for to him Myrtle Canady Lawrence, known on the stage as Reata Winfield, has applied for an absolute divorce.

And now to go back to the last act but one, that in which the hero and heroine are married.

In August, 1901, Miss Winfield was playing an engagement on the roof garden of a New York theater with her violin. On the night of Aug. 31 Lawrence, Miss Winfield and several friends were in the rathskeller of the theater when one of the party suggested that it would be a good thing for "Larry" and Reata to get married.

"Good scheme," rejoined Lawrence; "nothing would please me better."

Reata said she was agreeable, and the wedding took place at the unusual hour of 3:25 a. m.

The preceding acts tell of Lionel Lawrence's other matrimonial ventures and their endings. He does not quite remember their endings. He does not quite remember how many wives he has, but is willing to admit that there has been four, his first wife, who was not of the "profession," having died; his second wife Dorothy Drew, having divorced him; that his third wife, Ernestine Kingston, was divorced from him; that his fourth wife, Deata Winfield, is now engaged in a similar quest.

When Dorothy Drew sued him for divorce there appeared as one of her witnesses Marguerite Le Vyne.

"Lawrence and I were traveling in the company in Canada," said Marguerite. "It was in the spring of 1895, and at Windsor, Canada, we were married. I always forgot dates and things, but here is my marriage certificate."

Carrie Rudolph, a California girl, also appeared upon this trial and said she had been married to Lawrence in Jersey City.

When Lawrence was playing in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" he met Kitty Howard on a train coming from Chicago. Soon after they were married.

On December 13, 1897, Lawrence was married quietly in Jersey City to Miss L. B. Brickerhoff, daughter of the New York millionaire cracker manufacturer of that name.

Marriage to Ernestine Kingston is set forth as having taken place on November 15, 1897, but this is probably a mistake. In July, 1901, Lawrence began a suit against her for divorce, in which he named three co-respondents. A decree was granted. The marriage with Dorothy Drew took place in 1893, the decree of divorce being granted on November 20, 1895. Then there is a Lillian Bond who has been mentioned as his wife. Whether she is or not probably the evidence to be taken in this suit will show.

Western North Carolina In the Spring.

Western North Carolina is attractive at any season of the year, but certainly during the spring months, when the trees are budding and the flowers blossoming; what could be more inviting than a trip to this beautiful mountain country.

The months of April and May in the Land of the Sky and Sapphire country, including Asheville and Hot Springs, N. C., are very enjoyable. The climate at this season is delightful, the scenery most beautiful, and the opportunities for the enjoyment of sport, including golf, cannot be surpassed.

The hotels in this region afford the very best accommodations. If you wish to know something of this delightful region, communicate with your nearest ticket agent, or address G. B. Allen, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

Masonic and 32nd Degree and Knight Templar Charms.....

We have an especially fine assortment of Masonic and Knight Templar charms and rings which we have placed on sale at particularly good values. For instance:

Heavy Hand Carved 14-Karat Gold Ring $18.50.

The workmanship on both charms and rings is particularly fine and we offer the entire line with the conviction that no finer or better values can be shown anywhere.

M. Henricksen,

334 West Superior St.

We have our own fully equipped manufacturing plant for the prompt accommodation of our patrons.

WHERE FASHION CENTERS.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE FURNISHINGS!

A rich line of haberdashery from the world's foremost producers of exclusive novelties. Beautiful effects that cannot be duplicated elsewhere in the Northwest.

Dainty Easter Neckwear,
Spring Underwear,
Fancy Imported Hose,
Young's Opera Hats,
Manhattan Shirts,
White & Fancy Vests,
Knox Silk Hats,
Hanan's Fine Shoes,

WITH ORIGINAL CIRCUS.

Golden Age When Public Was Easily Fooled.

The advertisement of the first circus to pitch its tents and red lemonade on Washington soil, occupies a conspicuous place on the first page of the Intelligencer of Saturday, March 13, 1830, and has a style savoring quaintly of the present day method of proclaiming the same sort of amusement, says the Washington Post. Though it does not announce a "mammoth mastodonic, masterful and magnificent $10,000,000 aggregation," there is something familiar in its legitimate descendant. It is as follows:

THE GRAND CARAVAN,

of Most Rare and Interesting Animals Will show on Thirteenth street, adjoining Center Market, &c. Among the animals in the collection is the famous ELEPHANT TIPPO SULTAN, who saved the life of his keeper from the attack of two Tygers that broke from their cage, while being exhibited in New York a short time ago. He performs a variety of amusing tricks, exhibiting the wonderful sagacity of his species. He is the largest in America, being about 10 feet high, and weighing 10,000 pounds, and has tusks 4 feet long. There is also a ZEBRA, which is perfectly adorned with stripes of the most beautiful colors, and perfectly exact; the ROYAL TYGER of Asia, the only one in America—a most beautiful, but extremely ferocious animal; the KNU (meaning the Gnu) or Horned Horse, the only one ever imported into this country, which singular animal appears to be a compound of the ox and the horse, and is one of the greatest natural curiosities scribed animals are a beautiful AFRICAN LEOPARD an unusually large number of the different kinds of MONKEYS, the COUGAR, the ROMPO and the LYNX.

The animals are so well secured that there can be no possible danger. No families admitted unless accompanied by a gentleman. Good music, &c.

Price of admission, 25 cents. Children half price. Open from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Barnum received the credit for being the originator of circus fakes and faking, but a glance at the foregoing is sufficient proof of the fact that circus men were adepts at faking from the very outset. In those days Americans knew less of animals than the average native of the Indian Territory, and it was the golden age of impostors. The present day reader is amused at the assurance given by the proprietor in the second paragraph of the ad., as to the animals being well secured. That a lot of old, wry-necked, cage-worn "tygers" and leopards were actually regarded with trembling and apprehension by the Americans of that day, shows what a simple lot our forefathers were in the infancy of the republic.

But the most amusing feature of the ad is the "Rompo." What is a "Rompo?" One might search the natural histories through without encountering such an animal. It may have been closely allied to the Jimwhizzle of the whangdoodle or possibly the gazabo, the snark or some creation of yellow journalism, but it is a total stranger to science. The rompo may have been the same animal about which a retired veteran showman of this city tells a story.

"In the old days before the war, when the American public was a race of country dwellers, rustic and unsophisticated," said he, "we showmen used to practice deceptions the half of which would ruin a modern aggregation. Along in 1858, I was the sole, one-horse show in Pennsylvania. We had an elephant and a pair of mangy lions, but aside from these three, our natural history outfit was sadly lacking.

"Well, one day we struck a small town in Pennsylvania, and before we got the tents up, an old hyena passed in his cheeks, leaving a rather large and ornate cage without an inmate. The owner of the show hated to see this cage standing about empty, and after a good deal of thought, he rummaged about and brought forth an old dust brush with very long bristles. He was an inventive genius, and we were all standing about, wondering what he would do with it, when, without a word to anyone, he entered the vacant cage, placed the brush, bristle side up, in one of the corners, behind a bunch of hay, and returning stood before the cage admiring his work, as an artist would a finished canvas. We realized then what the plan was. All we could see of this venerable dust brush were the bristles standing up behind a big bunch of hay, looking for all the world like some variety of bear, hyena or wild boar lying back in a corner of the cage asleep. A great many animals have this habit of retiring into a corner of their cage to sleep, screened from view behind a bunch of hay, and the deception was one of the most complete I ever saw. The old brush actually looked dangerous, arranged by the artistic eye and hand of the show owner. Satisfying himself that the old dust brush would answer the purpose he intended it for, he hunted up a paint can, and painted a new sign for the cage, which read:

SAVAGE AFRICAN KAZOOK.
DANGEROUS!
Don't Stand Too Near the Cage.

"He then instructed the employes what to say and do, and, doubt it if you will, but when I tell you that that dust brush turned out to be the drawing card of the whole show I tell the truth. It served as the 'kazook' in 14 small towns on our circuit, and, owing to the fact that no one could see any more of it than the bristles, it seldom failed to draw a crowd, many of whom stood around all during the show hoping the animal would get up. Human nature is such that when people are told that a bunch of bristles is too dangerous to meddle with, they gather about, anxiously hoping for developments. It lasted us until the end of the season, and brought more talk than the elephants, lions and tight-rope artist combined.

ON MURDERERS' ISLAND.

Of all the penal settlements in Siberia the Island of Sakhalin has the worst reputation, says the Wide World Magazine. This is not surprising when we remember its great distance from the central administration and that it is the prison-island to which all the worst criminals are sent. There are probably not a dozen free-born individuals outside of the convicts, ex-convicts, their wives and children and the officials and native tribes. On January 1, 1898, there were on the island 22,167 convicts and ex-convicts. Of these 7,080 were engaged in hard labor, and of this number alone no fewer than 2,836 were convicted of murder, so that out of the total number of convicts and ex-convicts a moderate estimate would give 8000 as murderers.

Of the 2836 murderers, the large proportion of 634 were women. Perhaps this is to be explained by the brutality of husbands under the influence of drink and passion, for many of these women had stabbed or poisoned their partners in life. It is not surprising, therefore, that Sakhalin is a name not to be mentioned in St. Petersburg.

One degrading form of punishment, that of chaining the convict to a wheelbarrow, which is never detached either by day or night, has been abolished on the mainland; but on Sakhalin today tnere are still two men who are undergoing this miserable punishment.

This form of punishment, the officials say, is necessary to keep them from escaping. The clean shaving of half the head is also intended to render escape more difficult and identification easier.

The "palatch," or executioner, is chosen from among the convicts themselves. Prisoners who are refractory in prison are birched, but sometimes this punishment is given for no other reason than that the chief of the prison, of whom it would be difficult to say anything too bad, happens to be in a fit of ill-humor when they go before him to prefer some simple request. My own interpreter, himself a man of rank, told me that in common with all the rest of the convicts and political exiles he paid tribute money in the shape of food to the executioner, so that, should he be ordered the "plet," the leads should be brought down on the underside of the board and not on his bare body. Corporal punishment for women has been done away with by law in Russia, but in February of last year two women were flogged with birch-rods dipped in brine, and afterward put in chains for refusing to obey their villianous overseers.

Here and there I met a good-natured official, but they are rare and their influence is very small, for it is not to the interest of the others to allow reforming tendencies to have play. To give them their due, it must not be forgotten that their surroundings are demoralizing. They have an awful class of convicts to deal with, whom their own injustice and brutality are responsible for making worse. The system allows of stages of improvement in a convict's condition, and if well behaved he may, during the latter part of his sentence, live out in barracks and do a fixed amount of hard labor. All this allows the miserable convict to hope, but there is another side to the picture which takes the soul out of most of them. Few convicts ever leave this dreaded isle of punishment. They have no spirit left to struggle with nature in the swamps, and they sink into despair. They join their companions of the forest, and one crime leads to another.

The soldiers, plunging as far as possible into the dense forests, track these outlaws or "brodyaga." We in our journeys passed small parties of soldiers in pursuit and small parties of soldiers on the trail. The Giak natives are also employed to hunt them down, and one of these Giak overseers had shot a "brodyaga" two or three days before we reached the scene, on our way across to the Pacific coast. On another occasion we were in time to rescue a convict who had been not unnaturally mistaken by Orotchon natives for a "brodyaga." Hunted down by soldiers and tracked by natives, with starvation staring him continually in the face, the "brodyaga" lives a most precarious existence. Many were the times that I passed his roughly constructed raft by which at night he steals down the river, bracing the perils of bears. If he be caught by the soldiers the latter often wreak their vengeance upon him.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Carpets and Rugs.

We can not say enough about our new spring stock of Carpets and Rugs and other floor coverings.

It is positively the largest and most complete stock we have ever presented to the buying public of Duluth.

Have you visited this department this season? If you have not and your household needs at this housecleaning season demand carpets and rugs, a visit to this department will certainly be a profitable one for you. The floor is filled with everything that is new in all sorts of floor coverings.

China Matting—a number of different patterns from which to choose. Special at, a yard 12½c

Your choice of a number of patterns Tapestry Brussels Carpet at, a yard 43c

Velvet Carpets—in a variety of good patterns without border, a yard 65c

Tapestry Brussels Rugs—9x12 size—a large variety. These splendid rugs—each $12.50

All goods sold on monthly payments.

Caps! Caps! Caps!

The latest in boys' caps for spring wear in blue and maroon colors, at 25c, 50c and 75c; large selection.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the tilme.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing positively retails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

Bon Ton Bakery and Candy Kitchen.

Have the largest display of handsome home made decorated Easter Eggs in the city. They are made of pure sugar and delicious to eat.

Have the names of your children or friends put on the eggs to order.

PRICES

5c, 8c and 10c

Extra large or fancy 20c and 35c.

We make a specialty of cakes for Easter at prices lower than they can be made at home, and delicate Almond-Macarones, Lady Fingers and Egg Kisses.

All mail orders receive prompt attention. No names put on Easter Eggs after Friday.

Light lunches served. Open all day Sunday.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Friday Bargains.

Tooth Powder —Dr. E. L. Graves' dental powder—the selling price 25c—our price Friday---- **16c**

Liebig's—Beef, Iron and Wine—the regular 25c size—Friday at---- **18c**

Hooks and Eyes black and white—our regular 4c qualities—Friday on sale at---- **2c**

Lawns---Plain colored lawn, pink, blue or black—sell regularly at 10c—Friday at---- **7½c**

Stationery- One pound package of fine kid finished paper—sells at 25c—Friday at---- **12½c**

India Linon—32-inch India sheer Linon—10c quality—Friday bargain price only---- **5½c**

Pillow Tops—Your choice of any Pillow Top in our art needle work department, selling regularly at 50c—Friday---- **48c**

Ribbons- 3½ inch wide Metallic Taffeta Ribbons all shades—make excellent neck ribbons will wash nicely—sell at 19c regularly Friday---- **14c**

Men's Hose—Light weight cashmere hose for men—selling regularly at 15c—mixed colorings—Friday at---- **10c**

Boys' Shoes--Fine calfskin shoes—a splendid line of durable shoes for the boy—sizes 13 to 5½—Friday at **$1.25**

Wool Soap—Swift & Co's wool soap—nothing equals it for washing woolens—the regular 10c bath size—Friday---- **5c**

Silks-- French Bengaline and heavy gros grain silks for coats—sell at $1.25 and $1.50—22 inches wide—Friday at---- **98c**

Spring Vests--Medium weight ribbed vests for spring wear—our regular 50c qualities—ecru only—Friday at---- **35c**

Cambric Drawers--Women's Cambric Drawers neatly tucked—25c qualities—Friday on sale at---- **15c**

$10 and $8.50 Walking Skirts at $7:50

Here is a bargain you cannot afford to pass by—every skirt is of the latest suitings—every style the newest—all are beautifully stitched and strapped—just one day, Friday, choice-- **$7.50**

Belmar Shoes. **Gray-Tallant Co** Erin Linens.

STATESMEN AND NOVELS.

Hear Not the Only One Who Reads Them.

"I can verify that little story which has lately been going the rounds of the newspapers, to the effect that the venerable and scholarly senior senator from Massachusetts, Mr. Hoar, is an omnivorous reader of dime novels," said a capitol attache to the Washington Star. "I have not only seen him buy armfuls of the shockers, but I have sat close to him in train while he has occupied himself in reading the things with all of the manifest intensity of interest of a messenger boy bound on an important errand.

"The senator never sets out on a railroad journey, in fact, that he does not provide himself with a fresh bunch of the thrillers. He purchases them at a little cigar and news store on the avenue between the capitol and Sixth street. The proprietor of the store always smiles broadly when he sees Mr. Hoar entering his place, and turns to the counter where the dime novels are stacked up without even inquiring of the senator what he wishes. He merely gathers up the latest assortment of Gouge-Eye Georges and Dan the Devil Destroyers and Billy the Bites, and wraps them in a neat little package, after the senator has cast his eye over the titles with an expression of mingled delight and anticipation.

"The senator only reads the spine-shatterers when he is traveling—he is always too busy around the capitol to divert himself in that way. It is a spectacle worth witnessing to see Mr. Hoar settle back in his chair in a parlor car, untie his package of dime dreadfuls, and begin to devour the first one that meets his eye.

"The pinkness of his youthful skin takes on an intenser hue as he reaches the critical points of the yarns, and he begins to sit more erect in his seat, and it is perfectly plain that his excitement grows with every step in the progress of the yarn he is devouring. Sometimes he smiles with obvious satisfaction—I always concluded that the hero had just visited some astonishing sort of retribution upon the villyum or villyums when Mr. Hoar smiles—and when he finishes one of the yarns he looks out of the car window for a long while, getting it all settled and stowed away in his mind, I suppose, before he takes up another one. He doesn't take any interest whatever in the comings and goings of the passengers when he has got his stack of dime novels, and I have seen him lean out of the car window in the Philadelphia station and buy a couple of apples from a fruit boy while still keeping his eyes glued to the pages of his absorbing work of fiction.

"The stuff rests his mind, of course, and gets his thoughts away from the more serious affairs of life. Nobody familiar with the characteristics of American public men of eminence needs to be informed as to how profound a student Senator Hoar is and has been all his life. He is, I should say, easily the best-read man now in the senate. It shows the catholicity of his mental taste when he can derive an equal amount of enjoyment from Virgil and from a consideration of the miraculous deeds of 'Riley, the Red-headed Roarer of the Rockies.'"

"The late Tom Reed was another eminent New Englander who was devoted to red-hot paper-covered yarns, but his bent was toward the 'Hist! Eureka!' type of detective stories. He read them every time he got a chance, and he was as absorbed a looking statesman when he was in the middle of a 'Cap Collier' or 'Old Sleuth' story as can be imagined. He read them with particular gusto when his mind was worn out with the exciting affairs of the congress during which the 'czar' title was fastened onto him.

"He used to retire to the speaker's room, leaving one of his colleagues in the chair, and reach into his desk for his dog-eared detective yarns, and, from a worried-looking distraught leader he would soon lapse into the very picture of happy juvenility as he turned the pages of the tremendously exciting narratives of the deeds of the extraordinary slippery detectives.

"He hated to be interrupted, too, when he was right in the middle of one of these yarns. I remember one occasion when two or three of his Republican confreres rushed into the speaker's room while Mr. Reed was stretched out on his couch reading one of the detective stories. A situation had arisen on the floor which demanded Mr. Reed's immediate assumption of the chair. Mr. Reed rose from the couch with an expression of genuine peevishness.

"'Can't you fellows hold 'em at bay until I get through this chapter?' he inquired.

"They shook their heads and said that his presence in the chair was imperative. Mr. Reed turned the corner of the page down with an ejaculation of disgust, carefully locked the thriller away in his desk and lumbered out after his colleagues like an office boy who has been called upon to run an errand right while he was in the middle of the doings of Merciless Mike the Keel Hauler. He took a genuine interest in the eventual fates of his detective story heroes, and once I heard him say, after finishing one of the 'Old Sleuth' shockers:

"'Well, they'll be killing that fellow, among them, one of these days, and when that happens I'll feel stranded.'

"The late Senator Ingalls was another of the men of mark who took a rapturous delight in the reading of dime novels. He claimed with all solemnity that they expanded his intellect, although his friends always derided him when he made this statement. Mr. Ingalls always maintained that he would infinitely prefer to have his growing children read the out-and-out lurid dime novels, which, he said, never failed to point the moral of manliness and high-mindedness, than the yellow-covered pieces of more or less contaminating erotic fiction with which the more pretentious book stalls were cluttered—and I don't know but what he was right. Another kink of Mr. Ingalls was that he was fond of reading well-written accounts of the doings of the bad men of frontier days.

"He had known personally a good many of the bad men, including Wild Bill and several others of equal notoriety, and he always maintained that they were fine fellows who were misunderstood by the minions of the law. He professed to feel very bad every time a gang of train robbers or highwaymen were rounded up by posses, and claimed that he invariably 'rooted' for the nervy desperadoes to get away from their pursuers.

"I remember that he was particularly interested in the case of 'Black Bart,' the lone highwayman of California, who, for a number of years, held up the stages of southern California without any assistance whatever, and plundered to the tune of many thousands of dollars. This 'Black Bart,' after accomplishing a hold-up of this sort, invariably left behind him on the trail a piece of derisive verse. Mr. Ingalls was traveling in California on one occasion when 'Black Bart' executed one of his most daring holdups of a stage, and the Senator talked with a number of the passengers of the stage that had been held up. This fact probably intensified his interest in the lone highwayman. Anyhow, when they finally nailed 'Black Bart,' Mr. Ingalls spoke of the capture with a long face and in a tone of regret that certainly seemed genuine.

"'Fellows of that sort,' he said, 'are growing as scarce in this country that it seems a pity they should be landed behind the bars,' and then he would glance around at his listeners to ascertain if they were taking him seriously. Only those who knew him very well could catch the twinkle in his eye when he made such remarks of sympathy for the bandits, and the others gained the impression that Mr. Ingalls was mighty contemptuous of the law for a United States senator."

The Blake Hat.

The newest "correct" blocks (soft and derbies) produced for your selection for your Easter hat. "The Blake hat" in the latest colorings and black. See it and you will buy it.

The Bank That Will Help You Save.

You have the Bank.

We have the Key.

Duluth Savings Bank,

No. 216 W. Superior St.

3 PER CENT on Savings Accounts.

A WARSHIP SENT

To Look After Americans at Patuca River.

Washington, April 9.—Acting Secretary Darling this morning received a cablegram from Rear Admiral Coghlan, commandign the Caribbean squadron at Puerto Cortez, Honduras, saying that he has dispatched the cruiser San Francisco to the Patuca river to look out for the American prospectors, recently reported to be in distress in that vicinity, and that it was his purpose to have the Olympia, San Francisco and Marietta leave Honduras on the 11th inst. for Pensacola, Fla., leaving the cruiser Panther on the Honduras coast for any service that may be required of her for the protection of American interest. There is no direct telegraphic communication with Puerto Cortez, and Admiral Coghlan's cable was filed at a port in Guatemala.

ABOUT JOHN W. GATES.

Hiram N. Wheeler, whose strong personality has made his newspaper, the Quincy Journal, one of the powerful influences in the affairs of Illinois, was, in his younger days, the editor and proprietor of the Weekly Leader at St. Charles, Ill., says the Brooklyn Eagle. Now, St. Charles, it may be conservatively said, was not a focal point of universal interest. Every now and then a map of the world was published without so much as a fly speck to indicate where it lay in the beautiful Fox river valley. But that valley at that point was then nursing and nourishing some young men who were destined to write their names across the maps of the continent, at least. There was John F. Farnsworth, for instance, whose brilliant oratory often stirred the national house of representatives; George H. Daniels, who can swap a pass over the New York Central any day for a half-column puff that smells as sweet as a bouquet of daffodils garnished with honeysuckle; John W. Gates, who, if the newspapers are always to be believed, can buy a railroad in the morning, sell it in the afternoon and bet a million-dollar stack of blues on a bobtail flush in the evening without noticing that Pierpont Morgan is in either of the games, and Hiram Wheeler himself, who, if he had cared for renown as much as for solid worth, might have led the list in the world's esteem.

Mr. Wheeler is big enough to believe that he is a pretty small drop in the great bucket of humanity, so it is perfectly natural for him to push others to the front of many enterprises of which he himself is really the motive power. Not long ago he conceived an idea for the benefit of his city and vicinity. It involved the task of convincing John W. Gates of certain advantages which Quincy was supposed to possess. A committee to confer with Mr. Gates was accordingly appointed, and, though Wheeler suffered himself to be made a member of it, he managed to put others forward to do most of the talking. Not a word did he say about his former acquaintance with Gates. Indeed, he supposed Gates had forgotten him.

Three or four members of the committee had prepared elaborate speeches for the occasion and naturally regarded themselves as important factors in the enterprise. But no sooner had they entered the room than Gates sprang up, seized Wheeler by the hand, and began to talk of old times in St. Charles.

"Why, Mr. Gates," said Wheeler, "I didn't suppose you would remember me. We haven't met for twenty-five years."

"More than that," Gates answered. "I left St. Charles twenty-seven years ago, and I haven't seen you since."

He drew Wheeler to a lounge, where the two sat down and were soon lost in recollections of their boyhood on neighboring farms. It was Wheeler who, at last, interrupted the conversation to give the committee a chance to present its case. But argument was unnecessary. If Wheeler said the thing was good, Gates was prepared to give it favorable consideration.

At the close of the conversation Mr. Wheeler asked: "John, you remember when I was a very important personage, the editor of the great and glorious leader, while you were only a sort of a junk dealer?"

Gates laughingly confessed the recollection.

"Well," said the editor, "if I had known that you were going to be one of the big guns of this country, I probably would have treated you with more distinguished consideration."

"Possibly," said Gates. "But as I remember you, you never cared much for the size of the gun. You always seemed to be more interested in knowing what it was loaded with."

GETTING READY

Boats Are Loading Preparatory to Moving Out.

Strikers Trying to Persuade Non-Union Men From Working.

The Duluth and Superior harbors became active this morning when crews were sent to several steamships, which will move today or tomorrow.

The striking firemen and oilers at Superior are trying to dissuade non-union men from going aboard the boats, but the Pittsburg Steamship company secured full crews for the Mesaba and the Marina this morning.

Crews were put aboard the Shaw and the Murphy in the Lake avenue slip this morning, and these two boats are ready to move at a moment's notice.

Meals and provisions will be placed on the boats at Two Harbors for the crews going to that port first from winter quarters.

The first work to be done by the Great Lakes Towing company was accomplished by the tug Superior this morning. The Sultana was taken from her moorings and headed for the canal mouth. She went to Superior to load with grain for Buffalo.

The Grammer moved from her winter moorings in the Lake avenue slip to the elevators to load with grain for Buffalo, and tugmen predict a close race between the two for the honor of the first departure.

The Howard Shaw and Simon Murphy have steam up and are ready to be moved. They will probably be ordered to Two Harbors to load ore.

The steamer America is also fitting out for her first trip, but will probably not leave until the first of the week.

The crew of the tug Superior had some difficulty in getting the boat free from the ice. It was nearly an hour before they succeeded in gaining sufficient leeway for the tug to buck the ice after which it was comparatively easy work to break free.

Some repairs to the machinery of the Zenith will keep her from going into commission until this evening.

Dispatcher Bennett has resumed his work at the tug office for the coming season.

Shortly after noon today several private messages were received in Duluth to the effect that the firemen and oilers who are on a strike had returned at Chicago at noon.

At the office of the Pittsburg Steamship company, at 2 o'clock, it was said that such a rumor had been heard, but no information to substantiate it had been received at their offices.

It was evident that the non-union men, who were employed yesterday, had been retained and would be kept on the boats now, regardless of what the striking firemen did.

All this morning a representative of the strikers marched up and down Superior street with a banner over his shoulder bearing the following legend:

DO NOT SCAB!

Lake Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders.

STRIKE!

The information seemed for the benefit of strangers in the city, who, it was feared, might be induced to go to work on the boats without their knowing the conditions existing.

Nearly every member of the union is doing missionary work either in Superior or Duluth, endeavoring to discourage the non-union men from signing with the Pittsburg Steamship company. Very few men are signed in Superior, where the union has its strike headquarters. The non-union men who have been engaged are, for the most part, secured through B. F. Gilbert's employment agency and taken to the Superior shipyards, where the majority of the boats are laid up. In nearly every case when a party of "scabs" was sent over a union man was a member of it and during the time spent in crossing to Superior he was engaged in talking to the men and arguing the case of the union. In many cases the size of the party was materially decreased by the time it reached Superior.

The union men claim that the "scabs" who are being hired are nothing but lumberjacks, who have had absolutely no experience on the lakes.

There was a rumor among the men this morning that fifty non-union firemen were being brought from Chicago to take the places of the strikers, but it was not believed as the men say the vessel owners in Chicago are having as much difficulty as the Duluth owners in securing firemen.

Agents of the union have been watching the employment office since early morning and whenever a party of men is sent across the bay the news is immediately telephoned to strike headquarters and a delegation from the union is waiting to meet it.

PASS IT ON.

The True Way to Enjoy a Pleasure.

The way to enjoy a truth is to pass it on to others.

Certainly it is a pleasure after having enjoyed anything to be able to see your friends enjoy it. A lady of Key West, Fla., believes in this. She says: "I am a great believer in passing a good thing along to others, and my faith in Postum Cereal Coffee is founded upon such truthful experiences that I take pleasure in passing it along to my friends."

"Coffee has had a very distressing effect upon me. I have long been a great sufferer from indigestion. Some time ago I commenced drinking canned milk with just enough tea to give it a flavor. Even this did not agree with me, and when a friend of mine a few weeks ago told me what wonderful results she had gained by giving up coffee and drinking Postum I bought a package to try.

"I quit coffee and tried the Postum. Have found it delicious and nutritious.

"My appetite, which was very poor, has increased wonderfully and my indigestion has disappeared. I look forward to meal time and Postum Cereal.

"I know many people who have benefited by leaving off coffee and taking up Postum. One, a delicate elderly lady, suffered terribly from nervous headaches and other nervous troubles. She was on the verge of nervous prostration when advised to drink Postum instead of coffee, which she did with the result that her headaches have almost entirely disappeared already. Her doctor was surprised at the result, and advised her to stick to Postum. She looks younger and fleshier than in 10 years past." This lady also goes on to give the cases and names of half a dozen other friends.

"Cubans are famous coffee drinkers and this gentleman was no exception. His physician exhausted his remedies without any benefit. When it seemed he could live no longer a friend advised him to shift to Postum. He dropped coffee and took up Postum, and he is now a living monument to the wonderful properties of this drink." Names furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

ARE UNDER CONTRACT.

Trouble With Tugmen Settled, Says A. B. Wolvin.

"The tug employes are all under contract now with the Great Lakes Towing company," said Commodore A. B. Wolvin this morning. "The final settlement was made with the linemen and firemen last week, when they received their increase of 7 per cent over last season, which was satisfactory."

The men have been at work on the tugs at the company's station overhauling and repairing, and the boats are in shape for work at any time.

"I haven't a contract at hand," said Mr. Wolvin, "and cannot say offhand what the terms of the new season were. They were as published at the time, however, from Cleveland, and the incident has been closed."

THE HARBOR LIGHTS.

Hydrographic Office Issues Information as to Them.

"Notice to Mariners No. 14" has been published by the hydrgraphic office at Washington, and copies distributed to the various branch offices.

By it notice is given that the following buoys will be discontinued upon the opening of navigation:

Wisconsin point buoy No. I, heretofore marking the southeastern edge of the channel leading from Superior entry into Superior harbor basin.

Superior harbor basin buoy No. 2, heretofore marking the northwestern edge of the channel in Superior harbor basin at the turning point into Superior front channel.

Duluth harbor basin buoy No. 1, heretofore marking the southeastern edge of the Duluth harbor basin, about midway between the Duluth rear range light and Duluth harbor basin post light No. 1.

Duluth harbor basin buoy No. 3, heretofore marking the southeastern edge of the channel at a turning point from Duluth harbor basin into Rice Point channels, directly in front of Duluth harbor basin post light No. 1.

St. Louis river buoy No. 16, heretofore marking the west edge of the channel at a second turning point directly off Grassy Point sawmill lumber dock (s), about 600 feet from St. Louis river buoy No. 14.

Grassy Point buoy No. 20, heretofore marking the northwestern edge of the channel at a sharp bend to the westward, off Grassy Point, about 1400 feet southeastward from the south end of Grassy Point.

Grassy Point buoy No. 21, heretofore marking the southeastern edge of a sharp bend in the channel, off Grassy Point, and directly opposite the St. Louis river buoy No. 20.

The post lights will be re-established with the following two exceptions:

The Superior bay front light will be re-etsablished in four feet of water just inside of Wisconsin Point, on the southern side of and just inside the southeastern entrance to Superior bay.

The Superior bay rear light will be re-established 400 feet S. 53 degrees, 45 minutes east true, in rear of the preceding.

TWO TUGS ARE OUT.

Zenith and Superior Go Into Commission.

The tugs Zenith and Superior went into commission today, being the first of the fleet to leave winter quarters. Capt. Cornwall will again have charge of the Zenith while the Superior will be under the command of Capt. C. H. Green.

"It has not been determined when the other tugs will be put in commission," said Manager Inman of the Union Towing and Wrecking company. "Their captains will be announced later."

The two tugs will have all they can handle before the end of the week. The opening, so long delayed, appears to be coming with a rush. The Simon J. Murphy and Howard L. Shaw, which have wintered in the Lake avenue slip, will probably be ordered to Two Harbors for ore. The Sultana will load grain at Superior, and the Grammer at Duluth. The Mesaba, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, will load ore at the Oneota docks.

Firemen for these boats have already been secured, and no delay is looked for from this cause. The Murphy and the Shaw are expected to be the first boats to get under way.

BREAKS SILENCE.

President Walsh Tells Something of Cleveland Conference

President Walsh of the local branch of the L. T. P. A. and first grand vice president of the organization, who has recently returned from the conference between the tugmen and their employers at Cleveland, today made public a few facts concerning the conference.

"The tone of the meeting was very frendly," he said, "and much was gained by both sides from the conference. Each side told its version of the case, and a very amicable settlement was arrived at. A raise of ten per cent for all the men was secured, with every third night and third Sunday off. A night off is to consist of thirteen hours and a Sunday of twenty-four. It was agreed that the Great Lakes Towing company would hire none but union men either on shore or on board the tugs. These men must be members in good standing, and no expelled men are to be engaged.

"The executive committee also met with the executive committee of the Great Lakes Tug and Dredge Owners' Protective association and came to a settlement. A raise in wages of from 10 to 25 per cent for all dredge tugmen was secured, and it was agreed that none but union members in good standing were to be hired.

"The conference was a very satisfactory one, and the L. T. P. A. and the Great Lakes Towing company understand each other better than they have done for some time."

First Boat Out.

The steamer Howard Shaw passed out of the canal for Two Harbors at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, being the first boat to leave for the lower lakes.

Mutual Boats to Load.

The new manager of the Mutual Transit company, Charles M. Heald, wired George M. Douglas, Duluth agent for the Western Transit company and acting agent for the Mutual, this morning to send the three Mutual boats to the Great Northern elevator for loading.

The Northern Wind, the Northern Wave and the Northern Queen are the three boats here, and they are to be loaded at once with grain and headed for Buffalo.

Easter Gloves!

We claim to sell the best $1.00 kid gloves for men. The "Dempster Place" are the makers. Price $1.00 a pair. C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer

SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS. ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS

VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad Street. Telephone 62.

Ready FORCE when you are

Geo. Harkness. C. A. Kuhn.

Harkness & Kuhn

IMPORTING TAILORS

'Phone 487 8 Phenix Block

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Friday--tomorrow

Is a splendid time to finish up on your Easter shopping and avoid the Saturday crowds.

"A reason for everything!"

Said a customer yesterday afternoon—who was in our coat and suit rooms—"People crowd in here as if there wasn't another place in town to buy clothes!"

Well, there isn't another place as good, and that accounts for it!

Such a show of handsome Tailored Suits—Costumes—Demi-Costumes—Dresses of every sort—Wraps of every sort—for day or evening wear — Coats — Jackets — Separate Skirts—Waists— and lovely things to wear of every kind (not to say anything of the beautiful Hats—the "smart" and charming Neckwear, Gloves and Novelties galore)—cannot be found anywhere else!

No other stock equals ours in extent, or variety of fabrics, shapes or styles—and no other garments fit or look as well!

And yet, our prices are no higher than you would expect to pay other stores for the usual kinds! Is it any wonder we do the business?

Easier gloves fitted while you wait.

"The Store that Sets the Pace." Silberstein & Bondy Company "The Home of the Best."

Easter Styles

Who Shows the Latest Styles?

Let's talk it over with you.

Other stores in Superior and Duluth have been boasting of biggest stocks and newest and best styles of women's garments for well nigh two months past.

We said never a word until about two weeks ago—then we began to talk—and today we can truthfully say:

We show the only complete stock of correct styles in Women's Suits, Costumes and Wraps shown at the Head of the Lakes.

We have got the goods to back up this statement—let your eyes decide.

You well know that your home stores have been advertising complete stocks for six weeks past—the styles you see here were then still to be born.

Come here, you who want the new, the beautiful—and the exclusive.

Women who want to spend $20.00 to $35.00 for a new suit can get bright, new styles that "are different," and every bit as good as suits costing $5.00 to $10.00 more in Duluth.

And on finer suits, wraps and costumes the advantages are equally great.

The Interstate cars will bring you quickly to us—and our goods. We welcome lookers. Come over to look or to buy—as you please.

Spicer-Fanning Co.

The Northwest's Greatest Store.

1501-1507 TOWER AVENUE. West Superior, Wis.

DESERTION ALLEGED

In Divorce Suit By Banker's Daughter Who Eloped Twice.

The Romance and Marital Troubles of the Couple.

St. Louis, April 9.—The divorce suit of Mrs. Hope Skinner against Henry M. Skinner of Tolono, Ill., was called Monday in the circuit court at Wheaton, Ill., After the evidence had been heard the judge reserved his decision for a month.

The romance and marital trouble of the couple, who eloped twice before they were married and were separated a few months after their marriage in St. Louis, has interested the people of several towns in central Illinois for a long time.

There was difference in social station between Harry Skinner and Hope Bower. He was connected with the Tolono, Ill., Herald, and she was a banker's daughter. But society was limited in the small Illinois city and distinctions were not closely drawn by the young people.

The young man and the girl sang in the choir of the Presbyterian church. They had grown up together in the town, and were on the terms of familiar friendship which is usual under such circumstances.

The choir met once a week to practice. Their homes were in the same direction, and it was very natural that they should saunter homeward along the broad walks together, talking about the things which were of mutual interest to them.

He was dark and good looking, and she was fair and more than ordinarily pretty, and it was perhaps natural that love came into their lives as they walked and talked through the stillness of the village streets after the weekly choir meetings.

After awhile, as they walked homeward, their conversation was of only one thing, and that was of mutual interest to them. Soon everybody in the town knew that Harry Skinner and Hope Bower were sweethearts.

Banker Bower came to know it after everybody else knew it and had talked about what the proud parents of the girl would say.

There was a storm. The hospitality of the Bower mansion was withdrawn from Mr. Skinner, who had before been welcomed as a guest along with the other young people of the town. Hope was forbidden to receive his attentions.

The prohibition was not effective. They met clandestinely. The homes of friends who sympathized with them were open to them. They met quite as often as they had before, and their affection grew as the opposition increased.

Her father learned of this, and, in his wrath, he declared that his daughter should either give the young man up or leave her home.

Hope had seemingly become reconciled to her father's will. She expressed a wish to go to Lafayette, Ind., and visit relatives. Her parents eagerly acted on the suggestion, but took the precaution to send her sister with her.

This sister, though, was in the confidence of Hope. An elopement had been planned, and the sister did nothing to avert it.

On Feb. 13, 1900, Hope left Lafayette, ostensibly to return home. By prearrangement Mr. Skinner boarded an eastbound Wabash train at Tolono and went to Danville, where he joined Miss Bower on the westbound train.

The train passed through Tolono. Miss Bower's mother boarded it, on her way to Alton to visit a son who was sick, but she entered another coach.

She rode all the way to East St. Louis with the elopers without knowing that they were on the train.

The couple went to the home of J. G. Behymer, Mr. Skinner's brother-in-law, on St. Vincent avenue, St. Louis. A marriage license was obtained. Not wishing to be married on the 13th of the month, and not thinking that family opposition would be carried any further, Miss Bower telegraphed home, requesting that her sister be permitted to come to St. Louis and attend the wedding.

The result was that Mrs. Bower and her son Allen arrived in St. Louis before the ceremony was performed. By pleading the illness of her brother and promising that the wedding should take place a few months later, they prevailed on Miss Bower not to be married at that time.

Accompanied by Mr. Skinner, they went to Alton and when the brother became better they all returned to Tolono.

It soon became apparent that representations and promises had been made merely to gain time in which to try to dissuade Miss Bower from marrying Mr. Skinner. Many inducements were held out to her to give him up. Mr. Skinner had been given to understand that he would be permitted to see Miss Bower at her home, but this privilege was denied him. They met at the home of Samuel Bower, a brother of the girl, who was not opposed to the wedding.

On the evening of March 22, 1900, they met at the home of the brother. At his suggestion, it appears, they decided to elope a second time that night. There was a late train for St. Louis. Hope was not expected home until morning. Preparations were hastily made and they left on the late train for St. Louis.

The couple had been living at Freeport, Ill. Late in November, 1900, Mr. Skinner was offered a position in St. Louis. It was arranged that Mrs. Skinner should visit her sister at Bement, Ill., a few days and then rejoin her husband in St. Louis. She accompanied him on the train to Bement. Her sister met her at the depot. The couple parted affectionately and Mr. Skinner came on to St. Louis.

After his arrival at St. Louis, Mr. Skinner received letters from his wife. She wrote on Dec. 20 that she was going to Bloomington, Ill., to spend New Year's day with a relative.

After that none of his letters or telegrams was answered. For several weeks he did not know where his wife was. Finally she answered a reproachful letter from Mr. Skinner's sister. She had left Mr. Skinner, she wrote, of her own accord, and would not live with him again.

For over two years the couple did not meet. Mrs. Skinner was away visiting relatives most of the time.

A few weeks ago Mr. Skinner returned to Toledo. Mrs. Skinner was there, but they did not meet. Her parents sent her to Wheaton, Ill., near Chicago, to visit her aunt. Suit for divorce was filed there. The allegation was desertion. Mr. Skinner resisted it. The evidence was heard Monday. The letter which Mrs. Skinner had written stating that she had left Mr. Skinner was evidence.

The lack of good cause for the troubles of the couple perplexed the judge. He announced that he would not announce his decision for a month.

FREE embroidery lessons. Fancy work dept.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Birds and goldfishes—life and song for Easter.

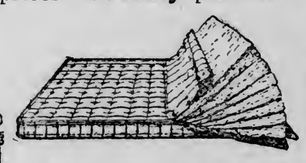
For housefurnishing! For housecleaning! For house decorating!

The Glass Block has every accessory and every price is made on the most liberal Glass Block low plane. Don't forget the HOME while planning your personal adornment during this happy Easter season. Whether home or personal adornment be your theme, remember Glass Block prices are lowest.

Beds and Bedding

form a very important feature on our new **furniture floor.** Not only do we sell every piece of furniture, every suite of furniture, every article in the furniture line **much below furniture store prices**—but the same is equally true of every metal bed and every mattress. The "alluring bait" of our prices isn't confined to catch prices—it's **every** piece at a lower price.

This metal bed, full size, enameled in all colors and all combinations of colors—only **$4.95**



Electric felt mattress, positively the best felt mattress made. Our price on this high class article **$12.95**

Good felt mattress, in strong, serviceable and sightly tick, made in one or two pieces, at **$8.25**

Special combination mattress—cotton top, bottom and ends, strictly sanitary; made in one or two parts **$4.95**

Good soft top mattress, filled with fiber—very serviceable—only **$2.25**

This metal bed, full size, enameled in all colors and all combinations of colors—only **$10.25**

COSTUMERS.

250 hall stands or costumers, hat racks or coat racks, or hat trees—finished in oak, maple or mahogany. Furniture store price $1.25. Our price for this week only **79c**

BABY CARTS.

We sell the celebrated "Whitney" baby carriages and go-carts and are showing the finest assortment in Duluth. Every carriage and every cart for much less than furniture store prices

Two-hour sale, 9 to 11 a. m.

In the third floor department.

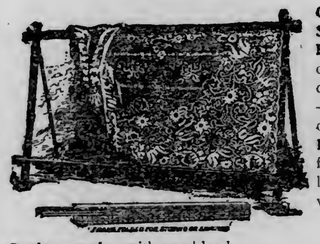
Wall papers, paints

65c for two hours we will sell one-half gallon pails of the full $1.50 quality FLOOR paints—including both French yellow and floor yellow—choice of all colors, per half gallon **65c**

FREE And in order to make this sale still more attractive we will include, free of charge, a 5-lb. package of Hygienic Kalsomine, same as we have been selling for 19c and which is ordinarily sold for 45c per package — absolutely **FREE**.

Housefurnishing dept.

Basement.



CURTAIN STRETCHERS — They do the work, cost but little—3 styles to choose from. **Never sag**—full size to lean against wall **98c**

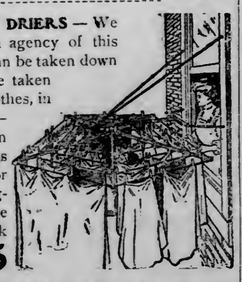
Stationary pin—with easel back $1.75

Movable pin—with easel back $2.25

DUST BEATERS—Made of wire, with wood handle—can't break—best for rugs and carpets—special for Tomorrow, each **10c**

WASHING POWDER—Swift's 4-lb package—worth 25c per package—special price **15c**

SCRUB BRUSHES—Best red ox fibre with solid back—spruce ends — a regular 15c brush — special price, only **10c**



SAFETY CLOTHES DRIERS — We have secured the Duluth agency of this popular reel or drier—can be taken down in a jiffy or line can be taken off without removing clothes, in case of sudden storm—see the small model in the basement — 3 styles for window, balcony or yard—advertised in magazines and through the mails at $9—Glass Block special price—only **$7.95**

N. B.—Money back in thirty days if not entirely satisfactory.

Glass and china dept.

Basement.

CUT GLASS — A superb showing for Easter in every conceivable article from the best manufacturers in America—we guarantee to save you money on every piece—look us over, at least, before buying.

WATER BOTTLES—thin blown with beautiful cut neck and star bottom—full size and best quality glass **$1.25**

WATER TUMBLERS—about a dozen styles to choose from—a full flute cutting in regular size glass—at per dozen **$7.50**

Tumblers at $9.50, $12.50, $15.95 to $23.00 dozen.

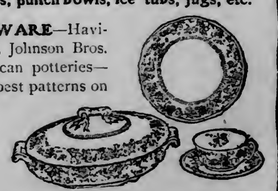
Wine, sherry, claret, champagne, sherbet and seltzer glasses—see 'em.

NAPPIES — All sizes, shapes and cuttings — all on high grade blanks and every piece perfect. Small nappy, like cut—should sell at $2.25—special at **$1.50**

Others at $2.19, $3.25, $4.50 to $12.95.

DECANTERS, vases, punch bowls, ice tubs, jugs, etc.

EASTER DINNERWARE—Haviland & Co., Grindley, Johnson Bros. and a host of American potteries—have some of their best patterns on our floor.



SYRACUSE CHINA — Sold in Duluth only by P. & W. Co. Special price on 100-piece decorated sets. For this sale only at **$18.95**

(Open stock and can be matched at any time.)

LECTURES ON HEROD.

Prof. Seymour Talks of the King of the Jews.

Last evening Charles W. Seymour gave the second in a series of twelve lectures he is to deliver in Duluth. His subject was, "Herod, King of the Jews," and he told a fascinating story of the great monarch. The life of the man from his appointment to the governorship of Galilee to his crowning as king and his tragic death were interestingly and well told. When Herod was launched on his political career it has been said a splendid animal was set free upon the earth, for in his courage and ferocity and simple moral sense he was as the lion of the desert, said Prof. Seymour. He was 24 when he became governor of Galilee and was an exceedingly handsome young man. His method of progression was unscrupulous and by fair means and foul he was some years later declared king. He was king truly but a king without a kingdom. The kingdom was in the power of another. Herod immediately set out to obtain the kingdom, which he did with a great taking of life. Conspiracies against him during these years were many in number and last he felt that his wife was also working against him and he sent her to her death although it broke his heart. He accomplished great things but was at last seized with a terrible disease and for a time suffered terribly. But even on his deathbed Herod was unrelenting and five days before his death sent his oldest son to his death. A few days later he died and the magnificence of his burial was wonderful. He was not wholly bad for at times of famine he fed the people, selling even gold from the palace in order to do it. Out of the slime and cruelty and dissoluteness of the time of Herod, came a sinless life that walked this earth for thirty years and over and gave to the world the Saviour of men, Christ the Lord.

Prof. Seymour is a most fascinating talker and his lectures are rare treats.

Confirmation Suits!

Boys' black 3-piece knee pant suits, at $2.95, $3.50, $5.00, $6.50 and $7.50. These suits are well made and perfect fitters. C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

SPECIAL PRICES

for watch and jewelry repairing:

Watch cleaning	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering Jewelry	15c
Set Stone	15c
Pins for Brooches	5c
Engraving, per letter	3c

All work is guaranteed.

We buy old gold and silver.

White Barrios Diamond Co.

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,

413½ W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PRESIDENT MAKES AN EARLY START

Cinnabar, Mont., April 9.—President Roosevelt made an early start this morning from his headquarters in the park, for an extended trip through certain portions of the reserve. There are a large number of mountain lions in the park and as the authorities are making a determined effort to exterminate them it is possible the president may get a few shots during his stay. Notwithstanding the fact that numerous notices had been given to the outside world that no newspaper men would be allowed in the park while the president was there, one enterprising reporter tried to force his way in yesterday. He rode a horse and had a dog with him. The man was arrested before he had proceeded far and the dog shot. Later the correspondent was released.

SIOUX CITY GAMBLERS RELEASED

Chicago, April 9.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Sioux City, Iowa, says: By payment of $1000 into the county treasury, George and John Scollard, who figured in a sensational incident in a gambling house a few weeks ago, have been given their liberty. A man of the name of Rogers went into the Scollards' place with the intention of beating the house. The house believed it was beating a stranger whom Rogers brought in. When the scheme was discovered, the Scollards, it is said, held the entire crowd up at the points of revolvers and demanded their money back. After their indictment and release on bonds, they fled the country. George Scollard was captured in Idaho. County Attorney Whitney believed all concerned in the affair culpable and agreed to dismiss the prosecution upon payment of the sum mentioned into the county treasury.

ROOSEVELT LIKED "SPIT" BETTER

New York, April 9.—Dr. Ernest J. Lederlie, president of the department of health, has received so many letters objecting to the word "spit" in the ordinances requiring that rules of common decency be observed in certain public places that he has resurrected the following old letter from the departmental files:

The Hon Charles G. Wilson, President Health Board:

Dear President Wilson—Can't you have our form of notice changed so as to read "spit" instead of "expectorate?" Expectorate is a vile word, and the health board ought to use good English. Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Police Headquarters, 300 Mulberry street, New York, March 21, 1895.

Dr. Lederle announces that the anti-spitting regulations will be much more drastic under the provisions of a revised and extended sanitary code, which is almost completed. Every public walk, whether in street, avenue, parks, square or place, as well as the floors of tenements, lodging houses, theaters and all kinds of public conveyances, platforms, ferry houses and stairs used by the public, and hotel offices, will be brought under the protection of law in this regard.

IRON ORE LEASE.

Shenango Company Gets Piece In 58-19.

The Shenango Furnace company has secured a lease of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 15, 58-19, providing for a minimum output of 50,000 tons this and next year and 100,000 tons for the year following, a bonus of $100,000 having been paid and the royalty is to be 20 cents a ton.

Robert Whiteside and the Rouchlean Iron company own the fee in the property.

The land was explored originally by the steel corporation but a lease was not taken on account of a failure to come to terms. The tract is supposed to contain 7,000,000 tons of ore. It is near the Sharon mine and adjoins the Mueller property, which has been through so much litigation.

Manager W. A. Barrows, of the Shenango Furnace company returned yesterday from the East.

FOUR MEN DROWNED.

New York, April 9.—It is supposed that four stevedores from the barge sent to take the cargo from the damaged Atlas liner Allegheny were drowned yesterday when the barge sunk with 104 men on board.

Buy your Easter shoes at the Brockton Shoe company. The best $2.50 and $3.50 shoes are always to be found here.

BRITISH MINISTERS

Take Advantage of Recess to Size Up Things.

New York, April 9.—The Easter holiday recess enables the ministers to take account of stock, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. They have not yet received assurances that the Nationalist convention will sanction the land purchase bill when there is no home rule bill behind it. If these assurances are not withheld, the passage of the Irish measure will encounter little resistance and the ministry will gain considerable prestige. The London supplement education bill will be strenuously fought by the Liberals, but they will have less assistance from the non-conformists than they had last year. The bill is obviously meant to be amended in committee so that the county council will have full control of educational administration. Mr. Chamberlain is reported to be better pleased with the education bill than with the land bill. Both measures will have his support, since South African questions must be settled without a political disturbance in England this year. With a favorable budget the government is likely to pull through the session comfortably.

VALUABLE STALLION DEAD.

New York, April 9.—Heros, a valuable stallion, is dead. The horse had been sick for several days. He was valuable not only because of his exceptional training, but also on account of his breed, which was pure Fredericksberg. This is the royal Danish breed, and is almost extinct. According to one of his owners, there are none in the royal stables of Denmark, and the only stallions are owner by a few wealthy farmers. The animal was 5 years old and born perfectly white. He was brought over from France last fall. He died from an affection of the throat.

A MASONIC TEMPLE.

Topeka, Kan., April 9.—The Masonic bodies of this city have voted to at once begin the erection of a strictly modern four-story temple on their property at Eighth and Quincy streets. The building will be one of the finest in the West and completed free of debt.

CLOTHING CLERKS STRIKE.

Chicago, April 9.—The first strike of retail clerks in Chicago occurred last night, when Business Agent Conway of the Federated Clerks' council called out on strike the 285 clerks employed by five of the largest retail clothing stores in the northwest portion of the city, alleging that the proprietors had violated their agreement with the clerks to keep their stores closed on Wednesday and Friday nights.

MRS. TOWNSEND INSANE.

London, April 9.—A coroner's jury today rendered a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane in the case of Mrs. Mabel Townsend, formerly of the Alcazar theater, San Francisco, who killed herself with a revolver on the doorstep of the house of her sister, Mrs. Rowe, here on Monday.

FIGURING ON GAS

City and Zenith Furnace Company Representatives Confer.

Some Difference Over What Shall Be the Mininum Price.

Negotiations for the purchase of the city's gas supply from the Zenith Furnace company are actively underway.

Although there is a slight difference between the city officers and the furnace company's representatives as to the minimum price for gas to the consumer, there seems to be but little question as to the ultimate agreement and acceptance of the Zenith Furnace company's proposition.

The Zenith representatives seemed to favor the fixing of a minimum rate to consumers at 90 cents per 1000 feet, but it is understood the members of the board of water and light commissioners have for some time had in mind an ultimate rate of 75 cents per 1000 feet and are unwilling to abandon that aim.

It was virtually agreed that on the basis of last year's gas consumption—namely 58,196,000 feet—the charge to the consumer should be $1 per 1000 feet, as at present. It was also practically decided that when the consumption reaches 75,000,000 feet annually, as it probably will at the end of the current year, the charge sshould be reduced to 90 cents per 1000 feet.

It seems that the board of water and light commissioners desires a further reduction of 5 cents per 1000 feet for every additional 10,000,000 feet of gas consumption until a minimum price of 75 cents would be reached, when the consumers would require over 100,000,000 feet of gas for fuel, power and lighting purposes.

Even at $1 Duluth consumers would be getting coal gas from coke oven manufacture cheaper than the consumers of the product of any similar system in the country, as the following table would show:

	Per 1000 feet.
Duluth	$1 00
Baltimore	1 05
Camden	1 10
Boston	1 25

Since the city took charge of the gas business, the price has been reduced from about $1.75 to $1 and the city officers have a rather generous desire to cut it down to 75 cents flat within five years of the inauguration of municipal ownership.

Neither have the city officers reached an agreement with the Zenith Furnace company representatives as to a proper division of the receipts from the gas business. All these matters may be fixed up at a meeting to be held in the offices of President Wolvin, of the Zenith Furnace company, this evening.

Mr. Wolvin says that his company is ready to begin actual work of construction on the coke oven system just as soon as the contract with the city is signed, and that fully $600,000 will be expended on this plant. More than 200 men will be employed.

SHORTENS SCHOOL YEAR.

Park Point School Must Close May 15.

The Oatka beach school must close May 15, as the Interstate Street Railway company, operating on Park Point, has given notice that it will require the big pavilion for its own use at that date. The pavilion has been used for school purposes this past winter, having been rented by the board of education until such time as the company required it.

There are twenty-eight pupils attending the Oatka beach school who will be cut off from school privileges, unless they walk or ride to the building at the upper end of the point. It has been proposed to build a school houes at Oatka beach, but there is not enough money available in the building fund of the board of education. During the winter thirty-two pupils attended the Oatka beach school.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Edward Bidwell of Bismarck Found Dead Near Tracks.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—Edward M. Bidwell, clerk in the United States land office here, was found dead Wednesday morning beside the railroad track. His head was crushed and his body badly injured. It is supposed he fell from a train at midnight while returning from Mandan, and his body was found by the crew of the freight train several hours later. He was a Knight Templar and Shriner, and well known and popular in the city. He was a nephew of C. W. Blackwell, of the Gull River Lumber company at Minneapolis. A coroner's inquest is being held to ascertain the manner of death.

Pembina—The water in the Red river rose two feet. The ice is not yet broken. The storm of Sunday and Monday will keep seeding back for at least two weeks.

Lidgerwood—Joseph A. Morrow was elected alderman for two years to succeed himself and J. A. Dols alderman to succeed J. M. Hynes. There was no opposition.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood — Frank Klingaman was awarded damages of $950 against the Fish & Hunter company of Deadwood. He brought suit for $5000 for injuries alleged to have been sustained by reason of the carelessness of the company in placing an obstruction in the sidewalk.

The disqualified calendar is being tried in Deadwood this week by Judge Levi McGee, of Rapid City. The most important case is that of Mrs. Otto P. Th. Grantz against the city of Deadwood, for damages of $25,000 for personal injuries sustained by a fall on a defective sidewalk.

The Masonic grand lodge will be held in Deadwood in June, and the various branches of the order are preparing for the most elaborate convention ever held in this part of the state. There will be work by the various bodies, from the blue lodge up to the shrine, and one of the most important features of the week will be the opening of the new hotel. The convention will terminate with a banquet by the shrine.

Canton—The Interstate Epworth assembly promoters are making extensive improvements on their grounds. They are also preparing a more extensive and better program than ever before.

Charley Holter, 10-year-old son of M. E. Holter, was struck in the face by a baseball and seriously injured. His nose was broken.

Big Stone—Big Stone lake is still covered with ice, though it is honeycombed so that the first heavy wind will take it out.

Gold Brothers Brick company is building drying sheds and will make over 3,000,000 brick this year, two-thirds of which is now sold.

Hot Springs—The fact that a new United States cruiser will be launched before very long which will bear the name "South Dakota," is causing a discussion as to what young lady Governor Herreid will choose to christen the boat.

Some newspaper has offered the suggestion that the governor should seek the descendant of the first white child born within the borders of the state and confer upon her the honor of christening the new cruiser. This suggestion has set up the claim of a Black Hills girl to the honor in the person of Miss Mary Eccles of Deadwood, who is the daughter of Mrs. J. C. Eccles, who was the daughter of Judge and Mrs. H. C. Ash, of Sturgis—their daughter Lizzie, now Mrs. Eccles, laying claim to being the first white child born in the territory of Dakota.

Custer—The board of trustees has granted to R. M. Fuller and Fred Beardshear a ninety-nine year franchise to erect and maintain an electric lighting, power and heating plant, telegraph and telephone system. The ordinance grants one year in which to commence operation and six months in which to complete the same.

Rapid City—Mrs. A. B. McCain died of la grippe and old age, being 75 years old. She left eight children. She came to Rapid City in 1883. One son, Professor L. P. McCain, is principal of the public schools of Terry.

NEW WAGE SCHEDULE.

Colorado Springs, April 9.—At a conference held between President James T. Burns of the Portland company, Charles Burr, representing the Western Federation of Miners, and a committee of employes of the Portland mill, the new wage schedule was partially agreed upon. A minimum wage of $2.25 for inside employes who have been receiving $1.85 and $2 per day was agreed to. The Portland mill was one of the plants involved in the recent strike at Colorado City.

WHITE KNOCKED OUT TAYLOR.

Butte, Mont., April 9.—In the second round of what was scheduled as a ten-round go before the Butte athletic club last night Harry White knocked out Henry Taylor and the latter is at the hospital and reported in a dying condition. Both fighters are colored.

All Kinds of Suits But Poor Ones!

Wisdom In It!

There's something besides the popularity of it—this buying an Easter Suit, there is real wisdom in it, if wisdom, then there's *money in it for you*—makes you look prosperous—"nothing succeeds like success."

Easter Suits!

Hether mixture suits, lined with Italian serge, broad shoulder effect, shape retaining front, narrow flat collar $13.50

Suits in black, blue, fancy stripes and mixtures—shape retaining front, broad shoulder effect—like a custom made in everything but price $18.00

Ericson's $4 Special Hat!

Not a whit behind the $5 kind—we'll tell you why.

C. W. Ericson,

219 West Superior St.

BABIES' DAY

Show at the Metropolitan Proves a Huge Success.

Stage Packed With the Small Morsels of Humanity.

There was a baby show at the Metropolitan yesterday afternoon.

A word to the wise is sufficient and the wise were the many that were there to see the show. But for the sake of the poor unfortunates that were not there a word may be said. The management of the theater offered a prize of $10 to the mother of the prettiest baby exhibited and there were a few there. The kind shown was of every known variety, but the mother of each prided herself that she held a distinctive kind. What was the kind? Why, of course, the dearest, cutest, smartest and, incidentally, the prettiest baby that ever happened. It is truly surprising the differently appearing babies that will all answer this description. There were brown, blue and gray eyed babies, dark and light-haired babies, pleasant babies and some—for the moment only—scowling babies, there were red and pink and white socked babies, there were babies whose tiny pettiskirts gave an ensemble that would be the despair of the old-time ballet girl and, among them all, oh, woe to the judges, there was one prize baby.

The mothers with babies to exhibit were asked to come upon the stage with the exhibit and form in line so that the judges might pass down the line and decide upon the forunate one. Oh, certainly, Mr. Man in charge. In how many lines did you say? For the first six formed an admirable line and six more valiantly endeavored to form a line and six more did their heroic best to form a line and six more did likewise and then the first six began to get wise and realized that unless a woman stood up for her rights, not women's rights, but baby's rights, she would be at the extreme in a standing position. So the first six began to insistently and unhestitatingly and, maybe, courteously—it depended entirely upon the attitude of the woman immediately in front of the advancing mother—to make her way to the front. And the next six did likewise and the next six did likewise and likewise did the next six. How many were there? How many were there? Somebody has said 126, but some of those dear children were not counted half as many times as they were few in individual number. Well, the least number, that is counting each child just one, was 126. And were they all on the stage? Oh, no, you know that the conspicuous baby was the one not with the common herd and one or two mothers never in their most foolish days unwise enough to exhibit stood among the few auditors with their darlings in their best bibs and tuckers to receive a few admiring glances from those who were surfeited for a few minutes from too many babies.

The judges in a remarkably short space of time decided upon the baby that was to get the prize. It was the 10-months-old daughter of Mrs. E. G. Cayo, of 1302 Garfield avenue. The baby was a darling with brown eyes and soft fluffy hair in a dainty white gown. The white gown was not at all distinctive as just 125 others had on white gowns. No second prize was offered, but out of compliment to the one luscious chocolate colored baby a prize of $1 was given to the baby of Mrs. Olcott.

Were the audience satisfied with the decision? Well, you must remember that seven-eighths of the audience were mothers, and the other eighth were friends of a particular baby so the expression on the faces of most of the women as they left the theater was, "Oh, well, sir, judges, if that's your opinion, all right, but—" and oh, the withering scorn they put in that "but."

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is for babies and children who are thin and pale when they ought to be fat and ruddy; for men and women who are weak and delicate when they ought to be strong and hearty—for all who are not getting proper nourishment from their food.

Poor blood, thin body, open the door for disease. Scott's Emulsion bars the way. Makes the blood richer, produces healthy flesh and above all provides nourishment.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Incidentally there was a play at the theater this same afternoon. If you doubt it, ask the leading man. He knows. Never, perhaps, has such tragedy moved amid such a gurgle of "Goo-goos" and "da-da's," etc., etc., etc. Impassioned love speeches, beautiful allegorical stories, tragic exits were all and impartially "gooed" and gurgled at to the heart's content, not of the possible listener of the play, but of the baby. One tragic exit ended the play. The hero was dying. Most people have not yet decided whether he was the hero or not. They did not hear enough of the play. Anyway some gallant gentleman on the stage was dying for a lovely woman in distress, which was quite right and proper. And surely no man ever departed this world surrounded by happier faces. The ground around his dying chair wore smiles that extended from ear to ear and the man himself died with a smile on his lips, which heroes frequently do, but this one lay back dead with the aforesaid angelic smile on the noble face, but it was inexcusable in him to let the smile after death extend into one of those inconsistent smiles that were decorating the faces of the other members of the troop. But he will be forgiven for it.

So endeth the first Metropolitan baby show.

THANKS ARE RECEIVED

By Governor For Minnesota's Relief For Northern Sweden.

St. Paul, April 9.—Governor Van Sant has received from Karl Bergstrom, governor of the province of Norbotten, Sweden, a letter hanking the people of Minnesota for the contributions to the famine relief fund. The letter says:

"For the magnificent contributions to the sufferers in Northern Sweden which were sent me on Feb. 28 and March 6, I bring you and all kind and generous givers heartiest and warmest thanks from the suffering.

"It is not only difficult, it is impossible to express by words the sentiments which overwhelm us before such a touching manifestation of sympathy and readiness to make sacrifices.

"I beg to assure you, all Swedish-American and American citizens generally, who have sent these generous contributions to the famine stricken that I have with deep emotion received the testimonies of the sympathy shown to us and I will try all means in my power to see that the aid given shall give all the relief which is intended.

"The precious testimony the inhabitants of Minnesota have given of the warm sympathy they have to Norbotten will certainly tend to strengthen the bonds of friendship and brotherly relations which join us with the American people, which has adopted so many sons and daugthers of ours, whose recollection of their old native country rejoices us, and to whom, as to all American citizens, I beg you to bring the heartfelt gratitude of Old Sweden."

Governor Van Sant has issued a letter to all the county chairman of the relief committee, as follows:

"I take this occasion to thank you most earnestly for your efforts in procuring funds for the famine sufferers. The aggregate fund raised is now $80,000. I am very desirous that it be increased at least to $100,000, and to this end I most earnestly urge you to renew your efforts with all possible vigor."

AN INSULT TO ENGLAND

British Consul In Honduras Compelled to Give Up $100,000.

New Orleans, April 9.—Dr. W. W. Osgood, a physician of Cleveland, who returned from a long visit in Spanish Honduras on the steamship Olympia, brings the news of a sensational outrage perpetrated on the British consul at Tegucigalpa by President Arias. Dr. Osgood believes England will take action, beyond a doubt, when the facts are brought to her attention.

According to his story British Consul Campbell, of the banking firm of De Soto & Campbell, is said to be held by the Sierra forces; that his commission as consul from Great Britain has been ignored, practically spat upon, and Mr. Campbell forced to contribute $100,000 for the government's expenses in conducting its war against Gen. Bonilla.

"A few weeks ago," said Dr. Osgood, "Mr. Campbell was surrounded by a squad of Honduran soldiers while he was on his way from the consulate to his home. When he asked why he was being followed he was told that they were simply out for a little practice and were paying no attention to him. But when he got to the door of his residence he was seized and bound, told that his cashier, bookkeeper and clerks were already under arrest, and that they would be shot by the morning following if Campbell did not give up $100,000 then and there. Arias was sent for and appealed to by Consul Campbell for protection.

"'I am the representative of the British government,' he said.

"'But in your capacity of banker you are not,' it is said President Arias replied. 'I swear to you that your men will be executed if the money is not forthcoming; and as for yourself, I can give you no guarantee for personal safety.'

"Fearing for the life of his employes and the welfare of himself and family, Mr. Campbell returned to his bank and counted out the amount demanded. What report he has sent to his government I do not know. The occurrence happened about eight days ago. It is possible that the ship I am on, the Olympia, brings some official communication of the incident. Mr. Campbell is still there.

"It should be remembered that when the last revolution broke out in Honduras, the partner of Mr. Campbell, Senor De Soto, was similarly treated. He was assessed some large sum, and, refusing to pay it, he was arrested and put at hard labor, with the additional assessment of $1000 per day so long as he should refuse to accede to the government's demand. Two days on the rock pile was sufficient for Mr. De Soto, and he paid the amount.

"But when the revolution broke out in January last, Mr. De Soto took advantage of his experience and took all the ready money he owned and skipped for other quarters. Where he is I do not know. His partner, Mr. Campbell, I imagine, felt secure because of being the representative of the English government, but we see that he wasn't."

GROWING MILK INDUSTRY

Of the State Discussed By the Dairy Commissioner.

St. Paul, April 9.—Dairy Commissioner McConnell has issued his biennial report to the legislature. It is an elaborate volume of 400 pages, covering in detail all the work of the department for the past two years.

At the close of the year 1902, says the commissioner, there were 800,000 cows in Minnesota, of which number 382,356 contribute milk to the creameries, the product of which places over $14,000,000 in circulation annually. There are 800 creameries and cheese factories in the state and their output is 20 per cent larger than in any previous period of the state's history. In 1900 the value of creamery butter was less than $10,000,000 as against $14,000,000 in 1902. These creameries ship 50,000,000 pounds a year out of the state.

During the two years ending Dec. 15, 1902, the state chemist analyzed 10,119 samples of foods, spices, etc., of which 6670 were pure and 3449 adulterated. The greatest per cent of adulteration was in baking powder, butter and vinegar; 116 of 153, 155 of butter ou of 209 and 1317 of vinegar out of 2977 being adulterated, samples of baking powder out of a total Out of 159 samples of whisky analyzed fusel oil was found in 117 samples. The chemist presents a lengthy report on whisky and its adulterations.

For the years 1901 and 1902 the department prosecuted 396 cases against violators of the food laws, and only four cases failed of being sustained. Fines amounting to $10,325 were collected.

One unusual idea is advocated. The commissioner says:

"One of the most dangerous and prolific sources for the spread of disease, and especially so in large cities, is to be found in the innocent appearing milk ticket. They are daily passed from hand to hand and house to house, where the germs of disease may lurk, and it is plain to any thinking mind that the old-fashioned milk ticket is a medium for the spread of contagion which, for public safety, should be at once abolished. A law should be passed requiring the adoption of a ticket or coupon which should come fresh from the printing press, and then used but once. As a public safeguard it seems to us such a law is imperative.

"There is such aduleration in the various concentrated foods for stock that it seems to be my duty to call the attention of the legislature to the fact. Every article in this class sold as pure should be of that standard, and when found otherwise, manufacturers should be compelled to label it as adulterated, giving the contents of the admixture."

BURGLARS AT NICOLLET.

St. Paul, April 9.—A St. Peter, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The bank at Nicollet was burglarized this morning. Two short, smooth-faced, dark complexioned men did the work. They were frightened away before securing any money, but the safe was completely demolished.

LEGISLATION RE-ENACTED.

Victoria, B. C., April 9.—The British Columbia legislature has re-enacted the anti-oriental legislation framed on the lines of the Natal act and providing an educational test to be passed by Chinese and Japanese desiring admittance to the province. This act was in force last year and was disallowed by the federal government for imperial reasons.

Silk Headquarters at Head of the Lakes.

Freimuth's

Friday Bargains!

Special Offerings of House Wrappers

Flannelette Woman's Wrappers, well made, full wide skirt, nicely trimmed, good colors, regular price $1.25. Friday's clearing price **85c**

Women's Walking Skirts of all wool melton—light weight quality—colors, oxford, light grey, blue, green and black—have double inverted box plait—kilted style—six rows of stitching—at bottom—bought to sell at $7.50—bargain Friday, each **$5.00**

6-foot Opaque Shades mounted on good spring rollers— ready-to-hang—all colors—regular price 25c—Friday special at, each **19c**

Brass Extension Rods—size 30x54—a household necessity —special bargain Friday price 10c each, or ..... **3 for 25c**

Women's lace lisle Hose—spliced heel and toe—stripes. checks—a score of different patterns—also black lisle hose with fancy colored embroiderd insteps—new designs—sold everywhere at 35c—special Friday, per pair **25c**

Women's fine gauge cotton Hose—double sole—spliced heel and toe—elastic top—a bargain at 15c—for Friday only, per pair **10c**

44-inch Cheviot Serge—all the new shades of red, blue, brown and gray—just right for suits, waists or shirts—a regular 75c value. Special for Friday bargain, per yard **50c**

Women's embroidered chiffon turnover collars—new designs —never sell for less than 40c. Bargain Friday price, each **25c**

Large size Bed Spreads—beautiful Marseilles patterns— pearl hemmed—free from dressing—none better made at regular price of $1.35—for Bargain Friday, each **97c**

50c and 25c Paper Covered Novels. 5c—900 titles to choose from—all the popular and classic authors, such as Doyle, Brame, Carey, Holmes, Bertha M. Clay, Wyman, Shakespeare, Cooper—almost any author you can think of—the regular 50c and 25c editions—Friday for **5c**

Also continuing the sale of copyrighted books—we offer over 300 titles of the late publications in $1.50 books—for Bargain Friday, each **69c**

Ladies' Petticoats, made of fine mercerized satin with full ruffle—the regular price is $1.35—special price for Friday, only **$1.00**

New Satin Ribbons—5 inches wide, dainty styles, plaids, corded and heavy raised striped effects—a splendid assortment that sells regularly at from 39c to 50c—for tomorrow—per yard **25c**

Men's Cotton Hose—colors tan, red and brown, made from pure Egyptian cotton—double heel, toe and sole—sold everywhere at 20c—special price for tomorrow—**2 pairs for** **25c**

Pillow Cases—of good quality muslin, soft finish, free from dressing—standard make—size 45x36—the regular 15c kind—for Bargain Friday—each **10c**

Salzer Garden and Vegetable Seeds.

A fresh line of the Salzer Seed just in—these are the best seeds tor this climate—large full size packages, worth 5c—at each **3c**

Bird Seed—our own mixed—there is none better—at per lb **5c**

Bicycle goods at cost. Closing out our bicycle sundries at less than cost.

Basement Bargains.

Nickel plated Tea Pots and Coffee Pots worth 50—at each **39c**

Nickel plated Tea Kettles worth 75c—at each **59c**

Nickel plated range Kettles—worth 40c—at each **25c**

Nickel plated Trays—worth 10c—at each **10c**

Nickel-plated Soap Dishes worth 50c—each **39c**

Nickel-plated Crumb Trays and Scrapers, worth 30c **23c**

Come Up Where You Belong.

Perhaps you know why you fail in the plans for money, fame and position. Some don't.

Just why the brain does not produce practical money making results is a puzzle to many men.

Strong, healthy, natural brains cannot be made from the food most men eat and good brains can't work sharp when slugged to weakness by coffee.

Unsuccessful brains come from improperly selected food and from coffee drinking.

Coffee affects the stomach and nerves, thence the brain and prevents proper digestion of even good food.

A **distinct improvement** in mental power will follow in a week or ten days after coffee is left off and **Postum** taken on.

The results are multiplied when the brain building food **Grape-Nuts** is used twice a day.

There are well established and very clearly understood reasons for these sure results from the change in food and drink. You can make Money, Position, Fame if you have the kind of Brain that works that way.

Postum well boiled produces a delicious beverage, satisfying and nourishing.

Quit drugging and poor food and **Come Up Where You Belong.**

Now Is the Time

To have your residence wired, while you have your carpets up and are doing your Spring house cleaning. We are going to make a further reduction of twenty (20) per cent on our rate for electric lighting on or about Oct. 1, 1903.

ELECTRIC LIGHT

Is the cheapest light now on the market, provided you use ordinary discretion in placing the right candle-power lamps in the right place. We furnish lamps from 6 cp. to 32 cp. Call and see us for information as to the cost of wiring and the cost of using electric current.

The Duluth General Electric Co.

Dr. ANNA C. BEEBE,

OSTEOPATH.

Chronic Diseases and Physical Deformities successfully treated by the most advanced Osteopathic methods. Special treatment for indigestion, constipation, kidney troubles and diseases peculiar to women.

No charge for consultation.

Offices — Room 15 Phoenix Block.

The Greatest Skill—
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
3 West Superior St.

Spring is Here

Paper Hanging, Painting, Kalsomining, and hard wood finishing has to be done. All work guaranteed by B. KRIESBACK 301 East 6th St. Zenith 'Phone 416-2.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor In Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1474.

DRINK ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

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An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, First Street,
(Opposite Postoffice Square.)
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

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Six months	.50
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TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

THE HERALD'S BIRTHDAY.

The twentieth year of the life of The Evening Herald has been completed. Today it enters upon the twenty-first year of continuous publication. Its career has been like that of many of Duluth's residents during the years when the city was going through the crucial period of its existence, and with Duluth it has weathered the storms and now stands on a solid foundation enjoying the prosperity that has smiled upon all. The history of The Herald is the history of Duluth. They have had their trials and misfortunes together, and they have the proud satisfaction of successfully passing through the trying experiences that beset new communities and entering upon the period of steady growth and prosperity.

To its many friends to whom it is indebted for the success it has achieved, The Herald returns sincere thanks on this anniversary of its birth. Their good will and business favors have been of inestimable value in the efforts made to furnish Duluth with a first-class newspaper, and whatever success The Herald has attained in this direction is due to the hearty support which it has received in this community and in the territory tributary to the city. Undoubtedly the intense loyalty of The Herald to Duluth and its persistent advocacy of all measures tending to advance the interests of what may be properly styled the Duluth district have created the friendly feeling which has been of mutual benefit. The recent removal of The Herald to its new home on First street and the installation of an up-to-date plant have brought many felicitations upon the enterprise and prosperity thus evidenced, and The Herald takes this opportunity to acknowledge the numerous expressions of congratulations received from all parts of the country.

FIRST STREET'S CONDITION.

Now that Superior street, so far as the central business section is concerned, has been cleaned under the direction of the board of public works, some attention should be given to the condition of the other business streets and avenues. First street is in a shockingly dirty state, and Michigan street and the connecting avenues are in an equally bad condition. The growing importance of First street as a business thoroughfare demands that it receive immore attention from the street department. The street must be paved in the near future, but in the meantime the board of public works should give directions to have it cleaned of the mud and filth that have accumulated during the winter months. It would not take very much time to put the street in a reasonably clean condition, and the work should be performed at once.

THE TRADE BALANCE.

In spite of the rumors last fall and winter that the trade balance with foreign countries was against the United States, the credits on the American side of the ledger have been sufficiently large to prevent any gold exports to square accounts. This year accounts are improving and the balance in favor of the United States is all right. Corn exports for the last week in March were 3,418,210 bushels, as compared with 139,205 bushels for the corresponding week of 1902. For the succeeding week there was an outgo of 2,693,730 bushels, comparing with 204,350 a year ago. Not one-tenth of our corn—our greatest product—goes directly to market, but it is easy to see how it still will form an important item of our exports in this year of grace, which it could not do a year ago. Corn is one of the items that helped the increase of $23,464,000 of exports for January over those of the same month in 1902 from the port of New York alone. The still larger excess of $23,932,410 was shown in February. The March statement is likely to be a record-breaker, for we have not only sold corn, but our exports of cotton have also been large and at a very high price. The first two months of the year showed a trade balance of $91,853,975 in our favor, which is a very considerable sum and likely to be vastly enlarged by the time the full twelve months are ended, especially if we have as good crops as now seem likely.

At present there does not seem to be any indication of conditions changing. While April has always been a month when gold has gone abroad, it does not seem likely that much, if any, will go this year. The trade balance is all right for the present, at least.

RUSSIA'S LIQUOR MONOPOLY.

With all the prohibitory laws of the various states and countries more or less of a failure the liquor monopoly of the government as it exists in Russia, stands out as a successful regulation of the drink habit. The government is the manufacturer and dispenser of spirits, which can only be sold in original packages bearing the analysis and price of the contents. From 1895, when the present plan went into effect, up to January, 1903, the gross receipts from the districts where it is in operation were $508,000,000, the expenses, $155,400,000, leaving an apparent net balance of $352,600,000. The government has established 30,000 shops for the sale of liquor, and employs 65,000 people in the industry. Statistics show that per capita consumption has slightly decreased in the provinces where the monopoly is in operation, the number of liquor shops have been decreased 50 per cent, savings-bank deposits have increased, and the payment of taxes is more regular. Temperance societies, the result of private initiative and government subsidy, have organized 1715 tea houses, 998 lecture halls, and have opened theaters which enjoy increasing popularity. While government ownership of an ordinary industry would not be tolerated in this country it is a pleasure to lean that the plan is a success even in a monarchy.

A BENEFIT TO ALL.

The prospects of an agreement between the city and the Zenith Furnace company, under which the latter will furnish the city with its gas supply, are said to be bright. Already it has been practically settled that, under the new arrangement, the consumers of gas will be charged 90 cents per 1000 cubic feet. This is a very low rate, and will be much appreciated by the public. There are few cities in the country where the people are supplied with gas as such a cheap price, and Duluth may be regarded as fortunate in that respect. Under municipal ownership the gas plant here has been managed so well that repeated reductions have been made in the rate charged, and the water and light board had promised a 90-cent rate when the consumption reached the required total. Under the arrangement with the furnace company, this rate can be made at much earlier date than expected. The city will retain the management and control of the distributing plant, and all that is to be settled now is an agreement on the division of the income between the city and the furnace company, so that the city will receive enough to pay the operating expenses of the department.

The construction of the Zenith company's coking plant will involve an expenditure of $600,000 or more, and the enterprise will give constant employment to 200 men. Thus the city will be greatly benefited aside from the favorable arrangement for a gas supply by the establishment of a valuable industry. There is no doubt that the success of the Zenith Furnace company will do much to establish the iron industry in Duluth on a solid foundation, and it is not unreasonable to expect that it will attract other industries of a kindred nature to this favorable locaton.

GREAT LAKES SHIPPING.

The wonderful growth of the shipping industry of the great lakes is scarcely less than phenomenal. It was not long ago that the sailing craft seemed to fulfill all the requirements, but today these broad expanses of waters are covered with the finest specimens of marine architecture for passenger and freight service. As the American Syren and Shipping says, in treating of this subject, nowhere, take the whole world over, have the engineer and the shipbuilder effected a more radical revolution in the shipping industry than on the great lakes. Improvements in water communication have kept pace with the growth of towns on the lake shores, even if they have not occasionally gone ahead of the effective demand. Canals were deepened, larger and more sumptuously fitted steamships were built, mining and farming received every day closer attention on every hand, and transit by water today leaves little to desire either for passengers or for cargoes on the great lakes. Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, West Bay City, Lorain, Wyandotte, Toledo, Port Huron and West Superior are the principal shipbuilding centers of the great lakes, and the annual output of those ports is sufficient to show that the American shipbuilder may be relied upon on our Atlantic and Pacific coasts to do whatever will be required of him when the demand for American steamships in the deep-water trade shall have been made as imperative as it undoubtedly is on the great lakes.

During the fiscal year of 1901-2 the shipbuilders of the above-mentioned nine centers of industry turned out 41 vessels of 158,621 gross tons, all exceeding 1000 tons; and ranging from 1392 tons to over 5270 tons each. In 1897, for the first timme on record, the region of the great lakes built more tonnage than all the rest of the United States put together. As Commissioner of Navigation Chamberlain appropriately pointed out, the discovery and the utilization of the mineral wealth of the great lakes region, supplemented by timely appropriations by congress for the improvement of navigation, have brought about a maritime growth in that portion of our country which is without a parallel in modern history. Our lake fleet, of itself, is greater than that of any other maritime nation, barring Great Britain or Germany. This unparalleled increase in tonnage on the great lakes, and the continuous improvements in the navigation of those waterways have been perfected by the arts of peace, without either brag or bluster, almost as a mere matter of course. The success of the steamers of the great lakes should prove an object lesson to shipbuilders on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. There is work for all of them and the opportunities only need to be utilized.

THE FIRE LOSS.

It is a pleasing fact that the fire loss in this country is showing a steady decrease—undoubtedly the result of the expenditures made to secure slow-burning construction and the large sums invested in furnishing factories and other large buildngs with automatic fire alarms and sprinkling apparatus. It is also true that greater precautions are now being taken to secure perfect insulation of wires for the transmission of electricity for light and power. A few years ago there were costly fires due to inperfect electric wiring, but the more rigid inspection which has been practiced has resulted in much improvement in that respect.

The fire loss for the past month of March was $9,907,650, which was $2,150,000 below the March loss of 1902, and $5,100,000 below the March loss for 1901. For the first quarter of 1903, the fire loss was $39,164,800. For the corresponding period of 1902 it was $48,089,900, and for the corresponding period of 1901, $45,603,200.

Thus it will be seen that, while the fire loss is diminishing, the destruction of property by conflagrations is still very great. It is much larger than it should be, and every effort should be made to remove the causes of the costly fires.

The Barber Asphalt company secured a contract this week for paving Sixth street in St. Paul at $1.98 per square yard for a two-inch surface. In the meantime property-owners in Duluth are held up by the same concern for $2.45 a square yard. Why should asphalt paving cost one cent more in Duluth than in St. Paul?

Col. Watterson's declaration that Col. Bryan and Gen. Cleveland are incapable of appreciating disinterested advice leads to the belief that he would, if he could, monopolize all the hot air output.

"The Hero of Santiago" was given an enthusiastic reception by the Minnesota legislature. Admiral Schley's popularity exceeds that of any other naval officer.

There are nine candidates for the job of school treasurer of Exeter, N. H., and the job pays only $75 a year. But $75 is a lot of money in Exeter.

A humane use of Welsh rarebit has been found by the government surgeon in San Francisco. He feeds it to rats and so abates the plague.

The writer who said it is cheaper to move than pay rent evidently forgot to take the van managers into account.

Next year is leap year, but it does not follow that all women will be married in 1904.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

Judge J. R. Carey, who has been cast among the "first white settlers" class for a great many years, and who is as much and as an essential part of Duluth as the city hall or county building, is going away.

Judge Carey registered at the Hotel McKay yesterday and announced here that he was going to California, perhaps for good.

It will be with regret that the people of St. Louis county and Duluth hear of the judge's proposed removal, for he has been a popular and respected citizen here for the past half century, bar two years off the first end.

He came to Duluth forty-eight years ago, and has resided here almost continuously ever since.

When Judge Carey came here, it was an open and burning question whether the white people would be able to get all the property surrounding the harbor and St. Louis river, or whether the Indians would yell for the government and beat the settlers to a whisper.

B'ar skins and whitefish were the mediums of exchange in "thim days," and from all appearances the Indians secured the medium, and the settlers took the property. The property is here yet, but the medium was long ago eaten or had spoiled.

Mr. Carey will leav in a day or two for California, and says that he will look over the ground there and if he sees what he likes in the way of location and surroundings may take up a residence and transfer his home to that state.

The venerable pioneer believes that half a century has been well spent in Duluth, and he looks with pride on the improvements since he first came here. After forty-eight years even in this desirable and temperate climate, he has not become addicted to one thought, and if he finds a more congenial clime, intends taking advantage of it.

* * *

F. C. Hazelton, of Hibbing, has returned from a trip to Washington and Oregon, and has been stopping at the Hotel McKay. Mr. Hazelton made a number of interesting observations while in the coast country.

"Nobody seems to work out there, and they don't seem to pay much money for working," he said. "I asked a drayman one day how much he was getting and he said $10 a month, but he didn't keep up the work. He does other things.

"On the farms it is easier still. The farmers dig up what potatoes they want in the fall, and let the rest stay to sprout and grow up again in the spring. The apples are the same way almost, for they are placed in sheds and sorted over in the spring. The frost is not an element of fearfulness out there."

Mr. Hazelton was just out to the coast looking around with no definite object in view, other than self-education. He was highly pleased with the appearances of things, and thinks it is a great country.

* * *

Miss Pearl Petz assumed her duties as clerk at the Spalding hotel yesterday afternoon, for the first time, and will be on the "watch" with J. Wallace Hubs in the future. The young lady is acquainted with the routine of hotel clerking already and the management prophesies a huge success for her in her new career. Miss Petz has been in charge of the telephone service at the Spalding at the long distance desk for a long time, and is acquainted with nearly all of the regular visitors at the hotel. The advent of a woman at the desk caused something of a stir in the lobby yesterday, and the "regulars" who come in every day express their astonishment by meek courtesy, instead of the more vehement loquaciousness that formerly marked their arrival at the house.

* * *

Marshall Darrach, of New York, the Shakespearean reader, has been a guest at the Spalding for the past two days.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Jay Gibbs, Escanaba; A. A. Hall, Feeley; Mr. and Mrs. Ed Armstrong, Gilly, N. D.; J. E. Hart, Escanaba; A. F. Giesler, Clara City; James M. McGee, Tonica; M. J. Corcoran, Stillwater; J. M. Weale, O. Hart, Eau Claire; Miss. M. Erwin, Callie and Alice Erwin, Cloquet; Fred Fischer, Bayfield; August Johnson, Grand Rapids; Mrs. George Munford, Mrs. B. F. Griffin, Mrs. Charles Colter, Mrs. James Shea, Two Harbors; C. L. Hallett, Grand Forks; C. F. Leland, Wright; Mrs. F. S. Dane, Biwabik; L. E. Maccumber, Ashland; R. B. Curtis, St. Paul; O. H. Johnson, W. M. Scott, G. W. Nicholson, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: H. M. McCormick, Auburn, Wis.; William Bourgoin, Arthur Young, Winona; John R. Van Derly, W. J. Mathews, A. E. Jamieson, G. W. Butters, Minneapolis; J. F. Kern, A. B. Holley, Marquette; F. F. Fletcher, Minneapolis; Mrs. M. S. Hawkins and wife, Mountain Iron; Mrs. John Redfern, Hibbing; Edward Maston Lubleln, George E. Ross, Hancock; W. A. Avery, Detroit; J. H. Jenks, Cleveland; G. I. Gorham, Robert H. Rose, E. F. Meuckle, Minneapolis; H. F. Smith, August Kroschl, St. Paul; J. A. Kennedy, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Quinn, Ashland; R. J. McFarland, George C. Mann, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: K. D. McLeod, Carlton; W. E. Chltson, Lorain; R. Dawson, White Bear; J. C. Britt, Detroit; G. T. Welshins, Stillwater; Charles M. Gold, Carolyn Gold, Minneapolis; Herbert Worthey, Dubuque; J. B. Connors, Hibbing; Chris Pederson, Washburn; A. Arnold, Hinckley; George McDonald, Knife River; W. C. Warren, Lucester, Mass.; F. R. Browne, Ashland; T. K. Birkeland, Biwabik; J. W. Bull, Excelsior; H. Grotophorst, Baraboo; M. J. Downs, Hibbing; Archie Giletmat, G. Baker, Ashland; Emil Schneider, John Hefferman, Iron River; W. N. Brayton, Kaslo, B. C.; W. Shea, Eyeleth; George E. Church, Jr., Skibo; F. Blackwell, Ely; D. L. Wiggins, George Wilkinson, C. M. E. McClintock, Ashland.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: There is no way to waste one's money like lending it.

It does seem mighty mean for a girl with rosy lips to stay in a room full of people.

Mighty few men can get as much fun out of giving $100 to charity as losing it at the races.

Some men are so stubborn it takes their wives a long time to make up their minds for them.

There is an age when every girl wants to go on the stage, just as there is when every boy wants to be a pirate.

Is This a Welcome?

The Commoner: If Mr. Cleveland makes that contemplated Western tour he will discover quite a populous stretch of country on this side of the Allegheny mountains.

Is Asking Too Much.

Memphis News: Mr. Morgan wants that $3,000,000 tariff on his art collections taken off. But since the foreigners pays the tax, we fail to see why this should be done.

Trying to Destroy Cleveland.

Detroit Free Press: Smoke is said to be issuing from the crater of Mt. Watterson again, with every sign of another violent eruption.

Mere Force of Habit.

Chicago Record-Herald: An attempt has been made to kidnap a New York banker. Pat Crowe must be on his way home to vote.

Gets One Higher Every Day.

Chicago News: By this time Mr. Roosevelt must have several degrees more of a doctor than even Grover Cleveland.

The Judge's Candid Opinion.

S. J. Black, in Lippincott's: "I wish to state," said a fresh young lawyer, rising in court, "that the rumor to the effect that John Doe, now under indictment for murder, has attempted to commit suicide has no foundation in fact. I saw him this morning, and he has retained me to defend his life."

"That seems to confirm the rumor," said the judge. "Let the case proceed."

Not Hiding His Light.

Denver Republican: It is said that Jerry Simpson's cattle business is not as extensive as rumor has made out. But, if there is any man who can pose as a cattle king, on the strength of one mlich cow, Jerry is it.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (central time), Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of Thursday. The Assiniboia low has moved to eastern Lake Superior. Another depression has appeared over Nevada. Pressures continue high over South Atlantic and North Pacific states. It is warmer over the western Lake Region upper Mississippi valley and southwest, and cooler in Atlantic states and over the eastern slopes of the Rockies. Rains fell over Oregon and Washington, the eastern Lake Region, Ohio Valley and Atlantic states. The winds in the Lake region are fresh and brisk southwesterly.

Minnimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	64	Miles City	36
Battleford	16	Milwaukee	44
Bismarck	28	Minnedosa	24
Boston	44	Modena	32
Buffalo	28	Montgomery	54
Calgary	30	Moorhead	32
Charleston	30	New York	46
Davenport	46	New Orleans	64
Denver	40	North Platte	44
Dodge City	50	Oklahoma	60
Duluth	38	Omaha	44
El Paso	58	Pittsburg	44
Escanaba	38	Port Arthur	28
Galveston	66	Prince Albert	20
Green Bay	42	Portland	28
Havre	40	Qu 'Appelle	28
Helena	38	Rapid City	36
Houghton	30	San Francisco	50
Huron	34	Santa Fe	46
Jacksonville	64	Shreveport	68
Kamloops	28	Spokane	36
Kansas City	58	St. Louis	56
Knoxville	42	St. Paul	40
La Crosse	38	St. Ste. Marie	36
Lander	32	Swift Current	28
Los Angeles	50	Washington	42
Marquette	46	Williston	32
Medicine Hat	28	Winnemucca	46
Memphis	58	Winnipeg	28

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Friday. Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Friday with possible showers Friday. Winds shifting to northeasterly and becoming fresh and brisk.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 9.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin: Fair tonight. Friday increasing cloudiness with probably showers in west portion.

Minnesota: Increasing cloudiness with probably showers Friday and in west portion tonight. Warmer in west portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Showers tonight and Friday, warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes—Variable winds tonight, shifting to easterly Friday and becoming fresh. Fair tonight probably followed by threatening Friday on Michigan and western Superior.

POINTED AND PLEASANT.

Chicago Tribune: "I never saw a man with such a head for business," said the first fly.

"Smart, is he?" queried the other.

"Oh! I mean for our business. He's so very bald-headed."

Philadelphia Press: He—But you admitted to my sister yesterday that you were in the wrong.

She—Suppose I did?

He—Well, then, why won't you make up with me?

She—I will as soon as you apologize.

Chicago News: Tramp—Is dis all yer kin gimme er cupful uv cold water?

Kind Lady—Of course not. You can have as many cupfuls as you want.

Atlanta Constitution: "Well, suh," said Brother Dickey, "Br'er Williams sho' did fool de bailiffs one time in his life!"

"How come?"

"Vy—dey come to levy on him, en foun' dat all he had in the roun' worl' wuz de rheumatism en one wife!"

Washington Star: "So you are opposed to government ownership in all forms?"

"I am," answered Senator Sorghum; "I hold our glorious government in too much affection to run the risk of hearing it denounced as a wicked monopoly."

Baltimore American: She stepped into a place whose window bore this legend: "Messenger Boys Furnished."

Walking up to the clerk behind a desk, she asked:

"Could I get a boy any cheaper unfurnished?"

Yonkers Statesman: He—I met your friend Biff when I was down in my automobile this morning.

She—Indeed! Did he say anything to you?

"I should say he did! I ran over his dog!"

Philadelphia Press: "Remember," said the optimist, "every day'll be Sunday, by and by."

"Yes," groaned the pessimist, "and I'll bet there'll be morning and evening services right along, too."

COMING OF SPRING.

Now fades the last long streak of snow,
Now burgeons every maze of quick
About the flowering squares, and thick
By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland loud and long,
The distance takes a lovelier hue,
And drowned in yonder living blue
The lark becomes a sightless song.

Now dance the lights on lawn and lea,
The flocks are whiter down the vale,
And milkier every milky sail
On winding stream or distant sea;

Where now the seamew pipes, or dives
In yonder greening gleam, and fly
The happy birds, that change their sky
To build and brood; that live their lives

From land to land; and in my breast
Spring wakens, too; and my regret
Becomes an April violet,
And buds and blossoms like the rest.

—ALFRED TENNYSON.

Not Much of a Load.

Atlanta Constitution: Our army of 60,000 men costs the people just a little less than $1 per capita per annum. This lacks a good deal of "making every taxpayer carry a soldier on his back"—in fact, we are hardly carrying a soldier's cap apiece.

Crucial Test of Skill.

San Francisco Call: The effort of the agricultural department to breed a chicken without feathers is good in its way, but after all it is nothing in comparison to the effort to produce a Democratic candidate for the presidency without a political record.

The Universal Critic.

New York World: Mr. Bryan in the role of universal critic is one the people are becoming accustomed to, but he should not object when he in turn is held up to criticism. As an old laconic saying expresses it, "He who would shun criticism must not be a scribbler; and he who would court it must have great abilities or great folly."

Hustle For Your Share.

Portland Oregonian: A current circulation of $30, barring a tiny fraction, for every man, woman and child in the commonwealth, is probably the best showing ever made by any nation—the price of a cow or a spring overcoat for everybody. Its distribution is a trifle irregular, but that is like the sea's level, always in a state of disturbance and rectification.

Daring Railroad Projects.

New York Tribune: With unbroken railway connections between Behring strait and Patagonia, promised in no long time by Special Commissioner Pepper, Cecil Rhodes' Cape to Cairo scheme, continentally embracing as it is, enjoys no monopoly of grandiosity. Both are worthy of the enterprising period in which they originate, the sunset and dawn of the past and rising centuries bringing richer gifts to man than any in the procession from the times of Hammurabi, and his old tables of law outdating Moses, down to the present.

And Then, Beware!

Milwaukee Sentinel: Germany should not get gay. Crowninshield may yet be induced to reconsider it.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

LOVE'S INSTINCT

By Julia Truitt Bishop.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Howard Marsh, author and journalist, acknowledged that he was about to undertake a foolish quest, and that most of his friends would accuse him of having something lacking in his mental machinery if they should happen to hear of it. He acknowledged it to Trask, the city editor, who was silent and phelgmatic and rather a dull fellow on the whole, to his way of thinking, though he rather liked to talk to him at times because he listened so well. He acknowledged it again to little Miss Barbara Scott, who had passed the hey-dey of young girlhood, one would say, and whom Marsh found to be a nice little old maid enough, and quiet, as old maids ought to be.

Trask had gone on smoking very calmly, after his disclosure, and it was only after a long pause that he had remarked dryly:

"So you are going down into the backwoods to find a genius! And she doesn't want to be found! How will you know her when you find her?"

But it was to Miss Barbara that he said, without reserve:

"You know, Miss Barbara—you won't mind my sitting here in the gallery, will you?—well, I am quite sure I would know her the very minute I saw her or heard her voice. Absurd, isn't it?—to have fallen in love with—with a mind, one might say. But from the time I read 'The Cross of Fire' I knew that I must find the author. And everything she has written since has appealed to me in such a way—there is such tenderness, such insight—something so elusive, as though one had caught a glimpse of a Dryad in the woods—and I simply am going to find her, you know. It was beastly mean in the publisher not to give her name, but I did find out that she lived in this part of the world—strange that she writes under that name—Oread—isn't it? Well, I am going to stay out here and look into every face in the country until I find her. You may laugh—I fancy I saw you smiling—but I think I shall know her."

He had told Miss Barbara the same story several times since he came to the Glen and secured board with Miss Barbara's mother. Miss Barbara sighed a little, and was thinking more, doubtless, of the next day's work in the little brown schoolhouse over the hill than of his quest for the Oread whom he would be sure to know.

The next day he came back with fishing rod and empty basket, but with alert step and jubilant eye.

"I have caught a glimpse of the new Miss Bledsoe," he said, "the one who has been away from home. Her name is Eve, isn't it? I have seen Miss Sarah often, and have half-way believed that she might have written 'The Cross of Fire'—she is a cultivated girl, you know, and the house is filled with books. It really must be one or the other of the Bledsoes—they are almost the only ones—the other people I have seen here are quite incapable of it. But Sarah is so—well, she is a very plain girl, you know—not what you would call a beauty at all. And this other one is beautiful—I have heard so from several, and I saw that she was something—quite extraordinary, you know."

Miss Barbara had looked up from the little heap of exercises she was correcting for the next day and now she bent over them again.

"Eve is beautiful," she said, half-absently. "It is a pleasure merely to sit and look at her."

"I could see that—even in a glimpse," he said eagerly. "Say, wouldn't it be something wonderful if all that beauty were combined with—with such talent? Fancy having Oread with all that brown hair with the gold in it, and such a face! I seem to feel that my quest is ended here, Miss Barbara. Somehow I have a kind of instinct that—that I need not go any further."

The only drawback to Mr. Marsh's happiness lay in the fact that he could not well go to the beautiful Miss Bledsoe and say: "I know that you are the 'Oread' who wrote 'The Cross of Fire.' The shy woodland spirit who had so carefully hidden herself away could not have her secret uncovered to the light of day in such a manner as that—but no matter—he would know. He would see her face to face very soon—perhaps tomorrow—and when he looked into her eyes and heard her speak he would know.

After that Miss Barbara heard the story from day to day. He always came in as she worked over the exercises late in the evening—there seemed to be never an end to those exercises—or sometimes it was later, and he found her resting in the gallery under the balsam vines.

"I am more sure of her every day," he said once. "Have you ever noticed what a soft voice she has?—an awfully sweet voice, Miss Barbara. And she is of just that shy, reserved kind—a true woodland spirit. Miss Sarah is quiet, too—but I don't think it can be Miss Sarah, do you, Miss Barbara? It is almost sure to be one or the other of them—I am positive of that—and it doesn't seem to me that Miss Sarah is possible."

"If Miss Sarah were beautiful there would be two possibilities," said Miss Barbara with a little smile; "and that would lead to a great deal of irresolution and complicate your decision."

He flushed uneasily.

"But the other one is beautiful," he said. "And I am sure she is the one."

At the end of the week he was given to silence, and instead of sitting in the gallery and talking with Miss Barbara he was prone to walk up and down the white path in the moonlight. He had reached the point where speech was difficult. Many nights had passed before he paused at the step and looked up at Miss Barbara sitting in the shadow.

"Are you going to tell me that you have found her?" she asked, without turning her head.

"Yes—I have found her," he said, with a new quality in his voice. "That is—I have found—Eve. I suppose I must have come here for that."

"And she is—the lady of your dreams?" asked Mis Barbara after a little pause.

"She may be," he said. "I don't know. I have forgotten the dreams. The only thing I remember is that I am in love with the most beautiful woman I have ever known.

"What more could one ask," said Miss Barbara. A heap of little papers slipped from her lap as she moved, and he stooped to help her gather them up. "It is nothing but the children's exercises," she murmured. "I have been sitting there—dreaming—you didn't know that I ever dreamed, did you?—and forgot to put them away?"

* * * * *

It was more than six months afterward that Howard Marsh looked in one day upon Trask, sitting in his little den of an office, where the papers were piled high up on every chair. Marsh was just returned from his wedding journey in lands afar, and was a little pale, for he had found the beautiful Eve was at times hard to entertain.

"Glad to see you," said Trask, with a new light in his cold eyes, that took all their coldness away. "Just back from you bridal tour? We didn't take any—but we are very happy, just the same."

"You? You? Are you married?" asked Marsh incredulously.

"Yes—hadn't you heard? 'Oread,' you know—why, of course you know her—Miss Barbara Scott—come around to the house—you and Mrs. Marsh—and renew old acquaintance. By the way, it was that silly talk of yours that put me in the notion to find 'Oread' for myself—knew her the minute I saw her. Much obliged to you I'm sure."

But Howard Marsh had tumbled the papers off a chair and was sitting there, laughing—a laugh that somehow was lacking in most of the elements of mirth.

AT THE LUNCH COUNTER.

See the hustling business man
Almost every day,
When the hour for luncheon comes,
He himself away
To the quick-lunch counter, where,
Sitting on a stool,
He proceeds to demonstrate
That he is a fool.

See him gulp his luncheon down
In the wildest haste,
Such a busy man as he
Has no time to waste!
See him swallow everything
As fast as he can eat,
While three others stand behind
Waiting for his seat.

See him chaff the waiter girl,
Trying to be smart,
Thinking he has made a dent
On her calloused heart.
See him buy a fat cigar
When he pays his check,
And hustle back to business—Swish!—
As if he'd break his neck.

See him after twenty years
Of this sort of thing,
Tortured with dyspepsia,
Blindly wondering
Where his energy has gone,
Why he can't digest
Anything but pepsin—next
"Entered into rest."

—Somerville Journal.

A Profitable Dog.

Tit-Bits: "Expect they have some fine dogs at the show," remarked a man to Gubbons; "but I have a dog at home I wouldn't exchange for the best of 'em."

"What breed is he?"

"Don't know exactly, but call him a coaly."

"Collie, you mean."

"No, I mean just what I say-coaly. Money wouldn't buy that dog. He's a cur, but we couldn't keep house without him. You see, several years ago I trained him to bark at the railway trains as they passed our house. Well, he annoys the railroad men so that every driver and stoker on the line has sworn to kill him. Oh, he's a valuable dog."

"I can't see where the value comes in."

"You can't? Well, you could if you were in my place, and had all the coal you could burn, and some to sell, thrown right at your back door free of cost."

Still In the Running.

Washington Post: Notwithstanding the prediction of the Hon. Hoke Smith that Mr. Roosevelt will not be the nominee of the Republican convention, the president continues to tell the Western reception committee that he is delighted.

A Harrowing Incident.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Hetty Green has shaken from her feet the dust of Hoboken because she had to pay a tax on the visiting dog of her daughter. In spite of its wealth New Jersey insists on oppressing the unfortunate poor.

Had His Doubts.

Argonaut: A doctor was attending a dangerous case where a Scotch butler was engaged. On calling in the forenoon he said to Donald: "I hope your master's temperature is much lower today than it was last night."

"I'm no sae very sure aboot that," replied the butler, "for he dee'd this morning."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, beginning FRIDAY, APRIL 10
Engagement Extraordinary! Frank L. Perley's Singing Comedians in the smartest and most up-to-date Operatic Comedy of the period—
"THE CHAPERONS"
PRICES—Night, D. C., $1.50; Parq., $1.00 and $.75; F. C., 75c; Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c. Matinee—D. C., $1; Parq., $.75 and 75c; F. C. and Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c.
"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN" APRIL 13.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Tuesday and Wednesday Nights, Wednesday Matinee, April 14, 15.
Nixon & Zimmerman present the Marguerita Sylvia Comic Opera Co—50 people—headed by the brilliant and talented artist, Marguerita Sylvia, in Geo. W. Lederer's musical success.
"THE STROLLERS."
Music by Ludwig Englander. Book by Harry B. Smith
PRICE—Night, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

METROPOLITAN
Both 'Phone 969. W. H. Kenney, Mgr.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
Dick Ferris presents Ferris' Comedians in
"Resurrection."
All new specialties tonight.
SATURDAY MATINEE 2:30.
Night prices—10c, 25c and 50c.
Matinee prices—10c and 25c.
Continuous Performance.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED

By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phsical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

☞ We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured. ☜

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

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REPORT OF YEAR

Secretary Preston Reviews Work of the Commercial Club.

Directors Are Chosen—Against Division of Land District.

An election of five members to the board of directors, and the second annual meeting of the Commercial club, occurred yesterday and last evening. At the election 236 votes were cast and the following were chosen to serve as directors for a term of two years: W. A. McGonagle, Julius H. Barnes, Guy A. Eaton, F. W. Helmick and C. R. Rust. Mr. McGonagle ran particularly strong, having 192 out of the 236 votes. There were sixteen candidates in the field. The board of directors will meet sometime within the next two weeks and elect the officers of the club for the ensuing year.

The annual meeting last evening was fairly well attended and a great deal of interest was taken in the annual reports.

Secretary Preston presented a very complete report covering the work of the club and details of its internal management for the year. He had the expense, profit and loss of every department figured out and was ready for every question by the members.

In the first part of his report Secretary Preston outlined the first movement toward the organization of the club when the Duluth jobbers' association met in the McDonnell block, Feb. 12, 1902. The present club was organized and incorporated March 1, 1902, and up to the first of the current year had quarters in the Torrey building. That some of the incorporators had doubts as to the success of the club was evidenced by the fact that they wrote the following across the back of their checks:

"Not good unless 600 members are obtained."

That the club is a success is shown by the membership of 1065 at the present time.

Secretary Preston called attention to the amount of money that has been subscribed by the jobbers, commission men, Board of Trade, hotels and a number of the citizens to carry on the public affairs of the club. The amount subscribed is $1,250.40, of which a small balance still remains in the hands of Mr. Preston, as treasurer of the fund.

"To what extent the work of the club through the public affairs committee has contributed to the general progress," said Secretary Preston, "is very difficult to determine. Certain it is that an organized body doing systematic work and putting systematic effort towards developing the city by increasing its manufacturing and commercial interests and adding to its attractiveness as a place in which to live, must prove effective, although the lines of work and the results accomplished are not always clearly marked.

"Few specialties now voluminous is the correspondence connected with our public work. Inquiries are received from every part of the country for literature descriptive of the city, for the names of manufacturers and dealers in various lines and for varied items of information about our city. During the year the correspondence has been promptly attended to and there is no doubt but that new avenues of trade have been opened for our merchants and new fields of work for our contractors.

"While not directly instrumental in locating any large enterprises here, it is evident that the large number of buildings in 1902, costing upwards of $2,000,000, the enlargement of hotels, wholesale houses, etc., is largely due to the influence of this club.

"The new evening train placed on the Great Northern road between Duluth and Crookston and the improved western mail service is due to the efforts of the Commercial club, as well as the better mail service between Duluth and Chicago. A committee of the club worked for months to have located here a naval training school, and while they did not get the prize, Duluth received a great deal of good advertising from their efforts. It was through the efforts of a committee of the club that one of the Northern Steamship company's large boats has been brought back on the Duluth-Buffalo run this season.

"Through the co-operation of the club with the local council of the United Commercial Travelers, the national convention of the organization will be held here in June. The securing of favorable freight rates, the matter of excursions and the caring of excursionists has all been successfully handled by the club.

"The attendance of committees of the club at the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress, the National Irrigation congress was a good advertisement for Duluth. The entertainment of the state legislature will result in good to this city. This club is continually sending out advertising matter and spreading the fame of Duluth. That the business men find the influence of the club is bringing trade to Duluth is shown by the fact that it has entertained 1117 people and many that visit the club do not register.

"The improved lighting of the city is due to a considerable extent to the efforts of this club. Barely a day passes that the club is not the scene of a gathering of the business men to discuss and take action on some important matters of interest to the city.

"I could go on for a long time telling the good that the club has done, but time will not permit. In conclusion I wish to say that if this club continues to work as a unit as it has been doing we will build up at the head of the lakes a city that will at least be the metropolis of Minnesota if not of the Northwest."

Secretary Preston's statement shows the club to be in an excellent financial condition, having but few outstanding accounts, rent paid in advance, a small amount of delinquent dues, and over $2000 in the bank over and above all debts. Over $10,400 has been paid in in memberships the past year.

Treasurer Julius H. Barnes also presented an annual report showing the moneys which he has handled for the club during the year.

The sentiment of the Commercial club is strongly against the arrangement whereby the new Cass Lake land office has obtained so much of the district tributary to Duluth, and resolution introduced by H. L. Shepard relative to the matter were unanimously passed by the club.

The resolutions express the protests of the club to the proposed re-arrangement which leaves Northern Beltrami county property in the Crookston district, but detaches most of Northern Itasca county from the Duluth district. The settlers of Northern Beltrami are saved from undue expense, but the equally meritorious settlers of Northern Itasca, for some inscrutable reason, are subjected to it. The settlers of Northern and Central Itasca county who desire to visit the land office will be compelled to come to Duluth, pass by the doors of one land office and travel 150 miles westward to the Cass Lake office.

It is claimed that the proposed arrangement will divert a large amount of business from this city and that it is not compelled by the needs of the settlers nor for the good of public service.

It is pointed out that all lines of easy communication from the region affected lead to Duluth and not elsewhere. The continuance of the Duluth land district as it is at present is declared by the club to be of advantage to the settlers and the city, while any proposed changes will be of advantage of rival trade centers and to the injury of the honest homeseeker, justice to whom should be the paramount issue.

The following resolution was also passed:

"Resolved, therefore, that this club earnestly protests against the proposed change and respectfully requests Hon. J. Adam Bede, congressman for this district, to make every effort to prevent its consummation. We also ask Senators Nelson and Clapp, between both of whom and this city warm ties exist, to aid us in preventing this proposed wrong to the settlers in this district, and to this city."

The resolutions are to be sent to Congressman Bede, Senator Nelson and Clapp, the commissioner of the general land office, secretary of the interior and president of the United States.

Resolutions expressing the thanks of the club to the officers and committees for the able manner in which the affairs of the club have been conducted the past year were unanimously passed and the meeting adjourned.

"I GROW HAIR IN ONE NIGHT."

Famous Doctor-Chemist Has Discovered a Secret Compound That Grows Hair on Any Bald Head.

His Startling Announcement, Accompanied By Absolute Proof of Wonderful Cures, Causes Doctors to Marvel and Stand Dumbfounded.

The Discoverer Sends Free Trial Packages to All Who Write.

After half a century spent in the laboratory, crowned with high honors for his many world-famous discoveries the celebrated physician-chemist at the

Discoverer of the Magic Hair Compound That Grows Hair In a Single Night.

head of the great Altenheim Medical Dispensary has just make the startling announcement that he has produced a compound that grows hair on any bald head. The doctor makes the claim that after experiments, taking years to complete, he has at last reached the goal of his ambition. To the doctor all heads are alike. There are none which cannot be cured by this remarkable remedy. The record of the cures already made is truly marvelous and were it not for the high standing of the great physician and the convincing testimony of thousands of citizens all over the country it would seem too miraculous to be true.

There can be no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claims, nor can his cures be disputed. He does not ask any man, woman or child to take his or anyone else's word for it, but he stands ready and willing to send free trial packages of this great hair restorative to anyone who writes to him for it, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to prepay postage. In a single night it has started hair to growing on heads bald for years. It has stopped falling hair in one hour. It never fails, no matter what the condition, age or sex. Old men and young men, women and children all have profited by the free use of this great new discovery. If you are bald, if your hair is falling out, or if your hair, eyebrows or eyelashes are thin or short, write the Altenheim Medical Dispensary, 9117 Foso Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to prepay postage for a free package and in a short time you will be entirely restored.

TRADE WITH
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Lowest priced housefurnishers in the city of Duluth—where you will find a full assortment of Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Linoliums, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Quilts, Blankets, Pillows, Etc.—and where you will find the finest line of baby cabs to be found anywhere. Come, let us serve you, let us help you to furnish your home, let us help you to save some money upon your household goods, and let us sell you on our **Easy Payment Plan**—$10 per month on one hundred dollars worth of goods—at

BAYHA & CO.,
NEWS TRIBUNE BUILDING.

CARPET CLEANING 3c and 5c per yard—Leave your orders with us for quick and good service. Both phones.

CUTS OUT TWO

Mayor Hugo Refuses Licenses to Two Bowery Saloonkeepers.

Places Not Conducted In a Way Satisfactory to Him.

Mayor Hugo is also something of a factor in the crusade for improving Bowery conditions.

He has refused positively so sign two liquor licenses of men strongly backed by influential politicians and others.

The mayor has served notice on the companies interested in licenses and those applying for licenses individually, that anything in the way of a disorderly house or an illegitimate business will mean the holding up of license renewals until trustworthy men replace the offending license holders.

The latest license that the mayor has refused to sign is that of the saloon from the basement of which a 13-year-old Italian girl was recently taken.

The licensee claimed that he had nothing to do with the basement of this place, having sub-leased it to his saloon swamper for lodging house purposes, but this did not satisfy the mayor, chief of police or others interested.

An investigation was ordered to ascertain if the girl had been furnished with intoxicating liquor in order that the saloon man might be prosecuted, but nothing in the way of incriminating evidence was obtained against him.

Mayor Hugo, however, says that as a tenant of the building in which the girl was detained, the proprietor of this saloon certainly had knowledge of what was going on there, and, not interfering and endeavoring to improve conditions, he clearly showed himself incompetent to be a license holder in the city of Duluth and on that condition the mayor refused to sign the license. He notified the brewing concern interested in this saloon that they were either to secure a man competent to conduct a legitimate business or close the place.

CHINESE GARRISON

At Cha-Kusih on Yalu River All Massacred.

Victoria, B. C., April 9.—The steamer Victoria, which has arrived from the Orient, brought news that a party of Manchurians and Koreans, who are in the employ of the Russian government, and Russian troops have massacred the Chinese garrison of Cha-Kusih on the Yalu river. Russian officers from Moukden have proceeded to the locality.

News comes from Chih Li of a Boxer rising in that province. Yuan Shih Kai, the governor, is endeavoring to put down the movement. A rising occurred at Kulien Shien and on troops being sent to the scene a battle occurred in which there was large loss of life. Ten of the principal Boxers, among whom were eight women, were captured and beheaded. In Japanese papers received by the recent mails, stories were given of rumors current at Dalny and Khaibi of impending war between Russia and Japan.

POISON FOR HER HUSBAND

Wisconsin Woman Accused of Killing Husband With Strychnine.

Grand Rapids, Wis., April 9.—The arrest of Mrs. Walter Harroun, at Buena Vista, near here, for causing the death of her husband March 25, is one of the greatest sensations in the history of this community. Acting on the advice of Dr. W. W. Daniels, of Wisconsin university, the sheriff took Mrs. Harroun into custody.

After the sudden death of Harroun, his friends caused the holding of an inquest and an examination of his stomach. The stomach was submitted to Dr. Daniels for examination, and a preliminary report was received from him that strychnine had been found in unmistakable quantities. The warrant, which was sworn out by the father of the deceased, charges the wife with the murder by strychnine poisoning.

On the day of his death Mr. Harroun was ill, and his wife is said to have given him some drug which, she said, would do him good. He died within an hour. Mrs. Harrount is 27 years of age and has two children. When the sheriff arrived at her home in Buena Vista he found her in a state of nervous exhaustion, her condition at that time being such that it was not deemed prudent to insist upon her removal to the city. She is said to be subjected to attacks of paroxysms. She appears to be oblivions of her surroundings, and tears her hair so violently that she has to be forcibly restrained from doing herself injury. During these attacks she calls her husband to take her away. She does not weep, and apparently does not as yet fully realize the terrible position in which she has been placed, nor the ordeal through which she is destined to pass.

WANT HIM EXPELLED.

Foresters Make Charges Against Judge Schoonmaker.

St. Paul, April 9.—Members of Court Minnesota, Court Landmark and Court Dayton, United Order of Foresters, of this city, have preferred charges against Judge James Schoonmaker before Supreme Ranger Southworth.

The supreme ranger has notified Mr. Schoonmaker of the charges filed and requested him to show cause why he should not be expelled from the order.

The charges against Judge Schoonmaker are that he has been attempting to cast discredit on the securities of the order and that he has made uncalled for attacks on the officers of the supreme court.

BUFFALO TRUST

Proposed By Pawnee Bill—Farm In Wisconsin.

Boston, April 9.—Pawnee Bill is forming a buffalo trust and says that "the tenderfoot of the East will be eating buffalo meat before long." He has cornered a herd of 288 buffaloes. Within a few weeks he expects to become the owner of all the remaining buffaloes outside of the government reservations. He has purchased a large stock farm near Kenosha, Wis., and will breed buffaloes there. He hopes before long to raise enough to begin shipping to Milwaukee, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, Fort Worth and other slaughtering points.

A thoroughly sound buffalo when slaughtered is worth about $200 in Eastern markets. "Pawnee Bill" expects to make a fortune raising the animals for slaughter. He says the far western ranges are no longer suited to raising buffaloes, hence his purchase of Wisconsin land.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

THE STAGE.

Tonight the Ferris Comedians will be seen at the Metropolitan in the new sensational drama, "Resurrection," by Count Leo Tolstoy.

The play opened at the Victoria in New York City one month ago with Blanche Walsh in the leading role, and she has made the greatest success of her life. Dick Ferris made a special trip to New York to study the production and secure all the details of scenery and costuming. His artist has been busy for two weeks getting out the scenery. The company will endeavor to make this the best and most complete production of the Ferris season.

The scenes are laid in Russia at the present time. The central figure is Katusha, a girl of humble parentage who has long been a favorite servant in the aristocratic household of Prince Nekhludov's aunts. The prince returns after a long absence and becomes enamored of Katusha, who falls a ready victim to the libertine. The first act, in realty a prologue, closes with the scene of the seduction. The second act shows the jury room in court. Katusha (now known as Maslova) is accused of poisoning a client to rob him. Maslova protests her innocence, and declares that she was but a passive instrument of the real criminals. The jury has retired to deliberate and this is one of the most novel and striking scenes ever seen on the stage—the jurymen chatting and joking among themselves and giving only minor attention to the fate of the wretched prisoner. Among the jurymen is Prince Nekhludov, who has recognized in Maslova the unhappy girl he has ruined. The audience learns from his lips how Katusha, driven from his aunt's house when she was about to become a mother, was reduced to the vilest prostitution, until, finally, she faces the charge of crime. He knows she is innocent, and tries to convince his fellow jurymen. They shrug their shoulders and agree upon a verdict of guilty. Nekhludov feels that he alone is the real culprit. His duty is to save her. The next scene shows the interior of the female prison at Moscow. Nekhludov has obtained permission to visit Maslova in prison. He finds her a moral and physical wreck amid a lot of wretched women who are quarreling and drinking. Maslova refuses to speak of what she has been—she wants to forget. Her memories are the cherished relics of an existence now gone. At first she does not recognize Nekhludov. When she remembers, she insults him; she detests him, and drives him from her. Then she falls in his arms, mourning her undying love. In the last act Maslova has once more become Katusha. She refuses the sacrifice Nekhludov would make, and the final scene shows the hait in Siberia, where they bid each other an eternal farewell.

The play requires the full strength of the company, and will involve the assistance of a great many supernumeries for the famous prison scene.

Frank L. Perley's very popular operatic comedy, "The Chaperons" will be the attraction at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday matinee and night. "The Chaperons" is not a new theatrical offering, but enjoyed a very successful career last year and was presented in some of the most important cities of the country including New York, Philadelphia and Chicago. Its long run during the hot weather of last summer at the New York theater was one of the surprising episodes of the metropolitan summer season. The piece as it will be given here, it is promised, will be identical with the New York presentation. All the original scenery from the brush of Joseph Physioc will be brought here, and the elaborate wardrobe which was made by Madame Elsie Freisinger from costume designs by the poster artist, Archie Gunn, will be displayed by the company. In the cast will appear Walter Jones, Ed Redway, Edward Metcalfe, George K. Henery, Allbert Farrington, Thomas Burton, Eva Tanguay, May Boley, Genevieve Day, Jossica Dundan and Mae Stebbins; together with the customary corps of "show girls" and chorus beauties.

The Marguerita Sylva company, headed by the dashing and brilliant artiste of the vernal surname will come to the Lyceum theater for an engagement of two nights, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 14 and 15. The organization is one of the largest on tour, and has just returned from a highly prosperous tour of the Pacific coast cities. The vehicle provided Miss Sylva by her managers, Nixon & Zimmerman, is the jolly musical comedy success, "The Strollers," which was produced at the Knickerbocker theater, New York, during the summer of 1901, and enjoyed a long run at that house. It has been presented at most of the principal cities of the country since, and as an evidence of the popularity of the work, every return engagement played by the organization has shown financial returns greater than on the occasion of the first visit of the company. The addition of Miss Sylva to the cast may have been a potent factor in the result, for no woman on the American stage today has advanced more rapidly in her profession and won greater favor with her public. Miss Sylva is, first of all, a very beautiful woman, and possesses a clear, rich soprano voice of remarkable register and power. She is supported this year by such clever artists as George C. Boniface, Jr., Neil McNeil, D. L. Don, Dorothy Hunting, Louise Middleton, Anna MacNabb and a chorus of fifty people.

Easter Sunday Lanners' concert band, under the directorship of Prof. Otto Muhlhaur, will give the last concert of this season's series, at the Metropolitan opera house. The program has been selected with care and will undoubtedly be the best of the series.

The special soloist will be Mrs. James McAuliffe, soprano, and Miss Milla Mae Wylie will tread. Mrs. McAuliffe sang at the first concert given by the band this winter and at the many requests of those that were present she has been secured again. Her beautiful soprano voice should be heard to excellent advantage in her first number, "The Choir Invisible," and her selected number will be equally as good. Miss Wylie has also appeared at one of the previous concerts and her success was so marked the management decided to have her appear at the closing concert.

The band soloist will be Edwin J. Hosfield, slide trombone, and Messrs. Lanners and Young, cornet duettists, and their numbers will undoubtedly be fine.

The features of the band program will be the overture to William Tell and the fantasia, "A Trip to Coney Island."

Store For Rent.
No 29 West Superior Street from May 1st.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

"UNLAWFUL COMBINES."

Complaints Begin to Reach Commissioner Garfield.

Washington, April 9.—Complaints alleging unlawful combinations are beginning to reach Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations of the new department of commerce and labor, but he is not prepared to commence proceedings under the anti-trust law. He realizes the importance of the task that confronts him, and while he will give due consideration to all complaints he has decided to go slow and take no step that must be retracted. Reports from corporations are also coming in, mostly from insurance companies. These will be published, it being the plan of Commissioner Garfield to issue these reports in the form of bulletins, which will be gotten out as often as necessity requires—every day if need be.

BARITONE IN JAIL.

Pike and Miss Siegel Deny Papa's Charges.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 9.—F. Wallace Pike, a baritone, formerly with the Castle Square Opera company, and head of a dramatic and musical college of this city, is in jail on charges preferred by the father of Minnie Siegel, with whom Pike is in love. He charges Pike with having kept Miss Siegel in hiding in his own apartments for over two days, and also alleges that Pike offered to abandon his efforts to marry the girl upon payment of $500.

Pike denied having made such a proposition. The girl says she has not been at Pike's apartments. Siegel, who is wealthy, bases his objection to the match on the fact that Pike is a Gentile.

NEGROES ENDORSED.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 9.—At a mass meeting held here last night resolutions were adopted with much enthusiasm, endorsing the action of President Roosevelt in appointing negroes to office "and upholding the rights of the colored people to partake of the fruits of citizenship."

TO STUDY MOTIONS OF MOON.

Berkeley, Cal., April 9.—Professor Frank E. Ross, a graduate of the university of California, has been appointed by the Carnegie institute at Washington to the position of research assistant in astronomy. His special study will be the motions of the moon. He will pursue his search in the capacity of assistant to Professor Simon Newcomb.

FUNERAL OF MRS. PORTER

Impressive Services Held at American Church In Paris.

Paris, April 9.—The funeral of Mrs. Porter, wife of the United States ambassador, held at 11 o'clock this morning at the American church in the Rue De Berri, was an impressive tribute, the heads of the French government, the members of the diplomatic corps and many representatives of the American colony participating. The front of the church was draped with black and the walls and pillars of the interior were also hung with black draperies. The chancel was filled with tall palms, while immediately in front of the chancel rested the casket, hidden beneath a profusion of beautiful floral offerings. Ambassador Porter, who was accompanied by his daughter Elsie, heavily veiled, bore the ordeal with fortitude. Accompanying the mourners were relatives, intimate friends of the family and officials of the embassy staff. To the left of the family sat Madame Loubet, wife of the president of France; Paul Loubet, Gen. Dubois, the personti representative of the president, with a large staff of officers in full uniform; Foreign Minister Delcasse, Premier Combes and other members of the ministry, with their wives. Among others present were Ambassador Tower, who came on from Berlin; former Vice President Levi P. Morton, Consul General Gowdy, Count de Rochambeau, the marquis de Chambrun, M. Manard, the sculptor of the Rochambeau statue; the British ambassador, Sir Edmond Munson, and his staff, and the ambassadors and ministers of various other countries, with their staffs, and a large number of Americans, taxing the capacity of the edifice. The Rev. Dr. Thurber conducted the simple service. In his invocation Dr. Thurber made a feeling reference to the beauty of the character of Mrs. Porter. The choir sang Mrs. Porter's favorite hymns, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Lead, Kindly Light."

At the conclusion of the ceremony, following the established official custom, M. Loubet and various members of the ministry addressed a few words of personal sympathy to the ambassador and his daughter.

After the public service the casket was borne to the mortuary chapel adjoining the church, where it will remain until its removal to America.

WESTERN UNION

Enters Suits Against Other Pennsylvania Railroads.

Philadelphia, April 9.—The Western Union Telegraph company, has enetered suit in the United States circuit court against the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and the Philadelphia & Baltimore Central railroads, both controlled by the Pennsylvania, in which the same points are involved as in the suits against the Pennsylvania, the decision upon which is now pending in the United States circuit court of appeals.

The plaintiff seeks to have the railroad companies restrained from interfering with its poles and wires, and asks the court to assess the amount of rental that should be paid tothe railroads for the continued use of their right of way. The plaintiff contends that the contract entered into on March 1, 1883, is still in force, while, on the other hand, the railroads hold that the time limit specified in the agreement has expired.

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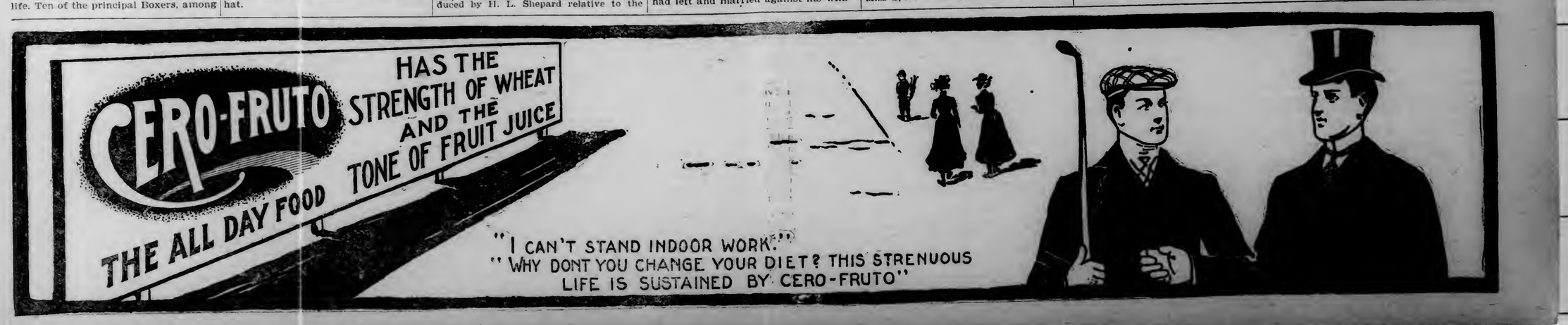
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to a friend or guest that they will thoroughly appreciate is a glass of our rich and delicious "Bock Beer." Eastertide brings nothing more enjoyable, appetizing or invigorating than the choice "BOCK BEER" brewed by the DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO. No one should miss this pleasure that comes but once a year.

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OFFICE SUPPLIES Everything you need at—
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SWEPT OFF EARTH

Hamlet of Hopewell, Ala. Blown Away By Tornado.

Arkansas Towns Also Visited By Terrible Wind Storm.

Birmingham, Ala., April 9.—Without warning the little hamlet of Hopewell, forty miles north of this city and one mile from Hanceville, was swept away early yesterday morning by a tornado which cut a path of desolation a mile wide and two miles long, across a prosperous farming section of Blount county. Ten persons were instantly killed, three or four fatally, and a score seriously injured. The dead:

MR. AND MRS. MASON GRIFFIN.
JAMES GRIFFIN.
HENRY McCOY.
FRED McCOY.
MISS VIRDIE McCOY.
C. C. ODEN.
MISS NORMA ODEN.
HEBER ODEN.
THELMA ODEN.

The injured: Son and niece of Nathan Griffin, Mrs. Henry McCoy and two children, R. C. Quick, Dink Quick, family of McCoy, seven persons; Mrs. H. Horton, Miss Inez Horton, Richard Griffin, Mrs. C. C. Oden, Miss Griffin.

It is believed that several of the injured will die.

The storm came from the southwest and traversed its destructive path in a northeasterly direction, tearing everything in its way. The section through which it went is flat, on an elevated table land in the hilly section of Blount county.

There was not the slightest intimation of its approach until the houses were being torn to pieces. Nathan Griffin's house was demolished and Mr. Griffin and his son James were killed. Mrs. Griffin was so badly injured that she died at an early hour this morning. Another son and a niece of Mr. Griffin escaped from the house before the demolition was complete. They were injured, but will recover. The house of John McCoy was wrecked, but he and his family escaped with severe bruises.

The home of Henry McCoy, son of John McCoy, received the worst impact of the storm. His wife was severely injured, two of his children may die and his baby and two other children are dead.

The storm struck the house of C. C. Oden. The trees in the yard were twisted into gnarled shapes and even the vegetables in the garden were torn from their roots.

Mr. Oden and his three daughters, aged 13, 12 and 9 years, were killed. Mrs. Oden received injuries from which she died later.

The home of Mrs. Henry Wharton was wrecked, but Mrs. Wharton was not badly injured.

The home of R. G. Quick was destroyed and he and his two children injured.

Little Rock, Ark., April 9.—Specials to the Gazette from several towns in White and Cleburne counties, Ark., tell of a tornado that swept through that section Tuesday night causing death and destruction. The major portion of the country through which the storm ploughed its way is remote from railroad, telegraph or telephone lines. A special correspondent of the Gazette wired from Searcy, Ark., last night that he had gone over a portion of the track of the storm and that trees were twisted from their trunks and houses demolished. Nine persons are known to be dead, three are dying and thirteen others were badly injured. The towns of Little Red, Allison, Bradford, Heber and Pangburn have been heard from thus far.

The dead:
JAMES LEGGETT, Little Red.
JOSEPH LEGGETT, Little Red.
THOMAS KING and WIFE, Little Red.
Three KING children.
YOUNG LADY, school teacher, who was boarding at King's.
A. C. WILLIAMS, near Heber.

The injured: Infant child of the King family; Mrs. A. Williams, fatally; Buck Neally, seriously; Albert Kiler, Eldert Derile, Walker Pollard, Little Red; two of the Pollard family near Allden; Mrs. Hoverton and children, Pangburn, fatally; Miss Barkhousen, Little Red; Walter Muller, Pangburn, leg broken; Mrs. Henry Wells, fatally; unknown woman, Pangburn, both legs broken; Thomas Houston, near Heber, both arms broken; unknown man, at Bradford; Bradford, which is on the Iron Mountain road, was the first point heard from. Several houses were blown down there and one man badly injured. The tornado came from the west and spent its force by the time it reached Bradford. It is feared the little town of Hiram, with 150 population, has been wiped off the map. It is near Heber and in the storm's track. Nothing has been thus far heard from it. It probably will be several days before the names of all who were killed by the tornado are known.

A special to the Gazette from Heber says: In the tornado which swept across this section last night, A. K. Williams, living ten miles south of Heber was killed. He was 70 years old and lives with his wife on top of one of the mountains south of this town. His house was caught up by the wind and thrown down the mountainside. His wife was fatally injured. A white man named Houston, living near Williams had both arms broken. At Pangburn six residences were blown down and a flock of sheep and a number of cattle, hogs and horses killed.

Buck Neeley, of Searcey, was in the storm and was caught under a small tree which was blown down. He was not seriously hurt. A large church near Pangburn was blown half a mile.

At Little Red postoffice Albert Kiler, Elbert Derile, Walker Pollard, Mrs. Pollard and Thomas King lost all their houses, barns and other buildings.

Forty-three residences and sixteen barns destroyed and other wreckage is the record of the damage reported tonight.

The tornado swept everything in a path a mile wide.

At Pangburn, Mrs. Hoverton and one child were fatally hurt. Two of the Pollards, near Aubion, were severely injured. A number of others were hurt, but not seriously.

GRAIN DEPARTMENT BUILDING FOR DULUTH WAS PROPOSED.

(Continued from page 1).

it stood before it was taken up yesterday.

* * *

The senate in committee of the whole yesterday recommended to pass a house bill providing that saloons shall be closed on primary election day as well as general election day. The law does not now provide for their closing.

* * *

The senate had a little sport over J. B. Kelly's house bill permitting county boards to offer rewards for killing crows. Senator Schaller, of Dakota county, made a humorous speech extremely deregatory to the crow, which he said has a bad breath and does not pick its teeth. He said the farmers of his district wanted the bill. Capt. Wood, of Todd county, came to the rescue of the crow, which he said did more good than harm. It eats an abundance of insects that might otherwise injure the corn, and what little corn the crow destroys is nothing alongside of what it saves. The bill seemed rather likely to be beaten, so progress was reported.

* * *

The house had to pass the bill fixing ten years as the term of militia officers again yesterday afternoon. The senate passed its own bill instead of that sent in by the house, so the house had to pass the senate bill, which it did by a vote of 69 to 0. The bill is leveled particularly at Gen. Bend, of St. Paul, whose ten years will soon run out. The militia boys wanted it because it will occasionally push somebody off the top of the ladder and let the fellows below come up a round.

* * *

The house yesterday afternoon recommended to pass Ole Peterson's bill creating a state highway commission. It was killed in committee of the whole, but was excepted from the committee's report and passed on the calendar later. It was amended, however, so as to cut out the non-partisan feature of it, which provided that not more than two of the three commissioners should be of the same political party.

* * *

The Fosseen bill authorizing boards of education to operate night schools was recommended to pass.

* * *

Another Fosseen bill that was recommended to pass was that prohibiting the opening of saloons on Decoration day, which the house killed a few days ago, but which was reconsidered.

* * *

The house committee on taxes and tax laws yesterday afternoon voted to recommend to pass the bills by S. A. Nelson, providing for the taxation of sleeping car companies and freight lines companies. These are to replace the old laws on the subject, which have been declared unconstitutional because they fixed a flat, arbitrary rate of taxation on these companies. The new bills provide that the rate shall be the average rate of taxation throughout the state.

The committee killed off Mr. Dorsey's bills taxing foreign corporations by referring them to their author, which is a polite way of postponing a bill in most cases.

* * *

The house yesterday afternoon recommended to pass an anti-blacklist bill by J. E. Gregory, of St. Paul. It prohibits employers from conspiring to prevent anybody securing employment because the seeker after work has been on strike. Employers cannot require of applicants for jobs, under this bill, that they give a written statement as to their participation in any strike, or as to their personal records, except they be criminal, for more than a year preceding. Violations of the law are misdemeanors, punishable by a fine of $100 or three months in jail.

* * *

Another law of interest to labor is that of W. I. Nolan, of Hennepin county, which provides that contractors erecting a building more than two stories high must put down a temporary floor for the third story before the fourth story is begun, and so on up. A protection floor must be put down on all floors before the floors above are begun. Elevating apparatus must be protected by barriers that will keep the men from falling down. A fine of $25 to $100 is the punishment provided.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Druggists
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BEST FOR THE BOWELS

SUBJECTS PICKED

Honor Pupils at Work on Their Graduation Papers.

Seniors Begin Rehearsals For Their Dramatic Entertainment.

High school students, who are to graduate with honors this year, are hard at work upon the orations and essays which they will deliver on the last night of their high school careers.

All have selected their subjects and are industriously preparing for the delivery of their final efforts. The subjects chosen are as follows:

"The Emancipation of Ireland," Alfred Moe.

"Women of the French Revolution," Mary Richards.

"Dialect Poetry," Gertrude Schiller.

"Chemistry in Modern Life," Harry Davis.

"Use of Myths," Irene Reau.

Study of the subject matter will have been completed in a couple of weeks and then the papers will be written. The rest of the term will be devoted to finishing off the papers so that on commencement night they will be given to the best advantage.

Graduating with honors includes a large amount of extra work during the second semester of the last year of the high school course, as all of the work on the graduation essays must be done outside of the class work.

Those who will take part in the class night exercises have been scratching their heads industriously for brilliant ideas to spring on the innocent public when they get their chance at the game. Class prophecies, histories, last will and testaments are given by brilliant members of some thousands of graduating classes all over the country every June, and as this has been the case from time immemorial, the subjects are pretty well worked out, and the student who contributes a new thought has achieved a triumph.

Seniors who will represent the high school class of '03 on Wednesday of the graduating week are determined to do their best in the matter of originality, however, and there is no reason why they should not do as well or better than their predecessors.

SENIOR ENTERTAINMENT.

Rehearsals Actively Under Way For the Production.

Progress on the play which the seniors of the high school are to give next week has been going on rapidly during the last week and from now until April 18, the evening on which the entertainment will be given, rehearsals will be held daily under the eyes of A. F. M. Custance, who is staging the affair.

The date of the entertainment has been changed from April 17 to April 18 and so will take place Saturday of next week, instead of Friday.

All of the lines have been memorized and the time remaining will be put upon the "business" and on efforts to improve the reading and facial expression of the students who are to take part.

A double bill will be presented. The first piece is a one-act comedy with only two characters, entitled "A Happy Pair." The larger piece is a one-act farce, "A Regular Fix," which was a great favorite at the New York Winter garden in civil war times.

It is thoroughly funny and though written long ago is not in the least out of date. It has never been seen in Duluth and it will certainly be one of the best pieces that has ever been given by high school students here.

All of the proceeds of the play will go to the senior class to defray its graduating expenses which always amount to considerable. Efforts will be made by the entire student body to get out a big attendance and assure the financial success of the undertaking.

YOUNG HOBART

Denies Mother Is Engaged to Senator Frye.

Paterson, N. J., April 9.—Another denial of the latest story, this time representing that United States Senator Frye on Saturday night had admitted his engagement to Mrs. Garret A. Hobart, was made by Mrs. Hobart's son, Garret, at his summer home, McCulloch castle, Haledon. He denied the story in the most emphatic manner. Mrs. Hobart is visiting friends in New York city. Her closest friends here also denied the report, and, as they said before, Senator Frye is nothing more than a very good friend of the Hobart family, having visited them here very frequently before and since Mr. Hobart's death.

FELL DEAD

Over Coffin of Daughter She Loved Dearly.

Whitesville, Ky., April 9.—When the daughter of Mrs. J. H. S. Saddler died, the latter was so overcome with grief that it was with difficulty that she was restored sufficiently to attend the funeral at St. Mary's Catholic church.

As the coffin was being borne into the church Mrs. Saddler, who was walking a little way behind, tottered forward and fell prostrate across the casket that held the remains of her beloved one.

Her husband was at her side in a moment, and raised her up, but she was dead. Her grief had been more than she could bear.

Mrs. Saddler was 66 years old and very prominently connected.

RABID DOG

Bit the Heir of Standard Oil Magnate.

New York, April 9.—Oscar G. Pouch, youngest son of the late Alfred Pouch, the Standard Oil millionaire, was bitten by his favorite dog a few days ago, and is in fear of hydrophobia. Mr. Pouch is a daily visitor to the Pasteur institute in Manhattan, and is under the closest surveillance by the physicians in attendance there. The case is giving the doctors considerable uneasiness, because of the fact that the dog died a day or two ago, suffering from an undoubted attack of rabies.

All preparations for Pouch's wedding to Miss Gertrude May Sargent, a lovely young woman and a favorite in society, within a fortnight had been perfected. Neither Mr. Pouch nor Miss Sargent has any fears that the wedding will have to be postponed, and Mr. Pouch insists that he is under treatment at the Pasteur simply as a matter of precaution.

Mr. Pouch is chief electrician to the Newburgh Electric railway, of which his brother is president.

PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS.

A Home Remedy That Cures Pimples, Blackheads and Acne Quickly and Permanently, Has Been Perfected By a Distinguished Chemist.

Full Information Together With the Method Is Mailed Free to All Who Write.

A method of treatment, that can be used by any person in their own home, for the cure of pimples, blackheads and acne has been perfected by a well-known Cincinnati chemist. The remarkable effects of this treatment is said to be the instant relief from burning and itching and the almost instant removal or disappearance of the pimples and blackheads; and it is stated positively by those who have used it that the cure is permanent—that the pimles are cured to stay cured—and the skin is left as soft and clear and smooth and free from any marks or traces of the pimples or blackheads as could be desired. It cures boys and girls, men and women, whether old or young; quickly, permanently and positively.

For years skin specialists and doctors have tried to produce a face lotion or wash, or skin food or some sort of a cosmetic or face lotion that would cover up or cure pimples, but all failed. The Cincinnati chemist who has at last solved the problem states positively that after many years of experience in the special study and treatment of thousands of patients suffering severely from pimples, blackheads and acne he has found a scientific combination treatment that removes the pimples and eruptions, restores the skin soft and smooth and clean. And he announces through the public press of the country that he will gladly give his method free to all sufferers, who write. The readers of this paper may address the Dermal Institute, 200 Wex building, Cincinnati, Ohio, with a certainty that their request will receive promt attention as he is the head of that well-known institution and can be relied upon. The method while based on the soundest medical principles is so simple that any person can use it and cure themselves in their own home.

PUSSY CAT

Was "Bug on the Wire" In Pennsylvania.

West Chester, Penn., April 9.—The wires of the Western Union Telegraph company were badly mixed up by a cat the other day, and caused "wire trouble" in every office between Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

At White Horse, this county, a cat, the property of H. John Sidner, climbed a pole, and in some manner fell from a crossarm, being caught by the wires. Its body caused a "cross" and mixed up matters badly, while it was held on the wires by the current. A lineman finally discovered the cause of the trouble, climbed the pole and released the animal, after it had been there over an hour.

The cat still lives though many messages passed through her.

A WAY OPEN

Many a Duluth Reader Knows It Well.

There is a way to convince the greatest skeptic. Scores of Duluth people have made it possible. The public statement of their experience is proof, the like of which has never been produced before in Duluth. Read this case of it given by a citizen:

Mrs. John Pitts, of 123 West First street, says: "As a result of an attack of typhoid fever I suffered severely during six years with kidney complaint and although I was treated by physicians I did not get any better. There was a constant dull aching across my back so severe at times that I could hardly stoop or straighten. I did not rest comfortably at night, and in the morning felt tired and worn out. I also suffered a good deal from dull and persistent headaches. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and unnatural and my limbs were greatly puffed and swollen. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store. I soon felt better and before long the aches and pains left me entirely, the kidneys were active and healthy and I felt as well as ever I did in my life."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

QUIETNESS PREVAILS

The Pig Iron Market Is Generally Quite Dull.

Buyers Believe Situation Is Now In Their Favor.

Cleveland, April 9.—Relative to the condition of the iron market, the Iron Trade Review this week says: Quietness even greater and more general than in the waiting period of the past nine months has settled upon the pig iron market since the announcement of lower prices by Southern furnaces. Buyers agree that the market has now turned in their favor, and it will take time to demonstrate whether they will get the further reductions in price now expected. The establishment of a basis of 1 a ton lower at the furnace on iron for the Eastern market than for Central and Western shipments, is announcement that in the opinion of Southern furnacemen sufficient iron can now be produced at home to make imports unnecessary, and is a distinct bid for business which has heretofore gone abroad by force of the domestic situation. There are furnaces outside the Southern association now quoting $17 at furnace for No. 2 foundry, and Central-Western buyers already argue that the $16.50 basis should apply to them as well as to the East. A situation is created in which competition between Northern and Southern producers will naturally be more keen, and the former not expected to let go readily of the business they have in a period in which Southern irons have been higher than Northern in Central territory. An immediate result of the announcement of last week has been to reduce the prices asked for shipments of foundry iron in the second quarter, and in some cases they are now practically the same as for delivery through the second half of the year. Offerings of Southern grey forge have been made at $19.55, Pittsburg, for the last half, but without contracts as yet. Chicago reports 6000 tons of malleable and standard Bessemer sold on the basis of $21.75 for the former. The situation in steel-making pig irons is unchanged. Much more has been done in these irons in recent weeks than in foundry and forge. In the matter of the steel corporation's contracts for Bessemer iron an interesting development is the decision of certain valley furnace companies to ship to the corporation only such iron as is made from corporation coke. Some of the merchant furnaces, because of the coke shortage, have been compelled to buy in the market at high prices. The delivery of iron on low-priced contracts only as fast as low-priced coke is available will extend deliveries of steel corporation iron bought for the first quarter as late as July, and in some cases August. The blast furnace workers have voted against pressing the eight-hour day, but will demand an advance in wages May 1. The demand for finished material continues to contrast with pig iron. On the books of the steel corporation the tonnage is over 5,400,000. Structural demand is strong, but the strike of workers expected on May 1 promises serious derangement in architectural work and bridge work, and the effect of such a stoppage would be far-reaching.

New Stamps Are Imperfect.

Owing to an imperfection in the new 2 cent stamps recently issued, they have all been called in and a new design is to be adopted. Many persons suffering from stomach, liver and kidney complaints, and who have tried various remedies without obtaining relief, have also discovered that they made a mistake in the selection of a medicine to cure them. There is only one such medicine, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. To all such sufferers we desire to call attention to its unequaled record of cures extending over a period of fifty years. Then surely the Bitters is the right medicine for your case. It positively cures flatulency, heartburn, dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles, la grippe and malaria. Try a bottle and test it for yourself.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The New York grand jury has returned an indictment against Geo. Edward Mills, law partner of the son of Dr. R. C. Flower. Mills is accused of attempting to bribe Assistant District Attorney Garvan to deliver five indictments against Dr. Flower.

Miss Freida Pink, 18 years old, a star player on an Indianapolis high school basket ball team, is at the point of death as a result of injuries received in a basket ball game at Crawfordsville. Miss Pink went down in a scrimmage in the game, which was a championship battle and was kicked in the side.

Miss Mary McGurrin, aged 18, who was shot by her brother, Peter McGurrin, at Holyoke, Mass., died Wednesday. McGurrin was driven to the act through worrying over his sister's hopeless condition as a consumptive. He killed himself by cutting his throat, after shooting his sister.

Prof. Earnest Eggers, head of the department of German at the Ohio State university, committed suicide Wednesday evening by shooting himself at his home. It is said he was despondent from ill health.

The stockholders of the Joseph Ladue Gold Mining & Development company at a meeting in Jersey City voted in favor of dissolving the company and reincorporating in South Dakota. President Elmer F. Botsford said that the sole reason for the change was to save tax expenses.

Rosie Bell Cowart, aged 24, shot and killed her mother Wednesday at Aberdeen, Miss., and then blew her own brains out. The young woman had exhibited signs of insanity.

Rear Admiral James H. Sands, commandant of the League Island navy yard, has reported at the navy department for duty in connection with the newly organized Atlantic coast squadron of which he si to assume command. He will be detached from duty at the League Island navy yard on the first proximo and will raise his flag on the battleship Texas, which is to be the flagship of the new squadron about May 15.

Benjamin L. Thompson, cashier of the bank of Commerce, at Sherman, Tex., was shot and killed by W. E. Stone, of Pecan Grove, Texas. The men met on the street and without any preliminary words, drew their revolvers and opened fire. Stone is about 22 years of age and is a traveling salesman for a Dayton, O., firm. He stated that the shooting was the result of a family difficulty.

Capt. Miles Barry, of Chicago, is at the head of a new vessel line that will inaugurate an opposition steamboat passenger service between Cleveland, O., and Detroit about April 25. Docks have been secured in both cities and the steamers Badger state and Empire state will be the boats that will make the run. The name of the new company probably will be the Cleveland & Detroit.

HAVE YOU GOT RHEUMATISM?

YOU CAN BE CURED; FREE

A Scientific Discovery Which Will Revolutionize the Treatment of Rheumatism.

Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism. Type No. 1.

Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism. Type No. 2.

It is now possible to be cured of any form of rheumatism without having your stomach turned upside down or being half choked to death and made to vomit, and every sufferer from rheumatism should welcome this new and marvelous discovery with open arms and give it an honest trial. This new remedy was discovered by John A. Smith, Milwaukee, Wis., who is generous enough to send it free to every sufferer who writes at once. It is a home treatment and will not keep you from your work.

As you know, if you've tried them, every so-called rheumatic remedy on the market today, except this genuine cure, will cause you violent stomach pains and vomiting, and some of them are so dangerous they will cause heart-trouble. And the worst of it is they never cure. When a person has rheumatism the constitution is so run down that he should be very careful what he puts into his stomach.

It therefore gives me pleasure to present a remedy that will cure every form and variety of rheumatism without one single unpleasant feeling. That remedy is

"GLORIA TONIC."

Before I decided to tell the world about the discovery of "Gloria Tonic" I had it tried on hospital patients, also on old and crippled persons, with perfect success. But some people never will believe anything until they know it from experience, so the best and quickest way is for you to write me that you want to be cured, and I will send you a box of "Gloria Tonic" free of cost. No matter what your form of rheumatism is—acute, chronic, muscular, inflammatory, deformant, sciatic, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, etc.—"Gloria Tonic" will surely cure you. Do not mind if other remedies have failed you, nor mind if doctors say you are incurable. Mind no one, but write me today sure. "Gloria Tonic" will stop those aches and pains, those inflammations and deformities, and cure you so that life will again be worth living. This offer is not for curiosity seekers, but is made to rheumatics only. To them I will send a trial box of "Gloria Tonic" free.

Never before has a remedy been so highly indorsed as "Gloria Tonic." It has been indorsed by such world-noted men as Dr. Quintero, of the University of Venezuela; Hon. E. H. Plumacher, United States consul, Maracaibo; Prof. Macadam of Surgeons' Hall, Edinburgh; the famous magazine "Health," London, and a column of others.

If you are a sufferer cut this advertisement out and send it to me with your name and address plainly written and by return mail you will receive "Gloria Tonic," and also the most elaborate book ever written on the subject of rheumatism, absolutely free. This book contains many drawings from actual life and will tell you all about your case. You get "Gloria Tonic" and this wonderful book at the same time, both free, so let me hear from you at once and soon you will be cured. Address John A. Smith, 1894 Germania building Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.

Steel Ceilings
ARE THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN.

We make them and carry a large stock. Call and see the handsome patterns or write for our ceiling catalogue.

Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.

Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,
126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., March 12, 1903. Sealed proposals for furnishing 6,000 barrels Portland cement for concrete superstructure to breakwater at Marquette, Mich., will be received here until noon, April 11, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt., Engrs.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 12-13-14-16, April 9-10, 1903.

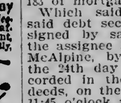
Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sent free. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 68F, Times Bldg., New York.
—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale at Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, Always Reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.
Big G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 8 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" mailed.
WILCOX MEDICAL CO.
229 N. 15th STREET, PHILA., Pa.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas S. Carlton, mortgagor, to Julia S. Lovejoy, mortgagee, bearing date the sixth day of June, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eighth day of June, 1894, at 8:20 o'clock a. m., in Book 121 of mortgages, on page 8. Said mortgage being given to secure a part of the purchase money of the premises covered thereby.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Julia S. Lovejoy, mortgagee, to Kenneth A. McDonald, by written assignment dated the ninth day of February, 1903, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 24th day of February, 1903, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 183 of mortgages, on page 231.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Kenneth A. McDonald, the assignee and holder thereof, to John McAlpine, by written assignment dated the 24th day of February, 1903, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 17th day of March, 1903, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in Book 188 of mortgages, on page 81, said assignee being now the owner and holder and owner and holder of record thereof. Which said default consists in the failure of said mortgagor to pay the sum of $400.00 principal and $345.00 interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon said mortgage, and also in the failure of said mortgagor to pay the taxes on the premises covered by said mortgage, for the years 1896, 1897 and 1898, which said taxes, penalties and interest thereon amounting to $57.76 the undersigned paid on March 17th, 1903, and now holds receipts of the county treasurer of St. Louis County, Minnesota, therefor, making a total for principal, interest and taxes due at the date of this notice, $781.76, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

South half of the southeast quarter, (s½ of se¼) of section twenty-one (21), the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-two (22), and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter (nw¼ of ne¼) of section twenty-eight (28), in township sixty-seven (67) north, of range eighteen (18) west, according to government survey thereof, said premises being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the second day of May, 1903, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, amounting, for principal, interest and taxes at this date, to $781.76, together with interest on said principal sum and said sum paid for taxes from the date hereof, and $25.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1903.

JOHN McALPINE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Attorney,
500 Lonsdale Building, Duluth.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-19-26-April 2-9-16-23-1903.

ARE YOU SORE? Use FIRST AID TO THE INJURED

Paracamph

Relieves Instantly

Catarrh,

Sore Chest, Frost Bites,

And all Soreness of the Skin and Muscles.

25c, 50c & $1.00 Bottles. All Druggists.

FOR SALE BY LYCEUM PHARMACY,

Corner Fifth Avenue West and Superior St.

Did It Ever Strike You

That we have the best Lumber, Lath and Shingles in the city? We have also Doors, Sash, Mouldings and Mill-Work.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co.

2402 West Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

MARRIAGES OF THE PARENTS

Give Children Stepfather and Stepmother of Their Own Age.

Columbus Grove, Ohio, April 9.—A list of marriages, of which the one which took place Monday was the third in the family, and in which both mother and father were principals in the affairs, is unparalleled in the annals of Putnam county history.

Up to about a year ago the family of Lincoln Featheringill, a prosperous farmer living east of town, was united and possessed of all the comforts afforded an ordinary rural home. But trouble came and the mother was pitted against the father for a divorce in the Putnam county courts. This he allowed her to secure, paying his allotted share of the costs and granting the decree. The couple had lived together for over twenty years and were the parents of two daughters, both of whom have grown to young womanhood.

During the midsummer months last year the youngest daughter was married to Jesse Lamb, a young farmer of this township. But a short time passed and Mrs. Featheringill was united in marriage with Stephen Evans, a man a number of years her junior. Featheringill waited until Monday, when he was married to Miss Grace Kauffman, an estimable young lady of this place, who is much younger than Featheringill, the ceremony taking place in Bluffton, Ohio. Featheringill and his bride will settle down to housekeeping where he and his former wife raised their family.

Mrs. Evans purchased property near the residence of her former husband's parents, and upon the occasion of every visit to the home of his fiancee Featheringill was compelled to pass the house of his former wife and her husband. And Mrs. Evans and her new husband, too, after marriage, went to the farm where Featheringill lived and removed articles designated by the court as belonging to her, and all to the evident satisfaction of Featherington.

The last marriage in the family will be that of the eldest daughter, which, it is claimed, will take place soon, an estimable young man of this place being the chosen one. The daughters are nearly as old as their stepfather and their stepmother, and they visit both their father and his wife and their mother and her husband.

STEVENSON SCORCHED.

Was Painfully Burned, Losing Hair and Mustache.

Bloomington, Ill., April 9.—Adelai E. Stevenson, formerly vice president of the United States, lost his hair and mustache and received painful burns on the face, head and hands yesterday while trying to extinguish a fire in his home. The fire started in a bedroom and Mr. Stevenson was attracted by the smoke coming through a transom. When the statesman pulled back the curtains were ablaze. Without calling for aid Mr. Stevenson attacked the flames.

In a twinkling the hair was sizzled from his head and the flow blistered his face. Then Mr. Stevenson retreated before his clothes caught fire. The loss by fire to the house is $1,000.

A TURBINE WARSHIP.

Washington, April 9.—Admiral Melville, engineer-in-chief of the navy, has a surprise in store for sailors which perhaps will be as revolutionary in its effect on naval construction as was his famous trip across. For more than a year past his bureau has been making quiet inquiry and preparing plans for a turbine propelled warship. The boat experts have been consulted and the plans have advanced to a point where it is thought satisfactory results are assured. Details of the novel arrangement of this ship are withheld for the present, but it is expected that they soon will be made public.

DISCOVERY BY WYNNE

Which Will Cause More Shake-Ups In Postoffice Department.

Washington, April 9.—Acting Postmaster General Wynne has made a discovery which will probably affect the status of a number of clerks in the postoffice in Ciacinnati Indianapalis, Louisville, Cleveland and other large cities. He has found that the division of salaries and allowances, whose chief, George W. Beavers, recently resigned, has been in the habit of disregarding the classification of clerks, as was provided by the annual postoffice appropriation bills. For example, when congress provided for increases in the salaries of certain classes of clerks, Mr. Beavers' division failed strictly to follow such provisions, with the result that some clerks for whom increases were intended failed to receive them, while others who were not made beneficiaries of the generosity of congress were given more pay.

Unwittingly, in most cases, postmasters became parties to this disregard of the law, and it will be the aim of Mr. Wynne to equalize matters between now and July 1, the beginning of the new fiscal year. It is going to be a somewhat tedious undertaking, but it is his intention to follow the law strictly, and hereafter to see that the proper clerks are promoted at the right time. Another thing which Mr. Wynne has discovered in the pursuit of his investigation is that certain clerks with political pulls have been transferred from the Washington city postoffice to divisions in the postoffice department, where their hours of work are shorter and their annual leave of absence longer. Such transfers are in plain violation of the law, and all clerks who have been able to take advantage of it will have to go back to their old positions in the postoffice.

In the case of one of these clerks Mr. Wynne discovered a most unusual state of affairs. He learned that last year she—this clerk was a woman—managed to get about 150 days leave of absence. When the acting postmaster general gave instructions she should "go back to the mines," she absolutely refused, and declared that her "pull" was strong enough to keep her where she was. Whereupon Mr. Wynne ordered that she be dismissed at once, and then she reconsidered, and is now working from 8 in the morning till 5 in the evening, which everybody will admit are certainly outrageous hours—for a government clerk.

If Your Easter Hat

Is a Blake, it's correct. Ask your dealer for it.

STUDENTS ON A STRIKE.

Madison, Wis., April 9.—Led by the son of the superintendent of schools and sons of some of the best families in Madison, 200 high school students went on a strike yesterday for single or half day session. They congregated in mobs about the high school building and made such a disturbance that a detail of police was called to suppress them. About two-thirds of the 750 students in the school are out, and the strikers are making vigorous efforts to gain accessions to their ranks. As the strike is approved by the parents of a number of the students, and secretly encouraged, it is said, by some of the teachers, it is probable that considerable difficulty will be experienced in settling it.

BECOMING A MOTHER

Is an ordeal which all women approach with indescribable fear, for nothing compares with the pain and horror of child-birth. The thought of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women have found that the use of Mother's Friend during pregnancy robs confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does Mother's Friend carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but its use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other discomforts of this period. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

INCREASED USE

Of Bicycles By Chinese and Market Is Good One.

Strength, Durability and Cheapness Main Features Desired.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry B. Miller, United States consul at Ninchwang, China, has written to the state department an interesting letter regarding the use of bicycles in the Flowery Kingdom. Consul Miller says:

The use of bicycles by the Chinese is increasing notably and the possibilities of the market are limited only by the abilities of the Chinaman to purchase.

A special study of the character of bicycles suited to this country will greatly increase the sale. In North China men travel extensively, and they would use the bicycle much more if it were brought within their means. The roads are somewhat rough, and a substantial vehicle is required to traverse them. The Chinaman is not a great mechanic and has little ingenuity and wheels for his use should not be delicate or require much in way of repairs. On account of their manner of dress they generally prefer wheels designed for ladies.

Strength, durability and cheapness, rather than lightness and comfort, should be the main features of bicycles designed for this market. A Chinaman will sit all day on horseback or in a cart in a position that would be simply unbearable for a foreigner. The people here do not want to pay for luxury.

The following suggestions by an experienced bicycle rider in China are worth careful study by manufacturers:

The modern bicycle has three great disadvantages on Chinese roads, at least in the north: (1) The pneumatic tire is subject to puncture and is hard to repair; (2) The pedals are hung too low and strike obstacles, such as stones and rough ground; (3) The chain gets full of grit, and is annoying in many ways.

The last item is eliminated in the chainless wheels, but this excellent device is as yet rarely met with in China. The American "Columbia chainless" is a great advance, and with the cushion frame could be ridden comfortably with solid tires; but its excessively low pedals make it an impracticable mount for rough roads. Some German wheels have the advantage of higher pedals. What is needed for China is embodied in the following specification, and the manufacturer who is bold enough to turn out a strong and plain bicycle along these lines will sell it by the thousand:

1. Chainless, dustproof gearing. If chain be preferable, protect against dust.

2. Pedals clearing the ground by at least six inches.

3. Cushion frame, with compensating device to equalize pedal reach.

4. Solid or other non-puncturable tires.

5. Extra thick spokes, with strong threads.

Let such a bicycle have the following accessories included in the price: Necessary tools for all nuts and screws, bell, frame luggage carrier, bar bundle carrier and brake of simple construction.

Steel rims are liable to rust, and wood rims may warp from excessive moisture. Either kind will answer, though copper escapes danger.

Avoid unnecessary fancy work and nickel plating, to reduce cost. Luggage carriers are essential to the traveler in China, for he must carry his blanket and a few extra articles of clothing.

A bicycle designed especially for the use of the Chinese, with cheapness as a leading feature and the above suggestions followed, would have a good and growing market for years to come.

* * *

Consul L. E. Dudley writes to the state department from Vancouver that there is a movement on foot in that city to secure the construction of a railway from some point on the coast within the province of British Columbia to the valley of the Yukon. An article which appeared in the Daily Province of last evening says:

"Active arrangements are being made by a syndicate of prominent Vancouver business men looking to the building of a railroad from Kitimaat Inlet through the northern part of British Columbia and the Yukon to Dawson. The Coast-Yukon is the name of the proposed line of railway, which is to start from the British Columbia coast, 400 miles north of Vancouver, and from an all-Canadian route to the Klondike. It is under this title that the Vancouver syndicate is applying for a charter and subsidy at the present session of parliament. . . . Passing a narrow strip of the coast range, the proposed route goes through 150 miles of the Bulkley and other valleys of the best agricultural lands in the province. The whole distance to Teslin lake is about 400 miles, and the route is claimed to be much easier than that over which Mackenzie & Mann planned to go at the first of the Klondike rush. This country contains not only big mining districts, but large wheat-land areas. The promoters will ask for a subsidy to assist in financing the building of the line, or else the government take it over as a public utility—action in either case of great value to this city and to Canadian trade in general."

* * *

Consul A. E. Smith, of Victoria, March 17, 1903, reports to the state department that a large area of coal and petroleum lands has been recently discovered in Southeast Kootenai, within twenty-five miles of a branch of the Canadian Pacific railway. Mr. Smith adds: "Two hundred and twenty applications for claims have been made, and it is stated that 220 miles of territory have been staked off, the stakes being driven in the deep snow. The country is well wooded. The matter has been kept quiet by the applications filed with the provincial government, the extensive territory has been taken up by a few speculators. For years past it has been known that the territory contained valuable coal lands. These are all on a government reservation, and cannot be opened until a three-months' notice by applicants has been published in the Provincial Gazette."

Consul Charles Deal, of St. John's, Quebec, in reporting on the same subject, under date of March 23, notes that according to newspaper advices the locators are chiefly Americans from Spokane, Wash., who have thus acquired what is said to be as extensive a coal area as the Crow's Nest Pass coal field.

"The real good of all work . . . depends on the final worth of the thing you make"

—John Ruskin

The final worth of

Gorham Silver

has been acclaimed by three generations as denoting its "real good," which depends equally upon its faultless design, its admirable workmanship and its sterling quality of material.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

PRESIDENT IN THE PARK

Nothing Will Be Allowed to Disturb His Solitude.

Cinnabar, Mont., April 9.—President Roosevelt is in the fastnesses of Yellowstone Park, and for the next sixteen days he expects to enjoy complete rest and cessation from public duties. He will be in almost daily communication with Secretary Loeb at Cinnabar, but nothing except of the utmost importance will be referred to him. In company with John Burroughs, the naturalist, who accompanied him from Washington, he will closely study the nature of the various animals that inhabit the park. The president has looked forward to this outing for some time and he was in a particularly happy frame of mind when he led the cavalcade into the park. Every trail leading into the reserve is closely guarded and no one will be allowed to disturb the president's solitude. His headquarters will be at the home of Maj. Pitcher, the superintendent of the park. A number of camps have been established in different localities and these will be occupied by the president from time to time.

The special train bearing the president and his party arrived at Gardiner, the entrance to the par, at 12:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was met by a detachment of the Third cavalry and a number of cowboys. Maj. Pitcher also was on hand to welcome the president. Luncheon was served in the president's car after which the president dressed in riding breeches and coat with a light colored slouch hat on his head, mounted his horse and made a brief address to the people congregated near his train. He then bade the members of his party goodbye and led the way into the park. Mr. Burroughs followed in an army wagon. The train returned to Cinnabar where Secretary Loeb and the remainder of the party will live in it while the president is absent. On April 24 the president will start on his trip to St. Louis and the Pacific coast. The weather here is very mild and reports from the park are to the effect that there is but little snow in the vicinity of the president's headquarters.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

St. Louis and Return $22.30.

The Northwestern line, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., April 26 to May 1, inclusive, at $22.30 for the round trip. Tickets limited to May 4 for return passage. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much **Lydia E. Pinkham's** wonderful **Vegetable Compound** has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG WOMEN.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given; her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham is inclined to the belief that our girls are pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries; less learning and more health needed.

RECEPTION GIVEN

To Admiral Schley By Minnesota Legislature Was Cordial.

Address By Governor, Lieut-Governor, the Admiral and Others.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Admiral Winfield Scott Schley visited the Minnesota legislature yesterday afternoon, as part of the trip he is taking, and he was given a very cordial reception. He came as the result of a joint resolution of invitation sent him some time ago, when it was reported that he might happen along this way.

The legislature met in joint convention in the house chamber to receive him, and he was given very much the same sort of an entertainment as President Roosevelt was on Saturday. The governor, speaker of the house and president of the senate occupied the speaker's chair with him, and all of them spoke briefly.

After the formal reception an informal one was held in the governor's offices, where the members of the legislature and others dropped in to shake hands with the hero of Santiago.

In introducing Admiral Schley Speaker Babcock said that the legislature this winter had had the pleasure of entertaining three men high in the nation, Lieutenant Hobson, President Roosevelt and now Admiral Schley, one of the highest officers of the United States navy, a man who had given forty-seven years of his life to his country; brave, fearing no danger; aggressive, asking no quarter and giving none until victory is won; and withal as modest as a child. After achieving one of the greatest naval victories in history, when others sought to take the honor away from him, he said: "The victory is great. There is honor enough for us all."

Admiral Schley received another ovation when he rose to speak. He said: "The invitation conveyed to me from this legislature, forwarded to Washington by your estimable governor, to visit the great commonwealth of Minnesota, is an honor beyond price. Coming, as it did from the legislature of one of our great states, it is a distinction of priceless worth. Signifying as it did your esteem and approval, it afforded me great gratification. I am glad to stand in your presence to thank you from the bottom of my heart for this great honor. As a bond of affection between your people and myself, it will stand in the archives of the state and will always be to me and mine an honor coveted by many and achieved by few. Minnesota's record is worthy. Her share in the councils of the nation has been honorable. Her troops in the field have been an example of soldierly conduct, and her First Minnesota regiment was one of the banner regiments of the great civil war. The resolution and invitation coming from such a people, bears the stamp of approval which I shall carry in my memory all my days. I thank you again for this inestimable privilege. In coming through your state I saw many evidences of your push and energy. If anything that I have been able to do has added to your prestige it has been because I tried to follow the teachings of that grand old patriot, David Glasgow Farragut, whose motto was, 'Duty, and the love of country, though it costs one his life.'"

Governor Van Sant was next introduced, and he said in part: "You do well to pause in the midst of your duties and pay your respects to our honored guest. He stands the peer of any admiral or captain in our great navy. The victory of Santiago endeared him to the hearts of the people, and nowhere has he warmer friends than in Minnesota."

Lieutenant Governor Jones followed, and he said: "Admiral Schley does not come to us as a stranger. All are familiar with the heroic acts that he has performed for our country. His patriotism is an inspiration to our youth; his citizenship is an honor to the country. Admiral Schley, we welcome you to this state, and I know I voice the minds and wishes of all the people when I say that you deserve the honors that are being showered upon you in the beautiful sunset of your noble life."

Senator Moses E. Clapp was called for, and he said that, while he was in no mood to make a speech, he would say that the three distinguished men that had been entertained by the legislature this winter were eminent not in themselves but because they represent, in their respective spheres, the highest type and embodiment of American citizenship. All history reminds us that while in the foreground is a picture of battle, in the backgrounds is that power that shapes the destinies of nations. President Roosevelt is distinguished because in private life he stands for all that is great and good in American citizenship. Our distinguished guest of today has enscribed his name high on honor's roll, because he stands for all that is good and brave in the American navy. While these men have become great because they are capable Americans, this is a world of compensation, and it is fitting and wise, therefore, that we in our turn should have the opportunity to receive inspiration from their lives while we pause to do them honor.

Col. A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, who is Admiral Schley's companion, was called for, and he responded very briefly, simply thanking the legislature and paying a tribute to Minnesota in war or peace, saying that at Gettysburg her troops filled a Thermopylae.

SENT BRIDE HOME

After Day's Honeymoon and Is Now Wanted.

Maysville, Ky., April 9.—Charles J. Winkler, who married Miss Tola Orr, of this city, last Thursday, is a badly wanted individual. According to information from Frankfort, Ky., he had a wife in that city at the time of his marriage to Miss Orr. He is a telegraph operator, and came here in the employ of the C. & O. railroad. Miss Orr had known him only three weeks before their marriage. She was night operator at the local telephone exchange, and in this way formed his acquaintance. After their marriage the two went to Ashland, but Winkler sent his young bride back home next day, telling her she could join him when he got settled in a new position at Louisville. When last heard from he was in that city. J. B. Orr, brother of the bride, left for Frankfort to aid in running Winkler down.

A Spring and Summer Tonic.

Go to the glorious mountains of Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky" and "Sapphire Country," a natural paradise at all times of the year, a pleasant spot, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation. For temperature and climate it is unexcelled. Reached by the Southern railway.

Write for descriptive book of "The Land of the Sky," mailed free upon application to J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Kickapoo Oil

Kickapoo Indian Oil is guaranteed to stop all pain. It is cooling, soothing and wonderfully healing. Even a dangerous burn, scald, bruise or bump loses its terrors if bathed in Kickapoo Oil. It is justly called the favorite family liniment because it stops all kinds of muscular and nervous pain so speedily and surely. Every household should keep a bottle on hand as protection against accidents.

A Popular Minneapolis Musician Lays His Recovery from a Terrible Accident to Kickapoo Oil.

J. C. BLAIR, President of the Minneapolis Glee Club.

"About eleven months ago my whole left side was burned through an explosion. I came near losing my life, but escaped. Fortunately I had a part of a bottle of Kickapoo Oil in the house, which was at once applied, and it gave great relief from the agony I endured. I was matted in cloths dipped in the Oil, and soon the wounds began to heal. I used fourteen bottles in five weeks, but thanks to the grand medicine my recovery was perfect and comparatively painless.

"This remarkable recovery against odds has secured hundreds of friends for Kickapoo Oil, and I feel it deserves richly all the high praise it gets."

J. C. BLAIR,
1214 14th St., South, Minneapolis, Minn.

25 Cents a Bottle at all Druggists.

Moving and Storage.

The Old Reliable

DULUTH VAN CO.

210 W. Sup. St. 'PHONES: Old 492, Zenith 767

Peachey & Lounsberry,

New Address Providence Bldg.
Zenith 336; Duluth 166-5.

The Printers

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

50 CENTS a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Furniture.

Mere cheapness has never been the standard of this furniture store.

Cheap it must be, however—meaning by that the best possible values at the various prices; the cheapness that means economy—not the cheapness that means wastefulness.

Every article of furniture that you can possibly need you will find here in its most attractive form and priced lower than you hear quoted elsewhere for it in its most ordinary form.

See the following price pointers—

Chiffonier, $5.75.

Like cut—made of solid hardwood—golden finish—is 33 inches wide, 20 inches deep, 4 feet high — has neatly carved back—5 drawers. Its equal would be priced by other dealers at $9.50. We sell it for—

$5.75

All goods sold on monthly payments.

Leather Couches, $23.50.

Like cut, golden oak panel, well and substantially made, entire spring construction of steel, tufted with clinch buttons. Other dealers would ask $35.00 for an equal value. We sell it for $23.50.

Imitation Leather Couch, $12 50.

Upholstered in Pantasote—buttons fastened with clinch pins — frame work golden oak—an excellent couch for the money. The ordinary store would consider it a bargain at $16. Only **$12.50**

Easter Sale Jardinieres.

5-inch Jardinieres, assorted colors 8c
8-inch Jardinieres, assorted colors 15c
7-inch fine glazed Jardinieres, assorted colors.. 38c
8-inch fine glazed Jardinieres, assorted colors.. 48c
9-inch fine glazed Jardinieres, assorted colors.. 58c

A fine assortment of beautiful Jardinieres in Tokonak, Utopian, Henri Duex wares—also in Oriental and hand decorated pieces.

Also a full line of plain diamond Glass Vases—all sizes—10-inch size at 35c.

CLASS IS LARGE

Fifty-Five Masons Receive the Thirty-Second Degree.

Annual Maundy Thursday Banquet to Conclude Ceremonies.

Today—Maundy Thursday—is a memorable occasion for the Duluth Masonic fraternity.

This afternoon a class of fifty-five candidates took their thirty-second degree with a ceremony said to have been unprecedented in its impressiveness.

Mayor Hugo, a thirty-third degree mason, was the venerable master of this ceremony. The music for the occasion was rendered by Flaaten's entire orchestra, a vocal chorus of more than a hundred voices selected from the Central High School Musical society and the St. Paul's Episcopal church choir and the Masonic quartet.

The Masons taking the thirty-second degree were:

W. T. Bray.	M. J. Bryan.
Phillip Bayha.	W. H. Crowe.
W. H. Congdon, Jr.	A. F. Flora.
James Gray.	W. C. Gilbert.
C. Hewett.	J. W. Hilliard.
O. W. Kankel.	J. G. Harris.
T. E. Lewis.	J. L. Kimball.
M. M. Ghent.	G. H. Lounsberry.
H. H. Stone.	W. H. Suffel.
John Saarl.	E. J. Stenewald.
H. B. Sturdevant	John Thomas.
Charles Trezona.	R. Toms.
J. A. Watterworth	L. H. Whipple.
W. H. Wilson.	R. Wagner.
G. H. Vivian.	R. L. Dyser.
J. A. McCurdy.	C. H. Carhart.
A. B. Johnson.	August Johnson.
R. H. Rathbun.	D. W. Lund.
Frederick Lerch.	George Lerch.
B. A. Martin.	P. Mitchell.
J. B. Mayer.	R. J. Macfarlane.
J. H. Nelson.	D. McNeil.
D. C. MacKenzie.	W. F. Pellenz.
J. C. Poole.	F. D. Patton.
F. Reynolds.	D. C. Rood.
J. A. Robb.	C. J. Stewart.
J. Sehlhus.	P. H. Seymour.
M. Salberg.	

The week of Masonic work will end this evening with the annual Maundy Thursday banquet at the Spalding hotel, for which covers will be laid for more than three hundred prominent local and visiting Masons.

BREAD FAMINE

In the Steerage of an Ocean Liner.

New York, April 9.—The Red Star line steamer Southwark, Capt. Dann, arrived at its dock from Antwerp after a passage of fifteen days, in which it encountered terrific weather. Gale after gale came in constant succession. Because of the delay there was a bread famine in the steerage, according to the passengers. On the second day of the famine the steerage passengers entered the second saloon pantry and looted it. After this the second cabin was compelled to give up part of its rations to the steerage. Chief Steward Orchardson said it was true he had no bread for the steerage after nine days, and added:

"It was not my fault. I wanted to stock the ship with sufficient rations."

He would not say who prevented him from doing this. The steerage passengers said they only had potatoes and carrots for food the last three days. Passengers insisted that the Southwark's engines were not in condition to go to sea.

Clement A. Griscom, Jr., manager of the Interantional Navigation company, when asked concerning the truth of the report that the Southwark was short of rations, said:

"The vessel could have stayed out two weeks longer with the provisions it had on board and no one would have been stinted. I questioned the chief steward of the vessel as soon as it arrived and learned from him that there was an ample supply of rations."

Mr. Griscom said he had received no complaints from any of the passengers on their having been stinted.

Buy your Easter shoes at the Brockton Shoe company. The best $2.50 and $3.50 shoes are always to be found here.

NEWS OF THE STORES

Beautiful Easter Novelties Which Duluth's Best Stores Tell of In Today's Advertising Columns.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.—Rich showing of the better kinds of Easter merchandise in every department.

Panton & White Co.—Special two-hour sale of wall papers and paints.

Freimuth's—Friday bargains in house wrappers, garden seeds and basement supplies.

Gray-Tallant Co.—Friday bargains in walking skirts, toilet needs and other seasonable merchandise.

G. C. Steele Co.—Special values in baby carriages, dining tables, Stewart ranges, carpets and rugs.

Spicer-Fanning Co. (West Superior)—Elaborate showing of correct styles in ladies' suits, costumes and wraps for Easter.

French & Bassett—Paricular bargains in chiffoniers, leather couches. Easter sale of jardiniers, carpets and rugs.

M. S. Burrows—Display of exclusive novelties in Easter neckwear, Easter hats, Easter shirts and white vests.

C. W. Erickson—Special values in fine Easter suits and hats.

The Hub—Handsome exhibit and special sale of confirmation suits for boys, and fine clothing and furnishings for men.

M. Henrickson Jewelry Co.—Fine display of Masonic 32nd degree and Knight Templar charms and rings.

Bayha & Co.—Everything in house furnishings at best of values on easy payments.

Bon Ton Candy Kitchen—Display of decorated eggs and good things for Easter.

"Saved My Life and Kept Me from Insane Asylum."

Mrs. Wilcox Is Now in Perfect Health Through No Other Agency Than

Paine's Celery Compound

The absolute need of an honest and genuine invigorator and health giver in the spring season is deeply impressed on the mind of every thinking and intelligent man and woman.

The happy cure of Mrs. J. E. Wilcox, of Winters, Cal., through the use of Paine's Celery Compound, created widespread astonishment and joy amongst her friends and neighbors who were exceedingly anxious regarding her condition.

The best medical treatment failed even to give Mrs. Wilcox a few days of relief from her sufferings of mind and body. At last, Paine's Celery Compound saved her from a terrible end and planted her feet firmly on the rock of health.

Read Mrs. Wilcox's letter of testimony, dear reader, and if you remain obdurate and unbelieving after such an earnest and convincing confession of cure, nothing but a direct act of Providence can snatch you from the dangers and perils of your position. Mrs. Wilcox says:

"I feel it my duty to tell you what Paine's Celery Compound did for me. Some years ago my head troubled me so that it seemed I should be crazy. It was caused by overstudy. I asked the advice of two doctors who gave me medicine to no effect, and I did not know what I would do. I did not want to see any one, everything seemed so strange. I had a tired, lagging feeling, my bowels were out of order, my kidneys troubled me, and I felt badly, but before I had taken half of one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound I felt like a new person. Four bottles cured me, and I would recommend it to all who feel the way I did. I can't praise it half enough, for I know it saved my life and kept me from imprisonment in an insane asylum, which is as bad as death."

THE COURT OF APPEALS DECIDES AGAINST NORTHERN SECURITIES.

(Continued from page 1.)

to intend what is the necessary consequence of his own acts when done willfully and deliberately, we must conclude that those who conceived and executed the plan aforesaid, intended, among other things, to accomplish these objects."

On the point whether the present case comes within the inhibition of the anti-trust act the court discusses the meaning of the word trust in the act, and adds that congress "was careful to declare that a combination in any other form, if in restraint of interstate trade or commerce, that is, if it directly occasioned or effected such restraint, should likewise be deemed illegal.

Moreover, in cases arising under the act it has been held by the highest judicial authority in the nation, and its opinion has been reiterated in no uncertain tone, that the act applies to interstate carriers of freight and passengers as well as to all other persons, natural or artificial; that the words "in restraint of trade or commerce" do not mean in unreasonable or partial restraint of trade or commerce, but any direct restraint thereof; that an agreement between competing railroads which requires them to act in concert in fixing the rate for the carriage of passengers or freight over their respective lines from one state to another, and which, by that means, restricts temporarily the right of such carriers to name such rates for the carriage of such freight or passengers over its road, as it pleases is a contract in direct restraint of commerce within the meaning of the act, in that it tends to prevent competition; that it matters not whether, while acting under such a contract, the rate fixed is reasonable or unreasonable, the vice of such a contract or combination being that it confers that power to establish unreasonable rates and directly restrains commerce by placing obstacles in the way of free and unrestricted competition between carriers who are natural rivals for patronage and finally, that congress has the power, under the grant of authority contained in federal constitution to regulate commerce, to say that no contract or combination shall be legal which shall restrain interstate trade or commerce by shutting off the operation of the general law of competition."

Under these propositions it is also held that if the stock had been entrusted to one person, with instructions how to vote it, the "result would have been a combination in direct restraint of interstate commerce,' because it gave power to suppress competition.

The organization of the Securities company, it is held, "accomplishes the the object, which congress has denounced as illegal, more effectually" than by other methods, and continues:

"So far as the New Jersey charter is concerned, the question broadly stated, which the court has to determine, is whether a charter granted by a state can be used to defeat the will of the national legislature as expressed in a law relating to interstate trade and commerce over which congress has absolute control. Presumptively, at least, no charter granted by a state is intended by the state to have that effect or to be used for such a purpose, and in the present instant it is clear that the state of New Jersey did not intend to grant a charter under cover of which an object denounced by congress as unlawful, namely, a condition conferring the power to restrain interstate commerce, might be formed and maintained because the enabling act under wdhich the Securities company was organized, expressly declares that three or more persons may avail themselves of the provisions of the act and "become a corporation for any lawful purpose." Laws of New Jersey, 1899, page 473. This language is not merely perfunctory. It, means, obviously, that whatever powers the incorporators saw fit to assume they must hold and exercise for the accomplishment of lawful objects. The words in question operate, therefore, as a limitation upon all the powers enumerated in the articles of association which were filed by the promoters of the Securities company, so that however extensive and comprehensive these powers may seem to be, the state of New Jersey has said, you shall not exercise them so as to set at defiance any statute lawfully enacted by congress of the United States or any statute lawfully enacted by any state wherein you see fit to exercise your powers."

The contention that whatever restraint upon interstate commerce there may be is indirect and remote, and therefore not to be forbidden by congress, is not found to be well sustained. The contention that, if the existing combination is in violation of the anti-trust act, then that act unduly restricts the rights of the individual to make contracts and is invalid, is declared to be entitled to little consideration. The court says:

"The provision of the constitution does not, as we believe, exclude congress from legislating with regard to contracts of the above nature while in the exercise of its constitutional right to regulate commerce among the states. On the contrary, we think the provision regarding the liberty of the citizen is to some extent limited by the commerce clause of the constitution, and that the power of congress to regulate interstate commerce comprises the right to enact a law prohibiting the citizen from entering into those private contracts which directly, and substantially, and not merely indirectly, remotely, incidentally and collaterally, regulate to a greater or less degree commerce among the states."

The further contentions that the anti-trust law was not intended for such combinations as this, that this combination had been consummated before the bill was filed, and was in reality in aid of commerce and not to restrain it, are held to be clearly untenable as to the first point, and that the second point is "a novel, not to say, absurd interpretation of the anti-trust act," and as to the last contention it is said to be possible, but not a matter for the decision of the court.

The decree is then entered as already given above. Circuit Judges Caldwell, Sanborn, Thayer and Van Devanter heard the case and all concurred in the opinion, which was written by Judge Thayer and filed in the United States circuit court of appeals in this city.

The defendants are the Northern Securities company, the Northern Pacific Railroad company, the Great Northern Railroad company, James J. Hill, William P. Clough, D. Willis James, John S. Kennedy, J. Pierpont Morgan, Robert Bacon, George F. Baker and Daniel Lamont.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.
Write for our offer.
THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Furniture Economy!

No wonder furniture buyers are coming here in ever increasing numbers. We know of no collection of furniture anywhere that is as well assorted or as satisfactory to the customer as the magnificent *spring styles* which we are now showing.

Every article of furniture that you can possibly need you can find here in its most attractive form and at a much lower figure than others ask for inferior pieces.

Remember, we have not only **one** floor—but six large stories all crowded with the newest styles in furniture and housefurnishings.

Baby Carriage Time!

You have the baby and we have the carriages, never before have we shown such pretty styles and priced them so low.

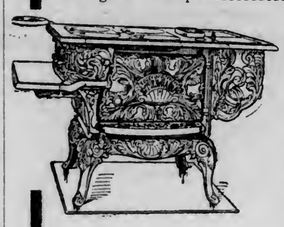
Adjustable Cart, like the picture at the left, a very dainty design, beautifully woven. Sides, seat and back have removable cushions, springs are the best tempered steel, enameled green. Large wheels with rubber tires and foot brake. Parasol of sateen, with double ruffle. This cart specially priced at **$9.50**

Small **Folding Carts** with rubber tires—they double up flat—so small they can easily be taken on a street car. **Price** **$2.98**

Dining Tables!

We've lately received an entire car load of extension tables made by one of the best Michigan table factories—such a line of **good tables** at such **low prices** was never exhibited here before. We mention two styles solid oak square table, with heavy fluted leg and highly polished top—notice how the legs are set in from the corners, giving it the appearance of a table worth twice our price of **$4.98**

Golden oak **round table**, very heavy and has massive pillar center, with spreading feet—beautifully polished top with underneath locks to keep it tightly closed when not extended. Others ask $20.00 for not so good. Our price **$13.50**



No Steel Range Like

The Stewart

Quality counts in a steel range—hundreds of satisfied customers testify to the high quality of the Stewart—1903 styles are beyond comparison—nothing but the heaviest material is used in their construction. **We guarantee every stove that leaves our store.**

As quick, perfect bakers the Stewart can't be beaten: as fuel savers we recommend the Stewart as the best. Stewart Steel Ranges, with high warming closets cost, according to size, from ..... **$26 to $90**

For the ones who want an inexpensive stove we make a special offering of our "Grand" Stewart of cast iron, with extra large oven and fire box constructed to burn any kind of fuel, only **$19.50**—with porcelain lined reservoir. **$24**

Furniture and Baby Carriages. | Rugs and Carpets. | Draperies and Lace Curtains. | China and Glassware | Stoves and House Furnishings

No matter what your purchase is *your credit is good.*

TERMS MADE TO SUIT YOU!

The G. C. Steele Co.

226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth cars will commence running through the Jenswold street subway Sunday morning.

The track has been completed with the exception of a litle ballasting. It is connected at the eastern end, and the connection at Thirty-ninth avenue will probably be made early Sunday morning.

The change of route will save but two minutes in the running time between Duluth and West Duluth, but it will be much easier for the motormen to run their cars on time than it is at present, as the allowance of but two minutes for the round about way calls for much faster running.

With the change of route six extra cars will be added to the West Duluth service, giving a six-minute service. Three extra cars will be put on the West Fourth street run and these will run to Fortieth avenue west.

The Woodland and East Fourth street lines will continue running along West Superior street to Twenty-sixth avenue, giving the West End a much better service han it ever enjoyed before.

Rails are being unloaded at a siding near Thirty-ninth avenue for the Grand avenue extension, and it is expected the work of laying them will be commenced as soon as the work at Jenswold street is completed.

BALL TEAM PRACTICE.

The first practice of the West Duluth ball team will be held this afternoon on the grounds at the head of Fifty-second avenue.

The fine weather of the past few days has put the grounds in excellent condition, and the game scheduled for Sunday will undoubtedly be pulled off unless wet weather intervenes. The soil is sandy in its nature and the water quickly soaks up.

The game is being looked forward to with much interest by the West Duluth fans, as it is the first appearance of the team, and several of the members are unknown quantities.

COMMERCIAL CLUB.

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold its regular meeting tomorrow evening. It is likely that the question of the proposed Cass Lake land office will be brought before the meeting and a motion condemning the plan passed. The feeling in West Duluth against the move is strong and a resolution will be forwarded to the authorities who have the question of the boundaries of the new district in charge.

HIS DOGS UNLUCKY.

A dog belonging to L. S. Neumann, of Kastriner & Neumann, was run over by a street car yesterday and had to be shot. The dog was a thoroughbred and valuable from a monetary standpoint as well as for sentimental reasons. This is the second dog Mr. Neumann has lost in this way.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Strictly hand-made longshoremen's, drivers' and workingmen's shoes at Lauermann's.

Bert Meagher will leave for Deer River this afternoon for a short visit with relatives in that city.

Fred Ires, of Itasca county has moved to West Duluth and will make this city his home in future.

T. Nablaska has returned from the range, where he spent the winter months.

Boys' shoes at Lauermann's.

Mrs. J. A. Kirkwood is seriously ill at her home, 631 Fifty-seventh avenue.

A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gauthier, of 4713 Oneota street.

U. C. Tower, of New Duluth, is in the city today.

E. T. Geraser, chemist for the Minnesota Iron company, has moved his family to Hibbing.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Birran, of Sixty-second avenue and Bristol street.

A number of West Duluth Masons are planning to attend the Maundy Thursday Masonic banquet this evening, when several of them will receive the thirty-second degree.

Miss Bessie Henderson, of Superior, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Hanchette, of West Duluth.

Services will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m., conducted by the pastor, Rev. O. M. Savig.

Mrs. A. L. Weever is visiting friends in Chicago.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

M. E. Olderfield, of Detroit, is a business visitor in West Duluth.

A. B. Gerard, of Minneapolis, who has been in West Duluth for the past few days has returned to his home.

Piso's Cure—40 years on the market, and still the best for Coughs and Colds. 25c per bottle.

Heavy Discount

On men's spring suits—broken lots—carried over since last season; excellent values; come and make your selection while they last.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

WILL USE AUTOS

As an Adjunct to Trolley Railroading.

New York, April 9.—Charles A. Singer, president of the New York & Standard Trolley road, has decided to introduce the automobile as an adjunct to modern railroading. He will use a machine capable of a speed of forty-five miles an hour in patrolling the trolley tracks from Larchmont to Sound Beach, a distance of twenty-five miles.

Mr. Singer found that last summer, while his road was carrying thousands of people to the beaches, the cars would frequently break down and stall the entire line. A telephone system was established on the line for the use of the motormen of the belated cars so they could telephone to the power house for the assistance of the wrecking crew. Mr. Singer thinks that the automobile idea is even better than the telephone.

Over 50 years ago. Doctors took right hold of it. Keep their hold yet. The oldest, best Sarsaparilla—Ayer's. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ANTI-NORMAL SCHOOL BILL IN THE SENATE

(Continued from page 1.)

fore being permitted to sell stock in this state was killed. The committee on mines and mining reported it for indefinite postponement, and Senator Wilson's attempt to have the committee report reversed failed.

Another bill that the senate killed this morning was that permitting the Minnesota Sugar Refining company to bring suit against the state to test its right to the bounties for beet sugar claimed by it under the bounty law. It claims $20,000 in bounties, and the state auditor has held up its bill. The legislature has refused to appropriate money to pay it, and as it now refuses to let the company sue, it will probably have to go without its money.

Senator Johnson's bill to suspend the certificates of teachers that break contracts to teach was passed after a fight in the senate.

The house committee on appropriations reported for passage Senator Ferris' bill providing for a sanitarium for consumptives at Walker, after amending the bill so as to cut out the appropriation. The funds for the sanitarium, if the bill passes, will be cared for in the omnibus appropriation bill.

Ole Peterson's bill creating a state highway commission was killed.

Senator Stephens' bill allowing the investment of the state school funds in county drainage bonds was passed by the house. Both houses adjourned to this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

MONDAY, April 13, Mr. Jack Campbell, complete, in Hoyt's greatest play,

A Trip to Chinatown.

A complete production of the best of all the Hoyt farces. Pretty girls, dazzling costumes, special scenery, catchy music
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Shirts...
White, colored and negligee. We show a complete stock embracing all new styles.

We Call Special Attention

to our spring display of boys' and little fellows' clothing which we carry in a great variety of styles and materials. There is nothing slighted—even the buttons are sewed on more. *For little fellows* our suits which are so popular just now—they come in serges and cheviots—both plain and braided styles—and also with separate collars of wash materials. Exceptional Easter bargains will prevail here for tomorrow.

The Hub
ONE PRICE
107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Easter Wear For the Boys!

Express Wagons, Base Balls, Bats and Mitts FREE in our Boys' Dept.

Confirmation Suits, - $3 to $15
Boys' 3-piece Suits, - $4 to $10
Boys' Knee Pant Suits, $1 to $8
Boys' Vestee Suits, $1.85 to $7.50
Boys' Top Coats, - - $4 to $6
Boys' Knee Pants, 15c to $1.50

Boys' Furnishings, Boys' Hats and Caps, Boys' Shoes.

Easter Shoes.

A pair of our unmatchable Ralston Shoes is the correct thing for Easter.

Gentlemen's New Spring Suits ..... $8 to $25
Gentlemen's Spring Top Coats ..... $7 to $28
Gentlemen's Spring Trousers..... $2 to $7

You will not be satisfied "with any old thing" to wear—you want elegant materials, nobby styles and good fit. Prices no higher than others ask for "ordinary" clothing.

Easter Hats!

New and correct styles. Special values at—

$2.00 $2.50 and $3.00

SMITH IS WISE

Enough to Hold on to His Two Million Dollars.

Will Marry a Pretty Widow With Two Small Children.

Springfield, Mass., April 9.—An army of get-rich-quick agents and life insurance men have descended upon the home of Charles Smith, a millionaire, who until a few days ago has worked for day wages. Not one was successful and a more disappointed aggregation of canvassers never wended its way through Union street.

"Banks are good enough 'sure things' for me," was the answer which Smith made to the importunities of his visitors. "I would have been in the poor house years ago if I had begun spending my money in accordance with twentieth century ideas," said Mr. Smith. "I am 53 years old, and have always had perfect health. Hasn't that been sufficient enjoyment without squandering the money I may need later. Work, work, work, that is the secret of happiness. Why, I would as soon work as sleep, and sleep is so dear to me that I make four or five hours of it suffice for a day.

"Smoking is my only vice. I prefer a pipe, because a 5-cent package of tobacco outlasts a good many cigars. My intended wife, however, prefers cigars to a pipe. I am going to plant three acres of tobacco on my farm this season, and next winter I will smoke cigars of my own making, as they won't cost me anything, you see. I have no use for drink and I won't tolerate even cider. When I take possession of my farm I shall cut down every cider apple tree on the place."

Smith has lived in Hartford, Conn., during his minority with an aunt, Mrs. Sarah Wells. "One of the salt of the earth," is his characterization of the woman who shaped his youthful ideas.

"She cured me of lying. Once I told her an untruth and she broke a broom over my back. I never wanted to lie again. I would not tell a lie today even in jest. When my aunt didn't like anything she let me know it. If she were here now and disapproved of something I did she would cuff my ears. I think as much of a quarter today as I ever did. I never spend a cent without thinking of what it represents.

"Farming is good enough for me and I know the ins and outs of the business and can make a success. I don't know the first thing about keeping store, running a mill, or dabbling in stocks, and if I attempted to acquire experience in these lines, toward which I have no bent, it would cost me all the money I put in. Then I would go to the poorhouse and people would laugh at me.

"Am I in love? Well, a little woman I know has caused me to spend more money than I ever did in my life before. I have got $2,000,000 in the bank and I am going to draw out $30,000. I expect to take possession of my farm on Feeding Hills, six miles from here, next week. There ought to be money in producing milk, and I shall keep eighteen cows and cut my own hay. Will I be a gentleman farmer? Not on your natural—that is, not in the generally accepted sense of the term. If getting up at 4 in the morning the year round and working until 9 at night and minding my own business constitutes a gentleman farmer, why I'll be one."

Smith is a typical Yankee. He is one of medium stature, stoops slightly and has brown hair with a thin, sandy moustache. He says he is 33 years of age, but he looks 40. Mrs. Timothy Dooley, the pretty widow whom he is to marry, is 28. She has two small children.

Mrs. Dooley is enamoured with the piano which Smith bought her a few days ago and enjoys the notoriety which has been thrust upon her.

"He's the queerest man you ever saw," said Mrs. Dooley, in speaking of her uture husband. "He never loved until he met me," she added.

Be particular as you please about your shirts, the Cluett-Peabody kind will satisfy you.

Cluett Shirts, $1.50 up.
Monarch Shirts, $1.00.
Cluett, Peabody & Co.

The Blake Hat.

Just a trifle better than the next best. A Duluth enterprise. Push it along.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Rainbow Trout Fry to Be Planted In Streams.

Houghton—The Houghton County Rod and Gun club on April 15 will receive a consignment of rainbow and brook trout fry to be planted in the streams of Houghton county. The club has arranged to distribute the fry in Cele's creek, Pilgrim, Otter, Pike, Bruneau, Elm, Graveriat, Salmon, Trout, Misery, Fire-Steel, Flint-Steel and Sleeping rivers. These fish are great feeders and attain a weight of from 12 to 15 pounds—although the avragee is from 5 to 9 pounds—and are very gamy.

Escanaba—The Northwestern Railway company has begun work as Escanaba on the construction of a plant for the purpose of applying the zinc-tannin preservative treatment to railway ties, bridge timbers, telegraph poles and other timber and lumber. The plant will occupy an area of 720 by 1200 feet and will be built south of the new ore dock nearing completion at North Escanaba. Besides an office building there will be seven buildings of various sizes, five miles of standard track, one mile of tramway, five water tanks and one chloride tank, 30 by 20 feet. Ties are stacked two months to dry, if this time can be allowed, but they are sometimes sent direct to the treating plant, although in such cases the effect of tratmnete is not so good. After treatment they may be shipped at once. About thirty men will be required to operate the plant during the day, most of these being engaged in loading and unloading ties. At night five or six men will be required for charging and emptying the retorts.

Iron Mountain—Iron Mountain has long been noted for its many cows of athletic endowments. Cows that were eable to climb over five-foot fences in order to get into somebody's garden and then climb out again; cows that would unlock a gate, no matter what kind of a lock was used, and, it is said, cows that would even climb through windows of woodsheds in order to reach a coveted garden, have long been common there, but the star among them all was recently discovered at the Hamilton shaft. The men about to go down after dinner were amazed to see a lone cow calmly standing at the high end of the 40-foot trestle, gazing around the surrounding country. How the animal ever reached its high and perilous position is not known, but it is supposed she climbed up over the ore at the stockpile. When the men came up at night ehe cow had disappeared. How it got down without injuring itself, unless it flew, is likewise a mystery.

Menominee—The police force of Menominee has been busy for the past few days inviting the spring influx of bums to move back over the creek. In the past week or two about 100 globe-trotters have been forced to leave the city, and Chief of Police English says that he does not intend to allow a single one to remain as long as a minute if he knows it. Every bum that strikes the city is immediately asked to step across to the other side of the river in a lively manner, and is followed until he has complied with the request. But what is the poor knight of the tin-can to do? No sooner does he cross the boundary line than he is met by the law preservers of Marinette, who in turn tell him that he is not wanted there and asked to get out of the state without any needless waste of time, and he is compelled to again return to Menominee. Between the two fires the lot of the tramp is indeed a hard one.

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

THE DRUG HABIT!

Is responsible for thousands of nervous wrecks.
The debility begins with a feeling that something terrible is about to happen.
Then come the wasting of the muscles, the decay of the brain, indigestion and insomnia.
The eyes and cheeks become sunken.
As fearful as the effects of opiates and excesses are, they can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

rarely fail to overcome this condition.
People who had considered their cases hopeless, are to-day?
Look Them.
your physical qualities which make men and women happy—and all thro' the curative results of this remedy.
Your money back if it fails—but it seldom does.
50 cents a box, 12 for $5. Guaranteed.
Book Free.
The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

DENIED BY ALLISON

That He Ever Suggested That Reciprocity Is Impracticable.

Last Prop Knocked From Beneath the "Stand-Pat" Element.

Dubuque, Iowa, April 9.—Senator Allison in an interview said he never suggested that the policy of reciprocity should be abandoned as impracticable, but he had stated in a general way that reciprocity by means of reciprocal trade treaties which required a two-thirds majority of the senate for ratification and afterward the approval of congress, seemed from experience to be impracticable, and he had cited as examples the difficulty in securing the ratification or even the consideration in the senate of the reciprocity treaties made by President McKinley under the fourth section of the Dingley law of 1897.

"These treaties," said the senator, continuing his discussion of the Washington interview, "were opposed on the ground that if agreed to the effect would be to reduce the duty on many articles below the standpoint of protection to our own producers and thereby impair many of our manufacturing industries and impair, if not destroy, production in some lines of agriculture. Thus the treaty with France was opposed on the ground that it provided for reducing duties upon manufactured articles largely produced in our own country below the point of fair protection. It was opposed also on the further ground that France did not give us sufficient compensation.

The treaty with the Argentine republic was opposed on similar grounds. The wool growers of many of the Western states contended that some of these treaties would greatly injure the fruit production in California, Florida and several of the Southern states. Hence these interests or those representing them were hostile to the ratification of these treaties. Thus all these treaties failed in the committee or in the senate by non-action. The failure of these treaties is certainly indicative of the difficulties in the way of securing favorable action by a two-thirds vote in the senate.

"In a limited way this power was given to the president in the McKinley law of 1890 and again in the Dingley law of 1897 and worked very well. This power could be further extended and applied in any future revision of the tariff with advantage to us and to the countries with which such arrangements would be made.

"I regard the policy of reciprocity by direct legislation or by giving power in certain specified cases to the president as a most valuable adjunct to the policy of protection and as an important means whereby we can extend our markets to foreign countries and whereby we can acquire new markets in countries with which we have now little or no trade, and it may be that the treaty making power can be so used as to avoid the objections found in the case of the McKinley treaties and still afford all needed protection to our industries and labor though, as I have stated, there seem to be serious difficulties in the way of this method.

"The policy of reciprocity which has so often received the sanction of the Republican party is not to be abandoned. There is a general public opinion favoring this policy and it will in the future find expression in state or national Republican platforms substantially as in all state and national platforms since 1890. Before such declarations it was a part of the general tariff policy of the Republican party, as shown by treaties made by Republican administrations before that time."

Des Moines, Iowa, April 9.—In a clear-cut interview Senator Allison has placed himself squarely in favor of reciprocity, and has confirmed the statement of his views given out by Governor Cummins on Sunday.

The senator's declaration knocks the last prop from beneath the "stand-pat" element who have been representing Allison as opposing reciprocity.

As if this were not enough, J. W. Blythe, of Burlington, has come out in a statement in which he indorses the position of Cummins and urges harmony in the party with a state platform written by Allison.

CHANGES IN THE SEA LEVEL

Near New York City Shown By Geological Survey.

Washington, April 9.—Of the many geologic facts and observations stated in the New York city geologic folio, No. 83, just issued by the United States geological survey, the most interesting, perhaps, are those relating to comparatively recent changes in the sea level near the city.

In the work just mentioned, which can be procured by sending 50 cents to the director of the United States geological survey, Washington, D. C., the geological history of New York and its vicinity is discussed at great length, and is illustrated by numerous maps and pictures. As told by the authors, the history commences far back in the ages before life existed on the earth; but, as with ordinary history, the earlier portions of geologic history are enveloped in much obscurity. The later portions of the record are, on the other hand, comparatively easy to read, and much of interest to the New Yorker has been discovered by this study.

Some tens of thousands of years ago the greater part of the state of New York was covered by an immense glacier, similar in character to those now found in Switzerland and Alaska, but immensely greater in area and thickness. This ice sheet had gathered up in its course large quantities of sand, gravel, and mud. Part of this burden was pushed before the ice mass, and as the front of the glacier came to rest in the latitude of the city, the material pushed ahead of it was deposited there. When the glacier disappeared, owing to the coming on of a warmer climate, the mass of material deposited along its front became the familiar rounded hills of Long Island—the so-called backbone of the island.

After the disappearance of the ice sheet the land in the vicinity of the city sank, so that the sea covered points now 100 feet above tide level. During this period of submergence the great brick-clay beds along the Hudson river were deposited. The traveler on the Central or the West Shore road can now see these beds—near Croton Landing or Haverstraw, for example—far above the railroad tracks; but they were all formed under water.

The next event in the history was, on the contrary, a gradual rising of the land until it stood considerably higher than at present. This was followed by a sinking, just as gradual, which is still in progress. Along the coast of Long Island and New Jersey, for example, tree stumps may be seen under water, and it is known that these have been covered by the sea within very recent times and that the encroachment of the sea on the land is still going on.

Many other subjects of interest are discussed in this folio, which is without doubt the most interesting contribution to New York local geology ever published.

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

SIDE TRIPS ARE PLANNED

Afternoons of N. E. A. Convention to Be Given to Excursions.

Winona, Minn., April 9.—Dr. Irwin Shepard, secretary of the National Educational association, has returned from a trip to Washington, New York and Boston for the purpose of completing arrangements for the annual convention to be held at Boston next July. He reports that the local executive committee in Boston has made extensive plans for accommodating a large attendance, which is estimated will be from 15,000 to 20,000. Transportation lines are extending unusual facilities in the way of stopovers at central points like Montreal, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia and Washington, but not New York, and providing for attractive side trips from these points and also from Boston after the convention. It is the first time on record that a one-fare rate to Boston, plus the membership fee of $2, has been made in which an extension of time limit during the summer months to Sept. 1 has been allowed.

Beautiful souvenir guides to points of historical interest, Dr. Shepard says, are being prepared and will be distributed without cost to members.

All the afternoons of the convention are to be given up to excursions to points of interest in and about Boston under the leadership of competent guides. The aim of the management is to furnish the teachers with the very best foundation for the study of historical and literary Boston. All meetings will be held in the vicinity of Copley square, the new Old South church being the center of the department meetings.

President Eliot, of Harvard university is perfecting the programs of the general sessions and of the seventeen departments. These will provide for forty-five independent sessions, at each of which there will be two or three papers and discussions.

The correspondence at the office of Secretary Shepard is increasing rapidly on account of numerous inquiries as to rates, transportation facilities and programs of the convention, and he will be rushed with work until the convention is held.

The Blake Hat

(Union made)has no equal for the amount you pay for it and contains every essential feature of high grade hat making. They are characterized not only by "correct" style, but the finest quality. Try the Blake hat.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best
Has received the highest Awards for quality at every competitive exhibit
The name Libbey on every piece.
F. D. DAY & CO.
—Exclusive Duluth Agents—
315 W. Superior St.

CHENTUNG LIANG CHENG,

The Chinese Minister Makes His Name Plain.

Chicago, April 9.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Washington says: The new Chinese minister settled the spelling and pronouncing of his name. "The first part of my name, which corresponds to your John," he said, "is spelled Chentung—all one word, Chentung. The middle part of my family name—Liang—pronounced as if it were spelled Leeang. The latter is plain Cheng. My full name, therefore, is Chentung Liang Cheng.

"The title of 'sir' was bestowed upon me by the British sovereign. After my government had been properly memorialized and had granted its consent to my accepting it I did so. It is a compliment which I very much appreciate, and it would be ungracious in me not to assert my right to the title."

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, April 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—An original pension of $8 per month has been granted to Milan Tripp of Badoura, Minn.

The Brightest Star in the Firmament
FITGER'S
GUARANTEED PERFECT
EXPORT BEER
A. FITGER & CO., BREWERS. DULUTH, MINN.
TELEPHONE 138.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of stronger and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

WHEAT IS STRONG

Armour Manipulation In Chicago Dominates All Markets.

Foreigners Do Not Follow Fast Enough—Flax Is Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 9.—The wheat market today was dominated by the Armour manipulation at Chicago which carried that market at one time 1⅜-1½c above the close of yesterday and closed it 1⅛c higher. Duluth made an advance of ½c and Minneapolis ⅜c. The Armour buying was principally in the July option, although it was estimated that about a third of it was May. Some export business was done by local shippers but the foreigners generally failed to keep pace with the advance in American markets. Liverpool was ⅝ to ¾d higher and Broomhall ascribed it to manipulation on this side. The crop situation is in every way of a very rosy character and there is nothing in that on which to bull wheat prices.

Argentina continues to ship wheat in large quantities the total this week being 2,400,000 bushels against 3,896,000 bus., last week and 1,676,000 bus., last year. The shipments since January 1 have been 25,370,000 bus., and in the same period a year ago they were 9,232,000 bus. The Argentina visible supply this week is 3,760,000 bus., against 1,588,000 at this time a year ago.

Primary receipts of wheat were 258,000 bus., last year 262,000 bus. Shipments, 677,000 bus., last year 328,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 58,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 183 cars, and at Chicago 41, a total of 224 cars, against 245 last week and 164 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼ to ½d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ½@⅝c lower and May oats ⅝@⅞c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 234,000 bus., last year, 219,000 bus. Shipments, 664,000 bus., last year 282,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 302,005 bus. Shipments of corn from Argentina this week were 360,000 bus., against 104,000 bus., last week and 220,000 bus., a year ago. The total shipments January 1 is 903,000 bus., against 872,000 bus., in the same period a year ago. The visible supply of corn in Argentina now is 857,000 bus., against 184,609 bus., a year ago.

Trading in wheat was fairly active on the Duluth board and the market was strong. May opened ⅛c up at 75⅝c, sold at 75¾c at 9:42, fell off to 75⅝c at 10:35 and then rallied to 76c at 10:52. At 11:20 it sold at 75⅞c, advanced to 76⅛c at 12:20, fell back to 76c at 12:45, and again advanced to 76⅛c at 12:55 and closed there.

Cash sales were more active, aggregating 20,000 bushels. Prices were unchanged at ⅛c over May for No. 1 northern and 1½c under for No. 2 northern.

Flax trading was quiet and the market for May held all morning unchanged at $1.11½ but just at the close fell off to $1.11. July lost ¾c narrowing its premium over May to 1½c. Argentina flax shipments this week were 400,000 bushels against 1,292,000 bus., last week and 284,000 bus., last year.

There was a decline on ⅛c in the price of oats on track and 1c in the May.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 76½c; No. 2 northern, 75c; May No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 northern, 76¼c; July, 76½c. Flax in store, $1.19; to arrive, $1.11; on track, $1.11; May, $1.11; July, $1.12½; September, $1.13; October, $1.13; November, $1.10. Oats to arrive, 32c; on track, 32c; May, 32½c. Rye, on track, 49c; to arrive, 49c; May, 50c. Barley, 35@51c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 17; last year 24; corn, 1; oats, 2; rye, 1; barley, 8; flax, 86. Receipts: Wheat, 19,711; rye, 352; barley, 1946; flax, 55,718. Shipments: Wheat, 14,903; oats, 1250; barley, 1375.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern 25,000 bus. to arrive	$0.76¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car to arrive	76
No. 2 northern, 1 car	75¼
Rejected, 2 cars	74
Rejected, 1 car	73⅝
Oats, 2 cars	32
Barley, 2 cars	46
Barley, 1 car	44½
Flax, 2 cars, cash	1.11½
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.11⅜
Flax, 2 cars, rejected	1.09½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Excitement in Wheat Pit With Prices Strong.

Chicago, April 9.—There was considerable excitement in the wheat pit at the start today and the opening prices were strong with May a shade to 1@⅜c higher, at 75¼ to 75½c. The strength was due largely to the anxiety of local shorts to get to cover influenced by the higher cables and by reports of a good export demand for both the May and July options. There was also renewed buying on a small scale by the prominent bull interests. In response to this demand May advanced to 75⅝@¾c, but realizing sales caused a reaction to 75⅝@¾c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 183 cars, which with local receipts of 41 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 224 cars, against 245 cars last week and 164 cars a year ago.

The reaction was only temporary and prices again started in an upward direction under the influence of heavy buying of both May and July and July by Armour. Pit traders soon fell into line and the market was extremely bullish the remainder of the session. Conservative estimates place the Armour purchases during the day in the neighborhood of 3,000,000 bus. After selling up to 76⅝c May closed 1⅛c higher at 76¼@⅝c. July closed ⅝c higher at 71⅝@72c.

Corn opened firm in sympathy with wheat and on higher cables, May being unchanged to ⅛c higher at 43½@43⅝c. Offerings were free, however, at the advance and the market soon became easier, May selling off to 43¼c. Trading in general was dull with no features. Local receipts were 175 cars, none of contract grade.

In spite of the strength in wheat the corn market was dull and weak, May closing ¼@⅜c lower at 42⅝@⅔c.

Oats were dull and featureless with opening prices firm along with the strength in wheat. May opened unchanged to a shade higher, at 33¼c to 33⅛@⅜c, but with little support the market quickly declined, May selling down to 32⅝c. Local receipts were 196 cars.

Provisions opened quiet and about steady and prices showed little change early in the day. May lard was unchanged to 2½c higher, at $9.85@9.87½, with ribs 2½c lower at $8.67½. May pork opened unchanged to 10c lower at $17.70@17.80.

Close: Wheat, May, 76¼@⅜c; July, 71⅝@72c; September, 69¼c. Corn, April, 42¾c; May, 42⅝@⅔c; July, 43¼c; September, 46c. Oats, April, 32½@⅝c; May, 32½@⅝c; July, 29¼c; September, 27⅜c. Pork, May, $17.65; July, $17.25; September, $17.00. Lard, May, $9.85; July, $9.77½; September, $9.75. Ribs, May, $9.70; July, $9.62½; September, $9.57½. Rye, May, 50c; July, 50c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.10½; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.10. Timothy, April, $3.50. Clover, April, $12.00. Barley, cash, 42@53c. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 76@76c; No. 3 red, 68@73c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 79@80c; No. 2 northern spring, 79@80c; No. 3 spring, 70@78c. Cash corn, No. 2, 42½c; No. 3, 38½@39c. Oats, No. 2, 31½c; No. 3, 30c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: The wheat traders figured at the close yesterday the Armour buying had aggregated 1,000,000 bus. in three days. The notable feature has been that Valentine has taken all this himself. If there had been commission house orders the trade would be larger. This buying yesterday had more to do with the advance than anything in the news. It was for both July and May and probably aggregated 3,000,000 with a third of it for May and the balance for July. With an absorption on such a scale for three days it is now taken for granted that there is something more under way than mere scalping. At any rate it inspired the covering of a great deal of short wheat and more or less buying by those who felt it would be good speculating to follow the Armour lead. That the Armour buying was the center to a much greater extent than any foreign news was made plain by the advance of ⅛c on the May, while the rally by the deferred months which would have been most influenced by the foreign news was only ½ to 1c. The superstituous ones are bearing now in mind that last winter when Armour carried the May wheat to $2¼c he began his buying in December at just about the present level around 74c.

"I have not been here long enough to know anything about the wheat market, says Capt. J. P. Phillips, but I know the growing wheat everywhere looks as fine as I ever saw it."

New York wired that the export wheat business there had aggregated 38 loads and added the business would have been much larger if the advance had not been so sudden on this side. There was considerable business done in the southwest, one firm selling 80,000 bus. for May shipment to the continent.

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Foreign crop advices:

United Kingdom—Crop prospects generally favorable.

France—Reports contradictory, but are worst from the North, where more reseeding has been found necessary than was expected. Welcome rains have fallen in localities where moisture was wanted, but the temperature is too low for the plant to make satisfactory growth.

Russia—Conditions in the Southwest are favorable, but the dry weather in the Southeast mentioned in last Thursday's cable continues. Complaints of frost have been received from the central districts.

Roumania—The drought reported in two of our cables last week still prevails.

Austria-Hungary—Needed rains have fallen, causing an improvement in crop prospects.

Spain—Dry weather has again been experienced since our reports of a week ago and general rains are needed.

Italy—Reports are most satisfactory.

Germany—The weather during last week has been cold, but good rains have fallen.

Australia—The weather has been good, beneficial rains have fallen.

Argentina—Our agent cables that the weather conditions have again turned unfavorable.

• • •

Rycroft, of Chicago: I do not see anything to bull wheat on. The advice is purely muscle. Legitimate conditions do not warrant it and crop prospects are fine.

• • •

Cincinnati Price Current: Favorable weather is maintaining the wheat condition. Farm work is progressing moderately, but still backward. There is more inclination to enlarge corn avreage than oats.

• • •

London Special: Argentine marketing has been interfered with by lack of transport facilities. Maize quality shows some falling off. There are complaints of damage by rain, heavy rains in Buenos Ayres. In portions of Santa Fe harvesting is interfered with by lack of labor.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market was again an Armour proposition throughout the day. He was evidently accumulating wheat again up to the close, taking some May, but principally the July. At the moment there is no other factor of importance. Broomhall cabled that the strength in Liverpool was due to reports of manipulation here. Cash situation is a moderate one every way. Some complaints from Nebraska of lack of rain. The government crop report which will be out tomorrow is expected to be bearish. There will be no Liverpool market until Tuesday. Estimated cars, 25.

Corn—The market here was soft under what seemed to be prominent local liquidation. There were brokers selling July corn which looked to be for Armour. The Southwest markets are about ½ higher for cash corn. The manipulation in wheat unsettles the feeling in other grains and makes holders nervous. Estimated cars, 110.

Oats—The market was heavy and lower. There was considerable liquidation both in the May and July through commission houses and poor support from any quarter. The continued fine weather is a factor. Estimated cars, 125.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, April 9, 1903.

Stations.	State of weather	Temperature Max.*	Min.**	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear	60	30	0
Campbell	Clear	62	25	0
Crookston	Clear	58	32	0
Detroit City	Clear	74	34	0
Grand Meadow	Clear	74	34	0
Minneapolis	Clear	66	36	0
Montevideo	Pt. Cloudy	66	34	0
New Ulm	Clear	70	34	0
Winnebago City	Clear	70	34	0
Worthington	Pt. Cloudy	60	34	0
Devils Lake	Pt. Cloudy	58	26	0
Langdon, N. D.	Clear	54	26	0
Larimore, N. D.	Clear	64	30	0
Lisbon, N. D.	Cloudy	64	26	0
Pembina, N. D.	Clear	58	28	0
Aberdeen, S. D.	Clear	66	34	0
Millbank, S. D.	Clear	66	32	0
Mitchell, S. D.	Clear	70	34	0
Redfield, S. D.	Clear	66	32	0
Bismarck, N. D.	Clear	60	28	T
Duluth, Minn.	Clear	62	39	0
Huron, S. D.	Clear	66	34	0
La Crosse, Wis.	Clear	68	38	0
Moorhead, Minn.	Clear	60	32	0
Pierre, S. D.	Clear	66	36	0
St. Paul, Minn.	Clear	66	40	0
Winnipeg, Man	Clear	56	28	0

Showers fell over the Columbus and Louisville districts. Slightly warmer weather prevailed generally, except that the night temperatures continued cool over the Dakotas and Minnesota.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forcast Official.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meredian time.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 9.—Close: Wheat, cash, 77¼c; May, 74@73c; July, 75½c; on track, No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 77¼c; No. 2 northern, 76¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 9.—Close: Wheat, May, 75⅝c; July, 77⅜c. Corn, May, 50¾c; July, 49¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75⅞B	74½-⅝	75¼-½	79⅝-½
High	76¼	75⅛	76⅝	78⅝
Low	75⅝	74⅜-¾	75⅛	79⅛
Close	76¼B	74⅞-75	76¼-⅜	79⅝A
July—				
Open	75⅜B	74¾	71⅜-½	76¾-⅞
High	76¼B	75¼	72⅛	77⅛
Low	75⅝B	74⅜	71¼	76½-⅝
Close	76⅛B	75⅛	71⅞-72	77⅛A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	32½@¼-⅜	43¼@43⅜	$17.75
High	33⅜	43⅝	17.75
Low	32½-⅝	42¼-⅝	17.60
Close	32½-⅝	42⅝-¾	17.65

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 9.—Wheat, spot, quiet; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 6½d; No. 1 California, 6s 7½d; futures, steady; May, 6s 2¼d; July, 6s 2½d. Corn, spot American mixed new, quiet, 4s 3d; American mixed, old steady, 5s 4d; futures, steady; May, 4s 3¼d; June, 4s 2Zd; July, 4s 2¼d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 150,000 centals including 46,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 16,200 centals. Weather, fair.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 9.—Cattle receipts 10,000. Steady. Good to prime steers $5@5.60; poor to medium $3@4.80; stockers and feeders $3@4.75; cows, $1.75@4.65; heifers $2.50@5; canners $1.65@2.75; bulls $2.50@4.35; calves $3@6.75; Texas fed steers $4@4.55. Hogs receipts 20,000; tomorrow 18,000; left over 4,220. Market slow to steady 5c lower. Mixed and butchers $7.20@7.45; good to choice heavy $7.40@7.57½; rough heavy $7.20@7.35; light $6.90@7.20; bulk of sales $7.20@7.40. Sheep receipts 10,000. Sheep and lambs choice steady to 5c lower. Good to choice wethers $5.75@7.25; fair to choice mixed $4.50@5.60; western sheep $5.50@7; native lambs $5@7.85; western lambs $5.25@7.85.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	10	10½
Arcadian	3¾	4
Allouez	6¾	7
Atlantic	11⅝	11¾
Anaconda	26	27
Amalgamated	63¼	63⅝
C. & H.	520	525
Centennial	23¼	23½
Copper Range	60⅝	61
Franklin	10½	11
Isle Royale	11	12
Bingham	30	30½
Mass	9¾	10¼
May Flower	1¾	2
National	1⅜	..
Mohawk	50¾	51
Michigan	9	10
Old Colony	1¼	2
Old Dominion	17¼	17½
Osceola	68	..
Parrot	27¾	28
Phoenix	5½	6
Quincy	114	115
Rhode Island	2⅜	3
Santa Fe	2	2½
Tenn Copper	25	..
Tamarack	140	..
Tecumseh	1	1¼
Tri-Mountain	90	..
Utah	27¾	28
Victoria	5¾	6
Winona	9¾	10
Wolverine	72	..
Wyandot	1⅝	1¾
Elm River	3½	3¾
Trinity	9½	10
Dominion Coal	108	109
Greene	24	24⅛
Daly West	43	44
U. S. M	23¾	24¼
U. S. Oil	14	14½
C. & Bisbee	..	12
C. & Arizona	..	185
C. & Pittsburg	..	170
L. S. & Pittsburg	..	155

PAYMASTER SMITH.

Wahsington, April 9.—Maj. George R. Smith has been designated as chief paymaster of the division of the Philippines, relieving Lieut. Col. Charles H. Whipple, deputy paymaster general, who has been ordered to this country to report immediately to the adjutant general.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

Zenith Paper Co

222—224 West Michigan Street.
Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

COE COMMISSION CO.,
(INCORPORATED)
GRAIN AND STOCKS

Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.

Ship Us Your Cash Grain

We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.

WE BUY AND SELL
WHEAT, CORN AND OATS
for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.

We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.

MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2a share on stocks

References—108 National and State Banks.

Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 57 Leading Towns of the Northwest.

General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office, 220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

SLUMP IN STOCKS

Due to Decision In the Northern Securities Case.

Market Steadied and Became Dull During the Last Hour.

New York, April 9.—Arbitrage buying induced by the rising in Americans in London helped prices upwards here at the opening. Southern Pacific advanced 1¾. Copper 1⅛ and a number of other stocks a large fraction. The dealings were not large and the market showed a tendency to become quiet after the opening orders were executed.

Some effort was made to extend the advance, the moderate offerings which met the rise encouraging more general buying for the long account. Pronounced strength in a few of the specialties and railroads which have been rencently heavily liquidated, aroused a more cheerful sentiment. Sugar was bid for in large blocks and ran up 2¾ to 123¾. Yesterday heavy buying of the leather stocks was resumed with resultant large fractional gains and the Pacifics and western stocks also reached a higher level. Liquidation in high priced inactive stocks such as Northwestern, Lackawanna and Consolidated Gas ceased and they were lifted 1@2 points. Other gains included 1¾ in Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo and Louisville and 1 each in St. Paul, Metropolitan street railway, Cleveland, C. C. C. & St. Louis preferred, Rock Island preferred, Texas & Pacific and National railroad of Mexico stocks.

Large selling of Rock Island carried it and the preferred back a point and checked the advance elsewhere. L. & N. reacted 1¼. The market rallied again to the best, carrying up Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Illinois Central, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, B. & O., U. S. Steel preferred and some minor stocks. The market became dull at the advance. Bonds steady at noon.

Stocks were accumulated steadily, causing additional gains all through the list. Amalgamated and Southern Pacific led the rise and sold 2 points above yesterday's close. Other speculative favorites, notably St. Paul, Pennsylvania and Atchison, were more active and higher, and United States Steel rose to 36¼. Lackawanna, which opened 2 points higher at 245, proved to be in scant supply when another 100 shares were wanted, and the broker had to pay 255 before the order was filled. The stock immediately relapsed 2 points on the next transaction. St. Paul and Omaha dropped 7 points to 140.

The announcement that the Northern Securities company case had been decided in favor of the government by the United States circuit court threw the market into commotion and prices melted away rapidly. Gains were practically wiped out. Net losses established were: St. Louis & San Francisco 3¼, Rock Island 1⅛, Northwestern and Colorado Fuel 1½, and Pennsylvania and Missouri Pacific a point. The reactions generally ran between one and two points. Lackawanna reacted 3. Northern Securities on the curb sold down from 10½ to 10⅜. The market steadied and became dull in the course of the hour.

Aggressive selling was resumed and the low level was extended an additional fraction. Pennsylvania, Union Pacific and New York Central were heavily pressed to sell, the first named falling 2⅛ under yesterday to 134⅜, the lowest on the present movement, and the others to 1¾ under yesterday. St. Louis & San Francisco lost 4¼. Net losses of 1 to 1¾ were frequent in the active list. Covering by shorts caused a rally reaching a point in Pennsylvania, New York Central, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and St. Paul. The close was dull and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	64¾	63	63⅜
American Sugar	123¾	121½	122⅝
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	82½	80⅝	80¾
do pfd	97¼	96¾	96¾
Baltimore & Ohio	92⅛	90½	90⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	68⅜	65¾	66⅛
Canadian Pacific	120	125½	120¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	45½	44	44
Chicago & Alton	30¾	30¼	30¼
Chicago Great Western	23½	22	22¾
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	164¾	161½	162¾
Chic., Rock Island & P	42⅞	42¾	42¾
Rock Island pfd	76½	75¾	75¾
Col. Fuel and Iron	58¾	56½	57
Duluth, S. S. & A	14½	14½	14½
Erie common	35⅝	34	34⅜
General Electric	188	185	187
Illinois Central	137¼	135¾	136
Iowa Central	36¼	36¼	36¼
Louisville & Nashville	118¾	116¼	116½
Manhattan Elevated	135	133	133½
Metropolitan Street Ry	27½	25¼	26¼
Mexican Central	69¾	68¼	68¾
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	108⅜	105½	107⅛
Missouri Pacific	133	130¾	131¼
New York Central	138¾	134⅜	134½
Norfolk & Western	70⅝	69¼	69½
Pennsylvania	137¼	134⅜	135¼
People's Gas of Chicago	101½	100¾	101
Reading	58⅞	56⅝	57⅛
Republic Steel & Iron	19¾	19	19
Southern Pacific	68	65¾	66¾
Southern Railway	31¾	30¾	30⅞
Union Pacific	93¾	89¾	90⅝
United States Leather	13¾	12⅞	13
U. S. Steel	36½	35⅝	35⅝
do pfd	87	86½	86⅝
Wabash	27½	27	27⅛
Western Union	86	85	85
Wisconsin Central	24¾	24	24⅛
do pfd	47⅝	47⅛	47⅜

Northern Securities, 103 bid; 103¾ asked.

The total sales were 742,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Although public interest in the stock market continues very small speculative sentiment is bullish and even among professional traders the feeling on the market is less pessimistic than for some time past. In point of fact some of the larger room operators, active for the past couple of months on the short side, are disposed to buy stocks around current prices. It is also noted that commission houses whose attitude last September and throughout the subsequent decline in values was very bearish are now sending out rather cheerful market letters in which stress is laid on the facts that there has been severe liquidation that prices are relatively low, that general business is maintaining and that railroad earnings are keeping up and even increasing. It is argued that with improving financial conditions and bright crop prospects the stock market by the end of May ought to be 8 to 10 points above its present level, barring of course unexpected accidents. For reasons which have to do with private reports from Washington there is increased confidence in the monetary outlook. These advices are to be the effect that the disbursement of $40,000,000 for the Panama canal will be financed in such a way as to add materially in the year. The supply of loanable funds in New York. The opinion is growing that no great part of the money to be paid out on this account by the government will be exported to Europe. The annual report of the U. S. S. is naturally the subject of interesting comment, much of which is favorable. There are hard hearted critics, however, who declare that the percentage of net cash assets to capital and bonds about 11 per cent and the percentage of merchandise to capital and bonds also about 8 per cent are absurdly small. It is understood that one incentive of recent sellers of these stocks is the belief that President Schwab once the right hand man of Carnegie will resign the presidency at an early date.

• • •

Harriman to Paine, Webber & Co.: We have reason to believe that the $10,000,000 lately announced to be issued by Wabash will never be issued for the reason that they will have a bitter fight with important interests who own a large block of debenture "B's" and who claim that these bonds have priority over any issue made by the road. They have been picked up steadily by the insiders. There is no safer purchase in the market.

• • •

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: You notice prices hold up well. Somebody is taking stocks whenever offered on recessions. To my positive knowledge Keene has bought large blocks of Union Pacific and other stocks. Of course this is short covering but still significant. It is a mystery who is taking Southern Pacific. The pool members themselves do not know where they stand. Southern Pacific is a pretty cheap stock and will sell much higher. I don't look for much activity today.

• • •

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: Norfolk appears to be earning at present 6¾ per cent on its common stock, after making allowances for its full dividend on the preferred stock. The increase in surplus for eight months is equal to nearly one half of one per cent on the common and the actual surplus is presumably applicable to dividend disbursements for the eight months equal just about 1 per cent on the common after allowing for the preferred.

• • •

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The World says—"James R. Keene has covered his short contracts and is preparing for a vacation in England. It is common report in Wall street that what he lost in his Southern Pacific venture he made up in his campaign on the short side which began about three months ago. Mr. Keene is now said to have again reversed his position and has taken a favorable view of the situation."

• • •

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is active and weak. It showed some strength early on general conditions, but broke sharply late on a decision in the Northern Securities case unfavorable to the company. This is taken as a bad omen for mergers pending other property and causes a good deal of liquidation throughout the list. While it will not help the market, the effect is, we think, likely to be modified by an appeal in this case, and the market will no doubt rally some after the first depression. We still feel, however, that the surprises in the stock market for some time will be against prices and favor selling on the hard spots. Money was strong and interest rates high.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 9.—Today's statement of the balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $224,944,032; gold, $124,588,118; silver, $17,171,469; United States notes, $2,384,500; treasury notes of 1890, $46,052; national bank notes, $8,759,498; total receipts this day, $1,727,772; total receipts this month, $13,274,512; total receipts this year, $436,367,912; total expenditures this day, $2,010,000; total expenditures this month, $13,235,000; total expenditures this year, $402,498,177; deposits in national banks, $162,140,499.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 9.—Close: Money on call, firmer at 5@10 per cent, closed 7@8 per cent. Time money, steady; sixty and ninety days, 5¼@⅝; six months, 5@¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6. Sterling exchange, steady, at an advance with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.65@4.86.70 for demand, and at $4.83.60@4.83.65 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.83@½. Bar silver, 49¾c. Mexican dollars, 38½c. Government bonds, firm; railroad bonds, steady.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 9.—Today's cotton market opened steady at an advance of 1@4 points, further advanced a point or two and then sold off 2@4 points. Early in the session July showed leading strength. May contracts were neglected except by parties already interested. The bull pool appeared to be meeting any demand that turned up for that month, while supporting the market only on the weaker intervals. With a stretch of holidays at hand in this country and in Europe new ventures on either side of the account were made with greatest caution. New crop positions are being sold with a little more freedom at New York on favorable crop reports, generally in circulation at this point. Operations in the old crop months are being seriously deterred at New York by the large premium on May contracts, which is a matter of 44 points on July, 88 on August, 130 on September, 183 on October and 195 on December.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 5 points higher, Mid ups 10.50; mid gulf 10.75. Sales 300 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; April 10.31; May 10.39; June 9.98; July, 9.96; August 9.45; September 8.80; October 8.49; November 8.39; December 8.37.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Battle Creek, Mich., April 9.—A trolley car was struck by a Grand Trunk train today at the Jefferson avenue crossing and smashed to kindling wood. Two passengers, Miss Clara Moorehouse and A. E. Rossman received painful but not fatal injuries. The escape of the other occupants of the car was almost miraculous.

CROSBY

OFFERS

INVESTMENTS.

$8000 For lot on upper side of Fourth street with 14-room, two-story building on it. The stores and rooms brings in an income 14 per cent net.

$375 buys 4-acre tract near Duluth, the land is already for the plow.

$7800 Buys 60x140 corner lot on upper side Fourth street, near Fourth avenue East with a good modern 9-room house drawing $45 per month rent. This is the finest corner lot on East Fourth street.

$8900 for five cottages and 100x140 double corner on East Second street, upper side. This is the greatest snap west of Fourth avenue East.

HOMES.

Beautiful houses in all parts of the city. Houses that a year from now will look cheap to you.

LAKESIDE.

Can give you a good home from $1200 to $7000; some of these on very easy payments.

EAST END.

Can give you an attractive home from $2500 to $15,000; some of these on easy payments.

WEST END.

Can give you a good home from $650 to $4500; some on very easy payments.

VACANT LOTS.

In all parts of the City. The BUSY MAN should 'phone us and we will call on you and tell you more about building lots in one hour than you can learn alone in a whole week.

FIRE INSURANCE.

in first-class companies carefully written at lowest going rates.

SEE US

about Acres, Rentals, Loans and Investments.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

4½ PER CENT and 5 MONEY TO LOAN. ON OR BEFORE.

We offer exceptional advantages to those desiring building loans.

R. M. NEWPORT,
302 LONSDALE BUILDING.

"Santa Fe" "Prudential"

We have 80 acres in Colorado and 80 acres in Wyoming at Grand Encampment.

Colorado properties, gold and silver. Wyoming properties, copper and gold.

INQUIRE OF—

E. V. PALMER,

Room F Palladio Building.

NORTHERN HOMESTAKE
Mining Co. Stock.
Only 20c a share. First and lowest price.
THE WILLIAM KAISER CO.,
106 Palladio Building.

GOOD HOMES
—IN—
LAKESIDE
—AND—
Lester Park!

Houses on large lots, convenient to street railway at—

$600 $1000 $1300 $1600 $1800

Houses with all modern conveniences at—

$2000 $2500 $3000 $3500 $4500

These places are all bargains and can be had on

EASY TERMS.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.

J. D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior S

$1100 Full 50-foot lot with small building. Jefferson street, near 14th avenue.

$300 Minnesota avenue lot. Bay side.

J. W. Schellenberger,
507 Palladio Building.

A full size lot near 18th avenue west and Third street can be bought just now for $350. No cash payment required if used for building at once.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

We have a fine house in the West End; has electric lights, city water and sewer; fine bath room and full lot 50x140; this is a good bargain and can be bought on very easy terms.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

501 South Sixteenth Avenue West.—This is a fine eight-room house with stone foundation and has two full lots, beautiful shade trees and is an ideal home at a low price; terms to suit any purchaser

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, basket	1 25	@	1 50
Green onions, per doz	65	@	75
BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	30	@	31
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	21	@	22
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½@		13
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14½@		15
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream choice	13		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 60		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	65		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12

A FIREMAN BEATEN

Non-Union Man Attacked Near Lake Avenue Dock.

Two Men Committed the Assault—Are Not Known.

A non-union marine fireman was assaulted this morning by unknown men on the Lake avenue docks.

At police headquarters he gave the name of R. R. Johnson and exhibited a face that was terribly bruised and cut.

Johnson claims that he was not aware of the strike of the marine firemen and oilers, and went down the docks looking for a job. He applied to the watchman of the steamer Howard L. Shaw, and was directed to an uptown marine office, where he could probably be hired.

He turned and was starting back toward Lake avenue for the purpose of making application at the vessel office mentioned, when he was approached by two men that overheard the conversation between himself and the watchman.

Stories as to just what took place between the men differ, but it is certain that Johnson was knocked down and beaten severely and then kicked lightly in the face. He was left lying there and the men that assaulted him turned and hurriedly left the dock. They have not been seen since and the police were unable to get a good description of them.

Shortly after this attack two husky-looking men appeared at police headquarters, saying they had been hired to fire on the steamer Simon J. Murphy, which had also wintered in the Lake avenue slip. They were afraid to go down to the boat alone and were accompanied by Chief Troyer. They boarded the Murphy without the slightest trouble.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight. 8:30.

Fifteen thousand hyacinths at 15 cents each. Elschen Bros.

The sweetest place in Duluth is Elschen Bros.' Floral store 129 West Superior St.

W. M. Abrahamson, of the Hub Clothing company, has purchased from the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company the residence he now occupies at 1215 East First street. The deal was closed today. The consideration was $7200 and the sale was made through the office of F. I. Salter.

Owing to the Maundy Thursday banquet at the Spalding this evening there will be no meeting of the St. Louis County Medical society.

Parlor theater. Big crowds nightly. Everything electrical. J. H. McLaughlin & Co. Palladio Bldg., both 'phones.

See Resurrection.

Metropolitan. Tonight. Fifty people in the cast.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stevenson and children, of 5719 Oneida street, left today for a three weeks' visit in St. Charles and Mankato.

F. S. Sleeper is in Hot Springs, Ark.

The following are guests of the Commercial club today: John R. Van Derlip, Minneapolis; J. F. Keran and W. B. Hadley, Marquette, Mich.; Charles H. Nolan, Chicago; A. M. McDougall, Hibbing.

Henry Dworschak returned from Mount Clemens this morning, after a six weeks' absence for the benefit of his health.

City Attorney Mitchell left this afternoon for Iowa on legal business.

L. F. Birkeland will leave today over the Northern Pacific en route for Christiana, Norway.

A. C. Jones left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

L. Grey was a passenger on the Northern Pacific train this afternoon for Minneapolis.

John H. Runnings, formerly city passenger and ticket agent for the Great Northern at Duluth has taken the place of W. K. Adams, city ticket agent at Superior during the latter's two weeks' vacation.

Traveling Auditor McQueen of the Great Northern railway is in the city checking the accounts of the local office.

J. E. Hall will leave this evening over the South Shore for Negaunee.

W. C. Brown will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic for Marquette.

Mrs. C. M. Milcox will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic for Saginaw.

Mrs. H. L. Dresser will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Des Moines.

See Resurrection.

Metropolitan. Tonight. Fifty people in the cast.

THE HOLLAND STRIKE.

Railroad Companies Will Not Arbitrate Dispute.

The Hague, April 9.—According to the Vaderland, the railroad employes union has asked the state railroad companies to agree to negotiations for a settlement of the dispute and the reinstatement of the men. The officials of the state railroads, it was announced later, refused the proposal of the railroad employes union to enter into negotiations for a settlement of the dispute.

Amsterdam, April 9.—The strike of municipal employes, like others, is only partial. About one-third of the gas workers are idle. The authorities have appealed to the public to restrict the consumption of gas. A majority of the diamond cutters and the men employed in the building trades are idle. It is now estimated that the strikers and men locked out number 25,000.

Rotterdam, April 9.—A sentinel on the railroad today fired on four railroad men who refused to leave the line after being warned. One of the men was killed.

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—1.

SOZODONT
TOOTH POWDER
"The Only Dentifrice of International Reputation."—*SARA BERNHARDT*
Standard 52 Years
SOZODONT

CITY CAN ORDER

Petitions Not Necessary For the Building of Sidewalks.

Judge Cant Decides Controversy In City's Favor.

A decision vitally affecting sidewalk improvements was handed down by Judge Cant in the district court this morning in favor of the city and against the Woodland avenue property owners that had maintained that sidewalk improvements, like street paving improvements, should be petitioned for by the owners of property to be assessed.

The case has been under consideration for several months and it is one of the most important that the city has been interested in for some time.

Sidewalk building for last season included a walk on the westerly side of Woodland avenue, through Woodland Park, and the property owners fought the assessment, claiming that it was not petitioned for and that it was unnecessary and that the property was not benefited to the extent of the assessment.

In the decision, Judge Cant holds that the petitioning was unnecessary and that causes general relief around the municipal ocers, for it was considered an absolute certainty that there would be very little new sidewalk to replace that worn out, if the charter was declared to call for a ptition from 25 per cent of the property owners owning 25 per cent of the property to be assessed, as is the case in street improvements.

The decision, however, is not wholly in favor of the city, as he court holds that the property in block 9, Woodland Park, Sixth division, was not benefited by the sidewalk, the building of this walk was not of any special benefit and therefore sustains the objections raised by the property owners.

A new assessment is ordered on such portions of the Woodland avenue assessment as was benefited, with the restriction that it should not exceed 25 per cent of the original assessment. This means that the city will have to pay for about three-fourths of the walk built in this district last year.

SOME LUMBER IS SELLING

Red Cliff Company Disposes of Considerable Amount.

The Red Cliff Lumber company has cleaned out 16,000,000 feet of the 20,000,000-foot cut of the past winter.

This is the first company to practically dispose of its winter cut at this time, and it holds a bit of a record in this way.

"We put in 40,000,000 feet of logs for the season of 1902-3," said Frank L. Gilbert this morning at the company's offices. "The cut during the winter has been 20,000,000 feet, and of this there is but 4,000,000 feet left unsold, though that is practically contracted for at present."

The company has been operating its mill all winter and will cut as much more before the summer is well along.

The sale of the lumber cut is the first as extensive this spring.

It is understood that the McAlpine Lumber company, which was formed to take out 70,000,000 feet last fall, has disposed of 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 feet cut at the St. Louis mill this winter.

THE MILLERS MAY COME

National Meeting May Conclude With Trip to Duluth.

The convention of the National Millers' federation may terminate at Detroit, June 5, with an excursion by the new Anchor line steamship, now being completed in the docks, from Detroit to Duluth.

The committee on arrangements of the federation has not as yet decided upon this feature, but is considering it and will take up the plan at a meeting to be held in Detroit some time this month.

The trip from Detroit to Duluth is one of the most picturesque and enjoyable on the lakes, and is the tour that has attracted many hundreds to the Northern Steamship company's white boats.

The visit of the millers to Duluth would be quite a pretentious affair, as the federation is one of the largest of the associations of men of great wealth, and is important among the institutions of the country.

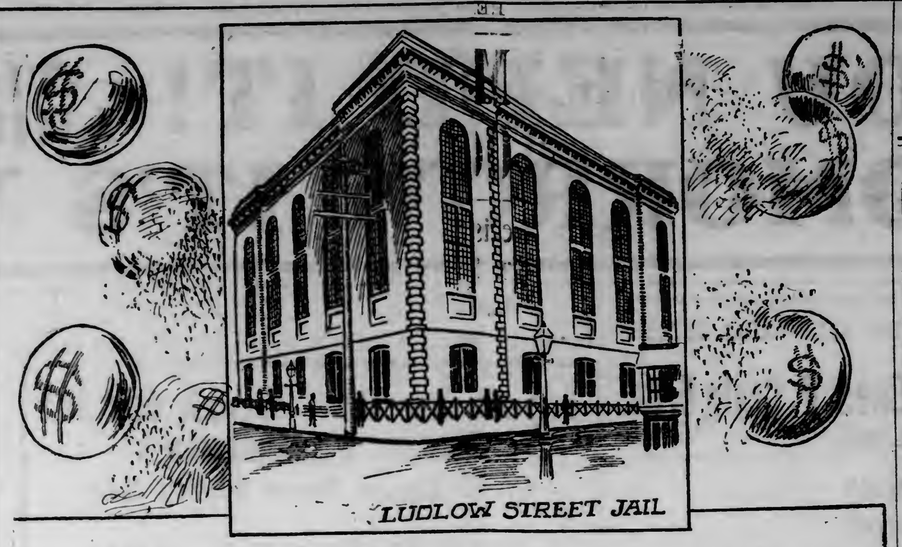
If the committee on arrangements decides upon the trip, the local Commercial club will probably provide for the entertainment of members when they get here.

TROOPS MUST BE VACCINATED.

Washington, April 9.—Maj. Gen. Davis, in command of the division of the Philippines, has issued an order directing that no troops be allowed to land at Manila until they have been vaccinated.

STRIKERS OUTWITTED.

Pittsburg, April 9.—The American Bridge company outwitted the striking structural iron workers today and succeeded in landing 100 non-union men at the company's new town of Ambridge, sluated a few miles below this city.



WHITAKER WRIGHT'S $1,250,000 EX-RESIDENCE AND LUDLOW STREET JAIL, NEW YORK HIS PRESENT HOME.

Not long ago the abode of Whitaker Wright, the promoter of the $100,000,000 London and Globe Finance corporation, limited, lived in a $1,250,000 palace in Lea Park, near Godalming, England. Now he lives in Ludlow street jail, New York, the former abode of Boss Tweed, Jake Sharp, Ferdinand Ward and other boodlers and financial bubble blowers. He is awaiting extradition to England on the charge of fraud. Several marble fountains, a conservatory under the surface of a lake, a stable for fifty horses, most beautifully fitted up—these are a few of the items on which Mr. Wright spent vast sums of money at Lea Park. He once had 500 workmen employed on the estate.

SHAMROCK III SAILS WELL

Outran the Shamrock I. Faster Than She Did Before.

Weymouth, Eng., April 9.—A fifteen mile run to leeward and a beat home, giving a leeward and windward test of thirty miles under conditions as similar as possible to those expectable during the races for the American cup off Sandy Hook, was the course set for the two Shamrocks today. The breeze was very light, not over five knots as the boats under club-topsail, ranged up for the start and were sent off from a mark boat off Weymouth pier.

The older boat was just showing clear on the weather bow of the challenger as they rounded the mark boat. As the boats reached off free across the mouth of the bay to get clear water for a straight run down the wind, Shamrock III showed the same form that puzzled yachtsmen yesterday.

The light breeze held well and the Shamrock III again picking up her pace overhauled her opponent. When abeam of St. Albans head booms were squared away for the long run down the wind.

The trim of the challenger had been slightly altered from that of yesterday, her anchor and cable being carried today. The alterations were apparently valuable for she outran the Shamrock I fast and constantly, and was about five minutes ahead when the boats rounded the Erin, which acted as mark boat at the end of the leeward run. The boats then started on the beat homeward. The wind had slackened and they made slow progress. Nevertheless the challenger showed the same good windward work as heretofore, and steadily improved her lead.

HIGHLAND ORE ASSAYED

Samples From 54-11 Show a High Percentage In Iron.

The first authentic information as to the value of ore from the newly discovered range at Highland was obtained today.

An assay from ore secured in sections 3 and 4 of 54-11 run as high as 64 per cent in good ore while another assay of mineral from section 28, 55-11 showed 58 per cent ore.

These properties are owned exclusively by Duluthians and the result of the assays has aroused much enthusiasm on the part of these people.

There is still about three feet of snow around the Highland district and this prevents the work of exploring and prospecting being carried on as rapidly as contemplated, but efforts are being made to have drills working all through that district within a couple of months.

Two Days Only

Of our 20 per cent discount sale on Libbey cut glass.
F. D. DAY & CO., Jewelers.

The Blake Hat.

In all this world no snappy styles like ours. See them. They's correct. Ask your dealer.

ACHES AND PAINS.

Rea Bros.' Cascarin is a most effective remedy and a few doses will bring results. It goes directly to the spot. It keeps the liver cells properly at work, acts on the stomach and restores the kidneys to a normal condition by removing acids which are the cause of the trouble. At druggists, price 50 cents.

MORGAN SAYS

Merger Decision Will Not Rest Where It Is.

Does Not Consider It Blow to Railroad Enterprise.

New York, April 9.—One of the leading counsel in the Northern Securities case said: "As yet this is an undigested opinion, but from the hasty glance I have given it I call your attention to the closing phase of the judge's order, which practically nullifies the whole effect of the decision. It provides that the Northern Securities company may transfer and assign the stock of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads now held by it to any such person or persons as are now the holders and owners of its stock originally issued in exchange for the stock of said companies. This right of transfer is vital and it seems to me renders nugatory the main conclusion of the court. However, it is too early to say much."

A representative of the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. said the decision put a new light upon the entire matter and would enable the lawyers representing the Northern Securities company to work along new lines. J. P. Morgan said: "Until I see the full text of the decision, I shall not care to express an opinion on it. This much is certain, however, it will not rest where it is. The question of the right of two or more railroads to be operated by a holding company will be taken to the United States supreme court at Washington. Instead of looking upon the decision of the court today as a blow to railroad enterprise, I should say that the reverse is the case. Capital all over the country is anxious to know its rights in the matter of railroad construction and operation. Railroad men want to know where they stand.

"The decision today is just one step closer to a decision from the United States supreme court, which shall be final, for, even if the Northern Securities had won today the government's attorney would probably have appealed.

"The question was of such importance that an appeal was assured, no matter who won. The facts are plain. Both railroads held by the Northern Securities company still exist and are doing a good business. When railroad men know exactly how the law is to be interpreted they will probably find good ways to see that properties are operated economically and profitably."

A conference of leading financiers was held this afternoon in the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., to discuss the details of the decision and its bearings upon railroad properties in the future.

An effort was made to see J. J. Hill, but he kept himself in seclusion and denied himself to all callers.

President J. J. Hill, of the Northern Securities company, went to his New York office this afternoon, where he was in conference with W. P. Clough, general counsel and fourth vice president of the company. Col. Clough took an active part in arranging the legal preliminaries of the company and also in the preparation of the agreement of the company's case before the court. Mr. Clough said he had received only the most meagre and unsatisfactory advices from St. Paul and that he could arrive at no clear understanding of the situation until he had learned the full text of the decision. He declared, however, that the case would be carried to the court of last resort.

Ex-Judge William H. Moore, who is one of the dominant factors in the Rock Island company, is quoted as saying: "The decision in the Northern Securities case in no way affect the Rock Island-Frisco deal. They are not connecting lines and the cases are in no way analogyous."

The stock of the Northern Securities company closed at 104 bid.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

INSURANCE RATES.

Insurance Men to Take Up Their Consideration.

In view of the many protests which have been made by business interests against what they declare to be excessive insurance rates in this city, the Commercial club has been interested in the matter with the city council. At the last meeting of the board of directors the subject was discussed to some extent and a committee consisting of C. E. Peaslee, L. A. Barnes, H. F. Williamson, O. H. Clarke and George A. French, was appointed by the president to confer with the council. It has been urged by various business interests that if the right pressure were brought to bear at the present time insurance rates could be reduced about 25 per cent.

ANTI-STRIKE BILL

Passed By Second Chamber of Netherlands Parliament.

The Hague, April 9.—The second chamber of the Netherlands parliament today adopted the anti-strike bill by 81 to 14 votes. The Socialists and Liberal Democrats voted with the minority. The punishment clause of the bill was adopted by 78 to 15 votes.

The chamber also authorized the formation of the prosposed military railroad brigade to work on the railroads during the strikes, and adjourned sine die.

DESIRES OF STATES

Regarding Militia Maneuvers Will Be Ascertained.

Washington, April 9.—The secretary of war has directed Gen. Chaffee, commanding the department of the East, to communicate with the respective governors of the states within his department and ascertain from them their wishes in regard to the participation of the organized militia in maneuvers, encampments and field instruction of any part of the regular army during the year. Gen. Chaffee is also required to submit a general plan for carrying out the instructions referred to, together with estimates of cost.

STUDENTS LOCKED OUT.

A Change In the Situation at Madison.

Madison, Wis., April 9.—The strike of high school students developed into a lockout today, when a number of the strikers wanted to return to school, but were refused admittance. Parents who called on Superintendent Dudgeon were told that none of the strikers would be taken back, but it is not thought the order will be permanent. Several of the strikers gathered about the school building, but were dispersed by two policemen, who patrolled the walks about the school.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Des Moines, April 9.—John Campbell, mayor of Des Moines twelve years ago and who formerly was a member of the staff of the national organization of the United Veterans' union, died at his home here today as the result of a stroke of paralysis.

Washington, April 9.—The adjutant general is informed of the death of Capt. Thomas E. Bradley, U. S. A., retired at Port Angeles, Wash. Capt. Bradley served as a volunteer during the civil war first as a private and in the second Missouri cavalry and afterwards as captain and major in the adjutant general's office.

Cheap Easter Presents.

Twenty per cent discount on Libbey cut glass. Makes tasty Easter presents.
F. D. DAY & CO., Jewelers.

FOR SALE.
THREE HEAVY TEAMS.
3200, 3000, 2850 weight.
In good condition.
W. C. Sherwood & Co.
614 Torrey Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
1:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:40
2:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.
† 1:25 p.m.	{ St. Paul and		† 2:00 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	{ Minneapolis		* 6:30 a.m.
† 6:45 a.m.	{ Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.		† 9:00 p.m.
* 9:30 a.m.			* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.			* 7:30 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia		*12:40 p.m.
† 6:45 a.m.	{ Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.		† 9:00 p.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City Sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p.m. Lv.—North Country Mail—Ar. *10:00 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. ..... LOCAL ..... Ar. †7:55 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m		b 6:55 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 8:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

MINNESOTA SOCIETY.

New York Reunion at Waldorf-Astoria April 23.

The Minnesota society of New York will hold its annual meeting and reunion in the Myrtle room at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel in New York city, April 23. Cards of announcement have reached Duluth.

Among the entertainers are J. L. Greatsinger, David W. McCord, James H. Warner, John H. Hammond, Bruno W. Bierbauer, Cass Gilbert, W. F. Newell, and Albert Shaw.

The card announces that the grill will be held from 7:30 to 9 o'clock, with vaudeville from 8:30 to 10 o'clock, and the annual meeting will be held afterwards.

REPORTS ARE DISCOURAGING

New Orleans, April 9.—The news from the Hymella crevasse is so discouraging today that an announcement of an abandonment of the work is not unlikely in the course of the next twenty-four hours. The "blow out" of forty feet of cribbbing reported yesterday, threatens the destruction of all the cribbing that has been built around the break in the levee. This morning the gap in the cribbing has reached a width of over 100 feet and a great volume of water is roaring through, submerging again the plantations which had been relieved. One final attempt is to be made to control the situation. That is by means of a line of sewer piling driven across the front of the crevasse.

BANK MAY LIQUIDATE.

New York, April 9.—Assistant Cashier Adams, of the Seventh National bank, said today that a special meeting of stockholders of the bank had been called for today to vote on the proposition to place the bank in voluntary liquidation and sell the assets to the Mercantile National bank of this city for $2,700,000. The purchase price is to be paid in cash and the Seventh National liabilities are to be assumed by the Mercantile. It was said at the bank that the proposition to sell was likely to be ratified by a large majority. The Seventh National has been in existence as the Seventh Ward bank and the Seventh National for seventy years.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

George Thompson and Nellie Thompson, John T. Otos, of Kandiyahi, Minn., and Anna Larson.
Mat Anton and Hilma Frederickson.
Aksel Ronnbach and Fanny Forsellus.

BIRTHS.

WILSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Wilson, of 1510 East Fourth street.
NEWTON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Newton, of 4602 Oneota street.
FOX—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Fox, of 712 West Superior street.
DRYKE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Dryke, of Woodland.
CLARKE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Clarke, of 517½ West Second street.
PRATT—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Pratt, of 224 West Fourth street.
POPKINS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Popkins, of 230 Third avenue west.
PEARSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Pearson, of 418 East Seventh street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A BAD COMPLEXION NEVER GETS better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gaining healthy, satin skin.

M. S. BURROWS SELLS FOR $2.50 shoes that would cost $3.50 in the regular shoe stores.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTICE

Whereas, a petition duly singed and the signatures thereto duly acknowledged, has been duly presented to the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a session of said board held on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1903, asking for the formation of a new school district to be composed of the following described territory, to-wit:

All of township fifty-seven (57), range seventeen (17) and sections twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), thirty (30), thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32) and thirty three (33), township fifty-eight (58), range seventeen (17), 4 P. M., in the townships of Fayal and Missabe Mountain, county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that a hearing of parties interested in the matter of said petition will be granted at the next session of said board, commencing on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1903, at the office of the county auditor, in Duluth, in said county, at two o'clock p. m. of said day.

By order of the board of commissioners.
O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.
By C. L. RAKOWSKY,
Deputy.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-9-1903.

UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., Home office, Duluth, Minn. F. H. Lounsberry, president; Donald D. McInnis, secretary. Incorporated May 26, 1896. Commenced business, June 1, 1896.

Attorney to accept service in Minnesota: Insurance commissioner.

Net assets, December. 31, previous year	$ 4 679 27
INCOME DURING 1902.	
Membership fees with applications	$ 5,095 00
Annual dues and expense assessments or premiums	5,810 44
Premiums or assessments for specific or temporary disability benefits	9,561 84
Total paid by members	$20,467 28
From all other sources	51 29
Total income	$20,518 48
DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1902.	
Specific benefit claims, including installments, paid	$ 800 00
Temporary disability benefits and other payments to members	8,516 67
Total paid to members	$ 9,316 67
Commissions, salaries and expenses of agents and collectors	6,630 99
Salaries of officers and employes	2,372 85
All other disbursements	1,841 00
Total disbursements	$20,222 11
Excess of income over disbursements	$ 296 37
ASSETS.	
Value of real estate, bonds and stocks owned	$ 600 00
Mortgage and collateral loans	125 00
Cash in office and in bank	4,010 54
Assessments due and unpaid	1,139 25
Total admitted assets	$ 6,174 89
Assets not admitted	$1,500
LIABILITIES.	
Claims unadjusted and reported	$ 70 00
Balance to protect contracts	$ 5,304 89

EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OR POLICIES, BUSINESS OF 1902.

	Total Business. No.	Amt.	Business in Minnesota. No.	Amt.
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of yr.)	1590	$154,162	1035	$104,575
Written during the year	1031	$123,175	728	$ 85,250
Total	2621	$277,337	1823	$189,825
Ceased during the year	1387	$146,227	980	$104,515
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	1234	$131,110	843	$ 85,310
Claims incurred during the year	350	$ 9,315	261	$ 7,359
Claims settled during the year	350	9,315	261	7,359

Received from members in Minnesota during the year $11,584 46

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of Insurance.

Whereas, the Union Mutual Insurance Co., a corporation organized under the laws of Minnesota, has fully complied with the requirements of the laws of this state, relating to co-operative or assessment insurance.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, insurance commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the above named society to transact its appropriate business of co-operative or assessment accident insurance in the state of Minnesota, according to the laws thereof, until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1904, unless said authority be revoked or otherwise legally terminated prior thereto.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office at St. Paul, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1903.

ELMER H. DEARTH,
Insurance Commissioner.
Duluth Evening Herald. April-7-8-9-1903.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, which was duly executed and delivered by Michael Sullivan, bachelor, mortgagor, to William G. Hinman, mortgagee, bearing date November fourth (4th), 1890, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on November fifth (5th), 1890, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in book sixty-seven (67), of Mortgages, on page one hundred ten (110) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William G. Hinman to William Joseph Corcoran, by an instrument of assignment which was duly recorded in said register of deeds' office on July twenty-fourth (24th), 1891, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in book seventy-three (73), of mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484) thereof, said William Joseph Corcoran having thereafter died, and the undersigned having been, by his last will and testament, duly appointed as executors of his estate, and a duly authenticated copy of the letters testamentary issued to the undersigned, as executors of his last will, upon the probate thereof, by the Judge of Probate of Suffolk county, Massachusetts, having been thereafter, and prior to the date of this notice, duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, such default, consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from November 4th, 1890, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1891, and subsequent years, which said mortgagor had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent and which said assignee of said mortgage was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows: On February 20th, 1892, the sum of $6.46; on October 29th, 1896, the sum of $26.59; on August 1st, 1899, the sum of $11.15; on December 23rd, 1901, the sum of $11.71; on December 26th, 1901, the sum of $10.88; and on February 10th, 1902, the sum of $12.22; no part of which has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred ten and 99-100ths ($510.99) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, described as follows, towit: Lots numbered three (3), four (4) and five (5), in section two (2), township fifty-four (54), north of range twelve (12), west of the fourth principal meridian, containing one hundred twenty-five (125) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-third (23rd) day of May, A. D. 1903, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and $25 attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 9th, 1903.
MICHAEL J. JORDAN and
JOSEPH H. GALLAGHER,
Executors of the will of William Joseph Corcoran, deceased.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Executors.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 9-16-23-30, May 7-14, 1903.

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

$5750 Takes 8-room modern house in East End.

$9500 Takes 9-room modern house in East End.

$2250 Takes 100 feet on East Fourth street.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Duluth-Superior Traction Company Common Stock. The cash is waiting for you. Communicate at once with **The WILLIAM KAISER CO.**
106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth. Both 'phones.

1026 E. Superior Street.

A splendid 8-room house, in the best portion of the East End.

—For Sale at—

$9,000

This is a great bargain.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

$325 And upward for lots on Grand Avenue, West Duluth. They are going up.

$600 For Southeast corner 20th avenue east and Dingwall street. This is a good lot for a little money.

$40000 for a good Superior street property, netting 7 per cent. A good list of homes for sale—description and price on application.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

4½% MONEY 5% To Loan

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

OSTEOPATHY.

WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; all modern conveniences. 1222 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue West.

FOR SALE!

Nine-room house—No. 225 West Fifth street—city water—price $2000, $500 cash, balance on monthly payments.

PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309-310 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE! 100-foot corner on 43rd avenue East and London road. A bargain. Well located Lakeside lots from $200 up. Lots in Duluth proper. Acres.
E. W. MARKELL, 306 Lonsdale Bldg.

We Offer For Sale the Following Mortgages on Centrally Located Real Estate—

Mortgage	Rate	Insurance	Valuation	Income
$3500	5 per cent	$4000	$7300	$1320
3000	5 per cent	3000	6000	546
3000	5 per cent	3000	6500	540

Further particulars on application.

PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309-310 Exchange Building.

Exercise Good Common Sense.

The time to find whether or not you have sufficient insurance is before a loss has occurred. You want the best and enough of it. We can furnish it, no difference whether you need one dollar or one million. See us also for

SURETY BONDS—SURETY BONDS.

Manley-McLennan Agency

Office—Torrey Bldg, First Floor.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

80 acres on French River. Lays well. Price per acre..... **$4.25**

40 acres near Proctorknott at one-half price if sold quick.

175 ft. on 5th street and 5th avenue West. Will sell 25 or 50 foot lots.

3 lots, corner Cosnold and 58th Ave., West Duluth. Cheap..... **$700**

Houses in all parts of the city and small lots of acres close in.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME QUINN TELLS YOUR whole life at 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, few days only.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS McGOWAN HAS JUST RETurned from New York and is prepared to fill all orders for the very latest styles in dressmaking. 209 Masonic Temple.

FRESH FISH.

D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETail in all kinds of fresh fish. 208 East First St., Duluth. Zenith phone 1122.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, DOUGlas county farm lands for house in Duluth or Superior. 1231 East Third street.

WANTED—$2000 ON GOOD SECURITY for 3 and 6 years. R. 24 Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL MERItorious household articles; easy seller. Excellent opportunity to make money. Call 926 East Second street.

HARNESS MAKING.

ALL KINDS FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 792-4.

MEDICAL.

GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 514 Torrey building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE---REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1600 7-room house, water, sewer porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl. Centrally located. Easy terms.

$1200 5-room house, almost new; on Seventh street, near Second avenue East.

$1200 Fine 7-room house on corner lot in West End. Monthly payments.

$2000 For good house and full 50-foot lot on Second street in Endion.

$2200 Buys 200 feet on West Fourth street. Will sell inside 50 feet for $500.

$1350 Buys 8-room house in good condition and two lots in West Duluth.

$8 per acre for 80 acre farm near the Jean Duluth Stock farm. Good buildings, partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul., 915 Tower, W. Sup. Both 'phones.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

FOR SALE — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE with large lot 50 by 132. No. 4210 West Fifth street.

PARK POINT

Two lots on Minnesota avenue, Bay side, near 26th street, with large cottage. Very cheap. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

5 and 10 ACRE TRACTS

Convenient to street railway. Suitable for poultry raising or market gardens. Easy terms. Wm. C. Sargent &Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECONDhand saxaphone. P. 11, Herald.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE CONnecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence bldg. Phone 1190-2.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WEDNESDAY, LADY'S SILVER watch, hunting case, on Superior street or First avenue west. Reward. 314 Fourth avenue west.

LOST — PAIR OF GOLD RIMMED spectacles on Third avenue west, between First Methodist church and Mesaba avenue. Return to 467 Mesaba avenue. Reward.

LOST—WILL PERSON TAKING VAlise from West Duluth car at West Duluth, last Sunday, leave same at Spencer's Drug store.

LOST—DIAMOND BROOCH, BETWEEN Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues West, on First street. Return to 1807 West First street and receive reward.

LOST — PEARL SUNBURST, WITH diamond center, between Lake avenue and Second avenue West on Superior street. Reward. Return to Herald.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE 20 EAST FOURTH street. Old 'phone 171-3 rings.

FURS STORED.

AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANUfacturing furrier, 106 West Superior street. Phone 230—4.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.

Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.

WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

YOU Can get money on easy terms if permanently employed with responsible concerns, from the Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith, 761. 301 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.60 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $4.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Sup. St. Upstairs.

No advertisements less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S
Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.

Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

FOR SALE---MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — CHEAP, ELEGANT PARlor organ can be seen at 307 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows from Wisconsin has just arrived at John H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—PIANO—FINE WALNUT, upright; very cheap; fully warranted. I have no use for it. C. O. Kristensen, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — BEST STUDEBAKER phaeton; good as new; cheap, if taken at once. W. M. Stahl. 543 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — FINE OAK FOLDING bed, refrigerator, cheffonier, hair mattres, bed springs, couch, rockers, commode, extension table and large variety of household articles, to be sold at once. Capt. C. P. Bragg, second floor 317 Third avenue east, at rear house during day.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITER, "SMITH Premier" No. 4, new. Call at Room 209 Trust building.

FOR SALE—FOLDING SOFA, EXTENsion table, hanging lamp, and oil stove. 1912 Sixtieth avenue East.

FOR SALE—IRON BEDSTEAD, MATtress and spring and dresser. Good condition; cheap for cash. 218 West Fifty-fifth avenue West.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS A great number of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — THE CONTENTS OF A well furnished 5-room flat for sale, including one piano, goods used just six months; flat also for rent. 115 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — 75,000 FEET NO. 4 AND 5 dry boards. Mill at Forty-fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, DOUBLE SEATed surrey and single cutter. 229 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE — PROCTOR HOTEL, FURnished, doing good business. Address Proctor, Minn.

FOR SALE—A COMFORTABLE HOME suitable for a dairy; good water. Price $1200. Address 1822 West Second street.

FOR SALE—VOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT piano. $125 takes it. Can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

SOLON VENDOPHONE STOCK—NEW York brokers want option, at advanced price. Ground floor buyers must call, or remit before Thursday noon, April 9th. This means our friends, too. Do not blame us if you neglect. T. F. Solon, 205 King block, Duluth.

FOR SALE—THE HERALD IS THE paper to keep you posted on fresh milch cow sales at Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD HALL AND confectionery store in good location; doing good business. Reason for selling owner leaving the city. Address, 218 Fifty-fifth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; eggs for hatching, etc., J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth. Minn.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices. M'f'rs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

WANTED---TO BORROW.

WANTED TO BORROW $3000 FOR A short time. Good security. N. 64, Herald.

MILLINERY.

MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old 705-5.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in a small family. 215 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 31 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL for general housework. Apply 207 West Third street, or 307 Temple building.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Apply at 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST AT LIGHT work and plain sewing. 3 Baldwin flats, 717 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. No cooking, 1123½ East third st.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG SECOND girl at 305 East Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SEWING girl; also one apprentice. Call, 525 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 2231 West Superior street, Flat 1.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Two in family. 312½ West Fifth street.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY AND A middle aged lady. Call at room 1015 Torrey Building, 10th Floor.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family and house. Inquire 222 Fourteenth avenue East.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK. Apply Delaware Hotel.

WANTED — GOOD KITCHEN GIRL also good second girl. Freimuth's, 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO WASH AND iron. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL 13 OR 15 years, one who can sleep at home nights. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED — COOK, $30; NO WASHING. Also kitchen girl. 203 West Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STARCHer. Acme laundry.

WANTED — A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

YOU WILL SAVE 50c TO $1.00 BY BUYing shoes of M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; private boarding house. Mrs. Kiletsch, 613 West Superior street.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL, WHO CAN help cook. $25. 2532 West Superior St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. No. 4 Adams flats.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUperior street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

SPICER-FANNING CO. Want

Experienced salesladies for cloak department—also experienced seamstress for alteration room. Apply to Mr. Brinkman.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GOOD STRONG BOY FOR driver. 28 East Superior street.

WANTED — BILL CLERK, FAMILIAR with railway or steamship work. Address P. O. Box 442. State experience.

WANTED — AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED press feeder at O. F. Collier's, 18 Lake avenue north.

WANTED—BAR PORTER AT SPALDing hotel.

WANTED — HOUSEMAN — SPALDING hotel.

WANTED—TWO GOOD PAINTERS—Apply H. Bartlett, 118 Fourth avenue west.

SOLICITORS WANTED TO SELL A staple line of household goods in Duluth and adjoining towns. Good inducements to first-class men. Woodward Supply Co., 313 East Superior street.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FIRST class coat makers and pant makers; also reliable errand boy. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix Block.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—CONTINUED.

WANTED—BARBER AT 16 THIRD AVenue west.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN CAMP clerk. Apply to Duluth Employment company, 429 West Michigan street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman. Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—COMPETENT GROOM TO care for, feed and clean my driving horses, and make himself generally useful around barn. Must understand his business as I am particular. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN, FURNISHED room, 7 Mason Flats.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, WATER, SEWer, light and bath, on Ninth avenue East. A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—MODERN EIGHT-ROOM house, East End, Julius D. Howard. 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SIXTEEN-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for roomers or boarders; central; furniture for sale. S 41, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM HOUSE. 925 East Fifth street. Inquire 230 East Superior street, Fred Engle.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Provid. bldg. Phone 24.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house in Park terrace; possession May 1. 205 Lyceum.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 705 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room, 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICELY FURnished rooms, with use of telephone. N 62, Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 419 Fourth avenue east.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT. MODern conveniences. Possession at once. Inquire Bridgeman & Russell, 16 West First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, 1826 WEST Second street, with bath and hot water heat. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FLAT IN West Duluth, four rooms, $10.50. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—LARGE BASEment room (above ground) for six months or longer for storage of household goods. C. J. N., Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—4-ROOM FLAT or small 5-room house, about a mile from Spalding hotel. Address J. A. M. Leidel, Spalding hotel.

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED house; central location. R. 81, Herald.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End, Address X 80 Herald.

WANTED—3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY ATTENDING BUSINESS college wants place to board in private family, where she can feel more like one of the family. Must be central. Address O 82, Herald.

UPHOLSTERY.

CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WANTS POSITION AS bookkeeper, assistant or collector; has had experience and can furnish best of references.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE, WITH BUSIness experience, wants steady work for advancement. Address, 208 Twentieth avenue west.

WANTED, BY SEAMSTRESS, SEWING by the day in families. O. 79, Herald.

WANTED — BY WOMAN, HOUSEcleaning. Call 7 West First street, upstairs, Mrs. E. Carlson.

ADVERTISER SEEKS POSITION AS bookkeeper, considerable experience, highest references. Address O 72, Herald.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO COOK FOR dinner parties, etc.; will work half day or time needed. Address, V. 83, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG SCANdinavian as office assistant or clerk; am quick and accurate at figures. Address H. E., 208 Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELing salesman for some reliable house. Have had ten years' experience and can furnish best of reference. U 96, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER wants a position to take charge of rooms. Address, O. 42, Herald.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

HAIRDRESSING.

HYDRA-VACU FACE TREATMENT, manicuring. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St., Zenith phone 1318.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair works. C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended, for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIGinal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL—DEPOSITIONS taken. 307 First National Bank building. Phones, Zenith, 831; Duluth, 544.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

C. C. STAACKE, OPTICAL SPECIALIST —New Jersey building, Third floor. Thorough satisfaction guaranteed.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 6, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 13, 1903. Work, Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 7, 1903. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Mijnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storm, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial comp. No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

EIGHTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEEN PAGES.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1903. TWO CENTS.

ANTI-VACCINATION BILL IS DEFEATED

Passed the House But Killed By Senate.

Dowling's Non-Partisan Judge Bill Passed.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate this morning killed the Gregory anti-vaccination bill, thus ending one of the controversies that has taken up much legislative time this winter. A similar bill was introduced in both houses, and the house bill passed the house. The senate bill passed the senate, but amended so as to make it nothing like what the anti-vaccinationists wanted, and the house killed the emasculated senate bill, which prohibited compulsory vaccination and provided that vaccination should not be made an essential to school attendance.

When the bill came up this morning, Senator Dunn asked unanimous consent to offer an amendment, which would have provided that in smallpox epidemics compulsory vaccination was permissible, except that children physically unfit for vaccination need not be vaccinated.

Senator Thompson objected to the amendment, so it did not go.

Senators Witherstine and Cole talked against the bill and Senator Horton talked for it.

The vote was 28 for and 27 against. Senators Laybourn and Pugh voted for the bill and Senator Hawkins voted against it.

The senate passed the co-insurance bill by Senator Calhoun, which provides that on all risks over $30,000 coinsurance is permissible.

Mr. Dowling got his non-partisan judiciary bill through at last, after a hard fight lasting several weeks. As amended it met with more favor, and it carried by a vote of 61 to 26. Capt. Lewis and Capt. Randall, of Duluth, voted against it.

The house killed Mr. Ruliffson's dog tax bill by a vote of 49 to 44.

The bill by W. A. Hinton, providing a density test for illuminating oils and adding gasoline to the list of oils that are to be inspected, was passed.

W. I. Nolan's bill to provide that contractors on tall buildings must protect their workmen by putting in temporary floors failed of passage, getting 53 votes to 43 against it, 60 being needed. Mr. Nolan gave notice that he would move to reconsider the vote by

(Continued on page 14.)

PUGH'S CIVIL SERVICE BILL IS PASSED BY THE SENATE

Not Many Votes to Spare, Some Senators Fearing Country Boys Would Stand No Show of Appointments—Platforms For Congressional Candidates.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Pugh's bill creating a civil service system for the grain inspection department in this state passed the senate yesterday afternoon.

There was opposition to the bill from some of the members representing country districts, who had been led to believe that if the bill went through there would be no chance for country boys in the service, as the city people would gobble all the jobs.

The bill barely passed, owing to this impression, getting 32 votes, and there were 17 votes against it. When the bill came up Senator Dale, of Lac Qui Parle county, opposed it on the ground above stated. He said the boards of erade and chambers of commerce would dictate all the appointments, and the farmers, who created the inspection system, would have no voice.

Senator L. O. Thorpe, of Kandiyohi county, said he could see nothing in this objection. He was from a strictly agricultural country himself, and he was not afraid of it. Besides, some such move is necessary in order to avoid having North Dakota and Wisconsin combine on a Wisconsin system of inspection that would injure the business of this state.

Senator Peterson, of Clay county, raised the same objection as did Senator Dale. He said that as it was now, many young men from the country, who had experience only in raising grain, had been appointed to the service, and after a little training they had developed into first-class men. Under civil service they would have no show, because they could not pass the examinations. Senator McGill, of St. Paul, spoke for the bill, after which the vote was taken, as follows:

Yeas—Alley, Batz, Benson, Brower, Buck, Calhoun, Cowan, Dart, Dunn, Dutoit, Ferris, Harrington, Hawkins, Horton, Johnson, Laybourn, Lord, Mausten, McGill, Morgan, Nichols, Peachey, Pugh, Rieke, Schaln, Smith, E. E., Smith, W. A., Thompson, Thorpe, Ward, Wilson, Witherstine—32.

Noes—Barker, Coller, Collester, Cooke,

(Continued on Page 5.)

CHICAGO POLICE HAVE LIVELY BATTLE WITH ITALIAN GANG

Row Started In a Saloon Over an Election Dispute and a Regular Riot Followed—Lieut. Moore and Four Italians Were Hurt.

Chicago, April 10.—Lieut. Maurice Moore of the Twenty-second street police station and four Italians were wounded by revolver shots in a riot at an early hour today.

The injured: Lieut. Maurice Moore, Twenty-second street station, shot in right arm; Frank Vinch, 25 years old, shot in leg, five knife wounds in back and head crushed, taken to the St. Luke's hospital, may die; Salvan Barber, 26 years old, shot in left leg, taken to the county hospital, serious; Frank Bronebazen, 31 years old, shot in right leg, taken to the county hospital, serious; Frank Bonneo, Nineteenth and Clark streets, arm fractured by bullet, taken to St. Luke's hospital, serious.

The trouble started in a saloon. A post-election argument was started and several blows were struck. The crowd composed chiefly of Italians then surged out to the sidewalk, where pistols and knives were drawn.

When the police and detectives arrived, Frank Vincy was found lying unconscious in the street. The others had either scattered or had gone to the floor above the saloon. Lieut. Moore took half of his men up the stairway, and, rapping on the door, ordered those inside to open it. He was greeted by a volley of shots, one of which grazed his head and another entered his right arm. Despite this he drew his revolver with his left hand and, with the officers, battered down the door.

As the police entered the lamp, which had been lighting the place, was put out, leaving the room in darkness. Another was porcured and more than a dozen were arrested.

WARRING UNIONS STILL AT ODDS

New York, April 10.—The struggle between warring unions of carpenters was resumed today, the fourth of the strike. The resumed efforts on the part of the Amalgamated union to install its members in the place left vacant by the striking members of the Brotherhood were encouraged by the announcement that a second firm of contractors had consented to employ them instead of Brotherhood men. The Amalgamated men are coming in from the outlying districts and are being put to work on the big office buildings in process of erection down town. Officials of the Brotherhood and Civic Federation express a hope that President Gompers of the American Federation, who is coming to New York, will adjust the differences of the organizations, both of which are affiliated with the Federation.

President Compers and Vice President Duncan of the Federation of Labor arrived here today. Mr. Gompers said: "We are going to see if we cannot settle the difficulties. I hope we may do so at once."

William Fyfe, business agent of the Amalgamated association, said he did not think Mr. Gomper's would be successful.

HEAVIEST WEEK

That the Immigration Bureau Ever Had In April.

Nearly Forty Thousand Immigrants Arrived In Ten Days.

New York, April 10.—The heaviest week that the immigration bureau at Ellis island has ever had in April, and the record ten days for the first part of April, ended today with the landing and shipping to other places of 38,076 immigrants since April 1. The record of last year for the first ten days of April was 26,789. Today alone there are 10,175 immigrants in port to be landed, of which number it has been arranged to take away today 7055, leaving 3120 on board ship to be landed tomorrow. Commissioner Williams said that there are but few immigrants detained and a very small percentage ordered deported. The class arriving is above the average regarding education. A large majority of them go at once to the West and Northwest.

MISS NEILSON'S WEDDING GIFTS

Taken to Newport In an Old Pasteboard Box.

Newport, R. I., April 10.—In a pasteboard box that appeared to contain nothing more valuable than a new hat the $200,000 worth of jewels which have been presented to Miss Kathleen Neilson as wedding gifts, have been brought here from New York. The package was under the care of Chief of Police Richards, of Newport.

Reginald Vanderbilt went to Wickford and met the party, which was driven rapidly to the Aqueduct bank, where the jewels were placed in a safety deposit vault.

In the vault the box was opened to afford Mr. Vanderbilt an opportunity to inspect the jewels.

BLIND SALAMANDERS.

Three In Collection of New York Aquarium.

New York, April 10.—Three blind salamanders have been added to the collection in the New York aquarium. It is said no other exhibition place in the world possesses such treasures.

The salamanders were taken from the United States fish commission's artesian well at San Marcos, Tex. This is 168 feet deep and is believed to have pierced a subterranean cavern. The well has thrown up several specimens of blind fish, but none have lived.

TOO PREVIOUS

Would Be Negotiations Concerning Panama Canal Rights

Washington, April 10.—No hint of the negotiations reported in England to be in progress between the governments of the United States and Great Britain relative to British commercial privileges in the Panama canal has yet crossed the Atlantic save in the brief press dispatch of yesterday. The officials here say they know nothing of any such project and point to the fact that there is scarcely a precedent for negotiations on such an important subject, nearly a generation in advance of the probable opening of the canal. It is also suggested that "The most favored nation" clause in the majority of our treaties would make it difficult to confer any privilege of this kind upon England to the exclusion of other powers.

WRESTLER FAILS.

Hartford, Conn., April 10.—George Bothner, the lightweight champion wrestler of the world, failed last night to throw Oscar Johnson, of this city, twice within an hour, which were the conditions of the match. Bothner succeeded in putting the shoulders of the New Englander to the mat once in the allotted time, but for the remainder of the bout Johnson seemed to keep on even terms with him.

MUST WELCOME THE KING.

Dresden, Saxony, April 10.—King George will return here from the South May 3, and circular letters have been issued by the state railroad and inland revenue authorities directing all the officials, with their wives and daughters, to appear in the sereets and welcome the king. The railroad circular requests the women to wear white dresses. The revenue authorities in their circular have requested the women to wear light colored dresses.

POSITION OFFERED LOW.

New York, April 10.—President Roosevelt, according to reports in circulation here, has offered Mayor Low the post of United States ambassador to France, should the mayor refuse to accept renomination.

DEFECTIVE SHELL FUSE

Caused Death and Destruction on Battleship.

It Burned Much Faster Than Was Expected.

Pensacola, Fla., April 10.—An investigation of the explosion on the battleship Iowa, which occurred in the gulf, near this port yesterday, resulting in the death of three seamen and serious injury of five others, show that the accident was caused entirely by a defective shell fuse, which it is stated, burned faster than was calculated. It is understood that the shell exploded fully sixty seconds before it was timed to go off. An examination of the ship today shows that the bursted gun is beyond repair, and that the 12-inch forward turret will have to be relieved. A number of supporters are also sprung, and it is stated portions of the deck will have to be replaced where pieces of the heavy gun tore through.

The funeral of the three killed occurred this morning at 11 o'clock. The dead were buried in the national cemetery here with military honors, companies of blue jackets from all the ships of the fleet participating in the exercises. It is understood that all of the injured men are almost entirely out of danger, except First Class Seaman Paul Gough, who lost an eye and is in a critical condition. The Iowa steamed into the navy yard this morning at 11 o'clock.

Washington, April 10.—The cipher dispatch received by the navy department last night regarding the explosion of the gun on the Iowa was deciphered this morning. It was from Admiral Higginson and said:

"Iowa's breechloading rifle, 12-inch gun, burst in front of the trunions. Three killed and four wounded."

Then follows the names given in last night's dispatch. The department expects fuller particulars today.

Because of the meager details of the explosion of the twelve-inch gun aboard the Iowa yesterday, which Admiral Higginson's dispatch contained, officials at the navy department this morning can only speculate as to its cause. In acordance with the regulations Admiral Higginson, it is supposed, has already appointed a board of officers to investigate the accident and report. This report may not arrive for several days.

Rear Admiral O'Neil, chief of the bureau of ordinance, has already issued orders for the transportation to New York of a new 12-inch gun, which is now at the Washington navy yard, and it will be placed on the Iowa when that vessel comes to New York for repairs. Admiral O'Neil said today:

"The gun which burst was designed in 1893 and manufactured in 1895 at the naval gun factory. Jan. 1, 1903, the gun had been fired 125 times. Yesterday's accident is the first that has ever happened to any of the large caliber guns of the navy, except in the case of a thirteen-inch gun on the Kearsarge, the bore of which was injured by a premature explosion of a shell two years ago. A lining tube was inserted in that gun and today it is in use at the proving grounds.

"No reason can yet be assigned for the accident as yet it is not known what kind of powder or shell was used, nor have we the details as to the location or character of the fracture or of the condition of the bore of the gun, all of which will have to be considered."

While the accident may have been due to the premature explosion of the shell in the bore, such a contingency is unlikely, as shells have on several occasions broken up in bores of guns without any other injury to the gun than the defacing of the bore. So far as the bureau is advised all the Iowa's twelve-inch shells are fitted with base covers with a view to preventing a possible premature explosion due to the action of powder gases.

The bureau of navigation has sent telegrams of sympathy to the families of the men, killed and wounded in the explosion.

From Admiral Higginson, at Pensacola, a second dispatch dated today was received at the navy department as follows:

Purcell, landsman, Walter E. Keile, seaman, F. L. Berry, ordinary seaman, were killed on Iowa. Will be buried at navyyard (Pensacola).

"HIGGINSON."

OBJECTED TO PASSING OF CORPSE

Vienna, April 10.—An extraordinary case of superstition has occurred in Hungary. A peasant living at Noshtay died while attending the market in a neighboring town. His relatives started homewards with the body, but were forcibly prevented from traversing the village of Iharis, the inhabitants asserting that the passage of a strange corpse through the place would lead to misfortune. Reinforced by gendarmes, the relatives made a second attempt to pass through the village, but were confronted by the entire population, armed with pitchforks and similar weapons. The gendarmes were driven back by the villagers and thereupon fired a volley at the crowd of men, women and children, killing two persons and wounding many others.

BARK IS ASHORE; NO TRACE OF CREW

Halifax, N. S., April 10.—An unknown bark, with all sail clewed up and no sign of life on board, is reported ashore on the eastern rocks off Scatterie island on the Cape Breton coast. The Norwegian steamer Terje Viken, Capt. Gullicksen, from Portland, Me., which has arrived at Sydney, reports having passed the unknown craft. Capt. Gullicksen says that from appearance the vessel must have only been on the rocks a short time. The bark is apparently of foreign build, and of 700 or 800 tons register. Because of the prevalence of a heavy storm it is impossible for craft of any kind to get within reach of the stranded vessel, which is exposed to the full force of the wind and seas. The steamer Cacouna, Capt. McPhail, from St. Johns, N. F., which has arrived at Sydney, also reports having passed the stranded vessel. The seas were breaking over her and she will probably become a total wreck. No trace of any of the crew can be found.

DIVER MAKES JUMP BACKWARD

Jersey City, April 10.—Arthur C. Holden, claiming to be the champion high diver of the world, yesterday jumped backward from the top of a pile driver, ninety-two feet high, into the Hudson river, turning a somersault in the decent. He did it without breaking his neck, and then took a swim to refresh himself after his exertions. Holden plunged down, his legs and arms revolving like spokes of a slow wheel and, feet first, crashed into the river, sending a shower of spray twenty feet aloft. It had not all subsided when up bobbed Holden and swam to a float nearby. Just to show the entire absence of illfeeling, Holden subsequently did a double somersault into the river from a height of twenty feet.

INDIANS SEIZE NINE SAWMILLS

Parnell, I. T., April 10.—The Indian police, working under orders from headquarters at Muskoges, seized nine sawmills and 2,000,000 feet of lumber, valued at $100,000, in the Little river ccuntry, near Harrington, I. T. The heaviest loser is the S. B. Scratch Sawmill company. It ran three mills and had over 1,000,000 feet of lumber on hand. The officers will hold the property until they receive further orders from the interior department. The department will no doubt order the mills destroyed and the lumber sold. This is the usual custom. The proceeds of the sale will be turned over to the Choctaw fund.

Washington, April 10.—The report of the seizure of the property of trespassing sawmill owners in Indian territory is confirmed at the interior department. The department has given instructions that both the mills and lumber shall be turned over to the United States courts for disposal.

TANKE IS SENTENCED FOR LIFE

St. Paul, April 10.—A St. James, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The jury in the Tanke murder trial this morning at 9:05 delivered a verdict of second degree murder, after being out all night. Judge Gray sentenced the prisoner to life imprisonment and gave the attorneys twenty-five days' stay. Frank Tanke was charged with the murder of John Wellner, the farmer for whom he worked and whose wife he afterwards married. Mrs. Tanke is now serving a life sentence in the penitentiary owing to her confession that she murdered her husband. She made the confession, hoping to clear Tanke from any participation in the crime.

ONE HUNDRED MOROS KILLED

Captain Pershing's Forces Captured Bacolod.

Three Americans Were Wounded In Fight.

Manila, April 10.—Capt. Pershing's force captured Bacolod, island of Mindanao, Wednesday, killing 100 Moros and wounding many others. Three Americans were wounded. Pershing's force consisted of Shaw's battalion of the Twenty-seventh infantry, Kilpatrick's troop of the Fifteenth cavalry, and Chaucair's battery.

Pershing was surveying the west shore lands when the Bacolodians opposed his advance and provoked the fight. Pershing surrounded and attacked their stronghold first, and shelling them and rushing his troops forward, charged gallantly. After crossing a deep moat and entering the fort the Americans engaged the Moros, bayonets against krisses. A hundred of the defenders were killed, including the Datto of Panandungan, and many were wounded. Only three Americans were wounded. After the capture of the fort it was destroyed.

The Bacolod leaders and the majority of the people of that district had been hostile to the Americans and encouraged attacks on American camps. They rejected the tenders of friendship.

It is expected that the defeat of the Bacolodians will result in all the Moros acknowledging American sovereignty.

Pershing's column is going to Marahue, which is also hostile.

WOUNDED MAN SAYS HE WILL SETTLE WITH HIS ASSAILANT

New York Restaurant Keeper Who Is Seriously Shot Near the Heart, Refuses to Tell Police Where or How He Was Wounded.

New York, April 10.—David Bernstein, "Big Dave," a restaurant keeper, thought to be dying from the effects of a bullet wound just under the heart, only smiles when he is asked who shot him.

"I'll settle this thing myself, if I get well," he answers grimly. "I'll get even with the man without your help. If I don't—well, I'll die like a man."

Bernstein, who is a giant in strength and stature, was seen by a policeman staggering along the street with a large revolver clutched in his hand and half concealed in his pocket. The officer demanded the revolver. "You'll get it," answered Bernstein, swinging around and pointing the weapon directly at the policeman's head. He was knocked down before he could pull the trigger, but jumping up, grappled with the policeman.

Then ensued a struggle in which five policemen took part. Then, noticing Bernstein was wounded, an ambulance was called and the five had another struggle while they were strapping the man to the boards.

"Got it, that's all there is to it," was Bernstein's only comment. "You won't find out who gave it to me, either."

The police have a theory that Bernstein was shot in a quarrel over a game of cards, and going out, got a revolver, and was returning for vengeance when seen by the policemen. Surgeons say that Bernstein has only a remote chance of surviving.

GUESTS OF VICTORIA HOTEL ROUTED FROM BED BY SMOKE

Ex-Senator Towne, Tony Pastor, Pete Daily and Three Hundred Others Forced to Seek Safety—Fortunately Fire Was In Adjoining Building.

New York, April 10.—Three hundred guests of the Victoria hotel were routed from bed today by smoke from a fire nearby, and all the other occupants of the buildings in the bock bounded by Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets, Broadway and Fifth avenue, were frightened. In an apartment house at Twenty-sixth street and Fifth avenue there was great excitement partly due to another fire scare there recently, and the tenants rushed for the elevators. In the Victoria hotel Annex were many actors and actresses, who crowded out on the fire escapes until assured there was no danger and in other buildings women were carried down through smoke to safety by policemen.

The fire was in a building in Fifth avenue between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets, used as a storage warehouse for paintings and antiques, and the damage is estimated at $100,000. One of the smoke-routed tenants in the apartment building was Capt. E. T. Zalinsky, inventor of the dynamite gun. He is a cripple and in spite of his objections in order to save valuable papers, a fireman picked him up in his arms and carried him to the street. On the top floor of the apartment house the police found a woman and her daughter chasing two prize Angora cats, each woman holding a basket for carrying the pets. On account of the smoke the women were warned to get out and leave the cats, but they refused and a policeman had to catch the cats and escort them and their owners safely to the street.

In the Victoria Charles A. Towne, exsenator from Minnesota, Tony Pastor and Peter Daily, the comedian, and his wife were among those forced to seek safety.

BIG BRITISH BATTLESHIPS BUMP

New York, April 10.—News, which the British admiralty has seen fit to suppress, says the London representative of the Herald, is just reaching England to the effect that during the recent maneuvers of the Mediterranean fleet, a repetition of the disaster by which the Victoria was rammed and sunk by the Camperdown, with terrible loss of life, was narrowly averted. It appears that during combined manuevers the Bulwark, Sir Compton Domilies' flagship, collided with the Formidable. The armor plates of the Formidable were seriously damaged and the cost of dry docking and repairing the ship is stated to be $250,000. Directly after the collision a notice was placed upon the lower deck of the commander-in-chief's flagship, followed by a similar intimation on the Formidable, forbidding all on board to communicate with any one upon the subject. Members of the crew were further ordered not to allude to the collision in their letters to England. Both the Bulwark and the Formidable are the latest type of British battleships.

WAGE QUESTION SETTLED QUICKLY

Denver, April 10.—A settlement of the question of wages of the trainmen of the Colorado & Southern railroad has been effected. Fifteen minutes after General Manager Herbert of the Colorado & Southern road went into conference with Vice Grand Master Lee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and Grand Junior Conductor Shepherd of the Order of Railroad Conductors the demands of the men had been granted and Mr. Herbert announced that the setlement was very satisfactory. The basis of the agreement is a 12 per cent increase for freight men and 15 per cent for passenger men. Regarding double-headers the company agrees that no more than four engines shall be run at one time on narrow gauge roads. A train on the main line is to consist of thirty cars with double engines if necessary. Today the employes of the Colorado Midland train service will take up the matter of an increase with General Manager Schlack. They will insist upon the same terms just granted the Colorado & Southern men.

Agents for Young's N. Y. Hats, $3.00.

New Spring Catalogue Mailed Free on Request.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

The Best $1.90 Spring Hat

For as good a hat as can be made—our guaranteed Mitchell Hats contain all the quality, style and character of Hat Stores' $3.00 Hats. Correct fashions, colors and shapes. Before you pay $2.50 and $3.00, see these splendid values at

$1.90

M. S. BURROWS.

Most fashionable spring suits $15.

Great sale of several thousand hand tailored Men's and Young Men's Stylish Suits—manufactured especially for us by Stein-Bloch Co. N. Y., and Kuh, Nathan & Fisher, Chicago—the most correct and perfect fitting apparel it is possible to procure; tasty elegant and most superior clothes that through pure merit are held in the highest esteem by smart dressers. We ask the most exacting buyers to compare these specially manufactured new Spring Suits with the very best they can see elsewhere at $20 and $25—the materials are fine imported and domestic weaves, such as homespuns, tweeds, worsteds, velours, vicunas and thibets—in colors, patterns and combinations as varied as the tastes of men—the shapes and styles are limited only by the caprice of fashion, the tailoring and finish of every garment is art, the fit is simply perfect, while permanency of shape is assured; these suits are cut in single and double-breasted sacks—in 'Varsity and conservative styles—variety is simply immense—the values astounding. These superior suits we offer you choice of, now at ---------- $15

A tremendous display of the very highest grade, New Spring Suits, Topcoats, Rain Coats and Spring Overcoats, made by America's foremost high class wholesale tailors, garments no tailor can equal at less than twice our prices of $18, $20, $22.50, $25, $28, $30.

Black Thibet Suits—Most fashionably cut, in sacks and double breasted style, thousands of them worn, excellent weight Venetian lined, others ask $15—on sale tomorrow---------- **$10**

25 Styles of Men's and Young Men's Union Made Suits—Excellently finished, plain or fancy colorings, single or double breasted styles, worth $15, for---------- **$10**

Union-Made Trousers for Spring—Correct cut, of pure worsteds and cheviots, union label on every pair, 10 styles—choice---------- **$3**

Elegant Spring Suits—A table full, in all styles—in blue serges, fine worsteds, Scotch cheviots—some new this season, others carried over from last—mainly $10, $12, $15 Suits, tomorrow for---------- **$8**

Gentlemen's Silk Lined Suits—Made by Stein-Bloch Co., equal tailors' $50 garments. Look at them---------- **$25**

Hand-Made Custom Trousers—Made from imported fabrics, thoroughly high grade and of the same quality as tailors' $10 goods, for---------- **$5**

Our Cornell Short Top Spring Coats—200 correct, swagger and stylish Top Coats in all the late, swell effects, in Stein-Bloch Co.'s inimitable make, at **$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25**

Special tomorrow—50 silk lined Top Coats, in fancy coverts. Short, toppy $15 Coats; choice, only ---------- **$10**

Immense Sale of Rain Coats

A tremendous selection of these handsome, stylish Rain Coats, made by Stein-Bloch Co., every up-to-date man should have one; they are the only coat for spring wear for dress, driving and traveling—the best coat for rain or shine, at **$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25**

This Store's Policy is to Satisfy.

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Easter Shoes and Slippers for Men, Women and Children

Highest Art in Shoe Making.

Burrows Bench Made—Hanan—and Laird, Schober & Co.

New exclusive designs for Easter wear—all Leathers—all shapes.

Burrows $2.50 Wear Well Shoes. The Great Eastern $3.00 Shoes.

The Burrows Regent $3.50 Shoes.

DUGAN & HUDSON'S CONFIRMATION SHOES FOR BOYS AND MISSES.

Easter Furnishings!

New Swell White Vests—just in time for Easter—nothing more appropriate—all the go this spring—we have every size.

$1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $5.

New designs in finest Imported Fancy Hose—A brilliant line of dainty Easter Neckwear—Easter Gloves—The right styles and latest novelties.

Men's Spring Weight Underwear—fine Egyptian yarns, in blue, pink, white, cream and fancy stripes, flat or ribbed garments. The same underwear sells around town for $1. Our price is only—

50c

Collars—We never allow our stock of collars to become depleted—you will always find the latest shapes of the best makes.

150 different patterns in Men's Spring Shirts, plaits or plain bosom, cuffs attached or detached; the best fabrics, best makes; other stores' $1.50 quality, our price---- **$1.00**

Special display of Manhattan Shirts—new spring styles—models of beauty of these best shirts in America—entirely different patterns from other stores—see our Easter display—plaited or plain bosom—cuffs attached or detached; enormous assortment at ---------- **$2.50, $2 and $1.50**

An entirely new display of rich, swell spring Neckwear; made from choicest imported silks in the new shades of grey, gun metal, blacks and white—handsome heavy qualities—made in the French Fold and Ascot Imperial shapes—none better at $1.00—at, choice here---------- **50c**

Boys' Most Beautiful Easter Apparel

SAILOR-COLLAR NORFOLK SUITS—2½ to 8 years—handsome suits for the little fellows—homespuns, cheviots, serges and worsteds—made with sailor collar—pleats and belts—plain blue and fancy colors—prices ..... $10.00 down to **$3.50**

SAILOR SUITS—3 to 12 years—serges, cheviots and unfinished worsteds—collars are braided—shield and sleeves embellished with embroidery — this line includes the "Peter Thompson" suits—prices from..... $12.00 down to **$2.50**

TWO-GARMENT SUITS—8 to 16 years—single or double-breasted coat and pants—Scotch mixtures — cheviots, serges and homespuns—in plain blues, blacks and fancy colorings — close-fitting collars—square shoulders—prices ..... $15.00 down to **$2.00**

Silk-lined Top Coats at $15.00, $12.50 and $8.50.

Ladies' Knox Hats—In all the new shades.

RUSSIAN SUITS—2½ to 5 years—very nobby and stylish—more worn this season than ever—cheviots, worsteds and serges, in nobby conceits—prices from ..... $18.00 down to **$5.00**

THREE-GARMENT SUITS—10 to 16 years—blue, black and fancy mixtures—the popular garment for dress and evening wear—Clay and fancy worsteds, cheviots, serges and cassimeres—prices from ..... $15.00 down to **$4.00**

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LONG-TROUSER SUITS—15 to 20 years—tailored and finished like the men's garments—hand-made button holes—hand-placed collars and hand-padded shoulders—every known material and style is shown in all colors, prices from..... $22.50 to **$6.00**

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, BLOUSES AND WAISTS—All sizes and colorings—our stock of furnishing goods is now complete—make your selections before they are picked over—prices $1.50 down to **50c**

NORFOLK SUITS—6 to 16 years—all colors and materials—the most popular style produced this season—hand-placed collars and padded shoulders—made with pleats and belt—prices from ..... $10.00 down to **$3.00**

RAIN-PROOF COATS—8 to 20 years—Coverts and Oxford mixtures in light and dark colorings—extra long cut—hand-padded shoulders and close-fitting collars, prices $18 down to **$8.50**

CONFIRMATION SUITS—8 to 20 years—blue or black worsteds—serges and Thibets—all styles, in long or short pants suits—every garment perfectly made and trimmed—prices $22.50 to **$3.00**

SPRING OVERCOATS—3 to 20 years—short box garments—in coverts, homespuns and cheviots—in endless varieties—square shoulders and loose-fitting backs—prices $15 down to **$4.00**

Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings in endless varieties.

CANADIAN IMPORT

Figures Show American Merchandise Is Popular In Canada.

Fifty-Six Per Cent of Imports Are From This Country.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Canadian import figures indicate that the manufactures and merchandise of the United States are popular with the people of Canada. The statistical statement of Canadian commerce, just received by the treasury bureau of statistics, covering the commerce of the seven months ending with January, 1903, shows that Canada imported from the United States during that time $67,000,000 worth of merchandise, against $32,000,000 worth from the United Kingdom and $21,000,000 worth from all other parts of the world. In other words, the United States supplied 56 per cent of the imports of Canada in the seven months ending with January last, the United Kingdom supplied 27 per cent, and the remaining portions of the world 17 per cent.

This large importation from the United States by Canada is especially interesting, in view of the fact that the Canadian tariff permits the introduction of products from the United Kingdom on payment of only two-thirds the duty which goods from other parts of the world, including the United States, must pay. This reduction in tariff on goods from the United Kingdom as against goods from other parts of the world was begun some four years ago, and the reduction on British goods increased until it reached 33⅓ per cent. Yet, in spite of this fact, the United States supplies to Canada twice as much merchandise as does the United Kingdom. In a large proportion of articles or classes of articles imported into Canada, the United States supplies a larger share than does the United Kingdom. In a list of 36 principal importations into Canada, 26 show larger importations from the United States than from the United Kingdom, and 10 show larger importations from the United Kingdom than from the United States. The 10 articles in which the United Kingdom supplies a larger share of the Canadian imports than does the United States are: Cotton manufactures, flax and hemp manufactures, silk manufactures, wool manufactures, tin and manufactures thereof, earthen and chinaware, spirits and wines, tea, wool and "fancy articles."

Of the articles of which the United States furnishes a larger supply than does the United Kingdom, the principal ones are manufactures of iron and steel, wool and its manufactures, coal and coke, breadstuffs, chemicals, fruits, provisions, live animals, tobacco and its manufactures, paper and its manufactures, and electrical apparatus. Taking up in detail the articles in which the imports from the United Kingdom are larger than those from the United States, the figures for the seven months ending with January, 1903, stand: Wool, manufactures, from the United Kingdom, $6,047,284, from the United States, $251,551; cotton manufactures, United Kingdom, $3,203,476, United States, $1,154,680; flax and hemp manufactures, from the United Kingdom, $1,824,238, from the United States, $238,362; silk manufactures, United Kingdom, $1,100,185, United States, $322,112; and fancy articles, United Kingdom, $715,065, United States, $241,105. The principal articles in which the larger share is drawn from the United States are: Iron and steel manufactures, from the United States, $15,528,044, from the United Kingdom, $5,307,107; wood and manufactures thereof, United States, $3,380,301, United Kingdom, $45,157; tobacco and its manufactures, United States, $1,564,888, United Kingdom, $64,395; provisions, United States, $1,112,709, United Kingdom, $23,226; paper and manufactures thereof, United States, $821,134, United Kingdom, $257,507; India rubber and manufactures, United States, $1,159,195, United Kingdom, $188,940; fruits, United States, $1,749,919, United Kingdom, $182,089; raw cotton, United States, $2,892,786, United Kingdom, $21,622; breadstuffs, United States, $2,204,022, United Kingdom, $199,207; books, maps, etc., United States, $837,098, United Kingdom, $280,137; coal and coke, United States, $6,656,263, United Kingdom, $498,722; hides and skins, United States, $1,572,264, United Kingdom, $844,219, and seeds, from the United States, $1,184,313, from the United Kingdom, $63,124.

HAS A SOUL ABOVE CASH

Little Harold Beer's Great Ambition to Be a Priest.

New York, April 10.—The table above gives the routine daily life of little Harold Beer of Bath Beach, the lad who was called "An embryotic J. Pierpont Morgan" by Justice Keady of the Brooklyn court of special sessions, has gained considerable renown by the passing comment of the judge and is pointed out in Bath Beach by old and young alike as one of the greatest financiers "of his age." He is educating himself in a college, engages several boys to help him carry on his work of selling newspapers, keeps accounts with his helpers and with his college professors, buys his own clothes, helps buy clothes for his eight brothers and sisters, and is just 11 years old.

He came to be termed a young "J. P. Morgan" when he sued to recover $2.49, which he said had been collected by one of his "men" for newspapers delivered and never returned in the proper way. The delinquent newsboy was arrested, but when the amount was made good by his friends little Harold wrote a letter to the justice of the court, saying that, as he had been recompensed, he no longer had any desire to see the boy punished, and asked the judges to let him off without a sentence. It was then that Justice Keady remarked that the boy would some day be a millionaire.

Strange to say, this is not in line with Harold's ambition. He said to a reporter that his dearest hope is that he may some day become a priest. He is studying hard now, and asserts that he will dedicate his life to poverty if he can do good in holy orders.

"I am working every chance I get to make enough money to get me through college. It costs me $90 a year at St. Francis, and it's going to cost me a good deal more when I go away to another college.

"Well, I figure it out this way. I am making about 50 cents a day selling newspapers. This enables me to clear about $190 a year. I have enough money to go to college, buy my clothes and help the home folks out a bit. I also save some.

"I want to be a priest. I have been an altar boy for several years. I want to study for the clergy, I don't know whether I will ever be a priest or not. I want to be, but a boy in my position can't be everything he wants to be, so I may have to stick to business.

"It's easy to make money. I have never lost since I started out in business for myself. When I first went to selling papers, it was for another fellow. But I went to my mother one day and told her that I wanted to go in business for myself. She said: 'Why, you're only 10 years old and you can't compete with the old men selling papers.'

"She finally gave me 50 cents to buy papers that morning. I was out at 4 o'clock and in less than an hour when business opened up that morning I had sold 100 papers, netting me 40 cents. Since then I have built up a route of about a hundred regular patrons.

"This give me a sure thing of around 40 or 50 cents a day clear profit. I have no doubt in the world that I could get rich if I stuck to business, for I have found that it is easy to make money.

"But money is not the thing I am after.

"I love books.

"I don't love money."

TWELVE-INCH GUN EXPLODES

Fatal Accident on Board the Battleship Iowa.

Pensacola, Fla., April 10.—A disastrous explosion occurred on the battleship Iowa while the vessel was at target practice in the gulf. The forward port twelve-inch gun burst from a premature explosion of a shell, twelve feet of the piece outside the turret being demolished. The killed are:

FIRST CLASS SEAMAN KIELE.
ORDINARY SEAMAN PERCELL.
GUNNER'S MATE BERR.

The injured: First Class Seaman Gaught, Ordinary Seamen Thursdale, Brown, Mansdale and Purser.

The men killed and injured were on the second or gun deck at mess. Three pieces of the exploded gun, each weighing over a ton, passed downward through the spar deck, falling upon the men at mess, instantly killing the three named. All the men were horribly mutilated.

The heavy missiles, after passing through the gun deck, continued to the third deck, where they came in contact with the armored deck, the heavy steel bringing them to a stop, thus saving the engineers and firemen, who were at work below. Although the upper decks were covered with men, no one there was seriously injured.

The explosion occurred just as the mess call had been sounded. Firing was to have ceased after the shot for the dinner hour. The range had been set and the Iowa was steaming along at a speed of twelve knots an hour, when Lieut. Reid, in charge of the forward twelve-inch turret, gave orders to load and fire. The time fuse was cut for the range, the piece charged, breech closed and the word given to fire. Following the report of the gun was a smothered noise as the shell exploded midway in the gun and pieces of the bursted gun and shell were scattered broadcast. Three great holes were torn through the deck. Those who were below coming on the deck, some of them bloody and mutilated, while lying on the floor, crushed almost beyond recognition, were the three unfortunate men. The Massachusetts, six miles distant, was signaled for aid and one of the cutters put off with the surgeon and assistant surgeons. The injured men were taken to the hospital and their injuries dressed. The dead were brought to Pensacola. Some claim the explosion was caused by a defective shell and others think that the frequent firing of the pieces at Culebra during the winter, added to the work done here during the past ten days, so strained the piece that the force of the charge bursted the gun.

The Blake Hat.

In all this world no snappy styles like ours. See them. They's correct. Ask your dealer.

ROCKEFELLER AIDS INVENTOR

Who Is Seeking to Get Electricity Direct From Coal.

Boston, April 10.—John D. Rockefeller is a prospective backer of Dr. William W. Jacques, an electrical expert, whose important electrical experiment in the direction of obtaining electricity directly from coal have for the last eight years deeply interested the scientific world.

"Mr. Rockefeller did not make the offer in a spirit of commercialism, but rather as substantial evidence of his interest in scientific research," said Dr. Jaques. "We have never met, but the man who told Mr. Rockefeller of my experiments is a mutual friend. I can only tell you that the offer was made, but that I have made no reply, as Mr. Rockefeller is away on a pleasure trip and no communication of mine would reach him.

"My discovery is yet in an experimental stage and there is nothing to be said about it for publication. In the last year, however, the advances have been rapid and marked.

"By present methods of generating electricity, much of the energy in coal is lost, while by direct conversion of coal into electricity loss would be greatly lessened."

Dr. Jaques' experiments have embraced the use of gold, silver, aluminum, copper, lead, tin, nickel, magnesium, iron and platinum and many other substances. The cost of these, together with the necessity of the changing the common coal of the mines into carbon of convenient form for handling, has required an enormous outlay of money. Mr. Rockefeller's offer, therefore is decidedly opportune.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Abbott's drug store.

St. Louis and Return $22.30.

The Northwestern line, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., April 26 to May 1, inclusive, at $22.30 for the round trip. Tickets limited to May 4 for return passage. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

"The smartest clothes in town."

J. Frank Bellows

Merchant Tailor.

24 Third Avenue West.

INFORMATION AS TO LANDS

Local Land Office Issues Circular Telling What It Has.

As a result of the numerous inquiries for vacant government land, the officials of the land office have been compelled to issue a circular containing general information necessary in making an entry for a stone and timber claim or a homestead.

The general correspondence at the land office has been growing so rapidly that an extra clerk had to be engaged and the plan of issuing a circular was adopted in the hope that it would to some extent simplify the work.

The circular tells the size and extent of the Duluth land district and the amount of land open for settlement in each county. It also contains certain extracts from the land laws telling the citizenship requirements and the land office fees.

The circular shows that there are about 1,000,000 acres of vacant land in the Duluth district, 400,000 of which are in Itasca county, nearly all of which county is to be transferred to the Cass Lake district by the new division of the land office districts.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

THE OFFICE OF

THE DULUTH HERALD

IS NOW ON

FIRST STREET

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE SQUARE.

BOTH PHONES

Business Office 324

News and Editorial Room 1126

Correct Clothes for Easter.

The spirit of Eastertide and of beautiful clothes is rampant—The store gives way to it gladly—the suits are charming, the wraps magnificent and the coats in such good style, they attract every careful dresser—most of them can be taken away without alteration—try it tomorrow. This section is teeming with helpful hints, also many special values for Saturday.

Women's Tailored Suits—Of fine quality cheviot, venetian, black and navy blue collarless jackets—with shoulder capes and stole fronts, postillion back—seven gored skirts with flaring bottom—well worth $16.50—For Saturday at ---------- **$10.75**

Women's Tailored Suits—Of cheviot and novelty mixtures—pretty blouse jackets, box plaited back and front, long stole fronts with ornaments; correct skirts, trimmed to match jackets—$25.00 values, at--- **$16.50**

Venetian, Broadcloth and Nile Tailored Suits— Blouse Jackets, full front and tight fitting back—double shoulder capes—stole front, finished with silk ornaments and trimmed with taffeta—skirt nine and seven gored to match—worth $32.50—Our price ---------- **$25.00**

Women's Covert Cloth Jackets—A grand assortment to choose from—19, 20 and 21 inches long—the latest and nobbiest styles—beautifully trimmed with taffeta or satin—prices $5.98, $7.50, $10 up **$12.50**

Women's Dress and Walking Skirts—Of fine imported voile—beautifully trimmed with bands and straps of taffeta—also a few granite cloth skirts—nine gores with good long train—unlined—$14.00 values at **$8.75**

Women's Dress Skirts—Of voile, etamine and granite cloth over silk drape, beautifully tailord, $22 value— price $12.75, at **$13.75**

Women's Pedestrian Skirst of finest quality cheviots, light weight melton—black, blue, light gray and Oxford—7 or 9 gored—trimmed with self goods—$8.50 value—Saturday **$5.98**

Ladies' Walking Skirts of light weight melton—7 gored—trimmed with self goods and piped—$5.00 value **$2.98**

Misses' and Children's Department—Misses' suits, highly tailored in basket cloth and cheviot—blouse jackets, stole front, beautifully trimmed—9, 11, 13 and 15 yrs—$15 values **$10**

Children's Coats—of good quality light w'gt cheviot and broadcloth—red, blue, and brown, $4.25 values at--- **$1.98**

Leather Goods, Belts.

$1.25 Wrist Bags 95c — New line, real steel and walrus, inside pocket, moire lined, trimmings of gun metal and oxidized silver—splendid serviceable purse—real value $1.25—special price for tomorrow, at—each ---------- **95c**

75c Wrist Bags 50c—A new line of Wrist Bags — of imitation seal and walrus—with frames of oxidized silver—inside pocket—the kind that sell everywhere at 75c—special for tomorrow at—each ---------- **50c**

Women's Silk Belts—New—of folded Peau de Soie—has three circular buckles of silver and gun metal set at intervals—a novelty belt that is an unusual value at 50c—for Saturday—special at ---------- **39c**

Also a splendid assortment of the new "Kaizer" Belts —in all the novelty ideas—in folded and stitched silk—with gold, oxdized and gun metal buckles—prices range from ----------$2.25 down to **$1.50**

New Easter Ribbons.

It's a real pleasure to spend a few moments among the dainty Ribbons. There are many fashionable features portrayed, too, that add interest—Come in tomorrow. A few new arrivals.

Dresden Ribbons—in 3½, 5 and 6-inch widths—floral effects—in a score of dainty color blendings—all the rage just now for neck ribbons, sashes and opera bags—prices range from ---------- **50c to 85c**

New Louisine Taffeta Ribbons—5 inches wide, soft and lustrous—a splendid assortment of dainty shades in pink, blue, green, turquoise—in fact every wanted shade—a 40c value for Saturday, at ---------- **32c**

Another lot of those Ribbon Hair Roses went like hot cakes Thursday—so we were induced to offer another lot of the 35c kind for tomorrow at ---------- **25c**

Also Fancy Silk Hair Ribbons for children—corded effects—dainty colors—the regular 10c kind—for Saturday—per yard ---------- **5c**

Easter Millinery--Attractive Features

Season after season more careful dressers depend on us for hats—the business grows splendidly. Duluth's endorsement of the Freimuth millinery is now complete. Our staff have been busy months preparing the show now presented to you—and as a fitting tribute the millinery business is centering here. Never have we known such a demand for Easter hats; encouraging, isn't it? No, we haven't all the business, but we have by far the larger majority of the trade of discriminating women. That's endorsement—public endorsement. Tomorrow's your last opportunity to secure the Easter hat. Our ready-to-put-on trimmed hats offer a rare chance to do quick choosing. For example:

At $10.00—A novelty, flat, flaring effect, pink, rose petal crown, braided maline facing, finished with touch of cream ribbon and green foliage—this at ---------- **$10.00**

At $5.00—A tailor-made Hat of soft Jap braid, "Radcliff" style, beautiful combination of white and black that harmonize with any street gown—white crown, black brim and facing, finished with knot of satin ribbon, steel buckle and fancy quill; nothing to compare with this in the city for less than $7.50—it's a beauty at ---------- **$5.00**

Easter Footwear

Awaits you in this satisfactory Shoe Store—Hundreds of the newest ideas in the fashioning of dainty shoes are represented in this superb collection. Dependable quality, good style and a guaranteed fit are back of every pair you buy here. Three specials for Saturday are worthy of investigation. Thus:

Women's fine Vici kid Shoes—hand turned sole, Cuban heel—laced—regular price $3.00, and a splendid value at that—special for Saturday—per pair ---------- **$2.50**

Women's fine dongola kid extension sole—military heel —patent tip—regular price $2.50—special for Saturday—per pair ---------- **$2.00**

Women's fine hand turned Oxfords—patent tip—military heel—the regular $2.00 quality—special for Saturday—per pair ---------- **$1.50**

Women's walking shoes—extension sole—stock tip— Dongola kid—military heel—regular price $2.50—special Saturday—per pair ---------- **$2.00**

Misses' school shoes of dongola kid—extension sole— patent tip—city heel—the regular $1.75 quality—for Saturday—per pair ---------- **$1.25**

Boys' heavy shoes — extension sole—strong leather — laced—low heel—excellent for wear—regular price $2.00—Saturday's special—per pair ---------- **$1.50**

Easter Gloves.

Nowhere in the city will you find such a splendid array of the new spring shades—and nowhere such a valuable collection of the best makes—and all at the fairest of prices. In spite of the heavy trading during the past two weeks—assortments are still intact. The morning is a good time to do your choosing. Here are helps for Saturday:

Our $1 Gloves continue to prove an attractive feature—two makes—the Montfort, a dress glove—and the Corso for every day wear present a grand variety of shades, making it possible to match the most delicate gown—every pair is imported by us direct thus saving you the middleman's profits, and really giving you a $1.25 Glove at ---------- **$1.00**

Women's Dress Gloves—The Dorette 2-clasp—have the wide embroidered backs, all the vogue now—We have a splendid assortment of all the prevailing shades of tans, modes, grays—also white. An unusual value at $1.50—special for tomorrow ---------- **$1.35**

Women's Street Gloves—the Famous Adler make—in mocha only—shades of gray, tan and black—2-clasp—easily worth $1.50—special, per pair ---------- **$1.25**

Women's 2-clasp Suede and Glace Gloves—the "Wertheimer's Peerless" made—in black, white, red, brown, modes and tans, for street and dress wear—our price for Saturday—per pair ---------- **$1.50**

The Trefousse and Jouvan Dress Gloves—in newest shades, in glace and 2 and 3-clasp—Saturday's price—per pair ----------$1.75 and **$2.00**

Special Sale of Easter Novelties.

Downy chickens, rabbits storks, ducks—almost every animal associated with the barnyard in this collection.

Gift-giving at Eastertide is quite popular just now. Fill one of these novelty boxes with candy and send it to your friends. The 35c kinds, 25c; The 10c kinds ---------- **5c**

Infants' Wear.

New Spring Styles.

In Bonnets and Coats, Dresses, Skirts—a choice collection of things for the wee ones—correct styles—dainty conceptions and all so easily priced.

Infants' Long Coats of Bedford cord—in white—double shoulder cape—daintily trimmed, with lace and ribbons—prices ----------$10.00 down to **$1.50**

Children's Shorter Coats of Bedford cord—new English box and inverted pleat back—shoulder capes—lace and ribbon trimmed—ages 6 months to 2 years—prices from ----------$10.00 down to **$1.89**

Infants' Bonnets of Silk and Lawn—new Quaker style, very novel, a quaint effect—also the French Bonnets—hand-made, lace trimmed—embellished with rosettes of ribbon—pink, blue and white—prices from—

35c and up to $4.00

Infants' Dresses of lawn and nainsook—dainty styles, such as the bishop, with embroidered tabs of lace—also yoke effects of lace and embroidery— the largest and most varied line in the city—your inspection is invited—prices range from—

50c to $6.00

Corset Specials — Pink, white and blue web tape, girdle—sells regularly at $1—special for Saturday ---------- **69c**

Easter Hosiery.

A Superb Showing.

Women's brilliant Lisle Stockings in lace—fast black—and embroidered and lace instep—also plain lisle, with side clockings of all colors—excellent value at from $1.50 to $1.75—at our introductory price of ---------- **$1.25**

Women's Black and Fancy Lisle Stockings—lace and embroidery effects—some plain black with side clocking—in various colors—sold elsewhere at $1.00—our special price ---------- **75c**

Women's Fancy Lisle Hose—in black and colors—embroidered insteps and lace effects—a splendid assortment of dainty colorings, such as gray, tan, pink, blue, red, also white. Have double heel and toe—really a 75c value for ---------- **50c**

Women's Plain Black Silk Lisle Stockings—high spliced heel—double sole and toe—very elastic—selvege hem—similar kinds sold elsewhere at 75c—our special introductory price—per pair ---------- **50c**

Book Sale Continues.

$1.50 Copyrighted Books at ----------	**69c**
50c Copyrighted Books at ----------	**29c**
And 25c and 50c Paper Novels at ----------	**5c**

About that $1 Shirt

FOR MEN.

It's a well-known fact that our $1.00 Shirts are the acme of perfection in shirt making and compare with the $1.50 shirts sold elsewhere. A great many houses set a standard and pride themselves on maintaining it, year after year. No so here. The standard of last season is never good enough for this—progress in betterment is constant—as far as intrinsic value is concerned 'twould be hard to improve on this line, but we have secured details of making and fit that are gratifying. If you contemplate the buying of a shirt, don't be without one of them at $1.00.

However, the $1.00 Shirt is not the only meritorious values we offer the men—far from it. Our $1.50 shirts are the equal of any sold in the exclusive stores for $1.75, and the assortment is at its best just now—pleated, plain and fancy bosoms, with cuffs attached or detached. If you would know good shirts, see these.. **$1.50**

100 dozen Men's 75c Shirts—Saturday, 50c — Here's a bargains for you—percale shirts—negligee—with two collars and one pair of cuffs detached, all sizes up to 17—no two patterns alike—sold everywhere at 75c—Saturday's special at ---------- **50c**

Spring Underwear—for Men — Balbriggans in natural gray— tan and blue, some with double seat—would be cheap at 75c—for Saturday—per garment ---------- **50c**

Men's Fancy Hose, 25c — of cotton —fast black or colored— with embroidered or lace openwork instep—side clockings of lisle thread—fast black—plain openwork or lace instep—equal to most 50c Hose—a grand assortment at—per pair ---------- **25c**

Men's Gloves for Easter—We carry the famous Adler make of gloves—in all the new shades of mode, tan and gray for spring wear—none better made—you'll need a pair for Easter—Saturday's price ---------- **$1.50**

Freimuth's

Silk Headquarters at Head of the Lakes.

Sale of Easter Palms Saturday

In the Daylight Basement.

19c 500 3-leaf palms—27 inches high—all potted—a chance to decorate your home for Easter—nothing like them ever sold for less than 50c—special for Saturday, each ---------- **19c**

250 miniature Artificial Plants—Roses, pansies, etc.—potted—special for Saturday—each ----**10c**

Cut Glass.

Specials For Easter.

Prices 25 per cent less than anywhere else—Dorflinger, Bergen, Monroe, and other makes of fine cut glass—there is no better.

Cut Glass Vases at $12.50, $3.75, $1.48, 69c and ---------- **25c**

Cut Glass 8-inch Berry Bowls—worth $6, each ---------- **$3.98**

Cut Glass Water Bottles, worth $3—each ---------- **$1.98**

Cut Glass Salts and Peppers, worth 50c, —each ---------- **25c**

Imitation Cut Glass Vases.

New line of Imitation Cut Glass Vases just received—Vases worth 10c at **5c** each — Vases worth 18c at **10c**—others at 25c, 48c, 75c and 98c

May Delineator and Butterick Publications Now In Stock at Pattern Counter.

Fancy colored Candle Sticks and Shades, all complete, worth 50c. Your choice ---- **25c**

Fancy decorated with gold Candles, regular 10c, at each ---------- **5c**

Easter Novelties, in China, at ----- **5c, 10c, 15c, 25c**

Fancy Easter Baskets, at each ---------- **10c, 15c, 25c**

Suit Cases.

In the Daylight Basement.

Our display of fine Suit Cases, Trunks and Grips was never better; we will sell you the best made in America and save you from $2 to $4 on your purchase. Specials for Saturday:

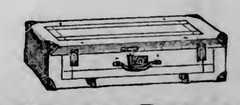
Genuine Leather Suit Cases, worth $15.00, special price ---- **$11.50**

Genuine Leather Suit Cases, worth $12.50, special for this sale **$9.98**

Genuine Leather Suit Cases, worth $8.50, for ---------- **$6.98**

Genuine Leather Suit Cases, worth $6.50—special ---------- **$4.98**

Rubber Cloth Suit Cases, worth $2—special ---------- **$1.48**



A TRAGIC ENDING

A Wedding Charivari Results In an Accidental Shooting.

Mrs. Hannah Matson Killed as She Rocked Her Baby.

Singing softly to her baby and watching the swaying and lithely circling maze of a wedding dance, death came to Mrs. Hannah Matson with tragic suddeness last evening.

As she sang her baby to sleep a charivari party outside was discharging fire arms and a bullet from a rifle struck her in the right shoulder and passed into the body piercing vital organs close to the heart and passing within an inch or so of the infant she held in her arms.

Mrs. Matson had sufficient strength to carry the infant into the room where the wedding celebration was in progress and there she dropped to the floor dead.

The man that fired the fatal shot, was Oscar Londen. It was purely accidental. Londen was arrested by Detectives Irvine and Schulte shortly after the killing and a charge of manslaughter in the second degree has been lodged against him.

The tragedy occured in the home of John Alp, 314 Garfield avenue, where the celebration of the wedding of Miss Hilda Frederickson and Mathew Anton was in progress.

Mr. and Mrs. Matson were among the guests and during the early part of the evening Mrs. Matson left the room in which the dancing was taking place for the purpose of putting her baby to sleep. Then the charivari party came along and in the party was Oscar Londen armed with a Colt's lightning rifle for noise making purposes as he thought.

He fired a number of shots into the air, but in the excitement he pulled the trigger the last time before the end of the barrel was elevated above his eyes.

The bullet tore its way through two wooden walls, the casing of a door and then through another door, striking the last door about three feet from the floor on a downward course, but hitting a knot in the wood which changed the course upward again and caused the death of Mrs. Matson who was sitting within a few feet of the doorway holding her baby in her arms.

As the injured woman staggered into the room where the wedding celebration was in progress she handed the baby to Erick Erickson, turned as if to reach her husband before dying, but took only a step or two when she fell to the floor.

The charivari party quickly dispersed and Londen went to the home of his brother-in-law, Isaac Weeks at 333 Garfield avenue. There he told what had happened and hid his rifle under the porch of the Weeks house, going with his brother-in-law to his own home at 475 Garfield avenue, where he was found and arrested by the two detectives.

Sergeant Robert Gillon in charge of the West End police was first notified of the shooting when on his way down the avenue to investigate the cause of the shooting. He was informed that it was a murder, and, notifying Chief Troyer, at headquarters a drag net was immediately thrown out and the chief went to the scene of the shooting to make investigations. For a time it was almost impossible to get any tangible information as to who did the shooting, as all the wedding guests seemed speechless and terrified. The members of the charivari party did not stay around the house very long after the shooting.

Londen was crying like a child most of the night in his cell in the city jail. He does not look like a man that could cry, but in this case looks are very deceiving. He feels terrible about the accident and was a personal friend of the woman's husband, although he did not know her.

Speaking of the shooting he said that in that section of the Scandinavian peninsula where he was raised it was a custom to charivari newly married people by the shooting of guns, and he thought nothing of taking his rifle with him for that purpose when he started out to the charivari last evening.

He says he is unable to say just how he happened to shoot without elevating the rifle sufficiently to carry the bullet overhead but was under the impression that the trigger worked hard and that he was lowering the gun to ascertain the cause instead of raising it, but could not say definitely.

The body of Mrs. Matson was taken to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms where a post mortem examination was made at noon, and where an inquest was arranged for later in the day.

The wedding of Miss Frederickson and Mr. Anton at which the tragedy occured, was one that attracted considerable interest. They were engaged to be married for some time but recently Mr. Anton endeavored to get the engagement ring back, as he explained, for the purpose of having his initials scratched off the inside. Miss Frederickson refused to give back the ring and in trying to take it off her finger he used considerable force. She resisted and had him arrested, but yesterday both appeared before Judge Windom in the municipal court, and explained that matters were fixed up between them and they were ready to get married. The case against Anton was then dismissed.

SNOW THIRTY FEET DEEP.

Gunnison, Col., April 10.—Roadmaster Melin of the South Park branch of the Colorado & Southern road has just reached here after a trip afoot over Alpine pass. It required two days to travel the distance, twenty-five miles. In some places, he says, the snow is thirty feet deep, and it will be two or three weeks before the road can be opened.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Governor La Follette has appointed Circuit Judge Robert G. Siebecker, of Madison, associate justice of the supreme court to fill out the unexpired term of the late C. V. Bardeen. E. Ray Stevens, of Madison, was appointed to succeed Siebecker as judge of the ninth judicial circuit.

Daniel J. Kelley, who was arrested on Tuesday on a telegram from Attorney-General Crow, of Jefferson City, Mo., failed to appear at the Tombs police court Thursday. When Kelley was brought before Magistrate Pool on Tuesday, he was allowed to go on his promise that he would be in court Thursday.

Henry Taylor, colored, who was knocked out in the second round of a fight with Harry White, at Butte, and who remained unconscious for several hours, died Thursday. The physicians declare that the man was afflicted with selerotic heart and veins and that the blow would not have hurt a well man. White has been arrested.

George Howard, alias George Kirby, who, with George Cole, held up the Burlington express near Homestake a month ago, was found guilty at Butte. Under the law of prior conviction he may get anywhere from ten years to life imprisonment. The proceeds of the robbery were $3.

A mob of negroes numbering nearly 50, armed with various weapons, attacked the town hall at Cleves, O., Thursday morning, completely demolishing its doors and windows with battering rams and boulders. A number of young people were dancing in the building and several were injured. A party of men with revolvers drove the mob away. A running fight through the village ensued and one negroe is reported wounded.

David Goodwin, of Wayne county, is under arrest at Indianapolis, charged with attempting to poison Joseph Meters, a wealthy land owner of Richmond, his wife and 12 years old daughter. He purchased candy, gave it to his little daughter to send to the Meyers' home and an analysis by Frank Hinton, with whom the Goodwin child lived, shows the stuff to be saturated with arsenic. Goodwin formerly worked for Meyers.

Unless there is very great expedition in bringing the merger case to the United States supreme court and also in its consideration thereafter the supreme court will not pass on it during the present term. The court will adjourn finally the latter part of May and will not convene until next October.

Spring Overcoats!

Neat, snappy, up-to-date spring overcoats at $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00. Perfect fitters.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

TWO PRESIDENTS.

France Will Have Them For Short Time.

New York, April 10.—President Loubet, in conversation with a friend, said there would be two presidents in France beginning with 1906, according to a Herald dispatch from Paris.

"Taking advantage of the rights conferred upon me by the constitution," said M. Loubet, "I shall ask parliament to designate my successor before the expiration of my term of office." M. Loubet's action will avoid the necessity of a brief interregnum pending the election of his successor.

RUSSIANS DENY REPORT.

St. Petersburg, April 10.—The Russian foreign office denies the report from Yokohama, April 8, that there has been a large concentration of Russian troops at Fent Wang, which commands the approach to the Yalu river, on the northern frontier of Corea. The officials say that only a few small detachments of soldiers are there, and that no military concentration has been planned.

If Your Easter Hat

Is a Blake, it's correct. Ask your dealer for it.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Every woman knows the Glass Block

has the finest Easter and spring "fixin's," and sells them on the only honest basis: one low price, alike to all. We've sold so many suits and hats the last two weeks it shows "the proof of the styles is your buying." Women who know, tell us our display is beyond comparison the finest and our prices beyond comparison the lowest. So come where the crowd comes. Saturday.

For spring suits
For spring jackets
For spring skirts
For spring silk waists
For spring shirt waists
For spring costumes

For spring dress hats
For spring street hats
For spring hat trim'ings
For spring shapes
For spring straws
For spring Paris hats

For spring neck ruffs
For spring lace collars
For spring veils
For spring chiffon boas
For spring top collars
For spring stock collars

For new neck laces
For new long chains
For shirt waist sets
For new stick pins
For new hat pins
For new initial buttons

For Fownes' La Tosca
For Fownes' Dagmar
For washable kids
For silk gloves & mitts
For white gloves
For fancy dress gloves

For spring corsets
For spring undermuslins
For spring negligees
For spring kimonas
For spring shawls
For spring wrappers

For spring boots
For spring oxfords
For spring slippers
For spring Queen qualit's
For spring rubbers
For spring child's shoes

Bring your girls for Easter suits and hats.

Duluth has never been favored before with so complete, so high class, so pretty and so stylish a line of suits, jackets and hats for girls. No longer any need of sending out of town for "something nice." Nothing nicer made. You can have all the exclusiveness of New York in selecting from the elegant frocks for your daughters. Yet our prices are as low as Glass Block traditions make necessary. Just as low as if you could find as good apparel in other stores. Come and examine our line.

Girls' blouse dresses—6 to 14 years—

We are showing, from $2.98 to $18.75, an assortment of girls' wool dresses for school and for outing and for street and for runabout wear, such as has not been shown hitherto in Duluth. Blues, reds, greys, greens, browns. Hardly two alike. All the late novelty effects in braid, silk and cord trimmings in contrasting colors and applique effects.

Bring in your girls Saturday. The crowds and the goods will be a liberal education to them.

The suits, if you buy, will be a source of pleasure and profit, for the wear will be satisfactory, the prices delightfully low.

$2.98 to $18.75

Infants' coats—

Babies' coats of silk, of cashmere, of Bedford cords—long and short styles, plain and highly ornamented with silks, laces, embroidery and cords.

As in all apparel departments we are outdoing ourselves this season, have bought more and are selling more infants' coats than ever before.

Prices, $1.75 to $15.00

Girls' white dresses—

Beautiful white dresses of lawn, mull, mousseline, chiffon, silk and allover laces. Dresses for confirmation and first communion. Dresses for little and big girls.

A variety of white dresses the prettiest we could get—made especially for us and offered at prices so low only the Glass Block could possibly afford.

$1.50 to $15.00

Millinery specials for girls, misses and babies.

A beautiful Jap sailor effect, trimmed with ribbons, worth $1.25 at..... **75c**

A handsome mixed braid in all colors, trimmed with silk drape and cabashons—well worth $3.00 at..... **$2.25**

A very neat Misses' Hat made of flexible Jap Braid, trimmed in silk and lace, all colors—worth $2.00, at..... **$1.39**

A Misses Jap Braid Hat in white and color combinations with white trimmed with chiffon and ornaments—$1.25 values at each..... **79c**

Other Misses' and Children's Hats in great variety, made from the very finest materials and with all the style consistent with Misses' hats ranging in price from **$2.00 to**..... **$12**

Baby Bonnets and Miss Mull Hats—the largest selection to select from in the city of Duluth. Fine mull and lace combinations, from—

25c to $2.50

Embroidered and Lace trimmed from 25c to..... **$1.75**

Caps—The new Yachting Caps, just received, made to be worn by Misses and Ladies—Whites, Navys, Royals, Tans and Browns—we have marked them at the very low price of, each..... **69c**

Boys' and Girls' Tams in very fine cloths, ornamented and plain bands, all colors, at 50c, 59c 75c and up to each..... **$1.95**

Easter wear for men and boys.

Let every man come, let every boy come, and learn how to buy best Easter "fixin's," yet save money. No use paying clothing store prices. As good or better here for less money.

MEN'S DERBY AND SOFT HATS—the new spring styles—flat or round curl—browns, grays and black—good $3.00 values—special Saturday—only..... **$2.25**

MEN'S FINE GLOVES—Adler's kid gloves, Fownes' kid gloves, Dent's mocha and dogskin gloves—all the new styles and spring colors—per pair.....$2.00, $1.85 and **$1.75**

MEN'S NEW NECKWEAR—Actual dollar values, in beautiful all silk puffs and scarfs—rich, heavy, lustrous silks—an Easter specially enticing bargain, at..... **50c**

IMPORTED HAND-MADE SHIRTS—The only place in town where these beautiful white and fancy shirts can be had—every stitch done by hand by expert needlewomen of Germany—cuffs attached—prices .....$3.00, $2.50, $2.00 and **$1.50**

FANCY AND BLACK HALF HOSE—In all plain black, in gray, brown, blue and fancy mixed—in lace openwork and richly embroidered effects—we are showing spring and summer half hose most desirable at—per pair..... 50c and **25c**

Spring outfits for boys.

Fancy trimmed sailor suits—3 to 8 years—worth $2.75—Saturday..... **$1.75**

Heavy French navy blue flannel and mixed Scotch grays—worth $3.50—Saturday..... **$1.98**

Tan English whipcord covert coats—6 to 12 years—slightly soiled—worth $6.50—at..... **$2.49**

CLOSING OUT NORFOLK SUITS AT EXACTLY HALF.

Norfolk suits, were $6.50—now..... $3.25
Norfolk suits—were $7.50—now..... $3.75
Norfolk suits, were $9.00—now..... $4.50
Norfolk suits, were $9.50—now..... $4.75
Norfolk suits, were $9.98—now..... $4.99

Boys' all-wool blouse suits, navy and drab mixtures—regular $4.50—sale price..... **$2.98**

Boys' new styles of percale and madras soft laundered shirts—with collars attached and detached.....$1.00, 75c and **50c**

Boys' fancy and white percale and madras shirt waists, very latest patterns.....$1.00, 75c and **50c**

Boys' shirt waists, black sateen and percales, in fast colors, with and without collars, worth 50c—sale price..... **25c**

TELLS HIS STORY

Alex E. Morgues, Blackmailer, Freely Confesses His Acts.

Ruined Through a Criminal Woman Who Infatuated Him.

Alec E. Morgues, the self-confessed blackmailer from Winnipeg, who gave himself up to the local police and was given a ten-day jail sentence for vagrancy, will walk out a free man today. Morgues is somewhat disappointed. He says that he hoped when he gave himself up to the authorities he would be turned over to the English authorities and taken back to England to stand trial for blackmailing prominent people there. He claims that coming out of the jail today without a cent and no one to give him work or assistance, he is as badly off as when he gave himself up to the police.

Morgues is very anxious to quit this country. He does not like the United States and says that the people here have such an antipathy against an Englishman that they will not employ him. He says he would rather go back to England and spend seven years in prison there than to live in this country. He expressed his willingness to be taken back to England any time, where he has friends. He does not bank much on those friends, however, since he has started on a career of crime.

Morgues, who looks like a Frenchman, has a strong English accent. He shows evidence of having a fair education, being much more clever than his appearances would indicate. He claims to have blackmailed, or attempted to blackmail several prominent English persons, while he resided in Winnipeg. Some of the names mentioned are Maj. Gen. Lawrence, St. Helens, Sandhurst; Maj. Brisco, governor of Portland prison; the police magistrates at the Grange, Bolton, also other public officials prominent professional men and churchmen.

Morgues says that the blackmailing letters were all couched in the same terms, of which the following is a copy:

"Sir: Unless I receive, before the expiration of one month, the sum of £12, I will send a series of postcards and letters to your friends and relatives, accusing you of immoral conduct and loose habits. This, I need hardly add, will cause them to view you with distrust and will ruin you in their estimation. You had better send the money for I am in earnest and will do as I have said, if you refuse. Reply to

——(an assumed name).
118 Lombard Street,
"Winnipeg, Canada."

Before he was released from jail on his sentence for vagrancy, Morgues told a Herald representative the following story:

"The blackmailing letters written by me from Winnipeg and elsewhere, to various persons, in different parts of England, were nearly all alike inasmuch as they all contained a demand for money in amounts from $60 to $100, under various threats of exposure. In some cases the person so threatened handed the letter to the police, but quite a few others sent the money asked for and this amply repaid me. For several months, while in Winnipeg, I was able, although earning but $15 to $20 per month, to spend considerable sums of money, as my fellow employes at the Clarendon hotel in that town can testify.

"I left Winnipeg with $186 in my possession and went to Grand Forks, Fargo, Fergus Falls, Minneapolis and St. Paul, spending my money right and left without thought, until I reached Duluth with but $7 in my pocket. This lasted but a day and a half and then I surrendered to the police.

"The police have expressed surprise that I did not, when I found myself penniless, commit some robbery rather than give myself up to the authorites, but the fact is I had no desire to serve a term in an American prison, but preferred to be turned over, as I expected I would be, to the English authorities.

"I would like to correct some misstatements made in the press regarding myself, and for that reason will give you an outline of my history.

"I was born in 1878, at London, England, of a good family of French extraction, and was educated abroad. On finishing my education my friends procured me a good berth, and all went well until the latter part of 1893. In the fall of that year I became enamored of a female thief who was several years my senior and who was destined to be my ruin.

"This girl, well known to the English police, knew her hold over me, and laughed and jeered at my scruples until she overcame my good resolutions and I ventured on a career of crime. Unfortunately for myself, I was undetected for a long time, and, becoming more confident, I plunged deeper and deeper into the abyss of crime.

"While my partner, whom I married in 1894, was undergoing her various sentences, I procured a situation and lived honestly, but no sooner was she released than I again relapsed.

"To make it short, when I was discharged on parole in August, 1902, I found that she was undergoing a 20-months' sentence, so I seized the opportunity and went to Canada, hoping to turn over a new leaf. On arriving in Winnipeg I secured a situation, thanks to the Y. M. C. A. of that place. For four months I was able to resist temptation, but in December last my old habits asserted themselves and again I started the old practice, to end here in Duluth by voluntarily giving myself into custody. What else was I to do, without home, friends and penniless?

"I am willing to return to England and stand my trial if the authorities desire it, for I have been cast off by my friends and relatives, as they think me beyond reformation. I am not, as stated by the press, a natural-born criminal, but rather the victim of chance and an overmastering criminal instinct. On my release from this jail I will endeavor to lead an honest life, but I have no helping hand to assist and encourage me, still I will do my best."

By his "old practice" Morgues is understood to mean that his wife and himself, when not in custody of the English authorities, worked what is familiarly known in this country as the "badger game," a shrewd blackmailing scheme, which has caught many a wealthy business and professional man.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it.

Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

THE STAGE.

"The Chaperons," Frank L. Perley's great musical comedy which has captured the entire country and nowhere more completely than in New York, will be at the Lyceum this evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

It will be the original company that Duluth will see, containing Walter Jones, Eva Tanguay, Mary Boley, Ed Redway and other old favorites. The piece was originally written by Frederic Ranken, author of "The Ameer" and was subsequently revised by the humorous writer George V. Hobart. The music which is entirely original and said to be of a very light and catchy order was composed by Isidore Witmark. The entire performance was supervised and staged by that inimitable stage director and producer of the famous musical pieces, George W. Lederer.

* * *

Hoyt's well known comedy "A Trip to Chinatown" will be the attraction at the Lyceum next Monday.

It is written on the lines which made Mr. Hoyt's name so well known in this country. It contains a pleasing commingling of spicy comedy, clever satire with high class cleverly introduced vaudeville acts. This season the elaborate scenic outfit, and handsome costumes are all new and are said to be among the finest ever seen in this popular success. The company is first-class in every particular and includes William Kellar Mack, Jack Campbell, Frank Beamish, Percy Walling, William Sturgeon, John Doyle, Sylvia Starr, Kitty Wells, Nellie Sennett Miller, Molly Saylor, Zenie Blair and others.

* * *

"The Strollers," will appear Tuesday and Wednesday at the Lyceum, richly and freshly caparisoned in a new scenic dress and elaborate costumes. It is the vehicle that Nixon & Zimmerman have selected for the use of the Marguerita Sylvia opera company this season. The two "Strollers" are introduced in the prologue, where a court room is set, and tried for a minor offense. They are jailed, but disguise themselves and escape, leaving a prince and his fiancee in their place. The second act is an Alpine mountain inn where "The Strollers" pass themselves off as a prince and princess whose arrival is awaited, and the third act shows a fete garden of an Austrian Spa where the real prince's identity is recognized and the musical comedy ends with a fete, during the action of which a beautiful fan panorama is shown with dancing and minuettos, destined to make a picturesque ending to a jolly evening.

* * *

"Resurrection," a dramatization of Tolstoy's great story, is by far the heaviest production that the Ferris comedians have put on the boards at the Metropolitan opera house during their long and successful engagement. It is a play which is making a sensation in the cities of the East and there is little doubt, indeed, it fails of making a sensation in Duluth. The first production of "Resurrection" went off remarkably smoothly considering the short time the company has had for rehearsals, and was witnessed by a packed house. The play requires a great deal of new scenery and a much larger cast than the company has usually been playing with in this city. The leading character was played by Miss Carrington, who surpassed all of her former efforts as Katuska Maslova, a part difficult because of its extremes; first, a true loving, trusting girl, then a wronged and outcast woman who sinks to low depths, and finally the chastened and reformed Katuska who, through her great love for the man who wronged her, devotes the rest of her life to saving wretched women, as an atonement for her sin. Miss Carrington played the part with effectiveness and made a great hit with the audience. G. A. Forbes made an excellent Prince Dimitri, the nobleman responsible for Katuska's downfall and who tries to save her, and Lillian O'Neil did well in the plotting character of Katrina Korchagin. The rest of the support was good throughout, including the new people who have come to assist in this production and those whose faces are familiar to the Metropolitan's patron's. The deliberations of the jury, in the second act made one of the greatest hits of the evening as a satire on the events which are supposed to transpire behind the closed doors of a jury room. The specialties are very pleasig.

PUGH'S CIVIL SERVICE BILL IS PASSED BY THE SENATE

(Continued from page 1.)

Dale, Everett, Fitzpatrick, McGowan, McNamee, Peterson, Schaller, Schutz, Shell, Sundberg, Torson, Wood—17.

* * *

The senate yesterday afternoon passed the Thorpe bill providing a means of furnishing congressional candidates with platforms on which to stand, which the abolition of the congressional conventions by the primary election law has eliminated. The bill provides that at each state convention the delegates from each congressional district are to get together and form platforms for their congressmen to run on.

* * *

A bill by Senator Du Toit of Carver county, which passed the senate yesterday afternoon, prevents railroads from removing passenger stations or depots, or withdrawing agents, without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission. If any road withdraws an agent or removes a depot without this permission, it must pay $100 a day from the date of the removal.

* * *

Election contests, when the vote is a tie, are provided for by a bill by Senator Peterson, which the senate passed yesterday afternoon. Such a contest is not now permitted by law.

* * *

Glenwood, Pope county, is to have a fish hatchery, the senate yesterday afternoon passing the bill by Representative Ofsthun appropriating $20,000 for that purpose.

* * *

Dr. Budd's two bills, designed to give Lake county a new jail building, both passed the senate yesterday afternoon. One bill permits the building of jails, and the other leaglizes bonds heretofore issued for that purpose.

* * *

Capt. Randall's Black Maria bill, requiring Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis to carry prisoners in covered wagons, instead of in the open patrol wagon, passed the senate yesterday afternoon.

* * *

Work on the omnibus appropriation bill is in progress, and it will be reported out next week. Sub-committees from the senate committee on finance and the house committee on appropriations are working together on the bill.

* * *

Senator E. B. Hawkins' bill to prevent the crowding of villages and cities was passed by the senate yesterday afternoon. It provides that no community can be incorporated that is within two miles of the boundaries of another.

* * *

W. J. Nolan's bill to protect workmen upon tall buildings by requiring temporary floors to keep them from falling through, passed the house yesterday morning, but in the afternoon its was reconsidered and placed on general orders again because of the author's discovery of an amendment Mr. Gillette, of Minneapolis, had attached to it. This practically eliminated all steel buildings from the operation of the law, which Mr. Nolan thought, would kill the bill's usefulness. Mr. Gillette said that it was ridiculous to require this of steel buildings, as the modern method of steel structural work prohibited temporary floors without great cost. It would be necessary for the constructer to buy a lumberyard. The house struck out the amendment, however, and advanced the bill to the calendar again.

* * *

The house committee on public lands yesterday afternoon recommended to pass the bill reducing the interest on land bought from the state from 5 to 4 per cent.

* * *

The house, in committee of the whole yesterday afternoon, recommended to pass the Somerville bill providing for the appointment by the board of control of a state agent for the aid and supervision of discharged and paroled prisoners. It is to be the duty of this agent to secure positions for worthy discharged prisoners.

* * *

Mr. Dowling's non-partisan judiciary bill was again recommended to pass yesterday afternoon by the house in committee of the whole, with an important amendment by Mr. Tighe, of St. Paul, which is likely to secure the passage of the bill. One objection to the bill as it stood was that it gave the judiciary candidates no party backing. This provides it. The provisions up to the primary election, that each candidates hall go on all of the ballots without party designation, remains in force. Instead of the two highest candidates going without party name on the election ballot, however, the man that gets the most votes on the Republican primary ballot goes on as the Republican candidate, even if he happens to be a Democrat, and so on.

* * *

The house did not approve of providing that automobiles should be exempt from execution just as a man's wagon or carriage is, if he have but one, and yesterday afternoon it killed the Haugland bill providing such exemption.

* * *

It is understood that Attorney General Douglas is engaged in drawing up an anti-trading stamp bill which he hopes will be constitutional. The Jepson bill, which passed the senate and is now before the house judiciary committe, is thought by many to be unconstitutional, and the committee will probably so hold.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

JUNE WILL SEE THEM UNITED

Kentucky Bride and Husband Separated By Stern Father.

Carrolton, Ky., April 10.—Mrs. Charles I. Sherwood, a bride of two weeks, has returned home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Donaldson, and her husband has gone to New York to wait until June, when the young woman's father has decreed that the elopement of the young couple shall be forgiven.

Sherwood and his bride met at the Alcazar hotel in St. Augustine, Fla., fell in love and decided to marry. But when the young woman's mother, wife of the distinguished jurist and rich banker, heard of this plan, she fled from St. Augustine and went to Atlanta with her daughter, hoping to escape Sherwood.

He followed, however, and was secretly married to Miss Donaldson on Sunday morning two weeks ago. After this there was a brief interval of happiness for the two and then Mrs. Donaldson, hearing of what had happened, took charge of the bride and would not let her return to Sherwood.

For two or three days the young husband tried every means to presuade his irate mother-in-law to allow his pretty wife to come back to him, but Mrs. Donaldson was obdurate. Sherwood was growing desperate and went to make one more appeal.

To his astonishment he was met at the door by the angry father of the bride.

It was then that Sherwood decided if eloquence would not get his wife back for him he would see what the law could do, and so he employed an attorney. His counsellor advised a little more diplomacy and agreed to go and see Judge Donaldson, commissioned as ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the bridegroom.

"Well," said Judge Donaldson, after the lawyer had had his say, "as they agreed to remain apart and keep this a secret until June, I'm willing, if my daughter will go and stay at my house until that time, to forgive them."

And the attorney, on behalf of his client, said this would be eminently satisfactory and bowed himself out of the presence of the no longer irate father.

"It's a long wait," said Sherwood, when the result was told to him, "but I guess I'm game."

So he took his marriage certificate and his baggage and departed forOssining and his bride and her parents are back home. Sherwood announced before that he would have the management of a hotel at Lake Placid, in the Adirondacks, this summer, and it is probable that the honeymoon will be passed there this summer.

Sherwood and Miss Donaldson had known each other but a few weeks when they became engaged. He sold his hotel in Ossining, N. Y., last fall and went to Florida for the winter, while she and her mother were also seeking escape in the land of flowers from the rigor of their home climate.

Easter Pat's and Enamels

Blucher, lace and the dressy button--

$3.50
— TO —
$6.00

Phillips & Co.

Shoes Shined Five Cents.

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Published at Herald Building, First Street,
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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .01
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

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THE GREAT AMERICAN THIRST.

One would think from the statistical reports of the government in relation to the consumption of different beverages by the people of the United States that we were a nation of "lushers." According to one genius who has analyzed the reports, a canal 100 miles long, 100 feet wide and 10 feet deep would hardly contain the liquids concocted to quench the American thirst, and this of course, outside of water. Coffee held first place in bulk. The American Grocer, an acknowledged authority, puts the consumption of coffee in 1902 at 1,500,000,000 gallons or about 19 gallons for every man, woman and child including the number, probably aggregating millions, who use no coffee. It would probably not be too high an estimate to put it at 50 gallons each for those only who use coffee. Next comes beer in quantity, and far ahead of coffee in cost. The same authority puts the consumption of beer at 1,381,000,000 gallons, or about 17.5 gallons per capita, and the inference is fair that millions of beer drinkers average 100 gallons apiece. Tea is losing popularity and is held responsible for only 400,000,000 gallons.

The government figures show that the consumption of alcoholic liquors is steadily increasing not only in the aggregate, but in the per capita. Since 1880 the per capita consumption of alcoholic drinks has nearly doubled, increasing from 10 gallons per capita to 19.48, a gain of over 93 per cent, while coffee has risen from 8.78 pounds per capita to 13.37, a gain of but 52 per cent, and tea shows a decrease of 48 per cent, to less than a pound per capita. In the matter of cost the nation spent five times as much for alcoholic beverages as for the non-alcoholic. The total bill for stimulants in 1902 was $1,369,098,276; the average yearly expenditure for the past five years, $1,239,108,955. The record for 1902 represents a per capita expenditure for stimulants of $17.33 for the 79,003,000 inhabitants of the United States, or 4.7 cents per day. The users of alcoholic stimulants are estimated to form one-fourth of the total population, on which basis the per capita cost of alcoholic beverages is $69.32, or 19 cents per day. This nation spent nearly twice as much for alcoholic drinks in 1902 as it did for the support of the federal government. Its thirst for strong stimulants cost about as much as the expense of maintaining the national government, the government of all the states, and the local governments of the cities. Liquor takes much more money than the churches and the schools combined.

It is not pleasant to contemplate this rapidly increasing demand for liquor and it would probably be of advantage to the nation at large if temperance work could be introduced in a more effective manner.

CATHOLICISM IN GERMANY.

It is evident from dispatches received from time to time from Berlin that Roman Catholicism is growing steadily throughout the German empire. It is interesting to note in connection with the present political situation that the ultramontanes have gained numerically in all parts of Germany. This is especially true in Saxony, a Protestant state, with a Catholic royal house. While in 1834 the number of Catholics there was over 27,000, Saxony now has over 200,000. This large increase is due to immigration coming from Bavaria, Silesia and Bohemia. Formerly the ultramontanes had no political organization in Saxony. While in 1898 the Center nominated candidates in only four election districts, receiving only 1903 votes, in the next election it will nominate candidates everywhere in Saxony.

But not only in the reichstag, but also in the Saxon diet, the ultramontanes will show their growing power. Among the measures which the Center wishes to have changed is the law of 1876, which allows only citizens of Saxony to hold spiritual office. The law provides that no one can hold priestly office who did not receive his education at a German gymnasium, seminary, or university. Furthermore, no priest can fill a religious office who was educated by the Jesuits. It is charged, however, by the Protestants of Saxony that the law of 1876 is frequently evaded by the Catholics, with the silent support of the Saxon government. In connection with the above review of the present ultramontane ascendency, it is also interesting to note that the ruling houses of Germany are becoming Catholic. Both Bavaria and Saxony are Catholic, and recently, through the death of the heir-apparent of Wurtemberg, the Catholic branch of that state will come to the throne.

Here is one of the verbal fits thrown by Henry Watterson in the Courier-Journal the other day: "We take no account of the milksops to whose attenuated eardrum a few syllables of robust English sound like the thunder of Mount Pelee. We take as little account of the mousing rapscallions that think by making monkey faces at our parts of speech to enjoy a few moments of brief but delightful conspicuity in these columns."

Now is the time to get born. Vital statstics show that the baby born in 1903 has nearly three times a better chance of living than it would have had fifty years ago.

Richard Croker has changed his mind again and is coming to New York in July. He must be anxious to be roasted again. No one goes to New York in July who can avoid it.

It may interest President Roosevelt to know that a Virginia mother of thirteen children has lived to be 116 years old.

THE NORTHERN SECURITIES CASE.

The United States court of appeals has decided in favor of the government in the suit brought against the Northern Securities company, holding that the acquirement by that company of a majority of the stock in the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies placed the control of the two roads in the hands of a single person and is therefore in restraint of trade and commerce among the several states such as the Sherman anti-trust law declares is illegal. The Securities company is enjoined from voting the stock of the two railroad companies, but it is allowed to return such stock as it holds to the original stockholders in the railroad companies. From this decision it is announced that the Securities company and the other defendants will appeal to the United States supreme court. If the decision had been adverse to the government's contention, the attorney general would have taken a similar appeal. It is very desirable that the highest court in the land should pass upon the important question involved—the right of two or more railroads to be operated by a holding company. No one is more anxious to get a final decision on this point than are Mr. Hill and his associates. They want to know what the constitutional interpretation of the Sherman anti-trust law is so that hey can know where they stand. In the meantime they are no doubt preparing other measures so that in case the supreme court upholds the decision of the court of appeals they may be able to provide some other means of carrying out their plans of economic and profitable operation of the roads. There is a feeling that some method can be found of reorganizing and adopting the economic principle that lies at the bottom of combinations that are made in good faith and for legitimate business reasons, consistent with both the spirit and letter of the constitution. If the supreme court should sustain this decision that a holding company is not the legal way, then some other means will no doubt be found to carry out the administrative features of the new principle, which ensures economy of operation and stability of rates, with a tendency to reduce prices so as to command the largest possible traffic.

It should be noted at this point that the case of the United States, in which the decision was handed down yesterday, differs altogether from that instituted by the state of Minnesota. The contention of the government was that the holding company created a restraint of trade and commerce that is in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, while in the suit instituted by the state of Minnesota it is alleged that the state law forbidding the consolidation of competing railroads has been violated. With the decree of the court in the United States case carried into effect—if the supreme court upholds it—the holding company would be dissolved and the stock in the railroad companies returned to its owners; then the state case would fall to the ground, because there would be no holding company creating the alleged consolidation.

The dissolution of the holding company, however, would not in the least alter the fact of common ownership or shift the control of either railroad from its present owners. The court was not asked **to declare**, and did not touch upon the point, that a man cannot legally own or vote stock in companies that operate competing railroads. If the stock of the two railroads were given back to its individual owners, as yesterday's decree expressly states can be done, they would vote it in their personal capacity instead of through the corporation they created for purposes of convenience.

Perhaps the people of the Northwest would not have viewed with favor the community of interest program under which the roads were managed, had not they entertained a high regard for the business ability of President James J. Hill and had faith in the honesty of his motives and his desire to advance the interests of the Northwest. The Burlington road was acquired in the interest of the Northwestern producers seeking a market in the Southwest, and the Northern Securities company was devised as a means of preventing the local ownership of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads from passing into alien hands—as was threatened in the case of the Northern Pacific a year ago, when the Harriman-Gould crowd sought to steal a march on Mr. Hill and his associates by buying up the stock of the Northern Pacific, with a view of absorbing that road into the Union Pacific and diverting its traffic to their Southern lines. Mr. Hill is deserving of high praise for preventing this disaster to the Northwest. The effect of the policy he carried out has been seen in the great increase of the tonnage carried both ways over both the Northern roads, which has enabled the companies to reduce rates and to offer special inducements for the opening up of trade relations with the Orient. Mr. Hill will not be prevented by any decision against the Northern Securities company from carrying out the policy he has inaugurated for the benefit of the Northwest, and if it be finally determined by the highest court of the country that the holding company is illegal, he can be depended upon to evolve a plan that will comply with both the spirit and letter of the law.

POSTAL IRREGULARITIES.

Some adverse comment has been made of late on the apparent increase of postal irregularities occurring throughout the country. As a matter of fact, in view of the number of persons in the postal service and the tremendous volume of business transacted it is hardly surprising that some irregularities occur. The postal service has grown to be such a monstrous organization that it is extremely difficult for the officers to know all that is going on. There are now about 165,000 employes in the service, about one-half of whom are postmasters. There are more officers and employes in the postoffice department than in all the other departments put together, including the army and navy. These people last year handled $904,225,235.86. It is no wonder that here and there stories come out of irregularities on the part of chiefs and subordinates. The postal service is the greatest business institution on earth, and it is not surprising that crooked men are occasionally found. It is rarely, however, that the government loses a cent through dishonest employes. The bondsmen are the ones who suffer.

The information that the czar's recent decree was inspired by a meteorologist friend is now furnished exclusively by the London Times' St. Petersburg correspondent. It was the same correspondent who announced several months ago that the czar had come under the influence of a mesmerist and was losing his mind. And probably neither story was correct.

Boston, which considers itself the Hub of all creation, is not surprised at Professor Wallace's idea that the earth is at the center of the universe.

Russell Sage has not sworn off his taxes, although many other rich men in New York have done so. For this he is entitled to credit.

How can we build up a strong navy without the distinguished services of Admiral Crowninshield?

HOTEL GOSSIP.

All the range towns are experiencing a famine in hotel accommodations, but Hibbing is probably the most seriously embarrassed.

"We have been turning away fifteen or twenty people a day all this year," said J. J. Stuart, proprietor of the largest hotel in the city," and it has got so that the traveling men who come regularly to the city, have to telegraph several days ahead to make sure that they can secure a place to eat and a place to sleep.

"It isn't at all strange when you stop to consider the enormous growth of the city in the past two years. The census of two years ago gave the city a population of 2900. Today there are more than 7000 people within the limits of the corporation, and more are coming in every day.

"When I went there I never expected to see the town go the way she has. The main street there looks like Tower avenue used to in the boom days of old West Superior.

"Work will begin in a few days on a large addition to the present hotel, which will relieve the situation some, but I do not believe it will enable us to take care of the people looking for accommodations, because of the large number of strangers who come to the place every day. The addition will have twenty-five rooms and will be ready for occupancy sometime late in the summer, I hope."

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"Hibbing is the best town on the range," said Mr. Stuart, "beyond any doubt. They work all year round there, and the stock piles are being built up all winter and the mining continued for shipping all summer. The work has not started in full blast for the season as yet, on account of the boats not being able to run as early as was expected.

"The Missabe road is laid out all the way from the city of Proctorknott to Hibbing with cars of ore, trainloads, which are lying on the sidings, and at Proctor there are large crowds of unemployed railroad men who are waiting for the season to commence and the railroad to begin active operations in the ort traffic.

"The main trouble with Hibbing is that a man who comes in to engage in business cannot get any quarters. The same is true of the man who tries to get a residence. Every time anyone starts to build there is a swarm of people about him looking for leases on either residence or business property. This is one of the drawbacks, but it will lovercome, for I am firmly of the opinion that the present resources will keep Hibbing on the boom for the next twelve or fiften years. There is considerable building going on, but it is nothing to what the demands are that are being made every day for buildings and quarters."

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At Eveleth the same hotel conditions prevail that obtain at Hibbing. The new McNeil hotel, which has been operating for the past few weeks, it is said, has turned away more people than they have been able to accommodate. In the other range towns the condition is hardly better, though in some of the smaller cities the demand for accommodations is much less.

The cheap hotels and bed houses are also crowded in every part of the range, and in a large number of the places there are no beds at all for the cheap lodging house patron, and big rooms are used, the men sleeping on the floors. These lodging houses are as heavily patronized as the hotels, and frequently they have to turn people away, not having floor room for the applicants.

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Charles Grabowsky, recently elected alderman at Ely, was an attendant at the Masonic banquet last night, and is registered at the Spalding hotel.

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Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Burke, of Two Harbors registered at the Spalding hotel last evening. Mr. Burke is the head of the principal bank in Two Harbors.

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H. S. Bryan, master mechanic, and Thomas Owens, superintendent of construction of the Iron Range road, came down from Two Harbors yesterday and are at the Spalding hotel. They attended the Masonic banquet last eevning. ed the Masonic banquet last evening.

John Coates of St. Cloud, who is representing an interest in the fee of the Arcturus mine, is a guest at the St. Louis hotel. He will probably hold some conference with H. Jarchow, who is in charge of the explorations being made on the property, and who is at the Hotel McKay today. The fee owners of the Arcturus property recently granted an extension of three months' time for explorations to the Standard Mining company, which is making the explorations, employing Mr. Jarchow as superintendent of the work.

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George Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, one of the section 30 fee owners, who has been up looking over the exploration work, left this afternoon for his home in Milwaukee. Mr. Lonstorf said before going that he was perfectly satisfied with the way the work was goining, and that a couple of more drills would probably be put to work to accompany the four now set, within the next fortnight.

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At the Spalding Hotel: W. E. Farzer, Tucson, Ariz.; Miss M. E. Frazer, Minneapolis; W. G. Ross, Cleveland; Charles E. Lewis, Minneapolis; J. W. Wheeler, Crookston; L. H. Williams, H. S. Gregg, C. E. Stafford, Minneapolis; R. J. McFarland, J. B. Thompson, Carlton; Charles Fleming, Des Moines; Mrs. Robert Fleming, Mrs. Adam Fleming, Marshall; R. L. Knebel, Willmar; J. Miller, Two Harbors; D. Borpington, Helena; M. A. Sprague, Washburn; H. S. Bryan, Thomas Owens, Two Harbors; P. F. Whitehout, Cass Lake; Charles Grabowsky, Ely; M. C. Woodard, Tower; D. J. Connelly, St. Paul; D. B. McDonald, Virginia; E. Carroll Taber, Keokuk; D. W. Elinquist, Virginia; H. J. McKusick, Stillwater; Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Burke, Two Harbors; W. E. Harwood, Eveleth; N. S. Hillman, Two Harbors; J. A. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Coffman, Mr. and Mrs. W. Norton, Negaunee.

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At the St. Louis hotel: James Gershaw, Winnipeg; C. A. Dunn, Bismarck; H. C. Sachse, St. Paul; John Coates, St. Cloud; George Beresford; A. L. Dunder, Ashland; I. Lewis, Minneapolis; George Colby, M. G. Beckley, C. A. Dickey, St. Paul; George McDonald, Knife River; N. McPhee, Two Harbors; Mrs. Thomas Eddy, Ely; John Condon, Robert Powell, Eveleth; Dr. A. E. Johnson, Cloquet; F. W. Walker, Peter A. Alnod, Iver Amundsen, Two Harbors; A. W. Husted, Eveleth; John Runquist, O. W. Clement, Colon; C. E. Leach, Chippewa Falls; W. H. Eaton, J. A. Myers, Virginia; O. E. Erickson, Crookston; J. J. Stuart, Hibbing; W. R. Wasson, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. M. Bryan, Marquette.

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At the Hotel McKay: Jay Gibbs, Escanaba; H. Jarchow, Grand Rapids; Mrs. Richard Webb, Hibbing; N. J. Paulson, Eveleth; G. A. McQueen, St. Cloud; C. A. Dickey, St. Paul; John C. Hessel, Jr., Brainerd; James McDonald, J. W. Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. James, Two Harbors; Fred Fischer, Bayfield; J. E. Bluet, Youngstown; Alton B. Heimbach, Correction City, Ia.; C. L. Hulst, G. Newton, St. Paul; Roy Dimmick, Chicago.

Not Worth While.

Auto Era: A little, dignified-looking man was almost knocked down by a horse at Thirty-fourth street and Broadway the other evening and while brushing off his clothing let forth a stream of abuse.

"You ought to have the driver arrested," said a passerby.

"That's not what makes me mad," said the man, straightening up. "It's the idea of being run down by a horse when there are so many millionaires' automobiles in town!"

Twice as Black.

Philadelphia Press: Sambo Cole—Dat gal done insult me; done tole me I wuz black as de ace ob spades.

Eph Dark—Sho! dat's on'y half as bad as she insulted me. She don tole me I was black as de deuce.

Work and Success.

Boston Transcript: It was one of the late Mr. Swift's maxims that "You can never make a big success working for anybody else." It makes little difference now what Mr. Swift considered success. In the true sense of the word, however, you can never make any success at all without working for somebody else.

.....Sh..h...h...h...!
Still.....a.....
.....Secret.....!

.....But.....tell you *this* much.....

Apitezo

New Biscuit Cereal

Round Biscuit...Square Meal

You'll say it's the

Most Delicious

.....You.....ever.....did.....taste.....

...Cover with cream...wait three minutes...

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (central time), Friday: The storm central Thursday morning over Nevada has moved to the western Dakotas, eastern Montana and western Nebraska, causing rains in most districts west of the Mississippi and warmer weather in the central West and Northwest. The barometer is high over the lake region and Ohio valley accompanied by cooler temperatures. The winds in the lake region are fresh except brisk at Chicago and Duluth, westerly in eastern portions and easterly on western Superior and Michigan.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	62	Memphis	65
Battleford	28	Miles	40
Bismarck	46	Milwaukee	40
Boston	44	Minnedosa	38
Buffalo	34	Modena	44
Calgary	44	Montgomery	54
Charleston	56	Moorhead	42
Chicago	42	New Orleans	64
Cincinnati	48	New York	48
Davenport	50	North Platte	54
Denver	48	Oklahoma	61
Detroit	38	Omaha	46
Dodge City	50	Pittsburg	44
Duluth	40	Port Arthur	26
El Paso	54	Qu'Appelle	28
Escanaba	28	Prince Albert	28
Galveston	68	Qu 'Appelle	34
Green Bay	36	Rapid City	46
Havre	38	San Francisco	42
Helena	36	Santa Fe	58
Houghton	30	Shreveport	66
Huron	50	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	52	St. Louis	58
Kamloops	26	St. Paul	48
Kansas City	58	St. Ste Marie	32
Knoxville	56	Swift Current	28
La Crosse	46	Washington	50
Lander	32	Williston	42
Los Angeles	54	Winnemucca	32
Marquette	36	Winnipeg	32
Medicine Hat	36		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Saturday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain and cool temperature tonight and Saturday. Brisk to high northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 10.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Showers and probaby thunderstorms tonigh and Saturday. Warmer tonight and in east portion Saturday.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and Saturday. Warmer in southeast portion tonight. Cooler in west portion Saturday.

The Dakotas—Showers tonight and possibly Saturday. Cooler Saturday.

Lakes Michigan and Huron—Brisk and high easterly winds shifting to southeast and probably fog Saturday. Showers and possibly squalls.

Lake Superior—Brisk to high easterly winds tonight and Saturday. Showers.

SMILING LINES.

Detroit Free Press: "He doted on Alice, and would have married her but for her mother."

"Ah, her mother—"

"Yes, her mother was still more attractive."

Chicago Post:—"So she's going to be married?"

"Yes."

"But I thought she always posed as a manhater."

"Well, perhaps that's the reason."

Chicago Tribune: "And all his rich aunt left him was $100? Weren't the relations between them pleasant?"

"Oh, yes, they were pleasant enough but there were too many of them."

New York Sun: "Mrs. Gotrox—Are you really going to move? I though you were well satisfied with your house?

Mrs. Purseproud—So I am. But it is the only way to show the neighbors all my new furniture.

Chicago News: "Some folks say," remarked the newly blossomed strawberry blonde, "that dying the hair injures the brain."

"Yes," rejoined the hardened old bachelor, "and some other folks say that people who dye their hair are brainless."

Philadelphia Record: Nell—Maude has suddenly discovered that she needs exercise, so she goes out for a walk every day.

Belle—Yes, I heard that she had a lot of new clothes.

Washington Star: "I'm going to wait," said the misanthrope, "until the trusts own everything, and then I'm going to turn hermit and live in a cave."

"No use," answered the semi-serious friend. "You won't be able to find a cave on any property that hasn't a 'No trespassing' sign on it."

Served a Good Purpose.

Detroit Free Press: Incidentally it is worthy of note that the (Wabash) temporary injunction seems to have resulted in positive benefits to both sides, instead of even a passing injury to either. Having failed to establish its case of conspiracy against the officers of the brotherhood, the company is now willing to negotiate further with its employes. While waiting for a decision from the court, the edge has worn off the fine frenzy of the men, and they are willing to discuss the matter further with representatives of the company. If this restraining order finally results in a peaceful settlement of the difficulties, a plausible showing might be made that we need a little more of the government by injunction about which so many self-appointed friends of the people are worrying.

THE DAISY AND THE COCKTAIL

By William Buckey.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was ten o'clock at the Black Idol. The babel of French and English that had filled the place an hour earlier had subsided into a low murmur. At the table in the corner where the cool air floated in through the open window, sat a man, with a strong, clear-cut face, and a girl whose charm lay in a certain radiant frankness of expression. Bric cheese, toasted crackers and black coffee testified that the end of the dinner had been reached, but they made no movement to go.

The man, Dan Trevor, reached for a match and lighted another cigar, while the girl watched him with a half-sensuous appreciation of his fine outlines, strength and grace. For she was an artist to her finger-tips, and strength and beauty in a man were like wine to her soul.

"If you look at me in that way," he threatened, with a long, steady glance, before which her own fell, and little waves of pink swept across her cheeks, "I shall not even pretend to keep the law. I shall do as the Bohemians do," and he glanced with laughing significance at a couple on the other side of the room whose affection had conquered their reserve.

He continued, pleadingly, but with a certain masterfulness, which made her a little afraid of him: "Tell me, when shall we—" He stopped awkwardly—he could not say married so long as that woman chose to hold him. Then he continued in an embarrassed manner, "That is—how soon can we—go away?"

The girl winced visibly. They had decided to have the courage of their convictions, since there was no other way, but it was difficult to grow accustomed to the verbal fineness which this necessitated. They had agreed to ignore the "unpleasantness as they euphemistically styled it, but it would crop out, even on this day of days.

The thing had been decided that afternoon down by the sea, where the calm, down-leaning sky seemed forever trying to soothe the restless waters. It had come about quickly and unexpectedly, as the decisions which change the whole course of our lives sometimes do. It had been born of the vastness and loneliness of the sea, which made human action and opinion seem utterly pointless.

The noble and despairing cry of the Princess Flavia, "If love were all;" suddenly ran in the girl's ears with startling distinctness, and almost without knowing it, the passionate protest of her own heart had spoken—"Love is all!"

In a moment Trevor's strong arms were around her, and heaven and earth and life and joy and goodness and badness were in the eyes which looked into hers so compellingly, and in the fiercely tender kisses which fell upon her face.

At a little wayside station, where they had changed cars on their way back to the city, Trevor had caught sight of a great, starry daisy growing in a grassy field opposite, and had gotten it for her, at the risk of losing the train. From the clump of trees on the opposite side of the field, the silm, white spire of the village church arose. There was something about the simple country scene that fixed the girl's attention with strange intensity.

Perhaps it was this little scene that gave her a distaste for the cocktail which the waiter placed before her at dinner and which she had pushed aside with a tinge of disgust. She used to feel that way two years before, when she had come to the city to study.

"You remind me of a house that has been built over," Trevor had said once to her, borrowing a figure from his profession. "It was originally a stern little New England farmhouse, all sincerity and utility. Then a skillful architect—"

"Life?" she queried, and he smiled assent, and continued:

"A skillful architect remodeled it and turned it into a very beautiful and gracious house; but he reserved as much as possible of the original structure and for that reason, great, sturdy beams jut out in the most unexpected places and——"

"And visitors sometimes get a bump," she finished, mischievously, and Trevor acknowledged that it was so.

With a little sigh of contentment, she finished her coffee, and laid her napkin on the table. At that moment her eye fell on the daisy in her belt, and she took it out and looked at it thoughtfully. A curious, disturbed expression spread over her face. "Dan," she said, whimsically, as she took in the incongruity between the daisy and the cocktail, "how do you suppose a cocktail would affect a daisy, anyway?"

It was a light speech, but the glimmer of earnestness boded ill for their plans.

"The old Puritanical frame work," thought Trevor to himself, but he answered, laughingly:

"The effect would be incalculable, I fancy."

"We shall see," she replied, nipping off the long stem, and placing the wilted flower in the glass.

At first it seemed to show signs of reviving, then drooped lower and lower. She watched it as if fascinated, for a moment, and then stared dreamily out of the window.

The glaring red and green lights over the door of the theater opposite only served to make the darkness more velvety. The whiz of the electric cars, the sound of countless footsteps, the hoarse cries of the newsboys, who were shouting "Uxtra," scraps of sentences, bursts of laughter, all the sounds of a busy city street, floated in to them through the open window. But she did not hear them. A quick, strong feeling of revulsion seized her. What madness had possessed her? She looked at the daisy which hung, limp over the edge of the glass, as if she found in it a lesson. The grotesque, black figures with which the walls were frescoed, and which gave the place its name, seemed to leer at her fiendishly. Out there, alone with the sky and sea, it had seemed so different, so right that they should be a law unto themselves. But here the old standards were reestablished. Trevor was watching her keenly, and he knew before she spoke what was coming.

"You see it, don't you, dear?" she said, at last, her voice full of tender misery. "It's a sort of allegory to me. The cocktail stands for the world, the flesh and the devil, and the daisy for honor. We were all wrong. Honor is more than happiness; or rather, there could be no happiness for us without it. She is your wife—" the words seemed to choke her—"and I—I—should be—like a daisy," and she touched the dead flower pityingly.

Trevor did not speak, but his white, compressed nostrils, and the suffering in his eyes were more eloquent than words.

"You see it, don't you, dear?" she repeated; and her voice sounded like a wail. "At first we should be swept far away from the world, and its censure, by our love, but a day would surely come when the horror of it would swallow me up like the dark waters. We are not strong enough to defy the world! And we should quarrel, and perhaps I might even feel bitter toward you for allowing me to do this thing, and you would look disdainfully at the woman who had dragged her womanhood in the dust." She finished speaking with a dry little sob.

"To be cast out of Paradise like this!" came bitterly from between Trevor's closed teeth. Then, as he looked at her white, drawn face, the better man in him conquered. A strange tenderness welled up in his heart, and a wave of thankfulness swept over him that they had been saved from themselves, and from each other.

"Come, little girl," he said, and his touch, as he helped her on with her jacket, was a caress. They went out very silently.

"Queer place for a daisy," soliloquized Francois, as he cleared away the debris from the corner table, a few minutes later; "mais c'est souvent comme ca;" and with a shrug of his shoulders he balanced his tray deftly on one hand and disappeared through the swinging door into the kitchen.

Could Oblige Her.

Lippincott's Magazine: One of those women who have antipathy for tobacco entered a street car the other day and inquired of the man sitting near her: "Do you chew tobacco, sir?"

"No, madam, I do not," was the reply, "but I can get you a chew if you want one."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM — C. A. Marshall, Manager — Absolutely Fireproof

Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, beginning **FRIDAY, APRIL 10**

Engagement Extraordinary! Frank L. Perley's Singing Comedians in the smartest and most up-to-date Operatic Comedy of the period—

"THE CHAPERONS"

PRICES—Night, D. C., $1.50; Parq., $1.50 and $1; P. C., 75c; Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c. Matinee—D. C., $1; Parq., $1 and 75c; P. C. and Bal., 50c; Gal., 25c.

"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN" APRIL 13.

LYCEUM — C. A. Marshall, Manager — Absolutely Fireproof

Tuesday and Wednesday Nights, Wednesday Matinee, April 14, 15.

Nixon & Zimmerman present the Marguerita Sylvia Comic Opera Co—50 people—headed by the brilliant and talented artist, Marguerita Sylvia, in Geo. W. Lederer's musical success.

"THE STROLLERS."

Music by Ludwig Englander. Book by Harry B. Smith. PRICE—Night, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

LYCEUM — C. A. Marshall, Manager — Absolutely Fireproof

MONDAY, April 13, Mr. Jack Campbell, complete, in Hoyt's greatest play,

A Trip to Chinatown.

A complete production of the best of all the Hoyt farces. Pretty girls, dazzling costumes, special scenery, catchy music. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

METROPOLITAN

Both 'Phones 969. W. H. Reaney, Mgr.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

Dick Ferris presents Ferris' Comedians in

"Resurrection."

All new specialties tonight.

SATURDAY MATINEE 2:30.

Night prices—10c, 25c and 50c.
Matinee prices—10c and 25c.

Continuous Performance.

BERRIES CHEAP

Lower In Price Than Is Usual at This Season.

Meat Houses Are Stocking Up—Eggs Somewhat Stiffer.

Strawberries are now retailing for 10 cents per pint box, a much lower figure than is usual for this time of year.

"The strawberries we are receiving at present are from Louisiana," said the manager of one of the Duluth produce houses. "Next week the Mississippi berries will commence coming in. The season opened with the Florida berries. The Mississippi berries will probably sell higher than the Louisiana berries are now selling, for they will be the first picking and of a better class than the Louisiana berries being received at present, and which are from the second picking. Then later, when the Mississippi berries begin to degenerate, the Arkansas berries will come in. In this way the field of production continues to move northward.

"We seldom receive any Minnesota berries in Duluth. There are two sections of the state in which they are grown, in the wast and in the south. The supply from the former section goes to the Dakotas and that from the latter to the Twin Cities. All of our local berries come from Wisconsin."

The produce dealers report a fair week's trade, the wet weather of the early part of the week proving a drawback.

Eggs are now being placed in storage both in Duluth and the Twin Cities, and the price has consequently stiffened during the past week. They are now selling at 13½ and 14 cents. Large shipments are being received and the Easter trade, as was expected, is very heavy.

The wholesale meat dealers are now receiving an excellent quality of beef for the Easter trade. A very busy week is reported, as the butchers are stocking up in anticipation of the end of Lent.

The price of mutton is slightly weaker, but no noticeable drop is reported.

"The cause of the sudden rise in the price of mutton was simply the scarcity," said the manager of one of the branch packing houses. "The farmers were not bringing their sheep to market and the supply fell short of the demand. I do not look for any drop in the price for several weeks to come, until the roads become dried up."

Live poultry is now being received, and the shipments will soon take the place of the shipments of the dressed variety. During the warm weather little dressed poultry is received, while during the winter months shipments of live poultry cease. The poultry dealers report a very busy week, with the demand much in advance of the supply. Prices remain the same.

MONSTER JEW FISH

That Was Caught In the Mexican Gulf.

New Orleans, April 10.—A monster jewfish is hung up in the French market, and today the fish famine in the market will not be as much in evidence as it was last Friday. Then only rich men's fish—red snapper and sheepshead—could be had, and only in limited quantities, because of the high water, rains and resultant bad fishing.

Old fishermen estimate the age of the fish at from 15 to 25 years. The only scale in the market which had a capacity large enough to weigh the monster showed his weight to be 540 pounds after he was cleaned. Before he was cleaned he weighed 738 pounds.

A carpenter who lived in the vicinity measured the fish. The length was 8 feet 2 inches from tip to tip. Around the belly the fish measured 6 feet 5 inches. The open mouth was 2 feet 1 inch up and down and 2 feet 3 inches across. The opening was as large as the head of a sugar barrel, and a small boy could have crept in without touching the sides.

This monster fish was captured in a seine on last Wednesday in the gulf of Mexico, off Last island. Julian Crosby, master of the lugger Flora, was the fortunate captor, and he took great pride in his good fishing luck. Crosby said he had caught many large fish, but this Promicrops Itaira was the largest fish he had ever seen except sharks and whales. Certainly this was the largest he had ever caught.

STRIKERS AND NON-UNIONISTS

Have a Pitched Battle, Ending Seriously at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., April 10.—Michael Sullivan, of Walkerville, Ont., was shot through the neck and a number of other men were slightly injured in a fight which took place at the foot of Joseph Campau avenue here last night in a collision between strikers and non-union workmen of the Canadian Bridge company's works, located at Walkerville, across the river from Detroit. The police arrested four men, all of whom were non-union workmen of Detroit, who had been filling the strikers' places at Walkerville, and were just returning home from their day's work.

It is alleged that the strikers and their sympathizers followed the non-union men from the works at the close of the day with the deliberate intention of making trouble as soon as they reached the American shore. There probably were 200 men, including both factions, and the fight began as soon as they had left the ferry at the Detroit wharf.

The prisoners registered as George E. Kennedy, Fred Metzner, Gustav Adams and Julius Stalter, of Detroit. It is alleged that Kennedy fired the first shot, and that it was he who shot Sullivan. During the fight most of the Canadians were driven back to the ferry and across the river. Steve Laduc, also of Walkerville, was struck over the head with an iron bar and he and Sullivan were taken to local hospitals.

Neither Sullivan nor Laduc were dangerously injured, however.

The strike has been on since April 1, when the Canadian union workmen were requested to work a ten-hour day, but refused and asked for an increase of 10 per cent, with a nine-hour day. They were receiving from 16 to 30 cents an hour according to the class of work.

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

In Wisconsin Lands Will Prove of Benefit.

Menominee, Wis., April 10.—John H. Coulter and L. E. Gary, of Chicago, representing Chicago, Minneapolis and Eastern capital, have secured an option on all the Knapp, Stout & Co. holdings in Wisconsin, including the extensive water power on the Red Cedar river for seventy-five miles, all cut-over pine lands owned by the company in Wisconsin, the flouring mills at Rice Lake, Chetek and Menominee, and much other property.

The change of ownership of this property will mean the expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars in the way of improvements. A woolen mill, paper and pulp factory, and a plant for the manufacture of agricultural machinery are among the things contemplated.

SECRETLY WED.

Romantic Marriage Is Revealed By a Death.

Chester, Ill., April 10.—The announcement in this city of the marriage of Miss Margaret Faherty, daughter of the late ex-county clerk, to James F. Mills in Chicago in January, 1902, brings to light a pretty little romance in real life.

Miss Faherty was attending a conservatory of music in Chicago and became acquainted with her future husband. Shortly after their first meeting Mr. Mills was seriously injured in a street car accident. To be enabled to better nurse her lover, Miss Faherty decided to marry him.

Accordingly, on Jan. 22, 1902, the young couple were married without informing their friends or the bride's parents here in Chester. The bride's father died a few weeks since, and the young people deemed it best to not keep their marriage longer secret. The announcement cards say they will be at home after May 1 at 6943 Prairie avenue, Chicago.

TEST OF TOBACCO

Lands to Be Made By the Government.

Marion, Ala., April 10.—The United States government has secured lands and a barn from Charles H. Greer for the purpose of testing the tobacco lands located by the surveyors who completed their survey some two months ago.

The discovery of these tobacco lands which the tobacco experts say ought to produce a filler equal to that of Cuba, was a total surprise to the people. They were naturally looking for coal and iron, petroleum and phosphate beds, the latter was located and will prove a great profit to the county when developed.

The government officials were impressed by the report on the tobacco soil and through the influence of Congressman Underwood decided to make a practical test of growing the weed. Messrs. Henderson and Clark, expert tobacco growers, who have been stationed in Connecticut, will be in charge. They say the indications point to a most successful crop and they have every reason to believe the soil will come up to the expectation of the surveyors. The map of the survey has not yet been published, but it is known that these tobacco lands begin around Marion and extend in a northeastern direction through the county, covering a large acreage.

FOUND IN TEXAS.

Joseph F. Tillery Arrested For an Old Offense.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 10.—Joseph F. Tillery, who was arrested in Dennison, Tex., on charges of illegal transactions with the Holston National and Union banks of this city, is in the Knox county jail. No arrangements have yet been made for his preliminary hearing. His brother, Richard Tillery of Concord, Tenn., has been communicated with and as soon as he reaches the city something will be done as to his hearing.

The charges against Tillery have been pending for over two years. He was a real estate dealer and money lender of this city for a number of years, and is a young man of good family who was held in high esteem. He was successful so far as appearances went, and made many friends. Just before he left this city he sold the banks in question alleged spurious paper, which on the face seemed to be genuine. He left the city and it later developed that it was fraudulent, so it is alleged, or savored of fraud, and for the most part was worthless, so it was later charged. The sum which he secured is said to have been over $5000.

His whereabouts was for a long time unknown, but after the machinists' strike at the Lonsdale shops a number of boys went west, and, while working in the great western shops saw Tillery working at his old trade of machinist. He worked at first in Indian Territory, and afterwards at Oklahoma City. He then wandered into Mexico and was employed in railroad shops in Sonora, and afterwards at Chihuahua. He has been working for some time at Dennison, Tex.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

"Hobson's Choice"

Tobias Hobson was the first man in England who let out hackney horses.

When anyone wished to hire a horse, he was obliged to take the one standing nearest the stable door—he had no selection Hence the old proverb, so familiar now, was born:

"To elect there is but one—
'Tis Hobson's choice—take that or none."

Before the introduction of **Uneeda Biscuit** buying soda crackers in a paper bag, was like hiring Hobson's horses—there was no choice. In kind and quality there was but one—take that or else take none. Whether stale, soggy, dirty or old—'twas ever the same "Hobson's Choice."

Uneeda Biscuit in In-er-seal Packages have revolutionized this old method and set an example that has received the stamp of public approval, as the sale of over 200,000,000 5 cent packages attest.

The In-er-seal Package insures their quality, cleanliness and crispness, because it is airtight, moisture proof, dust proof and germ proof.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Next Sunday is Easter

Are You Ready?

A handy store for men in preparation for Easter

A convenient store for the thousands of men in the huge office buildings. A quick-service store, a safe store.

All on the first floor, just inside the door—and all *good*.

Easter Suits, Top Coats, Spring Overcoats, Rain Coats, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30

Boys' and Children's Confirmation Clothing.

It may seem a pretty hard thing to produce better Boys' and Children's clothing than we have given you—yet our new spring stock is by far the best ever placed before the people—in extent and assortment—in the "smart tone" of the garments—in the low prices—in every way we demonstrate to you that this is the "best store for Boys' Clothing."

TWO-PIECE SHORT PANTS CONFIRMATION SUITS—In blue and black cheviots, unfinished worsteds, serges and clay worsteds—at.....$1.95, $2.45, $2.95, $3.45, $3.95 and **$4.95**

THREE-PIECE SHORT PANTS CONFIRMATION SUITS—In black clay worsteds, blue serges, and black and blue worsteds, single and double-breasted coats and vests—$4.95, $5.95, $6.50 to **$10**

LONG PANTS CONFIRMATION SUITS—at.....$4.95, $6.50, $8.50, $10, $12 and **$15**

Saturday Will Be a Great Day in the **Furnishing Goods Department.**

Extra Great Values for Easter.

EASTER NECKWEAR—Including the newest creations of the foremost Eastern and foreign makers—new shapes, exquisite designs and beautiful fabrics.....50c to **$1.50**

EASTER SHIRTS—New and exclusive patterns in perfect fitting Shirts—cuffs attached or detached. Prices less than half what custom makers ask.....$2.00, $1.50, $1.25 and **$1.00**

EASTER GLOVES—A full line of Gloves of the best-known makes. Gloves that wear right—all the new shades—per pair..... $2.00, $1.50 and **98c**

EASTER HATS.

Plenty of room for choice in the neat new styles for spring—enough variety in shape and shade to please the most fastidious. All are of worthy quality, extra values at the price. These hints may aid selection:

THE BOSTON HAT at.....$2.50
THE W. & M. HAT at.....$3.00
THE GORDON HAT at.....$3.00
THE GUYER HAT at.....$4.00
THE STETSON HAT at.....$3.50
THE W. & M. SPECIAL HAT at.....$5.00
THE NEW SOFT HATS at $2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50

EASTER SHOES.

The newest spring styles in the Bostonian Shoe are ready for your inspection in our Shoe dept.—price a pair.. **$3.50**

The Bostonian $3.50 Shoe is sold in Duluth exclusively by us, and is as good a shoe as you will find elsewhere at $5.00.

OTHER MEN'S SHOES at....$1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES.

Children's Shoes—sizes 4 to 8—at.....75c
Little Gent's Spring Heel Calf Shoes—sizes 8 to 13½—at.....98c
Youths' Calf Shoes—sizes 12 to 5½—at.....$1.25
Little Gents' Spring Heel Shoes—sizes 8½ to 12—at $1.35, $150 and $1.75

TOWN SINGS "MESSIAH"

Lindsborg, Kan., Making International Name By Its Festival.

Lindsborg, Kan., April 10.—Just as Oberammergau has been made world famous by the "Passion Play," so has this little city of the plains reached fame through the splendid annual renditions of Handel's "Messiah," which has been given during the week preceding Easter each year for almost a quarter of a century, and which will be given this year as usual, with a chorus of more than 500 voices and an orchestra of sixty pieces, in an auditorium built especially for these annual musical treats.

Scarcely is one recital finished before preparations for the following year's recital begin. Every one in the little city of 2000 inhabitants is interested in the affair. The whole ambition of the children is to become large enough to sing in the "Messiah." None are too old to take their place in the grand chorus, while to take one of the leading roles or solos is the acme of honor and fame to which there is more aspiration in Lindsborg than to become governor of Kansas.

The town itself, which was founded by Swedes, is built around Bethany College, and in the beginning of the musical festivals the pupils of the schools were the only singers. But after the first few years this was changed and for twenty years now everyone in the town has taken part in some way in the event of the year.

The scope of the festival passed the local point 20 years ago. Another year and surrounding countries became familiar with the event. Then it passed to statewide prominence, and today is almost as well known in Sweden and some other North Europe countries as it is in the United States. The silence of a religious gathering is maintained throughout the music and no applause is permitted at any time. A deep sense of religion prevades the auditorium throughout the recital.

The chorus consists of lawyers, doctors, farmers, mechanics, business men, bankers, laborers, pupils, women, children, and in fact, just about everyone in the little city who is able to sing at all. The total population of Lindsborg is 2000; this year the chorus consists of 530 voices. The orchestra takes another 60 people, while still others connected with the entertainment bring the total up to nearly 1000 people.

Samuel Thorstenberg, who has been conductor for the past six years, was educated especially for this position, as was Theodore Lindberg, the leader of the orchestra. Both were born in the little town and received their inspiration from having been members of the chorus in their youth. Mr. Thorstenberg worked in a mill during the day and studied music at night until twelve years ago, by which time he had accumulated sufficient funds to continue his musical studies in Chicago, New York and Berlin.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, $45.

The very latest spring novelties. The material is strictly imported and the lining pure silk; fit and workmanship guaranteed. This is an opportunity that no lady should miss, as it will only continue a short time. Call and see our samples and styles.

S. GOLDBERG,
London and Paris Ladies' Tailor,
101 W. Superior St.
Old phone, 687-5.

The Blake Hat.

The newest "correct" blocks (soft and derbies)produced for your selection for your Easter hat. "The Blake hat" in the latest colorings and black. See it and you will buy it.

MUTE CHILD'S NARROW ESCAPE

A Farmer Had His Gun Raised to Fire Upon Her.

Quincy, Ill., April 10.—Thomas Proctor, of Newton, tells an interesting story of the finding of his daughter, Edna, a deaf mute, who ran away from the state institution. From Quincy he went to Jacksonville and inquired of the chief of police what was known of the missing girl. He was somewhat surprised to learn that the chief knew nothing about her.

It was 7:30 Saturday evening when Edna climbed out of a window on the first floor and ropping eight or ten feet started away into the night. She ran through the school premises in a southwesterly direction and made her way along the tracks that she thought was the Wabash, but which were street car tracks. When she arrived at the end of the line and saw her mistake, she retraced her steps and finally reached the Wabash tracks. Sometimes running and sometimes walking, but always pushing on she left the city and its lights behind and wandered down the lonely tracks bound for home. At first there were lights in the occasional houses she passed, but soon these evidences of life were no longer to be seen. And the little girl plodded along. From her starting point and counting the retraced steps that had to be taken in Jacksonville she covered eighteen miles and it was 2 o'clock Sunday morning when she reached a point a mile and a quarter east of Bluffs.

She could go no further. The limit of her endurance had been reached. She had been compelled to take to the side of the tracks several times when by vibration she felt the approach of trains and her gown was torn and there was a rent in the sleeve of her cloak. Her feet were cold and her handes were numb. She could go no further.

Jacob Northcott and Mrs. Kate Vannier live a mile and a quarter east of Bluffs. They were awakened by a timid rapping on the door at 2 o'clock Sunday morning. Mr. Northcott inquired who was there and received no response. The tapping was continued. A second time the question was asked from the interior. Still there was no response. Then a brick was thrown at the door.

"If you won't tell I'll see who you are and what you are doing here at this hour," declared Mr. Northcote as he arose and took down his shotgun. Then there came a rapping and a tapping on the window. Mr. Northcott threw the gun to his shoulder and his hand was on the trigger. At that moment a child of the family ran up to him and begged him not to shoot, that it was not a man but a girl who was seeking admission. The gun was dropped and the door was thrown open. Edna Proctor, deaf and dumb, tired, hungry and cold staggered in and found herself among friends.

"That is just how near we came to losing our little girl," said Mr. Proctor, in reciting the story.

After being warmed and fed and rested Edna wrote all about herself and of how she could not remain longer at the school and was going home. She was treated with the utmost kindness by the family and was made to feel herself among friends. Mr. Northcot told Mr. Proctor that Edna might have lived at his home the rest of her life had it not been possible to locate her relatives.

Monday Edna wrote home telling where she was and the fact was communicated to the Quincy police. In the meantime Mr. Proctor had gone away from this city and was notified at Jacksonville by the officers here where Edna might be found.

Every GORDON hat (soft or stiff) is all hat—crown, brim, band and finish. Not only all hat, but all GORDON

And when you say "GORDON" you have said all there is to say about quality.

$3.00.

Swell Shoes for Easter

All the newest creations in fine footwear for men.

Union Label Shoes—

Our Prices Are Right—

We take pleasure in showing our goods—Come and see them—Shoes made to order.

Oxfords will be worn this summer more than ever—We are showing the swellest line in the city.

Repairing while you wait.

EHLE SHOE CO.

Shoe Shining 5 Cents.

Torrey Building.

DOES NOT NEED IT

Power Company May Not Ask Superior For Franchise.

Making an Agreement With Water, Light & Power Company.

According to officials of the Great Northern Power company, which is to develop the water power of the St. Louis river, that company has practically concluded an arrangement with the Superior Water, Light and Power company for furnishing light and power in that city, and may not again ask the city of Superior for a franchise.

When the last franchise applied for by the company was refused by the Superior council it was openly stated before the matter came to a head that the old council would not act favorably on it, but that the matter would be left to the new council which was to come into office a little later. The election of aldermen was held this week and the new council will organize April 21. The Superior people confidently expect the company to come forward and again ask for a franchise.

In this expectation the Superior people may, however, be disappointed. An official of the company, when asked today if another application would be made to the city of Superior, said:

"Twice in the past six months the Great Northern Power company has asked the city of Superior for a franchise on the same terms granted the company in the city of Duluth. We went even farther, agreeing to build and maintain a separate transmission line, some fifteen miles long, for the exclusive use of the city of Superior, an expensive matter, but we declined to accede to a demand that we give Superior certain advantages in the matter of rates over those we had given Duluth. The franchise was therefore refused us.

"The company's position is unchanged. It has pledged itself to serve all power users, whether in Duluth or Superior, upon equal terms and will not recede from that position. As a matter of fact it will be more expensive for the company to furnish power in the city of Superior than in Duluth, but it has publicly announced from the first that there would be no discrimination in rates as between the two cities. We were disappointed in the attitude of Superior toward an enterprise which meant so much to the city and to the company and in receiving no encouragement. The experience of the past at the head of the lakes shows that water power development is no small undertaking.

"Having failed in our efforts to satisfy the Superior council that we were offering the city an attractive proposition, and having no reliable assurance that the council would reconsider its action if the matter was brought before it again, the company has taken the matter up with the Superior Water, Light and Power company, and an agreement has practically been reached with that company to furnish light and power users on the Superior side of the bay. This will be done along the lines of a similar contract recently made between the Hudson River Water Power company, of Glen Falls, N. Y., and the local lighting and power companies in the cities of Albany and Troy. Under the terms of this contract we are satisfied that the interests of all parties concerned will be promoted. It would be a matter of considerable time to get a franchise, and our project has reached that stage where we cannot lose any more time but must go ahead at once. We desired a franchise from the city of Superior to show earning capacity for our enterprise. The contract with the Superior Water, Light and Power company will show that quite as well, and will answer our purpose."

At the time the franchise was under consideration by the Superior council the idea was frequently expressed in the council, in newspaper communications and in other ways, that Superior should encourage the development of water powers that were exclusively its own, that there were others than that of the St. Louis river which would furnish ample power for the city.

These expressions led to the appointment of F. B. Banks, former city engineer of Superior, by the chamber of commerce committee, to act with the council committee in an investigation of the different water powers in this section. The result of his findings was made public some days ago. The conclusion he reached is that the St. Louis river water power is the only one from which Superior can hope to see developed an electric power sufficient to furnish cheap power to industries such as will be demanded.

He examined the Nemadji, Black river, Amnicon river, Brule river and St. Louis river water powers, going into the matters of water and heat, the two requisites to water power development. To get at the water available he calculated the rainfall of the year and the amount that can be depended upon to be conserved for power. The substance of his report was as follows:

"I know of but two places in this county where there is any considerable natural head, viz., at Black River falls and in the Amnicon river in section 29, 4-8-12. By the construction of a dam in the Black river above the falls, a head of about 200 feet can be obtained.

"By the construction of a dam in the Amnicon river in section 32-48-12 and piping the water to a point below the falls near the stone quarry in section 29, a fall of about 100 feet can be obtained.

"I know of no place on the Nemadji or Brule rivers where any considerable natural fall exists. It will be necessary therefore to create a head by the construction of high dams.

"All of the following estimates are based on the supposition that ample storage capacity is provided, and that none of the flood waters are allowed to escape.

"My first proposition is for the construction of a dam on the Nemadji river at some point between its junction with Black river and the Belt Line bridge, with an average available head of fifty feet. The drainage area tributary to this dam is about 400 square miles. The utilizing of twelve inches of water from this area with a head of fifty feet will develop 2000 continuous theoretical horsepower, or about 1200 continuous electrical horse power, which, if disposed of at the average rate of 1 cent per horse power hour, would amount to $105,120 per year.

"The Black river above the falls drains a teritory of about sixty square miles. Twelve inches of water from this area, with an available head of 200 feet, will develop 1200 continuous theoretical horse power, or 720 continuous electrical horse power, which, at the above rate, would amount to $63,072 per year.

"The Aminicon river above section 32, 48-12 has a territory drainage area of 120 square miles. Twelve inches of water from this area with an available head of 100 feet will develop 1200 continuous theoretical horse power, or 720 continuous electrical horse power, which at above rate would amount to $63,072 per year.

"The Brule river, south of the line between towns 48 and 49, has a tributary area of 152 square miles. Twelve inches of water from this area with an available head of fifty feet, will develop 762 continuous theoretical horse power, or 457 continuous electrical horse power, which at above rate would amount to $40,033 per year.

"I am of the opinion that all of the above estimates are in excess of what would actually develop if the water powers were improved.

"It is evident, therefore, that this city will not be able to obtain any considerable power from the streams of Douglas county.

"The St. Louis, with its 3800 square miles of drainage area of about 500 feet, will, when properly improved develop at least 50,000 continuous electrical horse power, or enough to supply both the present and future requirements of Superior and Duluth.

"The development of this power is essential to the rapid growth of the city, and it behooves us to do all in our power to further the enterprise, it being the only course of any large water power in this vicinity."

A GREAT SENSATION.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown, of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured indescribable agonies from Asthma but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief, and soon thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed by W. A. Abbett, druggist. Trial bottles free.

A Non-Partisan Judiciary.

To the Editor of The Herald:

As a voter and taxpayer, allow me to express my appreciation of your editorial anent Representative Dowling's attempt to take the judiciary out of party politics. It is a step in the right direction of true democracy. We are far from realizing the reality of democratic government. It is our ideal, and is the spirit of our national life. But there are several things to be removed before we have in fact a government of and by and for the people. Partisan bossism, which the primary law threatens, as David did Goliath, is one of the means to bring in the right of the people to elect their own representatives. Hence the bitter opposition, hidden, of course, but none the less active and hostile, of the men who know that that law is the death of the partisan boss and the freedom of the people to choose who shall represent them, from the town marshal to the president. The taking of the judiciary out of partisan politics is another and necessary step towards that independence of political stringing which handicaps many good men and clouds even the supreme bench with suspicion of partisan bias in these days of hostility between capital and labor. Dowling has assured his re-election by this attempt of his, and some other things he has tried to do. He has shown that he is not tied to any clique, and that he dares to act alone when his convictions demand that attitude. Well done, Dowling.

AN ELECTOR.

Duluth, April 10.

If there's a hint of catarrh taint apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, minister of justice for the Dominion of Canada, endorses it. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—2.

The Grandest Display

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS AND OVERCOATINGS

Ever shown in the Northwest. Thousands of the latest patterns to select from. All wool worsteds, tweeds, cassimeres and serges, made to your order—First class suit or overcoat

No More. **$15** No Less.

LATEST STYLE, PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR YOUR MONEY REFUNDED.....

Scotland Woolen Mills Co

BIG TAILORS.

Duluth Store, 109 West Superior Street.

EDWARD HELPERIN, Manager.

West Superior Store, 522 Tower Avenue.

THE CASE IS BE APPEALED

Mueller Action to Be Carried to Supreme Court.

Another stay in proceeding was granted by Judge Cant, yesterday, in the Johann Mueller case, and the attorneys of Mrs. Katrina Mueller claim that they are assured of funds sufficient to warrant them in taking an appeal to the supreme court.

The last day for the stay of execution of judgment on Judge Cant's decision in favor of Father Kosmerl et al., expired yesterday afternoon, when the additional stay was granted.

Mrs. Mueller's attorneys have been hesitating about carrying the case further unless the funds were assured for the appeal means a large expense. It is claimed that a telegram was received from Detroit, yesterday, giving assurance that the money necessary for the appeal would be forthcoming.

TO PROTECT WOMEN.

League Formed to Stop "Mashing" In Brooklyn.

New York, April 10.—Harry F. Dyruff, president of the Law and Order League which was recently organized in Brooklyn to protect women from insult and to stop the use of indecent and profane language in public places, issued a statement today. Part of it follows:

"Five hundred letters have already been received indorsing the movement. About a dozen letters, chiefly anonymous, have also been received condemning the movement and threatening the life of the president of the association. Of the 500 letters, about 200 have contained applications for appointment as deputy sheriffs. Out of that number fifty have already been selected for appointment. We desire throughout the press to ask for more applications, and prefer that the same should come from prominent business men and clergymen.

After a full number of deputies have been appointed the society will issue small buttons at the cost of manufacture, to be had upon written application, by any and all people who shall desire to wear them. The wearers of these buttons will be constituted an auxiliary of the league, and are expected to aid its deputies when called upon.

These buttons will also be issued to ladies desiring them, the wearing of the same to indicate that the wearer desires at all times to be protected from insult. The great difficulty which our organizations will be compelled to overcome will be that many times in cases of common street and car flirting our deputies will be uncertain as to whether the person addressed or "snirked at" wishes the matter stopped. In cases where the league's button is worn our deputies will have no doubts on the subject.

It is the intention of the order to extend this league to all the prominent cities of the Eastern states as soon as it possesses sufficient power to do so.

FELL DOWN A SHAFT.

Ahel's Escape From Instant Death Was Miraculous.

Wallace, Idaho, April 10.—Adam Abel, a native of South Dakota, escaped a horrible death at the Morning mine here yesterday in a manner only miraculous. He and his brother were blasting, and when retreating crossed on a board over a shaft which suddenly gave way. Adam was hurled 130 feet below. No bones were broken, but he was unconscious for a time. His flesh was cut and badly bruised. He is at a hospital and will recover.

Due notice is served. Due notice is hereby served on the public generally that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the only salve made from the pure, unadulterated witch hazel. Those persons who get the genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are never disappointed, because it cures. MAX WIRTH.

Easter Sunday

Will soon be here. There is an old superstition that good luck will abide with you throughout the year, if you wear something new on Easter morning. Not too early to remind you of Easter apparel. Better get ready to blossom. We can do a good deal of it for you.

New Spring Overcoats, very swell, made-to-order elegance, **$10.00 to $25.00.**

New Spring Suits, ditto, **$7.50 to $25.00.**

New Hats, new Neckwear, Gloves, etc., etc. All money savers and satisfaction givers.

Eagle Clothing Co.

Clothiers, Hatters and Haberdashers.

PROTEST BY A PARENT

Against Extending School Term to Ten Months.

To the Editor of The Herald:

As a parent, I wish to utter my protest against the action of the school board in extending the school session, or term, to ten months. Why this action should have been taken without an attempt to discover what the parents thought about the matter is one of those moves on the part of the craft that creates the suspicion that children and homes are being sacrificed to a system which does not consider the health of the children nor the rights of parents. It was a backward move, and not commendable to the men in whose hands we enturst the mental and physical welfare of our children. The only arguments offered for this uncalled for, and I think unconstitutional ruling, is that teachers of the quality desired cannot be obtained under the present system, viz., that the present term is too short for the number of studies to be thoroughly studied without cram. Most of us, who have watched the work done, have long felt that the children were overtaxed, and that not sufficient time was given by the teachers for the teaching of pupils. Recitation by pupils is not teaching the pupils. Few pupils have the individual attention needed, and few teachers have time to explain the difficult problems as they pass in review. What we need is not the robbing of the children of three weeks of summer sunshine and outdoor life, but fewer text books, and more time given to teaching by the teachers. Give the teachers more salary. They deserve it. Give them more opportunity, in the class room, for individual teaching. Less recitation and more exposition is the need of our schools. Give the parents more consideration in the arrangements of the curriculum, from the class meets to the commencement exercises. Give less time to socials connected with the school that there may be more time for socials in the home. The trend is towards too much social life during school term, and too little for study and health and home life. Among the evils of this trend is the cultivating of caste in our school life, where pure democracy should be lived. When socials are arranged by the more fortunate in money matters, and by those who do not expect to make their education a means of future success in life, then those who have not the means nor the time are socially excluded from such entertaining circles and feel the slight keenly. It creates snobbishness where such un-American-ism should be scorned. Hence, many eminent educators are protesting against these tendencies, which mainly afflict our universities, but already taint our high schools. I am sure that the board made a grave mistake in its action. It would be wise for it to rescind that act. For I am sure that an attempt to enforce it will create a storm of opposition that will affect the official life of the men who backed it. Give teachers the full limit of salary; keep the term at its present limit; (universities have still shorter terms), consider the health of children at the most critical time of physical development, a time which affects all their future life (especially our girls); cut out some of the text books, general education does not need the same text books incident to professional life; give the homes more consideration in the plans of the school during the term, and we shall be yet prouder of the Duluth schools than we have been, and that pride has been justified by comparison in all the past. A PARENT.

Duluth, April 10.

Caps! Caps! Caps!

The latest in boys' caps for spring wear in blue and maroon colors, at 25c, 50c and 75c; large selection.

C. W. ERICKSON, The Clothier.

TRADE SECRETS

Divulged By Angry Strikers In Coffin Shops.

Chicago, April 10.—Striking casket-makers and trimmers will retaliate on the employers by starting a co-operative shop and selling coffins at actual cost. The workmen say they will have coffins on the market within a few days.

The strikers claim that there is so much profit in the business that they can open a shop on a small scale and sell caskets at less than half the price now charged, even after allowing for the greater cost of production because of lack of facilities which the large manufacturers have.

According to the figures furnished by the strikers, a coffin which costs $20 to make is retailed by the undertakers at $200, and the same proportion of profit exists in all grades of caskets.

PARKER AND SCHLEY

May Be the Democratic Candidates Next Year.

Washington, April 10.—Talk in Democratic circles of Admiral Winfield Scott Schley as a suitable candidate for vice president is being revived. It is said the Democrats will confine their efforts in the next campaign to the Eastern states. They have no hopes of doing anything in the West.

A great effort to defeat President Roosevelt in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts will be attempted. Maryland, the native state of Schley, is counted on to fall in line.

The ticket proposed now is Parker, of New York, for president, and Schley, of Maryland, for second place. Republicans claim that with the increased vote in the electoral college from the Western states Roosevelt could lose New York, New England and Maryland and still be elected.

CZARINA IS WELL.

St. Petersburg, April 10.—The report circulated in Paris that the czarina is suffering from peritonitis is untrue. She is in perfect health and leaves here for Moscow with the czar.

FOR SALE.

THREE HEAVY TEAMS.

3200, 3000, 2850 weight. In good condition.

W. C. Sherwood & Co.

614 Torrey Building.

Easter Shoes.

Speaking of Easter, have you seen the new shapes that we are showing for the up-to-date girl who wants style and snap in her footwear?

We have boots and Oxfords with close edges and extension edges. They have that something which draws the eye and they are the best that ever bore the name of "Phillips & Co."

They are priced right also—**$2.00 to $5.00.**

PHILLIPS & CO

218 West Superior Street.

STACK & CO.

EASTER WASH MATERIALS

Lawns and Fancy White Waistings in all the New weaves and colors at a great reduction.

5c a yard for 27-in fancy striped Dress Percales, in all the new colorings, worth regularly, 7½c.

7½c a yard for 30-inch dark Dress Percales, in neat figures and stripes—black, blue and red ground—worth 10c.

9c a yard for 30-inch fine sheer quality India Linen, exceptional good value for 12½c.

10c a yard for 32-in fine sheer figured Lawns, a handsome assortment of stripes and figures, worth 15c.

12½c a yard for plain white corded lawns, worth 25c, and a fine selection of heavy fancy colored lawns, worth 20c.

69c for $1 quality black taffeta silk, full 36-in wide, splendid value.

25c for 50c quality fine white mercerized oxford waistings, in all the new weaves.

39c a yard for 75c quality white and colored mercerized oxford waistings, basket and birds-eye weaves.

19c a yard for 35c quality vestings, in tans, blues and all the leading shades and styles.

10c quality fancy checked Outing Flannel, heavy fleece—per yard..... **5c**

Heavy linen finish Toweling, 19 inches wide—full bleached—per yard.... **5c**

36-inch fancy white curtain swiss, in stripes and figures—per yard.... **10c**

Silk floss Cushions, muslin covered, size 16 inches—each..... **23c**

Easter Hand Bags.

A lot of manufacturers' samples, bought at 60c on the dollar, the best values in the city at—

98c, 50c and 25c

Easter Pearl Buttons.

The correct size and style for this season, in sets of five—50c value at... **33c**

Easter Swiss Handkerch'fs

50 dozen fine imported Swiss embroidered Handkerchiefs, 39c, 50c and 65c values, all at one price. **25c**

Big Bargains.

Japanese Easter work baskets..... **1c**

1000 Parlor Matches for..... **5c**

Closet Clothes Hooks, each..... **1c**

10 bars of Laundry Soap for..... **25c**

Sapolio for house cleaning..... **7½c**

Large package of Washing Powder..... **5c**

10 yds of Shelf Paper, any color..... **2½c**

10c package of Hartz German Birdseed..... **5c**

5c package of double pointed tooth picks..... **2½c**

5c roll of Toilet Paper, perforated..... **3c**

5 doz Clothes Pins, best goods for..... **5c**

10c Clothes Lines 50 ft long, each..... **5c**

Easter Glass and China Bargains.

Sauce Dishes, imitation cut..... **2½c**

5c Table Tumblers in four styles, good ones in plain or fancy handled choice..... **2½c**

5c fancy stem wines glasses at..... **3c**

10c decorated fruit Dishes only..... **5c**

45c Wine Bottles in nice imported blown goods, special Saturday..... **29c**

25c covered Butter Dishes, like cut, Saturday only..... **10c**

10c white Cups and saucers, set of six cups and six saucers Saturday special at.... **33c**

8 styles in Fancy Glass Vases, just the thing for Easter Flowers and some worth up to 19c, your choice..... **10c**

EASTER SUITS EASTER WAISTS EASTER SKIRTS

Beyond a doubt you can save money by taking advantage of the phenomenal values we offer tomorrow. Every garment made in style, having all the merit that can be had in manufactured goods, and the best of it all, no big profits are added on. We will sell them on that small margin of profit that has given our business a steady growth and stamped it with the much coveted word "success."

Every lady in Duluth will profit by an inspection of our line—style, quality and low prices—are linked together, making our proposition an attractive and profitable one. Come early tomorrow.

$22 SUITS AT $15

All wool Venetian suits, nicely made and trimmed in black, navy and caster, elegant.

$22 VALUE AT $15

EASTER JACKETS—in Taffeta, Peau de Soie and all-wool cloths.

WOOL MELTON BLOUSE JACKETS—new effects—at..... **$3.98**

EXTRA FINE WOOL BLOUSE JACKETS—from $5.00 to..... **$15.00**

Easter Showing of Waists.

The very latest and best—all the new weaves in cotton goods—prices very reasonable.

200 dozen Shirt Waists—in colored and white, worth up to $1.00 each, at..... **50c**

20 dozen Waists in fine white goods—mercerized cottons, etc.—$2.50 values at..... **98c**

Also a lot of fine new Waistings at $3, $2.50, $2 and..... **$1.50**

10 dozen all-silk Taffeta Waists, in black and colors—$4.00 value—at..... **$2.98**

Phenomenal Values In Dress and Walking Skirts.

We will surprise anyone at the showing we make in ready-made skirts. High-grade Skirts—hundreds of them—all selling far below what you are accustomed to pay.

$15.00 lace silk Dress Skirts at $6.98—a beautiful production in net and silk—with drop skirt—nothing like them anywhere for the money—$15.00 values at

$6.98

$17.50 strictly all-wool Venetian Broadcloth, Cheviot and Assabett Suiting—in walking-skirt lengths—elaborately made and stitched—for this sale at—

$12.50

$22.50 Peau de Soie and Lace Dress Skirts—made in the most approved fashion—nothing like them ever shown before for the low price we ask—

$10.00

$15.00 fine Broadcloth Dress Skirts, with drop skirt attached—during this sale at..... **$8.98**

$3.50 Gray Walking Skirts—lengths 38 to 44 inches—6 rows of stitching and strap seams, at... **$1.98**

$6.50 Walking Skirts, in fine wool melton, cheviots, mixed suitings, pebble cloth, etc.—all well made—special price..... **$5.00**

$5, $6.50 and $8 Dress and Walking Skirts—a lot of about 50 in odd and ends of this season's goods—choice at..... **$3.98**

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN NOTION DEPT.

Pearl Buttons—per dozen..... **1c**

25c Tooth Brushes—at..... **10c**

Corticelli Silk—50-yd spools—at..... **2c**

Basting Cotton—3c value—at..... **1c**

White Shoe Laces—2 for..... **1c**

EASTER TABLE LINENS.

9c each for Pillow Cases—size 36x42, of good quality soft-finish muslin.

12½c each for Pillow Cases, size 36x45, of good heavy bleached casing, worth 15c.

39c each for brown sheets, 72 x 90—made of good quality brown sheeting, worth regular 50c.

$1.00 for Bed Spreads, large double-bed size, extra good quality, worth $1.25.

75c each for Feather Bed Pillows, 3½ lbs each, best satin tick covering, worth regular per pair $2.00.

75c a doz for large size full bleached diced check napkins, splendid value for $1.00 per doz.

10c each for extra heavy huck and Turkish Towels, full size, good value at 15c.

48c a yard for splendid quality, bleached table Damask, full width, worth 69c.

$1.00 a yard for $1.50 quality fine satin finish, all-linen table Damask, handsome deep borders.

Silkolines—best quality, 36-inch fancy Silkolines, in all new patterns... **10c**

Ticking—fancy striped satin ticking, 32 inches wide—20c quality.... **15c**

60-inch heavy gray Suitings, suitable for walking skirts—the 75c quality—per yard..... **48c**

Fancy mixed Suitings—suitable for unlined skirts—the 50c quality—per yard..... **25c**

25c a pair for ladies' fine black drop-stitch imported Hose, a double sole stocking, imported to sell for 50c a pair—here tomorrow at—per pair..... **25c**

100 dozen ladies' fine black domestic seamless Hose—worth 19c a pair at..... **12½c**

10c a pair for ladies' stockings—fast black and seamless, made like a 25c stocking—great value at—per pair..... **10c**

EASTER LISLE GLOVES—imported button or clasp gloves, in black and white—as nice as 50c goods—on sale at—a pr.. **25c**

Easter Granite and Tinware Specials.

1 qt balled Berlin Kettles, white lined worth 20c, Saturday special..... **10c**

59c Granite Water Pails, cut to..... **39c**

98c granite Tea Kettles; No. 8 size; for Saturday.... **75c**

10c Brass Bird Cage Hooks for .. **5c**

23c granite muffling pans 8 holes.. **10c**

69c Galvanized Wash tubs..... **47c**

Wash Boilers, full No. 8 size galvanized bottom—special.... **58c**

galvanized water pails, only..... **15c**

Easter Woodenware Bargains.

33c Coffee Mills, nicely finished and guaranteed to do the work..... **19c**

98c Sewing Tables, with yd measure, folding kind..... **63c**

10c Towel Rollers, good ones, only..... **5c**

$1.65 Clothes Wringers, like cut, 4 for this sale, only.. **$1.25**

$1.25 iron frame clothes wringer sale price..... **98c**

19c Two Hoop Water Pails, each..... **13c**

Lace Curtain Stretchers, the convenient Folding kind, only..... **95c**

$1.20 Patent Folding Ironing boards and stands for this sale..... **75c**

19c Patent Carpet Beaters..... **10c**

SORROW IS THEIRS

Members of "Chaperons" Company Come to Us Disconsolate.

"Dinky" Havemeyer, Their Admiring Friend, Temporarily Deserts.

A loving one from us has fled,
A face we knew has gone;
But we'll be back on Broadway soon
And see "papa" anon.
—Epitaphs by an Epileptic.

There is an aching void in the breasts of many of the fair singers with the "Chaperons." There is a void in the change pockets of several of the male members of the company.

For let it be known that the good fairy, the bank and general all-round "Coal Oil Johnnie" of the organization has left the wake of the company, and he will not visit them again until they reach New York, and "that's a waltin' some."

The "fairy" is "Commodore" (Dinky) F. C. Havemeyer, a brother of H. O. Havemeyer, the head of the American Sugar Refining company. He has been trailing the show for months. He is 71 years of age, and his first visit to the performance was such a hit with him that he concluded he would see every performance this season.

He started in good faith, but when the company began hitting the one-night stands he weakened, though he declared he liked the show better than on the first day he saw it. The old gentleman used to put in time between performances by wandering about the jewelry stores and fur shops, and he gave everybody in the company, from stage carpenter to prima donna, presents of diamond, gold or rare tapestries, all from the goodness of his heart, because he thought the artists ought to be encouraged.

Every night he has been purchasing two seats. One was for himself and the other for his hat. After the performance he went "back" and either scolded or praised the members of the company, as the performance was good or bad. As he became acquainted with the company he began handing out trophies.

It was estimated that the aggregate value of them was in the neighborhood of $15,000 before he left. E. A. Morgan heard from him yesterday, and the old gentleman regretted he couldn't stand the pace of one-night stands and would wait for the aggregation when it got back to the old Broadway.

When you watch the performance tonight and see the sparkle of jewels and precious metals, think of "Dinky" Havemeyer, for he has adorned that stage picture. If high pressure Eva Tanquay hauls out a small watch to see if her twelve encores are properly intervaled, remember the venerable sugar man and patron of art; for he shines there, also.

And when you notice the pout and expression of sorrow on the fair countenances of the young songstresses, do not, oh, do not think it is because a message came just before the curtain rung up, telling that her "mother died here today," for it is only the sad reminiscent thought of the absence of the elderly party, whose function it was to brighten the lives of the Thespians by scattering jewels before them after each and every performance.

It was thought the "commodore" might have come to the Twin Cities and to Duluth, by the young women who have been out in the shower of jewelry all winter and haven't caught cold yet, but he says "no," and that settles it.

The old gentleman was quite a humorist in his way. Accompanying a grave speech, in which he said that he did not wish his action to be construed as any comment upon the pedal extremities of the members of the company, he presented all with a pair of moccasins. Some of the members have them yet. He gave George Bowlis a snake ring. He wanted it understood that there was nothing significant about the character of that gift either.

Miss Tanguay, Miss Day, Miss Holis and others received presents, and he had a habit of peddling out $20 notes when pay day had been passed three or four days and the members were hitting the rocks.

SCOTT'S REPLY IS RECEIVED

By Secretary of the Interior But Not Made Public.

Washington, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Scott, Indian agent at Leech Lake, has forwarded a reply to the charges which were preferred against him to the president by Senator Nelson, who acted for Senator Clapp. Senator Nelson made the charges in person to the president just before the latter left on his Western trip. It is charged that Maj. Scott endeavored to thwart the will of congress in advising the Red Lake Indians not to ratify the bill passed at the last session of congress providing for the cession of eleven townships.

The reply of Maj. Scott is now in the hands of the secretary of the interior, who declines to make public any portion of its contents. The reply of Maj. Scott will be held until the return of the president.

DIRECTORS TO MEET.

Commercial Club Officers to Be Chosen.

President F. A. Patrick, of the Commercial club, has issued a call for a meeting of the board of directors for tomorrow afternoon, at the club rooms. At this meeting the directors will elect the officers of the club for the ensuing year, and the various committees will be appointed. It is being strongly urged that President Patrick be re-elected to serve another term, and it is believed that so long as his ter mas a director does not expire for another year he will consent to serve if elected.

Secretary A. L. Preston is understood to be the logical candidate for re-election as secretary of the club, for his work, which is of a difficult and complicated nature, has been very satisfactorily performed during the first year of the club's organization.

RAIN COAT TIME

First time you're out in the rain without a raincoat you'll be sorry for yourself. But that won't prevent you from getting wet—and maybe damaging a good suit or overcoat. The time to buy a raincoat is before it rains—not after—and the kind to buy is Hart, Schaffner & Marx' L'Aiglon—and the place to buy it—here. We'll show all sorts of H., S. & M. good clothes at the sort of prices you want to pay.

The VARSITY Style

There's only one real "Varsity" style; it's made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx, and this illustration shows you how it looks. We have the genuine Varsity here—and any man who wants to be in the latest style in clothes should come in and look at a suit. If the Varsity is too "snappy" for you, we'll show you another H., S. & M. style which will suit you sure. Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyer's fine suits and overcoats sold exclusively by Kenney, Anker & Denny.

Easter Hats—
Easter Neckwear—
Easter Shirts—
Easter Shoes—

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,

DULUTH, - - MINNESOTA.

Zenith Council No. 40, United Commercial Travellers

Will give one of their social dances at Elks' hall, on Saturday night, April 11. Refreshments will be served. Amission by invitation only. Music by Flaaten's orchestra. Tickets, $1.00. By Order of the Committee.

Is Not Satisfied.

The defendant in the case of Martin Dillon against Tillie Quinn, which was tried in district court during the present term, will move for a judgment notwithstanding a verdict, or for a new trial based on the minutes of the court. A stipulation was filed by both parties in the action this morning, that the hearing on the motions will not take place until the counsel for both sides will be enabled to be present, and that, in case of a new trial, it will come on in the May term of district court.

Spend Saturday and Sunday Afternoon on

Park Point

For Wintergreen Berries. Sweet-smelling pines and trailing arbutus. Good car service.

THREE KILLED

In Accident on the Jersey Central Road.

Elizabeth, N. J., April 10.—Owing to the spreading of rails a drill engine on the Central railroad of New Jersey left the track and plunged down a twenty-foot embankment into a pond today. The engineer and fireman and a brakeman were buried under the engine. The brakeman was taken out alive, but died soon after he had been taken to a hospital.

The dead are:

ARTHUR BOGART, engineer, South Amboy.

—— BROOKS, fireman, Jersey City.

—— KLING, brakeman, Elizabeth.

All the victims were married and had families. They were horribly scalded. When the engine went over the embankment, Engineer Bogart had hold of the whistle cord, and the whistle continued to sound until either the engineer was dead or the steam was exhausted.

OBJECT TO THE DIVISION

Petition of Itasca County Land Owners to Be Sent In.

Petitions are being circulated by Duluth men interested in Itasca county, asking that the eastern line of the new land district be placed far to the west, if the division is made at all.

The petitions will be sent to the secretary of the interior as soon as sufficient names are secured.

The petition sets forth that the subscribers are residents of Duluth with interests in Itasca county, and they pray that if the division is made at all, the dividing line in the Cass Lake district will not be further east than range 27 west, Fifth P. M.

The reasons upon which the petition is based are stated to be that Duluth is the logical city for a central office, and is in the regular line of travel to the territory in the district.

Among the signers on the petition being exhibited for signatures at the St. Louis hotel are J. T. Michaud, J. S. Rayburn, K. A. McDonald, J. Gibbons, J. A. Butchart, F. Anderson, G. A. Phelps, J. W. James, J. J. Stuart, Alex Fraser.

KING GETS SMALL VERDICT.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 10.—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict of 200 in favor of Dr. Geo. W. King in his suit against the General Accident Assurance company, limited of Perth, Scotland. The trial was sensational as the defense endeavored to prove that Dr. King was implicated in large insurance swindling operations against various companies.

FAST TIME IN MOUNTAINS.

Pueblo, April 10.—What is said to be the record for fast mountain travel has just been made by a Denver & Rio Grande special train, chartered by Angus McBride of Omaha, to carry him from Alamosa to Pueblo, to enable him to make connections with an eastbound Rock Island train. The run, which took in La Veta pass, one of the most difficult pieces of railroad traveling in the state, was made at the rate of 41 miles an hour. Mr. McBride, who was at Alamosa on business, received word that his mother was dying and he was hastening to her bedside in Omaha.

M. Henrioksen Jewelry Co.

Easter Sale of High Grade

Watches!

We offer for tomorrow, the following very special values in high-grade watches:

Ladies' nought size Elgin or Waltham movement, fitted in 14-karat solid gold cases—

$18.50

Gentlemen's 12-size New York standard movement, fitted in 20-year O. F. gold filled cases.

$7.50

Gentlemen's 16-size 15-jewel Waltham movement, fancy blue enameled dial with gold hands and second—fitted in 20-year gold filled hunting cases.

$15.00

A complete and handsome collection of Easter gifts at right prices.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.
334 West Superior Street.

We have our own fully-equipped manufacturing plant for the prompt accommodation of patrons.

The great Easter sale of Suits, Coats and Waists is still on.

Prices on all our high grade garments lower than ever before offered in the city. If you want to save money, call and be convinced.

S. Beinhard CLOAKS

12 W. Superior St.

Largest exclusive cloak and suit house north of Chicago.

MORE CARS GIVEN

The street railway company will put its summer time schedule in effect Sunday, April 12. The company has made several important changes in the schedule looking toward improved service which has been demanded by the volume of business over the various lines.

The West Duluth and East End cars will begin running over the old route to West Duluth, through the West End and the Jenswold street viaduct. Instead of a 10-minute service on the West Duluth line as heretofore, there will be a 6-minute service maintained from Sixty-second avenue west to Twenty-third avenue east, all day, with extra cars during the rush hours to make a 3-minute headway.

On the Lakeside line there will be a 20-minute service instead of a 30-minute service, maintained to Lester Park from 5:36 a. m. until 8:31 p. m., and a 40-minute service thereafter from Eighth avenue west to Lester Park, until 11:43 p. m. The first car will leave Lester Park at 6:09 a. m. and the last car will leave the park at 12:31 p. m.

The West Fourth street car will run out on West Third street to Fortieth avenue west, and a 15-minute service will be maintained on that line instead of a 30-minute run, as has been the case heretofore.

The Woodland and East Fourth street cars will run to Twenty-sixth avenue west on Superior street and each will have a 30-minute run, giving East Fourth street a 15-minute street car service.

The interstate cars will give a 10-minute service to and from West Superior, as heretofore.

THE PRICE OF GAS

City and Furnace Company Still Considering the Matter.

Differences Between the Two Sides Are Not Wide.

Negotiations for the big gas deal between the city and the Zenith Furnace company are still pending.

Nothing definite has been reached in the several conferences that have been held, but there is a possibility of a partial agreement on rates to consumers this evening, when the officers of the furnace company meet with the board of water and light commissioners at the regular meeting of the latter board.

This morning there was a conference between the water and light committee of the council and several of the water and light commissioners, but this conference was not attended by any of the of the furnace company's representatives.

Every effort is being made to reach an agreement as speedily as possible, and the general impression that there is a wide difference of opinion between the company and city that is likely to interfere with the building of the coke oven system at West Duluth is entirely erroneous.

The city still holds to its proposition to have a rate to consumers of 90 cents per 1000 feet when 80,000,000 feet of gas shall be used, and that the price shall be gradually reduced at the rate of 5 cents for every 10,000,000 feet, until a minimum price of 75 cents is reached when 110,000,000 feet of gas is consumed.

One of the conferees today said: "I find that there is a prevailing sentiment that there has been an important disagreement in our star chamber sessions, but will say that there is every indication of our getting together, and that the full text of our agreement will be given full publicity at the proper time."

Knights Templar Service.

It has been for years the custom of the Knights Templar to hold services in one of the churches on Easter Sunday. This year they will be held in the First Methodist church at 3 o'clock. Dr. Robert Forbes will officiate and preach.

After the return of the Knights Templar to their hall, the Scottish Rite will perform the ceremony of relighting the candles which were extinguished at the Maundy Thursday banquet last evening.

Dies on Reaching Duluth.

John Tune Peterson died this afternoon at St. Mary's hospital and the cause of death will not be known until an autopsy is held. Peterson came to Duluth on the Northern Pacific train at noon, to which he was transferred from the Northwestern train at Ashland. He was taken sick on the train and upon his arrival here was removed at once to the hospital. Nothing is known of him here, except that he was an immigrant. In his pocket was found the address of J. T. Strandquist, 714 East Ninth street.

METROPOLITAN..
Both Phones 969 W. H. Reaney, Mgr
EASTER SUNDAY 3 p. m.
Lanner's Concert Band. Mrs. James McAuliffe, soprano; Miss Mae Wylie, reader.
All seats 25c. 50 musicians 50.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight. 8:30.

The county courthouse employes have organized a baseball team under the management of Deputy Sheriff S. L. Pierce for the purpose of meeting any other amateur team of a similar class in the city. The courthouse team defeated the city hall team last year and believes itself capable of doing so again this year.

The Wieland Shoe company announce an Easter sale and display of fine footwear tomorrow. They alone sell the Sorosis shoes.

The Boston restaurant will open for business Saturday evening.

The civil actions of Shapiro & Nicholson against the Citizens Insurance company and the Commercial Union Assurance company have been settled satisfactorily to the plaintiff and have been dismissed from district court.

Alexander Cameron took out second citizenship papers in district court this morning.

At the raffle at the Armory last night, No. 236 drew the picture and No. 8 the Battenberg scarf.

A prayer meeting will be held this evening at the First Christian church at 7:30 o'clock.

There will be services in the English language at Hope church this evening at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Rent Curtain". A brief sermon will also be preached in the German language.

Parlor theater. Big crowds nightly.

Handsome boxes of Lowney's Chocolates at low prices. E. H. Fish & Co.

See Resurrection Tonight.

Metropolitan. Fifty people in cast.

PURELY PERSONAL

S. L. Silver, of New York, is in the city today the guest of J. M. Gidding.

A. D. Thomson will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Milwaukee.

J. B. Hanson, general passenger agent of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern, is in St. Paul.

H. W. Droege of St. Louis, Mo., is in the city.

Jay M. Smith, receiver for the local land office is in Fargo on land office business.

Judge of Probate J. S. Middlecoff, left for Eveleth this morning to try an ejectment suit.

Rudolph Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, is in the city on a business trip.

See Resurrection Tonight.

Metropolitan. Fifty people in cast.

A sweet breath is a never failing sign of a healthy stomach. There is no remedy in the world equal to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for curing indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet.
MAX WIRTH.

Our Neckwear.
You'll be delighted with the assortment you will find here. Prices as ever, characteristically reasonable.

Glass-Tallant Co

Our Ribbons.
Will wager we have the quality you want and the shade you want at the prices you want.

Every Accessory for Your Easter Costume

We direct your attention to the many little things necessary to make your costume complete. The displays throughout the store offer innumerable suggestions to anyone not quite decided as to which will have the "best effect." Do as much of your shopping as possible in the morning—you'll find it much the more satisfactory.

Complete Line of Misses' Suits and Skirts.

Here is a boon for the miss who would possess a ready-to-wear suit or skirt the same style as mothers. The same cloths are used and the same trimmings so far as they are adaptable. Economy is a strong characteristic of these garments—they will cost you much less than to have them made.

MISSES' BROADCLOTH SKIRT—Blue, brown or black, cut with the proper flare, lined throughout—very neatly trimmed with satin bands and braids—for misses, 14, 16 or 18 years—see this splendid value at ---------- **$6.00**

MISSES' FINE SUITS of voiles, tweeds, broadcloths, suiting, cheviots, etc.—stole fronts, cape effects on shoulders; neatly trimmed. Others of military styles with much braid and many buttons. Prices range from ------- **$12.50 to $30.00**

If you have been dissapointed in your efforts to have a waist made, or if you are looking for a stylish shirt waist of either silk or wool you will be more than pleased with our superb showing.

Easter Millinery.

Naturally tomorrow, the day before Easter, will find our millinery section a very busy place. You may not be able to have a hat trimmed, but we have planned ahead and will show an exceptionally fine line of ready-to-wear Hats.

MISSES' HATS—So prettily trimmed that the most exacting Miss may easily be suited ---------- **50c to $2.00**

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR HATS—A very pretty lot at a very popular price ---------- **$1.50 to $3.00**

Men's Furnishings.

Try our men's section for your Easter Furnishings. We have made special preparations for you, and our prices are as low as the lowest.

MEN'S FANCY HOSIERY—New lace stripes and new figures in the fancy hosiery—a large and varied assortment at 15c, 25c, 50c and ---------- **75c**

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—In the new plain colorings and the latest stripes and checks. You can't but like the qualities at 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and ---------- **$1.50**

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS—Plain white with initialed or colored borders—linen or cambric—a large line to select from at 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 50c and ---------- **75c**

MEN'S EASTER TIES—An assortment sure to please the most critical—four-in-hands, imperials, strings, Ascots, shield bows, etc., at 25c and ---------- **50c**

Easter Favors.

A choice selection of Easter novelties for the child. Bunnies, chickens, eggs, birds, etc. They cost little, but the child appreciates them.

Beautiful Easter Gloves.

Every glove purchased at our counters is beyond question the very best to be sold for the price. Our selections are larger and better than ever before.

FINE GLACE DRESS GLOVES—White, black and in all the new shades. The Paris point stitching, three clasps—has every desirable feature of durability and style—our price ---------- **$2.00**

WASHABLE KID GLOVES—The desirability of a washable glove in white and the light shades hardly needs argument. Our glove will wash and retain their shapes and color—in the newest styles—tomorrow our price—per pair ---------- **$1.75**

OUR "ELASTIC" GLOVE—Not another in our stock is as elastic as this one. You'll enjoy the comfort of it—soft, pliable—Paris point back—self or black stitched—2-clasp—pair ---------- **$1.50**

FINE FRENCH LISLE GLOVES—Paris point and pearl clasp—white, black, grey and mode ---- **25c**

SUPER ENGLISH LISLE GLOVES—Paris point—two pearl clasps—white, black, slate and mode ---------- **50c**

DRESSY STREET GLOVES—medium weight, patent clasp, fancy stitched backs—piqne sewed—tan, mode, gray, black and white—a very dressy Glove—our price ---------- **$2.00**

FINE SUEDE GLOVES—black, white and colors—self or black stitched, 3 clasps—very soft light weights—well reinforced, insuring wear—ask for our Special Suede—at the pair— ---------- **$1.50**

OUR $1.00 SPECIAL—$1.25 will not purchase a better glove in any store in the city—all colors—gusset in every finger—thoroughly reinforced at every point—unexcelled at—the pair ---------- **$1.00**

FINE LISLE LACE GLOVES—beautiful line of new patterns—all the newest shades in elbow length ------- **50c**

EXTRA FINE LISLE LACE GLOVES—the very newest patterns—the best of the new shades—exceptional quality ---------- **$1.00**

Babies' Ready-to-wear Garments.

A bewitchingly attractiv display of garments for babies and liftle children. Mothers will appreciate this opportunity to economize; and at the same time, escape from the work and worry of making children's garments.

Babies' Short Dresses for ages 6 months to 3 years—fine tucked yokes, insertion or tucked yokes—special at ---------- **50c**

BABIES' NAINSOOK SHORT DRESS—yokes trimmed with insertion—skirt edged with Valencinnes lace—$1.50 quality ---------- **98c**

BABIES' COATS of heavy Bedford box cord—extra full—neatly trimmed with ribbons—most pleasing at ---------- **$3.50**

INFANTS' DRESSES of fine nainsook—yokes trimmed with tucks and insertion—very pretty ---- **30c**

INFANTS' NAINSOOK DRESSES—yoke hemstitched and tucked—ruffled skirt—a regular $1.75 quality—special ---------- **$1.25**

BABIES' SILK BONNETS—trimmed with ruching—very neat—you can't beat them at ---------- **25c**

BABIES' SILK BONNETS—trimmed with ruching and ribbons—pretty silk ties—special sale price, only ---------- **50c**

WHITE SILK BONNET—embroidery and ruching trimmed—silk ties—they are priced from ---------- **75c to $1.50**

BABIES' COATS OF CASHMERE and Bedford cord—cape neatly embroidered—special price, only ---------- **98c**

BABIES' CASHMERE COAT—Collar and skirt of coat prettily embroidered—a very special value at ---------- **$1.50**

Perfect Easter Footwear.

We have spent months in planning that you might have just the style shoe you fancy, nor have we failed in our plans. Tomorrow's exhibit of fine serviceable footwear will be a treat to any woman.

Ladies' Slippers—patent leather and kid, 1 to 4 straps; others ask $2.50; our price Saturday-- **$1.98**

Spring fashions in ladies' fine shoes, newest trimmings, latest lasts, another $2.50 value at-- **$1.98**

Children's Easter Shoes—light turned soles—patent vamps; fancy tops; sizes 5 to 8; only--- **$1.35**

Misses' Spring Time Shoes—fine kid tops—heavy and light soles; $1 75 and $2 qualities at **$1.49**

Boys' School Shoes—all styles and sizes—$1.49 their value; our special low price, per pair ------ **$1.25**

Little Men's Box Calf Shoes—absolutely solid—good fitting and good wearing, sizes 9½ to 13½ --- **$1.25**

Infants' Turned Sole Shoes—lace and button—sizes 2 to 5—red and black—75c qualities, Saturday ------ **49c**

French Gloss Shoe Dressing—gives a good polish and preserves the leather—15c package ---------- **10c**

RECORD OF EARLY DAYS

J. R. Carey Contributes Interesting Book to Public Library.

Judge J. R. Carey, who is about to leave for California for a sojourn of some months and who may remain there permanently, has sent to the library board a valuable record. The following letter transmitting it explains it and its value:

"I herewith transmit to you the original record book of the proceedings of the town council of the town of Oneota, giving a complete record of the entry of the townsite at the government land office at Portland (now a part of Duluth) and the distribution of the lots of said townsite to several parties claiming same, under the congressional townsite law.

"This is the only record now in existance, of the settlement of the four towns which are now portions of the city of Duluth, namely upper and lower Duluth, Portland, Oneota and Fond du Lac.

"All the above townsites were entered under the same congressional act and under the special acts of the territorial legislature of 1857.

"This record has been in my possession during all of the time since July 6, 1850, and as I am now about to break up my home in this city and spend some months in California, I feel that this valuable record should be in the custody of some one who will carefully care for the same."

CORONER'S INQUEST.

Inquiry Into Death of Mrs. Hannah Matson.

The inquest over the remains of Mrs. Hannah Matson, who was shot at 314 Garfield avenue last evening during a charivari party in connection with the marriage of Hilda Fredrickson and Matt Anton, was begun shortly after 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the undertaking parlors of Durkan & Crawford.

John Alta, at whose home Mrs. Matson was killed, was the first witness. He could not speak English, and E. Anderson acted as interpreter. Alta, when asked to tell what transpired at his house last night, said Matt Anton asked to have the use of his home for a wedding party; that while the party was in progress, somebody began shooting on the outside, and Mrs. Matson was struck. He did not see her when she was shot. Alta did not know who did the shooting, but was told that Londen fired the shot.

Erick Erickson, who was the second witness, said he was at the wedding party, and saw Mrs. Matson when she was shot, that she was sitting on the side of the bed holding her baby with her left arm, with her right shoulder against the door. The shooting happened a few minutes after 9 o'clock. Witness said that Mrs. Matson, as soon as she was shot came running toward him with blood coming out of her ears, nose and mouth. Witness heard the shooting outside, some three or four shots before Mrs. Matson was hit. He did not know who fired the shots.

Dr. S. M. Stocker testified to the post mortem examination and said death was due to a combination of strangulation and hemorrhage, the bullet entering the shoulder, and penetrating the lungs. He produced the bullet which caused Mrs. Matson's death, the projectile being slightly flattened where it struck a bone, or a knot in the side of the house.

John Carlson, another witness, said he was outside of Alta's house last evening while the party was in progress, being an invited guest. He had gone out with a friend to talk a few minutes and was standing a few feet from the kitchen door.

Coroner Boyer drew a diagram of Alta's house and had witness show where he and his friend stood when he heard the shots fired. He saw the party doing the shooting but it was too dark to recognize him. Witness examined the course of the bullet through the side of the building.

The inquest was still in progress at 3:15 o'clock.

Easter Ball!

By Fidelity Lodge No. 105, A. O. U. W., at the Armory Monday evening, April 13. Tickets, 50c per couple. Flaaten's orchestra. Fisher, prompter.

Two Kinds of Jokes.

Bert Olson played a practical joke on Louis Lindbeck last night by removing a $10 bill from Lindbeck's pocket.

Officer William Terry caught the spirt of the occasion and played a joke on Olson by locking him up.

The humor of the situation so appealed to Judge Windom that when Olson was arraigned before him this morning and entered a plea of guilty to a charge of petty larceny, he played the most practical joke of all and sent Olson to the chain gang for sixty days' hard labor.

In view of the fact that Olson is not much of a sprinter, it is presumed that he will serve the sentence out.

WILL BE READY SOON.

Case of Securities Company For Supreme Court.

Washington, April 10.—Department of justice officials, while having no authoritative information on the subject, have litle doubt that an appeal in the Northern Securities case will be taken to the supreme court very soon. Under the law the defendants are allowed sixty days in which to appeal, but in view of the fact that counsel for the Securities company have all along worked in harmony with the government in expediting the disposition of the case, it is assumed that this policy will be continued and the matter brought to the supreme court at the earliest date.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Belcher Ring.

Gentlemen's Heavy Belcher Ring. We are the first to make a ring of this character in anything but solid gold. We guarantee the setting for ten years. Sale price tomorrow..... **$3.00**

½-kt. Stone Set in Scarf Stick Pin—

Very neat design—if genuine diamond would cost you $30; no one can detect the difference..... **$1.50**

Belcher Ring.

Gentlemen's Heavy Belcher Ring. We are the first to make a ring of this character in sold gold filled We guarantee the setting for twenty years. Sale price tomorrow..... **$4.50**

Tiffany Engagement Ring.

Exact duplicate of Tiffany Engagement Ring. Beautiful stone set in gold-filled mounting. We guarantee this ring to give entire satisfaction for five years: Price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Screw Earrings.

Beautiful, brilliant evenly matched stones, either 1 or 2 kts. in size, set in gold filled Tiffany mountings. We guarantee these earrings for 5 years' wear: seem to be worth $250.00—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Ladies' Cluster Rings.

With Ruby, Opal or Turquoise center surrounded by 14 brilliant Barrios Diamonds. The setting is warranted for 10 years. Our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Exquisite Pansy Leaf Brooch.

—Set with ¼-carat stone. Impossible to detect from a brooch costing $75.00—our price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Beautiful Sunburst.

One mass of brilliancy; if genuine it would cost at the present price of diamonds, about $500—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Beautiful Sunburst.

One mass of brilliancy; if genuine it would cost at the present price of diamonds, about $500—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Solitaire Kont Brooch.

Mounting is solid gold filled set with ¼-carat brilliant Barrios diamond. A very pretty design, our price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Gold Filled Locket.

This locket is set with a beautiful stone full of fire and mounting is gold-filled. Warranted to wear for five years—Price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Engraved Tiffany Ring.

We can also furnish this with a plain setting. The stone is about ¼-kt., and the setting is guaranteed. Our price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

WE HAVE DEMOLISHED

THE STONE WALL OF PREJUDICE AND PLACED WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS ON A FOUNDATION OF ADAMANT IN THE MINDS OF THE THINKING PUBLIC.

We have come to stay; public confidence has been secured by promises faithfully kept. We have given and will continue to give expression to integrity in business by redeeming all pledges made. We have sold thousands of White Barrios Diamonds and we have yet to hear of one being returned as unsatisfactory. WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS, the nearest approach to genuine diamonds ever discovered. They have all the fire, luster, colors and brilliancy of old mine gems, and will stand acids, heat, alkali, etc., in fact, they can be washed and cleaned like ordinary diamonds and so nearly do they resemble them that even experts have been deceived.

OUR THIRD AND

LAST SPECIAL SALE!

Tomorrow, Saturday.

TOMORROW $1.50 --TO-- $4.50.

White Barrios Diamonds, mounted in rings, pins, studs, brooches, earrings, lockets, cuff buttons, etc., etc.,—actually worth from $4.50 to $10—Tomorrow, Saturday,

from $1.50 to $4.50

TOMORROW $1.50 --TO-- $4.50.

OUR GUARANTEE.

We guarantee that every stone will retain its brilliancy forever, and the mountings to give perfect satisfaction. We will give $5000 to any charitable institution if it can be shown that we ever refused to replace a stone that does not give entire satisfaction.

WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS will stand acids, heat, alkali, etc., in fact they can be washed and cleaned like ordinary diamonds, and so nearly do they resemble them that government experts have been deceived.

WHITE BARRIOS DIAMOND COMPANY.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

We have the largest mail order department in the country devoted exclusively to the sale of watches—all orders filled the day they are received. Send us currency or money order for anything you want, and you will be satisfied and delighted with the article you receive. The illustrations or descriptions hardly do the goods justice. Remember you send us your order with the distinct understanding that if goods are not exactly as represented your money will be refunded. Address orders plainly.

WHITE BARRIOS DIAMOND CO.,
413½ W. Superior St.,
DULUTH, MINN.

AT THE OPERA AND AT RECEPTIONS

Adorning the beautiful and beautifying the plain the WHITE BARRIOS DIAMONDS have found their way. We duplicate customers' own jewelry on short notice—let it be sunburst, brooch, tiara, ring, necklace, stick pin, bracelet; in fact anything, we will produce fac-simile and challence the world or anybody in it to detect it from the original. This is not idle talk. We mean it and can prove it.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS

Of designs in Brooches, Rings, Studs, Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins, Earrings, etc. Space only permits of our illustrating a few. Come to the store tomorrow and see the complete assortment.

COME AND SEE HOW THEY SPARKLE.

It's the greatest, grandest and most gorgeous display of semi-precious gems ever made. Come and see the nearest approach to a genuine diamond ever discovered. You must come and see the gems that fool experts; just see if you can detect the difference between Barrios and real diamonds.

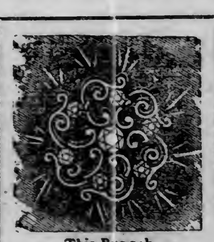
WHITE BARRIOS DIAMOND CO.

OPEN EVENINGS.

413½ WEST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH, MINN. 4 DOORS E. OF LYCEUM THEATER.

Flat Belcher Ring.

Two kt. stone, gentlemen's solid gold filled flat Belcher ring. It is impossible to detect this ring from one costing $250. The stone is cut the same as a genuine diamond and we guarantee the brilliancy to last forever. Mounting warranted for 20 years' constant wear—Our price tomorrow..... **$4.50**



This Brooch

Is an exact duplicate of one purchased from Tiffany & Co., New York, for $340. You can place them side by side and no one can detect the difference—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

This Brooch

Is an exact duplicate of one purchased from Tiffany & Co., New York, for $340. You can place them side by side and no one can detect the difference—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Gents' Shirt Studs.

A very neat and popular size; if a genuine diamond it would cost you about $125 or $150. This answers all purposes at one-thirtieth of that cost—our price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Marquise Ring.

Each stone set with the same care that we would take if we were mounting diamonds. We can furnish this ring in any combination of stones desired. The entire ring is guaranteed for 20 years. Our price tomorrow..... **$3.00**

Belcher Ring.

Stone is an exact ½-carat in weight and is guaranteed to retain its brilliancy. Mounting is gold filled and warranted for 10 years—our price tomorrow..... **$2.00**

Crescent Scarf Stick Pin.

Very neat and popular design—both stones and setting warranted to give satisfaction—sale price tomorrow..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Engraved Tiffany Ring.

The stone is 2-carat in size and the mounting is hand engraved. This ring cannot be detected from one costing $250. Price tomorrow..... **$2.50**

Cluster Stick Pin.

Either Ladies' or Gents', stones are full of fire and mounting is solid gold filled. Either opal, turquoise, ruby or emerald center stones. If genuine would cost $175—worth $6.00..... **$2.50**

3-Carat Screw Stud.

An exact duplicate of genuine stone costing $450—mounting is solid gold, and we guarantee the stone to retain its brilliancy forever —price tomorrow..... **$4.50**

Screw Errrings.

Beautiful brilliant stones—evenly matched—set in gold-filled mountings. We guarantee these earrings for 25 years' wear. Price..... **$4.00**

3-Carat Screw Stud.

An exact duplicate of genuine stone costing $450—mounting is solid gold-filled, warranted to wear 20 years, and we guarantee the stone to retain its brilliancy forever — price tomorrow..... **$3.00**

DULUTH IS HELD

In High Esteem By the Business Men of Chicago.

Some Former Duluth People Who Are Successful There.

Chicago, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—A stranger alighting from the train at one of the railway stations in the heart of Chicago will at once become aware of two disagreeable sensations. The first is the noise. Every city is noisy, but here the racket from the heavy wagons going bumpety-bump and rattlety-bang bang over rough, unhewn granite blocks is maddening. Then comes the dirt; mud and filth under foot, dust blinding his eyes, and over all millions of fine particles of soot from smoky soft coal-burning stacks on high office buildings, blurring his vision, soiling his clothing, disgracing his linen and at last floating gently to a conspicuous lodging place on his nose. Then the stranger must wonder at a public sentiment that tolerates the pitiful sight of gaunt, scrawney horses struggling to pull street-cars over stretches of track not equipped for either electric or cable. Then, too, it is a strange taste that tolerates that relic of pre-historic times, the wooden Indian, in front of many of the cigar stands.

Chicago has on its pay-roll something like 3500 policemen. Apparently the requisites that determine their selection have to do chiefly with dimension. One is the size of the man, the other the size of his political "pull." They impress the average visitor as being big, lazy and flyblown. There are, of course, exceptions. Some of the exceptions look as though they couldn't lick a postage-stamp. The police of our large American cities are rightfully or wrongfully always accused of winking at various infractions of the law, and those here are not excepted from the list.

One naturally compares business and social conditions and public and private works in the cities he visits with those of his own town. In a great many respects Chicago is so far ahead of Duluth that comparisons would be ridiculous, yet in those vital points which bear on the health and comfort of the great majority of the people, Duluthians have much to be proud of. Nothing is more essential to health and comfort than a plentiful supply of pure water. Conditions in the Zenith city are too well and favorably known to require comment. It's different here. Unboiled water is positively unsafe. Each day the board of health issues a bulletin on the condition of the water at all the pumping stations. Almost invariably they are given as "bad" or "unsafe," once in a while "safe." On the tables of hotels and restaurants one finds gallon bottles of distilled water. It is not pleasant to the palate of a man, habituated to the clear, cold beverage Lake Superior supplies, but one becomes accustomed to it with use.

Duluth stands high in the estimation of Chicago business men. They have seen her appropriate the lion's share of the grain and timber and the ore trade, and more than one line of railway is casting covetous eyes in her direction. I discovered an important functionary, however, who seemed to have some hazy notions of our city. This personage is our headwaiter, a gentleman of ebony hue, who lays claim to be Irish because of the fact that he was born on the Emerald Isle.

"I see there's a panic in Duluth," volunteered the pompous Irish-African one day, hearing me speak of the place.

"Is that so?" I asked. "Must be some mistake."

"No," he said, "that's a fact. All the waiters there have gone on a strike."

"Don't you mean Minneapolis?" I inquired.

"Duluth's the place," he insisted, "and they are having a hard time of it. You see, two-thirds of the people live at hotels and restaurants, and now they can't get anything to eat," and I fancied the thought of the tremendous power of the waiters brought joy to his heart.

Railway men here are evincing keen interest in a Duluth invention, the Lawrence switch. A large number of them had their attention called to it last fall, when the association of superintendents gathered in the Spalding on their return from a trip to the ranges and were shown the plans and working model of the switch by Mr. McGonagle. As a result, they have sounded its praises far and wide, and are awaiting with interest the installation of the switches now being put in on the Duluth and Iron range. "A good many private cars will bring their owners to Duluth to see them work," said one railway vice president to me.

The merchant princes of Chicago are justly famed for their ability to plan and carry out enterprises of great magnitude. This ability is the broad, yet keen, "Chicago spirit" of the commercial world, characteristically epitomized in the motto "I will." Patrons, also, of the arts and sciences, these men have done much to afford the people an opportunity to enjoy the advantages of such great collections as those in the Art Institute, the Field Columbian Museum and various other institutions. Besides this, these same merchants have for many years met an annual deficit of $20,000 to $50,000 in keeping up one of the best musical organizations the world over—the Thomas orchestra.

Despite all this, it is a fact humiliating to civic pride that the majority of Chicagoans of ordinary business are of meaner cast: It includes a greater percentage of the class vulgarly termed "cheap skates" than most cities the writer has visited. The motto of this gentry seems to be "do others, or they'll do you." Speaking of them, a Western gentleman whose business in the newspaper field brings him in contact with all classes of society, said to me recently: "When a Chicago man greets you with a smile and extends the 'glad hand,' put it down that he wants to borrow five, steal your watch, or get you into some scheme in which you put up all the money and take all the risk."

A distinction must be made even among these grafters." There is, for instance, the smooth chap who induces the countryman looking for snaps to pay over a thousand or two dollars for a paper purporting to convey to him, by deed of general warranty, the twenty-two-story Masonic Temple. This trick has actually been played more than once, and one feels a certain respect for the nerve of the seller, as colossal in its way as the structure itself. A man of lesser affairs is the oily fellow who takes advantage of the gullible hayseed from Podunk, who has boundless belief in the possibilities of human ingenuity and the wonders of the city.

"Fine building, eh?" said the confidence man to the rustic standing on State street, gazing with upstretched neck at the Temple.

"Gosh, yes," was the reply. "Must be higher than the steeple of our church down to Podunk."

"It's pretty tall, that's a fact. Did you ever see it turn around?" "Can they do it? I never would 'a thought it. When's it going to turn again?"

"Oh, the engineer does that for visitors quite often. He's a friend of mine, and maybe I can get him to give it a whirl for you."

The opportunity of seeing such a wonderful sight, and to be able to relate it to the neighbors at home, is one not to be missed and our countryman hands over five or ten dollars for the privilege He waits epectantly in front of the building while the new-made acquaintance goes off to fix it with the engineer. By the time he is tired waiting, a big, gruff policeman taps him on the shoulder and says 'Move on now.'"

Though the severe and smoke-begrimed exterior of the Chicago public library is not particularly impressive, it is a magnificent building. The staircases and walls of marble, mosaic, gilt and onyx have a beauty which grows on one. The shelves contain all that is desirable in the way of reading, the lighting and heating are excellent, but in spite of all our own little institution in Duluth serves its purpose far better. "Our library," said a writer in a communication printed recently in a local paper, "is available only for bums and bankers." In explanation of this surprising statement the writer goes on to say: "The building is open only during the daytime, when people with occupations have no leisure to spend. Consequently, the reading rooms are filled with men, many of whom are asleep in the chairs. The bankers say they don't need it, for they have libraries of their own." I have been a good many poor fellows dozing in their seats, but who can find fault with them for enjoying the warm comfortable rooms? They are to be congratulated on having a marble palace to enjoy, free of charge. The reason the building is not kept open nights or Sundays is that "the city can't afford it!" The public is not permitted access to the shelves, the attendants are not as courteous, and in several other ways the patrons of the Duluth library have much the best of it.

Charles A. Towne has, within the past few days, become heavily interested in, and taken part in the active management of a big corporation formed to buy out the plants and patents of a company which manufactures a patented air-burner which, it is claimed, will save fifty per cent of the fuel now used. It can be applied to any stove, furnace or burner and any kind of fuel, whether gas, oil, coal or wood. Also in the new company is Ellis E. Beebe, who has been connected with the management of the Sherwood school of music. Others are W. G. Hudson, of Boston, and George H. Phillips, the "corn king," whose meteoric career astonished the business world not long ago.

I met "Jimmy" James, the well-known mining man, here recently, but he is making headquarters in Cleveland. In his bright, breezy way Mr. James informed me that he was almost run to death looking after the many enterprises he is connected with. One of them is a gold mine that paid big dividends last year.

Bert Leston Taylor is probably the most prominent former Duluthian in Chicago. His "Line-o-Type" columns in the Tribune are becoming a feature of that paper and are greatly enjoyed by its readers.

John K. Wightman, who came so near being elected auditor of St. Louis county a few years ago, is now a successful business man of the "Windy City," and so is Dr. A. W. Ringland, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church. The latter's son, A. B. Ringland, is associated with him. Thomas Pearce, formerly master mechanic at the Minnesota mine, occupies a responsible position as superintendent of the Miehle Printing Press company here. Will Jeffery, another Soudan young man, has a fine position as manager in Chicago of a lubricating oil company.

The man who made the greatest number of sales for the past year in a large machine concern here—in a line in which competition is very keen—hails from Duluth, and has detracted none from the reputation of that town as the home of hustlers. He modestly requests me to withold his name.

H. H. McNAMARA.

CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap.

The World's Sweetest Toilet Soap.

Sale Greater Than the World's Product of Other Skin Soaps.

Sold Wherever Civilization Has Penetrated.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in one soap at one price the most effective skin and complexion soap and the purest and sweetest toilet, bath and nursery soap ever compounded.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 65c, (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.

Send for "All About the Skin, Scalp and Hair."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Abbett.

The Blake Hat

(Union made) has no equal for the amount you pay for it and contains every essential feature of high grade hat making. They are characterized not only by "correct" style, but the finest quality. Try the Blake hat.

CUTLERY GRINDING

We grind everything in the way of cutlery—knives, shears, razors, surgical instruments, clippers, etc.

F. L. Stoddard,

107 Lake Ave. South.

Barbers' Supplies and Cutlery.

THE DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

We are going to have one of the Greatest Sales that has ever been seen before in the City of Duluth, being the FIRST SALE this season. We notify you Men, Women and Child. You cannot afford to stay at home during the sale. SALE COMMENCING SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 11th, 1903. 36 consignments consigned to us, and we shall dispose of the stock at once.

We add the following prices:

Coates' Thread, black and white—per spool..... **2c**

Mohair Shoe Laces—good lengths—per pair..... **1c**

Ladies' Wrappers, made of heavy fine percale, full sizes—trimmed with embroidery... **49c**

Ladies' Vests, three colors, pink, blue and white, the original price 35c—sale price..... **9c**

Laces—per yard..... 1c

Embroideries—per yard..... 4c

Children's Stockings, double knee, well worth 25c—sale price..... **7c**

Ladies' Black Hose, original 25c—sale price..... **8c**

Men's Cashmere Stockings.... 19c

Men's Heavy Wool Stockings.. 12c

Men's home-made Stockings—heavy..... **18c**

Ladies' Skirts, well worth $7—our price.... **$2.99**

Turkish Towels, bleached—per pair..... **6c**

Dish Rags—each..... 1c

Bow Neckties, large assortment—pure silk—well worth 25c—our price..... **7c**

Ties, four-in-hands and bows—for ladies and gentlemen—75c and $1 goods—our price..... **19c**

Linen Ties—each 3c

Boys' Suspenders—per pair..... 4c

Men's Heavy Suspenders, a pair 12c

Wilson Bros.' silk web Suspenders..... **24c**

Fine Combs—each 3c

Hair Brushes—each 12c

Curling Irons—each 4c

Whisk Brooms—each..... 8c

Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of Indian lawn, fancy lace trimmed..... **49c**

Table Damask, fast color—good linen—per yard..... **15c**

450 yards of cloth, original price $2.50, our price..... **64c**

480 yards black and blue Broadcloths, worth $3.25 per yard—our price..... **84c**

338 yards black and blue Cheviots, worth $4.00 per yard—our price, per yard..... **$1.11**

TAKE NOTICE.

The Above Six Items Mentioned Are for Ladies' and Gents' Suitings.

632 yards Waistings, silk and wool mixtures, 2¼ and 3-yard lengths—at this sale, a yard. **44c**

682 yards Dress Goods, up to date styles and colors, well worth $1.50, our price..... **49c**

630 yards Dress Goods—per yard..... **39c**

Gentlemen's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, pure linen—each..... **5c**

Gents' Shirts, stiff bosom, fancy patterns, original price from $1 to $1.50, our price..... **39c**

Bargain No. 2—Shirts at..... 59c

Lunch Boxes—each 14c

Gents' double-breasted black and white Shirts..... **39c**

UNDERWEAR.

486 pieces all-wool garments, worth $1.50, price.... **49c**

Bargain No. 2—Underwear.... 69c

Bargain No. 3—Underwear.... 89c

Remember these prices are less than 25c on the dollar.

48 rolls Table Oil Cloth, all patterns, while they last—per yard..... **12c**

Remember, we have no limit to any article in our store.

9 oz. Denim Overalls and Jackets, with or without aprons—regular 75c—our price..... **39c**

Gents' black and tan Fine Hose—per pair..... **4c**

You will find a large assortment in Table Linens, Toweling, Tidies, very fancy. Each article marked in plain figures, as we always do.

Zenith Black California Flannel Overshirts, worth $2.50—our price..... **99c**

Boys Caps..... 8c

Men's Caps, good sizes, colors and styles..... **14c**

Gents' Fedora Hats..... 39c

You will also find a good assortment of Derby and Fedora Hats at less than 50c on the dollar.

Hooks and Eyes—per card..... 1c

Black Sateen Shirts, worth $1.00—our price..... **33c**

50 dozen Boys' Knee Pants, consigned to us by J. P. Clouls, manufacturer, of Philadelphia, worth $1.00—our price..... **33c**

4 doz Boys' Knee Pants, a pair.. 7c

950 yards of Remnants of piece goods, ranging from 1½ up to 2½ yards—each marked 29c, 39c and..... **49c**

Children's Shoes, red, brown pink and blue, a pair..... **8c**

TAKE NOTICE.

We number every shoe as marked on the boxes.

No. 803—per pair..... 49c

No. 199—per pair..... 59c

No. 800—per pair..... 99c

No. 202—per pair..... 74c

No. 169—per pair..... 69c

No. 180—per pair..... 94c

No. 1269—per pair..... $1.24

No. 1270—per pair..... $1.49

No. 661—per pair..... $1.29

No. 1252—per pair..... $1.24

No. 662—per pair..... $1.39

No. 683—per pair..... $1.39

No. 545—per pair..... $1.19

No. 1287—per pair..... $1.49

The above stock of shoes are for Children, Misses and Boys, and marked lower than 50c on the dollar.

MEN'S PANTS.

9 doz heavy striped worsted Pants—per pair..... **69c**

5 doz Kentucky Jean Pants—per pair..... **69c**

8 doz all-wool Pants, worth $2.50—our price.... **$1.39**

Remember the sizes are complete.

6½ dozen blue and black fancy striped Pants, worth $4—our price..... **$1.74**

Original $7 Pants—our price..... **$2.99**

2 doz Broadcloth Pants as good as above..... **$2.49**

1000 pairs of Pants marked in plain figures.

8½ doz Gents' Overshirts, worth $1.50 each—our price—each..... **71c**

6½ doz Overshirts, same worth as high as $4.00, each one marked in plain figures at 33c on the dollar.

We have also received a consignment of Boys' and Youths' Clothing.

2 doz Boys' Suits, age 4 to 14—per suit..... **49c**

6½ doz Boys' Suits, age 4 to 14—per suit..... **69c**

8½ doz Boys' Suits, age 4 to 14—per suit..... **99c**

6½ doz Boys' Suits—4 to 14—per suit..... **$1.24**

You will also find a mixed lot marked in plain figures—up to..... **$4.00**

Choice of 74 Youths' Suits, each suit worth $7.00 to $10—our price..... **$2.99**

TAKE NOTICE.

We have also received a large consignment of Tinware and Household Utensils from Butler Bros., Chicago, Ill. We shall save advertising each article and give you the benefit of the same.

Gents' Bicycle Hose—per pair..... **9c**

Men's Shoes, best Lumbermen's and Labormen's Shoes—our price..... **99c**

No. 1 lot—Vici kid..... $1.49

No. 2 lot—Vici kid..... $1.99

1½ doz Men's low Shoes, made by R. P. Smith Sons & Co., stock No. 375..... **$1.99**

You will also find a large stock of Canvas Telescopes, Suit Cases and Hand Bags, marked in plain figures—less than 50c on the dollar.

Ladies' Combination Suits—each..... **74c**

Children's Silk Hoods—each..... **39c**

Children's Sailor Suits—each..... **49c**

Men's single Vests, sizes 36 to 44—a nice assortment, not one of them worth less than $2.00—our price..... **89c**

Gents' Summer Fancy Vests—each..... **99c**

TAKE NOTICE.

This consignment beats Calumet & Arizona Mining stock. Cohen, Fine & Pearce, 716 Broadway, New York city, manufacturers of Men's Fine Clothing. Each and every garment is up-to-date, and workmanship guaranteed. No suit manufactured by them less than $20. We must tell you when you see these goods you will admit that they are good. We shall give you lot numbers of each style and pattern:

No. 3053—per suit $10.00

No. 3024—per suit $11.50

No. 2963—per suit $11.50

No. 3049—per suit $11.50

No. 3074—per suit $7.50

No. 30 —per suit $9.50

No. 2959—per suit $11.50

No. 3064—per suit $7.50

No. 2981—per suit $9.00

No. 2994—per suit $8.50

No. 27441—per suit $5.00

You will also find 183 Suits, 2 and 3 of a kind and style, marked from $3.50 and upwards. The reason we mention each number above, is to show how truthfully we advertise our stock.

Bicycle Pants, worth $2.50 per pair—our price..... **39c**

Men's single Coats—each..... **$1.75**

Linen Suits—worth $8.00—at..... **$1.99**

We have also received 500 dozen Turkish Bath Towels, from one of the largest mills of Philadelphia—Star Crescent Mill Co. We have marked them all cheaper than ever known in this city before.

We have also received a large consignment of Glassware from the Pittsburg Glass Co. Will give you an example of how cheap we will sell Glassware.

Tumblers—per doz..... 12c

Day Books—each 4c

Memorandum Books—each 4c

Knives, forks and spoons, silver plated, No. 1841, each... **14c**

Teaspoons—each 4c

Great many other bargains too numerous to mention.

Some people thought the Duluth Consignment Co. were out of existence. It took us all that time to get the consignments to open this season's sale. We have proved to the public of Duluth and vicinity that every article advertised by us is as represented.

Special—To the public of the Iron and Mesaba Ranges.—If you can't attend personally this sale, your mail orders will be promptly attended to.

Special—To the public of West Superior, Wis.—Merchants of your city have tried to levy a $20.00 daily license for selling goods too cheap while in your city. We invite you all to this sale.

Respectfully Yours,

The DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO

19 East Superior Street, Duluth.

SHE LURED TO RUIN

By Her Beauty and Is Now In a German Prison.

Once Exiled to Siberia, Charmed Her Jailers and Escaped.

Vienna, April 10.—Col. Schafrow, police commissioner of Kronstadt, Russia, was recently found guilty of corruption and counterfeiting, deprived of all rights of birth and rank, all orders and decorations, of his position in the army, ordered to return $1200 to those who had bribed him, and sent to a military prison.

In the women's prison in Stein, on the Danube, Ryfka Oppenheim, the person who caused his downfall, is eating her heart out because she has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment for fraud committed in Vienna and Carlsbad. She is only 27, yet her adventures would fill three volumes. It is because she knows the power of her fascinations that she is impatient to leave the prison while the charm of her youth lasts.

Ryfka Oppenheim was born in a log cabin in Plotrkow province, Russia, the daughter of a forest guard. She might have stayed at home if she cared to make herself useful, but she wanted to see the world. She began by going to Lodbz, where she got a place as maid servant in the house of a merchant named Stamovich. Her master's only son, Rubin, fell in love with her and eloped with her, after robbing his father of a large sum of money.

While this money lasted Ryfka learned to play the fine lady. She took lessons in reading and writing, in French and German, cultivated her natural taste for music, and dressed in fashion.

She wanted Rubin Stamovich to marry her and return with her to her father's house, but he refused and tried to desert her. She pretended reconciliation, and when he was asleep she poured sulphuric acid in his eyes. Rubin managed to send a message to his father, who avenged the blinded son by getting Ryfka arrested and exiled to Siberia.

She was sent a prisoner to Kranstadt, to wait until a party of prisoners was made up to be transported to Siberia. Though she was in Fort Alexander, shut off from all the world except the jailers, she fascinated a young officer of good family, who bribed the Kronstadt police commissioner and secured her escape.

It was Col. Schafrow who got an order from the commander of Kronstadt for her removal from Fort Alexander to Fort Katherine, where there was better accommodation for the lady of quality they believed her to be. Col. Schafrow consented to have the young woman escorted by a sergeant to the Russian officers' yacht, on which he pretended to believe she was being taken to Fort Katherine. But the yacht steamed at full speed of twenty knots for the open sea.

The alarm was given, guns fired and a cruiser sent after them, which soon came up with them and demanded their surrender. The yacht stopped, made some pretense for the big ship to approach it, then suddenly went at full speed ahead.

Ryfka Oppenheims new lover had given orders in the hearing of the cruiser's commander, who instantly had the guns cleared for action. The brave young officer was swept from the yacht by the first shot.

The engineer and crew, knowing their lives would be forfeited if the yacht was taken, did their utmost, and, aided by darkness, succeeded in reaching the southern shore of Finland.

Ryfka Oppenheim left the yacht alone and escaped again by dressing as a peasant. She had helped herself to some of her Russian lover's gold, which she concealed about her person, and as soon as she was across the Russian frontier she dressed fashionably again.

She stopped in Cracow, Austrian Poland, some time to marry a beggar she met in the street. She thus became an Austrian subject and the terrible danger of being delivered up to Russia averted.

Then she went to Vienna, where she resumed her role of fine lady, took a house in a fashionable quarter and sent out invitations to persons of wealth and quality.

In the summer she went to Carlsbad, where she found many admirers and always had groups of men of fashion around her.

Her luxurious style of living ran her so into debt that her creditors accused her of fraud, and she was sent to prison for three years, although admirers offered to pay all she owed.

A SCALP QUILT

Regarded as Panacea For All Indian Ills.

Stroud, O. T., April 10.—The eighty-two Iowa Indians that live between here and Guthrie have a gruesome heirloom in the shape of a five-foot square quilt that is made of human scalps. There are red, white, black and kinky scalps in the hair-raising quilt.

The Iowas claim that the variety of the sacred scalps were taken by their ancestors about 150 years ago, and that the scalps were jerked from the heads of peaceful and very good persons. The barbarous scalping was done by special command of the great spirit. He told them to collect about seventy scalps from the heads of representatives of the white, negro and red races, and from the very best men or women they could lay their scalping knives on.

The scalps were ordered to be sewn together and kept concealed from the common herd outside the Iowa tribe. The blood-curdling quilt was to be an infallible talisman, a panacea for all ills—a regular heathen cureall. The scalp quilt has been guarded and kept with jealous, reverential and superstitious care for the last 150 years.

In cases of severe sickness, the chief medicine man wraps the quilt around the body of the sufferer and accompanied by the united prayers of the whole tribe often succeeded in curing the afflicted. Only a few white persons or members of other Indian tribes ever saw the scalp quilt. It is brought forth only once every year, and for only one hour is it kept outside of its secret chest.

The scalp quilt is exhibited in the sanctorium of the medicine man's wigwam at noon of the first day of the annual wild onion feast, which generally takes place during the first week in April.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

MUSEUM OF CONFEDERATES

It Contains Valuable Relics From Various Southern States.

Richmond, Va., April 10.—The old White House of the South, now serving as the Confederate museum, is being rapidly filled up with valuable relics from various Southern states, which have sent their collections here.

The historic Richmond building hides in its archives an endless number of charming bits of unwritten history, but some of these stories have been recently divulged.

A Northerner, entering the Mississippi room, and pausing before a case containing the suit worn by Jefferson Davis when captured, said to the guide:

"I have seen these clothes before. I was one of the warders in charge of Mr. Davis' cell at Fort Monroe, and, seeing this coat on a chair near his couch and desiring a souvenir of him, I cut off the right-hand rear button, which I still retain." As he spoke the two men passed around the case to find the button in question conspicuous by is absence.

"The sentinel who relieved me," the visitor continued, "coveted his pipe. Mr. Davis, however, was an inveterate smoker, and knowing the distress its loss would entail, I interceded in his behalf and it was spared. It was a meerschaum, stained down the bowl a half inch as evenly as though by measure."

There was no pipe of the ex-president on exhibition in the building. Some one in chareg remembered, however, that there were some Davis relics packed in a drawer. The key was produced. A search discovered a worn case, in which was a pipe, stained just as the stranger had described.

Mrs. Davis' bedroom, in which Winnie Davis was born, and now the South Carolina room, adjoins, a few of its distinctive miscellanies being a painting of the last flag which floated over Fort Sumter, donated by the Washington Light infantry, of Charleston; socks knit by the mother of John C. Calhoun, "the father of secession;" Gen. (now Bishop) Capers's war saddle, Wade Hampton's pistol, used also by Jefferson Davis during the Mexican war; a full-length painting of Gen. Stephen Elliott, the hero of Fort Sumter, with paintings of Pickens, the secession governor; Gen. Hampton, and others, the whole forming one of the largest collections in the building.

Silver spurs worn by Gen. Albert Sidney Johnson at the time of his death, and made from Mexican coins, are pointed out in the Arkansas room, as are a life-size portrait of Gen. Cleburne, and a flag carried through the war by the Ninth regiment of Arkansas infantry, and presented to the museum by Rev. Father Lucey of Pine Bluff.

The Texas room boasts the only stained glass window in the building. Other features peculiar to it are an inlaid memorial tablet of Albert Sidney Johnson from the citizens of Corsicana, with a carved memorial chair to Gen. Magruder from the Jefferson Davis Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy in Galveston, and a memorial chair to T. A. Daffin from the employes of the Houston & Texas Central railroad of Ennis.

A life-size picture of Gen. Boone, from the ladies of Huntsville; the Texas coat-of-arms, from the pupils of the Sam Houston normal institute, and a handsome oil painting of Winnie Davis, the gift of Mrs. Molly MacGill Rosenburg, of Galveston, are all features of this apartment.

A relic in the Missouri room, pointed out as the most beautiful in the building, is a sword, costing $1000 in gold (its design representing the products of Missouri and Louisiana), presented to Gen. Sterling Price by the women of New Orleans.

A portion of a flag carried by his division and donated by Mrs. Letitia Tyler Semple, the daughter of President Tyler, is another memento of the distinguished officer; other souvenirs being a Confederate taper wound about a bottle; clippings from St. Louis papers, published during the war; the uniform coat of Lieut. Thomas L. Harrison of the Confederate states navy, "the hero of Mobile Bay;" a picture in memory of the killed and wounded of Gulbor's battery, presented by the survivors; with the printed record of the Missouri Daughters of the Confederacy.

GOT THE GIRL AT LAST.

Persistent Suitor Finally Wins His Lady Love.

Henderson, Ky., April 10.—The marriage of Miss Effie Labry, formerly of this city, to Otis Baldwin, of Kokomo, Ind., at San Francisco, Cal., has brought to light an interesting romance in this young lady's life.

Ten years ago Mr. Baldwin and Miss Labry were sweethearts and they were to have been married the year she was graduated, but owing to a lovers' quarrel the engagement was broken. Last year he came to see Miss Labry, but at that time she was engaged to another and his suit was discouraged. Last fall Miss Labry went to California and it was reported that she would soon marry the Western man to whom she was engaged. This man went to San Francisco in February, taking with him his best man, who immediately fell in love with Miss Labry's sister, Miss Annie Labry. His affections were not returned, however, and the groom to be was very much annoyed at Miss Annie's indifference. Because Miss Labry would not attempt to influence her sister in the matter, the fiance, who was very anxious that it should be a match, became indignant and shortly afterwards was sent flying about his business, a broken-hearted and discarded suitor.

Mr. Baldwin had continued to press his suit all the winter and as soon as she was free Miss Labry immediately accepted her first love.

Ugliness A Sin

Mme. Yale's wise sayings are worthy of deep reflection. For instance, her comparisons of Beauty and Ugliness seem to call forth an echo in the human heart responsive to an inborn quality unthought of before.

Mme. Yale's Famous Remedies

are the standard toilet preparations, and the most scientific health remedies of the world.

YALE BEAUTY PRICES.

Mme. Yale's Skin Food removes wrinkles, $1.50 and $3.00, two sizes. Our cut prices..... **$1.39 and $2.69**

Mme. Yale's Complexion Cream makes rough skin smooth, 50 cents and $1.00 per jar. Our cut prices..... **45c and 89c**

Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic restores health and natural color to hair, stops hair falling, cures dandruff and all scalp diseases. Creates a luxuriant growth. Scientifically antiseptic and hygienic. Neither sticky nor greasy. Now in three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Our cut prices... **22c, 45c, 89c**

Mme. Yale's Complexion Bleach clears the complexion of all blemishes, $2.00 per bottle. Our cut price..... **$1.69**

Mme. Yale's Hand Whitener makes ugly hands soft, white and pretty, $1.00 per bottle. Our cut price..... **89c**

Mme. Yale's Special Lotion No. 1 cures pimples and black heads, $1.00 per bottle. Our cut price..... **89c**

Mme. Yale's Special Ointment No. 2 cures skin diseases, $1.00 per jar. Our cut price..... **89c**

Mme. Yale's Bust Food develops the bust, makes neck plump, $1.50 and $3.00, two sizes. Our cut prices..... **$1.39 and $2.69**

Mme. Yale's Corn Cure cures permanently soft corns, hard corns and calluses, takes soreness out of corns in half hour, 25 cents, guaranteed to cure. Our cut price..... **22c**

Mme. Yale's Fruitcura—a tonic for curing woman's complaints, restoring tone and vitality to the system, $1.00 per bottle. Our cut price..... **89c**

Mme. Yale's Complexion Soap is the best in the world because it is the purest and possesses the finest ingredients of any soap manufactured. Hygenic, antiseptic, cleansing, healing and exceedingly beautifying to the skin. The best soap in the world for babies, 25 cents. Our price **20c**

CONSULTATION FREE.

Ladies desiring personal advice may consult Mme. Yale by mail free of charge.

BEAUTY BOOK FREE.

Mme. Yale will also mail her wonderful book free of charge to all who write for it. It is worth its weight in gold; of great value to all women.

Address, Mme. M. Yale,
189 Michigan Boulevard, Chicago.

All of Mme. Yale's other preparations at equally low prices.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

GERMS ARE LONG LIVED.

Sciopo, Ind., April 10.—Thirty-nine years ago the father of Miss Minnie Peterson died of smallpox. Miss Peterson died of smallpox yesterday, having taken the disease two weeks ago after she had opened an old trunk containing her father's clothes for the first time since his death. This is the longest time on record that germs of smallpox have continued deadly. Medical experts have taken great interest in the case and the state health board is preparing a scientific statement.

When the Blood is Impure

Everything goes wrong. The digestion is bad. The head aches. The brain is dull. The nerves weaken. And the skin is nearly ruined.

Your doctor knows what medicines will cure these troubles: the medicines that are in Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Consult him freely.

"Five years ago I had bunches come out on my head and had a breaking out on my body. I tried different remedies without relief. I then tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken half a bottle the bunches and the rash were gone, and I felt like a new man."—M. A. WALL, Bentley Creek, Pa.

$1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

$32.90 to California

That is the Rock Island's rate from St. Paul. In effect daily, February 15 to April 30. Tickets are good in tourist sleeping cars, which the Rock Island runs four times a week from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Los Angeles and San Francisco. These cars make quicker time to Southern California than similar cars over any other line. Cars are operated over both the "Scenic" and "Southern" lines. Folder giving full information mailed on request.

Rock Island System

If you are going to California, GO NOW. After May 1 it will cost you nearly $20.00 more than at present.

Low rates to Montana, Idaho, Utah and Puget Sound are also offered by the Rock Island.

Write or call. We'll gladly give you full information.

R. G. BROWN, G. N.-W. A.,
322 Nicollet Avenue,
Minneapolis, Minn.

STUDIES IN ACTS

THE RESURRECTION

International Sunday School Lesson For April 12, 1903.

I Corinthians 15:20, 21, 50:58. "But now hath Christ been raised from the dead, the first fruits of them that are asleep. For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead.

"Now this I say, brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; neither doth corruption inherit incorruption. Behold, I tell you a mystery: We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump; for the trump shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality. But when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall come to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory. O death, where is thy victory? O death, where is thy sting? The sting of death is sin; and the power of sin is the law; but thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. Wherefore, my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labor is not in vain in the Lord."

Golden Text: "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept." I Corinthians 15:20.

BEGINNINGS OF THE IDEA.

The roots of the Christian doctrine of the resurrection lay in the national faith of the Hebrews; not the product were a part of the religious and ethical faith of the Hebreys; not the product of philosophical speculation, as was the doctrine of immortality among the Greeks. The devout Hebrew believed in a life eternal, but it owed its eternity to righteousness of character rather than to inherit qualities of soul fabric. The nation was thought to share this eternity as the saved people of God by virtue of their superior faith and morals. Isaiah's words, "He hath swallowed up death forever," expressed faith in God's power and in his favor to the people of His choice.

The stories of Elijah's raising the son of the widow of Zarephath (I Kings 17), and of Elisha's restoring the son of the Shunemite (II Kings 4) attest the presence of the idea of a resurrection from the dead, regardless of whether or not those stories are accounted historical. The resurrection conception was first applied to national life, then to the individual. Hosea put into the mouth of the nation the words, "Come, and let us return unto the Lord, for He hath torn, and He will heal us; He hath smitten, and He will bind us up. After two days will He revive us; on the third day He will raise us up, and we shall live before Him." The thirty-seventh chapter of Ezekiel symbolizes the resurrection of the nation, dead through its trangressions. But the fifty-third chapter of Isaiah suggests the transition from the resurrection of the national life to that of the individual life, in the words that apply to the servant of Jehovah, "When thou shalt make his soul an offering for sin, he shall see his seed, he shall prolong his days, and the pleasure of the Lord shall prosper in his hand." In some passages the ideas of individual and national resurrection stand side by side, as in Isaiah 29, 19: "Thy dead shall live; my dea l bodies shall arise. Awake and sing, ye that dwell in the dust; for thy dew is as the dew of herbs, and the earth shall cast forth the dead."

In Daniel 12:2 there occurs the idea of personal resurrection to reward or retribution. "And many of them that sleep in the dust of the earth shall awake, some to everlasting life, and some to shame and everlasting contempt." This passage depends on the idea that Jehovah demands righteousness as a requisite to fellowship with him and to acceptance before his judgment seat, and suggests the fertile idea that for those who are acceptable with God the future life contains none of the terrors of separation from him. It is a far cry to this idea from the thought of, the Psalmist, who wrote "For in death there is no resemblance of thee: in sheol who shall give thee thanks?" The writer of Psalm 16 had the same idea, but it was brightened by a serene expectation that his soul would be delivered from sheol into the very presence of God. "For thou wilt not leave my soul in sheol: neither wilt thou suffer thine holy one to see corruption. Thou wilt show me the path of life: in thy presence is fulness of joy: in thy right hand there pleasures for evermore." And another psalmist said, "As for me, I shall behold thy face in righteousness: I shall be satisfied when I awake, with thy likeness." The climax of these utterances of psalmody is in Psalm 68:20, "God is unto us a God of deliverances; and unto Jehovah the Lord belong the issues from death.' (Compare Psalm 49:15.) This development in the thought upon immortality and resurrection grew out of the enlarging thought of God, whom the Hebrews had ceased to regard as limited in the operation of his powers to Israel and this life. He was newly conceived to be the God of all the world and of the future state of man. Through faith in him the conception was attained that at death the person is not annihilated and that in some way God's beneficence provides a deliverance from death. This conclusion was not arrived at by a speculative process. It would, perhaps, be more correct to say that to the Old Testament prophets the idea does not seem to have occurred that a person could ever be extinguished, although the process of his perpetuity was not stated, except that it depended on righteousness and the favor of Jehovah.

RESURRECTION IN THE NEW TESTAMENT.

In reading the gospels one's mind is impressed with the fact that the doctrine of the resurrection lies as a background to the teachings of Jesus. He controverted the Sadducaic attitude toward the future life by the positive assumption of the resurrection and an assertion that certain conditions would obtain in that state. His miracles of restoring the dead to life may be regarded as a prophecy of the future resurrection. God is not the God of the dead but of the living. He is spoken of as the God of the patriarchs, who are therefore alive in the other world, awaiting the resurrection as a further step to their perfection of person. In John's gospel the doctrine of the resurrection formed a part of the body of Christ's teaching; it is not there merely incidental, as in the synoptic gospels. His utterance to Martha gives the gist of his relation to the doctrine. She had said that she knew that her brother would rise again in the resurrection at the last day. Jesus replied, "I am the resurrection and the life." In truth, his power over the secret of life and his own resurrection determined the whole future doctrine for the Christian world. Martha's words indicate, incidentally, how firmly the idea was seated in the minds of the Jews in Christ's day.

Paul's doctrine in the fifteenth chapter of First Corinthians is based on his fundamental Christian experience, which was the sudden conviction that Christ had indeed risen from the dead. This convivtion came to him, like a flash, on the highway that let into Damascus. He had been vehemently denying the validity of the claims of Jesus and persecuting those who believed on Him; was even then proceeding on an errand to uproot the young but vigorous church in the ancient Syrian capital. But his course was arrested; his zeal was changed from the law and its Pharisaism to the spirit and principles of Jesus, by whose risen power his whole life was transformed. He claimed an original revelation from the risen Christ, by which he directed his own course independently of the other apostles, though not in antagonism to those who consistently followed the leadership of Christ.

In saying that Christ has become the first fruits of those that are dead, Paul does not overlook the miracles by which the dead were raised up by Jesus. The subjects of those miracles later on suffered another death, so that they must now await another resurrection. They arose from the dead to the same quality of life as they had formerly lived; while Christ rose from the dead as the first one to come from it never to return thither again. He also broke the power of death over him by rising in the possession of those qualities of body and soul that are eternal.

Christ is the counterpart of Adam. The first man became the father of the race. He sinned against God, breaking the divine commandment that had been given him, and brought our misery and all our woe. Spiritual death is the product of sin. Christ has brought spiritual life. He himself declared that he had come that men might have life more abundant. He has shown man the power of righteousness, and thus has fulfilled the Old Testament idea of the requisite of eternal character. He is the one perfect man. It should never be overlooked that he is as truly man as ever Adam was. On this fact hinges the logical possibility of his value as the Savior of man. He is the beginning of a new order of men who shall fulfill the divine purpose as a new creation in him.

To Christ the Father committed all power, in order that he might bring all things in subjection to the divine will. The conquering of death was the climax of His work. It, therefore, marked the culmination of his ministry. He abode among His disciples after that event only long enough to prove to them his identity that he who had been dead was alive again. Then He ascended to His Father. His new life is an earnest, a promise of that which all believers shall enjoy through His grace.

Paul's dissertation on the nature of the resurrection body is simple and beautiful. No word of explanation needs to be written upon it. That body will be like Christ's glorified body. It will be spirit clothed in spiritual form. We associate all form with matter: but that is due to the limitations of our thought. Spirit has form and character as truly as matter, else the spiritual world would be anomalous and without order.

THE SONG OF VICTORY.

Purged of all that is corruptible in both body and mind, the person of the redeemed shall be changed, in the twinkling of an eye, to the glorified being that shall see God face to face in perfect love and knowledge and fellowship. The process will be the transfiguration of all our nature. It is toward this grand climacteric that all the process of re demption runs. Jesus said, When men say, Lo, here is the kingdom of God, or, lo, theer! go not after them, for I say unto you, the kingdom of God is within you. Paul knows no higher thought than that. He but echoes it in saying that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God. The God who is spirit will see the finest furition of His truth in the spiritualized persons who will join the Savior at the resurrection, coming from the quarters of the earth, raised from graves in the earth and in the sea.

The victory over death is morally glorious because it marks the erasure of the effect of sin. "The sting of death is sin," because sin brought spiritual death. The physical death on which we look is sad only because of the fear that haunts us that it may mean eternal separation of our friends from us, and perhaps from God. But if fellowship with God is assured, then death is a glorious awakening to walk in the morning land of pure radiance, where the sun shall never set, neither darkness nor sighing enter.

This victory of faith and hope is God's gift through our Lord Jesus Christ. It should comfort the weary hearts of all who believe, beckoning them to the plains of eternal peace. The present is a field of labor and of striving that ought never to be losing so long as we have the right man on our side, the man ot God's own choosing. "Wherefore, my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord."

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK,
Chaplain, U. S. Navy.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

The Innocent Suffer With The Guilty

The world to-day is full of innocent sufferers from that most loathsome disease, Contagious Blood Poison. People know in a general way that it is a bad disease, but if all its horrors could be brought before them they would shun it as they do the Leprosy. Not only the person who contracts it suffers, but the awful taint is transmitted to children, and the fearful sores and eruptions, weak eyes, Catarrh, and other evidences of poisoned blood show these little innocents are suffering the awful consequences of some body's sin. So highly contagious is this form of blood poison that one may be contaminated by handling the clothing or other articles in use by a person afflicted with this miserable disease. There is danger even in drinking from the same vessel or eating out of the same tableware, as many pure and innocent men and women have found to their sorrow. The virus of Contagious Blood Poison is so powerful and penetrating that within a short time after the first little sore appears the whole system is infected and every drop of blood in the body is tainted with the poison, and the skin is soon covered with a red rash, ulcers break out in the mouth and throat, swellings appear in the groins, the hair and eyebrows fall out, and unless the ravages of the disease are checked at this stage, more violent and dangerous symptoms appear in the form of deep and offensive sores, copper colored splotches, terrible pains in bones and muscles, and general breaking down of the system.

BLOOD POISON IS NO RESPECTER OF PERSONS

S. S. S. is a specific for Contagious Blood Poison and the only remedy that antidotes this peculiar virus and makes a radical and complete cure of the disease. Mercury and Potash hold it in check so long as the system is under their influence, but when the medicine is left off the poison breaks out again as bad or worse than ever. Besides, the use of these minerals bring on Rheumatism and stomach troubles of the worst kind, and frequently produce bleeding and sponginess of the gums and decay of the teeth. S. S. S. cures Blood Poison in all stages and even reaches down to hereditary taints and removes all traces of the poison and saves the victim from the pitiable consequences of this monster scourge. As long as a drop of the virus is left in the blood it is liable to break out, and there is danger of transmitting the disease to others. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and can be taken without any injurious effects to health, and an experience of nearly fifty years proves beyond doubt that it cures Contagious Blood Poison completely and permanently. Write for our "Home Treatment Book," which describes fully the different stages and symptoms of the disease.

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Style 213, a guaranteed patent colt blucher; also comes in velour and vici.

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This is the season of the year when everyone is "dressing up" for summer. Your outfit will be more complete if you wear a pair of Brockton Shoes.

When you fit yourself to shoes, you should remember that the Brockton Shoes are more stylish, fit better and wear longer than any other shoes on the market.

This is the place where every pair of shoes is guaranteed to satisfy. If yours don't, it's your fault; we do everything in our power to please. **These shoes bear the union label.**

$2.50 THE PRICES **$3.50**

BROCKTON SHOE CO.,
311 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

This is style 109 and is made from guaranteed patent colt. The same style can be had in velour calf.

MURDER IS SAID

By Cantrell to Have Been Side Industry to Body Theft.

Promises to Make Startling Disclosures at Alexander's Trial.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 10.—Murder was but a means to an end with the despoilers of Indiana graveyards, according to a supplemental confession made by Rufus Cantrell, "king of the ghouls," to the prosecuting attorney here.

Already twenty-two persons are under indictment for grave robbing or concealing stolen corpses, and Cantrell promises that at least half as many more will be before he finishes.

"I will tell who killed a 'subject' in West Indianapolis," Cantrell says. "I will explain the Chinese murder. I will account for the disappearance of two prominent women of Indianapolis for traces of whom large rewards are even now outstanding.

"I will tell how men have been alive on the streets of Indianapolis at 8 o'clock in the evening and lying cold and naked on the marble slab of a dissecting table in an Indianapolis medical college at midnight, four hours later.

"I will give facts, dates and bring corroborative evidence to prove these assertions.

"I will tell how furnaces in medical colleges here have cremated the evidence of many strange and mysterious murders. I will go back eight years and clear up half the murder mysteries that now stand unsolved on the police books of this and other cities."

Half the detective force here is engaged in investigating cases of which Cantrell has told them, and, in no instance, have they found anything to disprove the negro's statement. They have found strong corroborative proof in all cases, and now place implicit faith in this negro, who is proud of the distinction he has gained as the greatest ghoul of the age.

The second trial of Dr. Joseph C. Alexander, under indictment on two counts for taking, concealing and buying a corpse, is expected to be called within a short time, and Cantrell has promised the district attorney that he will make some startling disclosures at this trial.

From grave robbery, pure and simple, Cantrell's supplementary confessions have led, step by step, to the unfolding of murder plots and murders committed.

For a fortnight the detectives have been investigating details of the confession, and they declare that the indictments now filed against many of those charged with grave robbery will be changed to murder.

For eight years the ghouls have operated in Indiana cemeteries. During that time they have desecrated nearly 4000 graves in four cemeteries. During the year preceding their arrest they operated with a boldness unprecedented. The result was the despoiling of more than 1000 graves within a year.

Cantrell admits that he and his band have known of murders, that some are guilty of murder and have permitted murder to be committed to the end that the bodies of the murdered men might come more easily into their hands, and they would thus be able to dispose of it without the trouble of uncovering a grave.

"Physicians grew impatient," Cantrell declares. "They could not wait until a desirable subject died a natural death. The medical colleges needed more than the charitable institutions could supply. Read the catalogues of the colleges and you will see what I mean. These catalogues promise one body every term to every four students. In Indianapolis alone that means 800 bodies annually. Indianapolis charitable institutions supply about 100. We got the rest, and we got thoese from thec haritable institutions as well. We could get them for from $15 to $20 and sell them for $30. The superintendents of the institutions sold the bodies at auction and made us bid for them. I bought from every one of them."

Cantrell has proved himself one of the shrewdest men ever arrested. He is truthful when he makes up his mind to talk, but the administration of the "third degree" with him is ineffective. He has a most wonderful memory for details. He remembers perfectly house numbers, cemeteries, dates, even to the day and hour; faces, names, incidents—all these roll from him without the slightest effort.

Those specially interested have made journeys to Indianapolis to see Cantrell. They came doubting and went away convinced of the truth of the negro's statement.

"Well, Cantrell," they have said, "I am satisfied at least you never stole bodies from graves in my city."

"Let's see," Cantrell would answer, "they call your graveyard such and such a name; it is located thus and so. Yes, I have taken bodies from there. Henry Brown or John Smith was buried there such and such a day in such a year. We got him. Go and dig open his grave. It is empty."

Investigation has proven the truth of the negro's statements.

Cantrell's peculiar mental attitude is probably more thoroughly disclosed by this incident than by any other. He does not look upon the robbery of graves as a serious crime. He admits it is a breach of the law, but he considers the law to be poorly framed. He has been led to believe by the physicians who employed him that he has been materially assisting in the progress of scientific investigation.

Every possible influence has been brought to bear on Cantrell to prevent his making further disclosures. He has been told that if he would agree to leave the country, bail would be furnished for him; that large sums of money would be given to him, as well as transportation wherever he cared to go. He has refused all these offers. He has not been permitted immunity for his crimes, and says that all he cares for is to see everyone implicated with him receive the same punishment that he gets.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

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See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price Cents | Purely Vegetable | Brent Good

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

OLDEST ENGINEER

Is John Hale at Work on the Wabash.

Peru, Ind., April 10.—With the resignation of Henry E. Stone, an engineer on the Lake Shore railway, after a continuous service of fifty-two years, the claim of being the oldest engineer in the United States belongs to John Hale, of Attica, Ind., an employe of the Wabash company, who is now handling the mixed passenger run on the branch line of that road, between Attica and Covington. Hale, in point of active service, is not far behind his predecessor, the difference being less than a year, and in every sense his record is as good as that of Engineer Stone. Furthermore, Engineer Stone's service of fifty-two years was with a number of roads, while the records of the Wabash show that Engineer Hale has been a continuous employe with that company for over fifty-one years.

When Engineer Hale first entered his services with the Wabash it was a short line, extending from Toledo, Ohio, to Fort Wayne, a distance of 100 miles. Engineer Hale was a rugged, hard-working lad and it was not long before his aptness won for him the best passenger runs on the road. He is credited with being the first practical instructor of the coal burning series of engines when they were brought West. He was also the first air-brake instructor the Wabash ever had. He has never met with any serious mishaps while in the company's service.

At present Engineer Hale makes four trips a day between Attica and Covington and is the only engineer on that branch. He has had charge of these runs for twenty-one years and as his health is excellent at present he will probably continue in the service several years more.

VAST SUMS OF MONEY

Used to Build Churches In This Country.

New York, April 10.—Fifteen new churches are built in the United States every day, on the present average, and in a year the value of new edifices aggregates $37,350,000. There are under construction in New York city and the neighboring Jersey towns, to be opened and dedicated at once, or else the money is in hand and they are to be built this spring and summer, new churches and parish houses that are to cost $3,920,000.

Beyond these, plans are made and part of the money ready for the building of new churches and parish houses next year to the value, thus far announced, of $3,-295,000.

In the following tables are named amounts expended or to be expended by the various religious bodies. The first column indicates buildings just ready to be opened or to be erected this summer; the second projects for the immediate future so far as announced.

	1903.	1904-5.
Baptist	$ 65,000	$ 775,000
Catholic	1,250,000	835,000
Christian Science	750,000	.....
Congregational	410,000	375,000
Episcopal	685,000	725,000
Jewish	200,000	.....
Lutheran	210,000	350,000
Presbyterian	21.000	235,000
Miscellaneous	125 000	.....
Totals	$3,920,000	$3,295,000
Grand total		$7,215,000

Explanation of the fact that Methodists are not mentioned, being included in miscellaneous merely, is that they are rising in Manhattan and the Bronx $1,-200,000, and in Brooklyn $350,000, or a total of $1,550,000, to pay debts on existing churches, to strengthen their charitable work and to endow their fund for aged ministers.

Baptists are not building much now, but plan a theological seminary in the Bronx, for which land has been purchased, the expenditure of $100,000 in building operations generally, and a denominal headquarters to rival those in Boston and Philadelphia, and to cost $500,000.

Western North Carolina In the Spring.

Western North Carolina is attractive at any season of the year, but certainly during the spring months, when the trees are budding and the flowers blossoming; what could be more inviting than a trip to this beautiful mountain country.

The months of April and May in the Land of the Sky and Sapphire country, including Asheville and Hot Springs, N. C., are very enjoyable. The climate at this season is delightful, the scenery most beautiful, and the opportunities for the enjoyment of sport, including golf, cannot be surpassed.

The hotels in this region afford the very best accommodations. If you wish to know something of this delightful region, communicate with your nearest ticket agent, or address G. B. Allen, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

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T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

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And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K)..... $7.00
Porcelain Crowns..... $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from..... $1.50
Silver Fillings, up from..... 75c
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JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.

Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P.O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure **Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles.** It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' **INDIAN PILE OINTMENT** is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; 61 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 338 West Superior st. Duluth.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

$32.90 to California

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International Sunday School Lesson For April 12, 1903.

I Corinthians 15:20, 21, 50:58. "But now hath Christ been raised from the dead, the first fruits of them that are asleep. For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead.

"Now this I say, brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; neither doth corruption inherit incorruption. Behold, I tell you a mystery: We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trump shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality. But when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall come to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory. O death, where is thy victory? O death, where is thy sting? The sting of death is sin; and the power of sin is the law; but thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesu Christ. Wherefore, my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labor is not in vain in the Lord."

Golden Text: "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept." I Corinthians 15:20.

BEGINNINGS OF THE IDEA.

The roots of the Christian doctrine of the resurrection lay in the national faith of the Hebrews: not the product were a part of the religious and ethical faith of the Hebreys: not the product of philosophical speculation, as was the doctrine of immortality among the Greeks. The devout Hebrew believed in a life eternal, but it owed its eternity to righteousness of character rather than to inherit qualities of soul fabric. The nation was thought to share this eternity as the saved people of God by virtue of their superior faith and morals. Isaiah's words, "He hath swallowed up death forever," expressed faith in God's power and in his favor to the people of His choice.

The stories of Elijah's raising the son of the widow of Zarephath (I Kings 17), and of Elisha's restoring the son of the Shunemite (II Kings 4) attest the presence of the idea of a resurrection from the dead, regardless of whether or not those stories are accounted historical. The resurrection conception was first applied to national life, then to the individual. Hosea put into the mouth of the nation the words, "Come, and let us return unto the Lord, for He hath torn, and He will heal us; He hath smitten, and He will bind us up. After two days will He revive us; on the third day He will raise us up, and we shall live before Him." The thirty-seventh chapter of Ezekiel symbolizes the resurrection of the nation, dead through its trangressions. But the fifty-third chapter of Isaiah suggests the transition from the resurrection of the national life to that of the individual life, in the words that apply to the servant of Jehovah, "When thou shalt make his soul an offering for sin, he shall see his seed, he shall prolong his days, and the pleasure of the Lord shall prosper in his hand." In some passages the ideas of individual and national resurrection stand side by side, as in Isaiah 29, 19: "Thy dead shall live; my dead bodies shall arise. Awake and sing, ye that dwell in the dust; for thy dew is as the dew of herbs, and the earth shall cast forth the dead."

In Daniel 12:2 there occurs the idea of personal resurrection to reward or retribution. "And many of them that sleep in the dust of the earth shall awake, some to everlasting life, and some to shame and everlasting contempt." This passage depends on the idea that Jehovah demands righteousness as a requisite to fellowship with him and to acceptance before his judgment seat, and suggests the fertile idea that for those who are acceptable with God the future life contains none of the terrors of separation from him. It is a far cry to this idea from the thought of the Psalmist, who wrote "For in death there is no resemblance of thee: in sheol who shall give thee thanks?" The writer of Psalm 16 had the same idea, but it was brightened by a serene expectation that his soul would be delivered from sheol into the very presence of God. "For thou wilt not leave my soul in sheol; neither wilt thou suffer thine holy one to see corruption. Thou wilt show me the path of life: in thy presence is fulness of joy; in thy right hand there pleasures for evermore." And another psalmist said, "As for me, I shall behold thy face in righteousness: I shall be satisfied, when I awake, with thy likeness." The climax of these utterances of psalmody is in Psalm 68:20, "God is unto us a God of deliverances; and unto Jehovah the Lord belong the issues from death." (Compare Psalm 49:15.) This development in the thought upon immortality and resurrection grew out of the enlarging thought of God, whom the Hebrews had ceased to regard as limited in the operation of his powers to Israel and this life. He was newly conceived to be the God of all the world and of the future state of man. Through faith in him the conception was attained that at death the person is not annihilated and that in some way God's beneficence provides a deliverance from death. This conclusion was not arrived at by a speculative process. It would, perhaps, be more correct to say that to the Old Testament prophets the idea does not seem to have occurred that a person could ever be extinguished, although the process of his perpetuity was not stated, except that it depended on righteousness and the favor of Jehovah.

RESURRECTION IN THE NEW TESTAMENT.

In reading the gospels one's mind is impressed with the fact that the doctrine of the resurrection lies as a background to the teachings of Jesus. He controverted the Sadducaic attitude toward the future life by the positive assumption of the resurrection and an assertion that certain conditions would obtain in that state. His miracles of restoring the dead to life may be regarded as a prophecy of the future resurrection. God is not the God of the dead but of the living. He is spoken of as the God of the patriarchs, who are therefore alive in the other world, awaiting the resurrection as a further step to their perfection of person. In John's gospel the doctrine of the resurrection formed a part of the body of Christ's teaching; it is not there merely incidental, as in the synoptic gospels. His utterance to Martha gives the gist of his relation to the doctrine. She had said that she knew that her brother would rise again in the resurrection at the last day. Jesus replied, "I am the resurrection and the life." In truth, his power over the secret of life and his own resurrection determined the whole future doctrine for the Christian world. Martha's words indicate, incidentally, how firmly the idea was seated in the minds of the Jews in Christ's day.

Paul's doctrine in the fifteenth chapter of First Corinthians is based on his fundamental Christian experience, which was the sudden conviction that Christ had indeed risen from the dead. This convivtion came to him, like a flash, on the highway that let into Damascus. He had been vehemently denying the validity of the claims of Jesus and persecuting those who believed on Him; was even then proceeding on an errand to uproot the young but vigorous church in the ancient Syrian capital. But his course was arrested; his zeal was changed from the law and its Pharisaism to the spirit and principles of Jesus, by whose risen power his whole life was transformed. He claimed an original revelation from the risen Christ, by which he directed his own course independently of the other apostles, though not in antagonism to those who consistently followed the leadership of Christ.

In saying that Christ has become the first fruits of those that are dead, Paul does not overlook the miracles by which the dead were raised up by Jesus. The subjects of those miracles later on suffered another death, so that they must now await another resurrection. They arose from the dead to the same quality of life as they had formerly lived; while Christ rose from the dead as the first one to come from it never to return thither again. He also broke the power of death over him by rising in the possession of those qualities of body and soul that are eternal.

Christ is the counterpart of Adam. The first man became the father of the race. He sinned against God, breaking the divine commandment that had been given him, and brought our misery and all our woe. Spiritual death is the product of sin. Christ has brought spiritual life. He himself declared that he had come that men might have life more abundant. He has shown man the power of righteousness, and thus has fulfilled the Old Testament idea of the requisite of eternal character. He is the one perfect man. It should never be overlooked that he is as truly man as ever Adam was. On this fact hinges the logical possibility of his value as the Savior of man. He is the beginning of a new order of men who shall fulfill the divine purpose as a new creation in him.

To Christ the Father committed all power, in order that he might bring all things in subjection to the divine will. The conquering of death was the climax of His work. It, therefore, marked the culmination of his ministry. He abode among His disciples after that event only long enough to prove to them his identity that he who had been dead was alive again. Then He ascended to His Father. His new life is an earnest, a promise of that which all believers shall enjoy through His grace.

Paul's dissertation on the nature of the resurrection body is simple and beautiful. No word of explanation needs to be written upon it. That body will be like Christ's glorified body. It will be spirit clothed in spiritual form. We associate all form with matter; but that is due to the limitations of our thought. Spirit has form and character as truly as matter, else the spiritual world would be anomalous and without order.

THE SONG OF VICTORY.

Purged of all that is corruptible in both body and mind, the person of the redeemed shall be changed, in the twinkling of an eye, to the glorified being that shall see God face to face in perfect love and knowledge and fellowship. The process will be the transfiguration of all our nature. It is toward this grand climacteric that all the process of re demption runs. Jesus said, When men say, Lo, here is the kingdom of God, or, lo, theer! go not after them, for I say unto you, the kingdom of God is within you. Paul knows no higher thought than that. He but echoes it in saying that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God. The God who is spirit will see the finest furition of His truth in the spiritualized persons who will join the Savior at the resurrection, coming from the quarters of the earth, raised from graves in the earth and in the sea.

The victory over death is morally glorious because it marks the crasure of the effect of sin. "The sting of death is sin," because sin brought spiritual death. The physical death on which we look is sad only because of the fear that haunts us that it may mean eternal separation of our friends from us, and perhaps from God. But if fellowship with God is assured, then death is a glorious awakening to walk in the morning land of pure radiance, where the sun shall never set, neither darkness nor sighing enter.

This victory of faith and hope is God's gift through our Lord Jesus Christ. It should comfort the weary hearts of all who believe, beckoning them to the plains of eternal peace. The present is a field of labor and of striving that ought never to be losing so long as we have the right man on our side, the man of God's own choosing. "Wherefore, my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord."

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK,
Chaplain, U. S. Navy.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

The Blake Hat.

For $3 we give you as handsome a hat as can be made, of a quality you will be proud of. The Blake hat has "quality" as the predominating feature. Ask your dealer for the Blake hat.

The Innocent Suffer With The Guilty

The world to-day is full of innocent sufferers from that most loathsome disease, Contagious Blood Poison. People know in a general way that it is a bad disease, but if all its horrors could be brought before them they would shun it as they do the Leprosy. Not only the person who contracts it suffers, but the awful taint is transmitted to children, and the fearful sores and eruptions, weak eyes, Catarrh, and other evidences of poisoned blood show these little innocents are suffering the awful consequences of some body's sin. So highly contagious is this form of blood poison that one may be contaminated by handling the clothing or other articles in use by a person afflicted with this miserable disease. There is danger even in drinking from the same vessel or eating out of the same tableware, as many pure and innocent men and women have found to their sorrow. The virus of Contagious Blood Poison is so powerful and penetrating that within a short time after the first little sore appears the whole system is infected and every drop of blood in the body is tainted with the poison, and the skin is soon covered with a red rash, ulcers break out in the mouth and throat, swellings appear in the groins, the hair and eyebrows fall out, and unless the ravages of the disease are checked at this stage, more violent and dangerous symptoms appear in the form of deep and offensive sores, copper colored splotches, terrible pains in bones and muscles, and general breaking down of the system.

BLOOD POISON IS NO RESPECTER OF PERSONS

S. S. S. is a specific for Contagious Blood Poison and the only remedy that antidotes this peculiar virus and makes a radical and complete cure of the disease. Mercury and Potash hold it in check so long as the system is under their influence, but when the medicine is left off the poison breaks out again as bad or worse than ever. Besides, the use of these minerals bring on Rheumatism and stomach troubles of the worst kind, and frequently produce bleeding and sponginess of the gums and decay of the teeth. S. S. S. cures Blood Poison in all stages and even reaches down to hereditary taints and removes all traces of the poison and saves the victim from the pitiable consequences of this monster scourge. As long as a drop of the virus is left in the blood it is liable to break out, and there is danger of transmitting the disease to others. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and can be taken without any injurious effects to health, and an experience of nearly fifty years proves beyond doubt that it cures Contagious Blood Poison completely and permanently. Write for our "Home Treatment Book," which describes fully the different stages and symptoms of the disease.

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Style 213, a guaranteed patent colt blucher; also comes in velour and vici.

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This is the season of the year when everyone is "dressing up" for summer. Your outfit will be more complete if you wear a pair of Brockton Shoes.

When you fit yourself to shoes, you should remember that the Brockton Shoes are more stylish, fit better and wear longer than any other shoes on the market.

This is the place where every pair of shoes is guaranteed to satisfy. If yours don't, it's your fault; we do everything in our power to please. **These shoes bear the union label.**

$2.50 THE PRICES $3.50

BROCKTON SHOE CO.,

311 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

This is style 109 and is made from guaranteed patent colt. The same style can be had in velour calf.

MURDER IS SAID

By Cantrell to Have Been Side Industry to Body Theft.

Promises to Make Startling Disclosures at Alexander's Trial.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 10.—Murder was but a means to an end with the despoilers of Indiana graveyards, according to a supplemental confession made by Rufus Cantrell, "king of the ghouls," to the prosecuting attorney here.

Already twenty-two persons are under indictment for grave robbing or concealing stolen corpses, and Cantrell promises that at least half as many more will be before he finishes.

"I will tell who killed a 'subject' in West Indianapolis," Cantrell says. "I will explain the Chinese murder. I will account for the disappearance of two prominent women of Indianapolis for traces of whom large rewards are even now outstanding.

"I will tell how men have been alive on the streets of Indianapolis at 8 o'clock in the evening and lying cold and naked on the marble slab of a dissecting table in an Indianapolis medical college at midnight, four hours later.

"I will give facts, dates and bring corroborative evidence to prove these assertions.

"I will tell how furnaces in medical colleges here have cremated the evidence of many strange and mysterious murders. I will go back eight years and clear up half the murder mysteries that now stand unsolved on the police books of this and other cities."

Half the detective force here is engaged in investigating cases of which Cantrell has told them, and, in no instance, have they found anything to disprove the negro's statement. They have found strong corroborative proof in all cases, and now place implicit faith in this negro, who is proud of the distinction he has gained as the greatest ghoul of the age.

The second trial of Dr. Joseph C. Alexander, under indictment on two counts for taking, concealing and buying a corpse, is expected to be called within a short time, and Cantrell has promised the district attorney that he will make some startling disclosures at this trial.

From grave robbery, pure and simple, Cantrell's supplementary confessions have led, step by step, to the unfolding of murder plots and murders committed.

For a fortnight the detectives have been investigating details of the confession, and they declare that the indictments now filed against many of those charged with grave robbery will be changed to murder.

For eight years the ghouls have operated in Indiana cemeteries. During that time they have desecrated nearly 4000 graves in four cemeteries. During the year preceding their arrest they operated with a boldness unprecedented. The result was the despoiling of more than 1000 graves within a year.

Cantrell admits that he and his band have known of murders, that some are guilty of murder and have permitted murder to be committed to the end that the bodies of the murdered men might come more easily into their hands, and they would thus be able to dispose of it without the trouble of uncovering a grave.

"Physicians grew impatient," Cantrell declares. "They could not wait until a desirable subject died a natural death. The medical colleges needed more than the charitable institutions could supply. Read the catalogues of the colleges and you will see what I mean. These catalogues promise one body every term to every four students. In Indianapolis alone that means 800 bodies annually. Indianapolis charitable institutions supply about 100. We got the rest, and we got those from thec haritable institutions as well. We could get them for from $15 to $20 and sell them for $30. The superintendents of the institutions sold the bodies at auction and made us bid for them. I bought from every one of them."

Cantrell has proved himself one of the shrewdest men ever arrested. He is truthful when he makes up his mind to talk, but the administration of the "third degree" with him is ineffective.

He has a most wonderful memory for details. He remembers perfectly house numbers, cemeteries, dates, even to the day and hour; faces, names, incidents—all these roll from him without the slightest effort.

Those specially interested have made journeys to Indianapolis to see Cantrell. They came doubting and went away convinced of the truth of the negro's statement.

"Well, Cantrell," they have said, "I am satisfied at least you never stole bodies from graves in my city."

"Let's see," Cantrell would answer, "they call your graveyard such and such a name; it is located thus and so. Yes, I have taken bodies from there. Henry Brown or John Smith was buried there such and such a day in such a year. We got him. Go and dig open his grave. It is empty."

Investigation has proven the truth of the negro's statements.

Cantrell's peculiar mental attitude is probably more thoroughly disclosed by this incident than by any other. He does not look upon the robbery of graves as a serious crime. He admits it is a breach of the law, but he considers the law to be poorly framed. He has been led to believe by the physicians who employed him that he has been materially assisting in the progress of scientific investigation.

Every possible influence has been brought to bear on Cantrell to prevent his making further disclosures. He has been told that if he would agree to leave the country, bail would be furnished for him; that large sums of money would be given to him, as well as transportation wherever he cared to go. He has refused all these offers. He has not been permitted immunity for his crimes, and says that all he cares for is to see everyone implicated with him receive the same punishment that he gets.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

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Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

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See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
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GENUINE must bear Signature

Price Vials | Purely Vegetable | Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

OLDEST ENGINEER

Is John Hale at Work on the Wabash.

Peru, Ind., April 10.—With the resignation of Henry E. Stone, an engineer on the Lake Shore railway, after a continuous service of fifty-two years, the claim of being the oldest engineer in the United States belongs to John Hale, of Attica, Ind., an employe of the Wabash company, who is now handling the mixed passenger run on the branch line of that road, between Attica and Covington. Hale, in point of active service, is not far behind his predecessor, the difference being less than a year, and in every sense his record is as good as that of Engineer Stone. Furthermore, Engineer Stone's service of fifty-two years was with a number of roads, while the records of the Wabash show that Engineer Hale has been a continuous employe with that company for over fifty-one years.

When Engineer Hale first entered his services with the Wabash it was a short line, extending from Toledo, Ohio, to Fort Wayne, a distance of 100 miles. Engineer Hale was a rugged, hard-working lad and it was not long before his aptness won for him the best passenger runs on the road. He is credited with being the first practical instructor of the coal burning series of engines when they were brought West. He was also the first air-brake instructor the Wabash ever had. He has never met with any serious mishaps while in the company's service.

At present Engineer Hale makes four trips a day between Attica and Covington and is the only engineer on that branch. He has had charge of these runs for twenty-one years and as his health is excellent at present he will probably continue in the service several years more.

VAST SUMS OF MONEY

Used to Build Churches In This Country.

New York, April 10.—Fifteen new churches are built in the United States every day, on the present average, and in a year the value of new edifices aggregates $37,350,000. There are under construction in New York city and the neighboring Jersey towns, to be opened and dedicated at once, or else the money is in hand and they are to be built this spring and summer, new churches and parish houses that are to cost $3,920,000.

Beyond these, plans are made and part of the money ready for the building of new churches and parish houses next year to the value, thus far announced, of $3,295,000.

In the following tables are named amounts expended or to be expended by the various religious bodies. The first column indicates buildings just ready to be opened or to be erected this summer; the second projects for the immediate future so far as announced.

	1903.	1904-5.
Baptist	$ 65,000	$ 775,000
Catholic	1,250,000	835,000
Christian Science	750,000	.....
Congregational	410,000	375,000
Episcopal	685,000	725,000
Jewish	200,000	.....
Lutheran	210,000	350,000
Presbyterian	21 000	235,000
Miscellaneous	125 000	.....
Totals	$3,920,000	$3,295,000
Grand total		$7,215,000

Explanation of the fact that Methodists are not mentioned, being included in miscellaneous merely, is that they are rising in Manhattan and the Bronx $1,200,000, and in Brooklyn $350,000, or a total of $1,550,000, to pay debts on existing churches, to strengthen their charitable work and to endow their fund for aged ministers.

Baptists are not building much now, but plan a theological seminary in the Bronx, for which land has been purchased, the expenditure of $100,000 in building operations generally, and a denominal headquarters to rival those in Boston and Philadelphia, and to cost $500,000.

Western North Carolina In the Spring.

Western North Carolina is attractive at any season of the year, but certainly during the spring months, when the trees are budding and the flowers blossoming; what could be more inviting than a trip to this beautiful mountain country.

The months of April and May in the Land of the Sky and Sapphire country, including Asheville and Hot Springs, N. C., are very enjoyable. The climate at this season is delightful, the scenery most beautiful, and the opportunities for the enjoyment of sport, including golf, cannot be surpassed.

The hotels in this region afford the very best accommodations. If you wish to know something of this delightful region, communicate with your nearest ticket agent, or address G. B. Allen, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

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Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure **Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles.** It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' **INDIAN PILE OINTMENT** is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, **50c and $1.00** per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO. Prop's, CLEVELAND, O

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in tea or liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Easter's Handsomest Suits Costumes and Wraps.

THERE'S yet time to select your Easter wearables—we are splendidly ready to take care of those who have not yet bought. We may not be able to close promptly at ten tomorrow night—we do not wish to disappoint any one who is depending on us—and all garments promised for Easter will be delivered Saturday, though some of them may be delivered late that night.

Immense shipments of new garments came by express today—they are just in time for Easter.

How fortunate they're here—we needed them—the heavy selling of the past week has made great inroads into our stock—but now we're once more ready with the largest, newest and best stock of women's and misses' suits and wraps in the Northwest.

The immense trade coming to us ftom Duluth is proof positive of our style supremacy—*for even though our prices are dollars cheaper than their home stores ask for equal qualities—Duluth people would not flock to us in such numbers if we were not giving them the advantage of choosing from the only complete stock of New York's latest styles in Superior and Duluth.*

The Easter Wraps.

Beautiful as have been the silk coats of other seasons, they do not compare with the new styles we are showing for spring. Exquisite wraps of pongee—of chameleon taffeta—of peau de soie—of black taffeta—of mohair—and of superb etamines—all are here as nowhere else—as never before.

THE CORSET COATS.

Other Western merchants shook their heads and said—

"Well, they will be all right in the cities of the East this season—but they're too new for our trade. We'll buy them next season."

We didn't agree with them — our trade are entitled to the newest and best styles we can secure—and we make it our business to get everything that is new and good. And so we are the only house hereabonte showing a good line of corset coats. Come here and see them in handsome black or swell covert cloths.

CHILDREN'S COATS.

A Duluth woman told us that—*We showed a bigger variety and a choicer lot of styles in Children's Coats than any of Duluth's four big stores.*

She had made the rounds before she came over—and she was agreeably surprised with what we had to show her—and her little girl was delighted with the coat she wore home. This is but one of many cases. Tomorrow we'll be glad to show you swell new cape coats and Peter Thompson's which have just come in today.

Easter Suits and Costumes.

All of our suits are more or less on the costume idea—rather more than less. They show a style freshness which is notably absent in the garments **ALL** the other stores on both sides of the bay have been clamoring to show you for two months past.

Here you may see **The Very Latest.** Many of our styles were born within the past fortnight and are here today through the activity of our New York buyer. There are dozens of new and pretty styles at less than $25.00—there are scores of them at $25 to $35—and you will save dollars on any of them. Get posted before buying.

They are made of etamines, voiles, mistrals, broadcloths, cheviots, tweeds, pongees, mohair and twine cloths—and they are made "different" from those to be seen elsewhere.

Spicer-Fanning Co.

The Northwest's Greatest Store.

1501-1507 TOWER AVENUE. West Superior, Wis.

CLEANING DAY

Mayor Hugo Selects April 18 For General Observance.

All Citizens Appealed to to Clean Their Premises.

Mayor Hugo has designated a day for general spring cleaning.

He has chosen Saturday, April 18, and is asking the co-operation of citizens and residents in the crusade against dirty yards.

If the talked of plans are carried out "spotless town" will look like the property of a non-resident in a can-throwing, garbage-tossing neighborhood, compared with immaculate Duluth.

The mayor has addressed letters to Superintendent Denfeld, of the city public schools, requesting him to take up the cleaning movement with the teachers and that they in turn enlist the support of their pupils in the war on dirt.

The ministers also have been requested to assist in this campaign for better sanitary conditions and will probably make mention of the cleaning campaign from all city pulpits on Easter Sunday.

In soliciting the co-operation of all in efforts to clean the city the mayor calls attention to the fact that it is a civic responsibility that every person should find incumbent upon themselves to clean up the premises where they reside. The city officers have no right to invade private property for cleaning purposes even if the municipal finances were able to stand such an expense. If the people clean up their yards the city will see to it that the streets and alleys are cleaned.

The health authorities say that the snow and ice has disappeared sufficiently to guarantee an easy removal of garbage even if the ash piles are still frozen some. The ash piles are merely unsightly and can be removed later on, but it is the urgent desire that the unsanitary piles of garbage that have accumulated during the winter months, be removed before the warm sunlight has had its pernicious effect in causing bad odors and generating infectuous germs.

GET EARLIER CAR.

Lakeside Residents May Catch First Passenger Train.

At a meeting of Lester Park citizens held a short time ago D. H. Williams brought up the fact that it is impossible for a Lakeside citizen to catch the 6:45 oclock train in the morning on the Great Northern road. This train was put on some weeks ago and runs to St. Paul, making connections for St. Cloud, Wilmar and Sioux Falls. The first car leaves Lakeside in the morning at 6:18 o'clock and arrives in Duluth a few minutes too late to make this train.

A committee was appointed, of which Mr. Williams was made chairman, to confer with the management of the street railway company and see if a car could not be given which would get to Fifth avenue west in time to permit passengers to catch the train. This committee has been successful, and on Sunday, when the summer schedule goes into effect on the street railway, the first car will leave Lester Park at 6.09 and reach Eighth avenue west at 6:42. This will give ample time to make the train.

ANTI-VACCINATION BILL IS DEFEATED

(Continued from page 1).

which it failed to pass.

The bill permitting an increase from $12.00 to $15,000 in the clerk hire allowance in the auditor's office in St. Louis county was passed in the senate under suspension of the rules, on motion of Senator Laybourn. It has already passed the house.

Mr. Dowling's bill allowing the county superintendent of schools $250 a year for traveling expenses was passed in the senate.

In committee of the whole the house recommended to pass a bill by the Ramsey county delegation, providing that assessments for local improvements shall not exceed 25 per cent of the assessed valuation of the property assessed.

The bill by Mr. Girling, providing that all state and county printing must be done within the state, was killed.

John Deegan, of Scott county, said it was merely a scheme to give the big Minnesota printers a chance to combine and form a trust. Mr. Girling said that a similar law now applies to state printing, and he thought it ought to apply to county printing as well.

The house also recommended to pass the bill creating the state board of immigration and an immigration commissioner. There was a fight on it, and the vote was fairly close.

A. L. Cole, of Walker, spoke for the bill, saying that some such move is necessary to keep settlers from passing through Minnesota and going into Canada, which he considered a very serious competitor. He said that if Canada could get as good a market as the United States Minnesota would be left behind in fifty years.

Mr. Opdahl said it was throwing money away, and Mr. Fosseen, of Hennepin county, said it was a bad bill, and moved that it be recommended for indefinite postponement. This motion was defeated, and the bill recommended to pass.

The Gregory bill, providing for jury trials in examinations of insane patients, just as in criminal cases, was killed by the house.

Mr. Shephard's bill, making it unlawful for any person or association to solicit or receive any aid or contribution from a public officer, or a candidate for public office, was recommended to pass. The punishment is a fine of $10 to $100. Both houses adjourned to this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

EASTER DRESSERS,

We have clothing for Men, Women and Children,

At $1.00 per week.

You use the goods while making the payments.

No Security Necessary

Open Saturday Night Until 10:30.

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

Men's Rain-Proof Cravenettes and Spring Coats..... **$8 up to $15**

AT WEST DULUTH

The Merrill & Ring mill will commence sawing Monday. Repair work has been in progress for several weeks and the mill will be in readiness for the summer's work Saturday night.

The ice is rapidly disappearing from the upper bay and it will not be of sufficient thickness to interfere with the work of the mill.

But one shift of men will be employed at the start, but the second shift will probably be put on before the season is far advanced. Between 100 and 150 men will be employed on each shift.

It is not thought likely that the Alger-Smith mill will be ready to start on Monday, as was expected. There is still considerable work to be done before the mill will be ready for the summer's run and the start will probably be postponed for a week or two. The Alger-Smith mill will run with two shifts, each consisting of from 100 to 200 men.

PUTTING TRACKS IN.

Switching For Crushed Stone Works Going In.

Work has been commenced laying the side tracks and switches for the plant of the Duluth Crushed Stone works at the head of Fifty-fifth avenue and contracts for some of the buildings have been let.

There is a petition before the council for the vacating of several of the streets and avenues in the district purchased by the company, and when the matter has been passed upon by the city attorney action will be taken by the council.

It surprised many people to learn that there were streets and avenues on the rocky hillside, but land had been set aside for them and it was necessary for the company to take steps to have them vacated before work on the construction of the plant could be commenced.

IS IN A BAD WAY.

Louis Johnson, a laborer, was taken to the Red Cross hospital yesterday with a stroke of paralysis. The man was in the employ of Powers & Simpson before his illness and was sent to the hospital by County Commissioner Cook. He is unable to speak and can tell nothing of his identity.

A letter was found in his pocket addressed to C. F. Nelson, 1900 Washington avenue north, Minneapolis.

Johnson's condition is very serious. He has not spoken since he was brought to the hospital and it is feared he cannot recover.

TO USE SUBWAY SUNDAY.

The long-wished for improvements to the West Duluth car service will be made Sunday, when the cars will commence running through the Jenswold street subway. In addition to the six-minute service which will be put on during the day, extra cars will be put on in the morning and evening, giving a three-minute service at the rush hours.

When the Grand avenue extension is completed, there will be two lines to West Duluth, giving the people in this portion of the city the best car service they have ever enjoyed.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Strictly hand-made longshoremen's, drivers' and workingmen's shoes at Lauermann's.

At the Swedish Baptist church this evening there will be a special meeting at 8 o'clock. The pastor will speak on the subject, "The Last Seven Words from Calvary." There will be special music.

Boys' shoes at Lauermann's.

Miss Alice Bailey will leave for Chicago Monday to accept a position which has been offered her in that city.

Rev. Dr. Forbes will lecture this evening in Eveleth.

Children's shoes at Lauermann's.

R. Rasmussen, of Brandon, Minn., is registered at the Phillips hotel.

Miss Clara Knutson and Napoleon Beach were married yesterday afternoon before Justice of the Peace Robert Stone.

Clarence Weldon, night sawyer for the St. Louis Lumber company, made an excellent record with a band saw Wednesday night, cutting over 80,000 feet.

Beautiful Easter neckwear. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

R. T. Benson, of South Bend, Ind., was in West Duluth yesterday looking over some real estate.

Mrs. P. G. Swenson, of St. Paul, who has been visiting friends in West Duluth, has returned to her home.

R. L. Johnson, of Eau Claire, Wis., was a business visitor in West Duluth yesterday.

The regular meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club will be held this evening.

Stetson, Gordon and Boss spring block hats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

J. E. Eberfield, of Chicago, was a business visitor in West Duluth yesterday.

Miss Margaret MacMillan, who has been visiting friends in West Duluth for the past month, has returned to her home in Grand Forks.

C. F. Martin, of Sixtieth avenue west, left last evening for St. Paul.

R. J. Rogers, of Fifty-seventh avenue, has returned from a business trip to Minneapolis.

Men's and boys' Easter suits, cravenette topcoats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mrs. J. C. McEwen is visiting friends in Eveleth.

Miss Clara Taylor, of Ashland, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Powell, of 5305 Wadena street, this morning.

Florsheim shoes. Shine books free. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

REAL PRIZE CONTEST

Will Be Sailed By Shamrocks on Saturday.

Weymouth, Eng., April 10.—The Shamrocks will have their first real contest tomorrow. It will be under strict racing conditions, with prize money for the winning crew and fixed handicap terms, over a measured 30-mile course. After the Shamrock III's showing yesterday it is believed fifteen minutes will be allowed the older boat.

The Shamrock III has not yet been asked to negotiate a head sea, and the likelihood of a seaward breeze tomorrow is welcomed, as it will give an opportunity of seeing how she will acquit herself under such conditions.

RATIFIED BY PONTIFF.

Rome, April 10.—The pope today received Mgr. Veccia, secretary of the congregation of the propaganda, who submitted the names of Rt. Rev. John J. Glennon, coadjutor bishop of Kansas City, Mo., as coadjutor archbishop of St. Louis, Mo., and Rt. Rev. Henry Moeller, bishop of Columbus, O., as coadjutor archbishop of Cincinnati, O., which the pontiff ratified.

For liver troubles and constipation There's nothing better in creation Than Little Early Risers, the famous little pills They always effect a cure and save doctor bills.

MAX WIRTH.

INQUEST IN PENNELL CASE BEGINS

Buffalo, April 10.—The inquest into the death of Arthur R. Pennell and his wife was begun this afternoon before Police Judge Murphy, who conducted the Burdick inquest. Besides the witnesses from the neighborhood of the stone quarry who observed the movements of Pennell and his wife with their automobile on the afternoon of the tragedy and saw them take the fatal plunge, the following named persons have been subpoenaed: Thomas Penney, counsel for Pennell; Wallace Thayer, Arthur Pennell's former friend and counsel, and Pennell's stenographer, Wallace G. Omphallus, who has the stenographic notes of a statement as it was dictated to him by Pennell just previous to his death. So far as can be learned at this time, J. Frederick Pennell, the dead man's brother, has not been served with a subpoena, but one has been prepared for him.

BEEF TRUST MAY FAIL

Its Merger Will Doubtless Be Affected By Decision.

Chicago, April 10.—The Tribune today says: The National Packing company, recently incorporated in New Jersey, has acquired from Secretary of State Rose a license to transact business in Illinois. Its New Jersey capital is $15,000,000, while in Illinois it has a capital stock of $4,000,000.

The company secured its Illinois license just before the ruling of the federal court at St. Paul yesterday was known. What the outcome will be now no lawyer professes to be able to predict, but it is assumed that the anti-merger decision will have a direct bearing on this preliminary beef merger as well as on the greater one in contemplation.

The National Packing company is to assume charge of and operate throughout the country all the competitive plants acquired by the packers. These are the Omaha Packing company, the G. H. Hammond company, the Hammond Packing company, the Hutchinson Packing company, the Anglo-American Packing company, the United Dressed Beef company and the Fowler Packing company. The president of the new company is J. Lyman and the secretary and treasurer B. D. Standish.

CIGARETTES DO NOT HURT

Boys Under Sixteen According to Governor Murphy.

Chicago, April 10.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Trenton, N. J., says: Governor Murphy has vetoed the anti-cigarette bill. He said he believed that cigarettes do not hurt boys under 16 years old, and that the law cannot be enforced.

Easter Gloves!

We claim to sell the best $1.00 kid gloves for men. The "Dempster Place" are the makers. Price $1.00 a pair.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

The Blake Hat.

Just a trifle better than the next best. A Duluth enterprise. Push it along.

Easter Flower Show TOMORROW.

In artistic completeness and immensity of stock this showing has never been equalled by any of our previous efforts. The display is rich in color. rare in selection and fresh from our own green houses.

The store is most beautifully arrayed with all that is pleasing to lovers of fine flowers and potted plants.

You are invited to be present at our Grand Easter Opening and Display tomorrow.

Mail Orders receive prompt attention.

Hyacinths, 15,000 15c each

EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior St. Both 'Phones.

I Wear Phillips' Shoes, do you?

Two Very Special Suit Values For Tomorrow.

If you haven't selected your Easter suit yet, you'll appreciate the elegance, and price reasonableness of our assortment. Not a poor suit in the lot and they range in price from $15 to $55, but only the better class of garments at the "ordinary sort" prices.

We offer two particularly striking values for tomorrow:

IN VOILE—double cape effect, stole front—jacket silk lined, taffeta silk drope—special for tomorrow..... **$40**

IN BROADCLOTH AND CHEVIOT—in several leading styles, extra well trimmed—jacket lined with taffeta silk—special for tomorrow..... **$25**

There's one thing certain, whatever is selected here will fully carry out the recommendation that goes with it, and will make you a permanent customer.

H. G. GROSS,

106 West Superior St.,

Suits and Costumes, High Grade Furs.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Custom-Tailored

Suits and Overcoats

Ready-To-Put-On.

Handsome Fabrics,
Finest Workmanship,
Correct Styles.

The Best $10 Suits and Overcoats in town
The Best $15 Suits and Overcoats in town
The Best $20 Suits and Overcoats in town
The Best $25 Suits and Overcoats in town

Men's Hats

Easter display of most fashionable headwear—smartest styles from the best makers.

The Stetson Hats at—
$5.00, $4.00 and $3.50

The Gordon Hats at **$3.00**

Others at **$2.50, $2.00 and $1.50**

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

Duluth, St. Paul, West Superior.

PROTEST IS MADE

Northern Lumber Company Objects to Personal Property Tax.

Claims Logs Assessed Are Taxed In Carlton County.

The Northern Lumber company of Cloquet, Carlton county, Minn., has again protested the payment of a personal property tax in St. Louis county, and asks the court to declare its tax in this county, amounting to $1688.21, and penalty, amounting to $155.48, null and void. It also asks that the state of Minnesota may be restrained from collecting any part of the amounts, either by levying on its property, or by any other means.

H. Oldenburg, attorney for the lumber company, filed the answer and petition of the company in district court, this morning, in the matter of the proceedings to enforce the personal property tax charged against the corporation and delinquent April 1, 1903.

In its allegations the lumber company sets forth that its name is embraced in the list of delinquents which was filed with the clerk of courts of St. Louis county, April 6, and that the amount of the tax and the penalty is as previously stated. The company claims to have been organized under the laws of Wisconsin and to be now exclusively engaged in the manufacture of lumber, lath and shingles at Cloquet, Carlton county, where it has offices and transacts its business. It is further alleged that during the year 1902 and prior years, the company, in the regular course of its business, purchased and cut a large quantity of saw logs to be delivered within its booms at the Cloquet mill, and that such logs pertain to its business, being personal property, actually taxed and assessed in Carlton county, where the taxes have already been paid, the amount being in excess of $7200.

The Northern Lumber company claims that the tax referred to in the St. Louis county delinquent list was unlawfully levied and extended, and purports to have been levied on saw logs belonging to the defendant, and personal property used in cutting and delivering the same at the mill in Cloquet. It is also claimed that the lumber company did not have any personal property whatever in St. Louis county in 1902, or in prior or subsequent years, except as pertained to its manufacturing business in Cloquet; that the listing and assessing of the property in St. Louis county was without the authority or knowledge of the defendant, and contrary to law.

Black Suits!

Suitable for confirmation, to fit boys, for ages 14 to 18 years, at $4.00 to $15.00. Large assortment to select from.
C. W. ERICKSON,
The Clothier.

LEGAL PRICE

Of a Wake Is Fixed By a Jury.

Red Wing, Minn., April 10.—The district court has several interesting and important cases to adjust. Among the cases disposed of was the one of James Dordan, of Cannon Falls, who sued to recover the expenses incurred at an Irish wake. John McNally died at the home of James Dordan, and in his bill of expenses Mr. Dordan included $100 for the wake, where a fine supper and liquid refreshments were served. Mr. Dordan also included in his bill $12.50 to cover other expenses. The jury awarded Mr. Dordan $45, which will remain on the court records as the legal price of an up-to-date wake.

DEMANDS AN INQUIRY.

Washington, April 10.—Maj. Robert L. Howse, commanding the Porto Rican regiment, arrived in Washington yesterday and immediately demanded a court of inquiry. He was mentioned in the report of Gen. Miles and charged with great cruelties to the Filipinos while in command of a post in the extreme north of Luzon. It was asserted that he caused several Filipinos to be beaten to death. One case was cited as especially revolting.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE

115—WEST SUPERIOR STREET—115

EASTER SHOES

WE can show you the largest and most complete line of new and popular Spring Shoes and Oxfords in the Northwest for Men, Women and Children. If you want new and correct styles, go to **The Famous.** Prices always the Lowest.

Men's New Spring Shoes,
(Union Made.)

In all the new leathers and style lasts—

Prices from— **$1.50 to $5.00.**

Our Boys', Misses' and Children's

Stock is complete in every line from a nice Dress Patent Leather to the Heavy School Shoes.

Professor Eugene Watts Shines your Shoes as They Should Be.

Dorothy Dodd

Conceded by the best Shoe critics in the country to be the BEST—

$3.00

Shoe for ladies in the market.

25 different Styles to Select from.

We are Sole Agents.

SEVEN MEN ARE ARRESTED

By a Marshal Single-Handed on Charge of Moonshining.

Little Rock, Ark., April 10.—Seven men were lodged in jail here last week on a charge of moonshining by Deputy United States Marshal Fred E. Johnson. He arrested them single handed down in White county and brought them in through the flooded district.

The men arrested were Jim Lauderdale, Frank King, Jasper Dunn, Dick Williams, J. B. Wright, H. H. McGrew and John Magness. Lauderdale, King, Dunn and Williams were charged with illicit distilling and upon a hearing before United States Commissioner O'Hare, were bound over to the federal grand jury under bonds of $500 each. Wright was also charged with illicit distilling. He was arrested some time ago, but released by the commissioner on the ground of insufficient evidence. McGrew and Magness were charged with retailing liquor without license. They were bound over under bonds of $500. Magness was able to find bondsmen and was released. The others were committed to await the action of the grand jury.

The still which the four men first named were said to have been interested in was destroyed on Jones' island in White river.

All the prisoners were prosperous White county farmers. Mr. Johnson says they made no resistance to arrest.

On the trip Mr. Johnson drove a pair of horses attached to a high-seated buggy. Negro hill is situated in a bend of the White river, and has bayous running around it. Since Dec. 1, 1902, not a person, it is said, has crossed these bayous from Negro hill in any direction on foot or by horse, from the fact that the entire country is under water. When visits to the surrounding country became absolutely necessary the inhabitants of the isolated settlement made the trip in boats. Few of them had horses, even had they desired to cross by this means, for a great part of the stock in the section had been killed by buffalo gnats, which, during the high water, have infested the country in great numbers. The gnats amount almost to a plague, and Mr. Johnson himself was seriously annoyed by them on his journey.

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

GIPSON WROTE HIS OWN WILL

Now No One Can Tell What It Is All About.

Macon, Mo., April 10.—Since last September Judge N. M. Shelton has been devoting his spare time to the construction of what is to him an unintelligible instrument of writing, submitted by the attorney for Joseph Lee Shellenbarger, of Omaha, grandson of the testator, Smith Gipson, a former wealthy but eccentric farmer of Southwest Macon county.

The will seemed to cut Shellenbarger off with $1, and, naturally, he raised a kick. He makes the other twenty-eight heirs defendants.

Smith Gipson began life as a small farmer, with a few acres near McGee college. He died worth many thousand dollars. His estate represented a lifetime of utmost frugality and clever trading. He never did like lawyers, and couldn't imagine why honest men would encourage them. So when, one day in 1899, a mule kicked him in the breast and he thought he was going to die, he called a few friends and showed them his will to sign. They asked who drew it up.

"I did!" said the old man, with pride. "I wanted it made clear so my people would know just what was coming to them. These lawyers, with their everlasting 'saids' and 'aforesaids' and 'whereases' would drive a man crazy. Now, they'll all know just what they're gettin', and the lawyers won't find anything to jaw over and charge for."

And a few years later the good old patriarch laid down, and now enjoys the repose of the just. His son Tom brought the will to the probate office and had it duly filed.

"Dad said he wrote it up clear so there'd be no trouble telling what he meant," he explained.

The probate judge looked at the laboriously executed writing and smiled. He had seen so many of these "clearly written" wills.

When the heir at Omaha learned that the other heirs claimed he was cut off with a dollar, he told his lawyers to hunt up a blow-hole in the will. They started at the top of the first page and worked down. Then they began at the bottom and worked up. Next they turned the writing upside down and worked backwards. They got a microscope and examined the large marks. It was copied off a section at a time, and with wet-toweled heads the barristers struggled for light. Finally they passed the proposition up to the circuit judge. They alleged, and with reason, that the will was without meaning and void, because of defective punctuation and grammatical connection. In short, it was all "blow-hole." The court is asked to divide the property in "equity and good conscience," the same as if no will existed. It would be a nervy man that dared to present such a request were the testator alive.

Confirmation Suits!

Boys' black 3-piece knee pant suits, at $2.95, $3.50, $5.00, $6.50 and $7.50. These suits are well made and perfect fitters.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Bon Ton Bakery and Candy Kitchen.

Have the largest display of handsome home made decorated Easter Eggs in the city. They are made of pure sugar and delicious to eat.

Have the names of your children or friends put on the eggs to order.

PRICES

5c, 8c and 10c

Extra large or fancy **20c and 35c.**

We make a specialty of cakes for Easter at prices lower than they can be made at home, and delicate Almond-Macarones, Lady Fingers and Egg Kisses.

All mail orders receive prompt attention. No names put on Easter Eggs after Friday.

Light lunches served. Open all day Sunday.

A. B. Sietwert & Co. | A. B. Sietwert & Co.

Dunlap, Stetson, Roelofs, Guyer, English and French Blake and Gordon

Hats

EXCLUSIVE STYLES.

Silk, Derby, Opera, Crush and Golf Hats, $3.00 to $10.00

Easter Neckwear ..... 50c Up
and Gloves ..... $1.50 Up

A. W. Sietwert & Co
HATTERS AND FURNISHERS,
304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Langdon Farmer Kills His Son and Then Himself.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—Martha Guinan tried to take the life of David Henney early Thursday morning and then committed suicide by taking a dose of strychnine. Henney, who is employed at a local saloon, went to work after eating luncheon. He soon became ill and his life was saved only by the prompt work of a physician. Miss Guinan admitted before death that she had put poison in Henney's tea and then taken a large dose of the poison herself and stated that jealousy was the cause for her action.

Richard Blackstone, who has for years been chief engineer for the Homestake Mining company, has been appointed assistant superintendent, and is next in authority to T. J. Grier, the superintendent. Mr. Grier is in the East on business, and Mr. Blackstone is consequently in charge of the vast operations of the Homestake. The duties of the position he has entered upon were performed by the late Walter E. Smead.

Miller—Unable longer to conceal the fact that she had been shot in the side at the time her sister was killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun a few days ago, Mabel Clouse finally gave up from exhaustion and surgical aid had to be summoned to remove the shot. The effort on the part of this 11-year-old girl to keep her narrow escape from death a secret was that she might make the shock to her father and sister as light as possible.

Ree Heights, the station west of here, is doing a good business outfitting new settlers who are locating on government land southwest.

Seeding is in full blast all over this part of the state. The ground is in better condition than for many years.

Webster—The contract for the erection of the new Day county court house was let to hte Fred Gross Construction company of La Crosse for $56,500. The structure will be of Kettle river sandstone with Portage red sandstone foundation and trimmings.

Dell Rapids—The next meeting of the state board of pharmacy for the examination of candidates will be held at Aberdeen April 22.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Thursday afternoon Henry Albrieson, a German farmer aged 35, living ten miles west of Langdon, took his 5-year-old son to the granary and shot him, the child dying instantly. He then went into the house and suggested to his other three children, all of them being older than the one just killed, that they go with him to the granary. They had heard the shot and were suspicious, and asked him what he had been shooting. He replied that he had just shot a hog. The children would not go with him, and he went back and put the rifle to his head and shot himself, dying this morning. He had left a letter to his wife, who was trading in town at the time of the tragedy, stating that he was "about to leave her and take the children with him." Domestic and business troubles are believed to have caused the act.

Finley—Much interest is shown over the contest for clerk of court who will be appointed by the county commissioners to complete the unexpired term of J. A. Carlson, who resigned. There are several candidates and seventeen ballots were cast, but no one seemed able to get a majority, and an adjournment was taken until Saturday, when, in all probability, a "dark horse" will be run in and win the race.

Dunseith—Col. McLaughlin and Maj. Getchell, who have been on a mission of importance to the Indians in the Turtle mountain region, have reached here on their return. Speeches were made by Rising Sun, Lone Thunder, Circling Hawk, Aller and others. The Indians say they have never had a treaty and that they will never leave here. They claim a tract of 10,000 square miles. They are occupying less than 100.

Grand Forks—The Red and Red Lake rivers are practically clear from ice, and all danger from a jam or flood at this point is over. The log drives will be started Friday and the saw mills will commence operations on Monday. The high winds are drying the lands rapidly and seeding will be general the latter part of the week.

Easter Sale

By the ladies of St. John's Episcopal church of Lakeside. Useful and fancy articles, washable rugs, home-made bread, rolls, cake, etc, at Huot's candy store, Saturday, April 11.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Lake Linden Man's Wound Caused Mania For Dancing.

Lake Linden—When William Beauchaine fell from a scaffold thirty-four feet high at the Phoenix mine location on Sept. 6 he was so terribly injured that the attending physicians said he could not live. Yet he lived until it was thought he would be sound and well as ever, but an unexpected turn in his case brought death. A wound in the head caused a mania for dancing, and when Beauchaine had recovered from his other injuries, this craze took hold of him in violent form. Eight men could not restrain him when he decided to go to a dance, and it was simply a succession of dances with him until stricken again. It was not unusual for him to dance thirty times in a night. He was 25 years old.

William Wareham, one of the pioneers of the copper country, died this week, aged 71.

Hancock—The assurance and audacity of the green goods man is remarkable. Several merchants of Hancock have received letters from a New Jerseyite who makes and sells green goods. What his name is is not known, but he says in his letter he is an expert engraver, having worked for thirty-one years in the bureau of engraving in Washington, and has steel plates for $1, $5 and $10 bills.

For $500, he says, one may secure a fortune—in green goods. There need be no fear of detection, as it is impossible to distinguish the bogus from the genuine. A cipher telegram, to be sent by the Western Union only, will infrom the green goods man that "you're on," and he will arrange a safe meeting place.

Chassell—The Worcester Lumber company's sawmill has been thoroughly remodeled and will be started for the season's cut next week. About 200 men will be employed. This is Chassell's only industry and a busy season is expected.

Calumet—For the last few days the snow has held well. In the thick woods it is veveral feet deep in places, but in the unsheltered places not much is left to cover the ground. The few loggers remaining are about through with their operations. Pole, tie and cord wood makers are leaving rapidly.

The Diamond Match company is making preparations for its spring drive down the Ontonagon river. Between 25,000,000 and 30,000,000 feet of logs will be brought down to Ontonagon, loaded upon cars and shipped to the company's mill at Green Bay over the Milwaukee road. The company, which has been operating in Ontonagon county for many years, will likely finish next season. Not a man was injured and only four out of 150 horses used were lost last season.

San Francisco or Los Angeles $50.00 Round Trip.

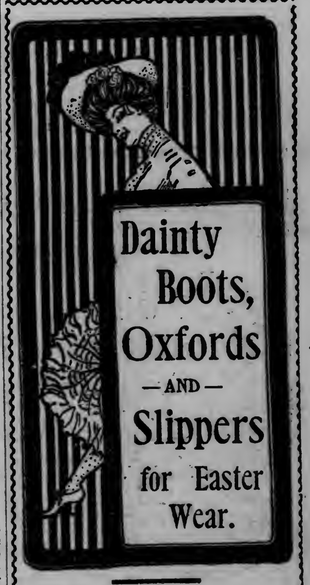
"The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles May 5, and 12 to 18 inclusive, at rate of $50.000 for the round trip. For particulars, call at City Tickte office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Heavy Discount

On men's spring suits—broken lots—carried over since last season; excellent values; come and make your selection while they last.
C. W. ERICKSON,
The Clothier.

Don't Practice False Economy

In the matter of headwear. Remember we give you "style" and "quality" at a reasonable price. Duluth's own. The Blake hat.



Phillips & Co.

Years of Pleasure
FOR LITTLE MONEY!

We are putting on sale tomorrow morning, several makes of Pianos for which we have no room, and by the prices on them you will realize how much we do need the space. Some of these Pianos could be sold as new, if we were inclined to do so, and no one would be the wiser. They will serve you well, and give you years of pleasure and be of immense value to the child that's growing up—let the prices talk.

Pianos!

Here stands two Pianos. Look at them, they look alike; play them and they sound alike; price them—here's the telling point. One will cost you $350, the other won't—that's the difference. Cost of the second—(we'd almost say take your pick)—Price—

$235.

Another Piano sells regularly at $385—it is in splendid condition, and in good tune—Price—

$225.

We have two Pianos splendid make—$500 was the original price of each—good condition, sweet toned. You could use them for two or three years and resell them for what we ask—Our price,

$150.

$1000 — Here's an heirloom. A Square Grand Piano for which, some one some years ago paid an even thousand, is yours tomorrow at an even—

$50.

There are others too—in good style and good condition that will be sold tomorrow at unnecessarily low figures for reasons mentioned.

No One to Play?

Let the Pianola Be Your Musician.

Let it act as substitute for the daughter that's musician in her own home now. It plays accurately and beautifully—shall we demonstrate?

Our Pianola Library.

A library of 400 selections at the disposal of owners of this wonderful instrument.

By far the largest and finest stock of Pianos in Duluth, Steinway, Ivers & Pond, Knabe, etc., etc. What better Easter Gift? Cash or Easy Payments. . . . . .

Duluth Music Co.

F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.
Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

REUNION CLOSES

Scottish Rite Masons Administer Degrees and Hold Banquet.

Eloquent Toasts Responded to—Money Raised For Cathedral.

The annual reunion of the Scottish Rite Masons closed last night with the Maundy Thursday banquet, which was held in the Spalding hotel dining room from 8:30 o'clock until midnight.

The closing of the degree work took place yesterday afternoon when fifty-five, making up the class of candidates who have been receiving the degrees from the fourth upwards, had conferred upon them the thirty-second degree of the Masonic order. The ceremony was probably one of the most elaborate of any Scottish Rite function ever held in Duluth, or perhaps the Northwest. Sacred music furnished by the best talent of Duluth, both instrumental and vocal, accompanied the solemn rites of the ceremony.

Last night, observing the close of the successful session, the annual banquet was given at the Spalding. Nearly 350 Masons were present from the city and from the range towns, and from cities in western Minnesota and Michigan and Wisconsin. The affair was an elaborate one, and the courses were interspersed with musical numbers rendered by Mrs. Leo A. Ball and Milton A. Griffith, who sang several solos.

Mayor Hugo, who acted as venerable master of ceremonies at the conferring of the thirty-second degree in the afternoon, presided as toastmaster in the evening, dispatching the toasts and topics with his usual grace and good taste.

Judge Page Morris responded to the toast "The Government of Our Country" and made a very eloquent address. At its conclusion Mrs. Leo Ball sang, "Star Spangled Banner," amid much enthusiasm.

John Quincy Adams, an eloquent attorney, of Negaunee, Mich., responded to the toast "Our Visitors." He is a member of the northern jurisdiction. Duluth being in the southern. He also spoke on "The Other Builders" making a fine address on the Masonic fraternity.

Philip Seymour responded for "The Class of 1903."

Dr. Robert Forbes made a very eloquent address on "The Perspective" and during the course of it, in telling of the strides that the future promises to see, spoke of the new Masonic cathedral which is to be erected in Duluth at the corner of Second avenue east and Second street.

After his address a subscription to the building fund for the cathedral was spontaneously started and in a few moments $4675 was pledged.

The roll was called by J. E. Cooley. The names of every man who was a member a year ago was called and five whose eyes have been closed in death were responded for by others who made brief obituary addresses.

Hugh Burgo responded for Al. Gasser; H. S. Bryan, of Two Harbors, for A. W. Dutton; John Jenswold for R. O. Sweeny; H. W. Cheadle for George F. Nolan, and W. A. McGonagle for E. C. Gridley.

Toastmaster Hugo during the course of the evening announced that while it had always been his custom in these annual banquets to bestow no praise, believing that among the members of the fraternity no praise was necessary, he had on this occasion determined to depart from that custom for once. S. L. Frazer was then given praise of the most unstinted kind by Mr. Hugo for the success of the present reunion and class. Mr. Frazer was chairman of the committee on arrangements and worked up the outside class which received the degrees at this time and which numbered thirty-two members.

The banquet closed with the ceremony of extinguishing the candles. On the afternoon of Easter Sunday, after the Knights Templar service at the First Methodist church, these will be relighted at the Masonic hall.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $222,319,163; gold, $123,875,078; silver, $17,033,300; United States notes, $2,681,598; treasury notes of 1890, $55,400; national bank notes, $8,509,782; total receipts this day, $1,622,114; total receipts this month, $14,896,626; total receipts this year, $437,990,027; total expenditures this day, $1,490,000; total expenditures this month, $14,725,000; total expenditures this year, $402,589,177; deposits in national banks, $150,566,631.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 10.—Close: Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent; sterling exchange nominal at $4.86.65@4.86.70 for demand and at $4.83.60@4.83.65 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.83@½. Bar silver, 47¼; Mexican dollars, 38¼c.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (426 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.

Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

"Santa Fe" "Prudential"

We have 80 acres in Colorado and 80 acres in Wyoming at Grand Encampment.

Colorado properties, gold and silver. Wyoming properties, copper and gold.

INQUIRE OF—

E. V. PALMER,

Room F Palladio Building.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

COE COMMISSION CO.,
(INCORPORATED)
GRAIN AND STOCKS
Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.

Ship Us Your Cash Grain
We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.
WE BUY AND SELL
WHEAT, CORN AND OATS
for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.
We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.
MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2a share on stocks
References—108 National and State Banks.
Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and 1087 Leading Towns of the Northwest.
General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office, 220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

SATURDAY'S MARKET BASKET

New Laid Eggs 3½ doxen 50c. | Swift's Premium Hams 15c lb.

RATHBUN'S

Both phones 656. 29 E. Superior Street, SIMON CLARK, Manager.

SATURDAY SPECIALS—
Including Special Selection Fruits and Vegetables for Easter.
Get Your Easter Delicacies Here and Save Money.

RIPE FANCY STRAWBERRIES at Lowest Market Price.
IMPORTED MALAGA GRAPES—special snap—2 lbs.....25¢
FANCY LARGE GRAPE FRUIT—6 for.....25¢
LARGE PINEAPPLES—each.....20¢
SWEET THIN-SKIN NAVEL ORANGES, doz 20¢, 25¢, 35¢
EXTRA FANCY TABLE APPLES—per peck.....35¢
FANCY HEAD LETTUCE—per head.....10¢
EGG PLANT—each.....15¢ and 20¢
RIPE FLORIDA TOMATOES—per lb.....15¢
Spanish Cucumbers, Parsley, Mint, Cress, Radish, Mushrooms, Wax Beans, New Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Celery, Cauliflower, Asparagus.
FANCY LARGE HORSE-RADISH ROOT—per lb.....8¢
JERSEY SWEET POTATOES—6 lbs for.....25¢
SUCCESS BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE stands unrivaled in quality and flavor, 3-lb can.....85¢
NEW-MADE DAIRY BUTTER—sweet as a nut—per lb...22¢
BEST QUALITY CREAMERY BUTTER—per lb.....30¢
CORN, PEAS OR TOMATOES—3 cans for.....25¢
SUPERLATIVE QUALITY PEAS, CORN OR TOMATOES—two cans for.....25¢
NEW YORK CHEESE—per lb.....17¢
PURE LEAF LARD—per lb.....12¢
DOMESTIC SWISS CHEESE—2 lbs for.....25¢
EDAM CHEESE—A special snap—Saturday each only.....75¢
FANCY BULK OLIVES—per quart.....25¢
Special prices on all Bottled Fruits for Easter.

NO BOATS LEAVE

None Clear For the Lower Lakes—Poe Going Saturday.

There has been a lull in the strike troubles at the head of the lakes during the past twenty-four hours.

No boats left the harbor today and all that have cleared from Duluth were the three which left yesterday, the Sultana, Shaw and Murphy. The Orlando M. Poe of the Pittsburg Steamship company is loading ore at the Oneota docks today and will probably leave for the lower lakes tomorrow.

The firemen's strike seems to have reached a deadlock. The men claim to have succeeded in tying up the fleet at this port and believe the companies will soon arrange a settlement with them. From strike headquarters it was given out that several conferences were being held today with independent owners and terms of settlement were expected with several before many hours had passed.

From Cleveland comes the following: "Agents of the Lake Carriers' association were today dispatched to Cincinnati, Pittsburg, New Orleans, New York and other sea and river points to get men to come to the lakes to take place of striking firemen. At a meeting of the executive committee of the lake carriers today it was decided to make no change in the proposition made to firemen and oilers and contracts will not be made with the men unless they accept $45 to Oct. 1 and $55 per month for the balance of the season as originally offered.

No further violence was reported today although the union members are closely watching every move of the Lake Carriers' association.

The tug Zenith went into commission this morning.

Marine Notes.

Fred W. Winship has been appointed general agent at Duluth of the Mutual Transportation company, the company which now controls the freight boats formerly handled by the Northern Steamship company. Mr. Winship was local agent of the Northern Steamship company and his appointment to this position with the new company will be pleasing to his friends.

A smoker or social meeting of Duluth Harbor No. 44, of the Master and Pilots' association will be held this evening at the hall at No. 21 West Superior street.

Good for children. The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup and la grippe because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. MAX WIRTH.

Prompt Delivery Everywhere.

O'LEARY'S
CASH GROCERY,
199—Both 'Phones—199.
17 East Superior Street.
Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS
WITH US
AND BE ASSURED
OF GETTING THE BEST
THE MARKET AFFORDS
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We take pride in our display of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

Choice Leaf Lettuce.....3 for 10c
Extra large stalks Cal. Celery—each.....10c
Fresh Cucumbers—each.....5c
Large bunches Asparagus—each..10c
Large Pineapples for easter, 2 for 25c
STRAWBERRIES—Very cheap—at right prices.
Green Onions—3 bunches.....5c
Long Radishes—3 bunches for.....5c
New Potatoes, 6 lbs for.....25c
Honey in the comb—2 for.....25c
FRESH EGGS— per dozen..... 14c
Sugar-cured Hams, uer lb.....14c
Olives—per quart.....25c

WE MOVE ON APRIL 25—and until then will offer special reductions in everything in the store. Take advantage of this opportunity and save money. Watch our Ads.

The Saturday Club.

The program for the meeting of the Saturday club tomorrow is as follows:
Paper—"Mrs. Browning".....
Mrs. F. H. Barnard.
"Critical Study of Lord Tennyson"
Miss Abbot.
"Tennyson's Rank as a Poet".....
Mrs. Cadot.
Leader for the day, Mrs. W. G. Joerns.

Changes In Street Railway Shedules.

APRIL 8, 1903.

Beginning Sunday, Auril 12, West Duluth and East End cars will run through the Jenswold street subway and over the old route to West Duluth. At the same time the following changes will be made:

WEST DULUTH AND EAST END LINE—

An all-day 6-minute headway will be maintained from 62nd Ave. W. to 23rd Ave. E., with extra cars to make a 3-minute headway at the rush hours.

LAKESIDE LINE—

Double-truck cars will leave 8th Ave. W. at 6, 6:40 and 7:03 a. m., and every 40 minutes thereafter until 11:43 p. m., which will be the last car.

Single-truck cars will leave 8th Ave. W. at 5:36, 6:16 and 6:43 a. m., and every 40 minutes thereafter until and including 8:03 p. m. Double-truck cars will leave Lester Park at 6:31 a. m. and every 40 minutes thereafter until 12:31 a. m., which will be the last car. Single-truck cars will leave Lester Park at 6:09 a. m. and every 40 minutes thereafter until and including 8:49 p. m.

WEST FOURTH ST. AND W. THIRD ST. LINE—

West 4th St. cars will be run out West 3rd St. to 40th Ave. W. on a 15-minute headway instead of a 30-minute headway as heretofore.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR TRACTION CO.

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Our Watchword "Quality."

Lovers of really good Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, etc., find just what they want at the

Malcomson Tea Store.

SPECIAL TOMORROW.
Fancy Golden Santos Coffee, per lb.....12½c
Our challenge Java and Mocha, 3 lbs.....75c
Old Government Java and Mocha, per lb.....35c
Ceylon Tea, per lb....35c, 40c, 50c
Oolong Tea, per lb....30c, 40c, 50c
Japan Tea, per lb. 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c
6 bars Wool Soap.....25c
11 bars Laundry Soap.....25c
6 bars fancy Toilet Soap.....25c
5 lbs Baking Powder.....$1.00

You can save money by taking advantage of above prices and quality.

G. F. AMBORN,
8 First Avenue West.
Phones—Zenith, 529; Old, 1098.

IT'S BEST!

One visit to the up-to-date creamery where it is made,—one trial—will convince you that

PRIMUS BRAND BUTTER

has no superiors on the market. It is sweet, pure and wholesome. Churned daily by—

Bridgeman & Russell,
Both 'Phones 352 16 W. First St

In Two Harbors "Primus" is handled by SCHREINER BROS. & MOULTON, Exclusive Agents.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 2500, including 100 Texans. Market steady. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.60; poor to medium, $4@4.80; stockers and feeders, $3@4.75; cows, $1.75@4.65; heifers, $2.50@5; canners, $1.75@2.75; bulls, $2.50@4.40; calves, $3@6.75; Texas fed steers, $4.60@5. Hogs—Receipts today 15,000; tomorrow 10,000; left over 5120. Market slow and weak. Mixed and butchers, $7.20@7.35; good to choice, heavy, $7.40@7.57½; rough heavy, $7.20@7.35; light, $6.85@7.20; bulk of sales, $7.15@7.40. Sheep—Receipts 5000. Sheep and lambs, steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.75; fair to choice mixed, $5@5.50; western sheep, $5@6.75; native lambs, $5.50@7.80; western lambs, $4.50@7.80.

CONDITION OF WHEAT.

Washington, April 10.—The government report shows the average condition of winter wheat on April 1 was 97.3 against 78.7 on same date last year.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that retail and wholesale trade alike were active. North Dakota dealers being the heaviest buyers. Horses were well represented and the aggregate outlet the largest of the season. Values:

Drafters, extra.....$180@215
Drafters, choice.....150@180
Drafters, common to good.....125@150
Farm mares, extra.....135@150
Farm mares, choice.....120@135
Farm mares, common to good....80@120

TAKE TO THE WOODS.

Mexico City, April 10.—News from Belize, otherwise known as British Honduras, of the exploits of British sailors, who, it is alleged, seized a sloop, fitted it out as a pirate craft and set forth. They seized an American fruit vessel and took her away. Then alarmed over the consequences of their act of piracy they returned to the mainland and fled to the jungle where they are still in hiding.

A Man, His Neckwear, And Ericson's!

Let it be any man—who, we're not particular. If it's neckwear then we are particular—Ericson's goods are always particularly good, so with our neckwear—it's a splendid line, of pretty effects in all the new ideas. Will gladly show you. Here's two descriptions:

New Style Ties.

Easter Ties—Fine quality silk, four-in-hand, beautifully embroidered with silk at
50c.

The Midget Tie—Pure silk, in black, blue, and in mixtures. Some with dots
25c.

Hawe's Hats—Fedoras and derbys, latest block. You know them. We know them—$3.00.

Chas. W. Ericson,
The Clothier,
219 West Superior St.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.
ZENOTA FLOUR
DULUTH, MINN.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 10th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Henry E. Harris, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Julius Abrahamson, one of the administrators of the estate of Henry E. Harris, deceased, representing among other things, that the administrators have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 10th day of April, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 10-17-24, 1903

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop, Barbour Lathrop and Albert S. Chase applicants to have registered the land described as follows: The southeast quarter (SE¼) of Section thirty-three (33) in Township fifty-one (51) north of Range thirteen (13) West of the Fourth Principal Meridian, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the Government survey thereof,

Plaintiffs,
vs.
Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, City of Duluth, Charles Johnson, James Gains, Merchants & Manufacturers Exchange, Gilbert G. Thorne as Receiver of the Keystone National Bank, a banking corporation, Agnes Callender, Silas W. Phelps as Administrator of the Estate of Ada Phelps, Deceased, John H. Dight, as Receiver after judgment in the case of Luther Mendenhall et al., against the Duluth Dry Goods Company et al., and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicants plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court in said county within twenty days days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicans plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this ninth day of April, A. D. 1903.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. A. Liedel, Deputy.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 10-17-24, 1903.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

Chicago, April 10.—A receiver was today appointed to take charge of the affairs of the Mississippi Valley Stove company, whose factory is at Fulton, Ill. The company is said to have consented to the entry of judgment for $66,000.

Alas for the weather that now prevails;
Poor little Cupid stays in and quails.
Rain on the left of him-rain on the right,
Isn't he glad to be in-the wight.
Let him be idle at least tonight.

APRIL.

LIKE PING PONG.

The Governor of Bumbleschoot (presenting native monarch)—Daughter, this King Kong.

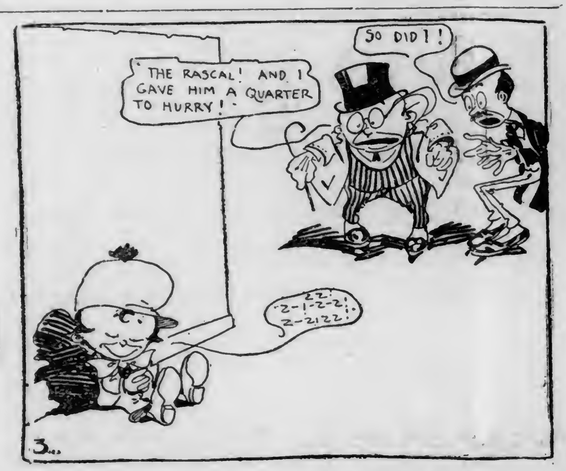
"Oh! how perfectly lovely, popper. Can't you make him into some kind of a me?"

TWEEDLEDUM, TWEEDLEDEE AND THE OTHER TRIPLET.

Poor Little "Other Triplet" is again the victim.

Mr. Bumbleton Tweedledum would give a boy a quarter to rush a message.

And Mr. Simms entrusts Tweedledee with a similar message.



They both happen to meet the "Other Triplet" enjoying a siesta.

And THIS happens.

"This bird on my new hat is a 'Bird of Paradise.'"
"The poor man who has to sit behind it at the theatre won't call it that."

Tramp—Lady, your dog just bit me.
Lady—Great Heavens! I'm so sorry. How he must have suffered. Did he die quietly?

"I don't care if it is Lent, I can't keep on eating fish."
"Well, you can have eggs in any form."
"Then give me chicken every day."

MUSTN'T SLIGHT 'EM.

She—It seems it's not a serious offense to try to bribe a member of Congress.
He—Oh! my, no; it's a serious offense not to try to.

UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

The chase of the fox is one thing, but—

A bear in the field! Well, that's different.

The Toreador Girl—What have you ordered for supper tonight?
The Angel—Lobster!
The Toreador Girl—Oh! you cannibal!

BUTTED IN OCCASIONALLY.

First Goat—How are you getting along now?
Second Goat—Oh! I'm making headway.

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$4000 Takes 7-room modern house and 50-foot lot on East Second street in fine location.

$1200 Takes 50-foot corner in East End. All improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO.. 202-203 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Duluth-Superior Traction Company Common Stock. The cash is waiting for you. Communicate at once with

The WILLIAM KAISER CO.
106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth. Both 'phones.

NORTHERN HOMESTAKE Mining Co. Stock.

Only 20c a share. First and lowest price.
THE WILLIAM KAISER CO.,
106 Palladio Building.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS. State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 27th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ransom B. Shove, deceased:

Letters of testamentary on the estate of Ransom B. Shove, deceased, late of the County of Herkimer, State of New York, being granted to Sophia Shove, Frank Lankton and Carlos Lankton.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 29th day of June 1903 at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County of St. Louis, Minn.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 27th day of March, A. D. 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of the Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
RICHARDSON & DAY.
Attorneys for Executors.
Duluth Evening Herald—March 27, April 3-10, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

George W. Foster, Plaintiff,
vs.
John C. Foster and Lucy A. Foster, Defendants.

State of Minnesota, to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis Co., Minn., and to serve a copy of your said answer on the subscribers at their offices, in the Moorehead National Bank Building, Moorhead, Minn., within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

TILLOTSON & CAMPBELL,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Moorhead, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-20-27-April 3-10-17-24-May-1-1903.

SUMMMONS, MONEY DEMAND COMPLAINT FILED.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

Albert C. Floan and Bertram Leveroos, copartners as Floan and Leveroos, Plaintiffs.
against
John Ekline, Defendant

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complain of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Municipal Court of the City of Duluth, in and for the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at my office in the City of Duluth, 300 Manhattan Block, in said County, within ten days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Forty-eight Dollars and Sixty Cents, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 1st day of January 1901, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated March 4th, 1903.
GEO. F. DAVIS.
Plaintiff's Attorney.
300 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., March 12, 1903. Sealed proposals for furnishing 6,000 barrels Portland cement for concrete superstructure to breakwater at Marquette, Mich., will be received here until noon, April 11, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt., Engrs.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 12-13-14-16, April 9-10, 1903.

MILLINERY.

MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

30 acres on French River. Lays well. Price per acre..... $4.25
40 acres near Proctorknott at one-half price if sold quick.
175 ft. on 5th street and 5th avenue West. Will sell 25 or 50 foot lots.
3 lots, corner Gosnold and 88th Ave., West Duluth. Cheap..... $700
Houses in all parts of the city and small lots of acres close in.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A spiritualist meeting Sunday evening, April 12th, at the Agen hall, corner of Sixth and Tower, West Superior.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—FOR GOOD trunk, 23 volumes of Shakespeare's works, bound in morocco. Address, O. 81, Herald.

MADAME QUINN TELLS YOUR whole life at 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, few days only.

MRS. BENDIXEN CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

WATCH REPAIRING.

CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 333 West Michigan street.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS McGOWAN HAS JUST RETurned from New York and is prepared to fill all orders for the very latest styles in dressmaking. 209 Masonic Temple.

FRESH FISH.

D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETail in all kinds of fresh fish. 208 East First St., Duluth. Zenith phone 1122.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, DOUGlas county farm lands for house in Duluth or Superior. 1231 East Third street.

WANTED—$2000 ON GOOD SECURITY for 3 and 6 years. R. 24 Herald.

HARNESS MAKING.

ALL KINDS—FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 702-4.

MEDICAL.

GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 514 Torrey building.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 9, 1903.

In the matter of the Guardianship of Bernt Berntsen, Minor:

On reading and filing the petition of Maren Berntsen, guardian of the above named minor, representing among other things that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the County of St. Louis, Minnesota, and for the benefit of the said ward the same should be leased for mining purposes, and setting forth in said petition that the said lands contain veins and deposits of iron ore of merchantable quality, for which royalties be obtained by leasing the same for mining purposes, and setting forth the character and value of such deposits and the terms and conditions of the proposed mining lease, and praying for license to lease the same; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from such petition that for the benefit of said ward, said real estate should be so leased for mining purposes:

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday the 4th day of May, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock A. M. at the court house in the City of Duluth in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted for the leasing of said real estate for mining purposes, according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three succesive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 9th day of April, 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF.
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 10-17-24, 1903.

PAINTING AND DECORATING!

WM. B. BRADLEY & SON have opened a place of business at 25 East First street, and are prepared to do House and Sign Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Hardwood Finishing, Paperhanging, Wall-tinting, etc. The senior partner has had forty years experience in the above lines of the trade. We ask a share of your patronage. New 'phone 900.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 211 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1600 7-room house, water, sewer porcelain bath, stationary wash bowl. Centrally located. Easy terms.

$1200 5-room house, almost new; on Seventh street, near Second avenue East.

$1200 Fine 7-room house on corner lot in West End. Monthly payments.

$2000 For good house and full 50-foot lot on Second street in Endion.

$2200 Buys 200 feet on West Fourth street. Will sell inside 50 feet for $500.

$1350 Buys 8-room house in good condition and two lots in West Duluth.

$8 per acre for 80 acre farm near the Jean Duluth Stock farm. Good buildings, partly cleared.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul., 915 Tower, W. Sup. Both 'phones

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

FOR SALE — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE with large lot 50 by 132. No. 4210 West Fifth street.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE CONnecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence bldg. Phone 1190-2.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—MONEY BY ARMOUR PACKing company's West Duluth salesman, C. Polisky.

LOST—WEDNESDAY, LADY'S SILVER watch, hunting case, on Superior street or First avenue west. Reward. 314 Fourth avenue west.

LOST—WILL PERSON TAKING VAlise from West Duluth car at West Duluth, last Sunday, leave same at Spencer's Drug store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — VERY DESIRABLE store on Superior street; most central location. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STORE 20 EAST FOURTH street. Old 'phone 171-3 rings.

FURS STORED.

AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANufacturing furrier, 106 West Superior street. Phone 230—4.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.
Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.
WESTERN LOAN CO.
Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
206 Palladio Bldg. New 'phone 883.

YOU Can get money on easy terms if permanently employed with responsible concerns, from the Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith, 761. 301 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $4.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Sup. St. Upstairs.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old 765-5.

OSTEOPATHY.

WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

PERSONAL.

HAVE YOU ANY OFFICE WORK TO do? Accounts made out and collected? If you have any work of this kind to do enquire, O. 24, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.
Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

FOR SALE---MISCELLANEOUS

GASOLINE ENGINE SALE April 7 to 14 —

1½ horse power stationary engines, equipped with tanks, batteries and spark coil $58.50, with city gas attachment $10.00 extra. Just the thing for chopping meat, pumping water, running ice cream freezers, etc. After April 15th will be at our new location Minnesota Point, two blocks below ferry dock. Duluth Gas Engine Works. Old 'phone 175-4.

FOR SALE—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE and lot; cheap if taken at once. Call 2833 West Third street.

FOR SALE — BABY BUGGY AND small gas heater, cheap. 118 Mesaba avenue, Flat 4.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GOOD BICYCLE in first-class condition.

FOR SALE—BUFFETS, CHINA CLOSets, ladies' writing desks at the lowest prices in the city. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, ELEGANT PARlor organ can be seen at 307 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows from Wisconsin has just arrived at John H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—PIANO—FINE WALNUT, upright; very cheap; fully warranted. I have no use for it. C. O. Kristensen, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — BEST STUDEBAKER phaeton; good as new; cheap, if taken at once. W. M. Stahl. 543 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-FIVE STYLES dining tables from $4.75 to $45.00 on sale now. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — FINE OAK FOLDING bed, refrigerator, chiffonier, hair mattress, bed springs, couch, rockers, commode, extension table and large variety of household articles, to be sold at once. Capt. C. P. Bragg, second floor 317 Third avenue east, at rear house during day.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS A great number of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — THE CONTENTS OF A well furnished 5-room flat for sale, including one piano, goods used just six months; flat also for rent. 115 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE — ANOTHER SHIPMENT dining chairs from 65 cents to $4.75 on sale now. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street. The low price furniture store.

FOR SALE — 75,000 FEET NO. 4 AND 5 dry boards. Mill at Forty-fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—FORTY COTTON TOP fibre filled mattresses on sale. $3.50 mattresses for $2.30. $4.00 mattresses, $2.95. T. W. Cameron, the low price furniture store, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, DOUBLE SEATed surrey and single cutter. 229 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE — PROCTOR HOTEL, FURnished, doing good business. Address Proctor, Minn.

CLEARING SALE SIDEBOARDS—$45.00 sideboard, $33.50; $40.00 sideboard, $28.85; $35.00 sideboard, $27.00; $19.00 sideboard, $13.50. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A COMFORTABLE HOME suitable for a dairy; good water. Price $1200. Address 1822 West Second street.

FOR SALE—YOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT piano, $125 takes it. Can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE—THE HERALD IS THE paper to keep you posted on fresh milch cow sales at Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm.

FOR SALE—FIFTY BED SPRINGS—$5.00 grade for $3.50; $3.50 springs only $2.45. Come here for low prices. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; eggs for hatching, etc., J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

FOR SALE—BABY BUGGY, $3—CALL Saturday evening or Sunday from 9 to 2. 306 East Eighth street, upstairs.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth. Minn.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices M'f'rs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—CHAMBER GIRL; $5 PER week. Don't apply unless you want work. 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 123 West Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Bostwick Flats "A", 421 West Third street.

WANTED—LAUNDRY GIRL — RALSton House, 122 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR RESTAURANT work. 2004 West Superior street.

WANTED—ONE WAIST FINISHER and two Shirt Makers. 209 Masonic Temple.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in a small family. 215 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 31 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GIRL for general housework. Apply 207 West Third street, or 307 Temple building.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Apply at 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST AT LIGHT work and plain sewing. 3 Baldwin flats, 717 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. No cooking, 1123½ East third st.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG SECOND girl at 305 East Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SEWING girl; also one apprentice. Call, 525 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 2231 West Superior street, Flat 1.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Two in family. 312½ West Fifth street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO WASH AND iron. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL 13 OR 15 years, one who can sleep at home nights, 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STARCHer. Acme laundry.

WANTED — A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; private boarding house. Mrs. Kiletsch, 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 EAST SUperior street. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

SPICER-FANNING CO. Want

Experienced saleslades for cloak department—also experienced seamstress for alteration room. Apply to Mr. Brinkman.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.
Wash goods salesman. Apply at once.
Gray-Tallant Co.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Years saved by our method of practical experience, instructions, etc.; $15 weekly paid graduates. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

Salesmen
The Hawks Nursery Co.,
Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — BILL CLERK, FAMILIAR with railway or steamship work. Address P. O. Box 442. State experience.

WANTED — AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED press feeder at O. F. Collier's, 18 Lake avenue north.

WANTED—TWO GOOD PAINTERS—Apply H. Bartlett, 118 Fourth avenue west.

SOLICITORS WANTED TO SELL A staple line of household goods in Duluth and adjoining towns. Good inducements to first-class men. Woodward Supply Co., 313 East Superior street.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FIRST class coat makers and pant makers; also reliable errand boy. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix Block.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—CONTINUED.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman. Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED JANITOR for Manhattan building. Apply to head janitor.

WANTED—COMPETENT GROOM TO care for, feed and clean my driving horses, and make himself generally useful around barn. Must understand his business as I am particular. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED—PANTS AND COAT MAKER. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MAN AND WIFE WHO would like to take part of house for light housekeeping, situated within easy walking distance of postoffice. Address A. 22, Herald.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE—Modern conveniences; water included. $30 per month. Call, 616 East Fourth St.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room, 7 Mason Flats.

FOR RENT—SIXTEEN-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for roomers or boarders; central; furniture for sale. S 41, Herald.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY G. H. Crosby, 106 Provid. bldg. Phone 24.

FOR RENT — BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house in Park terrace; possession May 1. 205 Lyceum.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room, 220 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board for one or two gentleman in private family, 632 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 705 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FURnished room. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FOUR NICELY FURnished rooms, with use of telephone. N 62, Herald.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT. MODern conveniences. Possession at once. Inquire Bridgeman & Russell, 16 West First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS, 1826 WEST Second street, with bath and hot water heat. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FLAT IN West Duluth, four rooms, $10.50. Inquire 718 West Fifth street, city.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—LARGE BASEment room (above ground) for six months or longer for storage of household goods. C. J. N., Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED house; central location. R. 81, Herald.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End, Address X 89 Herald.

WANTED—3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY ATTENDING BUSINESS college wants place to board in private family, where she can feel more like one of the family. Must be central. Address O 82, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; all modern conveniences. 1222 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two, 218 West Third street.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue West.

UPHOLSTERY.

CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED POSITION AS ENGINEER, stationary or portable, by experienced man; can furnish first-class certificate; also experienced in blacksmithing. Andrew Hoverson, 632 West Superior St.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE, WITH BUSIness experience, wants steady work for advancement. Address, 208 Twentieth avenue west.

WANTED, BY SEAMSTRESS, SEWING by the day in families. O. 79, Herald.

WANTED — BY WOMAN, HOUSEcleaning. Call 7 West First street, upstairs, Mrs. E. Carlson.

ADVERTISER SEEKS POSITION AS bookkeeper, considerable experience, highest references. Address O 73, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER wants a position to take charge of rooms. Address, O. 42, Herald.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SIX OR SEVENroom house; centrally located; price not over $2250. State particulars. Address, X. 10, Herald.

PAINTING & DECORATING.

HARDWOOD FINISHING, WALL PAper and paints. Permanere floor varnish. L. Frost, 117 1st Ave. W. Zen. phone, 948.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

HAIRDRESSING.

HYDRA-VACU FACE TREATMENT, manicuring. Expert work. Miss M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St., Zenith phone 1318.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS building. Best work; moderate prices.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER Hendricksen. 333 West Michigan street.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—DULUTH Stove Repair works, C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 West Superior street.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Superior St. Phones old 1003-2; new 1303.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended, for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED TO ITS ORIginal color. Knauf Sisters' Hairdressing parlors, 101 W. Sup. St. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL—DEPOSITIONS taken. 307 First National Bank building. Phones, Zenith, 831; Duluth, 544.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Ten years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

C. C. STAACKE, OPTICAL SPECIALIST —New Jersey building, Third floor. Thorough satisfaction guaranteed.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 6, 1903. Work—First degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 13, 1903. Work, Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, April 15, 1903. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 7, 1903. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred Lo Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storm, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 425½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

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24 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** SEUTION ONE. PAGES 1 to 12.

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1903. TWO CENTS.

AN EXTENSION OF THE MERIT SYSTEM

To the Dairy and Food Bureau Is Proposed.

Board of Health Said to Be Too Expensive.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A civil service system for the state dairy and food department is provided for in a bill introduced in the house this morning by J. R. Morley, of Owatonna. All employes of the department, except the dairy and food commissioner himself, are to be appointed on a merit basis and without regard to political affiliation. A board of examiners is created, consisting of the dairy and food commissioner, the professor of dairy husbandry at the State university, and the president of the State Dairymen's association. There are to be two examinations every year, at the state capitol, and discrimination on political grounds is prohibited and made the subject of a fine of $50 to $500. When vacancies occur, the board must certify three names to the proper appointing powers, from the list of eligibles on hand, and the appointment must be made from this list. Temporary appointments may be made without examination in emergencies, but they cannot continue over two months. Present employes hold until January, 1905, when they come under the same system.

Nils Nyquist, of Blue Earth, introduced a bill creating a state inspector of semi-graded and rural schools at a salary of $2200 a year and traveling expenses, limited to $1300 a year.

The house passed five bills under suspension of the rules, among them being the bill increasing the salary of the assistant clerk of the municipal court of Duluth from $900 to $1100, and increasing the fees for transcripts by the stenographer of the same court from 5 cents to 10 cents a folio.

The special committee appointed to investigate the accounts of the state game and fish commission, got until April 18 to finish its work as it reported that it could not finish in the time allowed.

The house decided not to heed the request of the committee on public accounts and expenditures that the report of the state board of health be printed. It was claimed that it would be too expensive and would come in too late in the session to do any good. Chairman Von Wald, of the committee, said the report showed that the house ought to have a chance to look over the report.

The bill amending the Torrens law so as to place the fixing of the compensation of examiners of titles in the hand of the district court instead of the county board, was passed.

(Continued on Page 7.)

SHAMROCK I DEFEATS NEW BOAT ON TIME ALLOWANCE

Work of the Challenger Is Disappointing.

Real Test Fails to Bear Out First Success.

Weymouth, Eng., April 11.—The first contest today of the challenger for the America's cup under actual racing conditions was distinctly disappointing to those who exulted so much at the results of the preliminary trials. The Shamrock I won on her handicap allowance, the new craft only beating her six and a half minutes over a course 34 miles long. On the first half of the course the challenger outsailed the older boat handsomely, but in the fresher wind on the second turn she little more than held her own. This was only partially explained by a fluke of wind, which favored the Shamrock I and enabled her to gain considerable ground on the second beat.

Weymouth, April 11.—The course for the first real contest between the two Shamrocks under strict racing conditions was altered today to one of 34 miles instead of 42 miles, as announced yesterday. The starting line was off Portland, thence easterly to a mark off Lulworth cove and back across the mouth of Weymouth bay to a mark off Portland and thence home, twice round.

The handicap allowance of Shamrock I was not officially declared prior to the start, but it was understood to be ten minutes.

A fine, fresh west-southwest breeze of sufficient strength to cause the yachts to make fast sailing, was blowing as the two Shamrocks maneuvered for position.

During this jockeying the Shamrock III proved both faster and handier, and Capt. Wringe had easily the best of the start. The Shamrock I being to the weather of the challenger, drew out and was two or three lengths ahead as they bore away for the run. The starting times were Shamrock III, 10:00:08; Shamrock I, 10:00:23.

The boats quickly squared away, set spinnakers, and the new boat immediately opened out, constantly increasing her lead from her opponent as they ran toward Lulworth cove. The wind remained fresh and steady as they ran across on the first leg of the course. The Shamrock I followed dead in the wake of the cup challenger but was quite unable to hold her. In twenty minutes' running the challenger gained two minutes. The times off White Nose were: Shamrock III, 10:22:30; Shamrock I, 10:24:35.

Throughout the rest of the run the new boat continued to prove that she was much faster than the older boat down the wind. The timings on turning the Lulworth cove mark were: Shamrock III, 10:40:03; Shamrock I, 10:42:55.

Dropping their spinnakers the boats luffed and came on the wind for the beat to windward across the bay towards Portland. A couple of long boards were sailed and the challenger, going handsomely, lifted to windward through the smooth water. Before they

(Continued on Page 7.)

THE LAUNCHING OF THE RELIANCE

Thousands of People Gather at Bristol to Witness Initial Plunge of New Defender.

THE RELIANCE AS SHE WILL APPEAR WHEN COMPLETED.

The new cup defender Reliance cost about $275,000 and was built by a group of American millionaires, all members of the New York Yacht club, custodian of the famous old America's cup. C. Oliver Iselin is managing owner of the yacht.

Bristol, R. I., April 11.—Final preparations were being made today to launch the new cup defender Reliance. Her initial plunge is scheduled to take place at 5:30 this afternoon. The weather conditions were ideal and the day was made a gala one in Bristol. Flags were displayed from many buildings and at the Herreshoff works. Moored off the end of the dock, the tender of the Reliance, the steamer Sunbeam, was fancifully decorated with flags. C. Oliver Iselin, the managing owner of the Reliance, spent today on the Sunbeam and received a large number of invited guests. Many yachtsmen have come from New York to see the launching. The workmen have knocked away the doors at the end of the shop, so that the yacht may pass easily into the water. Although the boat was still somewhat hidden by the staging, it was possible, by rowing into the dock, to obtain a good look at her after end. It could be seen that the Reliance was more of a skimming dish than any boat the Herreshoffs have constructed for a cup defender. Her floor is very flat and there is scarcely any bilge, her stern running well under and not deepening into the keel for many feet. The rudder post has a decided rake and the fin is very thin. The boat has considerable beam and looks as if she would be a decided contrast to the Constitution when afloat.

DUPLICITY OF RUSSIANS

Shown In Their Dealings With Representatives Appointed to Assist the National History Museum of New York In North Pacific Exploration.

St. Petersburg, April 11.—The Osvobozhdenie, the Russian radical organ, published in Germany, prints the following:

In 1899 the Natural History museum, of New York, asked the Imperial Academy of Sciences to name two Russian scientists to participate in the Asiatic portion of the Jesup North Pacific exploration. The academy named Vladimir Bogoroz and Vladimir Yokhelson, who had spent ten years in exile in the extreme northeast of Siberia. Before elaving St. Petersburg both Bogoroz and Yokhelson received from the ministry open letters in he following form:

"No. 18602 open letter.

"By the order of his majesty the Emperor Nicholas Alexandovich, autocrat of all the Russians, etc., etc., etc., all persons and authorities under the jurisdiction of the ministry of the interior are commanded to afford the bearer of this every lawful assistance in the execution of the task assigned to him. This letter is given to Vladimir Hermanovich Bogoroz (No. 18602 to Vladimir Ilich Yokhelson), a member of the expedition of the New York Museum of Natural History to the extreme northwest of America and teh northeast of Asia for the study of the native Chouktchees, Koriaks and Ukagirs, and for the formation of ethnographic collections for the museum of the imperial academy of sciences."

The Osvobozhdenie prints Minister Sipiaguines personal signature, the countersignature and other attestations of the document, and says that the imperial academy of sciences and the geographical society wrote to the higher authorities of Siberia, recommending their protegees.

"In the meantime," it continues, "Minister of the Interior Sipiaguine, soon after delivering the open letters sent to those same Siberian authorities a confidential letter of wholly contrary contents, as may be seen from the following very interesting secret document:

"April 28, 1900, No. 355, secret.—The governor of Irkoutsk to the police commanders of the Irkoutsk territory: The general governor of Irkoutsk, in accordance with a confidential letter of the minister of the interior of February 19, with an addendum of March 20, has asked me to institute a strict surveillance over the former political exiles, Vladimir Bogoroz and Vladimir Yokhelson, who are expected this summer in the Amour and Irkoutsk territories as members of the expedition of the New York Museum of Natural History for the formation of collections and for the study of the natives living in the extreme northeast of Siberia, and has informed me that, in view of the former anti-governmental activity of Bogoroz and Yokhelson, it will be wholly out of place to render them any assistance whatever in the pursuit of the labors entrusted to them. In communicating this I intend hereby to give orders for the establishment of a strict surveillance over the acts and conduct of the aforesaid persons."

The Osvobozhdenie states that Messrs. Bogoroz and Yokhelson met with secret and sometimes with open opposition. The Osvobozhdenie relates that their request for aid elicited a secret letter from he governor of Irkoutsk territory to the police commanders of Kolymsk, in which the latter is ordered to carry out the instructions of April 28. Only their own knowledge of the local conditions enabled the scientists to execute their plans, says the Osvobozhdenie.

In conclusion, the Osvobozhdenie ironically asks if Minister Sipiaguine was afraid of Bogoroz and Yokhelson spreading Separatist ideas among the Aborigines?

ANTI-TRADING STAMP BILL CAUSE OF MUCH CONTENTION

Attorney General Says Original Bill Is Unconstitutional and Has Prepared a Substitute—Bill Closing Saloons on Primary Election Days Has Passed.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

St. Paul, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The anti-trading stamp bill is having a tumultuous career in its journey through the Minnesota legislature.

Declared to be unconstitutional by the attorney general and again by the sub-committee from the judiciary committee that was asked to pass upon its constitutionality, an attempt was made yesterday afternoon to get it reported back to the house.

L. C. Stevenson, of Minneapolis, chairman of the committee, absolutely refused to put a motion to report it without recommendation, and broke up the meeting of the committee by leaving the room.

Mr. Stevenson has opposed the bill all along, and in the belief that it is unconstitutional, in his opposition to the bill generally, and to the fact that there was not a quorum of the committee present, is to be found the excuse for his action in quitting the committee meeting.

Attorney General Douglas, when he made up his mind that the bill is unconstitutional, set to work to get up a substitute, which he sent in with his report yesterday. It does not attempt to drive the trading stamp people out of business, but it hedges them about with restrictions that may be uncomfortable.

It provides that whenever such stamps are issued their actual value to the holder must be stamped across their face. They must be redeemable either in goods or in coin of the realm, at the option of the holder, and they must be redeemed at any time. This will do away with the present practice of the trading stamp people of requiring holders to get a certain amount of stamps before they can buy anything.

The judiciary committee is seriously divided on the matter, and there are friends of the original bill that want to put it through regardless of the legal opinions that it is unconstitutional. The fight is not yet done.

* * *

Senator Laybourn's grand jury bill was favorably recommended by the house judiciary committee yesterday afternoon. This is the bill that proposes an amendment to the constitu-

(Continued on Page 3.)

VANDERBILT WAS HOT

Horsewhips a Photographer and Finds He Made a Mistake.

Newport, R. I., April 11.—Reginald C. Vanderbilt yesterday horsewhipped a photographer in the presence of his fiancee, Miss Cathleen Neilson, who was driving with him.

Mr. Vanderbilt and Miss Neilson were riding down Bellevue avenue. Just as they reached the Reading room, the fashionable men's club, the young man halted his trap and started to run across to Hilltop cottages, all of which have been engaged for his friends for Tuesday's wedding, when half a dozen photographers aimed their cameras at the couple.

"Stop, stop," shouted Mr. Vanderbilt, throwing his hand across his face. But the cameras were slowly focused. Beside himself with rage, the young man snatched his English whip from the trap and brought it down lustily again and again upon the nearest camera man.

"I'll sue you for damages," shouted the photographer, trying to protect his face from the stinging cuts.

"I don't care," yelled Vanderbilt. "I'll teach you a lesson."

"I was only taking pictures of the cottages across the street," protested the photographer, "when you came along." Realizing that, perhaps, he had made a mistake, young Vanderbilt sheathed his whip and started towards a policeman, who was running along the street at the sight of the disturbance.

"I have stood everything, but I won't stand that," he declared.

"I'm sorry, sir," said the policeman, "but these photographers were trying to take pictures of the house across the street."

REGINALD VANDERBILT.

At that Mr. Vanderbilt whipped up and drove away. Subsequently he tried to have the report of the affair removed from the police blotter, but it was too late.

Frederick and Louise Agree to Forget the Past.

The Giron Elopement Never to Be Mentioned Again.

New York, April 11.—Crown Princess Louise of Saxony, who eloped on Dec. 11 with Andre Giron, he tutor of her children, and her husband, the crown prince of Saxony, are to be reunited next week, according to a dispatch from Berlin, says the Paris correspondent of the World.

The reconcilation is to be effected for the sake of the dynasty and their children. It is announced that the crown prince will visit the crown princess at Salsbourg next week and that they will immediately be remarried. It is reported they have agreed to this course and have pledged each other not to refer to the past.

A dispatch from Salsbourg confirms the above, stating the reconciliation is complete.

TURKS ARE ALARMED.

Fear Death of Consul Will Cause Trouble.

Constantinople, April ..—The news of the death of M. Stcherbitz, the Russian consul at Mitrovitza, European Turkey, who was shot by an Albanian sentinel recently at that place, has greatly alarmed the authorities here, who, as a result, anticipate complications with Russia.

Consular reports from Monastir show that the anarchal conditions prevailing there are becoming more acute. Assassinations of both Christian and Musselman are increasing. In the district of Prilep, during the past week, no less than fifty Christians were killed by Musselmans.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A widow's pension of $8 per month has been granted to Matilda E. Knappen, of Ten Strike, Minn.

BROOKLYN KIDS FIGHT FATAL DUEL

Chicago, April 11.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from New York says: With pistols for weapons and the distance twenty paces two boys in knickerbockers fought a duel last night at Fulton street and Broadway, Brooklyn. Michael Telasco, aged 11., dropped at the crack of his adversary's pistol. The surgeons at Bushwick Central hospital said the wound would be fatal. Joseph Gosang, aged 13, was arrested and locked up charged with attempted murder. Gosang and Telasco had been playmates.

SMALLPOX ON A PULLMAN CAR

Jamestown, N. Y., April 11.—The colored porter of a Pullman car attached to an eastbound Erie train was taken ill at Meadville last night, and a message was sent to this city for a physician to prescribe for him when the train arrived. The examination showed that he had smallpox. The car was quickly quarantined, with all of its passengers. It was sidetracked, and much against the protest of the passengers was left here when the train departed. Later it was attached to another train and proceeded toward New York, still under close quarantine. The porter was placed in another car by himself and remained here under strict quarantine. All the passengers submitted to vaccination.

INSANE PATIENTS BRUTALLY TREATED IN KENTUCKY ASYLUM

Disclosures of a Startling Nature Made at the Investigation Into Charges of Cruelty Made Against Attendants at the Lakeland Hospital.

Louisville, Ky., April 11.—As the result of an investigation into the charges of alleged cruelty on the part of the attendants of the Lakeland Insane asylum, situated about eleven miles from this city, some disclosures of a startling nature have been made. A number of patients have testified before the investigating committee that they have been the victims of acts of cruelty and some of the witnesses stated that they feared to tell all they knew on account of the fact that they would suffer at the hands of the attendants at the close of the examination.

According to the testimony of several witnesses, one of the favorite forms of punishment for slight infractions of rules on the part of the patients was a beating with a slung shot formed of a sock in which a potato or some other hard vegetable had been placed.

Some of the patients declared they had been frequently choked. One had been taken into a back room and tied to a chair, an attendant flogging with a leather belt. The witness who told this story did not know what had occurred in the back room, however. Bruises on the breast and legs of one of the patients was shown as proof that he had been kicked by the attendants and it was developed that shower baths were also used as a means of punishment, the patients being held while cold water was allowed to drip on them. Two attendants, after being closely questioned admitted that they had kicked and choked patients, but stated that they had been forced to do so in self-defense as they had been attacked.

The investigating committee will continue its labors next week, and it is expected that a report will soon be prepared for the board of commissioners of the asylum under whose supervision the investigation is being conducted.

All Laundries Are Not the Best

There is as much difference in laundries and their methods as there is in hotels and their service.

Good, Bad, Indifferent.

You should know your laundry and investigate the methods by which your clothes are handled. The Yale is always open to visitors and we are glad to show the whole process.

YALE LAUNDRY CO.,

Both 'Phones 479. 30-32 E. First St.

Dr. Mitchell's Testimonials Are Unsolicited.

The letters and testimonials received by Dr. Mitchell would form a large volume if published. We doubt whether a book was ever written containing so much sad experience, such records of despair, such pathetic appeals and so much of gladness and exultation over restored health and vigor as is contained in his many thousands of letters. Many marvelous cures have been published in the daily papers the past year regarding the worth of his treatment. His letters are tokens of gratitude from persons who had been given up as incurable; some had not walked for years, some were deaf and some were blind; some were given up to die; this treatment is a life-saver, and such cures as Dr. Mitchell is making never were heard of and people are flocking to the city as a last resort to consult this great healer who has restored health to so many who had given up all hope of ever being cured. Many writers have given Dr. Mitchell full permission to publish their letters, while many of the most important and wonderful cases are not published from the fact that many persons who have suffered for years from the most dangerous and loathsome diseases would not wish to have their names published to the world as having been cured of these complaints, feeling so thankful from their escape from the terrible position in which they were placed, are willing to point out to their suffering fellow men the road to health and have given the doctor permission to refer others to them by private letter, which he is always pleased to do.

Anyone suffering with any disease and have failed to get cured, should consult Dr. Mitchell and get his valuable advice. His treatment is nature's cure. Office at 17 East Superior street.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. Sundays 10 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 8:30. Zenith 'phone 579.

BRAZILIAN COFFEE.

New York, April 11.—Assurance is given here, says the Herald's representative in Rio Janeiro, that the government will oppose any such drastic measure to relieve the market as the levying of a duty on the exportation of coffee. The planters and merchants in attendance at the coffee congress have adopted several methods for the solution of the present crisis, caused by the excess of production and the falling prices in European markets and it is hoped that these will result successfully.

Don't Neglect a Cough.—Take Piso's Cure for Consumption in time. By Druggists. 25c.

DO NOT DOSE THE STOMACH.

Cures Catarrh by Nature's Own Method—Every Breath of Hyomei Brings Relief.

Nearly every one who has catarrh knows how foolish it is to try and cure it by drugging the stomach. Temporary relief may be given, but a cure seldom comes.

Until recently our physician would have said the only way to cure catarrh would be to have a change of climate; but now with Hyomei you can carry a health-giving climate in your vest pocket and by breathing it a few minutes four times a day soon cure yourself.

The complete outfit of Hyomei costs but $1.00 and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest pocket, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a lifetime, and there is enough Hyomei for more than a month's treatment of catarrh. If one bottle does not cure, an extra bottle of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents. It is the most economical of all remedies advertised for the cure of catarrh, and is the only one that follows nature in her method of treating diseases of the respiratory organs.

S. F. Boyce has sold hundreds of Hyomei outfits and the more he sells, the more convinced he is that he is perfectly safe in guaranteeing to refund the money if Hyomei does not cure.

Those who are subject to catarrh or catarrhal colds will do themselves an injustice if they do not purchase a Hyomei outfit at once, so as to be prepared for the sudden changes of the season.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

All the Music of

The Chaperons

way below publishers' prices.

Complete score..... .....$2.00

$1.00 instrumental selections 45c

75c waltzes..... .... 35c

All the following pieces at, each.. .... 23c

FLOWERS,
WE'RE ALL GOOD FELLOWS,
WHEN I SANG MY LOW "C,"
IN MY OFFICIAL CAPACITY,
LOVE IN A PALACE IS BETTER (Duet),
YOU MUSTN'T BLAME THE COPPER, BLAME THE COOK,
MY SAMBO,
THE LITTLE MAID WHO COULDN'T SAY "NO,"
THE CHAPERON,
JUST A GENTLE TOUCH,
HAPPY WHEN WE EAT,
NOAH'S ARK,
MILLINERY MARY,
SOMEHOW IT MADE HIM THINK OF HOME,
LANCIERS, March and Schottische,

60c. It Seems Like Yesterday.. ..... 27c

60c. A Dream of a Bygone Day, (Duet)..... .... 27c

STUBBORN FIGHT

Was Put Up By Moros at Bacolod Before Defeat.

It Took Americans Three Days to Capture Forts.

Manila, April 11.—The investment of Bacolod, island of Mindanao, which was captured by Capt. Pershing's forces, after a fight in which 100 Moros were killed, occupied three days. The final assault was made at noon Wednesday. Desperate fighting took place inside the forts. Seven cannon were captured and eleven Americans (not three, as previously cabled) were wounded, a few of them seriously. It is probable that all of the Americans will recover. The column approached Bacolod early on Monday and found new forts, which had been a year under construction, flying battle flags. The Moros did not wait to be attacked, but fired a volley, which wounded two Americans. Capt. Pershing then decided to bombard the fortifications, and McNair's and Gatley's batteries took up positions and shelled the forts and works until Wednesday morning, the infantry and cavalry supporting the attack. Many of the Moros left the forts on Monday and Tuesday nights and escaped in boats on the lake. The assault on Wednesday was carefully prepared. The column carried forward a bamboo bridge, on which the troops crossed the moat under fire and afterward scaled the walls. The fighting inside the forts was most desperate. Sixty dead Moros were found inside the walls and forty were killed in the trenches. The whereabouts of the sultan of Bacolod is not known. He is believed to have escaped Monday night.

Maj. Gen Davis reached Pantar, north Lanao, yesterday. He is in communication with Capt. Pershing and has forwarded supplies to Maharin which is the destination of Pershings column.

Washington, April 11.—Gen. Davis has cabled the following report of Capt. Pershing's attack upon the Moro fortress at Bacolod:

"Manila, April 11, 8:25 a. m.—Adjutant General, Washington: Illean, April 11.—In pursuance of my orders, based upon the resolution of Gen. Samuels Sumner Capt. John J. Pershing started last Monday for exploration of the west coast of Lake Lanao. He visited many of the datto's per invitation. The Bacolod Moros have persistently defied us since we reached the lake and have kept war flags flying over their forts, which were reported the strongest on the lake. Repeated efforts were made to induce the sultan to come to Camp Vicars for a friendly talk, but he never came. When Captain Pershing approached the fort last Monday he was fired upon and two men were severely wounded. There was nothing left but to overcome the resistance. The place very strong, surrounded by a ditch thirty feet deep. The first attack drove the defenders out of the exterior trench.

"On April 8 the fort was assaulted and the ditch crossed, under fire, over a bamboo bridge made by the troops. The walls of the fort were scaled the Moros inside defending the place desperately. By 2 p. m. our troops were in full possession. Many of the Moros were killed. Complete list of casualties:

"Eleven wounded. Seven cannon, four lantakas and many other captured arms. * * * A previous study of the situation, careful preparation and disposition accounts for the small loss to our troops, so ably commanded by Capt. Pershing. He has moved forward to complete his exploration and visit the friendlies, his objective point being Marahui, where I have forwarded supplies from Pantar, near the outlet to lake. I spent last night there. The work on the Illean road is in good condition and progressing favorably. In a month wagons will be able to reach Marahui from there. Am leaving for Jolo tonight. DAVIS."

SCHLEY AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 11.—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley and Col. A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, arrived in Chicago last night from St. Paul on their way home from an extended trip through the West. Admiral Schley was tired and retired at once. Mrs. Schley and Mrs. McClure accompanied Admiral Schley and Col. McClure as do the Misses Welch and Curtin, of Philadelphia. The party will remain in Chicago until tomorrow evening when it will leave for the East.

SMASHES A WINDOW

Alex. Morgues Determined To Be Sent to Prison.

Breaks Plate Glass Front In Order to Get In Jail.

British cockney monologue is again filtering through the iron doors of the city jail.

Alex E. Morgues, self-confessed and self-surrendered blackmailer of English nobility, is once more voluntarily in custody.

He was released from the county jail yesterday afternoon and stood freedom for several hours, when he decided that he would rather be in jail. He then took a rock and, walking down East Superior street, he selected the nearest plate-glass window to police headquarters and hurled the rock through it. He then surrendered to Sergt. Thompson, and today he is anxious to be sent to prison for a term of years, if possible.

Morgues is only 25 years of age, well educated, and says that he is from a good family now living in London. He claims to have begun his criminal career at 15 years of age, when he became infatuated with a female thief and later married her.

Recently he came to Duluth from Winnipeg and surrendered himself, as he explained, rather than starve on the streets of Duluth. He said he was wanted by the Winnipeg police, and the chief of the Winnipeg department asked the local authorities to hold the young man. He was accordingly sent to the county jail for vagrancy, but he served the term out yesterday without the Canadian officers coming for him.

Liberty was as irksome to Morgues as prison is to most people, or a little more so, if his statements are to be believed. When arraigned in the blue room of the municipal court charged with breaking the window of Farrell & Turnbull at 120 East Superior street, he waived an examination and was held to the grand jury, expressing a desire that the grand jury should recommend a long term of imprisonment.

GIRLS PREDOMINATE.

Lead In Month of Greatest Number of Births.

Duluth has a new baby record.

One hundred and thirty-four were born during March. That breaks all previous monthly high-baby marks.

An anomoly in this new record is that there were more girl babies than boys—seventy-two being entitled to blue layettes and sixty-two to the pink.

All of the March reports have not been turned in as yet, and there is a strong probability that the final number will be 140 and possibly 150 babies for the month.

RUMMAGE SALE!

April 16, 17, and 18, by the Ladies' of St. Paul's Episcopal church. No. 8, Lake avenue South. Near viaduct.

CHANGES IN THE ARMY

Several Retirements on Account of Age and Advancement.

Washington, April 11.—Several important changes in the army occurred, Maj. Gen. Robert P. Hughes having reached the age of 64 years, which marks the limit of service on the active list, was placed on the retired list. He was recently relieved from duty in command in the department of California. Gen. Hughes began his military career as a private in the Twelfth Pennsylvania infantry in April, 1861. During the Spanish war he served as brigadier general of volunteers and because of his meritorious services during that brief war and subsequently in the Philippine command, he was appointed brigadier general of regulars in February, 1901, and major general in April, 1902. The vacancy in the grade of major general caused by Gen. Hughes retirement was today filled by the promotion of Brig. Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, inspector general of the army. That officer will be immediately retired and Brig. Gen. Marshall L. Ludington, quartermaster general of the army, will be promoted to the rank of general. Gen. Ludington will in turn be retired and the vacancy thus created will be filled by the appointment of Brig. Gen. James F. Wade to the grade of major general. The appointment of Gen. Wade will be permanent until his statutory retirement in April, 1907. Gen. Wade is now in command of the department of Luzon. On the statutory retirement of Maj. Gen. George W. Davis, in July next, Gen. Wade will succeed to the command of the division of the Philippines which includes all the military forces in those islands.

DEEP SNOW IN MUNICH.

Berlin, April 11.—It has been snowing at Munich since Thursday night. The snow lies deep in the highlands and it is feared that a quick return of warm weather may result in destructive floods.

SUGAR GOES UP.

New York, April 11.—Arbuckle Bros. have advanced the price of refined sugar 10 cents a hundred pounds, placing it on a basis of 4.60 cents net per pound.

$7,500.00 CASH

In Prizes to Family Cooks.

There will be 735 winners from $200 to $5.00, an honest and easily understood competition. Write Cookery Dept. No. 557 of

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.

Battle Creek, Mich.,

for instructions. Costs contestants nothing in any way.

SUBWAY IS OPENED

Private Car St. Louis Makes First Trip Through It.

Will Greatly Facilitate Traffic to West Duluth.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the Jenswold subway was formally opened to public traffic.

At that hour the private car St. Louis containing a party of city officers and others interested in an improved street car service for West Duluth went whirling over the new route at a lively rate, clearly demonstrating that the subway will be the means of cutting down the time schedule of street cars to and from West Duluth as well as furnishing a safe crossing of the Northern Pacific right-of-way.

This subway is the result of a plan proposed by Charles H. Martz, now president of the board of public works, several years ago. It was taken up in the council by Alderman Barnes, who had many a hot fight with the other aldermen to get sufficient money out of the general fund to pay for the improvement.

The subway connects Superior street and Oneota street, replacing a wooden viaduct system that was condemned as dangerous by all engineers that examined it. The subway is about 2200 feet in length, and at present is only thirty feet wide, which is just half the width it will be when finally completed.

Instead of going up over the Northern Pacific tracks, just west of the Mesaba ore docks, the West Duluth cars now cross under these tracks, the base of the subway being seventeen feet below the trackbed. The cost of this improvement was $16,813.

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

Charge of Manslaughter Against Oscar Londen.

The funeral service over the remains of Mrs. Hannah Matson, killed by Oscar Londen during the Garfield avenue wedding charivari Thursday evening, will be held at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms.

Londen is a prisoner in the county jail, bound over to answer to a charge of manslaughter in the first degree, as recommended by the coroner's jury that investigated the death of Mrs. Matson yesterday afternoon.

The prisoner is greatly depressed and cries a great deal of the time. His wife called on him yesterday, and though their conversation was in Finnish and not generally understood, it was said to be more of regret over the death of Mrs. Matson than the possible consequence to Londen.

There was a report yesterday that Londen had intended shooting one of the girls attending the Frederickson-Anton wedding celebration, and carried his rifle to the house for that purpose, but this report proved to be mere street gossip and a product of an overheated imagination, as Londen did not know a woman in the party, though he was on friendly terms with several of the men that were there. The authorities are satisfied that the shooting was purely accidental, but even that does not excuse Londen from the charge of manslaughter.

NATIVES ARRESTED.

Complaint Made of Action of German Captain.

Boston, April 11.—News of the arrest of a number of native graduates from a mission school at Ruck, one of the Caroline islands, by the captain of a German warship, who carried those in custody to Ponape, the seat of German government, 300 miles away, was received today by the American board of commissioners of foreign missions. The advices were from Rev. William L. Stinson, head of Micronesian mission of the board, who said the arrest was made on the ground the natives preach against the German government. The natives were seized on Dec. 26. They were still held in durance on Feb. 16, the date of Mr. Stinson's letter.

The officials of the American board have informed the state department at Washington of the arrests requesting that steps towards redress be taken at once.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c

DRILLS ARE TAKEN OUT

Great Northern Pulls Off Some on Western Vermilion.

The Great Northern company has taken out the drills it has had for over a year in towns 69-24 and 69-20.

The steam drills which have been at work so long, and which have caused such a flutter in real estate near Sturgeon lake north of Grand Rapids, will be seen there no more.

It is quite certain that the results of the explorations were not what was expected, and that nothing could be found to warrant a continuation of the drilling, even after the expensive fifteen months' that that been put in.

This locality is in Itasca county and is supposed to be the location of a continuation of the Vermilion range. Outcroppings have been found frequently in that vicinity, but no one had believed the indications sufficient to warrant explorations until the Great Northern interests took it up.

Within the past few weeks the drills have been taken out and the works have been practically abandoned.

There has been a great deal of changing of real estate and shifting of prices for the past year in the vicinity of the drilling grounds of the Great Northern, and some subdued excitement has existed, until now the real estate boom, which started, has fallen flat.

It has been the opinion of mining men that the continuation of the Vermilion range would prove a valuable property, and the Great Northern company acted upon this opinion.

There is no direct statement to the effect that nothing has been found, but the people in Grand Rapids believe there has been nothing, and this view is borne out by the departure of the explorers.

CHASE HAS SAILED.

Young Man on His Way to America.

Paris, April 11.—There is reason to believe that Moses Fowler Chase, the wealthy young man of Lafayette, Ind., whose whereabouts was recently discovered by Consul General Gawdy, who found him in a sanitarium here, where he had passed four years is now on his way to the United States.

Mr. Gawdy, declines, however to discuss the matter of even say whether Chase is still here or left Paris, owing to the consul's desire not to prejudice the case. Inquiries at the steamship offices show that Chase's name does not appear on the passenger lists of vessels which have sailed recently, but it was learned that certain officials were negotiating a week ago for booking Chase under an assumed name.

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WHAT EMULSION DO YOU USE?

OZOMULSION

The New Life-Saving Food

Prevents Disease—Preserves Health—Prolongs Life.

There are many makes of emulsion for sale.

Whose do you use?

There is only one emulsion which possesses the True Vitalizing Food Properties needful to build up the Weakened, Devitalized System, and that is OZOMULSION.

Have You Tried It?

Ozomulsion is the only vitalized emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, combined with the blood-germicide Guaiacol, the emulcent food Glycerine, and the Bone and Tissue-building Salts of Life, the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda.

Ozomulsion is the Food That Does So Much Good. It is an aid to any medicine you may be taking. Your physician knows the formula and will recommend it.

Take no emulsion but Ozomulsion and it will make you well.

The great and marvelous building, strengthening properties of Ozomulsion are quickly shown in its immediate Good Results for Coughs, Colds, Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Throat and Lung Troubles, Night Sweats, Consumption of the Nose, Lungs, Larynx, Intestines, Spleen, Kidneys and Liver, Anemia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all disturbances of the digestive or nervous system.

Its Wonderful Blood-making, Tissue-building and Strength-producing Elements make it the Monarch of all Spring Medicines.

Ozomulsion Does Not "TINKER" with disease. It Provides Perfect Nutrition, which is the Foundation of Health.

To prove its great medicinal food value, a large

Trial Bottle Free By Mail

will be sent, prepaid, to any reader of this paper on request.

It is the kind physicians use and prescribe, and druggists sell in extra large bottles, weighing over two pounds, for one dollar.

Write by postal card or letter, giving your name and full address, street and number.

Ozomulsion Food Co., 98 Pine St., New York.

MANY CORPORATIONS DISSOLVED

Chicago, April 11.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Trenton, N. J., says: Governor Murphy's annual proclamation, forcibly dissolving those trusts and corporations organized under the laws of the state which have not paid their annual tax has been sent to the printers. Nine hundred and twenty-seven concerns, capitalized in the aggregate at $239,000,000, are affected. The proclamation this year is in marked contrast with those of former years, in that it snuffs out of legal life nearly double the number of corporations of any previous year, and the authorized capitalization of the defunct concerns is five times as great as in any previous year. While the figures seem amazing, they do not actually represent any great amount of invested capital. The great bulk of the charters voided are of companies that were organized to float some project or other and were unsuccessful.

KENTUCKY MAN SOLD INTO SLAVERY

Chicago, April 11.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Jackson, Ky., says: Bruce Marcum has been sold into servitude for six months under the vagrancy law. Marcum had such a reputation for idleness and horror of work that the highest bid for him was only $6.50. The bid was made by William Griffith, who must provide for him for the time he is in servitude. Marcum is 27 years old and a member of a well known family. United States Court Commissioner James B. Marcum is his uncle. The young man was tried at the last term of court and the jury decided that he should be sold into servitude.

A TRUST "BUSTED" AT ST. LOUIS

Chicago, April 11.—A dispatch to the Tribune from St. Louis, Mo., says: Acting in conformity with the instructions of the St. Louis court of appeals, Judge Horatio Wood, of the circuit court, yesterday held that the Association of Master Plumbers of St. Louis is an illegal combination. It is held that it was organized to maintain and monopolize the plumbing business in St. Louis with a view of determining prices and restricting the sale of plumbing supplies to master plumbers only. An order was made dissolving the association on the ground that the association carried on business in restraint of trade.

Judge Wood's decision means that while the respective plumbing concerns can individually refuse to sell a person plumbing supplies, they are permanently enjoined from refusing to sell supplies as a whole. Seven concerns are affected by the order.

TO BUILD BIG STEEL PLANT.

Baltimore, April 11.—Ex-Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, in an interview printed here says the Mohawk Valley Steel company of which he is vice president, has let contracts for the building of an immense steel and iron plant at Brunswick, Ga., to cost $10,000,000. The president of the Mohawk company is F. Umstead, of New York.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. The signature of E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

HOW TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh—Spring Fever is Spring Catarrh.

Miss Francis M. Smith, treasurer of East Side Ladies' Aid society, No. 814 Seventh avenue, New York city, writes: The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Sir:—Care and responsibility shattered my nervous system. Like other women under a great strain my system gave way. My sleep was disturbed. I was just as tired in the morning as I was at night, and there was a lazy, weak feeling over me all day. A friend requested me to try Peruna. I am glad to be able to say that after taking six bottles of it I feel a new woman. My stomach is now in perfect order and I sleep well."—FRANCES M. SMITH.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to get strong nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The county auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of your great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain, and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address the Peruna Medicine company, Columbus, Ohio.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Miss Della Janveau, Ottawa, Ont., writes a letter to The Peruna Medicine Co.:

"Last spring I had a regular spring fever; my blood seemed clogged up, my digestion poor, my head ached, and I felt languid and tired all the time. I tried Peruna and am pleased to state that I found it a wonderful cleanser and purifier of the system."

MISS DELLA JANVEAU.

F. LINDEN SPEAKS

To Address Temperance Union Meeting at Swedish Baptist Church.

His Last Address Before Leaving For the Pacific Coast.

The monthly temperance meetings held by the Scandinavian Christian Temperance union have been keeping up well in interest during the past months, and the April meeting promises to equal any of the others. For that meeting the special committee in charge of the program has spared no pains to have a successful program. Some time ago there were numerous suggestions that Rev. F. Linden be asked to speak, as he is to leave Duluth for the Pacific coast in the near future. He has consented, and named the second Sunday in April as the most available for him.

The program is expected to be of special interest. The Nelson quartet will give several numbers and there will be short speeches by Rev. A. Edston and Rev. John A. Anderson. It was intended that Rev. N. B. Thvedt should also take part in the program, but having another service at that hour, he is unable to be present. The union meeing will be at the First Swedish Baptist church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The program is as follows:

Organ prelude ....
Mrs. Loydgren.
Singing in unison.
Bible reading .....
Selection ....
The Nelson Quartet.
Speech—"The Church Choir".....
Rev. A. Elstom.
Paper—"Temperance Cause vs. the Young People" .....
Nelson Quartet.
Address—"The Christian's Responsibilities Toward the Ruinous Liquor Traffic" .....
Rev. F. Linden.
Offering for the temperance cause..
Selection ....
Nelson Quartet.
A word of gratitude and farewell to Rev. F. Linden in behalf of the Temperance union.....
Rev. John A. Anderson.
Selection ....
Nelson Quartet.

HIBBING MAN IS LOCATED

Charles L. Clarke, Wanted For Embezzlement, Is Caught.

Charles L Clarke, former bookkeeper and collector for the water and light department at Hibbing, and who has been missing for some days, has been arrested at Great Falls, Mont., on the charge of embezzling some $1700 of the money belonging to the village of Hibbing, which he collected but is alleged not to have turned over to the department. His books have been examined by experts since he left Hibbing.

Clarke is said to have expressed a willingness to return and face the charge and left Great Falls yesterday in company with the agent of a bond company that was instrumental in tracing him and causing his arrest. Deputy Sheriff Bates left last evening to meet Clarke at Casselton, N. D., and is expected to reach Duluth with him tomorrow morning.

County Attorney McClintock will prepare extradition papers to have ready in case Clarke should change his mind about coming back into Minnesota.

The warrant charges Clarke with grand larceny in the first degree.

Clarke was previously in the employ of the lumber firm of Powers & Simpson as a bookkeeper. His downfall is attributed to sporting propensities which he is alleged to have developed about Hibbing.

AFFECTS COAL TRADE.

British Interests Carefully Watch the Dutch Strike.

New York, April 11.—It is believed that the Dutch strike will be over in a fortnight or less, according to a Tribune dispatch from London, but meanwhile British coal exports and shipowners are carefully watching the progress of events, for if the struggle should prove to be prolonged the effect upon the coal shipping trade of this country will be distinctly felt. Both Amsterdam and Rotterdam take large quantities of British coal, and even a temporary stoppage of shipments would tend to weaken freights and coal prices in the north country markets, which do the bulk of the Dutch trade. On the other hand, Rotterdam is the port of shipment for German coal and the interruption of German shipments would, if continued any length of time, favor the export of British coal to those markets which Germany is in the habit of supplying.

TEACHERS QUIT.

Cannot Afford to Instruct Indians Without Salary.

Riverside, Cal., April 11.—A peculiar condition of affairs exists at Sherman institute, the government Indian school here. The appropriation for the employment of teachers proved to be inadequate and not wishing to labor for the love of humanity alone, the teachers decided to quit in a body until July 1, when more funds will be available. In the meantime Superintendent Harwood Hall and his wife are teaching the 500 Indian boys and girls, assisted by a number of the older pupils.

WOMAN BADLY BURNED.

Chicago, April 11.—The explosion of a gasoline stove early today caused Mrs. Thomas McCormick to be so badly burned that it is thought she may die. Her sister, Ione Seyse, was also seriously burned and the eighteen months old child of Mrs. McCormick sustained slight injury.

ENTER UPON DUTIES.

San Francisco, April 11.—Frank Jeffreys the newly elected manager and vice president of the Union Iron Works, which is now a subsidiary of the United States Shipbuilding company, and H. A. Hart, who is to occupy the position of assistant secretary and auditor of the local company, have arrived from the East and entered upon their duties.

5 DROPS
TRADE MARK
CURES RHEUMATISM
Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and all Kindred Diseases.
Swanson's "5-DROPS" will cure Rheumatism in any of its forms or stages of development. Applied externally it affords instant relief from pain. Taken internally it rids the blood, tissues and joints of the uric acid and other poisonous matter, which are the causes of the disease. "5-DROPS" never fails to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia or Kidney Trouble. It has effected more cures of these ailments than all other remedies combined. No other remedy in the world will stop neuralgic or rheumatic pains so quickly as "5-DROPS" and no difference how severe the case may be "5-DROPS" if used as directed will make a permanent cure.

FREE
COUPON
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Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.
5 DROPS (TRADE MARK)
Large Size Bottle "5-DROPS" (100 Doses) $1.00
For Sale by druggists.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.
160 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

The Faith That Moves Mountains

An Easter Story

By Charles Eugene Banks.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"What are your churches to me," she cried, passionately. "Sister Cecelia, from childhood I have heard these tales of love and penitence until I know them all by heart. I used to find comfort in them, but that was before I knew what real sorrow was."

She was a slight young girl, not above 16, with clear, delicate features, and olive complexion, an abundance of hair that swept back from a full forehead like the waves of a clouded sea. She seemed little more than a child, and yet the light that shone in her large dark eyes spoke of passion, and grief and a woman's woes.

"My dear child," replied the sister, "you do not understand the teachings of the church. It is not of earthly love the Gospels speak, but of that spiritual love that passeth all understanding. Not of that love the Saviour died that all men might understand and be saved."

"I know, I know," cried the girl, "but it is not of Heaven I am thinking, but of him, Pierre, the artist, who has gone and left me no word; of Pierre whom I love better than life; Pierre for whom I have given up all, even the church."

The Sister crossed herself devoutly but the girl continued passionately:

"It is months since I have entered the church doors. When Pierre came into my life everything else was swept out of it. I knew no other world but the one he made for me. I never questioned his sincerity. I never doubted his love. I was a child and he made me a woman. And now he is gone and I am alone, alone, alone."

"The man was not of our world," said the Sister, with some show of severity, "and you do wrong to think of him."

"I cannot help it. I try to think of him as being cruel and wicked, to hate him for what he has made me suffer, but I cannot do it. Night and day I hear only his voice. Oh, something must have happened to him, or he would come back to me."

"Such faith deserves to be rewarded," said the Sister, moved by the girl's sincerity. "You may be right. Let us not despair. But should he never return, there is One who never forsakes, who is ever ready to comfort and bless. Tomorrow morning the Easter bells will ring to recall the scene of His death and resurrection. So may we all triumph over sorrow and the grave if we will but trust in Him."

The words and manner of the Sister stirred the girl strangely. Looking into the tranquil eyes of the holy woman she felt a wave of peace throughout her whole being. The flush died out of her cheeks, the sob died in her throat, and going to Sister Cecelia she put her arms about her saying quietly:

"I know what you say is true, even though I rebel against the teaching of the church. They who are of it, not you, sweet Sister, but the others, the neighbors, even my mother, have been so harsh and cruel, have said such bitter things of me that I could not believe in the religion they professed. But I felt I must tell my sorrow to some one or I should die. And so I come to you who are always gentle and kind."

"You did right, Marie, and I will do all I can to help you. Ah, the tears, the bitter tears that love has wrung from confiding hearts. But who shall say that unselfish devotion and sacrifice in the manner of love shall find harsh judgment in the eyes of Him who taught us love is the greatest of all the virtues, the very soul of life."

The Sister's words were like a prayer and a benediction and Marie went away feeling greatly comforted. She hurried through the districts that led to her mother's shop and, climbing the narrow stairway that led to her own little room, fell on her knees before the Madonna praying earnestly for forgiveness and guidance.

That night as she slept the room seemed to be slowly filled with a soft radiance and the Madonna, coming down from the wall, stood at her side with hands outstretched above her while she repeated softly:

"There is no death, the flowers say;
In faith we hide our souls away,
While tempests desolate the earth,
And patient wait the promised birth.

The Southwind chants, there is no death,
I come, and Winter is a breath;
Against his falling walls I set
The snowdrop and the violet.

Glad prophets of the life to be!
A kindred spark abides in thee,
That, like the wind no tether knows,
And yet is comrade to the rose.

The earth thy mother is, her breast
Thy comfort, shield and final rest,
There, sheltered from the storms thou'll bide
The coming of thy Easter tide."

It was morning when Marie awoke and the air was filled with the chimes of many bells. The dream was still vivid in her mind and, involuntarily she glanced at the wall where the picture of the Madonna hung. It was in its place, but she could not escape the thought that the scene which was so vivid in her mind had really been enacted. The hour for morning service was approaching and she felt a sudden desire to sit once more with the congregation in the holy silence, to join in the responses, and to hear the music of the familiar songs. For months she had not entered the church doors, but her talk with Sister Cecelia and the vision of the Madonna had decided her to try once more the consolation of religion.

When Marie came out upon the street that bright Easter morning she found Sister Cecelia already at the door.

"I came for you," said the Sister, simply.

"I am ready, Sister Cecelia," replied Marie with equal simplicity. "I had such a beautiful dream last night, and I think —yes, I know I had already decided——"

"To go to church?"

"Yes."

"It must have been a good dream, indeed."

"It was a message from the Madonna. She told me that which made me understand."

They were walking rapidly toward the church. As they were about to turn a corner of the street that led up to the edifice a hearty voice cried out: "Marie! Why do you run away from me?" and turning they saw Pierre hurrying to overtake them.

"Pierre! Pierre!" murmured the girl, pale and trembling.

"Pierre, that was Jim Bradford that is. Don't be frightened at the chance, little sweetheart. A sombrero, a corduroy jacket and the privilege of knocking a man down without the fear of having to apologize for sailing under false colors suits me better than playing the role of an artist. But the praise was worth the trouble a thousand times over. Give me your hands, little girl, and say that you forgive me."

Marie would have thrown herself into the arms of her lover, but Sister Cecelia interposed. "Tell me," she said, "before you lead this poor child into deeper trouble; how can you be so bold and heartless. You acknowledge to having won her affections under a false name, you left her for weeks to the scorn of her associates, weeping her heart out for love of you, and then come back expecting her to believe you honest."

"All in time, good Sister. You see I had a plainsman's dread of being loved for my few miles square of pasture, and the cattle that kept the grass trimmed, rather than for myself. So I became a poor artist and went seeking a wife. I believed I had found her in Marie, but there was one more test; how far would her trust in me go. I went away, but not so far that I could not keep track of what was going on here. She has proved herself an angel. It wrung my heart to see her sorrow, but for every moment of anguish I have caused her she shall have a thousand glad ones. What do you say, little girl; am I to be forgiven?"

"I have never doubted you, as the good Sister here will tell you. Besides, you know it is Easter morning. Don't you hear the bells over there ringing out the proclamation? 'I am the resurrection and the life, and whosoever believeth on me, though he were dead, yet shall he live again.' I believed in you, and here you are."

She gave him her hands. For a moment they stood looking into each other's eyes. Then with the Sister walking with bowed head before them they entered the door of the church.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Robbery at Sault Next Door to Police Station.

Sault Ste. Marie—The recorder's office in the city hall was robbed Thursday night under the noses of police officers being in a room adjoining the police station. The cash drawer was broken open and the contents, $10, taken. Entrance to the room was effected through a window a few feet from the main entrance to the building. There is no clue.

Menominee—Agitation concerning the new state of Superior is growing rapidly all over the Northern sections of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, and while it has not attracted much comment from the papers of the southern portion of these states, those of the sections in question are reviving the discussion. The question has been brought up at various times, but never so strongly as at present. The citizens of Duluth, Ashland, Marinette, West Superior, Menominee, Escanaba, Marquette, and in fact every town and city in this secuon are strongly urging bills to that effect to be introduced into the next legislatures. Citizens of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan especially feel that their interests are so far removed from those or the remainder of the state that they should be under a seperate state government.

The sorting gap of the Menominee River Boom company has been opened and logs have commenced to come through for the different mills along the Menominee river and the bay shore. There are about 10,000,000 feet of logs above the gap, although in former years there were generally sixty or seventy millions. They are piled up for two miles up the river.

Engine 96, one of the largest of the Milwaukee road, crashed through the roundhouse, smashing a large hole in the rear wall of the building and running into the sand, where it sank into its hubs. The smokestack and headlight were broken off. The damage amounts to between $200 and $300. The engine was being taken out of the house when another was coming in, and the fireman, who had it in charge, had to run it back into the stall. The stop valve would not work and the engine could not be brought to a standstill.

Hancock—The recent smallpox scare at Michigamme has caused the health authorities to take action to prevent a spread of the disease. The county record shows that in almost every case the victim had not been vaccinated. Dr. Mattchette advises everyone to be vaccinated. The township board of Chassell has instructed Dr. Wilson, the health officer, to vaccinate all school children. Men from the infected lumber camp near Michigamme have scattered to all parts of the copper country.

J. H. Jasberg, secretary of the Finnish central relief committee, has received reports from four or five of the districts in Finland where no famine was supposed to prevail. These letters tell of harrowing conditions. Many of the inhabitants were given work in the woods in winter, but now that spring has arrived they are without employment and in a serious condition.

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Our selection of the very newest creations of imported and domestic Wall Papers is unusually large this season, and can be had at no other store in the city. Prices very reasonable.
Engels' Art Store,
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THIS BOOK IS FREE.
The Mysteries of Hypnotism and Personal Magnetism Revealed.
The American College of Sciences of Philadelphia, Pa., has just published a remarkable book on Hypnotism, Personal Magnetism and Magnetic Healing. It is by far the most wonderful and comprehensive treatise of the kind ever printed. The Directors have decided, for a limited time, to give a free copy to each person sincerely interested in these wonderful sciences. It is the result of the combined effort of twenty of the most famous hypnotic specialists in the world. You can now learn the secrets of Hypnotism and Personal Magnetism at your own home, free.

Hypnotism strengthens your memory and develops a will of iron. It overcomes bashfulness, revives hope, stimulates ambition and determination to succeed, and gives you that self-confidence which enables you to convince people of your real worth. It gives you the key to the inner secrets of mind control. It enables you to absolutely control the thoughts and actions of whomsoever you will. When you understand this grand and mysterious science you can plant suggestions in human minds which will be carried out in a day or even a year hence. You can cure bad habits and diseases in yourself or others. You can cure yourself of insomnia, nervousness and business or domestic worry.
You can instantaneously hypnotize people with a mere glance of the eye, without their knowledge, and powerfully influence them to do as you desire. You can develop, to a marvelous degree, any musical or dramatic talent you may have; you can increase your salary; you can develop your telepathic or clairvoyant power; you can give thrilling and funny hypnotic entertainments; you can win the love and everlasting friendship of those you desire; you can protect yourself against the influence of others; you can become a financial success and be recognized as a power in your community.
The American College guarantees to teach you the secret of attaining all these things. It is the largest and most successful school of Hypnotism in the world. It is charatered by the state laws, and carries out every promise faithfully. If you want a copy of its free book, just send your name and address, no money, to the American College of Sciences, Dept. 107 W, 420 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., and you will receive it by return mail, post paid.

JOBBERS WILL FIGHT CHARGE

Object to Restoration of Dockage Charge In In Duluth.

The Duluth jobbers intend to protest against any attempt of the lake steamship companies to impose a dockage charge on goods delivered at this port. A meeting of the jobbers was held in the Commercial club rooms yesterday and the possibilities of such dockage charges were discussed. Nearly all the jobbing houses were represented. G. W. Boynton, traffic manager for Stone-Ordean-Wells company, acting as chairman and T. H. Redman, of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, as secretary.

It is understood that the old charge of 50 cents per ton for handling freight is to be restored in spite of the fact that the freight rates have been recently increased to cover the cost of freight handling.

The dockage charge was made and collected by the steamship companies until the Northern Steamship company entered the field with its own docks and the restoration of charges is believed to be scheduled because of the sale of the boats of the latter company.

The opposition to the dock charges is made on the ground that the burden, with the advanced freight rates, would be too heavy for the jobbers to bear.

A committee was appointed to keep in touch with the situation and in event the dockage charge is made, to use every effort to have it abated.

Calumet Baking Powder
A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

ANTI-TRADING STAMP BILL CAUSE OF MUCH CONTENTION

(Continued from page 1.)

tion that will permit some future legislature, if it deems wise, to abolish the grand jury system and substitute for it a system in which the prosecuting attorney shall originate criminal prosecutions.

* * *

The house celebrated good Friday yesterday by working only until noon, while the senate worked all day. The senate, however, to repay itself for this industry, voted to adjourn over Saturday, so it will not meet again until Monday morning. The house, on the other hand, makes up for its half holiday by working today.

* * *

The senate yesterday afternoon made three constitutional bills a special order for 11 o'clock Tuesday morning, April 14. One is the bill providing that constitutional amendments shall be printed on separate ballots, another is the gross earnings bill, and the third is the tax amendments bill.

* * *

The house committee on public accounts and expenditures yesterday afternoon showed a disposition to get after the state board of health on the ground of extravagance. The committee considered the report of the state agricultural society and approved it, but when it took up the report of the state board of health and looked into that it found things it did not like. Some members thought traveling expenses were expensive from the items in the report, and the impression seemed to b in the committee that the board was run expensively. No action was taken on the report further than to decide to have it printed and given to the members of the house for their consideration.

* * *

The senate yesterday afternoon finished up the calendar, which it had begun in the morning, and passed several bills, among them being one by Representative Lohren, providing that saloons must be closed on primary election day as well as on the general election days.

Another, by Representative Erickson, provided that that bounties may be paid for planting trees when they are planted two feet apart. They must be eight feet apart under the present law in order to earn any bounty.

A bill by Representative Nyquist, permitting all Union soldiers and sailors to peddle in the state without licenses, was also passed.

Still another house bill that the senate approved was that by Representative H. L. Lewis, providing for the preparation of a history of the Minnesota volunteers in the Spanish-American war.

* * *

The senate put in considerable time yesterday afternoon in committee of the whole in fighting over a bill which the house has already killed. This is the bill creating a state highway commission, introduced in the senate by the committee on roads and bridges and in the house by Ole Peterson. The house killed it Thursday, but the senate committee of the whole yesterday afternoon recommended it to pass.

* * *

The senate in committee of the whole yesterday afternoon recommended to pass a bill designed to protect those who feed live stock by making trouble for those who adulterate the feed commonly used for this purpose. The bill makes it unlawful for anybody, with the idea of padding out their supply, to stuff into grain or ground feed or anything of that sort a lot of dust, screenings, chaff or sweepings from elevators or mills. Anybody that does this is cheating, and is liable not only to damages to be recovered in a civil action, but to a fine of $25 to $50 for the first offense. For a second offense the fine cannot be less than $100, and if the accused does not pay it he may go to .... for three months.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Eighty Years old—Catarrh Fifty Years.—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed? Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says:—"I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—3.

Lanners Band Concert.

The program for the Easter concert by Lanner's concert band, with Otto Muhlbauer as director, is as follows:

March—"Willow Grove" .....Sorrentini
Overture—"William Tell" .....Rossini
Soprano solo—"The Choir Invisible"..
..... Jones
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Waltz suite—"Daughter of Love".....
.....Bennett
Cornet duet—"Blue Bells of Scotland"
..... Knoll
Messrs. Lanners and Young.
Reading—"Easter Tide" ..... Allen
Miss Willa Mae Wylie.
Fantasia—"A Trip to Coney Island"..
..... Tobani
Synopsis—
The Start; Life on the Ocean Waves; The Landing; Italian Band; Jubilee Singers; the Carousal; Passing the Free and Easy; Ejecting an Unpleasant Customer; Little German Band; Entering West Brighton Hotel; Appearance of Liberatti; Cornet Soloist; Seidl's Famous Orchestra at Brighton Beach; Arrival at Manhattan Beach; Gilmore's Concert; Signal for Paine's Fireworks; Home, Sweet Home.
Trombone solo—Selected .....
Edwin J. Hosfield.
Patrol—"Saracen" .....De Koven
(From "Maid Marian.")
Soprano solo—Selected .....
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
"Auld Lang Syne" .....

St. Louis and Return $22.30.

The Northwestern line, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., April 26 to May 1, inclusive, at $22.30 for the round trip. Tickets limited to May 4 for return passage. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Dealers are especially invited to visit our establishment and inspect as complete a stock of high grade nata as is shown in the Northwest.
BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY,
Duluth, Minn.

FORCE
MADE JIM "SUNNY JIM"

How to Get Well

Without Risking a Penny.

This is how more than half a million sick ones got well:

They wrote me and told me which book they wanted. sent each an order on his druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Each took it a month at my risk. If it succeeded, the cost was $5.50. If it failed, I paid the druggist myself. And the sick one's mere word decided it.

I have done that with nearly 550,000 sick ones—all chronic cases—most of them difficult—some of them desperate. Yet 39 out of each 40 have paid for the medicine gladly, because they were cured.

I make the same offer to you.

If you will simply write me, and try for a month to get well, I will take all the risk. I will pay if I fail.

You cannot be just to yourself and neglect an offer like this. My Restorative succeeds because it strengthens the inside nerves. It brings back the only power that operates all vital organs. It gives the weak organ power to do its duty, and that is all that is needed. The result is like giving a weak engine more steam.

Some of you have doctored in other ways until you are discouraged. But common treatments merely doctor the organs, and the results at best are but temporary. That which is needed—that which must be done—is to give the weak organ more power to act. My Restorative always does that. It prevents little troubles from becoming deep-seated; and in chronic diseases it does what no other remedy can do.

Cut Out This Coupon.

For we all resolve to send for something, but forget. Mark the book desired and mail this with your name and address to

Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia. | Book 4 for Women.
Book 2 on the Heart. | Book 5 for Men (sealed).
Book 3 on the Kidneys. | Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

Superintendent George E. Vandersllee, of the Duluth division of the Northern Pacific road, used to be a common telegraph operator.

He doesn't go around telling about it, and if it hadn't been for Ed Redway, of "The Chaperons" company, probably his past history would still remain a closed volume.

There was a little gathering of railroad men, members of the company and newspaper people at the Spalding hotel last night—or early this morning, talking about things in particular, and in general, too, by the way.

They were standing up at the, well, say counter, and George Bowles was telling how he used to work for the Northern Pacific out in Montana.

Mr. Vandersllee was looking uneasy, standing on one foot, and was tapping on the—counter, with his finger tips of the right hand, evidently wanting to get away.

He tapped, tapped, tapped, with his fingers. Nobody paid any attention to it excepting Redway, whose ears began to prick up.

In a moment Redway began tapping, tapping, tapping.

Mr. Vandersllee "came out of it" and opened his eyes. He had an idea forming itself. He squinted his eyes and looked at the diminutive Dutch dancerinio.

"Reading," he whispered.

"Phoenixville," said Redway, hoarsely.

And then it all came out.

The two men had never seen each other but they had both worked as telegraph operators down in Pennsylvania on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad.

Mr. Vandersllee was at Phoenixville and Mr. Redway, whose real name is "Percy," (Oh, Fudge!), was at Reading.

They couldn't forget those calls, and the individuality back of them, even though it is twenty-five years since either was in the office by which the identification was made last night.

The result of the gathering of the drifting mariners was a love feast for a quarter of an hour, from which all others were excluded, as they rehearsed some old pranks of younger days.

* * *

While they were telling their troubles, Walter Jones broke into publicity and told a little story.

"I was always a good member of the Lamb's club," he said, "and kept my mouth shut, and whenever they wanted anything done I did it, and entertained for further orders when they needed someone, and it didn't make any difference what they wanted don. I was always Johnny-on-the-Spot, and was well satisfied with myself.

"That condition of things existed, when Clay Greene came over to me one day and said: 'Here, Jones, you have never been heard from at any of the gambols and all the members of the club think you're deaf, dumb and blind. You've got to get up and show that you can do something, or you'll get in disrepute. Now here is a speech, and the function at which you are going to deliver it is three months away. Take it and study it and get it down letter perfect, and then spring it as extemporaneous.'

"That speech was a peach. It was written in the most entertaining style and was full of beautiful passages and epigrams.

"I took it and learned it so that I could say it backwards, sideways or forwards, and was all set when the night of the banquet came.

"When they called on me, Gus Frohman, who was toastmaster, prefaced the announcement with a few remarks to the effect that it was about time to hear from me, and I took to the floor.

"I remember the opening—Unaccustomed as I am to appear before the public in forensic display,' and so on, through a lot of most elegant and eloquent passages. As the speech progressed the members slid further down in their chairs, out of utter astonishment. It didn't make me nervous, though, and I plowed through the whole thing.

"When I closed in a blaze of glory and spread eagle oratory, Barrymore, who sat across the table, and had been getting very uneasy, clapped his hands twice and shouted 'Author, author.'

"At the time I protested it was extemporaneous, and it was all I could do to quell a riot, but they finally believed it, and I guess they don't know to this day how it was done, for Greene promised faithfully to keep the facts concealed.

* * *

C. L. Pratt and C. H. Marr, of Grand Rapids, were at the St. Louis hotel this morning. They are in Duluth in the interests of the citizens of Grand Rapids, who are making an effort to secure a land office at that place, if the proposed division of the district is made.

"We want the land office at Grand Rapids, or want it to stay as it is," said Mr. Marr. "The change would be a blow to Grand Rapids and vicinity and practically leave that city out in the cold. We have a representation headed for Washington to lay the case before the secretary of the interior, and expect to hear from them in a day or two. We are also doing a little work at St. Paul to help matters along. We believe that petitions will not be of much use and we are going to attend to the matter personally."

* * *

Mayor M. C. Woodard of Tower is at the Spalding hotel and will leave this evening for his home.

* * *

J. F. Fouche, of Oberiln, O., formerly an instructor at the college there, is at the Hotel McKay. He will deliver a lecture here this evening.

* * *

F. A. Bartlett, of Minneapolis, whose business it is to establish non-sectarian Sunday schools through the state, was at the Hotel McKay yesterday, and left for home this morning.

* * *

Miss Mary Vandegrift has broken in the ranks of the hotel clerks and is back of the desk at the Hotel McKay. Miss Vandegrift is one of the corps of women hotel clerks that has been formed at the Duluth hotels within the past week.

* * *

A. M. Cleland, assistant general passenger agent, and George W. McKaskey, district passenger agent, of the Northern Pacific, are at the Spalding hotel and will spend the day looking over the business in Duluth.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: J. B. Cunliff, H. J. Warneke, Minneapolis; H. W. Plummer, San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Robertson, St. Paul; Edmund S. Wood, Minneapolis; M. R. Potter, Lansing; H. J. Brook, Hancock; C. H. Smith, Wausau; J. W. Cook, Minneapolis; Rose O'Malley, Princeton; Harry Armstrong, Cloquet; H. J. O'Neal, Stillwater; L. S. Wallace, Grand Rapids; A. L. Hannan, St. Paul; C. V. Malmgren, Virginia; M. Fernandez, Jacksonville; H. L. Mills, Watertown, N. Y.; W. H. Thielman, Thomas Briggs, Calumet; Miss Wilmot, S. T. Hamilton, Virginia.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: C. H. Wade, Grand Rapids; F. J. Beuke, Solway; J. Yefarce, Grand Rapids; D. A. M. Miller, Hibbing; Daniel Coffey, Virginia; John E. Crane, Chisholm; John Fay, F. R. Browne, Ashland; J. Mussell, Bayfield; M. Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul; A. McPhee, Knife River; O. M. Clement, Colon; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; A. A. Belding, E. M. Cook, Blackduck; C. H. Morrill, George C. Glover, New Richmond.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Samuel Rayson, Ely; Mrs. William Merrill, Two Harbors; J. C. Ufman, Ashland; William Abernethy, Scanlon; H. T. Bonhain, Minneapolis; A. F. Geisler, Clara City; H. Jarchow, Grand Rapids; H. Dowley, St. Paul; Mrs. R. W. Daley, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. Uley Welsh, Tower; Patrick Lyons, Skilo; Mrs. Madeline Black, Skibo; W. W. Cook, F. A. Bartlett, H. R. McCheskey, M. F. Stern, Minneapolis; R. H. Smith, C. B. Davis, Minneapolis; J. F. Fouche, Oberlin.

See the cover design of

April Number

10 Story Book

One of the most fetching things on the stands

By

E. Warde Blaisdell

Who is making the hit with Century and Scribner these days

Buy it

10 CENTS

If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office.

10 STORY BOOK,
262-269 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year

IS GROWING LARGE

Famine Fund Not Far From Three Thousand Dollars.

Governor Van Sant Extends Thanks For the County's Donation.

The total contributions received by Dr. J. J. Eklund, chairman for St. Louis county of the famine fund for the sufferers in Finland, Norway and Sweden, have reached the sum of $2632.38, including the $285 sent direct to the old country. Dr. Eklund is anxious to make the amount $3000 before he closes up his work the coming week, and will be very thankful if those who intend to give and those who have subscribed and have not sent in their contributions would do so right away, so his report can be all closed by next Saturday.

Dr. Eklund has received the following letter regarding the contributions from Governor Van Sant

St. Paul, April 8, 1903.

Dear Sir: I take this occasion to thank you most earnestly for your efforts in procuring funds in your county for the relief of the famine-stricken districts of Norway, Sweden and Finland. The aggregate fund raised throughout the state is now about $50,000; I am very desirous that it be increased to at least $100,000. To that end I most earnestly urge you to renew your efforts with all possible vigor. The generosity of our people is heartily appreciated by the people of the afflicted country, as evidenced by letters received from the authorities by myself and the central committee. Let us by a little extra exertion make the fund $100,000 in round numbers.

Again assuring you of the gratitude felt for the earnest manner in which you are prosecuting the work, I am,

Very sincerely yours,
S. R. VAN SANT,
Governor.

Following is the list of contributions for the past week

Last report	$1,781 49
Benefit concert at Armory March 15	423 50
Lilian lodge No. 18, S. A. and E. F.	40 00
M. F. Marion, Chisholm	9 75
Children Arnold school	7 09
Otto Giffert	2 00
Dr. S. H. Olson	2 00
W. A. Harbour	50
H. C. Brigham	25
Indoor baseball at Armory	36 55
Gronseth & Olson	10 50
A. J. Anderson	5 00
Lucy M. Ober	50
Erick N. Holmerud	1 00
Christ Skogen	1 00
C. Julsrud	1 00
C. P. Nossum	1 00
Charles J. Hector	1 00
Ed Heine	50
Ed F. Wagner	1 00
Theodore Bartholdi	1 00
A. Stoltz	1 00
Frank Drama	50
George Hassinger	50
A. C. Le Richeaux	1 00
Peter J. Dow	1 00
Johnson & Eskelson	1 00
Thomas Tidball	1 00
Milner & Ebert	1 00
Lawrence & Hall	1 00
Hvaal & Gisleson	50
Aug. Saunders	1 00
Sister Anna Jensen	50
J. J. Wangenstein	5 00
Oldus Nossum	1 00
Mrs. Annie Gronseth	25
Simon Clark	5 00
Total	$2,347 38

Easter Ball!

By Fidelity Lodge No. 105, A. O. U. W., at the Armory Monday evening, April 13. Tickets, 50c per couple. Flaaten's orchestra. Fisher, prompter.

HAD STOLEN STAMPS.

Fuller Brothers Convicted In United States Court.

Chicago, April 11.—In the absence of Edward E. Fuller, who failed to appear for trial, a jury in the United States district court has convicted him and his brother Edwin of having stolen postake stamps in their possession. The bonds of the missing defendant was declared forfeited, and Edwin Fuller's bail was raised to $7000. He was sent to jail in lieu of security, and will be sentenced next week. Edward Fuller's bonds were in the sum of $2000. The stamps were stolen from the postoffice at Ponca City, Ok.

Ready Bullion Mine.

The Ready Bullion is the richest of the great Treadwell group of mines, on Douglas Island, Alaska. It has less than 800 feet of the Treadwell lode, and yet, since 1899, it has yielded more than $5,000,000 in gold and only a fractional part of the great ore body has been taken out. The Northern Homestake Mining Company's property, lies less than a mile from the Ready Bullion, with 3000 feet of the same lode (The Treadwell lode) and also 3000 feet of a larger and richer lode, which is back of and parallel to the Treadwell. Can any one get a better investment than stock in such a company? It doesn't seem possible.

WORMS

"I write to let you know how I appreciate your Cascarets. I commenced taking them last November and took two ten cent boxes and passed a tapeworm 14 ft. long. Then I commenced taking them again and Wednesday, April 4th, I passed another tape worm 28 ft. long and over a thousand small worms. Previous to my taking Cascarets I didn't know I had a tape-worm. I always had a small appetite."
Wm. F. Brown, 181 Franklin St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 594

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

A KANSAS PREACHER

HOW HIS EXPERIENCE HELPED HIS DAUGHTER.

After Her Father's Death, Miss Buechel Encountered Serious Difficulties, but Overcame Them.

The Rev Charles Buechel, late pastor of the German Methodist Episcopal church in Wichita, Kansas, was one of the best known ministers of the state, having served in all its principal cities during his long pastorate. His daughter, Miss Lydia Buechel, now residing at No. 421 South Water street, Wichita, also has a wide acquaintance, and her evidence on an important topic will command attention. She says:

"For six years I suffered with a nervous debility which physicians failed to relieve, and finally I was confined to my bed, a victim of nervous prostration. I suffered dreadfully with my head, I was so nervous that I could not sleep, my stomach got so bad that everything I ate hurt me, and my system became worn out from the nervousness and lack of nourishment.

"When my father was alive he frequently took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale eople when he was worn out and nervous from preaching, and they always helped him, so I decided to see what they would do for me. After taking one box I experienced relief and a few boxes cured me. I am perfectly willing to have this statement published in the hope that it will be the means of helping other sufferers to regain their health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, the medicine which cured Miss Buechel and thousands of others, are an unfailing specific for all diseases arising from impoverished blood or weakened, unstrung nerves—two fruitful causes of nearly all the ailments to which mankind is heir. The pills may be had of any druggist or will be sent post-paid on receipts of price, fifty cents a box; six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, by the Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y.

METROPOLITAN..

Both Phones 969 W. H. Reaney, Mgr

EASTER SUNDAY 3 p. m.

Lanner's Concert Band. Mrs. James McAuliffe, soprano; Miss Mae Wylie, reader.

All seats 25c. 50 musicians 50.

PRINCE PETER REINSTATED

Former Russian Marshal of Nobility Gets Position Back.

St. Petersburg, April 11.—Prince Peter D. Dolgoroukov, who was dismissed from his position as marshal of nobility of Soudzha in Koursk, for his activity in the local agricultural committee, and was placed under police supervision for five years, has been reinstated in his position and all his political rights by the czar. Mr. Moukhanov, marshal of nobility for Chernigov, whose re-election was not confirmed for the same reason, has also been promised confirmation.

Many revolutionary proclamations have recently been circulating in the military academies and cadet schools. This led to the arrest of two officers of the artillery academy and their incarceration in the fortress of Peter and Paul. Searches at their homes incriminated a number of officers at Vlev and they were also arrested. One of these prisoners is said to have primed the revolver of Balmshev, the assassin of Minister Sipiaguine. Their circulars introduced into the military schools demand a constitution, declaring that the absolutist system is bound to bring Russia where it brought Prussia at Jena and Auerstadt and France at Sedan. They emphasize the fact that Germany became powerful as soon as the constitutional regime was introduced.

Spend Saturday and Sunday Afternoon on

Park Point

For Wintergreen Berries. Sweet-smelling pines and trailing arbutus. Good car service.

THE STAGE.

Well, well. What can you say?

"The Chaperons," to use the Superior Idiom, "have came."

Perhaps a pleasant thing to say, to cheer the voyagers, would be, that on Good Friday, the offiest of off days in the theatrical business, the Lyceum was crowded to standing room with folks who demonstrated enthusiastic approval.

There are several things in the play, among which is Walter Jones and a Turkish cigarette, but this gets away from the usual run of the audiences.

The extremely blase could not take a severe "knock," for whatever complaint could be entered, no one could get away from the fact that they enjoyed two hours and a half of time. It's easy to find fault, even when things are right. Take, for instance, the man with the dutiful and loving wife.

For the information of the prospective theater-goer, who wants to know exactly the merits of the play, the following comment is given, together with a formula for using:

Good, fair, excellent, fine, great, bully, fair, immense, capital, poor, a lallapaloozer, hot stuff, etc., etc.

.... !!!!!! ???????

Formula: Take a program and in the back end, where the song numbers are printed, pick them out indiscriminately, and then select the epithets contained in the upper row. Punctuate with the characters in the second or lower row. Mix it all up and read, and there you are.

The performance runs the gamut of musical doings, opening with a heavy chorus the strains of which are used to hold the numbers which are chased before the vision with a sort of panoramic effect for two hours, together.

The plot? Who said plot? The name of the piece is "The Chaperons." That is as expressive as anything else to indicate the run of the play.

Opening with an ensemble musical number of length and vivacity, the performance runs into a bevy of song numbers, "bevy" indicating that the female members dominate the numbers.

The individual numbers are all worth taking about, but it is far easier to express ones self upon the aggregate, to-wit. The dialogue is laughable, the folks are entertaining, the songs are snappy and mostly new to Duluth, and the features are worth seeing, even though the piece has been robbed blind, and some of them have been seen here, given by the barnstorming pirates. It is worth the money to see the real article.

Suppose you start with Eva Tanguay. This bundle of compressed vitality was an extreme hit with a railroad man last evening who could only find words to express himself in his particular line of business.

Part of what he said was "high-pressure, triple-compound expansion, mountain division pattern, high-speed." Miss Tanguay has the role of the "reel gee-url dee-tergktive," and when she arrives on the stage there's something doing. She sings two simple dittles, one about "Bill" being very good, and the other "Sambo," both of which "went," for further orders.

Take Ed Redway, for instance. He was a good little Dutchman. He didn't make much noise; just stood around and minded his own business, and whenever there was a good opening he stepped in quietly, made you laugh, and got away with it. Quite the kind you see down in Milwaukee—only funny.

As to Walter Jones, the Irishy Irishman, droll and serene, he does some of the best things there. He—but see him. Those are funny ones, and in that class are also Mr. Metcalf, the opera man, and Adam Hogg in the person of Mr. Henery.

Albert Farrington, who leads the glee club songs and has some duet and solo work, made himself popular with the audience and discriminating listeners. Miss Duncan, pretty and modest, is quite a delight in two trio numbers, with Mr. Henery and Miss Stebbins, a cute little person, who dances some, also.

Genevieve Day, the simple Violet of the play, is enjoyable in her appearance and singing, and Miss Boley, the head of the chaperon force, is what one naturally, and without thinking, would call a winner.

The chorus is a strong one, both male and female voices being of a quality above the average in road companies, and they look somehow as if they enjoyed the work, and were glad they had a chance to please a Duluth audience. That made the audience feel good, and the audience reciprocated by applauding a lot and making the performers feel good.

So it was quite a nice, sociable time, all around.

Today the company gave a matinee and tonight will again appear.

New Stamps Are Imperfect.

Owing to an imperfection in the new 2 cent stamps recently issued, they have all been called in and a new design is to be adopted. Many persons suffering from stomach, liver and kidney complaints, and who have tried various remedies without obtaining relief, have also discovered that they made a mistake in the selection of a medicine to cure them. There is only one such medicine, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. To all such sufferers we desire to call attention to its unequaled record of cures extending over a period of fifty years. Then surely the Bitters is the right medicine for your case. It positively cures flatulency, heartburn, dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles, la grippe and malaria. Try a bottle and test it for yourself.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

The New Law Licensing Peddlers Will Soon Be Tested.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermillion—The first test case which the supreme court will have to decide resulting from the new peddlers' license law, will probably come from Clay county. For several weeks representatives of the Home Comfort Steel Range company of St. Louis have been working in the county. They were given notice to take out a license and upon a refusal were arrested. Before Justice Danforth a plea of not guilty was entered, but a fine of $75 and costs was imposed. The case will be appealed to the circuit court, which convenes next week, and no matter which way it is decided, will be taken to the supreme court. The steel range peddlers will appeal on the ground that the state law is unconstitutional in that it infringes upon the United States law pertaining to interstate commerce, whereby business relations of one state with another are regulated. An Assyrian peddler was also fined $40 and costs, which he will not pay. He has been turned over to the sheriff.

Wakonda—Jacob Wester has recently refused $70 an acre for his farm, the highest price ever offered in this locality.

Pierre—While the law creating a St Louis fair commission does not go into effect until July 1, it is necessary to have an official representative to select a state site before May 1. For this reason Governor Herreid has selected S. W. Russell, of Lawrence county, as a member. The governor also appointed as members of the state fair board John H. King, of Huron and George H. Whiting, of Yankton.

Spearfish—A company of militia has been mustered into the national guard by Col. Amos Patriquin of Lead, assistant adjutant general. It will be known as Company I, Third regiment. William McLaughlin, late captain of First South Dakota volunteers, is captain; Otto Craig, first lieutenant; Harvey E. Wood, second lieutenant; R. J. Brown, first sergeant; and Charles Cooper, quartermaster sergeant.

Yankton—The coroner's jury found that Anders Strand came to his death by hanging by his own hands. An effort is being made to discover about $200 that his brother says is missing and which Anders had the day before his death.

Hudson—A rural telephone company has been organized by farmers and will be known as the Norway-Pleasant Telephone company. The line will have connection with the system at Beresford.

Centerville—The council and board of education have decided to submit to the voters the provosition of issuing bonds in the sum of $20,000 for a new school building.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The rumpus between the mayor and the fire department is attracting a lot of attention. The department declined at the last moment to turn out as guards Roosevelt day, and as a result there was some delay in starting the drive. Several reasons are assigned, which include the failure of all the men to be paid, the holding up of an old bill and personal animosity to the mayor. The matter has evoked considerable adverse criticism and resulted in an agitation for an entire paid fire department.

Recently Dr. I. M. Wear left Fargo for a European trip which was to include attendance at the international medical meet in Spain. In Chicago, where he was visiting friends a day or two, the doctor was stricken with paralysis. Telegrams announce that he will recover, but his injuries will be permanent. Mrs. Wear was already in Europe and has been cabled.

Enderlin—An unknown man fell from the east-bound passenger train at Venloe, a small station fifteen miles east of here on the Soo, Wednesday night, and was instantly killed. The head was severed from the body and both legs were cut off.

Birds of a Feather

Gather no moss. The Blake hat is positively a safe investment. Buy the Blake hat.

BLOOD POISON

"I cure Blood Poison by my Original Perfected System of Anti-Toxine Treatment, thus avoiding the horrible effects of Poisonous Drugs."

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

THESE ARE YOUR SYMPTOMS:

On account of its frightful hideousness, Syphilitic Blood Poison is commonly called the king of venereal diseases. It may be hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprous like decay of the flesh and bones.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

improves the patient from the beginning. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones, and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best and banks leading business men of the city. Consultation Free and Confidential Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday—10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Now Is the Time

To have your residence wired, while you have your carpets up and are doing your Spring house cleaning. We are going to make a further reduction of twenty (20) per cent on our rate for electric lighting on or about Oct. 1, 1903.

ELECTRIC LIGHT

Is the cheapest light now on the market, provided you use ordinary discretion in placing the right candle-power lamps in the right place. We furnish lamps from 6 cp. to 32 cp. Call and see us for information as to the cost of wiring and the cost of using electric current.

The Duluth General Electric Co.

WEGUAR ANTEE OUR WORK

A full set of the best artificial teeth... $10

And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22 K)..... $7.00
Porcelain Crowns..... $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from..... $1.50
Silver Fillings, up from..... 75c
Painless Extracting..... 50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.

Open Sundays—10 to 12. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

OFFICE SUPPLIES Everything you need at— CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOK STORE

May we serve FITGER'S PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT BEER

You'll like it and it will like you. Why not form the aquaintance to-day.

A. FITGER & CO., DULUTH, MINN.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

SAPOLIO

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs, Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

APPEAL IS TAKEN

Property Owners on East Superior Street Apply to Court.

Claim Assessment For Asphalt Pavement Irregular and Void.

Owners of East Superior street property adjoining that part of the street between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east, which has been assessed for street asphalt pavement, have filed an appeal in district court from the assessment. The appellants are Sarah B. Stearns, Emilie Paine, Henry A. Smith and Catherine Hunter. Victor A. Stearns is attorney for the appellants.

A judgment is asked that the assessment be declared wholly unauthorized and void and that it be set aside and annulled; or, failing in that, that the same be corrected, amended and reduced because irregular and excessive.

The objections to the assessment and to the action of the board of public works in confirming are many.

It is claimed that the proper technical method of procedure in obtaining the petition as presented to the council, was not followed; that the board of public works never investigated the proposed improvements, or proceeded in the proper manner to inform the council relative to the number of petitioners of property to be benefited; that the council did not order the improvement or notify the board how it should be done; that proper notice was not given by the board relative to a hearing of objections to the assessment; that at the time proposals for the work were advertised for the permanent improvement revolving fund did not contain sufficient funds to pay the estimated cost of the improvement in addition to the cost of all other improvements under construction or contract, nor has it since.

It is set forth that at the time when the board and council assumed to award the contract for the improvement the difference between the cash then in the permanent improvement revolving fund, together with such sums as were payable out of some other fund, and made applicable by the city charter toward the cost in part of the improvement, and the aggregate estimated cost of all other local improvements then under contract, not including the street sprinkling, sweeping or sidewalk building, did not equal the sum for the payment of which the board and council attempted to oblige the city.

It is also alleged that the stipulated price for the improvement is exorbitant and in excess of a reasonable value.

The petitioners claim that the contract was to have been completed before Oct. 15, 1902, but that it is not yet completed, nor likely to be before Aug. 1, 1903, and that the Barber Asphalt company has not had the time of its contract extended, the same being therefore in default.

The board of public work is levying and confirming the assessment it is said to have added to the contract price for making the improvement, the sum of $3,527.25, as the estimated expense of making the assessment and that such sum is unreasonable and excessive and void.

It is further urged that none of the property assessed has or will be benefited in the amount of the assessment which is claimed to be apportioned on an illegal and arbitrary basis, a due share of the expense not being levied against the street railway company.

It is also held that, under the provisions of the city charter, in force when the only petition ever presented to the council for the paving of East Superior street was signed, at the time when the contract was awarded and improved, and at the time of the first hearing on the assessment, an owner of real estate liable to be assessed was entitled to a reduction of 10 per cent from the face of the assessment on his property upon payment within the time allowed for appeal; that an amendment adopted to the city charter provided instead that of the allowance of 10 per cent discount, a penalty of 10 per cent shall attach to all assessments not paid on or before ten days after the time for appeal has expired; that the city comptroller has given official notice that unless the assessment levied against each lot is paid in full on or before April 25, 1903 a 10 per cent penalty attaches, such a penalty being wholly unauthorized and void.

ERICK WILL NOT ACCEPT.

Portland, Ore., April 11.—Henry Clay Frick, prominently mentioned by the anti-Carnegie faction in the United States Steel corporation as a probable successor to Charles M. Schwab, president of the company, declares that he will not accept that position. This is the statement that Mr. Frick made in Portland yesterday as he was passing through the city on his way to his home in New York.

CELEBRATION POSTPONED.

Washington, April 11.—Word has come by cable to the state department from Minister Allen at Seoul, Korea, that the coronation celebration has been postponed until autumn.

"Think naught a trifle, though it small appear"
—Young's "Night Thoughts"

Nothing that proceeds from its workshops is thought a trifle by the

GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths

As much thought is given to the design, as much care to the finish of a teaspoon as of a thousand-dollar vase. The quality of the silver is precisely the same and to both the trade-mark gives the same guarantee of excellence.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep Gorham Silverware

WOULD STOP A BLIND PIG

Injunction Issued Against John Roach and Myrtle Lee.

Judge Dibell, in district court this morning, on the petition of the John Schroeder Lumber company, through its attorney, John G. Williams, granted a temporary injunction restraining John F. Roach and Myrtle Lee from maintaining a blind pig and house of prostitution on lot 4, in section 31, 59-4.

In the bill of complaint filed in district court this morning the plaintiff alleges that it is owner of timber lands in section 6, 58-4 and section 1, 58-5, wheer it maintains a large headquarters camp and is conducting large logging and lumbering operations, which will take several years to complete. It is alleged that the camp is in proximity to the premises of the defendants, who are maintaining a "blind pig," where intoxicating drinks are sold without the formality of a license and in violation of the laws of Minnesota. It is also alleged that the defendants have erected a building on their property and are maintaining a house of prostitution, which is frequented by dissolute and immoral men and women, whose carousals are a disturbing element in the neighborhood.

The company sets forth that by reason of the "blind pig" and house of illfame, the men are attracted and enticed thereto from the camps and spend the greater part of the day and night in drinking and carousing, a practice that unfits them for labor, and is causing the lumber company irreparable damage and annoyance.

A temporary restraining order was issued against the defendants, March 30, returnable today, but at the hearing this morning the defendants were not represented and the court granted the injunctional order petitioned for.

BUMPS INTO TRAIN.

Pony Engine Causes Wreck at Ashtabula, O.

Ashtabula, O., April 11.—A pony engine, moving at a rapid rate of speed, collided with the rear end of a passenger train on the Lake Shore branch line here early today, demolishing one end of the Pittsburg sleeper and resulting in the death of S. Bogue, the pony engine fireman. Engineer Ernest Schlafke of the pony engine, and Engineer William T. Brichter, and Conductor John Belknap, of the passenger train, were slightly hurt. Several passengers were more or less injured, but all continued on their journey.

CAPITAL STOCK INCREASED.

Columbus, O., April 11.—The J. C. Gilchrist Transportation company, the so-called steamship trust, increased its capital stock today from $1,000,000 to $10,000,000.

Boyhood

Is the foundation of Manhood.

The DELICATE boy, the SPINDLING boy, the PIMPLE-FACED boy all need

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles and bones, promotes mental and physical development, and builds up the whole system.

"My boy was suffering from scrofula, which covered his face entirely. I decided to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. After taking three bottles he was entirely cured." MRS. ELSIE HOTALING, Voorheesville, N. Y.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for years, giving it to my children and grandson for poor appetites and bad stomachs. It has always proved a blessing. It tones the stomach and increases the appetite." MRS. F. P. DEBOLT, Forest Grove, Oregon.

If There is Billousness or Constipation, Hood's Pills Should be Taken Also.

MACCABEE RALLY

Ladies of the Order Are to Hold One In May.

Great Class to Be Initiated With Much Ceremony.

The central committee of the Ladies of the Maccabees held a meeting last evening at Hunter hall to arrange for a Maccabee rally and class initiation to be held at the Armory May 1. Supreme Commander Lillian M. Hollister, of Detroit, and Supreme Medical Examiner Dr. Susan Fisher Rose, of Port Huron, Mich., are to be present and will deliver addresses.

Among the prominent men who are to speak are Mayor Hugo, G. J. Mallory and Dr. Forbes, and efforts are being made to secure several musical celebrities. Deputy Supreme Commander Marie Gorman, of St. Paul, and Deputy Supreme Commander Mary Barton, of this city, are working in the interests of the order here and a class of at least 400 is expected to be secured. Large delegations are to be present from the range towns, Virginia, Tower, Hibbing, Two Harbors and Cloquet. All arrangements are to be in the hands of the central committee which is made up of the re-members from each hive of Duluth. During the first of March a class of 150 was initiated.

The central committee is as follows: D. S. C., Marie Goran; D. S. C., Mary Barton, president; Mrs. J. C. Cox, secretary; Mrs. M. Burnes, treasurer; Mesdames E. Johnson, A. Murnian, Flora Williams, Alice Lee, Blanche McKeon, W. Gogins, M. Car. Tresise, Beedy, Palmer, Mahoney and Myrick.

The degree team of Duluth hive No. 1 and Pearl hive No. 4 are each to exemplify the work and the uniform rank of tent No. 1 and West Duluth tent are to be invited to put on their work also. Altogether everything is being done to make this occasion the best in the history of the Lady Maccabees of the state. The decorations, refreshments, music, etc., are in the hands of able committees and are expected to be perfect.

Let Your Easter Hat

Be a Blake hat, it combines every essential feature. Try it.

HIGH SCHOOL ASSEMBLY HALL.

Next Saturday, April 18, Senior Dramatic Entertainment. LAMB AND MINT SAUCE, a comedietta. "A REGULAR FIX", farce comedy. Direction A. F. M. Gustance. Admission 25 cents.

CARROLL SUFFEL DIES.

Rheumatism of Heart Takes Bright Young Man.

Carrol Suffel, age 16, son of W. J. Suffel, of 1531 East Superior street, died at his home this morning at 7:20 o'clock, after an illness of three months.

Rheumatism of the heart caused by a severe cold which settled on that organ was the cause of death.

The young man was a prominent member of the high school freshman class. He was popular with his classmates and had a large circle of friends outside of the school. Last fall he played on the class football team and was recognized as having a promising future before him in athletics.

He was one of the best known members of his class, and besides being of an athletic turn, kept well up in his studies until his illnesss caused him to leave school.

The cold which was the cause of his death he contracted while skating at the curling rink last winter. He was an ardent lover of ice sports and had been working hard to be in training for the polo game between the freshmen and sophomores, in which he was to take part as a representative fo his class. The fatal illness caught him just before the contest and he was not able to take part.

He was forced to take to his bed and for thirteen weeks has been unable to leave it. He seemed much improved a couple of weeks ago and was able to sit up in his bed and receive his intimate friends. Last Sunday he had a relapse, and since then has been rapidly growing worse.

The death summons came this morning in the midst of all the family. George Suffel, his older brother, who is a freshman at the university of Minnesota, was called home about a week ago by the abrupt change for the worse.

No arrangements have been made for his funeral as yet. His classmates, by whom he was known by the affectionate nick-name of "Mox," will be well represented at the services.

WILL NOT RESIGN.

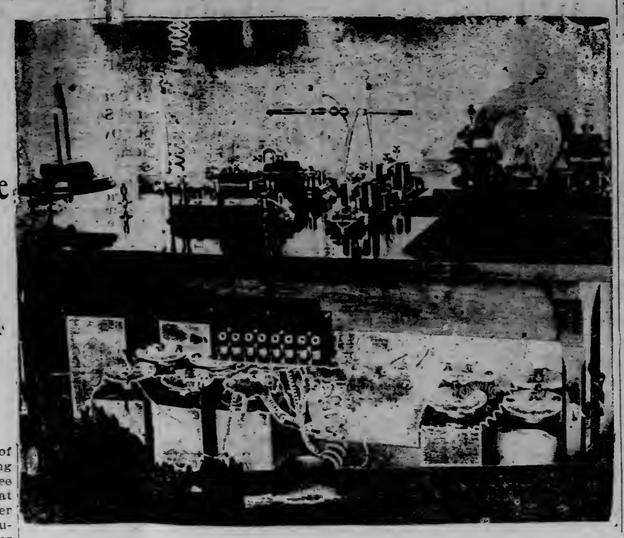
Ambassador Porter Has No Such Intention at Present.

Paris, April 11.—It is stated by those having knowledge of the facts that Ambassador Porter has no purpose of resigning. The only plans he has made are that after a short rest with his daughter, Elsie, at a point near here, he will probably resume his duties at the embassy. His friends were surprised at the publication here today of a report that he had asked for two months' leave, to return to America. The only application he has made was forwarded weeks ago. It was not connected with recent events, and did not permit of his visiting the United States. No application has thus far been made by the ambassador to go to America. The determination of his movements is awaiting an exchange of letters between the family.

CONSIDERS IT A JOKE.

Assistant Secretary Taylor Not In Resigning Mood.

Washington, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Assistant Secretary Taylor, who has been laid up with the grippe for the past ten days, was able to be at the treasury department for a few hours this morning, and hopes to be at his desk as usual on Monday. As to the report that he is to resign, Mr. Taylor seemed to consider it a huge joke. "I haven't resigned yet, and when I called on Secretary Shaw this morning he did not ask me to quit, and as I don't intend to leave unless asked, I guess you can expect to find me in this office for some time to come."



CERAUNOGRAPH OR LIGHTNING RECORDER.

A new lightning recorder such as no other weather bureau in the world is equipped with is soon to be installed in the local station.

The arrangement, whose purpose is to detect the fact that an electrical storm is raging anywhere from 50 to 800 miles from the station, is called a ceraunograph or lightning recorder. It was invented by Rev. F. L. Odenbach, S. J. of St. Ignatius college, Cleveland, and the recorder in his observatory is the only one in existence besides the one which will be set up in Duluth.

The principle on which the instrument works is something similar to wireless telegraphy. Every discharge of lightning propagates Hertzian or electro-magnetic waves to a great distance on every side of the flash. The collector of the recording machine, which consists of wires wound round a pole, catches some of these waves and the electric current thus created makes a mark on a piece of paper which is wound around a cylinder operated by clockwork.

One relay is adjusted to 1000 ohms resistance and the other to 150. By shunting in the 150 ohm relay it can be ascertained whether or not the storm is less than fifty miles distant.

The Duluth station is the first to be equipped with the instrument, which is complicated and expensive. Local Forecaster Richardson anticipates some delay before the instrument is set up here. It will probably not be done until the hill-top station is completed. The apparatus was built in Washington.

JUDGE'S VICTORY OVER TWO-POUNDER

After a Few Days of Spying, He Found the Morsel to Tempt the King of the Pool—The Battle.

The judge was leaving for the brooks of Northern New York, and over the salad that he and three other good fellows were eating down at Tom's, the night of the first real spring day of the year, he told this story of his last year's fishing:

"When fishing weather came last April I simply ached to get away to the woods and the brooks. The first night of real fishing weather, and it was just such a night as this, I got out my tackle and before the lazy fire in my library went through it all, just as I do every year. Every old bedraggled fly, each yard of frayed line, the reels and the springy rods brought back memories of splendid days on the brooks and I planned an early visit to the singing Squawkill. But business went wrong and I had a grind of it. It was not until the last of August that I could go after the trout, and the season is pretty late then, you know. I had never missed spring fishing before in twelve years.

"I went up to my country cousin's farm beyond the Adirondacks. That's where the Squawkill is, you know. Jim met me at the station and as we drove out to the farm he told me of the fish that had been creeled during the season. Now there's four half-pounders and an old fellow that will go near two pounds lying in the pool beneath Simpkin's road bridge. I have tried, and Joe Reed and two city fellows have tried, to hook them, but we could not get even a rise. I reckon I've spent three whole days after that big fellow, and I've given him up. See what you can do; it's about your only chance around here.'

"When we reached the farm I tramped across the meadow in front of the house to the bridge on Simpkin's road. I was in a hurry to catch a glimpse of those trout. I crept up to the bridge, and lying flat in the dust peered over the edge and searched around in the pool for the fish. It was twilight, but I could see down in the water for some distance. I caught sight of two and they were half-pounders. Then I found the big fellow. He was lying close to the stone pier. Two pounds easily, I judged, as I watched him with greedy eyes. And I swore that he would lie in by creel before many days.

"Well, I tried every fly in by book the next morning. I took every precaution in casting, not a sound did I make. No shadow of mine or the rod fell on the pool. But not a rise did I get from any of the five trout that lay under the bridge. Again that evening I tried. Grasshoppers and crickets, lively fellows, too, didn't prove attractive. I fished through the twilight. I played white millers, a Jenny Lind and a glittering minnow, skillfully over the pool. I even tried a firefly. I used every trick I had learned in my twelve years of fishing. The trout did not rise to a single cast. It was so the next day and the next. On the fourth day I did nothing but lie for several hours on the edge of the bridge and watch the fish down in the pool, slowly fanning the gravel with their red fins. That's all they do during about six hours of silent watching.

"The next day I began to wonder if they would take a worm. I tried the lure, both fishing worms and fat white grubs. No rise. Late that afternoon when I went to the bridge again I heard the splash of a rising fish. I peeked through a crack quickly and saw the old two-pounder settling back into his lair with a widening circle of ripples above him. What did he rise to? I wondered. I looked about for evening insects. Not a bug was stirring except innumerable grasshoppers jumping about in the last mellow rays of the setting sun. I quickly caught a handful. And as I caught them I noticed that several of them were of different color and sizes. Perhaps that difference I thought might solve the problem of the trout's appetite. I dropped a big, fat brown hopper down through a crack in the bridge floor. It fell just over the trout's lair and floated on down stream undisturbed. A green hopper followed after the same manner. A brown one with big wings paddled himself to shore unmolested. He certainly looked like tempting bait to me. The big trout stuck his nose out from beneath the shelving pier in a half interested way, but moved no farther.

"The last hopper in my closed fist was small, brown, mottled with black, and little wings with red streaks in them. I dropped him half reluctantly. My eyes fairly bulged as I saw the great trout leap after it and spring entirely clear of the water. By the time he flopped back to his hiding place, I was chasing wildly across the meadow to get my rod. I found Jim at the house, and grabbing rod and creel and net yelled for him to be in at the death. Both of us then began a grasshopper chase that would have put an entomologist to shame. After catching about a dozen of every kind but the one wanted, Jim got hold of the mate to the one swallowed so eagerly a few minutes before. I strung the finest leader I had and my smallest Aberdeen. I put on the hopper with great care. Then I gave Jim instructions and we crept up to the bridge. I stood back two paces from the edge of the pool. Jim took the pulling hook in his hand and crawled onto the bridge. I was going to take no chance with a danger warning cast. Stealthily the squirming bait was dropped over the upstream edge of the bridge. I gave line, and the lure floated down with the gentle swirl of the current. A tense moment of expectancy, and then came a vicious strike. A turn of the wrist and I had the hook fast in him. I shouted, and so did Jim.

"At the first prick of the steel away he went, down the pool, down into the riffles at racing speed, carrying half the line out before I could put the drag on. I stepped up to the pool to be ready for the fight. As the big trout felt the strain, he turned and came back more furiously than he had gone down. Frantically I reeled in, trying to take up the slack that his swiftness had won for him. Clear up the pool he rushed, among the rocks at its head. There he stopped and I had the line taut once more. He sulked and hung on the line as a dead weight. All the strain that the tackle would stand I put on him. For a moment, for ten, he stood it, and then down he came. Now to this side, now to that, he rushed, shaking himself fiercely. The silken line sang with the strain, the silvery leader hissed through the water; the four ounce rod was a circle always. Twice the big trout, striving for freedom, leaped in splendid circles above the water. What a fish he was!

"He rushed for the hole beneath the pier, and it took my supremest skill and the uttermost strain on the line to stop him. He fought around the pool madly. The water was streaked in white with his rushes. Jim shouted and I trembled. Then his fierceness gave way to the sullies and he dropped down to the lowest depths. I kept the strain steadily on him for what seemed five minutes. Suddenly, almost unexpectedly, he began his battle again. And all his strength burst out in the last tremendous effort to tear the steel from his mouth. I tell you, boys, that was the hardest fighter I ever hope to hook. How he did rip and tear about that pool! Twice he got slack on me and came near breaking loose with a swift rush. He seemed to be winning his fight. But of a sudden his strength went. And I drew him, flopping weakly, to the edge of the pool among the long grasses. He——"

"Stop right there, judge," said the hanker. "Don't spoil that splendid battle by telling us how much he weighed. He was a game fighter. Don't let's measure him at all. Let's drink to him instead."

And they drank.

THE BUYING OF HOMES IS ON THE INCREASE

(Continued from Page 11.)

Southern Townsite Co. to W. H. Latham, lots 8, 9, block 22, Hibbing 140
Nels Johnson to Lena Magnuson, s½ of nw¼ of se¼ section 35-50-16 1
Thomas Doyle et ux to B. F. Tonesbal, lot 10, block 18, Hibbing..... 300
Olle E. Ruhnke et ux to Charles J. Johnson, sly 90 feet of wly 25 feet of lot 84, East Seventh street, Duluth Proper, First division; sly 90 feet lot 82, same..... 1,000
L. A. Gunderson et ux to B. N. Johnson, und ½ in ne¼ section 14-51-13 1,600
Virginia Improvement Co. to Joseph Karl, nly 50 feet of lot 24, block 25, Virginia 110
Same to John Mesberg, sly 70 feet of lot 24, block 25, Virginia 140
Mary A. Small to B. & D. Farm Land Co., sw¼ se¼ section 11-50-20 1
Charles Lahti et ux to Henry Aho, lot 2, block 26, Eveleth 170
Cloquet Lumber Co. to John F. O'Brien, lots 3 and 4, section 31, sw¼ sw¼ section 32-58-19..... 9,000
C. P. Craig & Co. to A. O. Johnson; lot 27, block 7, Spalding's addition .. .. $
Mesaba Imp. Co. to Victor Steh; lot 22, block 10, Sparta.. 75
Victor Steh et ux to Joseph Kern; part lot 21, block 10, Sparta 125
Dwight M. McKay et ux to Dana C. Rood; lot 13, block 21, Hibbing 325
Dana C. Rood to Frank Fisher; same.. 1
O. L. Haverly et ux to Ole E. Oleson, southerly 50 feet, lots 321, 323, block 166, D. P. Second division 550
B. & D. Farm Land Co. to P. O. Hanson, west half, southwest quarter section 5-53-17..... 516
Va. Imp. Co. to William Kieri; lot 11, block 16, Va..... 275
Nor. Imp. Co. to B. & D. Farm Land Co.; nw¼ ne¼ section 8-5015; sw¼, nw¼, section 13-50-16 140
Albert Olson et ux to Jacob Stein et al; lot 11, block 27, Virginia 1
R. Dahl et mar to James Devoy; lot 10, block 27, Virginia..... 1
L. M. Bolter et mar to M. L. Eby; lot 16, b lock 95, West Duluth, Fourth division.. 115
George L. Brozich to Jonn Nylund; lot 10, block 16, Ely..... 150
John Hellman et ux to Ben Knudsen; undivided half of lot 10, block 25, Virginia..... 350
O. A. Carlson to Ida Saunier; n 1-3 se¼, nw¼, section 4-53-17 1
Same to same, se¼ of se¼, section 32-52-17.. 650
Hiram Ramsdell et ux to L. J. Klippen; lot 360, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division... 1500
W. S. Telford to Nancy L. McNulty; lot 10, block 14, Hibbing 80
Same to Hugh Riley; lots 16 and 17, block 7, Hibbing 200
James E. McElhone to Thomas Tidball, six acres out of nw¼ of se¼, section 7-49-15..... 100
Henry Birgett et ux to W. S. Telford; lot 10, block 2, New Endion division 1
D. J. Brown to Harvey J. Fetter; lot 14, block 15, West Duluth, First division 1
H. J. Fetter to E. E. Collins; same.. 1
Andrew Thompson to Estelle C. Merrill; lots 3 and 4, block 111, Portland division 5
City of Duluth to same; same.. 537
Estelle C. Merrill to Henry E. Bartholdi, lots 3 and 4, block 111, Portland..... 1,250
Christian Winters to Peter Drummond, e½ of ne¼ section 21; nw¼ of nw¼ section 27; ne¼ of ne¼ section 28, 64-17.. 2,200
Grace Harris to Katharine R. R. Davis, lot 13, block 14, Third Glen Avon division.... 1
John S. Maginnis et ux to St. Croix Luber company, lot 5, section 14, and lot 4, section 15, 63-13..... 175
John Semer et al to John Kangas, lot 3, block 1, Ely..... 100
F. H. Burnett et ux to Guy E. Warren et al, lot 346, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth..... 375
Edwin Sawyer to Estelle S. Merrill, w½ of lot 6, block 16, Harrison's division; lot 13, block 6, Highland Park addition, and lots 3 and 4, block 111, Portland division..... 1,400
Bertha Webster et mar to Robert M. White, lot 13, block 71, Endion..... 1,550
Gust Nelson et ux to Minneapolis Brewing company, lot 6, block 9, Hibbing..... 8,000
E. K. Bangs to Thomas E. Walker, e½ of ne¼ section 14, 50-20..... 200
Melville H. Mixsell et ux to Mary J. Cscott, lot 5, block 189, West Duluth, Seventh division 850
Norman L. Leach to Carrie F. Steele, lot 17, block 28, First Glen Avon division..... 1
Elbert E. Farman et ux to Samuel H. Farman, lot 10, block 20, Macfarlane's Grassy Point addition..... 1
Robert Louden, assignee to K. A. McDonald, lot 1 and ne¼ of se¼, se¼ of ne¼, sw¼ of sw¼ section 1; e½ of se¼ section 2; se¼ of se¼ of ne¼ lots 1, 4, section 3; lots 1, 2 and se¼ of ne¼ section 14; n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼, se¼ of ne¼ w½ of se¼ section 9; n½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼, sw¼ of nw¼ section 10; lots 1, 2, nw¼ of nw¼ section 12, 60-13..... 500
Henry C. Beardsley et ux to the New Duluth company, strip of land 50 feet by 140 feet, on Second avenue west, New Duluth, First division (metes and bounds)..... 100
Walter H. Stultz et ux to Globe Investment company, und ¼ of n½ sw¼ section 29-50-14.... 1
Richard J. Ryan et ux to B. G. Segog, und 1-18 nw¼ section 17-62-14 150
Caroline Sharp et mar to same, und 1-18 nw¼ section 17-62-14.. 150
Joseph Cramer et ux to J. W. Nelson, und ¼ in lots 6, 7, 8 and se¼ of sw¼ of section 18-61-14 250
Frank Tischer to Dana C. Rood, lot 14, block 21, Hibbing..... 1
Beriah Magoffin, Jr., to Niel Cameron, lot 24, block 24, Proctorknott 100
Henrietta Talboys et mar to Sofia Johnson, lot 39, block 32, Eveleth 1,000
Sofia Johnson et mar to Edward Johnson, same 1,000
Lewis Rietz et ux to William Fawcett, lots 13, 14, block 9, Woodland Park, First division 250
Albert C. Hubbell et ux to Delina Burnett, e½ lot 24, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division 5,500
Chisholm Improvement company to J. J. Cox, lot 15, block 22, Chisholm 250
Southern Townsite company to John McHale, lot 18, block 6, Hibbing 90
John Strvm et al to Mary A. Perl, lot 1, block 6, Spalding addition 200
William H. Sheldon et ux to Richard McCue, se¼ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼, section 28-56-18. 500
Joseph Cramer et ux to Martha Segog, und ¼ lots 6 to 8, and se¼ of sw¼, section 18-61-14.. 250
Edmund D. Graff et ux to J. Frank Graff, lots 4 and 5, block 37, Portland 1
J. F. Graff to Albert C. Hubbell, same 8,300
James Colban et ux to Alex H. Donald, westerly 50 feet of lots 14, 15, 16, block 20, Carlton Place addition 400

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

Disease of the Liver and Kidneys,

Stomach and Bowels

Cured by Rea Bros.' Cascarin.

It may struggle for the supremacy, but as surely as the day dawns it will overcome and cast them out of the system. And then the former miserable dyspeptic, sleepless, debilitated sufferer from the disastrous effects of torpidity of the liver and kidneys and sluggishness and inactivity of the stomach and bowels becomes vigorous and strong again. The dull and lifeless eye brightens; the pallid and sunken cheek fills out and assumes the glow that indicates richness of the vital fluid; the feeble step becomes firm and springy; the splitting backaches and dizziness; the lameness of the back and loss of appetite disappear with inconceivable rapidity, and the former sufferer feels and looks and IS a healthy, vigorous clear-brained person, full of vitality and energy and with a keen enjoyment of themselves again.

Rea Bros. & Co., are specialists of many years' standing. They make Rea Bros.' Inhalent Catarrhal Jelly which cures catarrh, catarrhal deafness and catarrhal diseases. They make Rea Bros.' Kidney and Bladder Cure. Cures backache, scanty, scalding, high-colored urine, inflammation of the bladder and all kidney troubles. They make Epiderma Eczema Salve, which cures after all others have failed. One box cures salt rheum and eczema in any form. They make Syrup of Pineapple Expectorant, which cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and early consumption. They make Rea Bros.' Electric Liniment, a most powerful penetrating liniment. It is the great relieve of pain. These remedies at druggists; price 50 cents. They make the famous Red Cross Pile and Fistula Cure, cures by absorption, piles, fistula, and diseases of the rectum. One month's treatment, one dollar, or sample sent free by mail. Their Cascola Blood and Rheumatic Cure, the best remedy that medical science has been able to put forth, gives quick relief and cures permanently rheumatismm, neuralgia, sciatica, gout, nervousness, all blood and rheumatic troubles. Sold by druggists or send 40 cents in stamps to pay express charges and they will send you one month's treatment free. If it cures, you pay $1.50. If not, you pay nothing. REA BROS. & CO., Chemists, Minneapolis, Minn.

Changes in Street Railway Shedules.

APRIL 8, 1903.

Beginning Sunday, Auril 12, West Duluth and East End cars will run through the Jenswold street subway and over the old route to West Duluth. At the same time the following changes will be made:

WEST DULUTH AND EAST END LINE—

An all-day 6-minute headway will be maintained from 62nd Ave. W. to 23rd Ave. E., with extra cars to make a 3-minute headway at the rush hours.

LAKESIDE LINE—

Double-truck cars will leave 8th Ave. W. at 6, 6:40 and 7:03 a. m., and every 40 minutes thereafter until 11:43 p. m., which will be the last car.

Single-truck cars will leave 8th Ave. W. at 5:36, 6:16 and 6:43 a. m., and every 40 minutes thereafter until and including 8:03 p. m. Double-truck cars will leave Lester Park at 6:31 a. m. and every 40 minutes thereafter until 12:31 a. m., which will be the last car. Single-truck cars will leave Lester Park at 6:09 a. m. and every 40 minutes thereafter until and including 8:49 p. m.

WEST FOURTH ST. AND W. THIRD ST. LINE—

West 4th St. cars will be run out West 3rd St. to 40th Ave. W. on a 15-minute headway instead of a 30-minute headway as heretofore.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR TRACTION CO.

N. B. Since preparing the above schedules it has been decided to give a ten minute headway on the East Fourth street line as an experiment. While this continues, East Fourth street cars will run either way ten minutes after and ten minutes before Woodland cars instead of as at present.

A Delicious Draught

is what a glass or mug of our rich and creamy "BOCK BEER" is. It comes only once a year, like Christmas, but,

it is of such exquisite flavor and good body that you wish it could always stay with us. The Brewer's treat to lovers of good beer is the "BOCK" that is brewed at Easter. Try it.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.,
Either 'Phone 241.

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, First Street,
(Opposite Postoffice Square.)
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
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Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

THE EASTERTIDE.

The most significant of all the church festivals is Easter. It suggests the hope of everlasting life. There is no question of so much interest to man as that relating to his existence after death. Anything that serves to throw light upon that great problem becomes a source of comfort and strength. The majority of people do not like to reason out their beliefs. They prefer to accept them, and so the solemn gladness of the Easter music in the churches; the word of the angel that the stone has been rolled away from the sepulcher; the white lilies at the altar, nature's own sign of the resurrection, come before the eye, like pictures that give a trust in the security of eternal love, suggesting the happy triumph of hope over fear, of life over death. And the churches at Easter are filled with worshiping congregations, feeling the glow of inspiration that comes from a view of life that makes death no more an experience to be dreaded. The risen Christ causes all to rejoice in the promise of immortality.

Easter symbolizes awakening, the victory of spring over winter. A new spring and summer fill the souls of men with hope and the good fellowship of existence. Unconsciously all feel the stir of coming forth; flowers are on the way, and fragrance is in the air. Faith made less progress in the darkness of fear, but it will blossom out in the sunshine. A Father's love encompasses the whole earth and every pulse and life is thrilled by it. The world is growing better and happier as it sees this truth and accepts it. The divine message of Easter comes from death. It shows that death is simply a new birth into a larger life. The teaching of Easter is full-fraught with a most helpful assurance. They that believe in Jesus can have no doubts, no fears, but can pass on through life, on through the grave, with the step of a conqueror, more truly alive in all their higher powers and faculties than ever before—alive forevermore. Christian faith stands by an open tomb and shouts triumphantly to the arch enemy: "O, death, where is thy sting. O, grave, where is thy victory?" Over its portal is written in letters of light, "Because I live, ye shall live also."

EFFECT OF ELKINS LAW.

The Elkins law as passed by the last congress seems destined to prove effective in many ways. Under its provisions the case of the United States against the Northern Securities company was brought to a quick adjudication and a decision was rendered Thursday by the United States court of appeals. Under this law the interstate commerce commission has made a number of rulings and they seem destined to accomplish results. Probably the most important decision of the commission is one to the effect that it is now unlawful for railroads to give free passes to manufacturers and others with the idea of influencing shipments of freight. It is also held to be unlawful for a manufacturer or other person who uses the railroads extensively for the carrying of freight, to ask for passes. It is held that favors of this kind could only be granted for the purpose of inducing the manufacturer to patronize the road in return by shipping his products over its lines, and this is construed to be equivalent to granting and receiving a rebate. This is a custom that has grown to be very general all over the United States, and a great many people will be cut off from free transportation now that the interstate commerce commission has put a ban upon the practice. It is argued that a railroad would be inclined to act liberally in the issue of passes to a manufacturer doing a big business, while it might refuse the same favors to a rival business man in the same town whose operations were on so small a scale as to be of no importance to the road.

Another opinion will injuriously affect army and navy officials, for it cuts off concessions that they have been enjoying at the hands of railroads for a great many years. It has been the custom for all roads to carry free for army and navy officers, and for their families, a considerable surplus quantity of freight. The question of legality of this concession recently came before the commission, and it was held that there was nothing in the law that permitted roads to grant favors of this kind. By the same ruling it is unlawful for the officers to ask for exemption from charges on excess baggage. Under the original interstate commerce act certain persons and property were carried by the roads at a reduced rate. The exceptions then made were not added to in the Elkins bill, so what was prohibited formerly is still unlawful. The original act contained nothing to prevent the transportation of property free or at reduced rates "for the United States, state or municipal governments, or for charitable purposes, or to or from fairs and expositions for exhibition thereat, or the free carriage of destitute and homeless persons transportd by charitable societies." The issuance of mileage, excursion or commutation tickets was also declared to be legitimate, as was the giving of reduced rates to ministers of religion, to inmates of the national homes or state homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and of soldiers and sailors' orphan homes. It is different now and if the law can be enforced much of the favoritism previously shown will be done away with.

WELL-TO-DO OLD PEOPLE.

The results of an investigation into the number and previous occupation of those persons in Massachusetts who have "retired with a competency" have been published by the bureau of statistics of labor for that state. Habits of industry, economy and thrift are said to prevail in New England to a greater extent than in other sections of the country, and there should be a good field for such an inquiry in the Bay state, because it should contain an exceptional number of elderly persons spending their declining years in the enjoyment of their savings.

There were 46,000 persons found who came within the limits of the inquiry made by the bureau. Only 18,000 of these were women, of whom nearly 10,000 reported their previous occupation as that of housewife. The money from this class must have come from inheritance chiefly from husbands. As their calling is not given, no conclusion can be drawn as to the relative value of occupations for laying up a competency in these 10,000 cases. With the "housewives" must be classed the 2000 women who put themselves down as "independent" from gifts or legacies, and 4000 who did not specify their previous occupation. Of the remaining 2000 women, more than 400 were school teachers—though how a teacher can accumulate a competency passes understanding. Three hundred accomplished a similar marvel through housework, 127 by acting as housekeepers and 50 by conducting boarding houses. Literature furnished a precarious competency for six women, and medicine for seven. Eighty-one women merchants were found and twenty-three music teachers.

Of the 28,000 men, more than 12 per cent were retired farmers. This was the highest percentage belonging to any occupation—a fact which bears out the assumption that the farmer, even in manufacturing Massachusetts, is the most independent man on earth. Not quite 12 per cent were merchants, while the building trades came third in furnishing 8 per cent of those in the list with competencies. More than 1000 laborers were able to save enough for old age, while 725 manufacturers, 1800 boot and shoe men, 248 fishermen, 108 lawyers, 145 clergymen, 194 doctors and 29 followers of literature are included in the table.

The other side of the picture is shown by the results of the investigation into the number of persons "dependent upon charity." This number, however, includes parents living with their children, and that does not necessarily indicate destitution. More than half were women, most of them widows or spinsters. Of the 11,000 dependent men, 1300 were laborers, 500 had been in the shoe business—one of the important industries of Massachusetts—and 491 in the building trades. The farmers numbered 478 and the merchants 159. Not a single dependent doctor, lawyer or clergyman was found. Apparently, in Massachusetts three aged men out of every four have been able to put by enough money to support them after retirement from active life, and this may be regarded as an excellent showing.

THE RUSH OF IMMIGRANTS.

Nearly 40,000 immigrants landed at the one port of New York during the first ten days of this month. It beat all records for April and makes a mark for any average ten days at that port. The inspectors report that the general run of newcomers to our shores is good. But few are found defective and fewer are sent back, which argues well. From present indications the total immigration for 1903 will reach about 800,000 persons, which would be the largest number received during a single year in the history of the country, the previous high record being in 1882, when 788,992 were admitted.

Of the total population of New York in 1900, or 3,437,203, only 737,477 were native whites born of native parents, or 21.5 per cent, the percentage in the Manhattan borough being only 16.9. The estimated immigration for the present year, therefore, will exceed the native population of the entire city, and as a very large part of the immigrants will remain in New York the percentage of natives promises to grow still less. The past period when the immigration was greatest was in the decade from 1880 to 1890, during the first three years of which it agregated 1,915,680. For the first three years since 1899 arrivals amounted to 1,585,233; but if the present flood of immigration continues the total for the decade will exceed 6,000,000 and be larger than ever before.

Of the immigrants now coming, the great bulk are from Southern and Eastern Europe, and the majority from Italy. The Italian population of New York, which must now be toward 250,000, is increasing by this immigration at so rapid a rate that it is likely to be somewhere about 500,000 in 1910, for its natural increase is also large. This would give New York a larger Italian population than Rome itself has and more than any city of Italy except Naples. It is possible, however, that hereafter this Italian immigration will be diverted from New York in larger measure than it has been in the past. Out of about 500,000 natives of Italy in the United States in 1900 nearly 40 per cent were in New York alone. Of the remainder, all except a very small part were in New Jersey, Pennsylvania and the New England and Western States.

These Italian immigrants are especially adapted for tunnelling and canal digging and will be welcome in this country for some time to come, in view of the large amount of work of that nature to be done.

The Springfield Republican says: "There cannot be many cities in the country like Pittsburg, whose population has grown so under the great centralization of the steel industry which has been going on, that, notwithstanding active building operations, there are hardly enough houses and lodgings to go around. Rents have risen 15 to 25 per cent, and the spring moving season is finding many people almost crowded out of doors altogether." If the editor of the Republican will visit Duluth, he will find the conditions in Pittsburg repeated here. Duluth is growing in population so rapidly that there are not enough houses to accommodate the people and rents are rising in consequence.

The officers of the meat trust in various cities are to be connected by wireless telegraphy. Is it for the purpose of making it easier to reduce prices simultaneously or to raise them?

The Kansas state capitol has just been completed after twenty years' work at a cost of $3,000,000. Will it take as long to finish the Minnesota state house?

THE POPE'S VITALITY.

From the standpoint of health the life of Pope Leo has been a remarkable one, as well as in many other ways. His wonderful vitality is due in a large measure to his habits when archbishop of Perugia. He was very fond of out-door sports and was highly proficient with rod and gun and when he passed to the vatican twenty-five years ago, to be thereafter locked within its walls, he brought a constitution especially fitted to the deprivations he was destined to undergo. The London Lancet tells the story of his physical existence since, from the standpoint of his physician. True, his august charge inherited the constitution and the wiry physique of a long line of mountaineers, advantages strengthened by plain living, high thinking and outdoor recreation, systematic, without monotony. But confinement even to "a palace and a garden" on the least healthy of the hills of Rome involved a sudden change of habits, nay, a revolution in the modus vivendi which put the preceding sixty-eight years of well-ordered life to severe test. However, as Dr. Lapponi himself is the first to admit, his holiness is an exemplary patient, observing with promptitude and in entire good faith the prescriptions from time to time submitted to him, and reinforcing the regimen with that best of all auxiliaries to the professional man, the will to live.

It is thus that he performs feats of endurance, mental and physical, that would impose a formidable strain on men twenty or even twenty-five years his junior, and that the ordeal of his pontifical jubilee on March 4 left him fatigued doubtless, but much less so than hundreds upon hundreds of the 60,000 spectators who from all parts of the world thronged St. Peter's for the ceremony. Not that this marvelous vitality or resisting power ever lulls to sleep the vigilance of his body physician. On the contrary, Dr. Lapponi, well aware how often in practice the unexpected happens, is never more alert than when all the omens seem to be most favorable, and redoubles his precautions down to the minutest details, not only of diet and rest in the recumbent posture, but even of clothing and temperature, and the transition from one suite of apartments to another. The physical life of this wonderful man is of interest not only to the medical fraternity, but to the general public. There seems no reason, under the careful attention which he receives, and his wonderful vitality, why he should not live for many years to come.

Particular attention is paid in many foreign countries to arranging some employment for the blind, whereby they not only can earn something, but that their time and attention may be occupied. In this line a translation from a recent issue of a Lisbon paper will be read with interest. It says: "In the school for the blind, founded in Lisbon by Branco Rodriques, there has been established a new kind of industry, which will prove most remunerative to the inmates. It consists in unraveling or 'picking' vegetable fibers used as stuffing material for furniture, beds, etc. A blind person, working eight hours a day, can earn 500 to 600 reis (about 43 to 52 cents) per diem. In order to obtain the raw material for the labor and meet orders which are expected, the founder has written to all furniture makers in Lisbon and Oporto, begging them to give him their custom."

The illness of King Edward VII brought to light the fact that the word "appendicitis," which is in general use in this country, is not so common in England. It is, as a matter of fact, of American origin, and it is possible that this is the reason why it is ignored in the huge "New English Dictionary." Dr. Murray, however, has recently accounted for his decision on the ground that words ending in "itis" are not English, but Graeco-Latin, and do not come within the scope of an English dictionary unless, as in the case of "bronchitis," they are in popular use. In this country, at least, one is used as much as the other.

Successful experiments with wireless telegraphy on moving trains have been made lately in France, and in Canada, between Toronto and Montreal. Now similar experiments are to be conducted on trains between New York and Chicago. They will be watched with interest, especially by the conductors.

The Portland Advertiser gives the interesting information that none of the Portland, Me., hotels supply pie for breakfast unless a special order is given. And yet no one supposed that Maineites could exist without pie three times a day.

A poet writes piteously to the New York Times to explain that he wrote "Bud-scented April Evenings" and the printer made it "Bad-scented April Evenings." The obvious moral is that he ought to improve his handwriting.

New York city and Boston have each appropriated $10,000 for a special exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. Would it be a good idea for Duluth to have a special exhibit there? It pays to advertise a city as well as a business.

After listening for three days to doctors testifying as to the sanity of a policeman, a New York jury pronounced him insane on the showing that he had no bank account. That was conclusive evidence.

In several respects, the anthracite coal strike commission was an unusual body. For instance, it returned to the national treasury $12,000 of the appropriation for its expenses.

The Washington Post believes that the gentleman who writes the statehood plank of the next Republican national platform will chew the end of his lead pencil for some time.

"Letter writing is a lost art," says somebody, who evidently failed to read the Pennell letters produced in court at Buffalo.

With John Alexander Dowie's endorsement, how could Graeme Stewart expect to be elected mayor of Chicago?

The Siberian railway has cost the Russian government $262,000,000. But the government owns and runs it.

That spring is here is proven beyond doubt by the "Bock beer" signs.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (central time), Saturday: The barometer is low over eastern Nebrasica and Assiniboia and high over north Atlantic and north Pacific states. Rains fell over the central valleys, lake region and Northwest, heavy at Chicago and Davenport. It is cooler in the far Northwest and a little warmer from the lake region southward. The winds in the lake region are easterly and fresh, except high on western Superior.

Minimum temperatures recorded in the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	66	Medicine Hat	24
Bismarck	42	Memphis	68
Boston	42	Miles City	34
Buffalo	56	Milwaukee	42
Calgary	18	Minnedosa	38
Charleston	62	Montgomery	62
Chicago	44	Moorhead	42
Davenport	52	New Orleans	66
Dodge City	44	New York	44
Duluth	38	North Platte	44
Edmonton	20	Omaha	54
Galveston	68	Port Arthur	30
Green Bay	40	Portland	38
Havre	28	Qu Appelle	34
Detroit	40	San Francisco	44
Helena	26	Shreveport	64
Houghton	30	Spokane	26
Huron	50	St. Louis	60
Jacksonville	64	St. Paul	44
Kamloops	30	Sault Ste Marie	34
Kansas City	60	Swift Current	28
Knoxville	60	Washington	42
La Crosse	46	Williston	36
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	16
Marquette	38	Winnipeg	28

Local forecast for twenty-four hours, ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Sunday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Rain and continued cool weather tonight and probably Sunday. Brisk and high northeast winds shifting to northwesterly during Sunday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official

Chicago, April 11.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms tonight and probably followed by fair during Sunday. Warmer in east portion tonight. Cooler in west portion Sunday.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and probably in northeast portions Sunday. Fair in south and west portions Sunday.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Cooler tonight.

Lakes Michigan and Huron—Brisk and high southerly winds shifting to northwesterly on Michigan Sunday. Showers and squalls.

Lake Superior—Brisk to high easterly winds, shifting to northwest Sunday. Rain.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: Miss Klyrt—Oh, yes, I've had nine proposals since I saw you last.

Miss Newitt—Indeed! And did you finally reward his perseverance by accepting him?

Judge: Anxious Mother—Tell me, doctor, is it a dangerous case?

Physician—I fear it is. He has breakfastfooditis in an advanced stage.

Woman's Home Companion: Miss Whyley—I wonder if that Jones woman is married or single.

Miss Notise—Oh, she is married, for two Easters she has had the same hat.

Father—Are you and this Mr. Simpson congenial, daughter?

Daughter—Oh, yes, pa; he likes to hear me talk about myself, and I like to hear him talk about himself.

Detroit Free Press: "Her father always grumbled at paying her bills, but when she married Freddy he gave her a dowry."

"I suppose Freddy was glad of that, too?"

"Yes, they divided the boodle."

Chicago Post: "Of course my manuscript was returned," she said.

"Why, of course?"

"Because," she explained, "I have just discovered that the editor is red-headed and I tied the manuscript up with a ribbon that didn't match at all."

HAN BREITMANN'S BARTY.

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty,
Dey had biano-playin';
I felled in lofe mit a Merican Frau,
Her name vas Madilda Yane.
She hot Hear as prown ash a pretzel,
Her eyes vas Himmel-plue,
Und ven dey looket indo mein,
Dey shplit mine Heart in dwo.

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty,
I vent dere you'll be pound
I valzet mit Madilda Yane
Und vent shpinnen round und round,
De portiest Fraulein in de Haus
(She vayed 'bout dwo hundert pound),
Und afery dime she gife a yoomp
She makt de windows sound!

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty,
I tells you, it cost him dear;
Dey rolled in more ash seffen keeks
Of foost-rate 'Lager Bier,
Und venefer dey knocks de shpicket in
De Dutschers gifes a sheer,
I dink dot so vine a Barty
Nefer cum to a het dis year.

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty;
Dere all vas Saus und Braus;
Ven de sooper comed in de gompany
Did mach demselfs to Haus;
Dey ate das Brod und Gansybrust,
De Bratwurst und Braten fein,
Und vash das Abendessen down
Mit four barrels of Neckarwein.

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty;
We all cot troonk ash bigs.
I see my Mund to a Fass of Bier
Und empdy it oop—mit a schwigs.
Und denn I kisst Madilda Yane
Und she schlagt me on de kopf
Und de gompany fited mit daple-lecks
Dill de coonshtaple made oos shtop.

Hans Breitmann gife a Barty—
Wo ist dot Barty now?
Wo ist de lofely golden cloud
Dot float on de moundain's prow?
Wo ist de Himmelstrahlende Stern—
De shtar of de spirit's Light?
All goned afay mit de Lager Bier,
Afay—in de Ewigkeit!

What the Bugs Cost.

Atchison Globe: We keep an army of 65,000 men and have 254 ships of war. We are ready to fight any nation on earth and yet the little potato bug laughs us to scorn. Ever hear of the big United States suffering with the grasshopper? Are we not powerless before the gypsy moth? The bug family taxes this great country $350,000,000 a year, but in the unequal fight between the nation and the bugs the latter ever remain unconquered. The worms that attack the cotton plant assess the farmer $60,000 a year. The potato bug eats $8,000,000 worth annually out of our gardens. The chinch bug costs us $100,000,000, the Hessian fly $50,000,000 and the grasshopper $90,000,000. The big United States hasn't enough money or men to win any war with an insect.

Why Digestion Hesitates.

Philadelphia Press: The increase of shares to the amount of five billions on the New York stock exchange within the last five years affords a strong confirmation of what J. P. Morgan says of the "undigested securities" in the market. The question remains as to the capacity for healthily digesting them.

Soulfulness in Fiddling.

St. Louis Republic: Now that Jan Kubelik has fallen in love with the beautiful Countess Marianne Csakyszell, the "soulfulness" which was said to have been lacking in his fiddling because he had never experienced a "grand passion" should come into evidence the very next time he rosins his bow. Yet again we're up against a baffling proposition. Isn't this same soulfulness a sort of wistful yearning by nature? And should little Kubelik, happily married, be a prey to that unhappiness which means so much in the development of genius? The Kubelik situation just now is not encouraging from the artistic point of view.

Specific For Worry.

New York Telegram: Woman who lived to be 102 years old in her formula for attaining great age gives the paradoxical rules, "Let nothing worry you. Get married."

AFTER THE LEGISLATURE.

I'm goin' to hev my say right here; I don't care who it hits,
An' no one needn't wear the coat exceptin' them it fits.
I've been "a feler citizen," a "man o' sterling stuff,"
"The bone and sinew o' the land," and all that long enough;
I've "put my shoulder to the wheel to save the ship o' state."
An' always gladly "rallied 'round the people's candidate;"
But now the ship can sink for all I'll do to make her float,
I'm sick o' findin' that I can't do nothin' only vote.

The senator from up our way he come around to me,
Before the last election day, an' sez to me, sez he:
"It's men like you we need to point the path of duty out,
We're ruled by our constituents, of that there ain't no doubt;
And when we git to makin' laws we need a hint or two
From men that understands affairs, to show us what to do.
Now any laws your county needs you make a little note,
And they'll all be attended to. I'm glad I've got your vote."

I know I'm kind o' prominent, but, even if I be,
It kind o' tickled me to think he'd ask advice of me.
I got to thinkin' on the thing, an' studied out some laws
I knew would do a lot to help the tilin' farmer's cause;
An' when my friend the senator got into office, I
Sat down an' wrote him some advice for usin' by and by.
He answered it right of, but I made out from what he wrote
That what he really hankered for was nothin' but my vote.

But when they got to makin' laws I wrote to him again,
Remindin' him that he was pledged to serve his feller men,
An' pointin' out some bills I knew would do us farmers good
Requestin' that he take them up, and pass them if he could.
An' when I read the paper where the bills was on the shelf,
I went down to the capital to talk to him myself.
He told me then the load o' state was more than I could tote,
Suggestin' that I go back home—an' thanked me fur my vote!

I done it, too; I went back home, an' that is where I'll stay;
But don't you think I won't fix him, come next 'lection day.
This thing o' being prominent an' honor'able's all right,
But, all the same, it's wise to know just where you're goin' to light.
An' senators' constituents that hope they're goin' to git
A say in how the laws is made—well, they are hopin' yit.
I ain't a-namin' any names, but none need wear the coat
That it don't fit—an' them it does won't never git my vote.

—Portland Oregonian.

Pleasing Both Sides.

Kansas City Journal: The way to christen the battleship Kansas with wine and not offend the prohibitionists is to place a bottle of the vinous fluid on the prow and let Mrs. Nation smash it with her ax.

Prophecy Fulfilled.

Philadelphia Record: It remained for Marconi to harness "the sightless couriers of the air" which Shakespeare forementioned. They are now made serviceable drudges in carrying messages across the seas between continent and continent.

A Point Well Taken.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Americans must admit that at least one of Count von Verventlow's criticisms of our navy is well taken. He says with truth that the navy is "heterogeneous." We have pursued no settled policy in creating it, but have gone on year after year adding new ships of type different from those of their predecessors, the result being a hodge podge which it would be difficult to classify. For this congress has been responsible, and it has only been recently that this all-wise body has been disposed to listen to authorities in the navy department who are in a position to know something about naval matters.

IT IS YOU AND I.

A fool there was in the days of old,
And, faith! he wasn't the last on earth
Who bartered his place and his birthright sold
For a mess of pottage of dubious worth.
He wasn't the last of his kind, I say,
For ever and aye, as the aeons run
And the gray earth whirls in its old, old way.

Who is it barters his soul for naught?
Stand in your places, or low or high—
Who is it fails when to stand he thought?
Join in confession: It's you and I.
Who is it stumbles and falters and fails;
Bowing to error, yet loving the true?
Who when the Wrong wears a coronet quails?
Tears for confession: It's I and you.

Whose are the lips that a prayer have framed,
Only in living to give it the nay?
Who is the one who is not ashamed,
Knowing the truth, with Error to stray?
Who has forgotten his youth's fair dream,
The armies of Evil to meet and defy?
Who has but learned to plan and to scheme?
Alas for the wreckage! It's you and I.

A fool there was in the days of old,
And, faith! he wasn't the last on earth
Who bartered his place and his birthright sold
For a mess of pottage of dubious worth;
For still we are fools, and we barter still;
Yet who is it lifts his eyes on high,
And says: "I have fallen, yet rise I will?"
Now God be praised! It is you and I.

—A. J. WATERHOUSE, in New York Times.

No Bandwagon For Grover.

Indianapolis News: Mr. Cleveland declines to follow the elaborate itinerary arranged for him by rumor and says he is going straight to St. Louis and straight back home without any side trips, extensions or bear hunts. And yet some people say he is not much of a politician.

Pie as a Pacifier.

Philadelphia Ledger: There was a strong opposition to the appointment of Dr. Crum as collector of the port of Charleston, but now that he has been appointed a hundred white men have applied for positions under him. The power to dispense patronage is a powerful prejudice remover.

Advertising is the only salesman you can employ that will keep everlastingly at it all the time.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded
Highest Honors World's Fair
Highest tests U.S. Gov't Chemist

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

SOCIETY'S GROWING TRAIT.

By some strange and unaccountable oversight society has failed to set me up as the arbiter of its manners, says a writer in the Brooklyn Eage. Quite naturally, therefore, its manners are going from bad to worse. In fact, I may say, society is rapidly becoming a mere association of butters-in. Since there may be some old-fashioned folk among my readers who do not understand the term, I will at once define and illustrate the butter-in by relating a personal experience.

I was present at a little social gathering, so called, the other evening. I had been told that I should meet some of the "very best" people in New York there. You know eggs and people are classified after much the same fashion in New York—there are "strictly fresh eggs," "fresh eggs" and "eggs," and there are "very best people," "best people," and "people." Of course, nobody ever mentions the bad eggs in either case. Well, since I was to meet some of the strictly fresh—no, I mean some of the very best—I put on my finest raiment and polished up my choicest company manners—manners which, by the way, I learned in the far and furzy West.

I had hardly crossed the threshold of the rubber room (formerly called drawing room) when I would have given a year's income for one peep into a mirror all by myself. Had I forgotten to put on my necktie? Or what was the matter with me that everybody stared so and all whispered among themselves?

But there! I was going to tell about the butters-in, not about the rubber-necks. After the introductions I drifted into a quiet corner to get a grip on myself, preparatory to diving into conversation, but before I could turn around I was accosted by a vivacious young woman—vivacity is another word for gabbiness nowadays, you know.

"Oh, Mr. Brooks," said she, with a sort of expiring look in her upturned eyes, "I am just dying to know what your next book is to be about. Do tell me."

I confess I was not displeased at this. It seemed to argue that fame had run before me here. Yet I deemed it imprudent to launch into so long a story as she appeared to invite. So I thought to toss off a little bon mot and let it go at that.

"My next book," I began, with a smile which I always wear when I am about to say something subtle—"my next book is to be about——"

"Have you finished it yet?" she butted in.

"Yes; it is in the publisher's hands. It is to be about——"

"Oh, how delightful it must be to have a publisher!" she butted in again. "I wrote a story once, but——"

"Did you? What was it about?" a young man with his hair pasted down butted in.

"Oh, it was about——"

"When did you write a story, Mildred?" another young woman butted in. "You never told me about——"

"What are you youngsters doing to Mr. Brooks?" a stout, middle aged woman complacently butted in.

"Why," said Mildred, "he is telling us all about his next book."

There seemed to be an opening for my bon mot, so I hastened to shoot it in before the gap should close. "I was merely going to say," I remarked, "that my next book is to be about——"

It is needless to prolong this agony. There seemed to be something about that corner that attracted all the butters-in. They came by ones and twos, and butted, butted, butted in until the primary topic was burned out of sight and out of mind under a tangled mass of unfinished sentences. Everybody had something to say, but nobody could wait until he said it.

I finally escaped, carrying with me a resolution that I would get that bon mot out of my system if it took all summer. So, here it is: I was going to tell Mildred and the rest of the company that my next book was to be about—350 pages.

There, by thunder!

GETTING HIS MONEY'S WORTH.

It was evident that he was not a city man, for he looked at the cab long-and doubtfully before deciding to hire it, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"Funny lookin' thing," he muttered, "with the driver's seat out over the tail of it; but I got to play all the games there is, so here goes."

He moved up to the waiting cabby.

"I want to hire the go-cart fer awhile," he announced.

"All right, sir," said the cabby. "Where do you want to go?"

"Say!" was the indignant response, "seems to me you're gittin' pretty gay. What is it to you where I want to go s'long as I pay the price? Think I'm goin' to run away with the two-wheeled box?"

"No, sir, certainly not," returned the cabby. "Pleasure ride, I suppose; want to see the sights. Get right in, and——"

"Git in!" exclaimed the stranger. "Well, I guess not. Think I want to ride in that caboose! No, sir. I'll git on top."

"But that's my place," protested the cabby. "How can I drive——"

"Drive! Who's askin' you to drive? D'you think I'm hirin' this hearse so's I kin play the part of the late lamented? Not any. I'm a live man, I am, an' I'm payin' fer a live man's fun. Git in yourself."

"But I can't do that, sir."

"Why not? You're smaller'n I am."

"I mean I must drive."

"Then whats the fun fer me? I was lookin' fer a little joy dodgin' things, an' I sure ain't goin' to pay you fer indulgin' in the sport. If you got to drive, why take your ol' upright piano-box an' drive to thunder. I ain't never played I was merchandise yet, an' I ain't goin' to begin now."

In the bright lexicon of youth and "Hunt's Perfect," there's no such word as "fail."

Light, flaky biscuits and pastry that delights the housewife. GET THEM BY USING

HUNT'S PERFECT
BAKING POWDER

FULL 16 oz. CAN AT YOUR GROCERS, for 25 cents

DEFECTIVE PAGE

You Need It!
Must Have It!

When you feel like kicking the cat, when your clothes do not fit and your feet are not mates; when you stare wide-eyed at nothing, you have been reading or listening to what some of the competitors of GERMAN MALT EXTRACT have been writing or saying. GERMAN MALT EXTRACT is the best article of its kind on the market—no exceptions—and all the proprietors ask is a fair comparison. It is now being sold by 127 dealers in Duluth and Superior and those that do not have it in stock now are asking about it, which means that it is popular. No light heads or mud in GERMAN MALT EXTRACT. It is the greatest Tonic and Blood Builder and Enricher on the market today. Guaranteed by De Velda Drug Co., which means Honesty, Purity and Satisfaction or money refunded.

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Zenith 336; Duluth 166-5.

THERE IS NOTHING LIKE AN EASTER GREETING, WHEN YOU HAVE PLENTY OF LILIES.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Boats Preparing to Leave Today But None Have Cleared.

Union Firemen Declare Determination Not to Give In.

The Captain Thomas Wilson passed between the canal piers at exactly 2 o'clock this afternoon, carrying a load of soft coal consigned to the Northwestern Fuel company. This is the first arrival from a lower lake port this season. The Buell is expected later in the afternoon.

Clearance papers were issued to the Grammer this morning. She will leave this afternoon for Buffalo with a load of 19,000 bushels of wheat.

The only other departure today was the Sultana, which left late this morning for the same port with a load of wheat from Superior.

The steamers John W. Gates and O. M. Poe were brought from their winter quarters in the Superior shipyard yesterday and are anchored in the Duluth harbor basin this morning. They will probably leave for Two Harbors to load ore today if full crews are obtained.

The Maricopa and Heffelfinger are loading ore at the Oneota docks.

A number of other boats are fitting out and next week will probably see the movement of the majority of the boats wintering at the head of the lakes, if crews can be secured.

The tugs, Inman and Excelsior are fitting out and will be put in commission shortly.

AS FIRM AS EVER.

Union Firemen Declare They Will Not Yield.

"Strike conditions are unchanged," said William Jones, the agent of the Firemens' union for the head of the lakes. "The men are determined not to yield and I think will stick by the union whatever happens. At the lower lake ports several conferences with independent owners are being held which may result in a settlement with them in the near future. I believe the end of the strike is not far off. We have been, on the whole, successful in tying up the fleets on nearly all the ports on the lakes and very few boats have succeeded in getting away with non-union firemen."

At the head of the lakes the chief battle is with the Pittsburg Steamship company. The company has succeeded in hiring a number of non-union men and the union is endeavoring by every means in its power to prevent more being secured.

A clause in the Lake Seamen's contract allows that union to order a sympathetic strike should it ever have to work under police protection and some of the men claim that should trouble arise which would compel the company to place a guard of police over their boats, the lake seamen will declare a sympathetic strike. Such an action does not seem probable as no repetition of the trouble of Thursday, when a non-union men was assaulted by unknown parties, has been reported.

"We do not favor such violence," said Mr. Jones when asked concerning the attitude of the union to such an action. "We intend to conduct this strike along peaceable lines and such action is strongly disapproved of by the union."

TUG DOWLING SINKS.

Accident Brought About In a Peculiar Manner.

The tug Tom Dowling, of the Independent line was sunk yesterday in the Superior harbor. She was breaking ice in the Great Northern slip. Capt. Hoy succeeded in getting her into shallow water and she can be raised with little expense.

Preparations are being made today to float her. When the boat was examined it was found that a hole had been punched in her bow by a large iron flue from one of the boats laid up in the Great Northern slip. Last fall when these boats were dismantled for the winter the old flues were thrown overboard. This one happened to freeze in the ice and proved to be the means of the sinking of the Dowling. The ice at this point was about 28 inches thick requiring heavy bucking and the force with which the Dowling went against the pick drove the heavy iron pipe through her bow.

The damage can be easily repaired and the tug will again be in commission by Monday. Her seams were found to be sound and intact in spite of the heavy strain to which she had been subjected.

HOLD A SMOKER.

Masters and Pilots of Duluth Harbor Meet.

Following the usual custom the annual spring smoker of the Duluth Harbor No. 11 Masters and Pilots' association was held last evening in the association hall at 21 West Superior street. The smoker is given each spring just before the general movement of the boats commences.

A number of outside speakers were present and the evening was passed in a very enjoyable manner.

Mayor Hugo gave a brief address, touching on the labor question. He compared the labor union to David who would ultimately slay the Goliath of capital, the trust.

Alderman McEwen commended the tugmen and the towing company for the manner in which each side had kept its temper. Strikes he said were generally the outcome of the inability of one side to recognize the rights of the other. Mr. McEwen also paid a warm tribute to Presidents Mitchell and Gompers, holding them up as examples of the principles of true unionism.

Capt. R. G. Coburn, a charter member of the first Masters and Pilots harbor to be formed, the Buffalo harbor, founded in 1871, gave a very interesting and entertaining talk on the history of the organization. Capt. Benson and Capt. Bedell and several other members of the association made short and interesting addresses. Capt. Mahan, of the steamer Shenandoah, rendered several vocal solos during the course of the evening.

GOT A CREW AT DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 11.—The steamer William P. Palmer, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, bound from Ashtabula to Lake Superior with coal, anchored in the Detroit river yesterday to complete her crew, having come this far without firemen, oilers or deckhands, and with only one watchman. Strikers who went aboard her here under the pretext of wanting to ship, reported that the first and second engineers did the work of firemen on the trip from Ashtabula. The Palmer went north with a full crew last evening.

The big steamer Admiral, bound from Lorain to Duluth with coal, put in here yesterday. She carried a full crew of union men under a special permit, as the vessel is to be inspected here. It is reported that her crew will not sail with her from here, however, unless the scale is signed. The steamer Ira H. Owen and Parks Foster got away from Detroit today, their owners having signed the new agreement.

TWO STEAMERS CHARTERED.

Detroit, Mich., April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—General Manager A. P. Lee, of the Star-Cole steamboat line, announced yesterday the closing of a contract by which the sidewheel steamers Darius Cole and Idlewild will leave Detroit and St. Clair rivers on which they have long been running and operate in the excursion business between Buffalo and Crystal Beach on the Canadian side of Lake Erie.

The Cole and Idlewild were not chartered to the Crystall Beach company, but will be operated by the Star-Cole line.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS

A Knights Templar service will be held at the First Methodist Episcopal church, Easter day, April 12th, at 3 o'clock, P. M. The Sir Knights will assemble at the Asylum at 2 p. m. in full uniform, ecept swords and cuffs. All members of Duluth Commandery and sojourning Sir Knights are requested to attend.

JESSE NORTON,
Commander.

EXTENSION OF THE MERIT SYSTEM

(Continued from page 1).

The committee on roads and bridges recommended for indefinite postponement Mr. Nyquist's bill appropriating $1000 for roads in each county of the state, but the author got the committee report reserved and the bill placed on general orders.

The senate bill allowing cities over 50,000 to issue bonds for the purpose of acquiring lands for park purposes was passed under suspension of the rules.

Among the bills passed on the calendar were the following: Limiting assessments for public improvements to 25 per cent of the assessed valuation of the property, making dealers in live stock and its products take out licenses and give bonds for faithful dealing with their clients.

The house adjourned at noon to 11 o'clock Monday morning.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

Young Corbett Knocked Out McGovern!

The Blake hat is invincible. Qualifications, style, quality, moderate price. Buy the Blake hat.

AT WEST DULUTH

The question of the extension of Ramsey street is again being brought before the people of West Duluth by a number of citizens living in the western portion of the town, and there is some talk of circulating a petition asking for the condemnation of land for a crossing over the Northern Pacific tracks.

The question was first brought up several months ago and was taken before the council by Alderman Barnes. Mr. Barnes was thoroughly in favor of the plan, and when the feeling of the council seemed to be against the measure he moved that it be laid on the table rather than have it brought before the meeting only to be defeated. Since then no move has been made in the matter.

The extension of the Grand avenue car line has impressed upon the minds of the Central avenue merchants that there is no east and west crossing over the Northern Pacific tracks, and that there is thus no easy and direct way in which the residents of the thickly settled western half of the town can reach Central avenue. Several merchants have expressed fears lest Central avenue should to some extent lose its prestige as the business street of the town, and that Grand avenue, when the car line extension was built, would secure much of the trade of the western portion of West Duluth.

The only crossings over the Northern Pacific tracks are on the avenues running north and south. None of the streets in West Duluth have a right-of-way across the tracks, and any cross-town communication is materially interfered with by these blind streets.

"I am strongly in favor of the extension of Ramsey street," said Alderman Barnes. "I believe it would be an excellent thing for the city to establish at least one through cross-town street, giving easy access from the large residence portion in the western half of the town to the business portion of Central avenue and the street cars."

AGAINST THE DIVISION.

Commercial Club Passes on Land District Matter.

At the meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last evening a resolution was passed condemning the plan to divide the Duluth land district and give almost the entire county of Itasca to the new Cass Lake district. Copies of the resolution will be sent to Congressman Bede and to Senators Clapp and Nelson, with the request that if possible some division will be made that will be less unfavorable to Duluth. The feeling of the members seemed to be very strongly against the action of the land officials in depriving the Duluth office of such a large share of its land.

Charles Petruschke, of the Petruschke Box factory, was present and brought before the meeting the question of the mail delivery to the factory district along the bay front. Mr. Petruschke strongly denounced the present service, and complained of the lateness and infrequency of the visits of the carriers to this district. He pointed out the importance of this factory district to the town, and asked that the club take some action toward the betterment of the mail service.

A committee, composed of Messrs. Barnes, Getchell and Petruschke was appointed to look into the matter and, if the mail service was found to be inadequate, to interview Postmaster Fisher and request him to take steps toward improving the service.

EASTER SERVICES.

Announcements of the Various Churches.

The Easter services in the West Duluth churches will be attended with attractive music. Services will be as follows:

At the Westminster Presbyterian church elabor Easter programs have been prepared for both the morning and evening services. Rev. J. W. Lowrie will preach in the evening on "The Message of the Resurrection." In the morning S. S. Williamson will present an address. There will be special music by the Jewel Adams quartet and others.

At the Swedish Baptist church the pastor will preach in the morning on "The Resurrection of Christ" and in the evening will preach a sermon to children. The members of the Sunday school will be present and furnish the music.

At the West Duluth Baptist church tomorrow, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag will preach at the morning service on "A Living Hope." At the evening service the subject will be "The First Easter Sermon." The special Easter music will be as follows:

MORNING.

"Christ, Our Passover"..... ....
M. L. McPhail.
"Crown Him Lord of All"..... ..
M. L. McPhail.

EVENING.

"Christ, the Lord, is Risen Today"..
Henry A. Lewis.
"The Resurrection"..... .. ..
J. Wesley Highes.

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be Easter services Sunday morning conducted by Rev. Adolph Salverson, the pastor.

Rev. O. M. Savig will preach in the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m.

At the Asbury M. E. church, Rev. J. C. Hartley, the pastor, will preach in the morning on "Joyful Parises" and in the evening on "The Savior Satisfied." There will be special music at both services.

Rev. Robert Forbes, D. D., will preach in the Oneota M. E. church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. At 7:30 p. m. a special Easter program will be rendered jointly by thec hoir and the Sunday school. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. The special music, under the direction of Professor Maxwell, will be as follows:

Organ prelude..... ....
Anthem—"O Be Joyful in the Lord"
Offertory..... ....

EVENING.

Organ prelude..... ....
Male quartet..... ....
Offertory..... ....
Sunday school program.....

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Stetson, Gordon and Boss spring block hats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mary Berger, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Berger, of New Duluth, died yesterday afternoon. The child had been an invalid for six years and the death was not unexpected. The funeral services will be held Monday afternoon in St. James' Catholic church and interment will be made in Calvary cemetery.

Florsheim shoes. Shine books free. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Downs, of North Sixtieth avenue.

The wet weather will probably cause another postponement of the baseball game between the West Duluth and Big Duluth teams which was to have been played in West Duluth tomorrow afternoon.

Beautiful Easter neckwear. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mrs. T. U. Porter and daughter, Effie, will leave tomorrow for Detroit, where they will visit Mrs. Porter's brother.

M. K. Noble, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday on business.

Men's and boys' Easter suits, cravenette topcoats. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

QUARRELED WITH HUSBAND

Bride of a Few Days Takes Deadly Poison.

Cincinnati, April 11.—Margaret Clark, of this city, is reported dying today from the effects of birchloid, which, she says, she took while on a train en route from Dayton, Ohio. Frank Blaes, of Dayton, says he and the dying girl recently eloped to Covington, Ky., where they were married. To Dr. Wocher the dying woman stated that after a quarrel in Dayton with Blaes, she purchased the poison and boarded the train. Blaes followed her, and she swallowed eight tablets while seated with him on the train.

BEAUTY AND PURITY

Ancient and Modern Ideas on the Subject. Time and Disease the Effacing Agents of Beauty. What Has Science Done to Restore the Lily and the Rose?

Socrates called beauty a short-lived tyranny, Plato a privilege of nature, Theocritus a delightful prejudice, Theophrastus a silent cheat, Carneades a solitary kingdom, Homer a glorious gift of nature, Ovid a favor of the gods. Aristotle affirmed that beauty was better than all the letters of recommendation in the world, and yet none of these distinguished authorities has left us even a hint of how beauty is to be perpetuated, or the ravages of age and disease defied. Time soon blends the lily and the rose into the pallor of age, disease dots the fair face with cutaneous disfigurations and crimsons the Roman nose with unsightly flushes, moth, if not rust, corrupts the glory of eyes, teeth, and lips yet beautiful by defacing the complexion, and fills the sensitive soul with agony unspeakable.

If such be the unhappy condition of one afflicted with slight skin blemishes, what must be the feelings of those in whom torturing humors have for years run riot, covering the skin with scales and sores and charging the blood with poisonous elements to become a part of the system until death? It is vain to attempt to portray such suffering. Death in many cases might be considered a blessing. The blood and fluids seem to be impregnated with a fiery element which, when discharged through the pores upon the surface of the body, inflames and burns until, in his efforts for relief, the patient tears the skin with his nails, and not until the blood flows does sufficient relief come to cause him to desist.

Thus do complexional defects merge into torturing disease, and piqued vanity give place to real suffering. A little wart on the nose or cheek grows to the all-devouring lupus, a patch of tetter on the palm of the hand or on the limbs suddenly envelops the body in its fiery embrace, a bruise on the leg expands into a gnawing ulcer, which reaches out its fangs to the sufferer's heart in every paroxysm of pain, a small kernel in the neck multiplies into a dozen, which eat away the vitality, great pearl-like scales grow from little rash-like inflammations in such abundance as to pass credulity; and so on may we depict the sufferings to which poor human nature is subject, all of which involve great mental distress because of personal disfigurations.

If there were not another external disease known, eczema alone would be a sufficient infliction on mankind. It pervades all classes, and descends impartially through generations. While some are constantly enveloped in it, others have it confined to small patches in the ears, on the scalp, on the breast, on the palms of the hands, on the limbs, etc., but everywhere its distinctive feature is a small watery blister, which discharges an acrid fluid, causing heat, inflammation, and intense itching. Ringworm, tetter, scalled head, dandruff, belong to this scaly and itching order of diseases. Psoriasis, our modern leprosy, with its mother-of-pearl scale, situated on a reddened base, which needs upon the removal of the scale, is to be dreaded and avoided, as of old. Impetigo, barber's itch, erysipelas, and a score of minor disorders make up in part the catalogue of external diseases of the skin. Thus far we have made no allusion to those afflictions which are manifestly impurities of the blood, viz.: swelling of the glands of the throat, ulcers on the neck and limbs, tumors, abscesses, and mercurial poisons, with loss of hair, because the whole list can be comprehended in the one word scrofula.

It is in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors and affections of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, that the Cuticura remedies have achieved their greatest success. Original in composition, scientifically compounded, absolutely pure, unchangeable in any climate, always ready, and agreeable to the most delicate and sensitive, they present to young and old the most successful curatives of modern times. This will be considered strong language by those acquainted with the character and obstinacy of blood and skin humors, but it is justified by innumerable successes where all the remedies and methods in vogue have failed to cure, and, in many cases, to relieve, even.

The Cuticura Treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humors, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humors, eczemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail. The remedies constituting the Cuticura system will repay an individual scrutiny of their remarkable properties.

Cuticura Soap contains in a modified form the medicinal properties of Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest and sweetest of emollients, combined with the most delicate and refreshing of flower odors. It purifies and invigorates the pores of the skin, and imparts activity to the oil glands and tubes, thus furnishing an outlet for unwholesome matter, which, if retained, would cause pimples, blackheads, rashes, oily, mothy skin, and other complexional disfigurations, as well as scalp affections and irritations, falling hair, and baby rashes. Its gentle and continuous action on the natural lubricators of the skin keeps the latter transparent, soft, flexible, and healthy. Hence its constant use, assisted by an occasional use of Cuticura Ointment, realizes the fairest complexion, the softest, whitest hands, and the most luxuriant, glossy hair within the domain of the most advanced scientific knowledge to supply.

Cuticura Ointment is the most successful external curative for torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, including loss of hair, in proof of which a single anointing, with it, preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap, and followed in the severer cases by a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, is sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, and scaly humors, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure when all other remedies fail. It is especially so in the treatment of infants and children, cleansing, soothing, and healing the most distressing of infantile humors, and preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair.

Cuticura Ointment possesses, at the same time, the charm of satisfying the simple wants of the toilet of all ages, in caring for the skin, scalp, hair, and hands far more effectually, agreeably, and economically than the most expensive of toilet emollients, while free from every ingredient of a doubtful or dangerous character. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hands," or "Single Treatment of the Hair," or use after athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring, or any sport, each in connection with the use of Cuticura Soap, is sufficient evidence of this.

Of all remedies for the purification of the blood and circulating fluids, none approaches in specific medical action Cuticura Resolvent. It neutralizes and resolves away (hence its name) scrofulous, inherited, and other humors in the blood, which give rise to swellings of the glands, pains in the bones, and torturing, disfiguring eruptions of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair.

Cuticura Resolvent extends its purifying influence by means of the pores to the surface of the skin, allaying irritation, inflammation, itching, and burning, and soothing and healing. Hence its success in the treatment of distressing humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, which fail to be permanently cured by external remedies alone.

The greatest testimonial that can be offered Cuticura remedies is their world-wide sale due to the personal recommendations of those who have used them. It is difficult to realize the mighty growth of the business done under this name, from a small beginning in the simplest form, against prejudice and opposition, against monied hosts, countless rivals, and trade indifference, Cuticura remedies have become the greatest curatives of their time, and, in fact, of all time, for nowhere in the history of medicine is to be found another approaching them in popularity and sale. In every clime and with every people they have met with the same reception. The confines of the earth are the only limits to their growth. They have conquered the world.

To the test of popular judgment all things mundane must finally come. The civilized world has rendered its verdict in favor of Cuticura.

YOU ARE

invited to participate in a reception given by the Ladies' of W. C. O. F. No. 205, at Columbia Hall, 8 p. m. April 12th, refreshments will be served.

SHAMROCK I DEFEATS NEW BOAT ON TIME ALLOWANCE

(Continued from page 1.)

had gone half way to the mark the Shamrock III was a mile ahead and dead to windward.

The breeze freshened a little and both boats traveled at a fine pace, the challenger apparently revelling in the stronger wind. When they turned the mark off Portland the Shamrock II had a lead of over six minutes on less than twelve miles' sailing. The times at the Portland mark were: Shamrock III, 11:40:20; Shamrock I, 11:46:35.

Thence a broad, easy reach brought the boats home, and on this point of sailing the Shamrock I held her opponent well. The first round was finished as follows: Shamrock III, 11:57:18; Shamrock I, 12:03:23.

The challenger's showing on the reach was distinctly disappointing. On the second run down the wind to the Lulworth cove mark the old boat had somewhat of an advantage by bringing up a fresher breeze, and the Shamrock III was only able to make a minute and a half between the marks. The timings at Lulworth cove were: Shamrock III, 12:41:50; Shamrock I, 12:49:30.

The Shamrock I was fouled by a steam yacht when half way through the second run to Lulworth cove. Her spinnaker boom and the steam yacht's bowsprit were both carried away, but the Shamrock I escaped other injury and continued the race. The accident was of little disadvantage to her as the Shamrock III's spinnaker was immediately housed in order to make the conditions even. With only a beat to mark off Portland and a reach home to sail, the challenger had still two and a half minutes' handicap against her. The yachts had a hard wind and some sea during the beat and both laid down handsomely to their work, with lee rails under.

In beating for the mark off Portland, Capt. Wringe did not appear to drive his boat so keenly as he had done. He kept pinching her into every eye of the wind, while the Shamrock I, although dropping to leeward, gained distinctively.

The hardening wind suddenly drew around a couple of points and gave the Shamrock I the only fluke of the day. She was far down to leeward, but under the favoring breeze wiped out considerable of the new boat's lead. Wringe then started to drive the challenger again, but at the mark boat off Portland she had lost a minute and a half of her previous lead. The timings were: Shamrock III, 1:33:30. Shamrock I, 1:39:32.

On the three-mile reach home the challenger was sailed for all she was worth and on the leg on which the Shamrock I had held her even during the first round, the Shamrock III on this occasion gained half a minute. The finishing times were: Shamrock III, 1:48:38. Shamrock I, 1:55:09.

Humane Society.

The board of directors of the Duluth Humane society held the regular monthly meeting in the Trust block yesterday afternoon. The attention of the board was called to the fact that with the approach of the summer months there was need of care on the part of the officers of the society to prevent the wholesale slaughter of birds, which usually takes place at that season.

It was determined to employ an assistant for Mr. Withrow, the regular officer of the society, such assistant to serve during the summer months. Mr. Withrow, Dr. Ryan, the president of the society, and other persons interested in its work are looking for the right kind of man to fill the place in question.

All the Popular Goods.

Enlarged Show Room.

Wall Papers

The largest Selection ever shown in Duluth. See our stenciled grass cloth effects. Tapestries in all the new colorings. Have you seen the new wall fabrics—Krash-Ko-Na and Hessian-Ko-Na? Call and we will gladly show you their effects as decorative novelties. Everything for wall decoration.

ALL KINDS OF PAINTING

EITHER PHONE 534 — **H. A. HALL & CO.** — 16 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

Turning gray? Why not have the early, dark, rich color restored? It's easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor. J. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass.

PLENTY OF FOOD

But None For Non-Union Men, the Strikers Found.

Machinists Discover Themselves To Be Against Stiff Proposition.

With tons of food and a hundred or more restaurants within easy reach the non-union machinists at the Clyde works thought they were up against certain starvation last evening.

The men had been boarding at the Bethel but a committee of prominent local union men called on the Bethel authorities and as a result the non-union men were unable to get any supper after their day's work in the Clyde shops.

Some of them had worked all day on empty stomachs because Lake avenue restaurant proprietors refused to serve them with dinner when they were pointed out by the union pickets. As a result the strike breakers were decidedly hungry when they found they could not eat at the Bethel and they started up town to get something to eat.

As they entered the various restaurants a union picket went in along and notified the proprietor of the establishment who his guests were and suggested that he should not serve them. In view of the fact that the cooks and waiters' union is one of the best organized in the city, the suggestion in most instances was promptly acted on.

For a while it seemed that the union had struck a decisive blow in cutting off the base of supplies of the non-union men, but the Clyde works officers succeeded in staving off starvation by getting the strikers table accommodations at an uptown hotel where the waiters and cooks were not organized. It is claimed today that the non-union men were supplied with the Monday meal in the shops.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater. Tonight. 8:30.

Social dance by Hiawatha division, 161 L. A. to O. R. C., Columbia hall, Tuesday, April 14. Bluett's orchestra. Stevenson, prompter. 50c per couple. Good supper. Prizes given.

Professor Dooley will give a floral ball Easter Monday at his hall, 1204 West Michigan street. A handsome prize will be given to the lady representing a flower most complete.

Miss Elizabeth K. Burr, of Boston, representing Walter Baker & Co., will give a series of five lectures on cooking at the Y. M. C. A. hall, commencing Monday and an invitation to all ladies to be present is cordially extended.

One of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company teams ran away on First street yesterday and there was a merry, mad time for a few minutes. At Fifth avenue west the team ran in to a fire plug and smashed the tongue of the wagon. The horses were caught, but while being held one of them made a sudden break for liberty through the crowd dragging the man who was holding him half way across the street before he let go. Then the horse sailed eastward on the sidewalk finally bringing up some blocks away.

Mr. and Mrs. Shalgren, of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Second street, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding last Sunday. About fifty guests were present for dinner, after which an enjoyable program was rendered. Rev. Dr. Elmquist delivered a speech in honor of the occasion, organ solos were given by Professor Helberg and Miss Christine Nelson, also by Miss Olga Shalgren, the youngest daughter of the honored couple. Many fine presents were given Mr. and Mrs. Shelgren as a remembrance of the day.

In district court this morning, Judge Dibell appointed N. H. Wilson guardian of the minor children, Clarence B., Harold C., Charles, Ella M., and Frank B. Foster.

The National Iron Works of this city has been awarded the contract by the government of furnishing 12,600 pounds of special steel plates and rods for use in the construction of the concrete pier at Superior entry. The bids were opened yesterday by Capt. D. D. Gaillard, government engineer.

Read Northern Homestake ad. page 10.

The next meeting of the Unity club will be held Monday evening at the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, and Miss Mogford will read a paper on "Robert Louis Stevenson." C. E. Kirschener will leave tonight over the Northern Pacific for Portland.

H. V. Peterson, traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis and St. Louis road, is in the city today.

Miss Meta Elferth will leave tonight over the Northern Pacific for Peoria, Ill.

Captain Joseph Hayes, chief engineer of the Pittsburg Steamship company, has returned from Cleveland.

Captain W. H. Singer has returned from a business trip to Chicago.

M. T. Gerry, Jr., of Helena, Mont., consulting electrical engineer of the Great Northern Power company, arrived in the city today and is at the Spalding hotel. He will be here for several days in consultation with the engineers of the company with reference to matters connected with the company's plans.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brewer, who have been at Mobile, Ala., for a month have returned.

F. E. Cole left today for the South for a vacation of about three weeks.

Miss Ella Claire Keating, of St. Paul, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. D. P. McDonald, of 115 East Third street.

Mrs. C. W. Riley, of Brainerd, is visiting friends in this city. Mrs. Riley is president of the society D. O. E. of Minnesota.

Mr. and Mrs. William MacDonald, 2226 West First street, have returned from a trip to Oregon and Washington.

Mrs. Sands Van Wagner, of 1819 Piedmont avenue, who has been seriously ill for the last three weeks, is improving.

Dr. W. W. Routh returned today from a stay of several weeks at West Baden, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. McCarthy and son returned today from West Baden, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Farrer, of 318 Nineteenth avenue West, will leave tomorrow for St. Paul and other Minnesota points.

John E. Tarum left this morning for Milwaukee on a short business trip.

GONE TO FRONTIER.

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 11.—The war minister has started for the frontier to perfect measures to prevent Bulgarian bands from entering Turkey. Further reinforcements of troops have been sent to the frontier and in case of necessity martial law will be proclaimed in the Kostendili Bulgarian district

"77"

breaks up Spring

COLDS

At Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. Wm. & John Sts., N. Y.

TO HOMESTEAD SPARTA.

Two Men See a Chance to Get Rich Quick.

The latest "get-rich-quick" scheme has been conceived by two natives of Sweden who hail from Sparta, Minn., but their plan was doomed to an early failure.

They had heard of the decision of the supreme court in the case of certain lands in township 57-17 and 57-18 and of the plan to re-survey the disputed lands and they became possessed of the idea that the entire townships were to be thrown open again for settlement. They appeared at the local land office this morning with a request for the privilege of homesteading the townsite of Sparta. They selected the town site rather than any other part of the township inasmuch as they preferred urban life to rural and desired to live amid the bustling life of that metropolis of the North to leading a pastoral existence among the pines and rocky hills which surround the city.

The Saturday Evening Post

is 175 years old. Has half a million copies weekly circulation. Is handsomely printed and illustrated and wants thousands of boys to work for it. Write for our offer.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

BEAUTIFY CITY

Meeting In Interest of Cleaning at High School April 20.

Mrs. Conde Hamlin of St. Paul to Deliver a Lecture.

Arrangements have been made by Duluth ladies for a mass meeting for the purpose of discussing the question of outdoor and door yard beautifying.

The meeting will be held at the High School Assembly hall on the night of April 20, and all who are interested in the cleaning up of the city are invited. Mayor Hugo will probably address the meeting.

Mrs. Conde Hamlin, of St. Paul, who has been active in the outdoor art work for some time, and who has lectured throughout the state and has accomplished great good with her efforts, will be present and address the meeting.

Mrs. Hamlin will have with her large numbers of stereopticon views taken from photographs of streets and lots before and after cleaning. These will be shown, together with some scenes from Duluth's residence portion.

Efforts will be made to secure the attendance of all who are interested in beautifying the city and who will make individual efforts to aid in the work.

EASTER TO BE A WET DAY

Forecaster Dampens Hopes of Ladies With New Bonnets.

Now let the bonnetless ladies rejoice. Local Forecast Official Richardson promises showers for Easter morning.

"The wind will shift to the northwest this evening or tomorrow morning," said Mr. Richardson. "The showers will continue throughout tonight and tomorrow morning. It may clear somewhat tomorrow afternoon but we will not have a pleasant morning. The temperature will remain about the same until tomorrow afternoon when, if the sky clears, we may expect a slight raise.

See Resurrection Tonight.

Metropolitan. Fifty people in cast.

PURELY PERSONAL

James D. Coleman will leave this evening over the Northern Pacific for Butte, Mont.

T. J. Golden will leave for Portland this evening over the Northern Pacific.

Miss McPartland will leave tonight over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Marquette.

A. M. Cleland assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, was in the city this morning and returned to St. Paul on the noon train.

George McCaskey, district passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, came up from Ashland last night.

C. E. Kirschener will leave tonight over the Northern Pacific for Portland.

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PRESIDENT IS SILENT.

Clunabar, Mont., April 11.—Secretary Loeb has received no word from President Roosevelt since he left his headquarters for the mountain camp on Thursday morning.

THREATS OF INTERVENTION.

Yokohama, April 11.—Advices from Tokio say the governor of French Indo-China has again threatened to intervene in the Boxer troubles in the Chinese province of Kwang Si and that French troops are ready to march across the frontier.

WILL SUCCEED YUNG LU.

Pekin, April 11.—Prince Ching, president of the office, probably will succeed the late Yung Lu as grand secretary. The power of that office is merely nominal and it is impossible to predict who will fill Yung Lu's place, that of premier of the empire. Ching is aging fast. He is feeble, physically, and lacks determination and initiative. One of the strongest men available is Yuan Shikai, but his attempts to reform the administration of this province arrayed against him a powerful clique, which the dowager empress dare not defy even if she desired to do so.

A NEW MAN CHOSEN

W. A. McGonagle Is Elected President of Commercial Club.

F. A. Patrick Desired a Change---Secretary Preston Re-elected.

The following were elected officers of the Commercial club at a meeting of the board of directors in the club rooms this afternoon: President, W. A. McGonagle; first vice president, E. L. Millar; second vice president, Guy A. Eaton; treasurer, Julius H. Barnes; secretary, A. L. Preston.

F. A. Patrick, the retiring president of the club, was tendered a re-election, but he withdrew, claiming that he believed it would subserve the interests of the club to have a change in executives the coming year. Mr. McGonagle was elected on the next ballot.

Julius H. Barnes, as treasurer, was re-elected to the position he filled last year, as was Secretary Preston.

At a late hour this afternoon the board was still in session and disposing of matters that properly come before it at the beginning of the club year.

There will be a number of committees, including the house committee, to be appointed by the new president and confirmed by the board, but it was hardly expected that any action would be taken along that line this afternoon.

ONE CHARGE IS ENOUGH

Contention of the Jobbers With Reference to Dockage Charge.

The Stone-Ordean-Wells company is the only one which has been notified that the 50 cents dockage charge will be put in force again, was the cause of the meeting and protest of jobbers yesterday. The other companies have received no information, according to the traffic managers.

The claim of the local jobbers is that there is no legal right on the part of the lake transportation companies to charge for placing goods on the docks, when the regular published tariff rate is paid for freight. The contention is that freight shipped here under a published tariff is supposed to be placed on the docks.

"We are entitled to the freight at the rate laid down, the same as with any other transportation company," said R. H. Redman, of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company this morning.

Three years ago the rates were raised on first class freight from 23 to 25 cents a ton, and it was tacitly understood at that time that the increase included the dockage charge, which was afterward omitted. Now the companies want to hold the old rate and inflict the dockage charge also. The jobbers will make a violent protest against that.

"We think the charge is unwarranted. So far as our firm is concerned we have no notice that such charge will be made, but understand that the unofficial notice has been given out," said Mr. Redman.

The lake transportation companies were giving no information this morning regarding the proposed additional rate. The representatives of the pricipal packet lines said they had received no instructions regarding it.

Conditions In Russia.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have been a constant reader of local papers, and have seen pretty often charitable acts done by the czar of Russia to his subjects in the newspaper columns. The first instance was granting religious freedom to his subjects, which sound plausible to the whole world. On April 1 a Finnish-American paper published in New York Mills, Minn., made the following publication about the Russian authorities last month in Finland. They have dismissed forty-three clergymen from their pulpits for the rest of their lifes, because they did not notify their hearers to make known the new conscription laws which have been enforced by Russia. Another case is the Greek orthodox holy synod sending notices to one of the seminaries in Finland, in the town of Sortavala, directing them to remove one hour's religious instruction from said school, and place the Russian language instead of it. This sounds very lovely for the holy synod to destroy the religious instruction and make its own language prominent among the citizens. Yours truly.

MIKE KAUPPI.

Duluth, April 11.

TWO WITNESSES EXAMINED.

Frankfort, Ky., April 11.—The interrogation of the commonwealth witnesses in the trial of James Howard for the murder of Governor William Goebel, was begun in the Frankfort circuit court at 10 o'clock today. Upon adjournment at noon, but two witnesses has been examined. Their testimony developed nothing new in the case.

CALL FOR BANK STATEMENT.

Washington, April 11.—The controller of the currency of the treasury department has issued a call for the condition of the national banks at the close of business Thursday, April 9.

WOULD YOU Blame Him?

The effect of coffee on brain workers is more injurious than on those who work with their hands, but still the hard physical worker is often seriously hurt with coffee.

A man from Mead, Wash., says: "Coffee drinking had a different effect on my wife than on me; it ruined her nervous system and put her in very bad condition that way. With me my nerves seem to be all right, but my stomach was disordered and I was suffering from dyspepsia from drinking coffee, so finally we concluded to begin using Postum instead of coffee.

"In a very few days the dizziness and headaches that she had suffered with more or less disappeared, and her nerves kept getting better and my dyspepsia left; now I can eat anything. I have noticed that in hard work in the harvest field the days when I used coffee I was not near so strong and vigorous as when I used Postum.

"I have had many chances to prove, and have proved, that Postum is far and away better for me than coffee; besides I am well now, and while I was using coffee I was half sick." Name furnished by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

IS ALMOST MADE

City and Furnace Company Nearly Together On Gas Deal.

Some Difference Over Division of Proceeds From Gas.

The gas deal was all but settled this afternoon and the conferees representing the city and Zenith Furnace company were practically ready to sign a typewritten agreement, when new complications came up deferring a final settlement until Monday.

It is understood that the furnace people have abandoned the position which they took urging a minimum rate of 30 cents per 1000 feet for gas furnished to consumers, and have agreed to the 75 cent minimum rate suggested by the board of water and light commissioners, but not until the gas consumption of the city shall reach 200,000,000 feet annually.

The difference of opinion at present is said to be largely a matter of a just and proper division of the proceeds from the gas business. The Zenith company is said to desire a sufficient profit out of the municipal gas arrangement to enable Duluth coke to be put on the market sufficiently low to compete with coke manufactured elsewhere.

It is the desire of the water and light commissioners and the aldermen interested in the conference that this home industry should be encouraged to the utmost, but at the same time the city insists on having a division of the proceeds of the gas business sufficient to make that branch of municipal ownership self-sustaining, or if possible a small profit to furnish money for extension and improvements.

It is also understood that the company virtually agrees to build the entire gas system in West Duluth and possibly have it in operation within a year. The city would simply assume charge of the mains that the company builds in that section. The Zenith company would also build the high-pressure feeder main connecting with the uptown municipal plant.

See Resurrection Tonight.

Metropolitan. Fifty people in cast.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Delaware, O., April 11.—General John S. Jones, president of the board of trustees of the Ohio Soldiers and Sailors Orphan asylum at Xenia, and well known as an attorney, died at his home here today. General Jones was widely known. He represented the district in the Forty-fifth congress and was for three years a member of the Ohio legislature. He was also a civil war veteran, enlisting as a private, and was made colonel of the 174th Ohio infantry in 1864. On being mustered out of the service he was given the rank of brigadier general.

Washington, April 11.—The Rev. William Henry Milburn, the venerable blind chaplain of the United States senate, died at Santa Barbara, Cal., yesterday. Word to this effect was received here by Col. D. A. Randell, the sergeant-at-arms of the senate. Mr. Milburn, accompanied by his two nieces, the Misses Timley, left Washington for the Pacific coast about a year ago. The chaplain was in broken health. The change brought no great improvement in his condition and when congress met in December he forwarded his resignation to Washington but it was never acted on. The deceased was a native Philadelphia, where he was born, in 1823. When he was five years of age a playfellow accidentally struck him in the left eye with a piece of glass. For two years he was confined to a dark room under medical treatment, and when he came out one of his eyes was entirely blind and little sight was left in the other.

WILL BE BURNED IF CAPTURED

Posse and Bloodhounds on Track of a Fiend.

Shreveport, La., April 11.—Mrs. Frank Matthews, 49 years old, the wife of Frank Matthews, a civil engineer of the Seaboard Air line, and her 10-year-old child, Alline, were assaulted by an unknown person at their home, near Anniston, Ala., early this morning. In the struggle that followed the attack by the assailant, Mrs. Matthews' head was crushed to a jelly and she died later of her injuries.

After assaulting the mother, the assailant attempted to criminally assault the child, but after beating her into insensibility, fled, leaving no trace behind him. The child is at a sanitarium dying, her skull having been fractured and her chest crushed in.

Mrs. Matthews had considerable jewelry on her person which was untouched. The weapon used in committign the assault was an ax, and all evidences show that the crime had been deliberately planned.

A posse with bloodhounds is in pursuit of the assailant, who will doubtlessly be burned when captured. All parties are prominent socially, and the greatest excitement prevails.

New Orleans, April 11.—A special from Shreveport says that the negro who assaulted Mrs. Matthews has been shot to pieces by a posse outside the city limits. The child, Alline, is reported to have died.

TO FILE NEXT WEEK.

Notice of Appeal In Northern Securities Case.

St. Paul, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Clerk Lang, of the United States circuit court at noon today said that no appeal or notice of appeal had yet been filed in the case of the United States against the Northern Securities company. Just after noon Judge Young, one of the attorneys for the defendants, told the Associated Press that the filing of notice of appeal was a merely routine matter which would probably be attended to early next week. After such notice ten days' time is allowed for the full papers in the case to be presented.

St. Louis, April 11.—No appeal in the Northern Securities case was filed here today. The understanding is that such action will be taken Monday.

SENSATION IN FRANCE

Over the Resignation of Governor General Revoil.

Paris, April 11.—The resignation of M. Revoil, as governor general of Algeria announced today, has caused a sensation in French political circles owing to the peculiar circumstances leading up to it. Coming on the eve of President Loubet's departure for Algeria it becomes a vertiable coup de theater. M. Revoil's action follows Premier Combes recent speech in the chamber of deputies denouncing as false the charge of M. Besson, editor of the Petit Dauphinois, that he had been approached with an offer to secure authorization for the brothers of the Grand Chartreuse monastery to remain in France on payment of $200,000. Governor Revoil, who is a nephew of the director of Petit Dauphenios came here seeking M. Combes to assure him that he was not connected with the charges, but the premier refused to receive the governor and the latter immediately resigned on the ground that he lacked the confidence of his superiors. After a conference between President Loubet and M. Combes, M. Revoil's resignation was accepted.

It was immediately announced that there would be no change in the president's plans for a trip to Algeirs. A new governor will soon be appointed.

BOARDED STEAMERS.

High Handed Operation of Striking Firemen.

Buffalo, April 11.—While out in the lake a short distance from the harbor two freight steamers, the George W. Roby and the Nyanza, coming from up the lakes, were boarded by striking firemen. The strikers ordered the firemen employed on the boats to leave their posts, which they did. The steamers were then towed into the harbor.

Do You Know

That the head of the lake is covered by a Blake hat? Your dealer has your size.

ANTI-STRIKE LAW

Passed By Netherlands Parliament at Urgent Setting.

The Hague, April 11.—At an urgent sitting of the first chamber of the Netherlands parliament today the anti-strike bills, previously adopted by the second chamber, were passed unanimously.

Queen Wilhelmina immediately sanctioned the anti-strike bills, which forthwith became effective, militia remains under arms and is guarding the railroads.

Amsterdam, April 11.—The disagreement between the strikers and the workmen's defense committee has resulted in the situation of affairs becoming more threatening. Further and more stringent military precautions have been taken. Extra troops have been summoned here and at the least sign of an outbreak martial law will be proclaimed.

CARPENTERS CANNOT AGREE.

New York, April 11.—Committee representing the Amalgamated Union of Carpenters and the Brotherhood of Carpenters again met President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor today to hear the report of the sub-committee appointed last night to devise a proposition to settle the strike. After the conference both sides announced that it was impossible to arrive at an amicable settlement and that the committee had been unable to agree to any plan to submit to the conference.

Three Dollars Sounds Cheap

When you compare the price of the Blake hat (soft and stiff) with the amount you paid last summer for a Panama.

BOOK AGENT GOT EVEN.

Illustrating the Fact That Perseverance Succeeds.

"There are slews and slathers of schemes for revenge," said a Washington business man who has half a dozen "No Agents or Peddlers" signs tacked up around his office to the Star, "but the way a fellow took to get even with me yesterday for a bit of warm talk that I was obliged to hand out to him beats anything that has come my way down to date.

"The chap was a book agent who came into my office yesterday morning not much later than fifteen minutes after I had reached my desk. I was busy with my morning's mail, and when he unhitched the leather covering around his stock of sample copies of 'Photogravures of the Old Masters,' I simply nodded in the direction of one of those 'No Agents or Peddlers' signs and supposed that he would take the hint and mosey out. But he didn't mosey. He was a tall, heavy-set, healthy looking individual, who appeared as if he might be able to take care of himself pretty well in a scrap, and no doubt he had fallen into the habit of presuming upon his appearance of physical ability. Anyhow, he began to spread his book out and to show me the pictures.

"'Now I haven't any time to fool away with such truck as that,' I said to him in a pretty testy way, when I saw that he was bound to show me his 'Photogravures of the Old Masters.' I never bought a book in my life from a book agent, and I never am going to buy one from a book agent, and if you've got any regard for your tonsils and understand the meaning of the conversation of energy you'll traipse right out that door on your left and let me alone.'

"Well, the fellow seemed to regard my conversation as just so much mere airy persiflage.

"'But I know,' he put in, 'that if you take but one glance at this magnificent collection of perfect reproductions of the old masters, you will change——'

"'I will do nothing of the sort,' I broke in, 'and I'm not going to take one-eighth of one glance at the collection, either. I'm a patient man, but I want you to go out of here, and quick. The gall of you people, anyhow, prowling into a man's office when he hasn't any more than got down to his business a little after 9 o'clock in the morning, and springing such rot as a collection of old masters on him—on your way?'

"Well, that fellow smiled right in my teeth in a way that clearly showed that he considered that I was delivering myself of the usual badinage under the circumstances, and then he proceeded:

"'But, sir, I hate to deprive you of the opportunity to look over this superb volume before you have given yourself the chance to reflect upon the extraordinary offer which I am making. I am the only representative of the firm publishing this work to cover the District of Columbia territory, and I shall perhaps not remain here for more than a week or so—I shall certainly not go down this way again. As you will see this volume embodies the most famous works of the most eminent of the old masters, and it comprises nearly 300 photogravures, with more than 600 pages of explanatory matter, most of it written by the most notable art critics of Europe and ——'

"'Oh, Mike—and Pat!' I yelled, rushing to the office door as if to summon a couple of porters of the proportions of piano movers—I only employ one porter, and he's rather an anaemic-looking colored man—and then the book agent tilted his hat to me with a flourish and disappeared through the other door.

"My wife greeted me at the door when I got home last evening with an unusually gracious manner that I can usually detect the meaning of—it generally means that she's made a purchase that's not down on the little schedule.

"'Well, what is it you've blown yourself to this time?' I said to her. 'You might as well tell me now, and snow it to me after dinner.'

"'Oh, but I know you won't be cross about this,' said my wife, in a tone of unusual confidence under the circumstances. 'It's that beautiful book that you sent that young man up to show me—I never knew before, by the way, that you were partial to reproductions of the old masters. But it is such a handsome volume, and it really seems cheap at $15, don't you think?

"Then she raced into the library and brought forth the book to show me. I was too stupefied to say anything for five minutes, but then I gradually became able to get to the bottom of the scheme. There wasn't much to it. The husky book agent whom I had turned down had simply picked up one of my business envelopes on his way out. Then he had looked up my house number in the directory, raced up to the house, showed my wife the envelope and told her that he had seen me and that I was vastly interested in the book, but hadn't time to look it over carefully, but that if my wife wished to purchase it to tell her that it would be all right—and she had bought it, delighted at 'my growing artistic taste,' as she put it. He more than squared it up with me for the installment of inflated conversation which I bestowed upon him—but wait till the next book agent drops in here, that's all."

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

A man at ease is a man well pleased.....

For solid comfort there's nothing like one of our Automatic Leather Upholstered Morris Chairs. We have one of the best assortments of these chairs there is to be found anywhere. We also have an elegant line of Parlor Furniture, which has just been received and which we are going to sell at a great big discount for next week. Special discount on Morris Chairs for next week. And don't forget that we show the largest line of Wool Ingrain Carpets in this city, and we are going to make special prices on these for the coming Easter Week. And remember, your credit is good and our terms are easy.

BAYHA & CO.,

News Tribune Building, 24 and 26 East Superior St.

We also do Carpet Cleaning at 3c and 5c per yard. Give us your work for quick and effective service.

FOR FAR-AWAY CABLE STATIONS

San Francisco, April 11.—Today on the steamer Alameda, seventeen employes of the Commercial Cable company will leave for Honolulu with 350 tons of freight and and provisions. These men include three chief operators for Midway, four for Guam and a number of carpenters and electricians. In the freight which they take with them are included frame-houses, tents, cable instruments, batteries and all the necessary paraphernalia for installing instruments and establishing quarters at the landing stations at Midway and Guam. Charles Curds, chief electrician of the Mackay Cable company, has just arrived here from the East on his way to the Orient to meet the cableships that are to lay the cable between Manila and Honolulu. He says the work will begin at Manila and will be completed by July 4.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jacob Anderson, of Carlton county, and Alma Swanson.

BIRTHS.

ELLSWORTH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Ellsworth, of Baldwin terrace.

Bell 'phone 1154-4. Zenith 1456. Open Day and Night.

W. C. GRAY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Masonic Temple Blk.—203-5 E. Sup. St.

DEATHS.

QUIGLEY—William Quigley, Jr., age 27 years, died April 10, at his home, 502 East Third street. He was well known through the city, popular and quite a prominent member of the Independent Order of Foresters. The funeral service will be held in the Catholic cathedral Monday morning, at 8:30 o'clock.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

GASOLINE ENGINE SALE April 7 to 14—1½ horse power stationary engines, equipped with tanks, batteries and spark coil, $58.50; with city gas attachment $10 extra. Just the thing for chopping meat, pumping water, running ice cream freezers, etc. After April 15 will be at our new location, Minnesota Point, two blocks below ferry dock. Duluth Gas Engine Works. Old phone 175-4.

WANTED—PANTS AND COAT MAKER. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors.

WANTED, BY MAN AND WIFE, work in some range town, out of Duluth. Woman good cook and manager, man good teamster. Address J. A. W., 1540 West Michigan street, Room 4.

WANTED, BY WHOLESALE MERchandise house of solid financial standing, trustworthy lady or gentleman to manage business in each district. Salary, $18 per week and expenses; expenso money advanced. D. B. Clarkson, Mgr., Caxton building, Chicago.

FOR SALE—A MODERN NINE-ROOM house, centrally located; all conveniences; up to date. This property goes at $5500 if sold on or before April 30th. F. S. Salter, 302 Lonsdale building.

FACIAL skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND roll-top office desk, chair and copy press. O 26, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker, by the day, at No. 318 West Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING-room girl. St. Louis hotel.

WANTED — BAR PORTER. J. J. Wall's saloon, 310 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms. 15 East Fifth street.

NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

LOCATED IN THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

The Greatest Skill—

The most experience—14 years.

We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 8 West Superior St.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor in Midwifery and Magnetic Healing.

Private home for patients if you are weak and nervous, crippled or any disease. Call, and the doctor will soon put you in the vibrations of health and strength. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for the last fourteen years. 1615 Piedmont Ave. W. and Superior St. New 'Phone, 1471.

Geo. Harkness. C. A. Kuhn

Harkness & Kuhn

IMPORTING TAILORS

'Phone 487 8 Phenix Block

NEW THINGS STRANGE & CURIOUS

SOME PERILS OF LOGGING.

The work of the hardy, fearless toilers in the forests during the latter part of the winter and the spring is a feature in the business affairs of the United States, as lumbering ranks among the leading industries. Whether it be in Maine, in the Adirondacks or in the forests of the Northwest, it is everywhere the same, in so far as the river drivers take their lives in their hands and stake them upon the balancing of some slippery log. There are several deaths every year on the streams down which they drive logs, but the life there in the woods has about it a strange fascination that is irresistible to the men who have once followed its dangers.

There is danger and awful exposure for the men who work even on the smaller streams, or the brook "drives," as they are sometimes called. Here, where water is confined by artificial means, the jams are of frequent occurrence, as the volume of water is not sufficient to move the heavy timbers down the mountain gorges without stopping occasionally in contact with a bowlder.

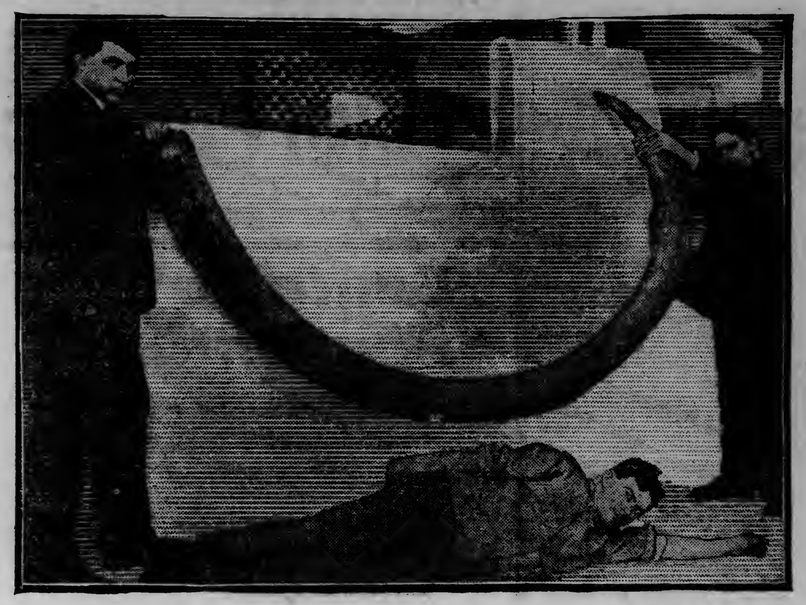
Ivy-Clad Pine.

This pine tree, which stands in the neighborhood of Coblentz, Germany, is 150 years old and 90 feet high. The ivy that covers it

is of exceedingly dense growth and is probably nearly as old as the tree.

During last year there were 119 deaths from accident on the Alps.

LARGEST OF MAMMOTH'S TUSKS



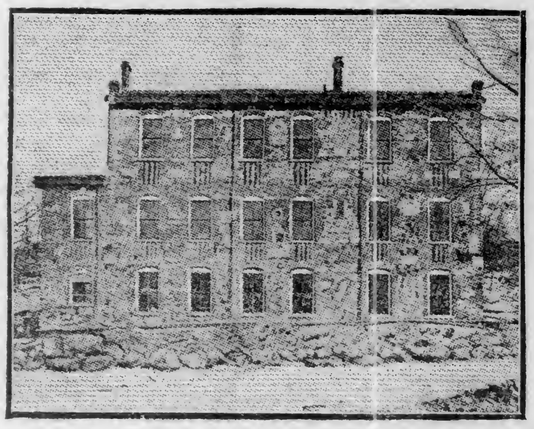
Among the remarkable objects brought back to the American Museum of Natural History from the Jesup North Pacific expedition in Siberia is the largest fossil ivory tusk so far recovered of a great hairy mammoth. This, the world record breaking specimen, was obtained by Mr. Waldemar Jochelson, a noted Russian explorer, on New Siberia Island, in the Arctic Ocean, off the shores of Siberia.

The tusk in its present state measures 13 feet long by 2 feet in circumference at its thickest point, and weighs 220 pounds. The curve of the big tusk is more than enough to contain the outstretched figure of a man. The explorer states that some 200 or more tusks of various sizes are annually washed down from the glacial beds and river bottoms and are gathered and traded off by the natives for commercial purposes. The find is considered a valuable contribution to science, as the tusk is much larger than the one belonging to the mammoth whose complete body was recently found and taken to St. Petersburg.

BUILT A HOUSE WITH ONE HAND.

This house was built with one hand by Charles O. Blomerath, of Malden, Mass., who is also an inventor. He lost his right hand on Washington's Birthday, 1857.

"Since then," says he, "I have carried and sold newspapers for a living. This house was commenced in 1894, and I have employed my spare time in building it. Not wishing to take too much praise to myself, I will tell you what I have done with one hand that others would not do with two. I have shinned up the flagpoles of two schoolhouses in Medford and rove the halyards, and I have lowered a topmast of a large flagpole in Malden Square when no one else dared to. I also went down a well 24 feet deep and rescued a girl 10 years old when it was pitch dark."



IN A TORTOISE-BACK RACE

This photograph was taken in the animal park of the well-known Hagenbeck firm of dealers in wild animals, in Hamburg, Germany. Here every animal has the greatest possible freedom. These tortoises, large as they are, are small in comparison with many that were found wild a century ago. Such giant tortoises are—or rather were—found chiefly in two groups of islands —the Galapagos, in the Western, and the Seychelles and Mascarenes, in the Eastern Hemisphere. They are now almost extinct, having been hunted northerly by the natives and by the crews of ships stopping for water and provisions.

As a single tortoise would furnish two hundred pounds of good meat and would live months without food, no better provision for a voyage could be imagined.

Many of these tortoises had shells six feet in length. One still living in captivity in Mauritius measures eight feet. The tortoises in the photograph are young ones. They do not run races often, if at all, but are here represented as doing so, mounted by children, in order to make prominent their size.

MOST CURIOUS OF RAILWAYS.

In Japan a railroad system twenty miles in length has been operated successfully for years without locomotives or engines of any sort. The entire line is run by coolie power. Each "train" consists of a single passenger coach which comfortably seats eight passengers. Each car is manned by two coolies, one of which pushes it from behind, while the other stands on the front platform and works the brake.

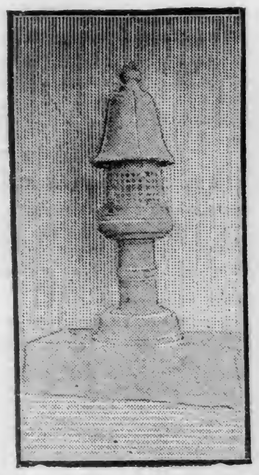
On very steep grades both of the coolies get out and push. On down grades both coolies jump on and the little car is allowed to coast rapidly down the hills of its own momentum. Crude as the system may appear, it is nevertheless fairly efficient. The car maintains an average speed of six miles an hour for the entire length of the line. The road connects two famous watering places of Japan, and in the season is well patronized.

The line is equipped with first, second and third class coaches. The accompanying illustration shows a first class car with its coolies in their regular uniforms. The first class car compares very favorably in point of comfort with the best cars in use on the street car lines of America. It is elegantly upholstered and finished throughout with hardwood. It is provided besides with springs to add to the comfort, while a pneumatic brake controlled from the front platform enables the motorman to control its speed.

Six-Foot Lantern

Japan is conceded by travelers and writers to be the most fascinating country of the Orient. A quaint and most interesting feature is the lanterns everywhere in evidence—stone ones, iron ones and paper ones of every size. The eaves of all buildings are hung with small iron ones. On special occasions, such as the Feast of Lanters, the men carry large paper ones through the streets on the end of a long bamboo stick.

At the Festival of the Dead, when departed spirits visit their families for a period of three days, their path from the tomb to their former habitation is brilliantly illuminated. The avenues leading to all the temples are lined with rows, sometimes double and triple lines, of tall



lanterns, which stand also about the entire grounds. In times when the temples were rich these lanterns were lighted every night; now about 60 only at most temples emit their rays. The accompanying picture is of an iron lantern which stood until recently at the doorway of the Higashi Hongwanji (Eastern Temple), at Koto, the old seat of the Japanese government. It has just been brought to Los Angeles, Cal., for a gentleman, who will place it in his private grounds. It is 300 years old, 6 feet 3 inches high and rests upon a base 23 inches in diameter. Half-way up the column is a latticed portion, which contains a door. Here the candle is admitted. It is about four inches through, made of waxed paper, unrolling after the fashion of a self-sharpening American lead pencil and will burn about four days.

The Chameleon.

There are about sixty varieties of chameleons, almost all of which are found in Madagascar and in tropical Africa, and curious and uncanny creatures they are.

One chameleon has his home in Madagascar and spends his entire time on a tree. Why he never descends to the ground to take some exercise and visit his neighbors it would be difficult to explain; perhaps one reason is because, unlike other animals, he cannot obtain food on the ground and has no difficulty in obtaining a meal at any time on the tree, all that he need do being to thrust out his long tongue and gather in some of the insects that swarm around him.

Like other chameleons he also possesses the wonderful faculty of changing the color of his body, and is enough of an artist to make only those changes that will cause him to be in perfect harmony with his surroundings.

Comparatively little is known about these interesting creatures, but much more will soon be known, as some European naturalists have been closely studying them for some time.

A new fishing boat recently built at Boulogue is provided with a 200-horsepower gasoline motor for propulsion, and another of 25-horsepower for getting in the nets.

CIRCLE OF GIANT MUSHROOMS.

Thousands of people enjoy the pleasure of gathering mushrooms, but of this number few ever find such a truly remarkable growth as that portrayed in the illustration. This curious circle of mushrooms was found about four miles from Wilmington College, Wilmington, Ohio. It is twenty-four feet in diameter. A few of the mushrooms had been trampled down by cattle that were in the wooded pasture, so that there are some gaps in the photographic reproduction. Where this strange growth was found other similar circles were observed, but none so well preserved as this one. Some of the mushrooms measured ten inches across.

It may not be generally known that mushrooms exhaust the soil on which they grow, as they derive their nutriment from organic matters. In explanation of the formation of the growth shown it may, therefore, be pointed out that where one mushroom grows this year a group may follow the next year, exhausting the soil. It is supposed that the area within the circle was thus exhausted, and that year after year the circle would increase in diameter until its lines would be lost to the eye.

CANNIBAL TREE

The most wonderful forest tree in the world, perhaps, is the "cannibal tree" of Australia, which some one has aptly called "the most wonderful of God's many wonders in vegetable life." It grows up in the shape of a huge pineapple, and seldom attains a height of more than 11 feet. It has a series of broad, beard-like leaves, growing in a fringe at the apex, which reminds one of a gigantic Central American pineapple. When standing erect these broad, thick leaves hide a curious looking arrangement, which appears to perform the same functions as those of the pistils in flowers.

Naturally, these beard-like leaves, which are from 10 to 12 feet long in the smaller specimens, and from 15 to 20 in the larger, hang to the ground, and are strong enough to bear a man's weight. In aboriginal times in the antipodean wilds the natives worshiped the cannibal tree under the name of the "devil tree," the chief part of the ceremony consisting of driving one of their number up the leaves of the tree to the apex. The instant the victim would touch the so-called "pistils" of the monster the leaves would instantly fly together like a trap, squeezing the life out of the intruder.

Early travelers declared that the tree held its victim until every particle of flesh disappeared. On this account it is called the "cannibal tree."

How To Detect Liars.

According to a foreign chemist it is very easy to tell whether a person is lying to you or not. All that is necessary is a tube which contains several chemicals and which he claims to have invented. If you fancy that a person is lying to you, ask him to breathe into the tube and if he is really lying the chemical solution which fills part of the tube will change color. The chemist explains this phenomenon by saying that a person who speaks untruthfully is always more or less agitated and that his breath on such occasions possesses power to change the color of the chemical solution.

QUEER FOOD PLANTS.

In the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, hidden away in an obscure corner, is an odd sort of exhibit of queer foods eaten by out of the way people. There is a loaf of bread made from the roasted leaves of a plant allied to the century plant.

Another kind of bread is from a dough of juniper leaves. These are relished by some tribes of Indians, while others manufacture cakes out of different kinds of bulbs.

The prairie Indians relish a dish of wild turnips, which civilized people would not be likely to enjoy at all. In the Great American Desert the screw beans, which grow on mesquite bushes, are utilized for food. Soap berries furnish an agreeable diet for some savages in this country, while in California the copper colored aborigines do not disdain the seeds of salt grass.

Also in California the Digger Indians collect pine nuts, which are the seeds of a certain species of pine, sometimes called pinones, by kindling fires against the trees, thus causing the nuts to fall out of the cones. At the same time a sweet gum exudes from the bark, serving the purpose of sugar.

The seeds of gourds are consumed in the shape of must by Indians in Arizona. In addition to all these things the exhibit referred to includes a jar of pulverized crickets, which are eaten in that form by the Indians of Oregon. They are roasted, as are likewise grasshoppers, and even slugs. These delicacies are cooked in a pit, being arranged in alternate layers with hot stones. After being thus prepared, they are dried and ground to powder. They are mixed with pounded acorns or berries, the flour made in this way being kneaded into cakes and dried in the sun.

The Traveler's Tree

One of the most curious, useful and beautiful palm trees found in dark and mysterious Madagascar is known as the "traveler's tree," or Ravenada Madagascariensis, as the scientists, with their renowned love of simple terms, love to call it. The stem resembles that of the plantain tree, and the leaves spread in a semicircle like an expanded fan. The lower leaves drop off as the stem grows, and in an old tree the lowest leaves of the fan are often as high as thirty feet from the ground.

This palm receives it popular name from the fact that stores of pure and frequently cool water are found in the large, cuplike sheaths of the stalks, which the traveler may readily secure by tapping the sheaths at the base.

MOODS AND "MUGGING" OF THE MULTIPLE MAN.

MARKET IS EXCITED

"Shake-Out" of Smaller Holders of Wheat at Chicago.

May Option Dropped Three Cents Within a Short Time.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 11.—The opening of the wheat market was a surprise this morning. The government report on winter wheat crop condition which came out after the close of business Thursday was the most bullish ever known. The condition of 97.3 indicates a crop of 578,000,000 bus, based upon 17½ bus to the acre as perfect and an acreage of 31,000,000. This would be more than 125,000 bushels greather than the record crop of 1901. This exceedingly bearish report caused the traders to look for a lower opening, but the market opened higher and sold a little higher in a few moments. It quickly slumped off after that, however, and the closing prices were at a sharp decline from Thursday. The lively operations in Chicago were not followed closely in this market, but unquestionably affected the course here. There was some export business, New York reporting 50 loads of wheat taken.

A "shake out" of the smaller holders of May and July wheat occurred on the board at Chicago, and as a result of the bull leader's endeavor to secure a better control of the situation, the price of May delivery dropped 3c while July declined 2½c. The market then opened with every indication that the bull campaign which had been in progress the past few days was still in full swing. Shorts were active buyers from the first tap of the gong and with a little buying by the Armour people the price of May quickly advanced to 77⅝c, after opening from a shade lower to 1/8@¼c higher at 76¼@76⅜. July was also strong after opening at 71⅞ @72¼c, sales were made at 72⅜c. With the market in such a favorable condition the bull leader decided to get rid of some of his holdings and began to sell both the May and July options. The change in tactics caught many traders unawares and there was a rush to sell, which resulted in a rapid decline, the price going down by jumps until May had reached 74⅜c and July 69⅝c. The amount of wheat sold within thirty minutes from the time of opening by the Armour interests was conservatively estimated at 5,000,000 bus, a large part of which was for July delivery. Before the end of the first hour trading became more quiet and prices rallied somewhat. May advancing to 75⅝c and July to 70¼c. May closed at 75½c bid and July at 70⅝-¾c bid.

Primary receipts of wheat were 500,000 bus, last year 226,000 bus. Shipments 1,179,000 bus., last year 435,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 768,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 393 cars, and at Chicago, 49c, a total of 442 cars, against 259 last week and 186 last year.

May corn in the Chicago market closed a shade higher and May oats unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 415,000 bus, last year, 144,000 bus. Shipments, 722,000 bus., last year 348,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 411,000 bus.

Trading in wheat was very active on the Duluth board and fluctuations sudden and erratic. May opened ¼c off at 76⅝c and sold at 76¾-⅞c five minutes later. Then the bottom went out and it dropped to 75c at 10:07. It rallied to 75½c at 10:10, fell off to 75-⅛c at 10:26 and rallied to 75¼c two minutes later. It fell again to 75c at 10:55 and rallied to 75⅝c at 11:35. After that it fell to 74⅝c and closed there, a decline of 1⅜c. Chicago declined ¾-⅞c. and Minneapolis, 1-⅛c.

Cash sales were 7000 bus, and prices continued at ¼c over May price for No. 1 nothern to arrive and 1¼c under for No. 2.

Flax was active and lower. May sold early unchanged at $1.11 and fell to $1.10¾, rallied to $1.10⅝ and closed at $1.10¾. July lost ¼c and is 1⅜ over May. September and October declined 1c. Minneapolis received 25 cars of flax and Duluth 38 since Thursday.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73⅝c; May No. 1 hard, 76⅞c; No. 1 northern, 74⅞c; July, 74⅝c. Flax, cash, $1.09¼; to arrive, $1.10¼; on track, $1.10¼; May, $1.10¾; July, $1.12; September, $1.13; October, $1.12; November, $1.10.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 28; last year, 35; oats, 7; rye, 1; barley, 3; flax, 58.

Receipts—Wheat, 11,902; oats, 312; rye, 264; flax, 66,688.

Shipments—Wheat, 13,200; flax, 14,321.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 5 cars	$0.75¾
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus, to arrive	75⅜
Rejected, 1 car	73⅝
Flax, 5 cars, cash	1.10⅛
Flax, 4 cars, cash	1.10¼
Flax, 2000 bus, to arrive	1.10⅜
Flax, 5 cars, rejected	1.08¾
Flax, 3 cars, rejected	1.04½
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.09

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The Wheat Pit a Scene of Wild Excitement.

Chicago, April 11.—The wheat pit was a scene of wild excitement during the first half hour today, and as a result of heavy selling by the Armour crowd, the price of the May delivery dropped nearly 3c. Shorts were eager buyers at the start and opening prices were erratic. May being shade lower to ½@⅝c higher at 76¼c to 76⅞c, and before the demand from this source had subsided the price had advanced to 77⅝c. At this point the leading long began unloading a big line on the market, which resulted in a precipitous decline to 74½c. There was a little better support at the low figure and the price rallied to 75¼c. Statistics were entirely ignored in the trading, the action of the leader of the bull campaign being the bulding influence. Minnesota and Duluth reported receipts of 393 cars, which, with local receipts of 49 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts of 442 cars, against 259 cars last week and 186 cars a year ago.

Trading was less active the latter part of the session and a firmer feeling prevailed, there being a good demand from commission houses and shorts. The close on May was ¾@⅞c lower at 75½c. July closed 1⅜c lower after selling between 69⅞c and 72⅜c.

Corn opened easier on favorable weather, May being a shade to ⅛c lower at 42½@⅝c to 42¾c. There was little interest in the trading, which was of small volume, and the price held firm the first hour in spite of the break in wheat. Local receipts were 188 cars, none of contract grade.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St., Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—328 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

Zenith Paper Co

222–224 West Michigan Street.
Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

"Santa Fe" "Prudential"

We have 80 acres in Colorado and 80 acres in Wyoming at Grand Encampment.

Colorado properties, gold and silver. Wyoming properties, copper and gold.

INQUIRE OF—

E. V. PALMER,

Room F Palladio Building.

COE COMMISSION CO.,
(INCORPORATED)
GRAIN AND STOCKS

Members—Minneapolis Independent Grain and Stock Exchange, Chicago Open Board of Trade and West Superior Board of Trade.

Ship Us Your Cash Grain

We Guarantee Highest Market Price. Our Commission is only 1-2 Cent per Bushel.

WE BUY AND SELL
WHEAT, CORN AND OATS
for future delivery at a commission of 1-16c per bushel.

We Charge No Interest For Carrying Long Stocks.

MARGINS 1c a bushel on grain $2 a share on stocks

References—108 National and State Banks.

Private Wires to all Leading Exchanges and to 87 Leading Towns of the Northwest.

General Offices, Bank of Commerce Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office, 220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

BUY Wheat and Corn

$100.00 invested in Grain or Stocks by our "Safety Valve Plan" should result in a profit of $500.00 or more within 30 days. Write for particulars and send for our free book, "How to Invest Successfully."

RICHARD OLIVER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

Closing prices were steady with May a shade higher at 42⅜c.

Oats were dull and featureless and price fluctuations were confined within narrow limits. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 32⅜c to 32½c, and sold up later to 32⅝@⅔c. Local receipts were 261 cars.

Provisions were about steady on a light run of hogs. May pork being 5c up at $17.70. May lard was off 5c at $9.80 and ribs were unchanged at $9.70. Trading was light with no special feature.

Close: Wheat, May, 75⅝c; July, 70⅝@¾c; September, 69c. Corn, April, 42⅜c; June, 42⅜c; July, 43¼c; September, 43c. Oats, April, 32½@⅝c; May, 32½@⅝c; July, 29⅛@¼c; September, 27⅜c. Pork, May, $17.62½; July, $17.25; September, $16.97½. Lard, May, $9.85@9.87½; July, $9.80@9.82½; September, $9.80. Ribs, May, $9.8.; July, $9.67½@9.80; September, $9.62½@9.65. Rye, May, 50c; July, 50c. Barley, cash, 42@53c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.10; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.10. Timothy, April, $3.50. Clover, April, $12.50. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 74@76c; No. 3 red, 68@73c; No. 2 hard winter, 71@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@71c; No. 1 northern spring, 78@80c; No. 2 northern spring, 76@79c; No. 3 spring, 68@77c. Corn, No. 2, 42½c; No. 3, 38½@39c. Oats, No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was active and weak. The government report indicating a crop of winter wheat of about 544,000,000 bushels was extremely bearish but about as had been expected. Armour again occupied the center of the stage. There is no question, we think, but that he undertook to unload a lot of wheat. The market simply would not take it, and we doubt if he succeeded in selling any great quantity and think his long interest must still be very large. At the decline which followed he was forced to support prices and the market closed fairly steady. While such operations impart temporary activity to the market, their ultimate and more permanent effect is to keep many traders out. Private Paris cables are bullish on the French crop situation and suggest that they will require to import somewhere from fifteen to thirty million bushels. The visible supply will likely show a moderate decrease on Monday. With one man so great a factor in the market predictions are not wise. Estimated cars, 20.

Corn—Market here was very quiet and steady. The cash situation is still uncertain and slow. There was a moderate commission house business today and nothing interesting in the speculation interests. Estimated cars 105.

Oats—The unchanged prices represent the condition of the market. Very little doing. Cash market is about steady and speculative operations small and featureless. We still think July oats should be sold on the hard spots. Estimated cars, 135.

* * *

The Daily Trade Bulletin estimates the world's visible of wheat April 1, at 155,562,000 bushels, compared with 170,558,000 bus. March 1, and 83,323,000 bus. April 1, 1902. The March decrease was 14,996,000 bus. compared with 16,377,000 bus. decrease in March, 1902.

* * *

Stocks of wheat at Odessa, Russia, are reported at 6,000,000 bus. against 1,280,000 bus. year ago.

* * *

Modern Miller: There is no change to report in prospects of winter wheat crop, the condition of which is maintained at a much higher average than usual at this season of the year. The Hessian fly is heard of in some sections, but no damage of consequence is indicated or apprehended. Farmers are due to sell wheat freely.

* * *

Bradstreets reports exports for the week of wheat and flour, 2,632,285 bus; last week, 3,130,974 bus; last year, 3,842,212.

* * *

Kalb, of Chicago: The condition of 97.3 per cent announced in government report on winter wheat indicates winter wheat crop of 578,000,000 bus, figured at a basis of 17½ bus as 100 per cent, which last year proved to be nearer correct than anybody else's.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: It does not make much difference what you think a thing is worth if you have to get it. It is probable that during the recent heavy buying of both May and July wheat the small supply of contract wheat has been considered. The line of May wheat bought by Armour doubtless exceeds the stock of contract wheat here. The government report is about as expected, and taking 16½ bus per acre as par means a crop of 544,000,000 bus, 115,000,000 more winter wheat than ever raised. Of course, we wont raise this amount of wheat, still the figures would naturally encourage general selling.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 11.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 75⅞c; May, 73⅞c; July, 73⅝@74c. On track, 1 hard, 76⅞c; 1 northern, 75⅞c; 2 northern, 74⅞c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 11.—Close: Wheat—May, 78¾c; July, 75¾c. Corn—May, 50¾@⅞c; July, 49¼c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 m., 75th meridian time, Saturday, April 11, 1903:

Stations.	State of weather	Temperature Max.*	Min.**	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	50	40	.44
Campbell	Cloudy	54	42	.01
Crookston	Raining	54	40	.12
Detroit City	Raining	50	38	.14
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	48	40	.36
Minneapolis	Cloudy	52	44	.72
Montevideo	Cloudy	54	42	.06
New Ulm	Cloudy	54	46	.91
Winnebago City	Raining	50	46	.52
Worthington	Foggy	50	46	.48
Devils Lake, N. D.	Cloudy	60	38	.14
Langdon, N. D.	Cloudy	52	36	.10
Larimore, N. D.	Raining	56	34	.16
Lisbon, N. D.	Cloudy	64	46	0
Pembina, N. D.	Raining	50	40	.16
Aberdeen, S. D.	Raining	60	44	T
Millbank	Cloudy	58	42	.20
Mitchel, S. D.	Cloudy	66	50	T
Bismarck, N. D.	Raining	63	42	T
Duluth, Minn	Raining	42	38	.10
Huron, S. D.	Raining	58	50	T
La Crosse, Wis.	Cloudy	54	46	.38
Moorhead, Minn	Raining	52	42	.04
Pierre, S. D.	Cloudy	62	46	.01
St. Paul, Minn.	Cloudy	52	44	.84
Winnipeg, Man	Cloudy	54	38	.14

Copious rains fell over most districts, heavy over portion of Iowa and Illinois. Temperatures were moderate.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. **For 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meredian time.

NOTE.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76⅛B	75-⅛	76¼-⅜	79¼
High	76¾	75⅞	77⅜	79⅝
Low	74⅞	73½	74⅜	78½
Close	74⅞	73⅞	75½B	*78⅝
July—				
Open	76B	75¼	77⅛-72¼	76¾
High	76¼	75½	72⅝	77
Low	74⅝B	73¾	69⅝	75½
Close	74⅝B	73⅞-74	79⅝-½B	*75¾

*11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corr. May.	Pork. May.
High	32⅝-¾	42¾-⅞	$17.67
Open	32½@32⅝	42⅝@42½-⅝	$17.67
Low	32⅛	42¼-⅝	$17.60
Close	32½-⅝	42⅝	$17.62

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 11.—Cattle—Receipts 200. Market nominal. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.40; poor to medium, $4@4.80; stockers and feeders, $3@4.75; cows, $1.75@4.65; heifers, $2.50@5; canners, $1.75@2.90; bulls, $2.50@4.40; calves, $3@6.75; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.00. Hogs—Receipts, today, 7000. Monday, 28,000; left over 5704. Market steady. Mixed and butchers, $7.15@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.40@7.60; rough heavy, $7.15@7.35; light, $6.85@7.15; bulk of sales, $7.15@7.35. Sheep—Receipts, 500. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.75; fair to choice mixed $4@5.50; western sheep, $5@6.75; native lambs, $4.50@7.75; western lambs, $4.50@7.50.

STEADIER TONE

To the Market, Monetary Prospects Having Improved.

Most of Known Drawbacks Have Been Well Discounted.

New York, April 11.—Henry Clews says in his weekly financial review: Three days of interruption to business on the Stock Echange, due to the observance of Good Friday, naturally tended to inactivity. The past week, however, has developed a steadier undertone in the market, chiefly because monetary prospects have somewhat improved and partly bebcause most of the known drawbacks have beben well discounted.

For the next sixty days at least money market conditions should improve. Funds will shortly begin to return from the interior, and the season is approaching when ordinary business demands tend to diminish rather than increase. It would be folly to assume that this means very easy rates for money. On the contrary, good rates are likely to prevail during the remainder of the year; but lonable funds will certainly be more abundant after the middle of April, and good borrowers with satisfactory collateral will have no difficulty in securing reasonable accommodation. This means that one important source of pressure on the stock market will be visibly moderated, and prices should respond correspondingly. Another source of disturbance, the Union-Southern Pacific controversy, has been partially relieved by liquidation of the Southern Pacific. Even the appeal against this decision was construed favorably, as it postpones hostilities and will doubtless result in sustaining the present decision. A good deal of uneasiness has been felt over the Northern Securities case. As this will be appealed, its effect will not be so serious as feared; besides, the decision comes when prices are down and will consequently have less effect than if prices were at top level. Apprehensions of an unfavorable decision have current for many months, and had much to do with the last decline.

A great deal has been said about undigested securities. Some of the estimates spread abroad are undoubtedly exaggerated; yet it is true that the amount of securities held at first hands for sale is unusually heavy. It is also true that large amounts of new capital are awaiting issue for imperative improvements that will prove sound investments. These facts, however, need cause no real concern, because the great bulk of the "undigested" securities are in the hands of strong men, who are abundantly able to hold them under all circumstances. Were these securities scattered among a speculating public, carrying them on weak margins, they might be considered a menace; but such is not the case, and while the security market has undoubtedly been suffering from congestion, or indigestion, as that seems the popular term just now, there is no legitimate cause for concern in this quarter. Many of these securities are fairly sound and may gradually, at some price or other, find their way into strong boxes if national prosperity is maintained at anything near present level. As for new issues, it is probable that these will be confined to the strongest concerns, for the simple reason that only such can find a market under present conditions. It is safe to say that we will see no repetition of the reckless financing that characterized the operations of the last three or four years for some time to come. The public has fortunately refused to be taken in by visionary propositions, having shown a much keener discrimination than in previous "booms."

It is reasonable to suppose that all of these drawbacks have been amply discounted by the last three months' decline. Prices are now 15 to 30 points below the top level; some gilt-edge stocks have even fallen more. Loans have contracted nearly $50,000,000 during the same period. This is pretty severe liquidation; the remarkable fact being that it has been accomplished without any important financial trouble or even rumors of such. The losses, some of which were largely on paper have fallen chiefly upon strong interests, upon those best able to bear them. With the situation, therefore, proved sound; with the general prosperity of the country unabated, it certainly seems as if the market were entitled to a fair reaction, now that the bad features have been so well discounted. Bank reserves should soon begin to rise from natural causes; and the only drain upon the money market is the stipulated building up of trust company reserves, which is being gradually anticipated and which will be offset by release of the $50,000,000 from the treasury in payment for the Panama canal. Even should all of this amount go to Paris, it would have a beneficial effect, as it would strengthen the situation there and we could readily expand our credit in that market if necessary. Paris today is the strongest of all the financial centers; money is abundant there, and the London Times recently aptly described that market as the "sheet anchor" of the financial world.

After all, the keynote to the future will be the crop outcome. Our market will be much more dependent upon this issue than in 1902 or 1901. Fortunately, thus far the outlook is excellent. Winter wheat is in unsurpassed condition; and for all crops we are likely to have an increased acreage. Floods seem to have caused some anxiety in the South, but history shows that the flooded districts have always yielded an abundance of cotton. The farmers and the laboring classes throughout the United States are prosperous; it necessarily follows that they will be liberal consumers. Immigration this year will be heavy. The railroads are still congested with traffic, and gross earnings continue to increase. Finally there is the traditional indisposition to sell stocks in the spring "when the sap is rising," which, whether sound or not, has to be taken into consideration. In view of these facts we can hardly advise further sales on the short side at present; on the contrary, it is more than probable that purchases of good stocks on the declines now will shortly yield satisfactory profits.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 11.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $962,779,500; decrease, $1,030,400. Deposits, $884,820,800; decrease, $3,291,500. Circulation, $43,123,400; increase, $155,700. Legal tenders, $85,934,300; decrease, $180,900. Specie, $158,964,700, increase, $808,500. Reserves, $224,949,100; increase, $627,600. Reserve required, $221,207,700; decrease, $982,875; surplus, $3,741,300; increase, $1,610,475. Excess United States deposits, $13,069,775; increase, $1,080,400.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 11.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $223,046,606; gold, $123,111,291; silver, $17,260,911; U. S. notes, $2,837,071; treasury notes of 1890, $68,911; national bank notes, $8,365,114; total receipts this day, $1,468,261; total receipts this month, $16,364,887; total receipts this year, $439,458,288; total expenditures this day, $1,960,000; total expenditures this month, $16,715,000; total expenditures this year, $466,979,177. Deposits in national banks, $150,097,386.

TO SUCCEED NAST.

Washington, April 11.—The state department announced today that appointment of Herman R. Dietrich of Utica, Mo., consul general at Guayaquil, Ecuador, to succeed Thomas H. Nast, the cartoonist, who died of yellow fever while serving at that post. Mr. Dietrich is the editor of the Herald, a newspaper published at Utica, Mo.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, basket	1 25	@	1 50
Green onions, per doz	20		
Green onions, per box	1 75		
Radish, long, per doz	40		
Radish, long, per box	1 75		
La. Strawberries, 25 pt. case	2 25		
BUTTER.			
Creamery prints	30	@	31
Storage, creamery, tubs	25	@	26
Dairies, fancy	21	@	22
Packing stock	14		
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½	@	14
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	14½	@	15
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, young America	13	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	15		
Limberger, full cream choice	13		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	17½		
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	14		
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 75		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 60		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	65		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Smyrna figs	1 10	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Cal. lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges, seedlings	2 25		
California navels	2 75	@	3 00
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 25		
Beets, per cwt	1 20		
Carrots, per cwt	1 25		
Turnips, per cwt	90		
Cabbage, per cwt	90	@	1 00
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	1 75		
Mint, per doz	30		
Potatoes	40	@	45
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 75		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Geese	14		
Hens	15		
Turkeys	18	@	19
Ducks	15		
Spring chickens	16		
MEATS.			
Mutton	11		
Lamb	13		
Veal, good	8½	@	9½
Dressed beef	6	@	8
Hogs	6¾		
Pork loins	12		
Pure lard	10½		
Compound lard	7¾		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 11.—Butter firm; creameries, 18@25½c; dairies, 14@24c. Eggs firm, at mark, cases included, 14½c. Cheese, easy; twins, 12½c; daisies, 12½@13c; Young Americas, 12½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 11.—Butter—Receipts, 3176 packages, irregular; state dairy, 17@27c; extra creamery, 29c; held creamery, 15@26c; creamery, common to choice, 19@28c. Cheese—Receipts, 2779 packages; firm; state full cream, fancy small, colored, fall made, 15c; do white, 14½c; large colored, 14½@¾c; do white, 14¼@¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 15,724 packages, firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@16½c; Western storage, uncked, 15½c; Southern, 14½c; Western firsts, 15c; Kentucky, 15¾@16c.

CARLOAD OF GAME

To Be Placed on Grand Island Reservation.

Munising, Mich., April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. E. Follettes, president of the Michigan Sportsmen's association, arrived in town yesterday with a carload of game to be placed in Grand Island game reservation. The car included caribou, California white deer, mountain goat, otter, ducks and several species of pheasants. They were on exhibition at the sportsmen's exposition at Cleveland. As there is considerable thickness of ice in the harbor, the car will be unloaded at Munising and the animals taken over to the island in crates on sleds. The island has a beautiful little lake and several small streams that are stocked with fish. The Cleveland-Cliffs company, that owns the island, has a private fish hatchery near Munising.

AT NEGAUNEE.

Negaunee, Mich., April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Emma A. Ramille, an old resident of Little Lake, and well known in this city, died Wednesday morning of pneumonia. She was a native of Germany and is survived by seven children, all of whom are living. She was 56 years old. The funeral will be held in this city this afternoon.

The Swedish and Finnish Furniture and Hardware company has leased the Quinn building on Iron street, formerly occupied by J. D. Stephens, and will conduct, as the name implies, a general furniture and hardware business John Lindkom, who resided here many years ago and who conducts another store in Ishpeming, will be manager of the new concern.

W. L. Bedford, agent at the South Shore depot, is having plans drawn for the erection of a comfortable residence in this city.

Mrs. R. S. Marden, at present instructor in music in the high school at Dodgeville, Wis., has been engaged by the school board as supervisor of music in the schools here for next year, to succeed Miss H. Almendinger, who has resigned.

Meyer & Harris, proprietors of the Model clothing store, have decided to go out of business here.

Born—Wednesday to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Grysord, a twelve-pound boy.

The basket ball game between the high school girls' teams last Friday night at the Adelphi rink, was very well attended and proved very entertaining for the spectators. Over 350 tickets were sold for the event.

John S. Adams was a passenger to Duluth Wednesday evening.

Mrs. C. Houle returned home Thursday evening from her visit to Fort Worth, Texas.

WRIGHT'S COMPLAINT.

Washington, April 11.—The order in the extradition case of Whittaker Wright was filed in the United States supreme court today. Wright says in his petition that he is a citizen of the United States and he complains that the commisioner who heard his case is without jurisdiction.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, April 11.—The steamer La Lorraine from Havre was reported off Nantucket at 3:15 a. m. today. Arrived—Laurentain, Glasgow.

WILL RE-ELECT SCHWAB.

New York, April 11.—The Evening Post today quotes a director of the United States Steel corporation to the effect that Charles M. Schwab would be re-elected president at the annual meeting this month. According to the director quoted there never was any idea of supplanting Mr. Schwab. Continuing, the Evening Post says that there is a well-defined idea in Wall street that Mr. Schwab's work will be considerably lightened, that he will give his attention exclusively to general supervision and act in more of an advisory capacity in the future.

WILL BE ONE PEOPLE.

United States, Great Britain and Canada, Says Carnegie.

Toronto, April 11.—Andrew Carnegie is quoted as saying, in his reply to an invitation to attend a demonstration of Canadian born persons from all parts of the continent, to be held in July: "Any movement such as that which you describe moves me deeply. The oftener people of the old home and the new gather together, and the better they know each other, the sooner will come that day, which I am certain is to come, when they will be united and insure peace and prosperity of the world. That the people of Canada and of the United States and of Great Britain are to remain divided, talking boundaries and military forces on one side or the other, to protect one from the other, is not to be thought of. Some day they will come together and move together in all international affairs, indeed they will not be different nations. They will be one politically, as they are racially."

THREE ARE DYING.

Athens, O., April 11.—Three of the victims shot last night in the saloon fight at Jacksonville are reported as dying today. They are Mrs. Hugo Skortsky, Charles Riley and Seth Tinkham. They are hourly growing weaker. Charles Cochran and Henry Hoblett may recover. Charles Roebeck, aged 20, a Polander, was arrested today as one implicated by Sheriff Murphy and other arrests will follow.

WHOLE FAMILY DEAD.

Cincinnati, April 11.—On March 22 the dead bodies of Alfred Betty and his wife, Lulu, and their baby, Harry, were found in their apartments here. The coroner's verdict says that Betty, on returning home after midnight, and finding his wife and boy dead, committed suicide, and Mrs. Betty and babe were accidentally asphyxiated.

Northern Homestake Mining Company.

What Is Better than a Gold Mine? Absolutely Nothing!

Take a few minutes to read about the NORTHERN HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.

1st—Its property lies in a proven district and almost adjoining the most valuable gold mines in the world—the Alaska Treadwell.

2nd—It has 3000 ft. of the great Treadwell lode.

3rd—It has 3000 ft. of the Homestake lode, which is much wider and richer than the Treadwell, and this lode is proven on both sides of the Northern Homestake property.

4th—Both of these great lodes are wide on the surface, and get wider, and the ore richer as depth is attained.

5th—It has a low grade free milling ore of uniform values, and is therefore like the Treadwell.

6th—The first installment of treasury stock is offered at almost nothing, compared with what it ought to bring later, when the mine is developed.

Now, don't pass this and forget all about it. Look it up, see us or write, and get a prospectus.

THE WM. KAISER CO.,

106 PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINN.

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President. JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.
C. A. CONGDON, Vice President. WM. G. HEGARDT Ass't Cashier.
ISAAC S. MOORE, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

The American Exchange Bank
OF DULUTH, MINN.
ESTABLISHED 1879.

Capital, $500,000.00 Surplus, $200,000.00

We issue certificates of deposit allowing interest at the rate of 2-4 per cent per annum from date of deposit, on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

We invite the accounts and collections of banks, bankers, corporations, firms and individuals

DIRECTORS:

T. F. COLE, Pres. Oliver Mining Co. and Minnesota Iron Co.
G. A. TOMLINSON, Vessel Owner.
W. C. AGNEW, Manager Mahoning Mine.
JAMES DAVIDSON, Vessel Owner, Bay City, Mich.
S. G. KNOX, Knox Lumber Co.
A. GOWAN, Lumber, Pres. Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
KENNETH CLARK, Pres. Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.
H. M. PEYTON, Peyton, Kimball & Barber.
C. A. CONGDON, Billson & Congdon.
J. D. ENSIGN, Judge District Court.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 11th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of John Macleod, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of John Macleod, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered in this court;

And whereas, Jessie Macleod has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said John Macleod died in Las Vegas, Hot Springs, New Mexico, on the 5th day of September, 1901, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to her, said Jessie Macleod;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at the city of Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 11th day of April, A. D., 1903.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Apr. 11-18-25, 1-8.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
---	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	---	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
---	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	---	12:34
---	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	---	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
7:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
1:30	7:30	Ar.

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

You Want a Home!

Can you ask anything easier than this: Buy a lot 50x140 from us, at Lakeside or Lester Park, on graded streets, with water and sewer, for $600. We will loan you as high as $3000 to build a house of your own design. We charge you 6 per cent on the unpaid principal. No other expense. You can pay it back in monthly payments, at about what the house would bring if rented. You can have the same proposition in larger or smaller amounts.

Lakeside Land Company,
303 Lonsdale Building.

For Sale-- Five room house, 407 East Eighth Street. Price $800; $50.00 cash, balance $10.00 per month.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309-310 Exchange Building.

Lots and Acres

at Woodland on Easy Terms for Improvement.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

FOR SALE! 100-foot corner on 43rd avenue East and London road. A bargain. Well located Lakeside lots from $200 up. Lots in Duluth proper. Acres.
E. W. MARKELL, 306 Lonsdale Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN.
Lowest rates. No delay in closing loans.
JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.
ECHO MINING CO.
DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
BOTH 'PHONES.

$325 And upward for lots on Grand Avenue, West Duluth. They are going up.

$600 For Southeast corner 20th avenue east and Dingwall street. This is a good lot for a little money.

$40000 for a good Superior street property, netting 7 per cent. A good list of homes for sale—description and price on application.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

2 Houses for $1800
located near 26th avenue West, 5-room dwelling now rented for $19; 6-room dwelling will rent for $15 per month.
E. D. FIELD CO., 203 Exchange Building.

O-AT-KA BEACH ADDITION.
We are exclusive agents for that beautiful tract of land on PARK POINT recently platted and known as OATKA BEACH ADDITION. NO FINER SPOT ON EARTH. Large pines. We will sell lots, 40x200 feet, at such a figure that you will surely become a purchaser. Come in and let us show the property to you. It will not cost you a cent to see it.
LITTLE & NOLTE,
Mortgage Loans, Fire Insurance, Real Estate.
Under American Exchange Bank.

Store for Rent.
15 East Superior Street.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Bldg.

CROSBY
OFFERS
INVESTMENTS.

$8000 For lot on upper side of Fourth street with 14-room, two-story building on it. The stores and rooms brings in an income 11 per cent net.

$375 buys 4-acre tract near Duluth, the land is already for the plow.

$7800 Buys 60x140 corner lot on upper side Fourth street, near Fourth avenue East with a good modern 9-room house drawing $45 per month rent. This is the finest corner lot on East Fourth street.

$8900 for five cottages and 100x140 double corner on East Second street, upper side. This is the greatest snap west of Fourth avenue East.

HOMES.
Beautiful houses in all parts of the city. Houses that a year from now will look cheap to you.

LAKESIDE.
Can give you a good home from $1200 to $7000; some of these on very easy payments.

EAST END.
Can give you an attractive home from $2500 to $15,000; some of these on easy payments.

WEST END.
Can give you a good home from $950 to $4500; some on very easy payments.

VACANT LOTS.
In all parts of the City. The BUSY MAN should 'phone us and we will call on you and tell you more about building lots in one hour than you can learn alone in a whole week.

FIRE INSURANCE.
In first-class companies carefully written at lowest going rates.

SEE US
about Acres, Rentals, Loans and Investments.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

A full size lot near 18th avenue west and Third street can be bought just now for $350. No cash payment required if used for building at once.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

One of the finest lots, 50x140 feet on First street in the West End, can be bought just now for $1500. This lot is perfectly level and is an exceptional bargain.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
216 West Superior Street.

A fine corner 100x140 feet on London Road is a snap at $1200; this is the biggest bargain on London Road and will not remain on the market long.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

4½% MONEY 5% To Loan
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W. H. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

THE BUYING OF HOMES IS ON THE INCREASE

Realty Dealers Report Strong Demand For Houses From Persons Now Renting—Scarcity of Houses to Rent Becoming a Serious Proposition.

Realty dealers report quite an active week. A number of deals for improved property have been negotiating during the past few days, some of which are practically closed, while others, on which earnest money is paid, will be a little slow of consummation. A few deals of this nature are reported which will not be closed, possibly for a month or six weeks.

Several of the dealers have submitted offers to out-of-town owners and are awaiting replies. In view of the increasing strength of the market not a few owners have turned down some good offers within the past three or four weeks. The outlook is generally characterized as very favorable and the brokers are continuing to look for an excellent business during the month of May.

One of the features is the large number of buyers who formerly rented houses and want homes of their own rather than pay rents. Several instances are noted where leases have been held up for a few days pending negotiations for the sale of properties.

* * *

The rent proposition overshadows everything else these days in the local real estate and retnal agencies. Last spring it was thought that the situation was serious for the people who sought houses and flats, but it is really worse this year. Some agencies that have in previous years had from twenty to forty properties to rent at this time of the year have nothing to offer now and besides have booked scores of applicants for prospective vacancies whom they are compelled to turn as many more away without any promise.

There is a grand rush to get houses, flats, almost anything in which to live. There is almost a steady stream of inquiry at the various offices. Rental agents have claimed on previous occasions this spring that there would not be a general raise in rents this spring, but in spite of those assurances there are few instances where this has not been done. Advances in rent have not been confined to one class of property alone, but to all, including residences, flats and business places. Some people claim to be paying as high rent now as they did in boom times. Instances are known where offers of higher rent have been made for certain houses to get possession over former tenants.

On the rent question all friendship ceases, according to the statements of some of the rental agents. Many of the owners of flat buildings who have been renting from month to month during the past year are now requiring year leases, and they explain to the demurring tenant that if he does not care to take the lease he can vacate, as there are plenty of other people who will do so. Numerous applications are being made for houses where the agent or owner has not yet been notified there will be a vacancy. Just as soon as a householder hints to his neighbor that he expects to move this spring, the news spreads, and there will be half a dozen others after the same house. Some of the new flats that are now building and will not be completed until the middle of the summer season, or later, have already been rented, in some instances before the foundation was completed.

Many people who have been in the habit of giving up their rented homes or flats during the summer months to live on the Point are holding them this season for fear they will not have a place to go to when they come off the Point next fall. There is a steady movement toward the Point, however, and a large percentage of those moving to that locality are planning on remaining the balance of the year if they can lease for that length of time.

In West Duluth, where there has at all times in the past been available rental properties, there is scarcely a house of any comfort or convenience left. Conditions are the same in the West End, and very few empty houses are reported at Lakeside. The properties in the suburbs of Duluth have been filling up remarkably fast this past year, not always from choice, but from necessity. One of the local architects reports that during the past ten days he has had applications for sketches and plans for small houses from many people who are figuring on building their own somes this coming summer.

* * *

F. I. Salter reports the sale of several residence properties this week. William Abrahamson has purchased from the Connecticut Mutual Insurance company, the property at 1215 East First street, where he now resides, the consideration being $7200. The same office has purchased for Mrs. Josephine Daugherty, from W. C. Kilgore, the residence property at 1120 East Third street. The consideration was $3750.

* * *

Mr. Stryker, of Stryker, Manley & Buck, reports an active week in realty transactions for the firm. Among the sales of the week have been a lot on Second street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east, to G. E. Hafemann, for $750; a lot in block 35, Duluth proper, Third division, for $775; two lots on Grand avenue, West Duluth, to E. G. Wallinder, for $800; house and lot at 222 Pittsburg avenue, to Mary Dahl, for $900; house and lot, New street, to George A. Fraser, for $1400.

* * *

W. M. Prindle & Co. report a busy week, with the earnest money paid down on several prospective transfers.

* * *

Several sales are negotiating through the office of George H. Crosby & Co. which are nearing completion this week. Mr. Larson reports a fine inquiry for improved and unimproved property at this time.

* * *

W. S. Telford has purchased from Hattie M. Miller a lot in block 34, Endion division, for $1100.

* * *

Hiram Ramsdall has sold to L. J. Klippen, this week, lot 360, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division. The consideration was $1500.

* * *

Lots 3 and 4, in block 111, Portland division, have been sold by Estelle C. Merrill to H. F. Bartholdi for $1250.

* * *

A. C. Hubbell has bought two lots in block 37, Portland, of J. F. Graff, for $3300. One of the lots contained a residence.

* * *

Several St. Louis county timber deals, running from $1500 to $4500, have been made during the week just closed.

* * *

Several parties of land lookers from other states have been in the city this week investigating with a view of purchase of St. Louis and Carlton county agricultural lands controlled by local farm land companies.

* * *

Cooley & Underhill report a fairly busy week in realty deals this week, with a remarkably good outlook for increased business the coming few weeks.

* * *

Young & Nyquist, architects, report the contract for the Field flats, on Sixth avenue east, let to C. E. Evans, of this city.

* * *

George Lounsberry has the contract for the Lynch & Fagan building, on Superior street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west. The building will cost about $4000. J. J. Wangenstein was architect.

* * *

It is reported that the McGowan building at 20 West Superior street, is to be remodelled and that the plans are under preparaion by Hill & Bray.

* * *

Hill & Bray are making the plans for F. E. House's new Swiss chalet residence building on East Superior street.

* * *

Building permits have been issued to the city of Duluth for a firehall on Second street, to cost $7470; to M. J. Parker, for a dwelling on Minnesota Point, to cost $2000; to E. D. Devaney, for a dwelling on Third street, to cost $1900; to John Hollerhan, for brick flats in St. Croix avenue, costing $4500.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Wells-Stone Merc. Co. to Willis I. Knowlton, w½ se sec. 12; n½ ne sec. 13-61-15	1
Hattie M. Miller to W. S. Telford; lot 9, blk. 34, Endion	1100
Robt. Burch to Chas. Winton, lots 5, 6, 7 sec 5-68-19; nw nw sec. 9-68-18; also nw sw, sw sw sec. 30-68-18, se se; w½ sw sec. 21-68-18	4500
Lanners Bros. to James F. Walsh, timber on und. ½ nw se sec. 3, nw se sec. 5, se sw sec. 7, ne nw sec. 19, nw nw sec. 29, lot 1 and ne nw sec. 31-60-17, se ne sec. 11-60-18	2600
James F. Walsh to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on und ½ se sw sec 7, nw se and lots 3, 4, sec. 3, nw se sec. 5, ne nw sec. 19, nw nw sec. 29, lot 1, sec. 31, ne nw sec 31-60-17	1975
F. R. Webber et al to Tower Lumber Co., timber on n½ se and e½ sw sec. 28-61-16	1
Michael Doran et ux to Frances L. Alexander, lots 120, 122, 134, 136 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, block 72 and blocks 74, 98, D. P., 3rd div	5
L. A. Gunderson et ux to Iver Hankonsa, lot 10, blk 14, West Park addition	1
Geo. Argill et ux to Ellen Ryan, lot 265 block 58, D. P. 2nd div.	1
Thomas Naughton to T. G. Harris, lot 14, blk 2, Hibbing	170
Fayal Iron Co. to N. J. Paulson, lot 29, b 1, Fay add. to Eveleth	225
Same to A. E. Perrier, lot 29 blk 1, same	206
Same to Martin Larson, lot 27 blk 1, same	200
Andrew Jarvenen et ux to John Ketola, lot 20, blk 17, Virginia	400
Maggie Forgy et mar to Otto Jarvenen, se sw and sw se sec. 24-60-15	360
John Ketola et ux to Matt Prijonvich, lot 20, blk 17, Virginia	675
Bernard Trimbo et ux to Geo. H. Crosby, lot 6, blk 63, London addition	1000
Benj. J. Campbell et ux to Globe Inv. Co., lot 12, blk 26, London addition	275
Geo. H. Crosby to Same, lot 6 b 63, London add	100
Hugh G. Kay et ux to Swan Gudeen, e'ly ½ of lot 128, b 98, D. P., 2nd div	1000
Joseph W. Close et ux to Harry G. Curtis, lot 15, b 11, Lester Park, 2nd division	1550
Mary R. Maybury to Chas J. Rogers, lot 1 b 7, Hibbing	300
Frank G. Jewett to Chas J. Rogers, lot 2 b 7, Hibbing	250
Minn. Saving Fund & Inv. Co. to Mildred Tolman, lot 16, b 6, D. H., 5th division	500
Florence A. Coffin to George D. Mandville, lot 9, section 25-6317	350
W. B. Getchell to James A. Esson, lots 3, 4, block 30, Carlton Place addition	275
The N. D. Co to Mary V. Messer, a strip of land 50 by 140 feet, beginning on west line of Second avenue west, New Duluth, First division (metes and bounds)	800
The First Unitarian church to H. H. Phelps, lot 186, block 63, Duluth proper, Second division	550
Estelle C. Merrill to Samuel Nesbitt, lot 13, block 6, Highland Park addition	600
John M. McGregor to Charles Dudder, e½ se¼ section 4, and w½ sw ¼ section 3, township 59-19	1
Josie Neumann et mar to Hansen Smith, und 1-18 in nw¼ ne¼ section 29-59-14	1
F. P. Kelly et u to J. W. Langbridge, lot 8, block 129, altered plat of West Duluth, Third division	800
J. A. Mirrill to Theodore Hollister, block 67, London addition, lots 9, 10, 11, block 70, London addition	1,000
F. S. Colvin et al to Joseph Gamon, east 37 feet lots 6, 7, block 9, Biwabik	400
M. J. Baker to Lawrence Case, lots 11, 12, block 78, Portland	6,000
L. C. Dunsmore to Dominic Componello, lots 3, 4, block 27, Virginia	1,400
John P. Sundquist to John Lillquist, lot 29, block 11, Hibbing	250
John P. Johnson et ux to C. A. Underhill, und 1-7 lot 137, St. Louis avenue, and lots 164, 152, Minnesota avenue; lots 167, 121, 95, 63, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth; lot 36 St. Louis avenue; lots 49, 65, 134, 167, 222, 69, 322, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth; lot 358, block 75, Duluth proper, Second division	590
Southern Township Co. to W. H. Latham, lots 5, 6 and 7, block 4, Hibbing	240
Same parties, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 12, Hibbing	210
Same parties, lots 21, 22, 23 and 24, block 14, Hibbing	300
John E. Walton to B. F. Myers, lot 2, block 63, Biwabik	1

(Continued on Page 5.)

HOUSES!
NEW OFFERINGS.

8-room house on East Fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues East, city water, bath and gas **$2850**

Large house on Sixth avenue West. All conveniences, stone foundation, rents for $46 per month **$4000**

Eleven-room house on East Second street, between First and Second avenues East, stone foundation; city water and sewer. Rentals $488 per year. Price only **$3500**

Neat 6-room house on East Fourth street, near Fifteenth avenue East, mantel and grate, nice location **$1600**

Two new flats of six room s each, bath, good plumbing, hardwood floors throughout; stone foundation, large attic; very convenient. Rentals $50 per month **$3650**

Double house on Mesaba avenue, below First street; 1 rooms each, all conveniences, very central. **$4500**

Good new house on East Sixth street, near Seventh avenue East. Good cellar **$2500**

8-room house on West Second street, near Sixth avenue; stone foundation, furnace, gas bath, etc. Full lot **$6500**

7-room house on East Sixth street, 100x140. Hot water heat, good barn, nice yard and shrubbery. In good condition **$4200**

7-room house on First avenue West, 35x100 feet; good open plumbing, all in good condition **$3150**

Above Only Samples.
Largest list of bargains in the city. Many at Lakeside, West Duluth and West End.

5% Money to Loan.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

Stocks! Stocks!
ARIZONA STOCKS.
(SPECIALTIES.)

Miscellaneous stocks. Any unlisted stock wanted can be secured at right prices by communicating with

The WM. KAISER CO.,
106 Palladio Bldg.

N. B. We don't advertise in the Sunday paper because we don't want to. We don't advertise in the Monday morning paper because the "Sabbatarian" editor don't want us to. See last Monday editorial.

We Have Several Bargains in Modern Houses, Possession May 1st. Call or Telephone.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Bldg.

Special

Two new modern houses at Lakeside. Large lots. A quick trade is desired and they are offered for less than the cost of building. Terms easy.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
Insurance and Loans. 303 Lonsdale.

4½ and 5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN. ON OR BEFORE.
We offer exceptional advantages to those desiring building loans.
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 LONSDALE BUILDING.

$1100 Full 50-foot lot with small building. Jefferson street, near 14th avenue.

$300 Minnesota avenue lot. Bay side.

J. W. Schellenberger,
507 Palladio Building.

$1650 Splendid 8-room house; city water, good condition for two families or one. Fourth street near Twenty-fifth avenue West.

$2200 New ten-room house, hardwood floors, five-room house on rear of lot, rents for $22 per month, four blocks from court house.

$700 Good six-room house, good well on Fifth street, near Lincoln Park.

T. G. Vaughan, 401 Lonsdale Bldg. 'Phone 789.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 12.

OSTEOPATHY.
WITH HOT ELECTRIC BATHS CURES Rheumatism, Nervousness, Insomnia, female complaints. Fifth floor, Torrey Building. Lady assistant.

PAINTING & DECORATING.
HARDWOOD FINISHING, WALL PAPER and paints. Permanere floor varnish. L. Frost, 117 1st Ave. W. Zen. phone, 918.

WANTED—TO BUY.
WANTED TO BUY—SIX OR SEVEN-room house; centrally located; price not over $2250. State particulars. Address, X. 10, Herald.

ASSAYER.
E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.
TEN HOTEL RANGES AT BIG REduction; also fifty steel ranges, thirty folding beds from $4.00 up. Goods sold on the installment plan. Highest price paid for second-hand goods. Bloom & Co., First street and First avenue West.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER
Buy your umbrellas at the umbrella shop. They give better service. First-class recovering and repairing. Work guaranteed. 209 West Sup. St. Upstairs.

CARPET CLEANING.
INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone 318; old 705-b.

FURS STORED.
AND INSURED—H. G. GROSS, MANufacturing furrier, 106 West Superior street. Phone 230—4.

LIFE INSURANCE.
INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE CONnecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. J. T. Lawrence, agent, 201 Providence Bldg. Phone 1190-2.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.
FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, 717 Fifty-eighth avenue West. Stone foundation; water and good cellar.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE ON CAR line, Lester Park. B 31, Herald.

FOR SALE — FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE with large lot 50 by 132. No. 4210 West Fifth street.

PARK POINT
Two lots on Minnesota avenue, Bay side, near 26th street, with large cottage. Very cheap. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

5 and 10 ACRE TRACTS
Convenient to street railway. Suitable for poultry raising or market gardens. Easy terms. Wm. C. Sargent &Co., 303 Lonsdale Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.
MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A spiritualist meeting Sunday evening, April 12th, at the Agen hall, corner of Sixth and Tower, West Superior.

MADAME QUINN TELLS YOUR whole life at 508 Tower avenue, West Superior, few days only.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

MADAM ROSCOE, BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant. 1212 Tower Ave., West Superior.

MRS. HOLMES, THE TRANCE MEDIum, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

DRESSMAKING.
MISS McGOWAN HAS JUST REturned from New York and is prepared to fill all orders for the very latest styles in dressmaking. 209 Masonic Temple.

WATCH REPAIRING.
CLEANING, $1; MAIN-SPRING, $1. ALL work guaranteed. Our workshop, 335 West Michigan street.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.
LESSONS IN EVERY BRANCH OF musical learning, elocution and dramatic art by best instructors. Bradbury School of Music. Office, 10 Columbus building.

MEDICAL.
GET RID OF THAT SURPLUS FLESH and rheumatism. Try that electric roller. Room 514 Torrey building.

HARNESS MAKING.
ALL KINDS—FIRST-CLASS WORKmanship. James Cullyford, 412 W. First St. Phone, 702-4.

FRESH FISH.
D. GOLDISH, WHOLESALE AND RETail in all kinds of fresh fish. 208 East First St., Duluth. Zenith phone 1122.

DYE WORKS.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS practical dyers and French dry cleaners, first-class work guaranteed, 6 E. Sup. St., Dul., 915 Tower, W. Sup. Both 'phones.

MILLINERY.
MISS SWENSON, OVER SUFFEL'S, also 106 W. Sup. St. Lowest prices.

TURKISH BATHS.
AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 211 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich St.

UPHOLSTERY.
CARRIAGE trimming, upholstering and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. West.

FOR RELIABLE WORK SEE C. F. Forsell, 217 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 949.

22 Houses and Lots
—ON—
EASY TERMS
Prices from $650 to $2300.

A house and lot valued at $1000 will be sold for—
$100—Cash.
$500—On or before 5 years, 6 per cent interest.
$400—To be paid with a monthly payment of $9.40 a month in 4 years.

You cannot afford to pay rent and the higher rent that is going to be when you can buy on such terms.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary,
100 Torrey Building.

GOOD HOMES
—IN—
LAKESIDE
—AND—
Lester Park!

Houses on large lots, convenient to street railway at—
$600 $1000 $1300 $1600 $1800
Houses with all modern conveniences at—
$2000 $2500 $3000 $3500 $4500
These places are all bargains and can be had on
EASY TERMS.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

$1100 Buys a good nine-room house on Third street near 18th avenue West.
$1200 Eight-room house on Piedmont avenue, near 21st avenue West.
$2300 Ten-room house near 28th avenue West; has city water, sewer and bath.
$1050 Six- room house, near 29th avenue.
$3350 Good nine-room house in West End.
$2000 Seven-room house in East End.
Several others and fine building lots also West Duluth property, and some nice acre tracts at low prices.
O. G. OLSON, 415 Burrows Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE!

Three-story basement brick building, known as 14, 16 and 18 East Michigan street; 75 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Steam heat, two elevators, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 480 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession.
J. D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 W. Superior S

1026 E. Superior Street.
A splendid 8-room house, in the best portion of the East End.
—For Sale at—
$9,000
This is a great bargain.
R. B. KNOX & CO.

$6750 A large, well built, modern dwelling of nine rooms. All conveniences, including hot water heat. This house could not be duplicated for less than $7500, and in addition we throw in a lot 50x150, worth $3000. Location central. This is one of a large list of exceptional bargains in improved residence property for sale exclusively by
R. M. NEWPORT,
F. I. SALTER, Agt., 302 Lonsdale Bldg.

TODAY YOU NEED IT! —Then Your Little Want Ad Goes Into The Herald, and TOMORROW IT'S YOURS!

ADDITIONAL WANT ADS ON PAGE 11

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REAL BARGAINS FROM

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

HOMES.

$1250 House and lot on Eighteenth avenue east—water and sewer. Easy terms. This is a bargain.

$2200 House and lot on London road—near Fifteenth avenue east—water, sewer, bath, electricity.

$2300 House and lot on First street, upper side, near Seventh avenue east—six rooms, open plumbing, water, sewer, bath, electric light, etc.

$3000 House and lot at Lakeside, well located on improved street, near Sixtieth avenue east. Best bargain in Lakeside. Let us show you this house.

$3200 House and good-sized lot on corner in East End—stone foundation, electricity, water, bath, sewer. For further particulars inquire at office immediately. This will be sold soon.

$4000 House and lot on upper side of street within one block of Central High school. Stone foundation, full basement, water sewer, bath, electricity, gas.

$6500 Three modern eight room houses; stone foundation and furnace heat in each. Well situated, near Sixteenth avenue East. This means $6500 for all three.

$6750 House of eight rooms. Hardwood finish and very modern. Hot water heat. Lot 50x140 feet. Located at No. 2426 East First street. Twenty-five feet additional land adjoining can be had for $1000 additional.

$6500 House with eight rooms, thoroughly modern, with hot water heat. Centrally located, near Seventh avenue East, on Third street.

$7500 Thoroughly modern, hot water heated, ten-room house, barn. Corner lot, upper side Third street, at Thirteenth avenue East.

$9000 House of nine rooms, thoroughly modern, and seventy-five feet of land on East Second street, west of Second avenue East.

$9000 Eighty feet of land and good house on East Second street, near Fifth avenue.

$12500 House of nine rooms, thoroughly modern. 100 feet of land. Situated at No. 515 East Second street.

$11500 Beautiful home on a corner in East End. Well situated, on upper side of street. Fifty feet adjoining this for $2000 additional. This is a real home.

SUBURBAN HOMES.

$2100 Good house and lot at Woodland. This is a bargain.

$5000 House of eight rooms, thoroughly modern. Situated on large lot, at Woodland. Commands view of lake.

$3000 House of eight rooms, furnace heat and modern plumbing. Lot 50x140 feet, on upper side of London Road, in London.

$2000 House of six rooms, sewer connection and city water and large area of land, upper side London Road. Lakeside, centrally located.

BUILDING LOTS.

$3000 Fifty feet on upper side First street, near Seventh avenue East.

$1100 Fifty-feet on lower side Third street, fourth lot East of Twenty-first avenue East.

$9000 One hundred and fifty feet frontage on Superior street, near Twenty-first avenue East. Best building site in the city.

$1000 Lots 50x140 feet near Sixteenth avenue East on upper side of Fourth street.

$1000 Lot 25x140 feet on First street between 24th and 25th avenues East.

$1250 Lots 50x140 feet on lower side Fourth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues East.

$1800 Lots 50x140 feet on upper side Third street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues East

$2000 Fifty by one hundred and forty feet on the upper side of Second street, between 8th and 9th avenues East. A good building location.

WEST END.

$575 Lot between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues west, upper side Helm street, water in street, and street is partially improved—size of lot 40x75.

$450 Lot in Helm addition, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenue west—50 feet.

$1400 Lot between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues west, lower side Second street—50x140.

$2500 House of seven rooms, with water, sewer, bath, stone foundation; new house—lot 25x140—uppers ide Third street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$4000 Lot near Eighteenth avenue west, on lower side Superior street, and with frontage on Michigan street. Two-story building. Good place for restaurant or other business.

$3250 Double house—stone basement—three tenements of six rooms each. Rental $39 a month.

$3150 Seven-room house, new and modern, with stone foundation, water, sewer and bath; centrally located on a beautiful corner in West End.

SNAPS! To close an estate, must be sold within 20 days. SNAPS!

$500 Each, for lots formerly occupied by Ryan's Boiler shop, Garfield avenue. Lots in this locality are cheap at $700. Only $100 cash required, balance $75 per year.

$1500 Lot on upper side London road, near Seventeenth Avenue East. 50x140. Only $300 cash required.

$3800 Lot on upper side Second street, near Fourth avenue East; 50x150, $800 cash, balance $250 each six months.

$1400 Double corner at No. 709 Garfield avenue. Suitable for residence or business. Well worth $2000. Terms $300 cash, balance $100 each six months.

These and Other Bargains in All Parts of the City.

For Sale Exclusively By

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

$4000 Takes 7-room modern house and 50-foot lot on East Second street in fine location.

$1200 Takes 50-foot corner in East End. All improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Duluth-Superior Traction Company Common Stock. The cash is waiting for you. Communicate at once with

The WILLIAM KAISER CO.

106 Palladio Bldg., Duluth. Both 'phones.

FOR SALE!

80 acres on French River. Lays well. Price per acre..... **$4.25**

40 acres near Proctorknott at one-half price if sold quick.

175 ft on 5th street and 5th avenue West. Will sell 25 or 50 foot lots.

3 lots, corner Gosnold and 58th Aves., West Duluth. Cheap..... **$700**

Houses in all parts of the city and small lots of acres close in.

INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.

Both 'Phones. 102--103 Providence Bldg.

NORTHERN HOMESTAKE

Mining Co. Stock.

Only 20c a share. First and lowest price.

THE WILLIAM KAISER CO.,

106 Palladio Building.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN On Horses, Furniture, Pianos and all kinds of personal property. Also to honest salaried people on their own name.

Lowest Rates. Confidential Transactions.

WESTERN LOAN CO.

Zenith 'Phone 936. Duluth 65-5.

521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $1000. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.

205 Palladio Bldg New 'phone 883.

DON'T Borrow money on your salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and repayment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 321 Palladio Bldg., Zenith Phone 761—Confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN SALARIED PEOPLE No publicity. U. S. Loan and Invt. Co., 704 Torrey bldg. Office hours, 11 to 1.

UNION LOAN CO., makes loans, buys Commercial paper. 212 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1500 Buys large 6-room house in fine condition on Second avenue East. $200 cash, $15 and interest monthly.

$1600 Buys large 7-room house in fine condition; city water, sewer, porcelain bath, stationery wash bowl. Centrally located. $250 cash, $20 and interest monthly.

$2000 6-room house; city water, sewer, on upper side of Fifth street. Very central.

$1100 Good house in Endion, one block from street cars.

$2000 7-room house, city water, sewer, cement cellar, electric lights, good barn, in Lakeside.

$1900 Buys large 9-room house, fine condition, on Fourth street, near Twentieth avenue West.

$900 Buys lot on Grand avenue, West Duluth, with two story frame gravel roof building that cost $1800.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,

220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUY WHEAT AND CORN

$100.00 invested in Grain or Stocks by our "Safety Valve Plan" should result in a profit of $500 or more within 30 days. Write for particulars and send for our free book, "How to Invest Successfully." Richard Oliver & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

CASH FOR YOUR FARM, BUSINESS, home or property of any kind, no matter where located. For a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency. X. 313 Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

ONE DOLLAR MAY SECURE A $3000 stock certificate that will pay an income for life. Investigate this remarkable opportunity. Bankers' Guaranty Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, Douglas county farm lands for house in Duluth or Superior. 1231 East Third street.

WANTED—$2000 ON GOOD SECURITY for 3 and 6 years. R. 24 Herald.

A Good Way To Save Money

Is to deposit a portion of your earnings each week, or each month, with the

Savings Department of the CITY NATIONAL BANK

Remember, there is no business so small, and none so large, but that this bank will give it careful attention.

Open from 10 to 3.

Also Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED POSITION AS ENGINEER, stationary or portable, by experienced man; can furnish first-class certificate; also experienced in blacksmithing. Andrew Hoverson, 632 West Superior St.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE, WITH BUSINESS experience, wants steady work for advancement. Address, 208 Twentieth avenue west.

WANTED, BY SEAMSTRESS, SEWING by the day in families. O. 79, Herald.

WANTED — BY WOMAN, HOUSECleaning. Call 7 West First street, upstairs, Mrs. E. Carlson.

ADVERTISER SEEKS POSITION AS bookkeeper, considerable experience, highest references. Address O 73, Herald.

THOROUGH BOOKKEEPER, CORRESpondent and general office man desires position. Eight years with large exacting firm. U 84, Herald.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES A position as housekeeper, either in or out of city. Address, S. 28, Herald.

PERSONAL.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN MINING or oil stocks? Send for "Weekly Mining Stock Review," 303 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

LADIES! USE OUR HARMLESS REMedy for delayed or suppressed menstruation; it cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave; what I tell you comes true. Send dime and birthdate. Prof. J. Myers, 33 drawer 704, Chicago.

I WANT YOUR WIFE TO SEND HER address when in need of medicine. Will immediately send her my concentrated ergo myrrh tansy capsuloids. Dr. Johnson Med. Co., 208-125 Dearborn, Chicago.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Jouven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. J7 Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

TEAS & COFFEES.

MALCOMSON'S ARE IMPORTED FOR those who like really good teas and coffees. 8 First avenue West. Both phones.

COFFEE ROASTERS.

Jobbers in teas, coffees, spices. M'f'rs of baking powder, extracts. W. H. Carpenter & Co., 120 W. Mich. street.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—FUR BOA. OWNER CALL at police headquarters, identify property and pay for advertising.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

Look for It! Look for It!

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S

Grand Annual Horse Auction Sale

Takes place at our mammoth stables, opposite the Postoffice, at Duluth, SATURDAY, APRIL 18th, 1903,

500—HORSES—500.

We will offer for sale at auction on the above date, more Draft Horses, Farm Mares, Drivers, Business Horses, Speedy Pacers and Trotters, than offered before at any horse auction sale ever held in the Northwest. Everybody attend this sale; it will be better than a circus. Every horse sold must be just as represented, or money refunded. Remember the day and date—SARTURDAY, APRIL 18th.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

The Northwest's Leading and Most Progressive Horse Dealers.

Sale Starts at 10:30 a. m. Sharp. COL. L. H. WIGGIN, Auctioneer

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

PANSIES LINDSAY'S GIANTS IN 100 colors. Mad Perret, Giants, the strain that took the prize at the Pan-American. Fourteen kinds in separate colors, all of the best. We put them all at 25 cents per dozen; five dozen for $1.00. All large, transplanted plants. A low and special price on 100 lots before they are planted the second time out of doors. Lindsay's greenhouses, Lester Park.

$1250 BUYS A COMFORTABLE house and corner lot, centrally located. 5729 Tioga street, Lester Park.

DINING TABLES FROM $4.75 TO $45.00. Dining chairs from 65c to $4.75. A big lot just in. Our little prices will move them rapidly. Always come to this store before making your purchase. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—STEEL RANGE, NO. 8-20, used about three months. 111 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE and lot; cheap if taken at once. Call 2833 West Third street.

FOR SALE — BABY BUGGY AND small gas heater, cheap. 118 Mesaba avenue, Flat 4.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BICYCLE IN first-class condition. Call 2226 West First street, or address T 51, Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, ELEGANT PARlor organ can be seen at 307 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows from Wisconsin has just arrived at John H. Markuson, Sixty-first avenue west and Redruth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — BEST STUDEBAKER phaeton; good as new; cheap, if taken at once. W. M. Stahl. 513 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — FINE OAK FOLDING bed, refrigerator, chiffonier, hair mattres, bed springs, couch, rockers, commode, extension table and large variety of household articles, to be sold at once. Capt. C. F. Bragg, second floor 317 Third avenue east, at rear house during day.

A LOT OF STEEL COUCHES, SOFAS and folding beds, iron beds, springs and mattresses on sale this week. $15 felt mattresses only $11.50; $6 combination mattresses, $4.50; $6.50 springs, $4.90. T. W. Cameron, 10 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER HAS A great number of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, DOUBLE SEATed surrey and single cutter. 229 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE — PROCTOR HOTEL, FURnished, doing good business. Address Proctor, Minn.

FOR SALE—A COMFORTABLE HOME suitable for a dairy; good water. Price $1200. Address 1822 West Second street.

FOR SALE — 2560 ACRES PINE, TAMarac and fir timber near Libby, Montana; 24,000,000 feet, on drivable streams and railroads; cheap. Corson, 316 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—VOSE & SON'S UPRIGHT piano. $125 takes it. Can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

FOR SALE—THE HERALD IS THE paper to keep you posted on fresh milch cow sales at Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm.

FOR SALE — COVERED DELIVERY wagon, cheap; good as new; used four months. Sunby Tea Co.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, POULTRY supplies in large or small quantities; chick food; eggs for hatching, etc., J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

LARGE SHIPMENT OF HORSES JUST received; weight from 1300 to 1900. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING HOUSE VERY cheap; good condition; twenty-one rooms; good location. N 71, Herald.

WE SELL BICYCLES, TIRES, BICYCLE sundries, fishing tackle, etc., and do all kinds of repair work in our well-equipped shop. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

FOR SALE — TYPEWRITERS FROM $35 up; investigate. Edmont, 13 Phoenix block. Zenith phone, 675.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED—BY MAY 1—THREE OR four unfurnished rooms within easy walking distance of postoffice. Price must be reasonable. Address X 30, Herald.

WANTED — FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM modern flat or small house, between Fourth avenue west and Twelfth avenue east. Address P 9, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO OR MORE furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. S 73, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED house; central location. R. 31, Herald.

DESIRABLE TENANT WANTS A small furnished house or small furnished flat, by May 1. Walking distance, East End. Address X 89 Herald.

WANTED—3, 4 OR 6 ROOMS FOR housekeeping. No children, between Tenth avenue West and Fourth avenue East, not above Fifth street. Address R 5, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. Best of wages. 2327 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL. LIGHT general housework; three in family; no children. 9 East Third street.

WANTED — COOK AND DISHWASHer. Tusch Bros., Itasca, Wis. Telephone 3581.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 215 E. SUP. ST. Cooks, dining room girls, dish washers, and for private places. Mrs. M. C. Siebold

$20 PER THOUSAND COPYING LETters. Enclose stamp for copy of letter, instructions, etc. We have several lines of work. Address Eagle Wholesale Co., Chicago, Ill.

$5.00 PER HUNDRED FOR ADDRESSing envelopes; send dime and stamp for material and instructions. Steady work. C. E. Miller, Ely Bldg., Chicago.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 Monroe street, Chicago.

LADIES FOR DISTRICT MANAGERS—Business prosperous and permanent. Salary $21 cash weekly and office expenses. Colonial, Caxton bldg., Chicago.

YOU WILL SAVE 50c TO $1.00 BY BUYing shoes of M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—CHAMBER GIRL; $5 PER week. Don't apply unless you want work. 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 123 West Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Bostwick Flats "A", 421 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEKEEPer to take care of suite of rooms, centrally located, on Superior street. References required. Address N 65, Herald.

WANTED—LAUNDRY GIRL — RALston House, 122 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR RESTAURANT work. 2604 West Superior street.

WANTED—ONE WAIST FINISHER and two Shirt Makers. 209 Masonic Temple.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of baby. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. Apply at 226 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST AT LIGHT work and plain sewing. 3 Baldwin flats, 717 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. No cooking, 1123½ East third st.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG SECOND girl at 305 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Two in family. 312½ West Fifth street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO WASH AND Iron. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 2231 West Superior street. Flat 1.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL 13 OR 15 years, one who can sleep at home nights. 1410 Jefferson street, up stairs, East End.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STARCHer. Acme laundry.

WANTED — A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; private boarding house. Mrs. Kletsch, 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street. Call mornings or evenings.

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. Girls wanted. 17 Second avenue east, near Armory. Mrs. Somers.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED— HOUSEMAN. SPALDING hotel.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS — WRITE for our civil service catalogue and learn how over 14,000 persons annually secure good paying positions. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATing oil salesman with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—SALESMEN FOR PATENTed axle nut—"Sure Cure for Wabbles"; make an old buggy run like new; sample set $1.50 postpaid. Special proposition for general agents (side line men) and blacksmiths. Pontiac Hwe. Specialty Co., Box 25, Pontiac, Mich.

TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR GOOD territory; no technical knowledge, but active, all-round hustler. Established, high-rated house. F. R. Jennings, Sales Mngr., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — AN ENERGETIC SALESman, capable of building up and holding trade in Minnesota on staple line. A. S. Co., 31-39 Grand River Ave., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—SALESMAN IMMEDIATELY by reliable Cleveland house; a wide-awake man with good business experience to complete our traveling force for 1903; general mercantile trade; permanent. W. E. Hodgman, Sales Mngr., Cleveland, Ohio.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED---CONTINUED.

WANTED—MAN WITH RIG TO INTROduce our poultry compound; straight salary, $20 weekly and all expenses. Send for contract and particulars. Dept. 385 Royal Co-Op. Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BARBER. $15.00 per week. G. Brown, Lyceum building.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. All the advantages of free clinic, expert instructions until competent. Growing demand for graduates. Tools presented. Ten graduates placed last month. Particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—BOY TO TAKE CARE OF horse and cow and work around house. Apply 309 Board of Trade, between 3 and 4 o'clock Monday.

WANTED—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—A SALESMAN FOR THE city trade; also a salesman to travel in Northern Wisconsin and the near-by trade. Must be competent and have thorough knowledge of the hat, cap, glove, mitten and fur business. Only those having the above qualifications need apply. Blake & Waite Co., Duluth, Minn.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED MEN EVERYWHERE—GOOD pay; to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—TWO GOOD PAINTERS—Apply H. Bartlett, 118 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, FIRST class coat makers and pant makers; also reliable errand boy. Geo. H. Brenton, Phoenix Block.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman. Fifth Avenue West Clothing Co. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED JANITOR for Manhattan building. Apply to head janitor.

WANTED—COMPETENT GROOM TO care for, feed and clean my driving horses, and make himself generally useful around barn. Must understand his business as I am particular. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

WANTED—COAT MAKER. APPLY J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants FREE OF CHARGE. Apply to

W. C. McCARTER,

Business University.

AGENTS WANTED.

RUBBER GOODS—RELIABLE, POPUlar, unique, practical. Everybody send stamp for list and interesting information. King Co., Carbondale, Pa.

A SNAP FOR AGENTS. STREET MEN and dealers. King of Novelties. Sells at sight. Every smoker buys one. Sample 10 cents. Sweet Novelty Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

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SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903. Second degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1903. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave, April 12, 1903. Work, Easter service. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

DULUTH ENCAMPMENT, No. 36, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1903. Work, important business. H. W. Toewe, C. P.; F. J. Monkhouse, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, Co., City Hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 331 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fidler, Arlington hotel, scribe.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in second rank Tuesday, April 14th. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES. DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's Hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

W. M. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, every Monday evening. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earle, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

TEAM DRIVERS' INTERNATIONAL union No. 414 meets first and third Saturdays of each month.

SECTION TWO.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

PAGES. 13 to 24.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1903.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

He Is Risen

Special Easter music will be rendered in nearly every church in the city tomorrow. The various choirs have been holding special practices for weeks past, and the feast offered to the music lovers of the city by the programs will be no ordinary one.

• • •

At the Cathedral of the Sacred Heart the services will be very elaborate. Masses will be at the same hours as on other Sundays, and for the solemn high mass at 10:30 a special musical program will be rendered, the choir singing Haydn's grand Imperial Mass in D, Flaaten's orchestra assisting. Bishop McGolrick will deliver the sermon. The musical program is as follows:

Chorus—"Strike the Cymbal" .....
Cathedral choir.
Hymn—"Vidi Aquam" .....Gregorian
Choir.
Chorus with soprano solo—"Kyrie eleison" Third Mass ——Haydn
Mrs. James McAuliffe and choir.
Chorus with soprano solo—"Gloria in eleison" Third Mass .....Haydn
Mrs. Leo Ball and choir.
Alto solo—"Gratias Agimus" .....Haydn
Miss Margaret Farrell.
Bass solo—"Qui tollis" .....Haydn
Franz Schultz.
"Miserere" chorus obligato by choir.
Chorus and fugue—"Quoniam" ..Haydn
Choir.
Fugue chorus—"Credo" .....Haydn
Choir.
Soprano solo and chorus—"Et in carnatus est" .....Haydn
Mrs. Leo Ball and choir.
Chorus—"Et resurrexit" .....Haydn
Choir.
Soprano solo and chorus—"Et vitam" .....Haydn
Mrs. Leo Ball and choir.
Offertory—"Haec Dies" ...V. Hammerel
Male chorus—choir.
Chorus—"Sanctus" .....Haydn
Choir.
Two-part male chorus—"Benedictus" .....Gilsinn
Male chorus—choir.
Solo—"Agnus Dei" .....Gilsinn
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Chorus—"Dona nobis" .....Gilsinn
Choir.
Grand chorus—"Unfold ye Portals" from "The Redemption" .....Gounod
Choir.

In the evening at 7:30 there will be solemn vespers and benediction of the sacrament, at which the following musical program will be rendered:

Chorus—"Domine ad adjuvandum me" Grand Vespers .....Millard
Cathedral choir.
Quartet—"Gloria patri" .....Millard
Mrs. Leo Ball, Miss Margaret Farrell, James Lynn, Franz Schultz.
Chorus—"Sicut erat" .....Millard
Choir.
A capella chorus—"Dixit Dominus" .....Millard
Choir.
Chorus—"Donec ponam" .....Millard
Choir.
Bass solo—"Juravit" .....Millard
Franz Schultz.
Chorus—"Dominus a dextris" ....Millard
Choir.
Soprano solo—
(a) "Judicabit" .....Millard
(b) "De torrente" .....Millard
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Quartet—"Gloria patri" .....Millard
Mrs. Leo Ball, Miss Margaret Farrell, James Lynn, Franz Schultz.
Hymn—"Lucis creator" .....Gregorian
Choir.
Chant—"Magnificat" .....Gregorian
Choir.
Chorus—"Regina Coeli" ....Lambellotte
Choir.
Trio—"Veni creator" .....La Hache
Mrs. Leo Ball, James Lynn, Franz Schultz.
Trio—"O Salutaris" .....Verdi
Mrs. James McAuliffe, James Lynn, Franz Schultz.
Chorus—"Tantum ergo" .....La Hache
Choir.
Chorus—"The Heavens Are Telling" from "The Creation" .....Haydn
Choir.

Following is the personnel of the choir:

Sopranos—Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. Leo Ball, Misses Margaret Jones, Loretta Gallagher, May Miller, Dorothy Farrell, Agnes Poirier, Jennie Pember, Helen Fitzgerald, Mary Lana, May Gowan, Ethel Dwyer.

Contraltos—Mrs. J. E. Foran, Mrs. A. A. Fider, Mrs. Franz Schultz; Misses Margaret Farrell, Helen Maginnis.

Tenors—James Lynn, John E. Foran, John W. Haben.

Basses and baritones—Franz Schultz, David Evans, Harry Carroll, Jacob Pulaski, John H. McCall, D. P. McDonald, E. Pember, J. R. O'Keefe, John Bergen, A. L. Lawrence.

Miss Therese Lynn is organist and Franz Schultz, director.

• • •

At the First Methodist church at 10:30 o'clock Dr. Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach an Easter sermon. In the evening Dr. Robert Forbes will preach. Special easter services will be held in the Sunday school at noon and the Epworth league at 6 o'clock. The musical programs will be rendered by the following quartet: Soprano, Mrs. C. H. Thornton; alto, Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw; tenor, Milton B. Griffith; bass, Grafton Mason. The organist is Mrs. J. N. McKindley. The programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Spring's Awakening" .... Grieg
Anthem—"Now is Christ Risen" .....West
Solo—"Hosanna" .....Granier
Mr. Griffith.
Anthen—"He Would See Jesus" ....Alling
Offertory—Prelude from "Holy City" Gaul
Solo—"Birth and Ressurrection" ..Gaynor
Miss Bradshaw.
Anthem—"They Have Taken Away My Lord" .....Harrington
Postlude—Hallelujah Chorus .....Handel

EVENING.

Prelude—Communion in G.....Batiste
Anthem—"Now is Christ Risen" .....West
Duet—"The Magdalene" .....Warren
Mrs. Thornton and Miss Bradshaw.
Anthem—"Come See the Place Where Jesus Lay" .....West
Solo—"The Resurrection" .....Holden
Miss Bradshaw.
Offertory .....Flagler
Anthem—"They Have Taken Away My Lord" .....Harrington
Solo—"The Day of Resurrection" .....Harry Rowe Shelley
Mr. Griffith.
Anthem—"Nearer the Cross Was Mary Weeping" .....Irving Emerson
Postlude—Easter March .....Merkel

The annual Easter service of the Knights Templar will be held in the First Methodist church at 3 o'clock and Dr. Robert Forbes will deliver the sermon.

• • •

At St. Clement's church, in the West End, the services will be at the same time as on other Sundays. For the high mass at 10:30 a special musical program has been prepared, the choir singing La Hache's beautiful mass in honor of St. Therese. The program of music will be as follows:

Chorus—"Vidi Aquam" .....Gregorian
Choir.
Chorus—"Kyrie" ..... La Hache
Choir.
Tenor solo with chorus obligato—"Christe eleison" .....La Hache
M. Seabrook and choir.
Chorus—"Gloria" ..... La Hache
Choir.
Chorus—"Credo" ..... La Hache
Choir.
Bass solo—"Deum de Die" .....La Hache
John Golcz.
Chorus—"Qui propter" .....La Hache
Choir.
Offertory—Alto solo—"Salve Maria" ...
.....Mercadante
Miss Minnie Schultz.
Tenor solo and chorus—"Sanctus" .....
.....Gounod
M. Seabrook and choir.
Soprano solo and chorus—"Benedictus" .....Gounod
Miss Louise Lyons and choir.
Alto Solo—"Agnus Dei" .....Gilsinn
Miss Minnie Schultz.
Chorus—"Dona Nobis" ..... Farmer
Choir.

In the evening at 7:30 there will be vespers and benediction, with the following musical program:

Chant Vespers .....Peters
Choir.
Chorus—"Regina Coeli" ..... Lambillotte
Choir.
Alto solo—"O Salutaris" .....Panofka
Miss Minnie Schultz.
Chorus—"Tantum Ergo" .....Palestrina
Choir.

Following are the members of the choir: Sopranos, Mrs. John Golcz, Misses Louise Lyons, May Shesgreen, Maude McLeod, Mary Lynott, Mary Kieserling, Hattie Riley, Maude Dardis, Ella Phillips, Stella Tilley, Edna Riley, Mary Kieren, Lucille Kieren.

Altos, Misses Minnie Schultz, Leonie D'Aoust, Florence Kraemer.

Tenors, M. Seabrook, Joseph Miller.

Bassos, John Golcz, Joseph Lauermann.

The organist is Miss Theresa Shesgreen, and directress, Miss Minnie Schultz.

• • •

At the First Baptist church, Rev. S. C. Davis will preach the Easter sermon, the subject being "The Enemy Vanquished." In the evening Mr. Fagenstrom will conduct the service and will continue three afternoons and evenings during the week. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Andante con moto" ..... Calkin
Anthem—"Awake, Glad Soul" .....
.....A. J. Holden
Quartet.
Solo—"I Know That My Redeemer Liveth" ..... Handel
Miss Bailey.
Anthem—"Christ Is Risen"....W. G. Oust
Quartet.
Organ prelude—"March"..... Mozart

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Nocturne"..Mendelssohn
Anthem—"Christ Our Passover" .....
..... Shepperd
Quartet.
Anthem—"Easter Day" ..... Rowley
Quartet.
Organ postlude—"March" ..... Smart

The quartet is composed of Miss Bailey, soprano; Miss Cannon, contralto; Mr. Cleland, tenor; Mr. Giddings, bass. Miss Simonds is organist.

• • •

At the church of St. Anthony de Padua, German Catholic, the high mass will be at 10:30 o'clock and the following program of music will be rendered by the choir:

"Vivi Aquam" .....Weigand
Solo by Joseph Kreimer.
"Kyrie"—Mercedantes mass in B....
"Gloria—Marzas fifth mass.....
"Credo"
Solos by Misses Belle and Florence Jaques.
Tenor solo by R. Hamp.
Offertory—"O Gloriose" .....Curto
Mrs. E. Kreimer.
"Sanctus" .....Mercadante
"Benedictus" .....Gilsinne
Messrs Beek and Kreimer.
"Agnus Rei" .....Mercadante
Miss Florence Jacques.
"Regina Coeli" .....Somblitote

At 7:30 o'clock there will be vespers the choir singing as follows:

Gregorian Vespers .....
Choir.
"Regina Coeli" .....V. Hammerel
Mrs. E. Kreimer.
"O'Salutaris" .....Havley
Geo. Beck.
"Tantum Ergo" .....Weigand
Misses Jacques and Mr. Hamp.

Miss Kate Febiger is organist and E. Kreimer, director.

• • •

Services at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church tomorrow morning will be at 10:45 o'clock. "The Victory of the Resurrection" is the subject of the sermon. At 7:45 o'clock will be a continuation of studies in the book of Hosea. Rev. R. Ames Montgomery is the pastor. The music for the day will be as follows:

Voluntary—"Gloria" from Mozart's twelfth mass.....
Anthem—"Seals are Shattered" .....Chas. M. Davis
Miss Grufant and choir.
Violin Solo—"Last Hope" .....
Mr. Tupper.
Offertory .....Schubert
Anthem—"Hosanna" ....E. L. Crammer
Choir.
"Easter Morning" .....C. H. Gabriel
Miss Miller and choir.
Anthem "Hallelujah; for the Lord Is Risen" .....Hughes
Choir.
Postlude .....Batiste

• • •

At Lester Park M. E. church Sunday morning at 10:30 the pastor, Rev. Charles Fox Davis will preach on "The Resurrection of Christ—a myth of a fact." The musical program will be as follows:

Organ Prelude—Selected.....
Mrs. J. J. Le Tourneau.
Opening Hymn—"Rise, Glorious Conqueror" .....
Choir and Congregation.
Anthem—"The Lord is Our Strength" .....A. F. M. Custance
Choir.
"Gloria" .....
Choir and congregation.
Baritone Solo—"Triumphant Morn" .....J. M. Lerman
Baritone Solo—"Victory" .....Shelly
Howard Stoller.

In the evening the Sunday school will give the following program at 7:30:

Organ Voluntary .....
Miss Gertrude Carey.
Singing, No. 189.....
Sunday School.
Apostles Creed .....
Congregation.
Prayer .....
The Pastor.
Anthem—"The Lord is our Strength" .....Arthur F. M. Custance
Choir.
Scripture .....
Led by the Superintendent.
Singing, No. 190.....
Sunday School.
Recitation.....
Grace Lewis.
Song.....
Recitation .....
Mildred Oman.
"Two Offeings" .....
Persis Skinner.
Singing, No. 193.....
Sunday School.
Reading—Selected .....
Miss Adele McClaren.
"Easter Tide" .....
Class of Girls.
Recitation .....
Ten Children from Primary Class.
"Long Days Ago" .....
Shirley Muir.
Recitation—Selected.....
Minnie Casper.
Singing, No. 192.....
Sunday School.
Address .....
Rev. Charles Fox Davis.
Recitation .....
May Blair.
Collection .....
Singing, No. 75.....
School and congregation.
Benediction .....

• • •

At St. John's Episcopal church, Fifty-first and Grand avenues, Lakeside, services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. At the morning service there will be a celebration of the Holy Communion, confirmation and sermon by Bishop J. D. Morrison. The musical service will be as follows:

Hymn—"Jesus Christ is Risen Today" .....Worgan
Anthem—"Christ, Our Passover"..Chappel
Solos, Messrs. Brearley and Eva.
De deum .....Dykes
"Benedictus" .....Chant
"The Day of Resurrection" .....Tours
"Kyrl Eleison" ....Hodges
"Glori Tibe" .....Tallis
"Christ is Risen" .....Sullivan
Confirmation Hymn—"My Faith Looks Up to Thee" .....Mason
Anthem—"The Strife is O'er"....Custance
Solos, Mrs. Franklin Paine.
"Sanctus" .....Armes
Communion Hymn—"Draw Nigh" ..Brown
"Gloria in Excelsis" .....Old Chant
"Nunc Dimittis" .....Gregorian
"Hark Ten Thousand Voices Sounding" .....Dykes

• • •

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue East and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Rev. N. B. Thvedt, pastor. The following musical program will be rendered:

MORNING.

Organ Prelude .....Fr. Gradehand
Offertory—"The Lost Chord" .....
.....Arthur Sullivan
"Christ is Risen" .....Fred Schiller
Choir.
Postlude .....Scotson Clark

EVENING.

"Hall, Holy Cross" .....Schnecker
Choir.
Tenor Solo.....Selected
C. Hvaal.
Baritone Solo—"The Light of the World" .....Adanis
John Olson.
"Min Gud er idel Kjorlighed".....Shelly
Choir.
Postlude .....Clark

There will be no Sunday school. At 3 p. m. Rev. Thvedt will conduct service at the townhall, Lakeside. There will be song and music.

• • •

An Easter program will be given at Hope church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, at 8 p. m. The following is the program:

Song .....
Baily children.
Solo.....
Roland Rakowsky.
Duet.....
Harlow Tischer and Arthur Goering.
Hope church male quartet.
Duet .....
Miss Borth and Miss Wieland.
Song .....
Ladies' quartet.
Songs .....
Choir.

Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. Sermon at 11 a. m. Subject, "My Redeemer Liveth." Young People's meeting at 7:15 p. m., led by Rev. F. Riedel. Rev. L. S. Stapf, pastor.

• • •

Easter Sunday will be celebrated at St. Paul's Episcopal church with the following servies: 8 a. m., Holy communion; 11 a. m., choral celebration of Holy Communion with sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., special Sunday school service with Easter carols and anthems, and address by Dr. Ryan. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Choral Celebration of Holy Communion.
Processional Anthem—"Praise Ye the Father" .....Gounod
Introit—"Jesus Lives" .....Spinney
Solo, Leslie Bassett.
Communion Service in E flat (new) .....Custance
"Te Deum," in E.....H. Houseley
Hymn—"Jesus Christ Is Risen Today." .....Worgan
Tenor Solo—"But Thou Didst Not Leave" .....Handel
Cyril Tyler.
Anthem—"Awake Thou That Sleepest" .....Greene
Solos, Miss A. Cooley, Charles Applehagen.
Communion Hymn—"Draw Nigh"..Monk
"Nunc Dimittis" .....Gregorian
Recessional—"Hark, Ten Thousand Voices" .....Dykes

EVENING.

Processional—"Onward, Christian Soldiers" .....Sullivan
Carol—"Empty the Tomb" .....Knorr
Carol—"Lo, the Winter Is Past".Custance
Carol—"Sing With All the Sons of Glory" .....Custance
Anthem—"Dawn of Hope" .....Krogman
Solos, Mrs. BurtHolcomb, Miss E. Abbott
Carol—"We Welcome Thee" .....Knorr
Solo—"The Sweet Story of Old"—Old Air
Leslie Bassett.
Carol—"Easter Bells" .....Knorr
Anthem—"Awake Thou That Sleepest" .....Maker
Solos, Miss A. Cooley, Charles Applehagen.
Orison—"Litany of Jesus Glorified"....
.....Colwall
Recessional—"Jesus Shall Reign" .....
.....Duke Street

A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

• • •

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland, the pastor, will preach morning and evening. There will be a sunrise prayermeeting at 7 o'clock in the morning in which all the Christian Endeavor societies and Euworth leagues of the city will participate. Mr. Stevenson of the First Methodist Episcopal church, will speak. The following Easter music will be sung:

MORNING.

Organ—"March Triumphale" Jules Grison
Anthem—"Shout Ye High Heavens" .....Chadwick
Response—"O, Ye Holy Angels".Hanscom
Solo—"Hosanna" .....Jules Granier
Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
Anthem—"The Choir Angelic"—Hanscom
Postlude—"Triumphale March" .....
.....Dudley Buck

EVENING.

Cantata—"Christ the Victor" .....
.....Dudley Buck

The tenor solos will be sung by Paul Gilbert; the bass solos by Philip Gordon Brown, the women's chorus by Mrs. Mark Baldwin and Miss Florence Williams, sopranos; Miss Antoinette West and Miss Moody, altos. Mrs. Margaret McLean is organist.

• • •

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Dr. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "The Resurrection and Salvation," and in the evening on "The Inevitableness of the Resurrection." The choir will render a special program of music appropriate to Easter. It is as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Hymn of the Apostles," from Redemption .....Gounod
"God Hath Appointed a Day".....Tours
Quartet.
"Easter Hymn" .....Custance
Quartet.
"Sanctus," from communion service.. .....Gounod
Tenor solo and quartet—"Hosanna" .. ..Granier
Mr. Martin.
"The Magdalene" .....Warren
Quartet.
Organ postlude .....Guilmant

A part of the music for the morning service will be repeated in the evening, Mrs. R. L. Knebel assisting with a solo. The choir will consist of: Mrs. Homer Collins, Miss Clara Hector, John Martin, H. G. Gearhart. Miss Ruth Rogers is organist.

• • •

Easter services at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church will begin Sunday at 10:30 a. m. The pastor, Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach on "The Easter Message." At 7:30 p. m. there will be an Easter concert by the Sunday school. The musical program for the morning is as follows:

Prelude—Selected .....
Mrs. Stephenson.
Hymn—"The Morning Kindles" .....
.....St. Ambrose
Hymn—"Day of Resurrection" .....
.....John of Damascus
Solo with violin obligato—Selected.....
Mrs. Peletier, Mrs. Mulford.
Hymn—"Awake Glad Soul".....Mousell
Offertory—Violin solo—Selected .....
Mrs. Mulford.
Hymn—"Christ the Lord is Risen".....
..... Charles Wesley
Solo—Selected .....
Mrs. Peletier.

• • •

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner of Lake avenue and Third street, music will be made a special feature of the Easter services. In the morning, in addition to the full musical communion service, the following numbers will be rendered:

Cornet solo—"The Palms" .....
W. P. Rosendahl, accompanied on the organ by Miss Mabel Harrington.
Anthem—"Christ Our Passover" ....
Choir.
Offertory—Selected—Organ .....
Anthem—"Praise to Thee" .....
Choir.
Postlude—Organ .....

The sermon at both morning and evening service will be preached by the pastor, Rev. D. W. Michael. His subject in the morning will be "The Resurrection." The choir will also sing special music at the evening service.

• • •

Rev. Robert Forbes, D.D., will preach in the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. At 7:30 p. m. a special Easter program will be rendered jointly by the choir and Sunday school. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. The special music under Professor Maxwell will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude .....
Anthem—"O Be Joyful in the Lord"..
Offertory .....

EVENING.

Organ prelude .....
Male quartet .....
Offertory .....
Sunday school program .....

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The Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon will be addressed by W. B. Williams, formerly of Seattle, Wash., and at one time an evangelist. He will take as his subject "The Deathless Life." Special music will be rendered by Miss Luella Neff, a promising young pianist of this city.

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At the First Christian church, the pastor, Rev. C. R. Sine, will conduct services Sunday morning at 10:40. The theme will be, "The Risen Lord." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. At the evening services at 7:30 p. m., "The Range of Christianity" will be the subject of the sermon.

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At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White, will preach on "The Contributions of the Past." Mr. Hare and Miss Lavitsky will sing.

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Rev. Hans Peterson will preach at the First Unitarian church at 3 p. m., in the Scandinavian language.

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church Easter service will be held in the morning at 10:30, the subject of the pastor's sermon "The Living Hope Begotten of the Resurrection." In the evening the theme will be "Music in Worship." Sunday school at 12 m. The Lakeside Endeavorers will join the society of the First Presbyterian church in an early morning Easter service. Rev. H. B. Sutherland, pastor.

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At the Lake avenue Bethel at 7 45 p. m., H. H. Hanford will speak. Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. Monday evening Rev. I. I. Gorby, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, will speak. Miss Frances McGiffert and Mrs. Asher will sing. Gospel meetings are held every night except Saturday.

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At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service will be at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Christian church and on Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

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At the Star of Hope Mission, 617 West Superior street, meetings are held every night, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan. Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock consecration meeting will be held at which John Callahan will speak on "Stones to Be Rolled Away." The program for the evening service is as follows: 7 p. m., The Star of Hope praying band meets for half an hour of prayer; 7:30, graphophone concert; 7:45 song service, lead by Mr. Callahan; 8:15, Mr. N. B. Williams, of Spokane, Wash., will speak. There will be special music.

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, services will be held at 10:45 a. m., the subject being "Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

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At Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning there will be special exercises by the children followed by baptisms and the reception of new members. Mrs. Asher will sing. The subject of the evening's sermon will be "The Intermediary Resurrection."

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At the Asbury M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. J. C. Hartley will preach in the morning on "Joyful Praises" and in the evening on "The Savior Satisfied." There will be special music at both services.

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At the Second Presbyterian church, Rev. I. I. Gorby, D.D., pastor, services appropriate to Easter will be held. The subject of the morning sermon at 10:30 o'clock will be "The Resurrection of Jesus." In the evening at 7:30 o'clock, the subject will be "The Resurrection a Rational Hope." There will be a sunrise prayer meeting held by the Y. P. S. C. E. at the church.

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At Bethany chapel services will be held at 3 o'clock.

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At Hazelwood Presbyterian chapel there will be services at 3 o'clock, conducted by Rev. I. I. Gorby, the pastor.

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A devotional meeting of the Young Women's Christian association will be held tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. "Sister Helen" will be the leader and special Easter music will be rendered.

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At Bethany Lutheran church, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., the pastor, will preach tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. In the evening there will be special exercises by the Sunday school with solos by Professor A. Hedberg, Mrs. A. F. Elmquist and anthems by the choir.

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At the Easter morning service in the French church of St. Jean de Baptiste, Eleventh avenue west and Superior street, the choir will be assisted by La Brosse's orchestra.

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At the First Swedish Baptist church, Rev. A. Edstam will preach an Easter service at 11 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 and Sunday school at 10 a. m. Union temperance service will be held at 3p. m. Young people's society at 6:30 p. m.

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Easter services will be held at the Norwegian Danish Methodist church at the West End tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. There will be special singing by the choir and others at the evening service. Sunday school will meet at 12. Rev. O. H. Wilson, pastor.

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At the Zion's Norwegian Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, there will be Easter services at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m. Rev. C. H. Hjortholm, the pastor, will conduct the services.

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At the First Swedish M. E. church, Rev. John A. Anderson will preach in the morning, and in the evening the Sunday school will hold an Easter festival. The choir and the string orchestra will assist the children in their program, who will give the greater part of the exercises. Several choruses of the school children have been trained and prepared for the Easter festival.

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At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, Rev. I. G. Aschim will conduct Easter service in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school will meet at 9 a. m., and English Sunday school at 12:10.

The Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be Easter services Sunday morning at 11o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salverson, pastor.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

William Shaffer, a brakeman, of Dennison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for several weeks with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remedies," he says, "Finally I sent to McCaw's drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in one week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam." If troubled with rheumatism, give Pain Balm a trial. One application relieves the pain. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

PARIS MODEL HAT

Large flat hat of shirred tan tulle held with bands of tan silk on top, with fringed ends over back. Garlands of small pink roses and foliage encircle brim with bunch of tassell buds at left back.

ELEGANT BLACK HAT

Large black chip hat, underbrim with tulle folds. Trimming of numerous flat loops of black satin ribbon het round crown in sets of five, up and down, with twist between. Plume droops over back from right.

THE NEW SILK COAT

Loose jacket of black peau de sole, laid in plaits back and front, sleeves tucked. Deep cape trimmed with white silk cords, fronts of Cluny lace Turnback cuff on wide sleeves trimmed with cords and lace. Black cord rosettes and assels on front. White satin lining. Hat of fancy straw trimmed with satin ribbon and white and orange dais les.

NEW GEISHA WAIST

Waist of white lawn, with bertha and pouch of Irish lace. Medallions of same let in front and back. Turnover of Mexican drawn work. Bishop sleeves laid in deep stitched plaits, cuffs and stocks finely tucked.

points in the front. It is hooked invisibly all the way down the front, and the shape is such as to make a woman very broad breasted. It is worn over any bodice or over any shirt waist.

One of the natiest of Easter effects will be seen in the princess gown, which buttons down the back. Over this is worn the Eton. The Eton relieves the plain lines of the princess and makes it look a litle more like a street garment.

But it is the silk Easter suit that catches the eye and ranks among the novelties. Brown silk, of the golden hue, is revived, and it is made into neat little taffeta suits, with a very litle blue to give it character. Black taffeta makes up charmingly, and black satin is in again, both in the plain and in the brocades. Olive green is also here, and the peacock blue which they wore before the Spanish war. These suits are, for the most part, made up in tucked fashion, and, in using the tucks, there is a chance for infinite variety.

One of the new tucked silk suits, made in an olive green, is built in skirt and coat fashion. The coat is a litle Russian blouse, and its trimmings consist of a turn-over collar of black and red striped silk and cuffs of the same. There are a few tucks above and below the belt line of the blouse. The skirt has its tucks at the head of the flounce. For the woman who is making a taffeta silk there is one ever fashionable pattern to follow. Trim the skirt with a flounce and treat the flounce to a row of tucking at the head. Lay the tucks close together and head them with a band of satin ribbon. Later the tucks can be released, with the result of having a flounce that will flare with all the enthusiasm possible.

Take the street dress of camel's hair canvas and make it up in Victorine style, with low shoulders, long front effect and trim it with elaborate strapping. Let there be long tails to the coat and let there be a sweep skirt, all abundantly trimmed with bands of silk put on in strapped fashion.

Take this gown, which can be a very inexpensive though pretty one, and put it upo none woman. And then take the same gown and put it upon another woman.

The two women will look so sotally unlike that you will declare that the gown has been changed by some magic process. The first one will carry herself erect, with the full chest, the straight front, the receding abdomen the well-poised elbows and the graceful front dip.

The other one will stand upon her heels, with the chest thrown in, the abdomen thrown out and the elbows glued to the sides. On this woman the gown is spoiled. She positively can not wear the Victorine effects, and she should confine herself to the perfectly plain and wholly conventional bodice and skirt.

The saleswomen say that with each season the difference becomes more and more noticeable, for the Gibsonian shoulders are growing upon the community, and where one woman looks well in them more look very distressing. It is absolutely essential that a woman wear them right.

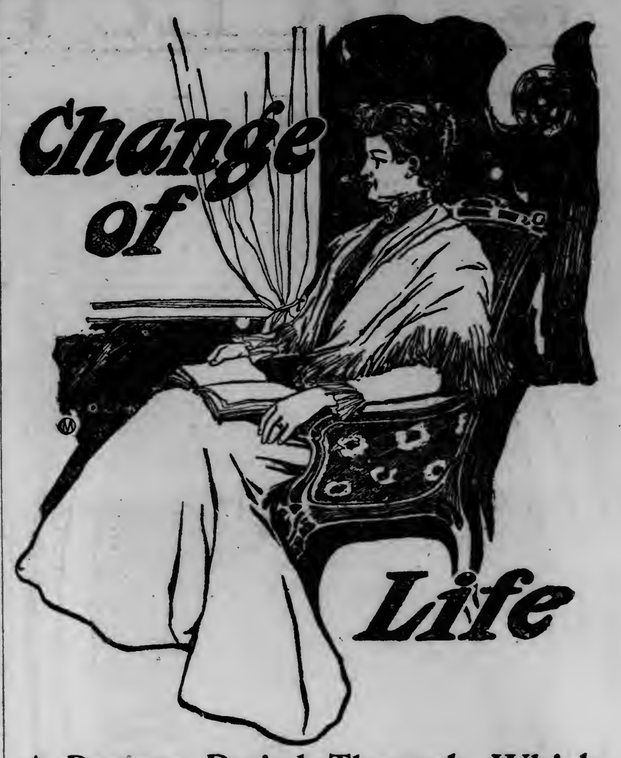
The low Victorine shoulder, which was the Gibsonian shoulder of fifty years ago, is seen more and more, and the sleeves are built so that they look as though there were no shoulder seams, but only little caps of cloth or of lace, or tiny capes that fall over the shoulder.

The pointed stole cape, now becoming popular, accentuates this low shoulder. This differs greatly from the Easter coat. And you must learn to wear it if you want to look well and up to date. To make one of these pointed stole capes there is very little that is actually required except a circular cape, cut very low in the neck, almost like a bertha or a shoulder ruffle.

The cape is laid around the shoulders, over any gown, cloth or cotton, thin or thick, and is brought down to a point at the belt line. Of course, there are little ripples of cloth over the shoulder.

Here, too, there comes the matter of wearing a garment as it should be worn. How many women can look well in a shoulder cape? Yet the shoulder capes are in, and a woman must practice wearing the little bit of apparel until she gets the hang of it so thoroughly that she can wear it and lookmodish.

They say that women are practicing in ront of a long looking glass, and that it takes two glasses in which to view the effect properly. There must be one glass for the retreating view and another in which to behold it as it should be beheld. They must be twenty feet apart and a woman must promenade industriously, so as to be sure of herself, before venturing out; the stride is the long, graceful one.



A Danger Period Through Which Every Woman Must Pass.

Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms. At this period a woman indicates a tendency towards obesity or tumorous growths.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop forever, are only a few of the symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life, and all women who use it pass through this trying period with comfort and safety.

TWO COLUMNS OF PROOF.

"DEAR MRS PINKHAM: — I was sick and nothing seemed to do me any good until I began taking Mrs. Pinkham's medicine.

"It was Change of Life with me and falling of the womb. I had severe pains all through my body. I had a a terrible cough and people thought I had consumption.

"I took six bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and two of Blood Purifier, and two boxes Liver Pills, and I am now stouter than I have been for a long time. I can do all my work now, thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"If any one wishes to write me, to verify these statements, I will gladly answer their letters."

MRS. CLARA CHEZEM, Jewett, Ill.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — For seven years I had been suffering, was passing through the Change of Life, and my womb had fallen; menses were so profuse that at times I was obliged to lie on my back for six weeks at a time, could not raise my head from pillow. I had been treated by several physicians, but got no relief.

"I was advised by friends to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** which I did, and after taking it six weeks I was able to be around all the time and do my housework. I know your medicine saved my life and I cannot praise it enough."

MRS. LIZZIE ROECAP,
519 Smith St., Millville, N.J.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I have worked hard all my life, and when the Change of Life came I flowed very badly for weeks at a time. I would stop for a day or two, then start again. I went to see a doctor and went through an examination, and spent two hundred dollars for medicine and doctor's bills, but I did not get the relief I expected.

"At that time I saw **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advertised and began its use. I have found it to be just what I needed.

"I wish every woman suffering from female trouble would try it. I recommend it to all my friends."

MRS. WM. DAILY, Millbank, S.D.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I feel it a duty I owe you and every suffering woman in the land to tell of the wonderful results I have found in using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Liver Pills.**

"Passing through the Change of Life, some of the physicians consulted said nothing but an operation would save me. But your medicine alone cured me."—MRS. MAGNOLIA DEAN,
1441 First Avenue, Evansville, Ind.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

EASTER DISPLAY ON FIFTH AVENUE

Will Outshine In Brilliancy Any Previous Easter Fashion Parade Ever Beheld By the Fashionable New Yorkers.

New York, April 11.—If Easter Sunday is clear there will be an Easter parade up Fifth avenue that will outshine in brilliancy any previous Easter function of this kind ever beheld by fashionable New Yorkers.

For awhile, you will remember, it was not considered good form to parade on Easter Sunday. But in the many revivals of the twentieth century the revival of the Easter parade is one of the most marked.

To go to church is, of course, the correct thing; and to walk afterward is also accepted as in accord with the spirit of Easter; and what more certain than that every woman will wear her best hat and best gown out to enjoy the sunshine of the April day.

Easter comes late this year, and for this one can be thankful, for it is not pleasant to have one's Easter flower garden snowed upon, nor is it always comfortable to have one's shoulders chilled by the winds, nor one's best gown thrown out of season by the wintry grayness.

But, with Easter late and the violets here, Easter Sunday can be counted upon to fulfill all that is expected of it in the way of dress expectation.

Those who want to go to church in deep blue, and there are a great many who prefer that tone to any other color, can chose one of the new dark blues, and in this line there is one with a trace of red in it, almost making it purple.

This purplish blue gown is trimmed with bands of blue and purple brocade, put on so that they dip at the front of the skirt and cross at the knees, while, in the back, they are high and finished with knots of ribbon.

The waist of this gown is laid in tucks, and for a collar there is a square of the purple brocade embroidered with bunches of grapes, which are put on in raised style, standing out very prettily upon the shoulders and bust. The brocade is extended down the front to make stoles 3 or 4 inches wide.

No Easter woman but wants a hat to match her gown, and it may be pleasant to know that the round chip hat is in this season, with the sides slightly uprolling and the top trimmed with vel vet and roses.

Round straw hats trimmed with velvet and roses can be converted later into Gainsborough straw hats trimmed with plumes. It takes only a turn of the hand and the side of the crown rises, and over the top there can be trained a feather with charming grace.

A great many English women do not wear the Easter church gown on Easter Sunday, nor do they wear it to church at all. It is a gown that is for calling, for the Sunday evening dinner at a restaurant, for nice wear until the London season.

For the woman who will buy a nice cloth dress now there are the prettiest of all dress schemes, But no matter what the dress scheme, it must be adapted to the woman who is to wear the gown. Unless she be slender, she must not wear the dresses that are intended for the slender woman. While, if she be svelte, she will not be foolish enough to wear a dress made for the woman who weighs 180.

If you want something neat in a cloth gown, take a little thing in pannet cloth or something in a soft satiny finish, even though it be only a cashmere, and make it in the correct cut. This must be one that suits your style.

Mrs. Arthur Paget, who can wear "trying" styles, owing to her pretty figure, wore a waist and a skirt all a mass of wide tucks fully one inch each. And the tucks went around the waist, not up and down, and around the skirt in the same manner.

The waist was trimmed with the tucks laid all around, front and back, and the skirt had the tucks laid all around, reaching right down to the knees, where there came the shaped flounce.

They have a way of putting this flounce on now so that it does not look like a flounce. This is frequently done by setting a box pleat underneath, and again by employing the bias ruffle, used as the old fans were used. And there is something newer still, which consists of knife pleatings of satin laid in under the flounce, just as though the pleatings were fans. And with these pleats to assist in the fullness the flounce looks very nice indeed.

Again, they shape the skirt so that it makes its own fullness, and this is to be highly recommended from the standpoint of style. There is something about the flaring flounce which makes the feet look small, and everybody knows how much this is desired by fair woman.

The shaped flounce, coming out in a cascade on the ground, is more popular than ever this spring, and, say what you will about its disappearance, you will see the most fashionable women gowned in skirts that show this peculiarity.

There is a great tendency this year to show strong contrasts and to show them in startling ways.

At a fashionable dinner the other evening the hostess was gowned in black and her sleeves were elbow length, finished with a knife plaiting of chiffon. Around the top of the sleeve was a band of white net lace, beautifully darned, and around the elbow there was another band of the vivid white lace to make an elbow cuff.

This placing of white against black is almost lurid sometimes, for, if the black be dull in a rich deep peau de sole and if the lace be a dead cold white, the contrast is so strong as to be offensive to any but the eye that is accustomed to it.

Street dresses are often made of black and white, black cloth with white lace, or black taffeta with white silk and white lace, or black panne with trimmings of white chiffon, lace and taffeta.

But in trimming black with white it is well to be careful, for one does not always get pleasing effects, and a gown that is made up in black with dashes of white lacks interest somehow, and never is it very becoming.

With the white street suit it is different. Here all in cashmere or all in veiling, one can make up one's gown, and on the bust one can place a black chou, or a black rose, or a black ornament of any kind. It gives just the required touch of black.

They say, you know, that the white street gown is going out and that the very pale gray is coming in to take its place. And an advice from London declares that, for the London season, Queen Alexandra will have a street dress of arbutus pink cloth, another of ivory yellow and one of nickel gray.

It may be true that her majesty goes in for light pink cloth street dresses, but the American woman who goes afoot will look twice at the pink cloth before she buys it for the street.

With the white it is different, and if a woman be rather petite, and not as old as the hills, it will become her. Let her make it up either as a princess, plain and buttoned all the way down the back, or as a shirt waist suit, a round shirt waist and a neat skirt.

The white princess is perfectly beautiful, but it must be trimmed, for it is too plain and bride-like to be worn in its beautiful plainness. It must be embroidered, or trimmed with lace; or, better still, it may be covered with a gown of piece lace, all made up and slipped on over the white cloth.

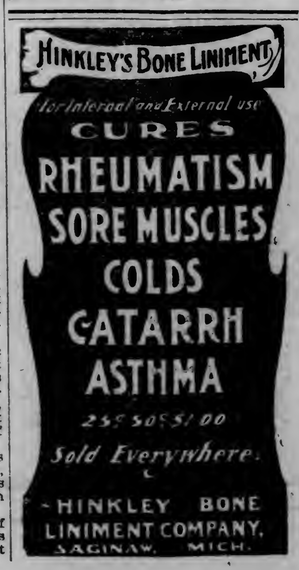
Few but can afford the white or the ivory nun's veiling dress, and one can, for a waist, buy a white China silk, made up with a little Bruges, or Russian, or filet lace. For a skirt one can make a beautiful dress skirt, precisely like any black skirt one may happen to possess; and one can tuck the skirt in long tucks, all in groups of three right down to the hem.

For a white coat to match the Easter suit there is nothing that compares with the Easter coat.

And do you know what an Easter coat is? One of the newest models shows a white shoulder cape of white cloth, trimmed with crotcheted dross. The cape has no collar, but lies flat on the shoulders with the crocheted drops hanging in fringes around the shoulders. The fronts are about four inches wide and are cut in long stoles.

This, which was once called a shoulder cape, is now called an Easter coat.

But there is another Easter coat, and this can be made of any colored cloth. It is cut as Eton, rather short, with



"IN PIETY'S INTEREST."

Italian Translator Modifies Ideas In "Ben Hur."

Rome, April 10.—Cardinal Rampolla, pontifical secretary of state, has written officially to Professor Salvadori, one of the pope's honorary chaplains, who recently published an Italian version of Gen. Lew Wallace's novel, "Ben Hur," saying that his holiness had evinced special pleasure upon receiving a presentation copy of the work, because "only too rarely do romances come to the holy father's hands in which delight serves solely as a means to attract the reader to the possession of what is useful." The cardinal conveys the apostolic blessing, and adds:

"The pope considers opportune the various modifications of ideas which the translator has taken the liberty to introduce into the work in the interests of piety."

ALLISON TO DRAFT

Tariff Plank In Next Iowa State Platform.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 10.—The greatest satisfaction prevails in Republican circles throughout the state over the announcement that Senator Allison will in all probability draft the tariff plank of the next state platform. Both factions of the party are entirely willing that the whole matter be turned over to Iowa's senior senator, for it is certain he will draft a plank in harmony with the national administration and the views of the president.

Iowa has been the storm center of tariff discussion for over a year. The friends of the "Iowa idea," however, will make a special effort to have a strong reciprocity plank adopted. The platform will advocate reciprocity, though it is difficult to see just how strongly.

NO BIRDS

Allowed on the Easter Bonnets In Massachusetts.

Boston, April 10.—Women who adorn their Easter hats, or for that matter their headgear at any time, together with the army of milliners, are likely to be thrown into a flutter by a bill reported in the Massachusetts legislature by the fisheries and game committees. It is based upon a recommendation of the commissioners of fish and game, and imposes a fine of $10 for having in possession or wearing on a dress or ornament the body or feathers of native birds. Persons from other states passing through the commonwealth are exempted, as are those licensed to take the birds for scientific purposes.

COMMISSIONERS FINED.

Ballot Counting Case Will Go to Supreme Court.

Chicago, April 10.—The members of the board of election commissioners and Chief Clerk Rowell were today adjudged guilty by Judge Haney of contempt of court in opening and counting the ballots for Lorimer and Durborow in the Sixth congressional district in violation of the injunction issued to restrain such action and were fined $100 each. They refused to pay the fines and an order was entered for their commitment to the county jail. They will remain technically in the custody of the sheriff until next week, when habeas corpus proceedings will be begun in the supreme court.

CITY BARRICADED.

Revolutionists Ready to Repel Attack of Vasquez.

San Domingo City, Republic of Santo Domingo, Sunday, April 5.—As this dispatch is forwarded the revolutionists who hase possession of this city have created barricades and have adopted other measures to repel an attack of the government troops under Presidn Vaquez, which is expected to take place should the intervention of the foreign consuls prove unsuccessful. The consuls obtained a suspension of hostilities in order to enable them to arrange a settlement of the questions in dispute and prevent further bloodshed. They proposed that both parties should lay down their arms, appoint a commission to govern the republic and then proceed to hold elections and install a president. A decision on the proposition is momentarily expected, and hopes are entertained that it will be accepted.

The people here speak highly of the conduct of Commander William H. Turner, in command of the United States cruiser Atlanta, and of the officers of that vessel, and praise the humanity displayed by the Americans. The German cruiser Vineta arrived here today.

BRIBERY ALLEGED

By One of Attorneys Representing Ghoul Cantrell.

Indianapolis, April 10.—An effort to hold an insanity commission on Rufus Cantrell, the negro ghoul, in the county clerk's office today, broke up in a row. Charges of bribery were openly made by one of the attorneys representing Cantrell. It was also charged than an effort was being made to "railroad" Cantrell to the insane asylum so that he could not appear as a witness against Dr. Alexander, whose trial is set for next week.

After listening to arguments of attorneys, who claimed to represent Cantrell, the commission granted a continuance to May 4.

RISING BREAST And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to **Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.** **MOTHER'S FRIEND**

Alphabetical Suggestions For The Spring Housecleaning.

"Dear me!" sighed a housekeeper. "It's time for the spring housecleaning again, and, as usual, I can't recall half the formulas I shall need in the general renovation. Every year I think I will make up an alphabetical list of all the things that have to be cleaned and polished and repaired, with directions for each, like a household doctor book. But I never get around to it. Such a list would save no end of time and annoyance."

To meet this want the following list has been prepared, with the suggestion that it be cut out, pasted on a piece of cardboard and hung in a convenient place for mistress or maid.

Andirons.—Wash with stroog ammonia suds, rinse and dry thoroughly. Then polish with tripoli mixed to a paste, with a few drops of sweet oil or paraffine. After using rub with soft dry cloth or leather.

Banister Railings.—Wash off dirt with soap and water; dry thoroughly, then rub with polish made of two parts linseed oil to one of turpentine.

Bathroom Closet.—**When badly stained** heat strong vinegar boiling hot and put in all the salt it will dissolve. Wipe out the bowl and turn the solution in, still boiling, and let it remain until cold. Then scour, and all stains will be removed. For the fixtures try a weak solution of ammonia, or a cloth moistened with kerosene or carbon oil. For the nickel work, whiting and ammonia; for porcelain tubs, kerosene; for zinc lined, a paste made of whiting and ammonia applied with a woolen cloth, then rub with dry flannel; waste pipes, flush often and thoroughly with washing soda solution. In sickness, when disinfectants are necessary use carbolic acid—four tablespoonfuls to one pint cold water; let it remain for several moments before flushing.

Boilers.—Open sediment cocks to let the accumulation be washed away. Scour the outside with tripoli, mixed with a little paraffine.

To Brighten All Kinds of Brass.

Brass.—Wash with soap and water, wipe dry and polish with a paste made of one-half pint rottenstone, pounded fine and sifted; a half gill of turpentine and enough sweet oil to make a thick paste. Apply with flannel wrapped about a piece of cork and polish with chamois. Fenders and other objects which can be unscrewed should be taken apart before cleaning. Kerosene will remove ordinary spots and brighten. For Benares brass use a cut lemon, rubbing into all the little interstices. Wash in clear, warm water and dry with chamois or soft flannel. For inlaid work great care is necessary. Make a mixture of equal parts of tripoli and linseed oil, dip a piece of felt in it, apply, then polish gently. Lacquered brass knobs and trimmings can be cleaned with soft cloth wet in alcohol. The unlacquered may be washed in warm soapsuds rubbed with salt and vinegar and polished with whiting and flannel. Oxalic acid and salt is good for furniture brasses, followed by the tripoli and oil polish.

Bronze.—Dust thoroughly, wash in strong, white soapsuds and ammonia water, rinse, dry and polish with tripoli or rottenstone mixed with oil or paraffine; then rub with chamois or soft cloth to get off every trace of the oil.

Candlesticks, brass, that have suffered from neglect need oxalic acid, followed by a brisk polishing with tripoli and paraffine; wrought iron must be well washed, then wiped over with kerosene.

Cane chair bottoms can be rendered tight again by soaking thoroughly in very hot water, then placing in the sun or in a strong draught to dry.

Carafes.—Clean with coal ashes and raw potato.

Carpet.—After shaking spread on grass or a clean floor and scrub with a new broom dipped in a pail of ammonia water or oxgall and water in the proportion of a pint of gall to three gallons of soft water. If the carpet does not need to come up sweep thoroughly, then wipe over with a cloth wrung out frequently in clean water to which ammonia has been added.

Cellar.—Turn on plenty of light, clean out every nook and corner, including furnace and coal bins. Fill up rat or mouse holes with chloride of lime. If the cellar has a cement floor and a drain pipe wash down all the corners with a hose, if you can get it thoroughly dry afterward. Last, apply a generous coat of whitewash to walls, ceilings, pillars and foundation stones. Set shallow pans of chloride of lime on shelves and floor to disinfect and remove dampness.

Closets.—Empty of all contents and clean shelves, walls and floors thoroughly. If moths have found an entrance, spray cracks in the floor and the baseboard with kerosene or benzine. Shake, dust, sun and air all clothing, packing away what will not be needed for the summer. Put small things in box, labeling and tying each one.

Copper.—Cooking utensils, spigots and the like are best cleaned with hot vinegar in which salt has been dissolved. If extremely dirty a scouring with soap and ashes or oxalic acid will restore their brilliancy. Follow with an oil polish to give luster.

Drains.—Flush with coppears or stock solution of chloride of lime; four ounces of lime dissolved in one gallon of water.

Protecting the Walls.

Electric Bells.—If set in wood or stone they require a shield of oilcloth or linoleum to protect the wall when being cleaned; on account of its stiffness it does not need to be held in place.

Faucets.—Cleaned with tripoli, mixed with a few drops of oil or paraffine, faucets will keep clean longer than when an acid is used. If very dirty use salt and vinegar or oxalic acid first.

Fleas.—Fumigate the room with sulphur; as this bleaches color, carpets, portieres and the like may be cleaned with naphtha and hung in the air to dry. Blankets require fumigation and thorough washing. Clean the floor by washing with diluted carbolic acid, half a pint of the liquid to three quarts of warm water.

Floors.—Cracks in floors should be filled, as the gaps afford lodgement for dirt and "microbes," beside ruining the carpet. If small, fill with a putty, which can be painted over when hardened. If large, strips of wood and glue may be used. In caring for a hardwood floor be careful about using water, which leaves dark, ugly spots. If there are soiled spots, wipe off with turpentine, then wax (if the floor was waxed), taking care to extend the waxing beyond the original spot. Melt a little beeswax in a cup set in hot water, apply to the spot with a soft cloth and rub hard. An excellent polish for a hardwood floor is made of boiled linseed oil and turpentine in the proportion of two-thirds oil to one-third turpentine. Wet a flannel cloth with the mixture, take two or three boards at a time, rub hard with the grain of the wood, then polish with dry flannel or weighted brush.

For waxing a light wood floor use one pound of melted wax to one pint of turpentine. Melt the wax until soft as butter, then beat in the turpentine, being careful to keep away from the fire. Apply with soft woolen cloth, then polish with weighted brush. A soft wood kitchen floor requires a scrubbing brush and sand soap, but no more water than is necessary. Too much water swells and warps the boards.

French Plate Glass and Mirrors.—Wipe with soft cloth wet in alcohol, then polish with tissue paper or chamois.

Furniture.—For carved portions, dust with soft paint brush, then use second small brush, dipped in turpentine. For oak furniture, wash with warm beer, then gloss by brushing with a mixture made of two quarts of beer which has been boiled with an ounce of beeswax and a tablespoonful of sugar. A good furniture polish is made of one pound melted wax, one pint turpentine and one gill of alcohol beaten in at the last. Apply with a soft cloth and follow with vigorous rubbing. White spots caused by heat will sometimes disappear if a moderately hot flatiron is held over them for a few moments. Hot milk and turpentine, oil and turpentine and kerosene are all efficacious.

Gilt Frames.—White of egg, beaten with one ounce soda. Apply with soft brush and wipe off with a silk cloth. For bad fly specks moisten with white of egg and leave on for 10 minutes before wiping.

Glass (cut).—Wash in tepid suds made from best white soap. Scrub with stiff brush and dry in boxwood sawdust.

Lamp Shades of Delicate Material.—Powdered bread crumbs.

Leather Chairs.—Clean with hot milk, then polish with thin mixture of melted wax and turpentine.

Linoleum.—Never scrub. Wash with lukewarm water and soft cloth, and when dry polish.

Marble.—Apply following mixture, allowing it to remain on 24 hours before cleaning.—One-quarter pound each soft soap and powdered whiting, one ounce common soda and a little pulverized pumice stone. Boil together 20 minutes and apply while hot. Clean off next day with soap and water and polish with rough flannel. For black marble use spirits of turpentine; then clean and polish. For marble bowls, gasolene. Marble figures, statuettes, etc., use a paste of whiting and water; allow it to get dry; then brush off with soft brush.

Mirrors.—Tea leaves steeped and strained and put into sweet milk and leave until the milk is sour. Ink spots on floor—Rub with sand wet with water and a little oil of vitriol; when stain is removed rinse with weak lye water.

To Remove Rust.

Steel.—Make a thick paste of emery powder, a tablespoonful of sweet oil and one of turpentine. Apply with flannel and rub with flannel and dry powder. For rusty steel, rub with sweet oil and let it remain 48 hours. Then rub with powdered unslaked lime until rust disappears. For wrought steel, scrub clean with ammonia suds, rinse well and dry thoroughly. Then rub over with sweet oil, follow with the lime, as advised above. At the end of two days polish with a brush and rub with soft cloths until the lustre returns. For steel knives use potato and wood ashes. When steel is to be packed away cover with sweet oil.

Turkish Rugs.—Wash in cold water and dry in the sun.

Walls.—Dust thoroughly. If papered, brush and wipe with soft, dry cloths, then rub with bread crumbs, or with a stiff dough made of flour and water, with a half cupful of gasolene added to each quart of water. Make balls of this dough and rub the paper with it, folding inside as it grows soiled. For painted walls, wring cloth or sponge out of suds to which a tablespoonful of weak ammonia is added for each quart of water. Wash about a square foot at a time, always rubbing downward and wiping dry with waste or soft cloth.

Windows.—Tea leaves, steeped and strained, whiting, stirred with water to consistency of cream. Then wash off with weak ammonia water, or water to which a little kerosene has been added, and polish with soft newspapers.

Woodwork.—For finger marks on doors, use whiting. For varnish or paint that is not badly soiled, wipe with cloth wrung out of warm water and wipe dry with soft flannel.

Zinc.—Use a paste made of common whiting and ammonia. Apply with a woolen cloth and polish with a dry flannel.

SPRING HATS BLOSSOM IN THE WINDOWS.

one of turpentine.

Bathroom Closet.—**When badly stained** heat strong vinegar boiling hot and put in all the salt it will dissolve. Wipe out the bowl and turn the solution in, still boiling, and let it remain until cold. Then scour, and all stains will be removed. For the fixtures try a weak solution of ammonia, or a cloth moistened with kerosene or carbon oil. For the nickel work, whiting and ammonia; for porcelain tubs, kerosene; for zinc lined, a paste made of whiting and ammonia applied with a woolen cloth, then rub with dry flannel; waste pipes, flush often and thoroughly with washing soda solution. In sickness, when disinfectants are necessary use carbolic acid—four tablespoonfuls to one pint cold water; let it remain for several moments before flushing.

Boilers.—Open sediment cocks to let the accumulation be washed away. Scour the outside with tripoli, mixed with a little paraffine.

To Brighten All Kinds of Brass.

Brass.—Wash with soap and water, wipe dry and polish with a paste made of one-half pint rottenstone, pounded fine and sifted; a half gill of turpentine and enough sweet oil to make a thick paste. Apply with flannel wrapped about a piece of cork and polish with chamois. Fenders and other objects which can be unscrewed should be taken apart before cleaning. Kerosene will remove ordinary spots and brighten. For Benares brass use a cut lemon, rubbing into all the little interstices. Wash in clear, warm water and dry with chamois or soft flannel. For inlaid work great care is necessary. Make a mixture of equal parts of tripoli and linseed oil, dip a piece of felt in it, apply, then polish gently. Lacquered brass knobs and trimmings can be cleaned with soft cloth wet in alcohol. The unlacquered may be washed in warm soapsuds rubbed with salt and vinegar and polished with whiting and flannel. Oxalic acid and salt is good for furniture brasses, followed by the tripoli and oil polish.

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WOMEN IN THE MAINE WOODS.

A pioneer among the women guides in the Maine woods is Mrs. Jennie S. Freese, of Riverton, Me.

Her father was one of the first guides in the state, and his daughter became his companion and pupil in the woods as soon as she could toddle. Her life has been spent in the region about Riverton, on the northern border of Penobscot county—a rough, wild country abounding in game and fish, with the habits and haunts of which Mrs. Freese is intimately familiar.

Married several years ago to a carriage manufacturer of Costigan, Me., the young sportswoman even for love found it impossible to exchange the wilderness for the tamer pleasures of civilization, so her husband carries on his business in Costigan and she pursues hers in her chosen haunts.

During the fishing and hunting seasons Mrs. Freese is one of the busiest persons in the Pine Tree State. She takes into the woods parties of men or parties of women or parties of both sexes, for the aversion of men to "having women along" when they are on sporting pleasure bent is not so strong as formerly, and the number of women who hunt and fish is increasing.

Many deer and moose were shot by women whom Mrs. Freese took into the woods during the last season, which has been a record breaker for game of all kinds in the Pine Tree State. Some amateur feminine sportswomen when first confronted by wild animals are very funny, Mrs. Freese says. Two young women from New York were taken by her on a forest trip which lasted more than a week. Each came out of the woods with a deer and one got a moose besides, but this is their guide's story of what happened during the first few days:

"The camp at which we were located was near the bank of a stream," said Mrs. Freese, in speaking of the adventure, "and toward night, on the second day, I came into camp where the two young women were resting and told them there was a moose near, that he would cross the stream and that I'd call him out with my moose horn so they could shoot him. They were wildly excited at the idea and got into position, rifles in hand. Pretty soon we could hear the old fellow in the distance. Then his antlers appeared and in response to my horn he drew nearer, with a terrible crackling and crashing of brush under his feet, which set a night owl screeching and a fox barking, and the combination of forest noises so frightened the women that they dropped their rifles, fled to the camp and begged me to stop blowing that fearful moose horn. The moose did not go far away and the next day we got on his trail and one of the women, who had quite recovered from the terrors of the previous evening, shot him."

In regard to the dress of women in the woods, Mrs. Freese thinks the color of the gown is not so important as the texture of the cloth and the way it is made. Her costume is made of black basket cloth goods, the skirt coming to her boot tops and the jacket loose to give freedom to her arms and shoulders. Her shirtwaist is of flannel. Her high boots, which are of canvas, never wet through and are comfortable. Her hat is of soft felt, fastened on with an elastic. About her waist is her cartridge belt, into which is stuck a hunting knife which shuts up like a jackknife and so takes up little space.

"Many of the women who came into the Maine woods this year," Mrs. Freese said, "wore long skirts to the ankles, and bright blue seemed to be the favorite color. Then they seemed to prefer cotton shirtwaists, and few of them brought sweaters. Flannel shirtwaists or sweaters or both are the proper things for the woods, while a skirt to the ankles is an abomination. As for color, bright blue is safe enough, but it isn't sensible. A bright color scares away the game, and, in my opinion, it's no protection against the shots of careless hunters, who in their excitement or nervousness shoot at any old thing, from a fluttering skirt to a cracking bush or a piece of birch bark quivering on a tree. These are the hunters who are going to shoot you whether your skirt is yellow or red, white or blue. I always wear black myself, and it is a fact that in wearing black one will always see more bears than when dressed in any other color."

A fascinating side of Mrs. Freese's work in the woods is the "camera hunt." She is as clever at running down game with her camera as with her gun.

She can point out curious and interesting things on every side for the naturalist or the botanist, her knowledge of the flower lore of the country equaling her familiarity with the wild animals. To take women into the woods to gather wild flowers is one of her delights.

"I rarely move without my rifle," said Mrs. Freese, in relating some of her experiences, "but the other day I left it behind in my hurry. I paddled up a stream in my canoe and landed at a beautiful spot, pulling the canoe upon the bank. Then I set up my camera, and while I was down on my knees focusing it with a black cloth over my head I heard a heavy crashing in the brush just behind me. I ducked my head out from under the cloth, and there was a huge bear walking toward me on his hind feet. Being rifleless I wasn't at all pleased to see him, so I grabbed a canoe paddle in one hand and my camera cloth in the other and waved them at him frantically. He was so terrified that, dropping down on all fours, he ran away, and I saw no more of him."

GLASS CASES LINE THE ROW.

THE MILLINER AND HER ASSISTANT HAVE THEIR HANDS FULL.

Buying Easter hats In New York's East Side "Milliners' Row."

In many parts of town the maker of hats is content to trust to the seductive appearance of choice confections displayed in the window to lure the buyer within. There is, however, a narrow street, overshadowed by the framework of an elevated railway, noisy with the clatter of frequent trains, that diverges from Chatham Square to the densely peopled East Side, where the owners of the shops that are set closely against each other along the south side of the thoroughfare not only embower their windows with a bewildering profusion of flowered and ribboned hats, but they set sturdy young women at the doors to observe the casual passerby, to single out the potential buyer and to persuade her to enter.

PERSUADING THE SHOPPERS.

There is a curious reason why "Millinery Row," as that part of Division street extending from Chatham Square to Market street is called, is confined to the south side of the street. An old ordinance forbids these enterprising milliners from having shops on the north side, their enterprise having been so aggressive that citizens who would pass through with other interests than hat buying were greatly annoyed. To protect such persons, the authorities decided that the shops with their show cases and their active scouts should keep to one side of the street. Just as much a feature of the shop as the glass case in which is displayed the gorgeous hats is the keen-eyed woman who stands beside it awaiting her opportunity, the "puller in," or "barker," as she is referred to colloquially.

On the East Side they don't buy Easter hats, so-called, as much as in some other sections of the city, but the folk in that part of the town keep a festival corresponding to Easter, and in any case at this time of the year they bloom out in gay spring hats, so that these are active shopping days in Division street.

As soon as one enters the row, especially if she appears to be out of her bailiwick, the eager "puller in" cries out:

"Do you want to buy a bon-n-e-t? Yes?"

Thereupon one or more of the rivals seize the stranger; but one need not fear. It is one of the boasts of the row that no customer ever was injured by these methods of suasion. The women merely take their victim into the store and turn her over to a saleswoman who is as accomplished in her line as the woman who has prevailed upon the passerby to enter the place. The "puller in" disappears to the sidewalk for another customer, and the saleswoman sells a hat in a manner peculiarly her own. The price is a sort of sliding scale arrangement from 50 cents to $15 per hat. Division street prides itself today on selling more hats above the $1 mark than under it, breaking away from the old traditions. The ancient row considers that it is in this respect elevating itself. Scores of well-dressed women go down there, sometimes in cabs, and buy several hats at once. Frequently they are from Harlem and the middle west side. The east side woman, so the milliners on the row say, is not half as good a customer today as the woman from "up town" in better circumstances.

In addition to getting a wealthier class of customers the row is changing rapidly from a retail to a wholesale hat center. There are more than a score of wholesale houses on the row now which have a payroll of from $10,000 to $20,000 a year and their hats go all over the country.

With the gradual evolution from the retail to the wholesale business in the street, of course, the "pullers in" became fewer year by year. Those who are left are demanding high prices for their work. Few women can adapt themselves to the conditions of the street today. Those who can are paid well for their work. Some demand $25 a week, and they do not work more than eight or ten hours a day. In the retail stores along the street the "puller in" is one of the most important factors, but in the wholesale place she plays no part whatever in the business.

In fact, the wholesale houses will not sell at retail any more than will a Broadway wholesale house. They buy a few imported models and employ a corps of well-paid experts to copy these. After they have shown how the imported hats can be copied successfully by the use of cheap materials, a number of girls who are paid very little are put to work to turn out copies by the dozen. These are sold to out of town buyers and are shipped as far West as San Francisco and to distant parts of the South. The wholesale trade in the street is about closed for this season, but the retail trade has set in strongly and the outposts are so busy that madame, the proprietor, and her assistants scarcely take time to eat, and the flower laden hats are piled up into gay heaps ready to present their irresistible attractions to the customers as they are "persuaded" to enter.

MAPLE CREAM

Add to one pint rich milk one-half pint of water, one-half cupful grated maple sugar and one well-beaten egg. Put in double boiler, and when scalding hot stir in three tablespoonfuls of corn starch, dissolved in a little cold milk. Stir constantly for five or ten minutes; then pour in molds. When cold turn out on individual plates and serve with cream, which may be sweetened with maple sugar.

Farina may be cooked with milk, molded into croquets, fried in deep fat and served with soft maple sugar, which melts with the heat of the croquets, while a plain rice pudding served with hot maple syrup sauce becomes a new and approved creation.

MRS. JENNIE F. FREESE.

THE INIMITABLE DOOLEY

Gives His Views On Diplomatic Uniforms.

By Finley Peter Dunne.

(Copyright, 1903, by R. H. Russell.)

"Well, sir," said Mr. Dooley, "I see be th' pa-apers that th' American ambassadure to Rooshya has invinted a unyform f'r himsilf. It's a plain unyform, but nate. A chapeau with a long graceful feather in it, a broadcloth coat very full in th' basque an' thrimmed with American eagles in goold, vest iv th' same materyal, pantaloons iv pale blue with a dillycate goold sthripe four inches wide on th' outside seam, wan hip an' two side pockets, thirty-eight chest, forty-five waist. Th' ambassadure will carry a hankerchief iv th' star spangled banner with th' rile ar-rms in a corner an' will wear upon his shirt front th' device: 'E plooribus unum. American ambassadure. Use no hooks.' "

"What does he want with a unyform anyhow?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well, it's a long an' a sad story," said Mr. Dooley. "Bear with me while I tell it ye or do not, as ye please. I'll tell it annyhow. Ye see, in th' arly days iv this raypublic, no wan cared what an ambassadure wore so long as it had pockets enough to carry away what he got f'r his beloved counthry fr'm th' effeet monarchies iv th' ol' wurruld. I've seen pitchers iv Binjamin Franklin, who was that thick with Looey, king iv France, that he cud call on him anny hour iv th' day or night, an' Binjamin Franklin's unyform was a fur cap an' a pair iv spects. In thim simple days whin th' fathers iv th' raypublic wanted to sind a man abroad to skin a king, they put their heads together an' picked out a good active thravellin' salesman kind iv a man. Th' fathers iv th' raypublic was mos'ly in th' fish ile business an' knew th' cap'ble men in thrade. 'Who'll we sind to Fr-rance?' says Thomas Jefferson. 'This here matther iv th' Loosyany purchase has got to be delicately handled or we won't get all th' best iv it,' he says. 'I suggest Obadiah Perkins iv Newburyport,' says Jawn Adams. 'Has he had anny diplomatic expeeryence?' says Pathrick Hinnery. 'I wanst see him sell a bar'l iv tin-pinny nails to a lady that come to th' store to buy a pound iv sody crackers,' says Jawn Adams. 'He's our man,' says all th' others, an' Obadiah Perkins got th' job. He packed a collar an' an exthry pair iv socks in a bog, took along a copy iv th' Westminsther Confissyon an' an intherest table f'r rifference, provisioned himsilf with fine cut an' started out. At eight o'clock he landed in Paree; at eight-eight he knocked down a coort chamberlain an' a jawnnydarm an' landed in th' lap iv Looey th' Magnificent-but-Tired. At nine o'clock th' monarch had given him a goold watch, a jooled snuff case, a finger ring an' a soord, had signed a deed thransferrin' th' Change All Alsy to th' American people who have owned it to this day, an' was in fits iv laughter over a story about Silas Cooper iv Salem which Ambassadure Obadiah tol' him in th' perfect Fr-rinch he had picked up fr'm th' cook iv th' ship goin' over. Afther that Obadiah was all right. He had his feet undher th' king's mahogany ivry day at dinner an' on th' mahogany most iv th' rest iv th' time. He inthrajooced rockin chairs in the rile palace an' taught th' Fr-rinch nobility how to rock without fallin out. No wan cured how he dhressed. He attinded th' coort rayciptions in a jumper an' leather breeches wan day an' th' nex' day all th' nobility includin' th' king come in jumpers an' leather breeches. He blowed in his tar to make it cool an' afther that th' Fr-rinch arrystocracy cud be seen blowin' into their tay. He wore a hat that had shtud him in good stead through tin hard winters on th' road an' th' gr-reatest nobles in France took to sittin' on their hats befure goin' out, to make thim look like th' 'Hat Obadiah' which had become th' style. An' whin he wint away, which he did not because he was not succissful but because he needed fresh fine cut, he was followed to th' boat be th' king an' all th' rile fam'ly.

"Thim was th' modest days iv th' raypublic, Hinnissy. It's different now that we've become a wurruld power. Th' sufferin's iv some iv our ambassadures on account iv their clothes has been turr'ble. I was r-readin' th' sad case iv th' ambassadure to Rooshya, th' Hon'rable Charleymayne Tower iv Philly-delphy, Pa. If I had that name, divvle a czar would scare me. I'd ask f'r no unyform. Th' name itsilf is unyform enough. Some names sounds like overalls, some sounds like a long coat an' a high hat but Charleymayne Tower sounds like th' clothes a boss knights timplar wears ivry three years. It has forty pounds iv epaulets on its shoulders. It's th' kind iv a name Gin'ral Miles wud like to wear f'r a unyform. If I had that name I'd go to th' palace in a sheet an' explet th' guards to fall down on their faces. But all th' time he was in Saint Petersburg, Charleymayne Tower suffered th' gr-reatest torture on account iv th' clothes he had on an' th' clothes he didn't have on. He had no unyform. At coort rayciptions he looked like a plain clothes man at a fancy ball. He was unable to perform anny iv th' gr-reat dooties iv an ambassadure. Ivry shtep was blocked be his mis'rable attire. He was couble-crossed be th' lowliest iv diplomats who were entitled to put on glad things whin they went to see the Czar. Wan day he came rollin' up to th' palace carryin' in th' tail iv his simple black coat a mos' important threaty. He had made manny attimpts to have the threaty signed be th' Czar but th' Czar had always spurned him owin' to th' machinations iv Lord Ronald, th' English ambassadure an' Veecont Boulbaze, th' Fr-rinch ambassadure. Both of these haughty ambassadures had a window dhresser fr'm a gint's furnishin' store f'r a valley an' whin th' American ambassadure stood alongside of thim, I tell ye he looked cheap.

"But this day Charleymayne Tower was prepared to brave th' Czar in his very throne. He rolled up in his carredge an' th' sintry cried: 'Who goes there?' 'Th' ambassadure iv th' United States iv America, hurroo!' says th' coachman. 'That man?' says th' sintry. 'To th' kitchen dure with ye, waiter,' he says. Well, th' ambassadure stifled his rage an' attimpted to explain about himsilf an' th' sintry run him in. Yes, sir, he run in th' ambassadure iv these United States an' they was jus' about to take his phottygraft an' sind him off in th' Black Maria to Siberyea whin a gran' jook come along an' identified him an' they let him go. He hurrid to th' throne room where Nicholas, Czar iv Rooshya, was settin' on his rile throne, an' took his place in line. Th' ambassadue iv England wore th' gorjous unyform iv his station; th' ambassadure iv France jingled with medals; th' ambassadure iv Chiny wore a pink an' green tea gown. Wan by wan they was presinted an' th' Czar complimented thim on their clothes. 'Very tasty, Lord Ronald.' 'Handsome pants ye're wearin', this day, Veecont.' 'Ling Ching, me wife, th' Czaretta, wants me to ask ye th' name iv ye're dhressmaker.' But whin th' ambassadure iv th' United States bent his proud knee befure th' Czar, th' haughty monarch said with an evil smile: 'Garson, bring th' check. Oh,' he wint on, pretindin' to jus' recognize Charleymayne Tower, 'I didn't know ye at first. I thought ye was th' waiter,' he says. Loud an' long was th' laughter provoked be this kingly sally. Th' jest flew like wildfire through th' crowd. Fair ladies smiled behind their fans. 'Bring me a cup iv tay an' some spare ribs,' says th' Princess Oginskin with a maddenin' smile. 'What is th' title iv th' king iv ye'er counthry, Misther Tower,' drawled Lord Ronald in his mos' supercilyous tones. 'Is it head waiter?' he says. 'Mong doo,' said th' Veecont; 'America is a lar-rge resthrant ain't it?' he says. Th' air was filled with cries iv 'Waiter.' 'Here you, 'S-s-st.' 'Boy, th' bill.' 'Ain't I nivver goin' to get that pie?' an' so on. Charleymayne Tower hurrid fr'm th' room. While he was standin' at th' dure iv th' palace an' lookin' down with horror on his broadcloth pantaloons, a gran' jook came behind him, tapped him on th' shoulder an' said: 'Call Grand Jook Oscaroffski's hack an' be quick about it.' Charleymayne Tower cud hear no more. He leaped fr'm th' scene iv his disaster an' calling a dofsky, bade th' dhriver haste at wanst to a tailor man's There he ordhered th' suit I tell ye about. Wan week later a tall, magnificently attired man sthrode into th' rile chamber. It was the American ambassadure. As he marched along a buzz of excitemint ran acrost that splindid room. Th' English ambassadure turned with an oath an' left th' rile prisince. 'Malydiction,' says th' Veecont Boulbaze. 'Le stuff is off.' Th' gran' duchess Olgarina give a passionate cry an' fainted. Th' American ambassadure sthrode on unmindful iv th' excitement. Th' Czar, who is a prudent husband, sint his wife fr'm th' room. Thin steppin' fr'm th' throne, he advanced to meet th' riprisintative iv a gr-reat people. Th' ambassadure was preparin' to kneel whin th' monarch said: 'Noy. Charleymayne, kneel not to me in thim pants on this flure. Rather shud I kneel to thee, f'r niver since king an' tailor jined together to rule th' wurruld, has human legs been encased in so happy a pair iv bloomers. At last America takes its thrue station among th' nations iv th' earth.' That night th' treaty was signed be which th' Czar agreed to sind three millyon Rooshyan jews to this counthry befure th' first iv May an' Lord Ronald hurled himsilf fr'm th' gr-reat Popolapotoleff bridge into th' Neva, afther shootin' his tailor. Now they have promoted Charleymayne Tower but his unyform remains upon th' banks iv th' frozen Neva an' against it nayether dr-rystocratic inthrigue nor dispotic whim will prevail.

"I think it's a good thing, Hinnissy. It's goin' to save us a lot iv throuble in pickin' out diplomats. It will no longer be nicessy to find some wan who wudden't wurruk at home an' whose rilitives wud like to sind him out iv th' counthry to uphold th' dignity an' honor iv our fair land abroad. All we have to do is to get th' unyform an thrust anny kind iv a man into it. 'Th' prisidint has disignated a pair iv olive green pantaloons an' a ecroo coat to be ambassadue exthraordhinry an' minister plinipootinchry iv th' United States at th' coort iv Saint Jeems.' The Hon'rable Caliphas Snivy has been promoted fr'm th' Hussars unyform at Lisbon to th' more important suit at Madhrid.' 'Th' demands iv th' United States government on th' Impror iv China was presinted yisterdah be a bear skin cap, a blue an' silver coat an' a pair iv yellow pantaloons. Th' Impror was much imprissed.' it'll be grand. Whin th' prisidint wants to find an immissary f'r an important missyon, he'll call on a tailor. They'll be signs in th' windies iv th' clothing stores: 'Plymouth Rock diplomats; they niver tear.' 'Nobby styles in American ambassadures, fifteen dollars.' An' there ye ar-re.'

"Well, it must be thryin' to be took f'r a waiter," said Mr. Hennessy.

"It is," said Mr. Dooley. "It is extremely annoyin' to th' proud soul iv a messenger to be mistook f'r a waiter. But I shud like to hear what th' waiters think about it. Annyhow, I bet no wan iver took Binjamin Franklin f'r a waiter."

"I wondher why," asked Mr. Hennessy.

"I don't know," said Mr. Dooley, "unless it was that even in th' prisince iv a king, Binjamin Franklin niver felt like a waiter."

MODERN FABLES BY GEORGE ADE

The Modern Fable of the Willing Collegian Who Was Hunting For a Foothold.

(Copyright, 1903, by R. H. Russell).

Once there was a Young Man with a College Education, an assortment of Cravats and about $8 in Real Money, who was anxiously looking for his Life Work.

He wanted to break into a Learned Profession so that he could wear his Good Clothes all of the Time and get the Coin without working too hard for it.

His Idea of the dignified Snap was to sit in a small Office about three hours every Day and have the Public come in and pass Money to him. The Medical

THE CHAMBER OF HORRORS.

Game struck him as being about the softest Proposition of all.

He thought that all Doc had to do was to lead the Mark into the Chamber of Horrors where they have the Skulls and the Butcher-Knives, look him over, ask a few Questions, tell him to stop Smoking and then tap him for a V.

So the hopeful Graduate went to the old Family Physician for a few Tips.

The antique Medicine Man threw a Back-Twister when he heard of the Boy's Intentions.

"Any one who tackles the Aesculapian Stunt is a vitrified Mutt," said his Whiskers. "If you must earn your living, be a Porch-Climber or a Short Change Man. We now have in this Country four Medical Degrees to every case of Tonsilitis. Most of us are kept so close to the Carpet that we have to buy last year's Magazines to put in the Waiting Room. If a Patient dies, all of his Friends say that you helped to push him off, so they undermine your practice and begin to plug for Christian Science. If you acquire a Reputation, they work the Night-Bell on you and if you arrange a Dinner Party it's a Cinch that some Old Lady three miles away will ring in an Epileptic Fit and crab your whole evening. Nix the Materia Medica! Turn back before it is too late."

Thereupon the Collegian bethought him of the Law. So he went to old Judge Caveat and said he wanted to start right in Reading.

"If you can dispense with Eating for the next 15 Years, come and join our noble Profession," said the judge. "If you have got into the Food Habit, however, and feel that you may need Clothes now and then, take my Advice and duck. It's getting so that one can't drop a Brick out of a Window without hitting at least three Lawyers. The only ones who land are those that ---- their Immortal Souls to the Corporations, and they get roasted so hard that they can't be elected anything except United States Senators. The Legal Profession is a Lottery in which there are 999 Blanks to every Prize and the one who gets the Prize usually draws a case of Nervous Dyspepsia with it and has to live on Cereal Food. If you desire safe and profitable Employment, learn to be a Bank Robber, but don't join the Starvation Brigade. The Professions are petering out. We live in a Commercial Age. The Money-Makers of today are the Wise Boys who trade in Produce and Manufactured Staples."

Accordingly the Young Fellow put in an Application with a large Wholesale Concern. The High Guy called him in and gave him a Talk.

"If you are Strong and Willing, we can start you at $2.50 per Week, juggling Boxes," said the Manager. "In ten Years or so you will be moved up into the bookkeeping Department where you can get $60 a Month, just like finding it. Before you decide upon a Mercantile Career, I may as well warn you that 95 per cent of those who go into Business eventually blow up and the other 5 per cent compromise with the Trust and get what they can. The inexperienced Kid without Capital who tries to get a Hammer-Lock on these air-tight Combinations has about as much chances as a Chicken at a Camp-Meeting. If you wish to sit on a High Stool so long that you grow fast to it and then, at the Wind-Up, get a Floral Pillow from your Fellow-Employes, come and join our Happy Band. But, if you are Foxy, cut out the Mercantile Act and try some Enterprise in which you will have a Show to pull out something for yourself."

By this time the Assets shrivelled to about $2.60 and it was up to the ambitious Stripling to get on a Pay-Roll or else begin the systematic Touch.

Journalism looked very good to him, because it seemed to require neither Experience nor Funds and he could mould Public Opinion without joining the Moul-

JUGGLING THE BOXES.

ders' Union. An Old-Timer in the Business steered him away.

"Don't start into this Life," he said. "It's only a Treadmill and after your Legs give out you are dropped down the Dark Chute. Besides, your Collegiate Training unfits you to help out on the Comic Supplement. Another thing, the longer you daily with Journalism the less you know about it. The best Way in which to direct a Newspaper is to stay away from the Office and write Letters to the Editor."

The poor Youth had just about played his whole String, when he happened to think of the Stage. He was a Good-Looker and knew how to wear Clothes and had made terrific Hits in Amateur Productions. The hardened Manager to whom he sent his Card handed him a Cake of Ice weighing 200 Pounds.

"The trouble with you is that you have been attending the University instead of working on a Spring-Board, so as to do the Double Flip-Flops," said the Ragtime Impressario. "You are next to the Greek Verb, all right, but you are shy on Buck-and-Wing Steps and I can't see that you have a Chance in a Million. I suppose you have studied Shakespeare.

SHY ON BUCK-AND-WING STEPS.

If so, you may possibly hook up with a fly-by-night Organization. The Legitimate Drama is now being played at the Whistling Posts and Water Tanks, but not in the great Thought Centers. If your Voice has been cultivated in Europe, I think I could fix it for you to carry a Spear, but as you have not sufficient Talent to get you into the Chorus, I suggest that you go down and play the Stock Market."

Here was an inspiration. He would go and find employment in a Broker's Office and study the Quotations and gradually pike into the World of Speculation. He sought out a pious old Gambler who had made a Ton of Money by never doing what he let on he was going to do. The veteran Financier would not be a Party to the ruination of any Good Young Man.

"Keep away from the Market," he said. "All those who play the Ticker get the Solar Plexus Punch sooner or later. This Speculation is very demoralizing. It has demoralized every one except me. I always warn Young Men to buy nothing on Margins. Buy it outright. You can do this easily after you've earned the first Million or two, as a Stenographer."

"There doesn't seem to be any safe Opening for an eager Soul with a University Training," said the Graduate.

"I might give you a Hunch on the Q. T.," said the Old Gentleman. "Those who are very Bright often marry into the families of the vulgar Rich, thus acquiring the Means to go Abroad and study Art, and, at the same time, throw the Hooks into their Native Land."

"I'll tackle Matrimony," said the Collegian. "That appears to be the only Field that is not overcrowded."

MORAL: Every Man knocks his own Line of Work and sticks to it like Glue.

A CUBAN LADY
Writes for the Benefit of Her American Sisters.

She Tells Us of the New and Happy Life She Derived From the Use of

PAINE'S
Celery Compound

Paine's Celery Compound, so vastly superior as a spring medicine to all other known remedies in pill and liquid form, and so remarkable in its power over disease, has no equal in the world as a spring nerve food, blood cleanser and system fortifier. At this season, when the majority of people feel the necessity of a tonic for the weakened system and a regulator for the nerves and digestive apparatus,

MRS. MANUEL BARRANCO.

Paine's Celery Compound is the one preparation indorsed by the ablest physicians for spring renovating and recuperating. In severe cases of persistent headaches, nervous prostration, neuralgia, rheumatism, dyspepsia, kidney and liver troubles, and female irregularities, Paine's Celery Compound has a record of wondrous and lasting cures in every city of this great land. The honest use of the Compound for the next two or three weeks will guarantee improved appetite, sound digestion, sweet sleep, nerve power and a condition of health that will make you happy during the coming summer. Mrs. Manuel Barranco, Havana, Cuba, says:

"For some time I suffered terrible agonies, and I was in a critical condition, Insomnia, nervousness, deranged digestion, and general weakness brought me near the grave. After medical skill failed, I was advised to use Paine's Ceelry Compound. I am happy to report that after using your preclous Compound for two weeks my insomnia was banished, and I rapidly began to am in full health and strength. I now am in ful enjoyment of new life, vigor, and happiness. Paine's Celery Compound is worthy of all praise."

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Aside From Strikes Business Outlook Is Most Gratifying.

New York, April 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Aside from the prevalence of strikes and possibility of further interruption to industrial activity next month, on this account the business outlook is most gratifying. Late frosts caused some damage early in the week, but low temperatures did not continue, and in most sections agricultural products had not advanced sufficiently to suffer materially, while the prospects are bright for large crops and heavy sales of fertilizers testify to extensive operations. Despite some unfavorable weather, Eastern retail trade has been heavy, and jobbing activity in summer fabrics indicates expectation of a vigorous consumption as the season advances. There is less complaint regarding deliveries due to better traffic facilities. Railway earnings in March increased 13.6 per cent compared with last year and 24.1 per cent compared with 1901.

Undue significance has been attached to the recent reduction in prices of Southern pig iron and throughout the country a tendency to delay placing contracts is noticed. No other cut in quotations has followed, and in the trade it is believed that after the temporary uneasiness there will be a resumption of buying on the former liberal scale. Finished steel is eagerly sought, and there is increased activity in outdoor work.

Makers of merchant pipe, tools, agricultural implements and all kinds of machinery have more business than can be handled promptly. The pig iron output has bounded upward with the better movemen of fuel, and in a short time production will be at the rate of 20,000,00 tons annually. These figures are the better appreciaed when it is remembered that they are more than double the maximum year's output prior to 1899.

In the textile industries there were still adverse factors, notably the labor controversies at cotton mills. Beyond a moderate revival of export purchases for China, there is no increase in the sales of cotton goods, both sellers and buyers awaiting some more definite information as to the future. Another rise in the raw material threatens a shut down at several mills, which have light supplies and few contracts. Manufacturers of men's heavy weight woolens and worsteds receive few new orders except for filling out sample lines, and the situation is practically unchanged. Thus far fall business is below normal, and clothiers are not seeking large supplies of material. Wool has been fairly steady since the month opened, but none of the March decline is recovered.

New business is small at Eastern shoe factories, but this is seasonable, and no apprehension is felt. Moreover, current shipments are much heavier than a year ago, and activity is assured for at least two months after work begins on full contracts. Quotations are firmly held and local jobbing trade is brisk. Leather is in better demand, he strike at Chicago tanneries stimulating purchases. Domestic hides have lost part of the recent recovery, and imported skins are also somewhat cheaper. Staple products develop irregularity as the season advances and speculation has again become a prominent factor.

Failures this week numbered 197 in the United States against 198 last year, and 15 in Canada compared with 19 a year ago.

BENEATH HIS DIGNITY.

Why Mascagni Would Not Give Private Concerts.

Paris, April 11.—The Temps publishes an interview with Signor Mascagni, who arrived here Thursday from New York. Mascagni says he was offered large sums for private concerts at clubs and residences in America, but refused the offers as unworthy of an artist. He attributes much of his misfortune to refusing to take up these private concerts.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Increased Output of Stratton's Independence Mine.

Colorado Springs, April 11.—The official report from London on the operation of the Stratton's Independence for the week ending March 15 has just been received in this city and shows that during the period 2195 tons of ore were shipped, yielding a gross value of $44,000. Since March 1 the mine has been doing considerably better in point of gross production, and while no official explanation is given therefor, it is concluded that the strike of 1½-ounce ore in the 700-foot level last month is responsible. The average grade of the ore has been improving gradually.

The directors of the Mary McKinney Gold Mining company have announced the regular quarterly dividend, amounting to $30,000, payable April 10, this being at the rate of 3 cents a share on the issued capital stock of 1,000,000 shares.

The directors of the Portland Gold Mining company yesterday declared the quarterly dividend of 3 cents a share, amounting to $90,000, making the dividend distribution to date $4,477,050. The dividend is payable April 15. The Portland property is said to be in fine shape and the mill is treating about 300 tons of ore per day, all of which is coming from the Portland mine.

Returns have just been received at the office of the Keystone Gold Mining company on a 30-ton shipment recently sent out by the lessees who are operating the Sitting Bull claim. The ore ran $75 a ton, which is a very high average. The consignment came from the 80-foot leevl, where the lessees have been opening a good shoot of ore for several weeks past.

Officers of the United States Reduction and Refining company announce that within two weeks work will be started on the chlorine gas plant to be erected at Colorado City in conjunction with the Standard and Colorado plants. By means of the new plant chlorine is manufactured electrically at a great saving over the present method.

EXORBITANT CHARGES

Made For Sending Bodies Home From Cuba.

Toledo, Ohio, April 11.—Congressman J. H. Southard, of this city, has started an investigation which may bring to light a scandal among United States officials at Havana, Cuba. The charge is that exorbitant charges are being made for the disinterment and shipment of the bodies of dead soldiers from Cuba, when it should be done free of charge, according to Mr. Southard.

Homer Pugh, who enlisted in the army last August, died at Havana April 2. His mother here was notified April 7. Two days later she received a cablegram stating that the body would be exhumed, embalmed and shipped to New York for $225. The mother brought the matter to the attention of Congressman Southard, who has started an investigation. The dispatches received here are signed Springer.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents.
S. F. Boyce.

THE SENIOR CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

Will Be Feature of Coming Week at the High School —First Practice of Baseball Players Is Held Thursday Afternoon.

The senior dramatic entertainment will be the principal event of interest to high school students and their friends during the week to come.

The entertainment this year will be one of the best that has been given at the school for years. It consists of two parts, each a one-act comedy.

The longer piece is called "A Regular Fix," and it has ten students in the cast. It has been under preparation for weeks, and next Saturday evening, when the entertainment is to be given, will be perfectly prepared.

"Lamb and Mint Sauce" is the name of the comedy which will occupy the first part of the evening. It is a clever little act and will be well done by Miss Mary Richards and Salisbury Adams.

Both plays are known as curtain-raisers, and have once been popular.

Infinite pains have been taken by A. F. M. Custance, who has charge of the matter of staging and rehearsing the pieces, to have everything perfectly done.

The senior girls are to have a sewing bee to fix up the curtain, arrange the stage and prepare generally for the production.

The senior class is much in need of funds this year, as is usually the case. The expenses of publishing the Zenith and graduating creditably, with still enough money left to leave the school a token of the class' good will in the shape of a picture, statue or other ornament, requires money.

Tickets will be distributed among the students next week for them to sell to their friends or anyone whom they can entice into attending the performance. Every effort will be made to dispose of a large number of them, so that the financial condition of the graduating class may be improved.

BASEBALL MEN OUT.

First Practice Held Thursday ---Games Arranged.

Baseball men were out for their first practice Thursday afternoon. There was not a full team out, but Capt. Cummings planned to have a first-class practice this morning if the weather would permit it.

Bold things will be done, if necessary, to stir the sluggish blood of the high school sphere pounders who refuse to get out and practice for the team.

A game has been arranged with Brainerd, two with Cloquet, one here and one in Cloquet; one will probably be played with the Duluth team, if the new grounds which are planned should be completed, and it is probable that one or two contests with Superior schools will take place.

Several places on the team will have to be filled by new men, but the old battery will be doing business with its usual effectiveness, and it will be a lucky high school team, according to the Duluth enthusiasts, that pounds many runs around through Cummings and Potter, if they have any kind of support at all in the field.

No further arrangements have been made for the quadrangular meet which Manager Kane plans between Cloquet, Duluth and two Superior high schools.

Cloquet is anxious to get into the meet and will come here to meet Duluth in a dual meet if the Badgers cannot be persuaded to enter teams. As they have some good track men, Duluth will have a good fight for the leadership when they arrive.

If a second meet is finally decided upon, it is probable that the preliminary field day will not receive the attention that it did formerly, but the efforts of the athletes will be bent toward making the inter-school meet a success.

Capt. Whipple will have the men out for some hard, fast work as soon as the ground and weather are agreeable.

HIS BUSY TIME.

Instructor Thomas Preparing Graduates and Orators.

These are busy days for Instructor Thomas of the English department of the high school. He has five honor pupils to prepare for commencement night, a declamatory contest and an oratorical contest to drill students for, in addition to his regular duties in the class room.

He has succeeded in getting up a large amount of interest among the English students in these contests, and all of the brilliant members are entered.

The declamatory contest will come first, and the preparations for that are nearly completed. The contests are not interclass affairs, but free for all the students.

Subjects have been selected, and those who are to take part in the oratorical contest have already chosen theirs and are hard at work upon them. Tall talking is anticipated. The calamity of several years ago, when a sophomore got a hot box on the jaw during a heated discussion, which caused some difficulty to remedy, will be well guarded against.

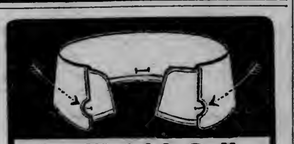
Spelling Lessons.

The spelling lessons for high school students have been continued during the last week, and knowledge of orthography continues to increase among the pupils.

The continuation of the junior-senior and freshman-sophomore classes which was begun last Friday was not continued this week because of the fact that there were so many absent because of the Good Friday services in the churches.

DAQUETTE ARRESTED.

Missoula, Mont., April 10.—W. S. Daquette, wanted at Omaha for bigamy and at Fremont, Neb., for perjury, was arrested here last night. The prisoner denies his identity, but papers found on him indicate that he is the man wanted.



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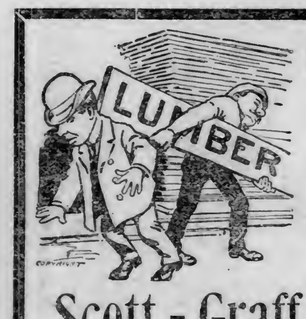

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AN EASTER SURPRISE.

One.

Two.

Three.

ON EASTER MORN.

He—Wasn't it an enjoyable Easter service?
She—Yes, indeed; the hats were superior to any I have seen in years.

THE END OF LENT.

The Monk—Hello! old man, where's your tail?
The Ostrich—Well, you see, I couldn't afford to buy my wife an Easter bonnet, and—er—er—well, she retrimmed her old one!

Mr. Bear—This is the last time I'll hibernate in this hotel! I left a call for January and here it is the middle of April!

EASTER THOUGHTS.

His wife is not at all devout,
She doesn't kneel to pray;
She goes to church this Easter morn
Her spring clothes to display.
But "hubby" he remains at home,
While "wifey" makes her bluffs,
He's inking up his rusty hat
And trimming ragged cuffs.

Weary Willie—You'd hardly t'ink it, ma'm, but I was oncet Grand Vizier to de Sultan of Toikey.
Mrs. Farmer—And what reduced you to this?
Weary Willie—Buyin' Easter bonnets fer me harem, ma'am.

RUNNING DOWN HIS BEST FRIEND

He—Do you think your father and mother will do anything for us when we marry?
She—Certainly. They have promised to come and live with us.

THE WEEK IN SOCIETY

Among the delightful events promised shortly after Easter is the recital and dance given annually by the Mozart club, of which Mrs. D. H. Day is director. The Mozart club consists of the younger music pupils of Mrs. Day and each year the musicale-dance is given and the proceeds go to the Women's and Children's home. The affair this year will take place at the Spalding hotel, the musical occurring the early part of the evening and the dance following, for which Flaaten will furnish the music. The date has not yet been decided upon, but some time at the end of the month it will occur. The floor committee consists of the following young men: O. W. Hartman, A. W. Taussig, Marvin McLaren, C. B. Miller, C. E. Bassett, J. H. Upham, Jr., C. P. McCormick, C. J. McBride, Don R. McLennan and Herbert Spencer. The members of the club are:

Edith Fitzsimmons	Charlie Bradley,
Judith Hartly.	Mary Frick,
Vera Twist,	Melville Silvey,
Marjorie Morrow,	May Jeffery,
Ruth Maginnis,	Marie d'Autremont
Gladys Tyler,	Marjorie May Harrison,
Alyda Flaaten,	Natalie Smith,
Grace Farmer,	Julia Morrow,
Emily Smith,	Catherine Hunter,
(violin),	John McGreevy,
Arbara Pecor,	
(violin),	

Among the patronesses are:

Mesdames—	
A. W. Frick,	J. F. McLaren,
W. B. Silvey,	Robert Dowse,
H. F. Abbott,	C. A. Luster,
G. D. Swift,	Ed Mendenhall,
W. J. Olcott,	L. W. Powell,
G. G. Hartley,	Whitney Wall,
Homer Collins,	F. R. Leslie,
A. W. Hartman,	Herbert Jones,
R. B. Knox,	Ward Ames,
S. T. Harrison,	Victor Stearns,
A. M. Miller,	J. S. McKindley,
A. H. Comstock,	W. T. Hoopes,
A. R. McFarlane,	J. D. Hunter,
George Spencer,	William Prindle,
W. W. Routh,	G. H. Mayce,
George Rupley,	John McGreevy,
H. F. Williamson,	C. H. Bradley,
C. H. Munger,	W. M. Jeffrey,
W. C. Agnew,	C. H. Farmer,
Henry Smith,	Wm. E. Morrow,
S. C. Jackson,	George Tyler,
John G. Howard,	Fred G. Bradbury,
Charles d'Autremont,	W. G. Crosby,
Herbert Warren,	C. P. Craig,
C. H. Maginnis,	C. T. Fitzsimmons,
Rufus Draper,	Luther Mendenhall
F. W. Paine,	M. Bunnell,
H. C. Marshall,	A. C. Weiss,
O. G. Brice,	H. K. Brearley,

The production of "Carmen" at the Lyceum April 23 by pupils of George L. Tyler will be a great social as well as musical event. The production is to be complete in every respect and has been well cast. The patrons and patronesses include a very large number of the society and musical people of the city and are as follows:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
Walter Ayers,	Fred Little,
S. D. Allen,	C. P. Macdonald,
M. H. Alworth,	J. S. Mcaulley,
John Adams,	A. M. Marshall,
Percy S. Agnew,	S. E. Matter,
W. C. Agnew.	E. W. Matter,
F. D. Adams,	J. F. McCarthey,
C. R. Ash,	W. A. McGonagle,
F. R. Ahbe,	W. H. Magie,
G. S. Barnes,	C. P. Maginnis,
J. E. Bowers,	C. H. Maginnis,
F. A. Brewer,	R. N. Marble,
Frank Burrows,	John Millen,
Bostwick,	A. M. Miller,
Frank Burrows,	Oscar Mitchell,
Bostwick,	D. D. Murray,
W. R. Bagley,	A. R. Macfarlane,
W. T. Bailey,	Clinton Markell,
M. Bywater, Jr.,	H. C. Marshall,
W. S. Bishop,	Luther Mendenhall
S. E. Boyce,	T. D. Merrin,
P. G. Brown,	Page Morris,
G. W. Buck,	John P. Morrow,
E. F. Burg,	C. H. Munger,
D. R. Black,	C. P. Murphy,
W. A. Bennett,	Henry Myers,
W. G. Crosby,	N. J. Miller,
F. B. Clark,	John F. McLaren,
O. H. Clarke,	G. H. Mance,
W. C. Clark,	B. Magoffin,
Homer Collins,	A. E. McManus,
J. B. Cotton,	S. C. McCormick,
G. H. Crosby,	Thos. McNaught,
J. Q. A. Crosby,	Henry Nolte,
M. B. Cullum,	W. D. Newcomb,
W. S. Conklin,	W. J. Olcott,
J. H. Crowley,	F. W. Paine,
T. H. Clelland,	John Panton,
C. A. Congdon,	S. E. Peachey,
D. H. Costello,	W. O. Pealer,
C. P. Craig,	J. K. Persons,
A. B. Chapin,	F. N. Phelan,
G. L. Chesebrough,	Camille Poirier,
W. H. Cole,	William M. Prindle
A. H. Comstock,	F. J. Pulford,
A. F. M. Custance,	L. W. Powell,
D. G. Cutler,	T. C. Phillips,
Clarence Coleman,	H. M. Peyton,
J. H. Carson,	W. B. Phelps,
R. H. Draper,	Fred Reynolds,
C. A. Duncan,	J. W. Richards,
R. E. Denfeld,	C. D. Richards,
D. H. Day,	W. E. Richardson,
W. Dalrymple,	S. H. Rothermel,
H. S. Davis,	Walter W. Routh,
C. E. Dewitt,	A. W. Ryan,
J. H. Dight,	Harry Roberts,
D. A. Duncan,	James Redy,
G. A. Elder,	L. Rouchleau,
Robert B. Eyster,	George Rupley,
C. W. Elston,	A. F. Ritchie,
W. A. Eden,	W. C. Sherwood,
A. Fitger,	William Stitt,
E. A. Forsyth,	W. C. Sargent,
I. Freimuth,	W. A. Scott,
G. A. French,	J. F. Segog,
H. B. Fryberger,	Sheridan,
Bert Fesler,	W. W. Sanford.
A. W. Frick,	John Stephenson,
J. E. Foran,	J. M. Smith,
R. F. Fitzgerald,	George Spencer,
F. L. Gilbert,	Victor Stearns,
F. A. Green,	H. Stewart,
C. H. Graves,	G. W. Strayer,
Giles Gilbert,	George D. Swift,
James Gray,	W. R. Spencer,
G. G. Hartley,	G. D. Sattler,
A. W. Hartman,	J. B. Sattler,
C. F. Hartman,	George A. St. Clair
W. P. Heimbach,	W. H. Squires,
M. M. Hoare,	W. J. Suffell,
Bert Holcomb,	Percy S. Shaw,
W. W. Hoopes,	W. H. Smallwood,
T. W. Hoopes,	D. W. Stocking,
B. F. Howard,	George C. Stone,
J. D. Howard,	W. B. Silvey,
J. G. Howard,	B. Silberstein,
George C. Howe,	John A. Sobinius,
A. C. Hubbell,	W. H. Salter,
James C. Hunter,	Colin Thomson,
R. M. Hunter,	L. P. Totman,
S. R. Holden,	C. G. Traphagen,
H. H. Hanford,	G. A. Tomlinson,
S. T. Harrison,	John A. Todd,
James Holahan,	E. P. Towne,
W. G. Hegardt,	A. D. Thomson,
F. W. Hargreaves,	George K. Taylor,
L. C. Harris,	A. C. Taylor,
S. H. Jones,	C. H. Thornton,
S. C. Jackson,	G. Tonning,
E. Jacobi,	Walter Turle,
G. H. Jones,	J. H. Upham,
C. E. Judd,	E. S. Upham,
Frank Kennedy,	N. J. Upham,
M. Kelley,	J. I. Van Vliet,
J. F. Killorin,	C. E. Van Bergen,
L. D. Kitchel,	A. E. Walker,
A. L. Kingman,	W. W. Walker,
R. B. Knox,	Whitney Wall,
S. G. Knox,	Herbert Warren,
F. W. Kugler,	J. L. Washburn,
William Kennedy,	A. C. Weiss,
A. LeRicheux,	Waibank,
L. S. Loeb,	George W. Weles,
C. E. Lum,	J. B. Weston,
Charles A. Luster,	William C. White,
Frank Lyman.	E. F. Williams,
L. W. Leithhead,	H. F. Williamson,
Ray T. Lewis,	A. B. Wolvin,
C. F. Leland,	C. A. Wright,
Frank R. Leslie,	W. C. Winton,
Mesdames—	
M. Bywater,	Florence Greenwood,
M. R. Baldwin,	Tippie.
Schmied,	
W. H. Close,	
Misses—	
Alice Cook,	Lynn,
Mosly,	Mattocks,
Murray,	Patrick,
Porter,	Paddock.
Williams,	
Messrs.—	
Richard Close,	J. F. Hale,
O. C. Hartman,	

A wedding occurred Wednesday at Ashland of interest to many Duluth people. The bride was Miss Bessie Shores, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Shores, of Ashland, and well known here. She became the wife of Guy S. Eldredge, of New York. The wedding was a home affair and occurred at the home of the bride's parents at 4 o'clock, and Rev. William H. Humphrey, of the first Presbyterian church, read the service. Two little ribbon girls, Miss Antoinette Bean, of Minneapolis, and Miss Hazel Rowe, of Chippewa Falls, and Master Shores Walker, of Duluth, as ring bearer, were in the bridal party. Mr. and Mrs. Eldredge left Wednesday evening for an Eastern trip and their future home will probably be in Oregon. Mrs. Eldredge was well known in Duluth, having attended school here and visited many times. She is a sister of Mrs. A. E. Walker, of this city.

* * *

The flowers for Easter have never seemed so beautiful. For the past few days the fronts of the shops have been simply packed with the most beautifully and gorgeously blooming plants one can imagine. The springy and delightful odors greet one half a block away.

* * *

Miss Marguerite Comstock, of 1320 East Superior street, has returned from a three months' visit with friends in the East.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Ames have returned from their Southern trip.

Mrs. W. G. Goffe, of 1614 East Superior street, has returned from a visit to Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. J. B. Hanson and daughter have gone to Valley City, N. D., on a visit.

* * *

Mrs. O. C. Hayden, of Albert Lea, is here on an extended visit to her son, Winn Hayden, of 220 West Fourth street.

* * *

Miss Ethel Birch, of Minneapolis, will arrive Thursday to visit with Miss Katherine Ensign, of 504 East Second street.

* * *

The Assembly will give its dance next Friday evening at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jeffery celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of their marriage Monday evening at their home, 323 Fourth avenue east. The evening was a most delightful one, music and a guessing contest being the entertainment. In the contest Mrs. E. Grochau won the first prize and Mrs. S. Jeffery received the consolation. Among the men E. W. Merritt won the first prize and E. Grochau the consolation.

* * *

Mrs. R. M. Hunter and Mrs. F. White have been called East by the illness of their mother.

* * *

In honor of her sister, Miss Etta Monroe, Mrs. C. H. Whitmore entertained at a very charming card party and tin shower Thursday afternoon at her home, 1067 East Third street. Miss Monroe, who is well known here, is to be married May 1 to Willett R. Chamber, of Nickerson, Minn. Progressive cinch was played and the head prize was taken by Miss Alice Bartlett and the consolation went to Mrs. F. E. Hough.

* * *

Mrs. M. M. Cutter entertained at a charming musicale Tuesday evening at her home, 322 West Third street. The soloists for the evening were Mrs. Cutter and Edgar LaNyon. Mrs. Hartzell played the accompaniments. Dainty refreshments were served and the affair was a delightful one. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
F. W. Eva,	Hartzell,
Grant,	
Miss Forbes.	
Messrs.—	
Joster,	
Walter Cutter,	Chisholm.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stevenson and children, of 5719 Oneida street, left on Thursday for a three weeks' visit at St. Charles and Mankato.

* * *

Mrs. C. M. Wilcox left Thursday evening for a visit at Saginaw.

* * *

Mrs. H. L. Dresser left Thursday afternoon for a visit at Des Moines.

* * *

Mrs. Louis Rouchleau left Wednesday for a short visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Bell left Tuesday for Liverpool.

* * *

Mrs. Donald Campbell and daughter left Tuesday for Washington, where they will make their future home.

* * *

Mrs. S. Herriott left Tuesday for a visit with friends at Grand Rapids.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Leland left Thursday for a visit at West Baden Springs.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Duncan and Miss Julia Duncan have returned from their winter's visit at Santa Barbara, Cal.

* * *

Miss Clements Bartlett returned on Monday to Ashland, where she is teaching.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Mathews and daughter left Monday morning for New York.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Selnes and children, of West Duluth, left Monday for Alberta, Minn., where they will make their home in future.

* * *

Mrs. John Nedio, of Michigan, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Lemein, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. James Tanner, of West Duluth, has returned from a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Grace Foster, of Brainerd, is visiting friends at West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Ethel Fisher, of Ashland, is visiting friends at West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. Harry Defoe, of West Duluth, left Tuesday for a visit with friends at Ashland.

* * *

Miss Jennie Eeklund, of Crookston, is visiting friends at West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Bessie Taylor, of Bemidji, is visiting friends at West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Marie Jensen, of West Duluth, left Wednesday evening for a visit at Kentucky.

* * *

Mrs. John Ericson and daughter, of West Duluth, left Tuesday for a short visit at St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. A. L. Weever, of West Duluth, is visiting at Chicago.

To Come Here Again.

Having made a favorable impression on all who had the opportunity of being present at the illustrated temperance lectures recently given in this city, A. J. Seather, of Rice Lake, Wis., has been invited by several ministers to again visit Duluth. It has been arranged for him to give lectures in Duluth next week as follows: Tuesday evening, April 14 at Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Sixth avenue east and Fifth street; Wednesday evening, April 15, at the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church on First avenue east and Third street. Thursday evening, April 16 at Zion Norwegian Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street.

Clubs and Musical.

Next week the Arts and Crafts exhibit, that is to be held at the library building, will probably be the one great thing of interest. The Art club has been working faithfully some time for an excellent exhibit and has certainly obtained it. The art room, where the exhibit is to be held, lends itself readily to the artistic handling of the wares to be displayed and the room now ready for the exhibit presents a beautiful appearance. The exhibit will begin on Monday and will continue the week.

In looking at the exhibit one is liable to lose sight of the fact that the work is entirely hand work, so exquisite are many of the things shown. Work of artists all over the country have been obtained for this exhibition, which is the first of the kind in Duluth.

The pottery exhibit is very complete, some of the most beautiful of which are the pieces of Teco ware. The beauty of this ware is principally in the form which is so severe and simple to a degree. The pieces are extremely heavy and the colors, which are soft, are only in greens. This exhibit is sent from Illinois. The Van Briggle exhibit from Colorado Springs is interesting and beautiful. There is in this a greater variety of colors and simple designs appear on these. A collection of Rookwood ware is expected today, which is very complete and very beautiful.

In the chinaware a few pieces of enamel ware from Chicago are shown in an artistic design and in beautiful colors. A large showing of Dedham ware, of which the principal beauty is the coloring. The ware comes in blue and white and occasionally green and white. The entire surface of an article is cracked with cracks that look for all the world like those that appear in everyday discarded china.

The metal work exhibit is interesting and good. Trays, bowls and antique looking lanterns and casserole are shown. Some of the work has been treated with acid, which gives the article the appearance of an age of 1000 years. The casserole shown is very effective. The tray and cover are of the hand wrought copper and with a crude dish is very charming.

The leather work is beautiful, the colors being particularly fine. Many card cases, magazine covers and bags of numerous kinds are shown in the delicate work that will probably find ready sale.

The book bindings and book plates, the weaving and embroidering exhibits are interesting, but the most beautiful and the one that will probably attract the most attention. The jewelry is made up principally in silver. The Broque pearls appear in it a great deal. Pins and rings and bracelets and necklaces are shown that are perfect dreams of beauty and daintiness. Probably the most beautiful thing in the exhibit is a necklace of the dog collar type. The necklace is made in two narrow gold chains, studded every little way with the Broque pearls. Tiny spars made of the pearls, with a diamond for the center, completes the necklace, which cannot be excelled for daintiness. Another beautiful thing is a fancy hair pin. It is also made of gold with decoration of the pearls, pink topaz and sapphires. Many other lovely are shown.

The Minnehaha window, which has been to Tiffany for enlargement, has returned and is at the exhibit. The design for the Duluth window is also shown and a library transom, which was executed by St. Germain brothers of this city, will be shown. The designs for the three glass pieces which will be shown, are the work of Mrs. J. B. Weston, of this city. The exhibit is very fine and deserves the patronage that will make another possible.

* * *

The Apollo club of Duluth will give its first regular concert on Monday evening, April 20, at the Lyceum. This is the first time that anything in the line of male chorus work has ever been attempted in this city on so large a scale. Most of the best local male voices are included in the club's membership and when the fact of Duluth's high musical standard is taken into consideration, the statement has much weight. The musical director of the club, Milton B. Griffith, has worked diligently in order to bring the work of the club up to a high standard.

It is no small task for a chorus of sixty voices to sing together as one man and to bring out plainly the beauty of each number, but, when, on the night

FRANK B. WEBSTER,
Basso of Chicago, Who Will Be Heard With the Apollo Club April 20, at Lyceum.

of its first concert, the Apollo club starts its first song, the citizens of Duluth and Superior are promised that they will hear an organization of which they may be proud. Superior has given as members a number of her best singers, which shows that whatever may be the strife for commercial supremacy between the cities at the head of the lakes, true art knows no boundary.

No expense is being spared to make the concert a great success as the club has engaged two artists, Miss Charlotte DeMuth, violinist, and Frank B. Webster, basso, both of Chicago, to assist.

Miss DeMuth is a young and talented artiste who, after perfecting herself as far as possible at home, spent three years in an concertizing abroad. The Leipziger Tageblatt says of her playing:

"Miss DeMuth is, indeed, a perfectly finished violiniste, every difficulty is easily overcome, her tone is round and full, her intonation is faultless. The greatest charm of her performance lay, however, in her gneial, womanly grace and the expression of a thoroughly musical nature that one can only characterize as beautifully poetic."

* * *

The convention of the Minnesota State Music Teachers' association will be held at Minneapolis this year, May 7, 8 and 9, and a large attendance of the musicians of the state is expected to be present. The program, as arranged, will consist of seven concerts and matinees, including a grand orchestral matinee and one grand symphony concert by the Boston Festival orchestra of fifty.

The programs are exceptionally good. One novel feature will be an evening with Minnesota composers. Gerard Tonning, of Duluth, has been invited to take part in that program and his selections will be "A Romantic Suite" and "Venice" for violin and piano. Carl Riedelsberger, of Minneapolis, will play the violin and Mr. Tonning will be at the piano. Mrs. James McAuliffe and Marx E. Oberndorfer, of this city, will also take part in one of the programs. There is a probability that the meeting place of the next convention will be Duluth.

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class held a delightful meeting Tuesday afternoon at the club room of the library. The afternoon as usual, in charge of Mrs. Robert Seymour, and a lecture in continuation of the series on "Mediaeval Art" was given.

* * *

Monday the regular meeting of the Matinee Musicale took place in the afternoon at the Temple recital hall. The music of Scandinavia was sung and played and the program, which was arranged by Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury, was very interesting.

* * *

The story hour was started again at the library three weeks ago. The children's hour was a little plan started by Miss Katherine Ensign when she took charge of the children's department of the library and held sway all summer. When school started in the fall it was thought best to discontinue the stories until spring. The younger children are invited to come to the library Saturday morning at 10 o'clock and listen to stories for an hour. Last year outside people were invited to entertain the children for an hour, and many were the delightful hours, when Mrs. C. A. d'Autremont, Miss Frankenfield and Clarence B. Miller spoke to them. This year Miss Ensign and Miss Ruth Ely tell the stories, and the stories of heroes of fact and fancy are told. This morning Miss Ensign told the story of Siegfried. The children love to attend, and this hour Saturday morning will probably be a bright spot for them all summer long.

* * *

Another little club has been formed by the workers in the children's department which promises to be a splendid thing. This is called the Library league and takes the children from 12 until they think they cease to be children. The object of the league is to promote and develop a taste for a high class of literature. The promiscuous choosing of books by young readers tends to a lower standard of reading than should exist. Dickens and Thackery remain untouched upon the shelves not only in the children's room, but also on the shelves devoted to the books of the older folks. The league, which has been organized but two weeks, has already fifty members, and the work that will be discussed for the present is the history of books taken in a simple and interesting way. The work in this one subject will be interesting to the young people who take the product now available without a thought as to the evolution it must necessarily pass through.

* * *

One of the hardest working musical organizations in the city is the Scottish Rite quartet, which this week has appeared to excellent advantage at the annual reunion. The quartet consists of Mrs. Leo Ball, Mrs. Burt Holcomb, J. H. Martin and H. G. Gearhart, with A. F. M. Custance director. The excellence of the music was spoken of by many of the visiting Masons. A great deal of the music was written and composed by Mr. Custance. The quartet will sing tomorrow at the Knights Templar service at the Methodist church and at the relighting of the lights at the Masonic Temple at 4:30.

* * *

The music of the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rites Masonry Thursday afternoon was especially fine. It was rendered by a chorus of seventy voices from the High School Musical society and St. Paul's choir and the Scottish Rites quartet, accompanied by Flaaten's full orchestra, under the direction of A. F. M. Custance. At the banquet the music was a special feature, several solos being given by Mrs. Leo Ball and Milton B. Griffith, the former receiving a veritable ovation.

* * *

Judge Carey, who will leave shortly for California, where he will make his home, has given to the library two beautiful plants. One of them is a magnificent oleander which, placed in a corner of the children's room, between two windows, adds immensely to the beauty of an already charming room. The plant is twenty-seven years old and a splendid specimen of the kind. The other is also a beautiful plant, an elephant's ear begonia. It will also be placed in the children's room.

* * *

"Arpe" is the name of a new singing society, consisting of male voices, which has recently been organized in Duluth. Some of our best and most talented Scandinavian singers residing in Duluth are members. Shortly after the Arpe had organized, an invitation was received from Two Harbors, asking that the society visit that town and take part in the program of a spring concert, which will be given there May 3. The offer was accepted. Only men of good moral character and known to the members of the club as intelligent singers can become members of the Arpe, and even then a permission may be refused if the members find that the voices at that time are evenly distributed.

"Arpe" have under consideration arrangements for concerts upon the range.

* * *

The Lester Park Literary club will meet next Tuesday at the home of Mrs. W. S. Albertson. All members are desired to be present, as the annual election of officers will take place. The program for the day is as follows:

"Minor Poetry and Miscellaneous Prose"	Mrs. Sanderson.
"Walt Whitman, a Unique Character"	Mrs. Pinkerton.
"Poetry in the South and Prose and Poetry in the West"	Mrs. Allen.
"Poetry and Criticism in the East"	Mrs. Gember.
"Late Movements in Fiction"	Mrs. Hollister.
Leader	Mrs. Joerns.

* * *

The next meeting of the Unity club will be held Monday evening at the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, and Miss Mogford will read a paper on "Robert Louis Stevenson." All interested are privileged to attend he meetings of the club. The final meeting of the year will be held April 27, when Wilson G. Crosby will discuss "Maurice Maeterlinck."

MRS. JAMES McAULIFFE,
Soloist at Lanners Band Concert at Metropolitan Easter Afternoon.

If you wish perfection, this must be your selection.

ELECTRO Silver Polish SILICON

Perfection is seldom found, but a million bright housewives who use it say, Electro-Silicon is the only perfect Silver polish.

"SILICON," 30 Cliff Street, New York.

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At the Y. M. C. A. HALL

DAILY FOR ONE WEEK COMMENCING . . . . . Monday, April 13

At 2 o'clock in the Afternoon and 8 o'clock in the evening.

Samples of Miss Burr's preparations, such as Cakes, Meringues, Puddings, Ice Cream, Souffles, Fudge and the Walter Baker Hot Chocolate and Cocoa served free at each lecture.

A Book of Choice Recipes and Samples of the Walter Baker Breakfast Cocoa, Vanilla and Premium No. 1 Chocolate presented to all ladies attending these lectures

All persons interested in scientific cooking are cordially invited to attend these lectures, which are

FREE TO ALL!

THE APOLLO CLUB of Duluth.

FIRST CONCERT

Lyceum, Monday Apr. 20

Assisted by Charlotte DeMuth, violinist; and Frank B. Webster, basso. Reservation of seats opens Saturday, April 18th, at 9 o'clock.

Libbey Cut Glass

The World's Best

In no other cut glass is found such crystal clearness, perfection of cutting, beauty of design and brilliance.

The name Libbey on every piece.

F. D. DAY & CO.

Exclusive Duluth Agents, 315 West Superior Street.

A Spring and Summer Tonic.

Go to the glorious mountains of Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky" and "Sapphire Country," a natural paradise at all times of the year, a pleasant spot, full of life, of color and enjoyment, rich with possibilities for health and recreation. For temperature and climate it is unexcelled. Reached by the Southern railway.

Write for descriptive book of "The Land of the Sky," mailed free upon application to J. S. McCullough, N. W. P. A., Southern railway, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

San Francisco or Los Angeles $50.00 Round Trip.

"The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles May 5, and 12 to 18 inclusive, at rate of $50.000 for the round trip. For particulars, call at City Tickte office, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

The Sterling Wine Company,

31 East Superior Street.

Sale of high grade Brandies.	
1 star Hennessey, per bottle	$1.50
3 star Hennessey, per bottle	$1.75
Hennessey, imported in bulk, 1896 goods, per gallon	$8.00
L. Chantillac & Co., brandy, finest French production, per bottle	$2.00

Goods Delivered Everywhere.

Old 'phone, 160-2. New 'phone, 340.

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for watch and jewelry repairing:

Watch cleaning	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering Jewelry	15c
Set Stone	15c
Pins for Brooches	5c
Engraving, per letter	3c

All work is guaranteed.
We buy old gold and silver.

White Barrios Diamond Co.

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,

413½ W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

When The Dancing Doll Danced.

BY ANNA LOW GLEN.

She was a darling doll. Her hair—real baby hair—was brown and shiny as a chestnut and beautifully curled over her little pink ears. She wore a black velvet waist and spreading pink tarlatan skirt, which made her look like a gay butterfly. But you would have clapped your hands over her slippers and stockings, for the stockings were pink silk, and the slippers, the dearest, tiniest things imaginable, were pink satin, with wee gilt buckles.

Around her were toys of every kind, for she stood in the window of one of the great toy shops of Paris. There were dolls that could walk and say "Papa" and "Maman"—for a French doll always talks French—dolls that opened and shut waxen eyelids over the loveliest blue eyes; funny clowns, who turned somersaults when you wound them up; steam engines which drew trains of cars filled with dolly passengers, little ladies and gentlemen, with the dearest little china boys and girls and babies, and a conductor in buttons on each train; donkeys that kicked up their heels, and horses, drawing carriages with doll ladies holding sweet pink and blue parasols over their heads. Oh, it was a delightful place! You would have wanted to play with every single toy in the shop!

Marie Jeanne, for that was the name of our doll, looked with wistful brown eyes out into the street. It was a beautiful street. In the shops opposite Marie could see shining white marble statues, brown bronzes, sparkling jewels and windows full of silverware. She could see little round tables and green plants in the cafes, and in the street an endless procession of wagons, omnibuses and carriages, with ladies holding silky dogs on their laps, high-stepping horses, chinkling harnesses and fine liveries. Best of all, there was the great, beautiful opera house at the head of the street.

Still little Marie Jeanne was sad. I have already told you that she was dressed as a dancer, but for all that she couldn't dance, for her joints were made just like any other doll's. Marie Jeanne envied the dolls that could walk and talk, the horses that could pull, the donkey that could kick and the clowns that could perform such jolly antics. They all had something to do but herself, and what she wanted to do was to dance. When night came and the street was as light as fairyland, and she saw the Guard, with nodding horsehair plumes, sweep down the avenue to the opera house, her little heart throbbed to turn and twist and twirl, to dance like a fairy until all the toys turned to look at her. But, alas! she could not even balance herself on one toe!

One night all the toys in the window were boasting.

"See me kick," said the donkey, and threw out his heels so near the head of a lady doll, I am sorry to say, that he nearly nicked her ear.

"Pooh! That's nothing," said a horse. "See me draw this fire-engine," and off he stopped before the store and a lady stepped out. She was lovely.

Every doll's heart was in her mouth when she heard the swish of the lady's skirts as she crossed the shop. Every doll was screaming as loud as she could, "Take me! Take me! Take me!"

They hardly noticed a little girl walking beside the lady. She was chubby and rosy, with a sweet, kind little face, but her clothing was poor. Her dress was clean and neat, but patched. Her shoes were worn.

The lady turned to her and said, "Which one do you like, my child?"

With joyful eyes, Dorette (that was her name) laid her finger on Marie Jeanne. "This one, dear madame," she said.

The lady paid for Marie and laid her in Dorette's arms. "Be a good little mother, child. What shall you name the pretty bebe?"

And Dorette—how she knew it, I don't know—answered at once "Marie Jeanne."

How she thanked the lovely lady, how she hugged her treasure, how she skipped home to tell the good aunt and the poor, sick father of her good fortune!

"I salute you, mademoiselle," cried Dorette's father, as he held the dolly before him. "Pray, favor us with a dance!"

But Marie Jeanne only looked wistful. Dorette, I think, read her heart. "Marie Jeanne would like to dance, dear father, if she could," said she. "Wouldn't you love to dance, my darling?" and Dorette wheeled about on her own small toe, as if to teach the beloved dolly.

The father looked at his tools and smiled. He had been a skilful cabinetmaker before his illness, and still did some fine work propped up in his chair.

The next morning Dorette kissed her dear Marie goodby and trudged away to the lovely lady's house, where she helped to amuse the baby.

No sooner had she gone than her father, who loved to give his little daughter pleasure, carefully took Marie Jeanne to pieces. For several hours he worked, and at last, with a smile, he called to the good aunt to dress the dolly again. On went the pink tarlatan dress, the velvet bodice and pretty slippers and stockings. I think Marie smiled, too, when they laid her back on Dorette's cot.

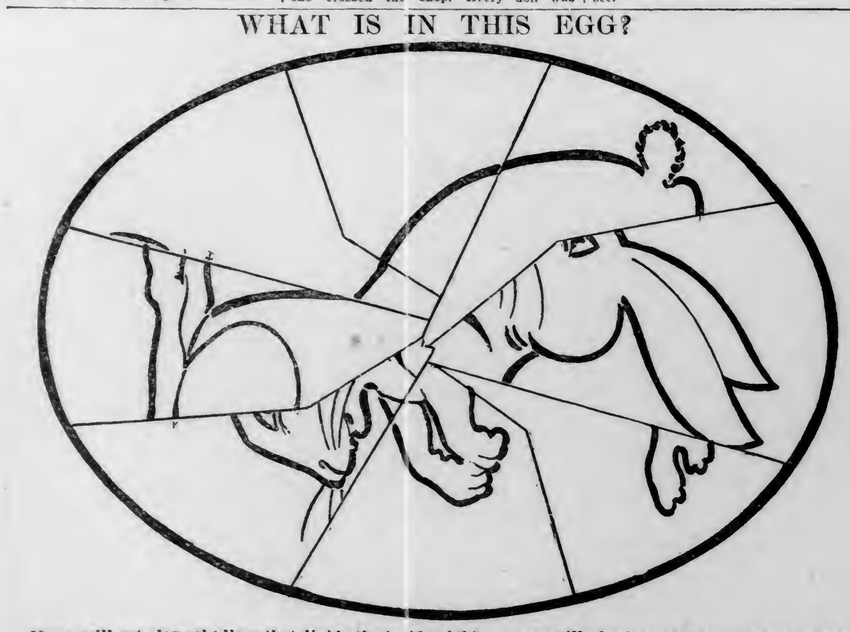
With a merry little snatch of song Dorette bounded in that afternoon. "Well, dear father, well, dear aunt," she cried, "has Marie been a good doll today?"

She took her up and stood her on the table. "Ah, darling, if you could only dance," she whispered, and Marie Jeanne did dance. She whirled and twirled and twisted and pointed her little toe in the air. The good father, who was so clever, had, with the help of his tools, made her dance.

So the dearest wish of Marie Jeanne and Dorette came true.

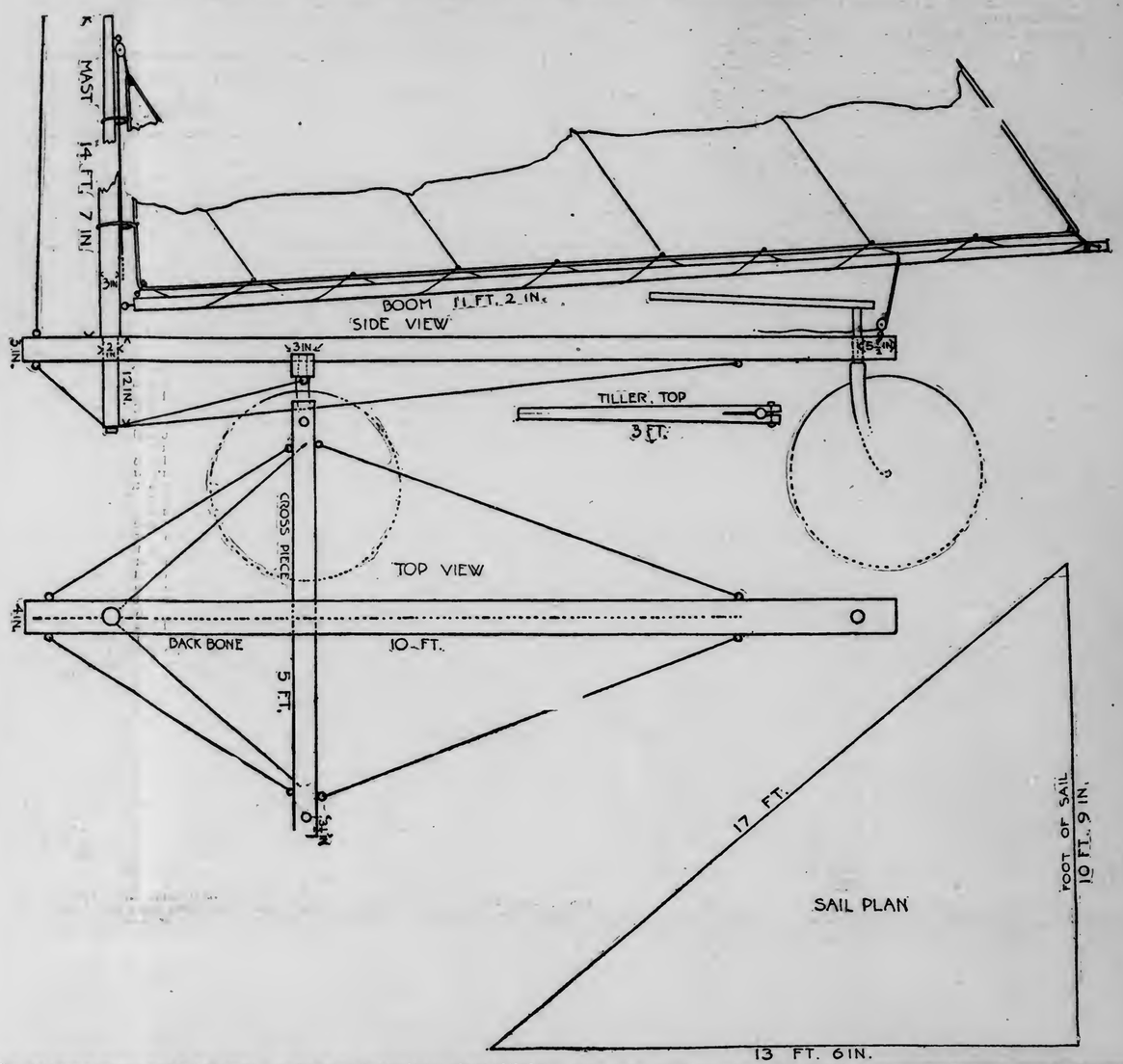
If you wish to know how the little doll looked as she danced you must cut her picture into three pieces, on the dotted lines, paste it together in a new way and you will see.

WHAT IS IN THIS EGG?



If you will cut along the lines that divide the inside of this egg you will obtain a number of pieces which can be put together and pasted on cardboard so as to form an animal that is associated with Easter in stories and legends.

Land Yachts Made From Old Bicycles.



You can have great fun with a land yacht and you can make one out of your old bicycle if you are at all ingenious. This is the time of year to build land yachts in order to take advantage of the spring breezes. Later, if you go to the seashore, you will find conditions for sailing along the beach ideal. Almost any broad, smooth thoroughfare will afford enough wind at this season for a small land yacht.

The pictures shown here are of the kind which have been built for racing on Florida beaches where there is a hard sandy surface hundreds of feet wide and many miles long.

These yachts are made of heavy wood frames and the forward wheels of bicycles. The frames are very stiff and will carry an immense sail area, but in building a smaller yacht for sailing in the interior of the country the frames need not be so heavy. In the model shown here only two pieces of timber are used to support the mast. These timbers are braced with heavy wire. The builder should be careful to get new wire and it should be doubled. After the entire frame is wired the builder should take a long wire nail or some strong piece of metal about the size of an ordinary lead pencil, place it between the wire at different points around the frame and twist the wires until the frame is drawn together perfectly rigid.

The best wheels obtainable for any type of land yacht, large or small, are the front wheels used on bicycles. They have a strong fork, and the neck of the fork can be easily fitted through the backbone and crossbeam of the yacht.

To hold the wires the builder should use heavy steel screw eyes. If the backbone and beam are made of pretty hard wood screw eyes will hold heavy wire and will permit of its being twisted taut.

Care must be taken not to place the cross beam too far back of the bow. The beam should be mortised into the backbone a little. The wheels on the beam, one on each end, must be stationary, and should be driven into very tight sockets. If they are not tight, of course, it would be hard, if not impossible, to steer the yacht with a tiller on the stern wheel.

If it is desired, seats made from the bottoms and backs of chairs can be screwed on to the backbone, but the land yachts which have been built for racing in Florida have not been fitted with seats. The racers find best to sit directly on the framework.

IN SOCIETY
Said good Mrs. Bug to good Mrs. Slug:
"I'm sorry to say I must bid you good Day-
On leaving the afternoon tea,
But my buggy is waiting. You see!"
M-A-Glen

FIGURES ON THE SCREEN.

Boys and girls can have an impromptu "show" to amuse a party without buying anything to prepare for it. Indeed, there are several kinds of shows that they may have, but one that is especially good, being an excellent substitute for a magic lantern.

The materials needed consist of a white cloth, or a large sheet of white paper, a mirror, a candle, and some figures of persons and animals cut out of paper. The figures may be of any kind desired, either natural or grotesque, and the more you prepare, the better the entertainment.

In getting ready for the show stretch the cloth against the wall and place a small table opposite to it at a distance of a few feet. On the table place a lighted candle, and before the candle put a book, so that the light from the candle will not fall directly on the cloth, but leave it in comparative darkness.

Now, with the figures all ready, have the room darkened except for the light of the candle, and hold the mirror sideways before the candle at such an angle that the reflection of it will be thrown on the cloth. Take one of the figures and hold it between the candle and the mirror, and its shadow, reflected on the mirror will be shown in silhouette on the cloth.

Move the figure forward between the candle and the mirror and it will appear to walk; or two may easily be made to move in opposite directions. Any ingenious boy or girl can arrange the movements to have an amusing effect; indeed, the possibilities of the little device are almost endless.

THE EASTER PARADE OF TOY ANIMALS.

This is an Easter procession in Toyland. The rabbits are entertaining the other animals. It was getting rather dull in Toyland and the big elephant said: "Look, here, rabbits, you have got to do something to make it merry for us or else move away from Toyland.

"I've heard," went on the elephant, "that many years ago, in Germany, you rabbits used to do something to add to the gayety of Easter, but of late years you haven't done anything but pose and look pretty.

"Now," went on the elephant, getting mad, as he thought how lazy the rabbits have been, "I want you to prove that you have a right to all this publicity in connection with the Easter stories. Tradition says you used to hide the Easter eggs and the children would hunt for them.

"This year we will make you hunt for them. The children have hidden the eggs in the woods and you must find them."

When the rabbits heard the big elephant say these things they scampered away to find a lot of eggs and arrange a fine Easter procession. This picture shows what they did to please the big animals. They built carts of colored straw and filled them with Easter eggs and little chickens, and some of the older rabbits dressed up like sailors, and it was the finest Easter procession that ever went down the main street of Toyland.

DULUTH BASEBALL IN A CHAOTIC STATE

Duluth Fashion Team May Be Turned Over to Northern League, With Van Praagh As Manager, and the Tangle Straightened Out.

Chaotic conditions characterize local baseball affairs.

The Northern league backers have a franchise but no team.

L. Van Praagh has a fast team but no Northern league franchise.

The Northern league season opens in a few brief weeks, and altogether the situation is trying on the nerves of the local fans.

The suggestion that the Duluth Fashion team be turned over to the Northern league, with Manager Van Praagh at its head, seems to meet with universal approval.

Negotiations with this object in view have been under way during the week, but the local people interested in the Northern league say that it is impossible for them to reach a definite conclusion until the league officers visit here, which will probably be within a few days.

It is reported that the Northern league will bar colored players. Such an action would certainly greatly handicap Duluth if the Fashion team should represent this city, as Wilson, one of the best independent professional pitchers in the West, has signed a contract with Manager Van Praagh.

Probably by next Saturday or sooner the tangle will be straightened out, and the fans will then know where, when and upon whom to set their hope.

* * *

The court house baseball team is organized, and if Manager Pierce can only get members of the chain gang to run bases for his players, the indications are that the team will be faster than ever.

* * *

With baseball again an organized sport, the control of the great national game is practically in the hands of five men. The average fan only sees the players, and occasionally a team manager, but behind the organization which makes baseball the sport that it is are the presidents of the various leagues throughout the country, and upon these men rests the responsibility of defending and maintaining the high standards without which baseball would soon become discredited.

The peace treaty recently ratified at Cincinnati recognized the existence of two major leagues and provided for a national agreement which will bind the two big leagues together with the minor leagues of the country so that baseball throughout the land (with the sole exception of the California league) is under the control of a definite organization.

Naturally in this new organization the major leaguers will set the example for the minors and dominate the conduct of the sport. The central figure in the reorganization and without question the now greatest and most powerful man in baseball is Byron Bancroft Johnson, the president of the American league.

Ban Johnson got his first ideas of baseball along with his Greek, Latin and mathematics while in college. He was catcher on his college nine, and was an active supporter of athletics during his school days. Later, as sporting editor of a Cincinnati paper, he took pleasure in "outknocking" the late Harry Weldon by giving advice to and regulating the batting averages of the league stars that appeared for and against the reds.

It was in the winter of 1893 that Ban Johnson first entered the baseball field as an executive, taking the presidency of the then Western league. It was through the efforts of Charles A. Comiskey, then manager of the Cincinnati National league club, that Johnson accepted the new position. Johnson took the place with the understanding that Comiskey would join with him in reorganizing the league, which was then of decidedly minor importance. "Comy" was true to his word, and the year following he linked his fortunes with Johnson, left Cincinnati and took the franchise of the St. Paul club.

Johnson always had the faculty of surrounding himself with able lieutenants. Besides Comiskey, such men as Tom Loftus, the Killileas and others were placed back of the club, and the Western league always had the best of advice in its councils. Johnson was always the organizer and real leader, however, just as he is today.

The first few years were stormy ones, with the circuit constantly shifting. In 1899, however, it had become the strongest of the minor leagues, and in the summer of 1900 Johnson accomplished the invasion of Chicago and Cleveland—the first move toward the expansion which has finally landed the American league in the major class. With the annexation of Chicago the organization's name was changed from the Western to the American league.

The year following—1901—the American leaguers asked the National league, which was then supreme in baseball, for its unoccupied territory at Washington and Baltimore and for another club in Philadelphia. The National league, however, looked with envy upon the young and growing organization, and opposed the Eastern invasion, whereupon Johnson started active war measures and invaded not only Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, but Boston and St. Louis as well.

The close organization of the American league magnates and the able management of Johnson not only made possible the invasion of this National league territory, but the capture of the majority of the older league's star players as well.

By the successful annexation of Boston, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago and St. Louis and the maintaining of his position in Detroit and Cleveland, Johnson had already won recognition for his league as a major organization, but it remained for him to strike the final blow by the invasion of New York. This Johnson accomplished this winter, and, despite great opposition and although practically all the critics called the task impossible, he located his grounds on Manhattan island. With a strong team established there, he has every prospect for a good season, thus making his circuit all that could be desired and fully the equal of that of the National league.

All of these things Johnson accomplished, but more than this, in doing so he practically compelled the National league to sue for peace, and in the settlement at Cincinnati gained for the American league complete recognition from its former rival and all for which it had fought.

All in all, President Johnson's record is unparalleled in the annals of baseball history. He has ruifilled every promise which he has made to the public, and in the short time of ten years has developed a weak minor league into one of the strongest among major leagues. Moreover, the Johnson campaign has been such a vigorous one that its leader, although young himself and the promoter of a young organization, is practically the dictator of baseball in this country.

* * *

Harry Pulliam, the present leader of the National league, has yet to make his reputation as a baseball executive, but as a Kentucky colonel, a member of the legislature, as a Louisville lawyer or as a thirty-third degree fan, his position is already well established.

If he can do as much for the National league as he has accomplished for Barney Dreyfuss and the pirates, the old organization is in good hands.

Pulliam began his march toward the hall of fame as a young attorney in Louisville. He did not develop a great liking for the law, but was too popular to be kept out of the state legislature. He afterward was captured by a newspaper and gained the proud title of city editor on a daily in the Kentucky metropolis.

The baseball microbe soon got to the popular young Kentuckian, however, and he deserted his other profession and began his baseball career as secretary for the Louisville club. He was closely associated with Barney Dreyfuss in this capacity, and when Barney disposed of the colonels and bought the Pittsburg club Pulliam went with him to the Smoky City.

As secretary of the pirates Pulliam has had a great share in their successes, he has gained a wide acquaintance throughout the country, together with a large share of baseball experience, and he has grown as popular about the National league circuit as he was formerly in Louisville.

When "Uncle Nick" Young retired from the presidency of the National league Pulliam was the unanimous choice of the magnates as his successor. Pulliam has the active support and is in the confidence of Dreyfuss, Herrmann and Hart, the new leaders of the rejuvenated National league. He has already started an active campaign for the suppression of rowdyism, and gives promise of actually "governing" the league—something which former National league officials have considered foreign to their office. He has every prospect of a successful administration.

* * *

Pugilist Tom Allen, who died at St. Louis on Sunday at the age of 64 years, came to this country in 1867 with a reputation of a high class fighter. His height was 5 feet 10¼, which at that time was a point where the big fighters congregated during the period immediately following the war, and had a fight with Big Bill Davis on Jan. 12, 1869, whom he beat in forty-three rounds.

His next fight was with Mike McCool, who was looked upon as the coming champion, having fought Joe Coburn. This battle took place at Foster's Island, near St. Louis, June 15, 1869, for $1000 a side. Allen made a chopping block of McCool, but the crowd was with Mike, and there was no possible chance for the Englishman to win. To avoid being killed the referee, Valentine McKinney, awarded the fight to McCool on a foul.

On Aug. 17 the same year Allen met Charley Gallagher at Foster's Island and won in twelve rounds.

The following year Allen met Jem Mace for the world's championship May 10 at Bay St. Louis. Mace won in the tenth round. Mace at that time was in his thirty-ninth year and was considered the cleverest man that ever put his hands in the prize ring. Allen was tough and game, but was outclassed from the start, Mace winning without receiving a scratch worth speaking of. The fight caused considerable interest throughout the country. Mace's attendants were Jim Cusick and Jerry Donovan, of Chicago, while Joe Coburn and Sherman Thurston, of Chicago, were behind Allen. Rufus Hunt acted as referee and Al Smith was the timekeeper. John C. Heenan was umpire for Mace.

Mace retired and Allen got the championship by defeating Mike McCool at Foster's Island, Sept. 23, 1873.

His last fight was with Joe Goss in Kentucky in 1877. He beat Goss to a standstill, but the crowd of toughs, headed by "Red" Leary, was against Allen to a man and was determined that Goss should not lose. The result was that Allen, to save his life, had to commit a foul and thereby lost the fight.

Allen also had a fight at one time with Ben Hogan, the evangelist. This battle took place in Kentucky, and after a couple of rounds the crowd broke into the ring and stopped the encounter.

Allen was never liked in this country in his fighting days because he was continually challenging Joe Coburn.

* * *

Baseballs are used only during the spring and summer, but all through the year they are made. One plant has a monopoly in the manufacture of the best balls—the $1.50 official sort—and this plant employs, year in and year out, 1250 hands, and it makes year in and year out, 1200 dozen balls a day. Thus its annual output is close upon 5,000,000 baseballs a year.

The spring is here. The players of the national game are limbering up. The millions of new baseballs that have been accumulating since last fall are beginning to be sold. There follows now a description of the making of all those balls—a glimpse at the inside of the big, five-story, red brick baseball factory, with its 1250 young men, young girls and boys at work.

It takes, in the factory, thirty minutes to make one $1.50 baseball, from its winding clean through to its packing. Each ball is five ounces in weight, nine inches in circumference and three inches in diameter. The various machines keep these dimensions regular, and an additional precaution towards regularity lies in the many sets of scales that stand in every room of the big factory. Each ball, in each stage of its making, is weighed. Each ball goes through no less than five weighings before it is done. The average professional team puts from four to six new baseballs in play in the course of a game. The average amateur team puts in play two or three balls. The average boys' team puts in play one ball, and stops the game if that gets lost.

A St. Louis team holds holds the record for the number of new balls used in one game. That number was seventeen. The year wherein the record was made was 1878. Of the millions of baseballs that are made, none are used by foreigners. Baseball is an American game, and none but Americans play it. In small quantities, however, balls are exported. They go to Cuba, to the Philippines, and, during the Boxer uprising, they went to China. For wherever Americans are, ball must be played, and wherever American soldiers and sailors are, baseballs must be shipped.

* * *

The Shamrock III is not such a light-powered boat as Sir Thomas Lipton, Designer William Fife and all who are interested in the challenger would like everyone to think. Various reports have come from the other side about spar clipping and small sail spread, but now that the yacht has been seen and her spars have been put in position, it is known that she will have considerably more canvas than the Columbia carried. It was said that the sail spread would be about the same as that of the Columbia.

The mast, which is one piece, is about 166 feet from end to end. About ten feet of this is buried in the mast step, the boom at the gooseneck is about 3 feet 6 inches above the deck, and the topsail halliard block is about 18 inches from the trunk.

In measuring the sail spread the distance from the upper side of the boom to the topsail halliard block is taken, which on the Shamrock III will be about 151 feet.

This is considerably more than any other cup challenger or defender has measured until this year. It was thought that Mr. Fife had figured on a very tall rig, which would be small on the base line, the distance from the end of the boom to the forward point of measurement.

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents.
S. F. Boyce.

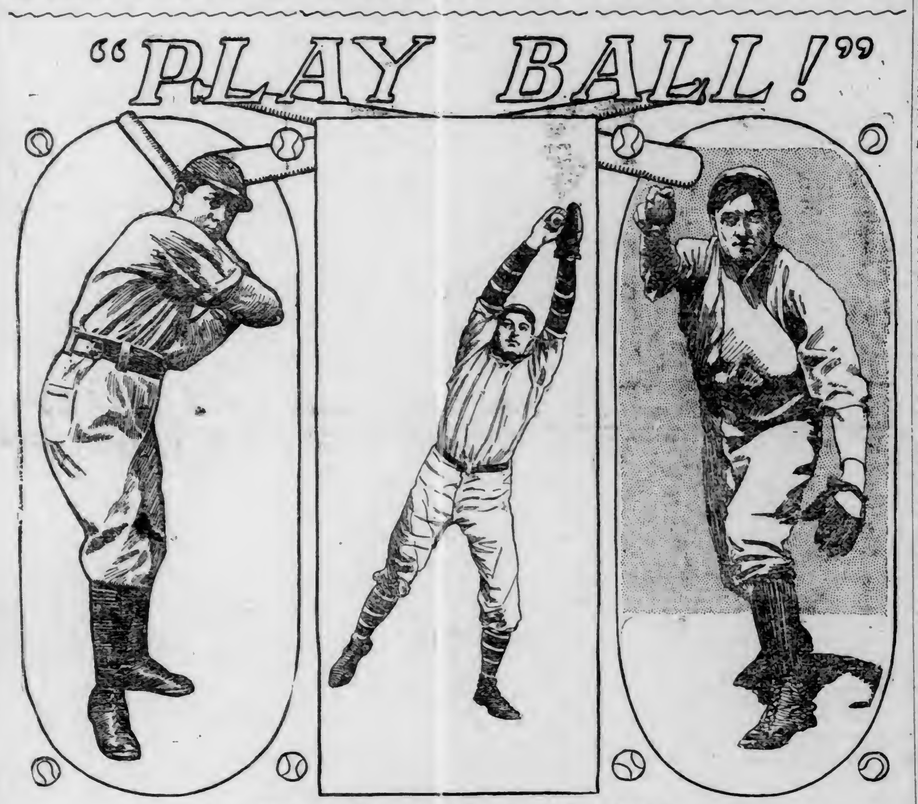
THIN PEOPLE

want to get fat and fat people want to get thin—human nature. If you are fat don't take Scott's Emulsion. It will make you gain flesh. If you are thin Scott's Emulsion is just what you need.

It is one of the greatest flesh producers known. Not temporary gains but healthy, solid flesh that will fill out the body where it is needed.

There's nothing better than Scott's Emulsion for weakness and wasting.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.



THE OPENING OF THE BASEBALL SEASON.

The baseball season of the National league opens April 15 and the American league April 20. The season with both major and minor leagues promises to be a very successful one.

Have you Indigestion?
Have you Sick Headaches?
Take
Beecham's Pills

To avoid Indigestion

That distressed feeling is simply a poorly-working stomach—it needs a little help—no matter how bad it may be, a dose of **Beecham's Pills** will speedily give relief. Take **Beecham's Pills** for a few days and the trouble will disappear.

To cure Sick Headaches

Sick headaches mean an overtaxed stomach and a derangement of the digestive organs. **Beecham's Pills** have proved themselves a boon for removing that distressed feeling and discomfort. A dose will remove the immediate cause and if repeated for a few days will enable your system to work normally.

Sold Everywhere in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer
SUCCESS
IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY.
UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING.
UNEQUALED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS...
"ALWAYS THE SAME GOOD OLD Blatz"
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
A TONIC
FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
ALL DRUGGISTS
VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. MILWAUKEE
Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. S. and Railroad Street. Telephone 62.

AMONG THE PLANTS

It begins to dry off a little now, and last week's directions for a few early things can soon be done. Of course the main crop need not be planted for two weeks yet. In the article of last week the printer made me say that it needed a firm soil to cover the seeds with. I guess that the only gardening he ever dig was to dig fish worms. It ought to have read fine soil; in fact the finer and softer the better, still it can be pressed down firmly. Another word on this subject; for well begun is half done in the garden. If your soil is heavy you can sow small seeds thickly. Most of the vegetable plants, when they grow large, have to be from three to six inches apart, but we always sow about eight times more seeds than we want plants, so as to take advantage of combined effort. One seed alone could not find his way up through the hard crust, but he and his fellows all give a mighty push altogether and the earth is rent the whole length of the row, and up they come like a tiny regiment of soldiers, and throwing off their brown coats, two seed leaves unfold, which had been neatly folded in hard garment. Don't think of planting out any plants grown in the house yet. I am planting out pansies on a piece of sandy land, but these plants have been thrown open to the sun and wind for some time, and have become as hardy as can be, but you cannot harden plants in the house that way, and you might lose them.

Answeres to questions: First, the cotton-like insects are mealy bug, dip a brown straw in kerosene and touch the bug, but not the plant.

Second, Cenerarias. No, they are of no good after the blooms are gone. Their losing of the lower leaves is caused by being dry some time. Once they wilt they are gone; they will also wilt if drowned with too much water.

Third, Seed germination. The vegetable seeds that will germinate at a very low temperature are peas, cabbage, cauliflower, parsley, salsify, lettuce, radish, beets and parsnip, and the advantage of early sowing is that the moisture rises clean to the top of the soil in the very early spring, and the seeds can be covered lightly and yet get moisture enough to grow, while later the seeds must be covered deeper to escape the drying winds, and should a spring drouth set in, they may not come up at all.

E. C. LINDSAY,
Lester Park Greenhouses.

FIGHTING AT SAN DOMINGO

Troops of President Vasquez Repulsed After Hard Battle.

Port au Prince, Hayti, April 10.—Reports received here from San Domingo city say that another engagement between the government forces besieging San Domingo and the revolutionists, who are in possession of that city, took place April 5. The troops of President Vasquez attacked the revolutionists and were repulsed after severe fighting, during which many were killed or wounded on both sides. The American, German, Italian and Dutch warships landed marines to protect the consulates of their respective countries. The revolutionary warship Independencia took part in the defense of San Domingo city.

The belief prevails here that the Dominican revolutionists will eventually triumph.

Dispatches received by the Associated Press from San Domingo city, April 5, and dated April 1 and 2, reported an engagement April 1 between the forces of President Vasquez and those of the revolutionists at Pajarito, a suburb of San Domingo city, their retreat being covered by the fire of the artillery of the City of San Domingo. The Dominican government gunboat Presidente took part in the engagement of April 1.

HEAVY WIND AND RAIN

Did Considerable Damage In Several Kansas Towns.

Independence, Kas., April 10.—One of the most severe wind and rainstorms in years prevailed in this part of the state last night. East of here the storm was most severe and rain fell as if from a the wind and small buildings were moved from their foundations and unroofed. Heavy damage is reported between Labete and Montgomery counties. The wires are down.

Parsons, Kas., April 10.—The wind storm here last night caused more damage than at first reported, nearly all the temporary buildings at the state asylum were destroyed and the walls of the powerhouse, which was ready for the roof, demolished. The home of A. C. Folk was blown from its foundation but no one was hurt.

LANDLORD HELD

As Responsible For Death of Tenants By Fire.

Philadelphia, April 10.—Israel Isdiner, owner of the Monroe street tenement, in which three lives were lost by fire on Wednesday, was committed by the coroner to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of criminal neglect. It was shown that Isdiner had failed to provide fire escapes on the property as required by law and the coroner's jury held him responsible for the death of the tenants.

HILL CONSULTS WITH MORGAN.

New York, April 10.—President J. J. Hill of the Northern Securities company was at his office today, calling later on J. P. Morgan. Mr. Hill made quite a stay at Mr. Morgan's office, where he conferred with several members of the firm. None of those interested would comment further on yesterday's decision of the United States circuit court.

BESS TO HANG.

Lexington, Ky., April 10.—James W. Bess, convicted of killing Mrs. Martha Martin here March 6, was today sentenced to be hanged Friday, June 12.

SECURED NO BOOTY.

Sedalia, Mo., April 10.—Robbers wrecked the vault of the bank of Smithson, eight miles west of here, early today. Citizens were attracted to the scene by the explosion and a running pistol fight with the robbers took place. The robbers escaped but it is believed that one of them was wounded. They secured no booty.

OFFERS ART COLLECTIONS.

Philadelphia, April 10.—P. A. B. Widener, the capitalist and traction magnate, has offered to the city his entire art collection providing the art museum is erected at the Green street entrance to Fairmount park. Mr. Widener says also that the collection of Mr. and Mrs. Wilstach will be added to his. The proposal was made to Mayor Weaver, who says he can see no reason why the project cannot be accomplished.

MYSTERY

Surrounds Disappearance of John Church and Wife.

Moorcroft, Wyo., April 10.—There is much excitement here over the mysterious disappearance of John W. Church and wife, formerly in the Union Pacific general offices at Omaha, now a ranch owner fifty miles south of Gillett. They were last seen on the morning of March 15 by W. C. Clifton at the ranch. Church's mother from Council Bluffs, Iowa, has been here ten days to meet him, and is nearly distracted. Large parties have gone in search for the missing couple. Pending investigation, Clifton is being held.

LOW REPORT DENIED.

Washington, April 10.—On the best authority it is positively denied here that the name of Mayor Seth Low, of New York, has ever been considered in connection with the American embassy at Paris.

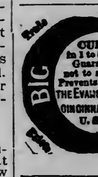
"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

Snow white clothes are the result of using
GOLD DUST
It makes light the labors of washing. Turns wash day into play day. Better than any Soap
and more economical.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

Moving and Storage.
The Old Reliable
DULUTH VAN CO.
210 W. Sup. St. 'PHONES: Old 492, Zenith 767

Burlington Route
St. Louis and the South
Are conveniently and comfortably reached by our two trains a day.
The Limited, leaving Minneapolis at 7:25, St. Paul 8 p. m. daily, arrives in St. Louis the following afternoon. Combination Compartment and Standard Sleepers and Reclining Chair Cars.
The Scenic Express, leaving Minneapolis at 7:30, St. Paul 8:05 a. m. except Sunday, arrives in St. Louis early next morning. Sleeping Cars from Rock Island south.
This is the most direct route from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Clinton, Davenport, Rock Island, and all Mississippi River cities.
Passengers by either train make close connections with lines South, Southeast and Southwest in St. Louis Union Station.
ASK YOUR HOME AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions indispensable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 88E, Times Bldg., New York.
—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist



MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.
WILCOX MEDICAL CO.
829 N. 15th STREET, - PHILA., PA.

Photographed from Life.
REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. Acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale at Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 23 W. Superior St.

PENNELL'S STORY

Dictated Before Death Gives No Additional Information.

Inquest Completed Without Throwing Light on Tragedy.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 11.—The evidence given yesterday at the inquest into the deaths of Arthur R. Pennell and Mrs. Pennell, before Justice Murphy, will not help the authorities in any way to a solution of the Burdick murder mystery. Whether the tragedy at Gehers' stone quarry, on March 10, in which Pennell was killed and Mrs. Pennell was fatally injured, was due to accident or design was not proven.

Thomas Penney, who has acted as attorney for the Pennell family since Arthur Pennell's death, declared that so far as he was aware nothing in the papers left by Mr. Pennell would throw any light upon the murder of Edwin Burdick.

When questioned regarding the alleged defalcations by Pennell, Mr. Penney declined to answer.

J. Frederick Pennell, the brother of the dead lawyer and administrator of his estate, who has possession of most of the papers, was out of the city, and Mr. Penney informed the court that he did not know where he was or when he would return to Buffalo.

"Evidence that would show defalcation would simply be accumulative," said Justice Murphy, after the evidence was all in. "No stronger motive could be proven than has already been brought out here. But proving a motive does not establish suicide. The court is prepared to announce its findings."

Judge Murphy then delivered his verdict as follows:

"I find and certify:

"That Arthur R. Pennell came to his death on the 10th day of March, 1903, as a result of injuries received while riding in an automobile, the said automobile plunging from an embankment into the Gehres' stone quarry.

"That I cannot determine the evidence submitted whether such plunge was accidental or designed.

"That Carrie Lam bPennell came to her death as a result of the said plunge of the automobile into the quarry."

W. C. Omphelius, Pennell's stenographer, produced a typewritten copy of the first draft of a statement prepared for publication by Pennell before his death. The statement in full is as follows:

To the Public: Now that the flood of sensationalism and yellow journalism has lessened, and that public excitement has died down to a calmer consideration of the facts and events leading up to a terrible tragedy, which has recently taken place in this city, I wish, in behalf of myself, but, especially more to make this statement.

Owing to the fact that my name was so unfortunately connected with the pending divorce proceedings, it was forced into great publicity in connection with the tragedy itself, so far as any possible connection with that crime was concerned, I satisfied, I think, the district attorney and his assistants thoroughly that I had nothing to do with it, and since that time neither has my house nor myself been under suspicion or surveillance.

After being out for a short time in the early part of the evening I spent the rest of it at home, as was shown by the evidence of my wife and the servant girl in our house. I think I was soon acquitted, both by the public and the authorities, with any connection with the crime.

It now becomes incumbent upon me to make some statement relative to my connection with the divorce proceedings. In this statement I wish to say as little as possible upon the dead. But it must be remembered that those who are living have their lives to live, and the rights of the living are greater than the rights of the dead. There was no truth in the charges brought by the plaintiff in that proceeding against the defendant and myself. The charges were absolutely denied under oath, and counter-charges had been made, and in a short time the case would have been quietly tried before a referee and settled.

The relations existing between the plaintiff and the defendant had been strained for some time. Twice he had unjustly attempted to make her leave her home. My wife and myself had taken her side in the controversy that arose between them, and she had consulted me for legal advice and protection. During this time the man himself was in intimate relations with a woman whom he desired to marry. For that purpose it was necessary to be free from his wife. He discovered the fact that his wife knew of these relations by gaining access to the safe deposit vault where she kept her papers, through forgery, and written orders over her blank signature, and purloining the keys from her.

Being thus apprised of the evidence against him, he determined to anticipate her action by bringing an action himself, in order that he might have the appearance of being the injured party, and out of the vindictiveness and desire to injure me as much as possible, he made me a defendant in the action. His allegations were promptly denied, and the issues would have been squarely met when his death occurred at the hands of some unknown woman whom he had invited to his house at midnight. Nothing more unfortunate could have occurred for everybody involved, as the entire matter necessarily became public, and if the truth could have appeared the harm would not have been so great, but truth and yellow journalism are at opposite poles, and consequently a mass of lies, fiction and imagination was published which had no possible basis in fact, but for the sake of those concerned these misrepresentations must be taken up and met.

First—In reference to the office which I was alleged to have maintained in Ellicott square. That office was leased and furnished by me under an arrangement with another man whose name can be given, to enable him to do a collection bunsiness. Shortly after that arrangement he received an offer of a salaried position in another city, which he desired to accept. I arranged, therefore, to release him, and no business was ever done in the office, nor was it ever used as a meeting place in any manner so falsely and unjustly indicated.

Secondly—In reference to the alleged statements of a New York detective agency, whose main business seems to have been to give their clients' secrets to the public, I desire to say that, without knowing what arrangements were made with them by any person, any statements on the part of such agency tending to reflect in any way upon either myself or any other person involved, are unqualifiedly false, and have no basis in fact. They are made up of those unfounded statements of this class of spies which have become of such doubtful value that even in the courts it is now almost held that the presumption is against their credibility.

Thirdly—During the pendency of the divorce action it became necessary for me to consult with the defendant in reference to the course to pursue. For that purpose it was decided that a meeting should take place here, in New York, or at Atlantic City, but in such cases as can be absolutely proven these meetings were in such places and under such circumstances as to absolutely negative any other idea than the purpose of transacting the affairs relative to the divorce action.

Finally, it may be said that the crime is as great a mystery to the writer as to anyone. Terrible notoriety and publicity has been brought upon people, more especially women, who have entirely undeserved it, and great wrong has been done all concerned, especially to the family which has suffered, and must suffer, most. For that we must thank the spirit of yellow journalism, which does not hesitate to violate every principle of truth, honor, chivalry, justice and sanctity in those efforts to make news and sell papers, which make that style of journalism one of the sickening things of modern civilization.

But little testimony was taken by the court. Frank Jerger, who saw the automobile on the afternoon of the tragedy, described the movements of the vehicle. Attorney Penney objected to the testimony as irrelevant, whereupon Judge Murphy declared that Mr. Penney had no right to object.

"I think, your honor, that we have at least a common law right to enter objections here to a lot of irrelevant eestimony," said Attorney Penney.

"I think I am capable of conducting this inquiry," rejoined Judge Murphy.

Mr. Penney attempted to cross-question the witness concerning the time, trying thereby to show that Jerger was guessing at it. Judge Murphy again interposed and a heated colloquy between the justice and Attorney Penney ensued. The attorney declared that the proceeding had been irregular all the way through. The dispute ended with a threat from the judge to eject Mr. Penney.

George Volk, saloonkeeper in Kensington avenue, testified to Pennell's having bought a drink of whisky and a cigar at his place at 6 o'clock on the evening of the automobile ride.

James Reilly, a boy, saw Pennell's auto stop in front of Volk's saloon. Mrs. Pennell was inside the carriage. He saw Pennell come out of the saloon and get into the automobile.

"Just before he got in he said something and he and Mrs. Pennell laughed," said the witness.

Pennell put the top down until he got in and then put it up again, rang the gong and started away.

George Dunbar testified to hearing the gong of an automobile on the evening of March 10. He turned and saw Pennell with his hand up to his head, as if he were reaching for his hat, which seemingly had blown off. As his hand came down the automobile swayed and went over the bank.

Attorney Maurice Spratt, representing a life insurance company, endeavored to ascertain from the witness if the automobile was not on one side of the street or the other, but Dunbar insisted that it was in the centre of the street. The most significant feature of the testimony of Dunbar was that Pennell rang his gong to warn him before the vehicle plunged into the quarry.

William Lannon, who was with Dunbar at the time of the accident, told a similar story.

Thomas Penney, Pennell's counsel, had little information of importance he cared to make public. He thought he first went to Pennell's house on the morning of March 12 with Frederick Pennell. From the house they went to Pennell's office.

"Did you examine any papers in Pennell's office?"

"I did not."

"Did Fred Pennell?"

"I didn't think so."

"Did the clerk, Mr. Omphellus?"

"I do not know that he did. Some boxes were taken out of a safe and put back."

Mr. Penney then said that he was willing to tell anything that had any bearing on the Burdick case, but he would insist on exercising his privilege as attorney for the estate of refusing to answer any questions relative to the Pennell estate or the Pennell papers bearing on the estate.

"Mr. Penney cannot be made to testify about these things," said the court.

"Do you know anything about Pennell's financial affairs at the time of his death?"

"I do not."

"Do you know whether he owed any considerable amount of money at the time of his death?"

"I decline to answer."

"What do you know about the story that Pennell was a defaulter?"

"I decline to answer. I am willing to state that Pennell's papers refer in no reference in any of them to Mrs. Burdick or to detectives."

Wallace Thayer, who had been Pennell's attorney before his death, made a statement on the stand, saying:

"I will state that none of Mr. Pennell's communications to me, and in none of his papers, was there anything bearing on the Burdick murder or the death of Mr. Pennell. Pennell left with me a sealed envelope of instructions and two insurance policies for $25,000, which I was to hold in trust. I was instructed not to open the sealed package until the insurance money was paid public the name of the person or persons for whom I held the insurance in trust, or make known theur names to anybody aside from the beneficiary or beneficiaries. Now, that is all I care to state."

Witness Omphelius stated that Pennell had two revolvers in his office. Witness now had them at home. Pennell had one up to the day following the murder of Burdick, and then he got another.

Mr. Coatsworth inquired where J. Frederick Pennell would be in town. He said he wanted to inquire of Mr. Pennell about the alleged defalcations of his brother, and also as to whether he possessed any papers showing that he committed suicide.

"I thought the district attorney did no intend to go into these matters," said Mr. Penney.

"The court has instructed me to go into these matters," said Mr. Coatsworth.

Judge Murphy said it might not be important whether Pennell was a defaulter or not.

"I don't believe any greater motive can be established than has been brought out here," he said. He then rendered his verdict and the inquest was declared closed.

MRS. EDITH WHITE'S WONDERFUL STORY.

She Suffered for Years, but was Cured at last by Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

RELIEVED AFTER DOCTORS HAD FAILED.

Resident of Salt Lake City, Utah, Adds Her Willing Testimony to Thousands.

[*From the Salt Lake City News.*]

The story of Mrs. Edith White's suffering and cure from a deep seated chronic kidney disease reads more like an account of some wonder worked at a sacred shrine than a plain every-day fact. However, every detail is vouched for by Mrs. White's friends and neighbors.

Mrs. Edith White resides at No. 272 South Eighth Street, Salt Lake City. Several years ago she was afflicted with an obscure form of kidney disease. The inability of the medical profession to cope with this kind of disease was forcibly illustrated in her case. The more doctors she consulted, and the more medicine she took the worse she seemed to become. Nothing would touch the disease. Finally a friend recommended Sagwa, the famous Kickapoo Indian remedy. Mrs. White took a few bottles and was completely cured. Here is what she says:

"KICKAPOO INDIAN REMEDY CO.,

"*Gentlemen:* I am so grateful for what your Kickapoo Indian Sagwa has done for me that I feel constrained to write you. Let me say first this testimonial is entirely unsolicited, as I don't suppose you ever even heard of my name till you received this.

"For a number of years I have been greatly afflicted with Kidney trouble. I was in constant pain and all run down. My friends did not think I could live six months when I began to take Sagwa. The good effect was noticeable at once. I began to improve before I had taken half the first bottle and now count myself as completely cured.

"You are at liberty to publish this statement and also to refer anyone to me personally. MRS. EDITH WHITE."

272 So. Eighth St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Kickapoo Sagwa (sold everywhere for 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle) is a certain cure for all forms of kidney and liver troubles, for chills and fever, malaria, heart or stomach trouble, rheumatism, impoverished or impure blood, constipation, catarrh or any nervous disorder. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa will surely cure you and being composed entirely of herbs, roots, etc., it never leaves an unpleasant effect, but cures to stay cured.

Uncle Reuben's Opinion.

"They may say what they please, but listen—hear me; I've taken all kinds of laxatives, purgatives and cathartics, but when it comes to one that is easy and pleasant to take, mild and gentle in its action, and that makes one want an extra slice of bacon for breakfast, just give me Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and you may have all the laxative syrups, dyspepsia medicines and pills, little or big, there is in this country. Them Tablets surely do make you feel joyful." For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

MONTAGUE RESIGNS.

Berkeley, Cal., April 10.—President Wheeler has anonunced the resignation of Dr. William D. Montague as instructor in the department of philosophy in Columbia university.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

IN LABOR WORLD

Two Strikes In Duluth Attract Attention This Week.

Painters and Decorators' Union Enjoying Season of Prosperity.

Important union meetings:

Bakers and confectioners, tonight, 18 West Superior street.

Tug Firemen's union on Monday at 31 West Superior street.

Plasterers' union meets Monday, 18 West Superior street.

Patternmakers' union on Monday, 31 West Superior street.

Meat Cutters' union on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Machinists' union on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Painters and decorators, Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Carpenters' union meets Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Sheet metal workers on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Steamfitters' union on Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Cooks and waiters meet Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Cigarmakers' union on Wednesday, 18 West Superior street.

Leatherworkers', union, Wednesday, 18 West Superior street.

Electrical workers on Thursday, 221 West Superior street.

Stationary engineers Thursday, 31 West Superior street.

Marine engineers meet Friday, 31 West Superior street.

* * *

Two strikes of more than ordinary consequence have held the close attention of all crafts during the past seven days. The strike of the Clyde machinists has extended to the patternmakers, blacksmiths and moulders of the Lake avenue plant, on account of the introduction of non-union machinists early in the week to replace the men that went out for a nine-hour day.

The machinists and other Clyde strikers have opened headquarters at 309 Manhattan building and are waging a campaign of literature and employing a modified picket system. The pickets have not interfered with the non-union men in the least, but on one or two occasions have succeeded in reaching a man's most vital part—his stomach—by notifying union restaurant men that they were about to feed a strike breaker, and then the restaurant man has refused to serve meals.

There is a strong hope on all sides that this difficulty with the Clyde may be speedily adjusted, and while present indications do not point to an immediate settlement, those that claim to know say they would not be surprised at a favorable turn of affairs almost any day.

* * *

The second strike of local interest is that of the tug firemen and oilers. This is mostly a West Superior affair, as the strikers have established headquarters on that side of the bay, but nevertheless the local marine followers have showed an intense interest.

On Lake avenue for several days the strikers displayed a sign urging men not to "scab," and on Thursday a non-union fireman seeking a job on the steamer Shaw was assaulted, but the members of the union disclaim having had anything to do with this occurrence, and the officers of the union are frank in condemning such an act, saying they can win their strike without resorting to methods which were employed on that occasion, and which so frequently turn public sympathy from a just cause.

* * *

Copies of the agreement between the L. T. P. A. and the Great Lakes Towing company and also between the union marine workers and the Great Lakes Tug and Dredge Owners' Protective association have been received in this city.

The text of these agreements have been published previously, so that the official notices do not contain much that is actually new, but they are interesting the marine workers, nevertheless.

* * *

The Painters' and Decorators' union is certainly a prosperous organization. Nine new members were obligated last Tuesday evening, and fourteen new applications for membership were presented. The outlook for the current season is exceptionally bright for this particular craft.

* * *

Henry Dworschak, of the Typographical union, has returned to Duluth after an absence of six weeks at Mount Clemens, where he went on account of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. Mr. Dworschak is much improved.

* * *

President Ewald of the Machinists' union has been on the sick list during the past week.

* * *

The Grain Trimmers' union held the first meeting of the season in the Kalamazoo block on Wednesday afternoon and elected the following officers: Peter Briggs, president; Samuel Crawford, vice president; Archie Shearer, financial secretary; William D. Nolan, recording secretary and treasurer.

Back Ache Is Kidney Ache.

May as well call things by their right name. It is backache, to be sure—but the kidneys are to blame nine times out of ten. They fail to take the uric acid out of the blood—that's where the trouble begins—You know the rest; backache, headache, urinary troubles, diabetes—and then, Bright's Disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Cure kidney trouble of any kind. Are doing it right here in Duluth every day. Duluth people indorse this claim and tell their experience for the benefit of others. Read this case:

Mrs. William Lynn, of 120 Third street west, says: "I suffered a great deal for many years with pains through my back and kidneys. Especially if I caught cold or overtaxed myself I tired very easily and often when working about the house my back hurt me so that I was obliged to sit down and rest myself. I tried many remedies, but could get nothing to relieve the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and commenced using them. They acted like a charm, and in a few days was much better. I continued the treatment until the trouble was banished, and since then I have felt splendid."

All Druggists. Price 50 Cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

CASS LAKE.

(Continued from page 23.)

T. Dalton went to Crookston on Wednesday on business.

Ben Venars was here visiting relatives Sunday and Monday.

The school board met on Wednesday evening in the bank building and decided to put the building and purchase of a site on the Indian allotment before the voters on the 23 of April. There is a strong desire to build a large schoolhouse to meet the growing demand of the village. A site can be secured on an Indian allotment for $900, and the school board appeals to the voters for their approval to purchase the land. This year the churches were used for school purposes.

E. M. Stanton was re-appointed city attorney for anotehr year on Saturday evening by the council.

Mrs. Burt Wilderman went to Canada this week to visit with her parents, she will be away several months.

Special Easter services will be held in the M. E. church on Sunday.

The Catholic Ladies' will give a dance in the near future.

Mrs. Chapin went to Hibbing on Wednesday, accompanied by her husband. They sold their home on section sixteen and will make Hibbing their future home.

Mrs. F. Smith sold her home on the reservation to Mrs. Bodine, who will move into it next week.

Mrs. Sarffe went to Waterville, Minn., to visit her parents for a few weeks.

The Masons were surprised on Tuesday evening after the lodge to find a fine luncheon awaiting them. The repast was given by Mrs. L. H. Burns, assisted by Mrs. J. E. Nelson and Mrs. Dr. Stanton. There were short speeches and an enjoyable time.

Archdeacon Appleby preached on Sunday evening to a large congregation in the M. E. church.

The Episcopals expect to build a church this spring.

G. Millette went to Bemidji and Blackduck on Thursday. He will return on Monday.

Mrs. George Stein entertained a large number of guests in honor of her sister Mrs. Fuller, who returned to Shakopee on Wednesday after a visit of a few weeks. There was a large and enthusiastic gathering and the evening was greatly enjoyed.

Mrs. McKinnon returned to Farris on Thursday.

Rose Miller returned to Battle River after a visit of a few days with friends in Cass Lake.

Miss Drysdale has repaired her photo case and photos are again on view. The boys recently broke the case open and took out all the photos of the pretty Cass Lake girls.

Sheriff Hardy went to Blackduck Thursday on business.

George Fuller & Company have purchased a large store at Park Rapids and another in Virginia. They now own thirteen large stores in the state.

Miss Thompson returned from Chicago with a line of excellent hats and reopens her store on Saturday evening.

The Mackay family at Farris, which has been ill with typhoid fever for weeks is improving.

Rainbow Trout.

To the Editor of The Herald:

There was a Houghton dispatch in Thursday's Evening Herald regarding rainbow trout to be planted in Houghton county streams. There are thousands of rainbow trout up the St. Louis river. I was up there fishing last Fourth of July and caught some nice ones. I know of rainbows being caught in the same places that I fished weighing four and a half pounds, and several that have gone three pounds and over. They are splendid fish, as gamy as any fisherman wants to get any fish. I have seen them and caught them on the Muskegon river, Mich., weighing over six pounds. They will give any sportsman all the fun he wants if he is fishing with a fly rod and fine tackle such an angler would prefer to fish with. I wish it was possible to induce the Duluth Fly Fishing club to secure deposits of rainbows to put into Lake Superior streams instead of steel heads. Every inch of the rainbow is gamy, and every inch is good fish food. There is no undue amount of bony head, half the fish to be thrown away in celaning and they will give any one fishing all the fun he wants. Almost 1,000,000 rainbow trout have been deposited in small streams in the neighborhood of Carlton, and to a careful angler, the rainbows can be found by careful fishing, and, when found, the fisherman is up against a trout problem if he never was before in his life. I am, respectfully yours,

W. D. TOMLIN,

Duluth, April 10.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN

Men who are always digging up the roots are sure to be disappointed in the fruits.

What shall it profit a church if it sell all its oysters and lose its spiritual power?

The economics of Christianity are not exhibited in the economy of the collection.

Our pride on account of the sins we do not commit will not procure pardon for those we do.

When a man boasts of his broad-mindedness he is usually trying to hide his shallow-headedness.

When a man knows the depth of the soil of sin he will not go around looking for a wider field of usefulness.

There is no difference in the principle back of the new pack of cards in the parlor and the greasy pack in the penitentiary.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Washington Post: A Missouri minister announces that in the future he will tell the truth when he preaches at a funeral. A funeral is the very last place where the truth should be recklessly told.

Philadelphia Press: The Baptist ministers of New York listened to some good advice on Monday from John Willis Baer, secretary of the Presbyterian board of Home missions, and John H. Converse, president of the Baldwin Locomotive works, who is also prominent in the Presbyterian church. Mr. Baer, in speaking of sermons, said that the people do not want "literary sermons," nor those based on philosophical or scientific subjects. They want "sermons with something in them to give men more hope and courage to face life's troubles." Mr. Baer is not mistaken on that point, though information, philosophical, scientific or otherwise, can well be used to convey such lessons of hope and courage. The clergymen who make good use of the news and events of the day are generally the most successful.

Batpist Standard: The story is told that on one of our missionary fields a native approached the missionary and declared that he wished to join the church. He was carefully examined, as is the custom, and answered satisfactorily most if not all of the questions put to him. Just before completing the examination the missionary asked the native if he had a wife. "Yes," he replied, "I have two." "Well," said the missionary, "we cannot receive you into the Baptist church if you have two wives. We are sorry, because you give a good account of yourself, but so long as you have two wives we cannot receive you into the membership of the church." Some time elapsed, and the native appeared again before the missionary and stated that there was now no objection to his entering the church. The missionary said: "How about your second wife?" "Oh," replied the native, "that's all right. I have eaten her."

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Wilson F. Showerman, Plaintiff,

vs.

Matie O. O'Keefe, Charles J. O'Keefe, Clyde Seward Showerman, and all persons unknown having or claiming an interest in the property described in the complaint in this action, Defendants.

To Clyde Seward Showerman, and all other defendants in said action:

Take notice, that at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in the City of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1903, at the opening of court on said day at 9:30 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, said plaintiff will apply to the court for the appointment of Victor A. Dash, or some other suitable person, as guardian ad litem for said defendant, Clyde Seward Showerman, an infant under the age of 21 years, to appear and defend in said action on behalf of said infant.

DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 400-406 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald—March 28, April 4-11, 1903.

FIVE OAKS FARM AT SPOONER, WASHBURN COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

This farm is the property of B. E. Baker, of Duluth. Two or three years ago the spot where it stands was a wilderness. Today it will compare favorably with any of the fine stock farms found in the Middle West. The buildings were all built from lumber cut on the land and their substantial and permanent character can easily be seen from the view. Mr. Baker has a large amount of fine stock. On one shore of the little lake, which is shown in the picture, Mr. Baker has a very cosy and picturesque log cottage for the use of himself and family.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two Harbors is rapidly striding towards the metropolitan stage. The last innovation is a first-class, up-to-date bowling alley, which has been equipped in the new Spurbeck building on First avenue.

The steamers Murphy and Shaw, of the Pittsburg fleet, arrived at 6 p. m. Thursday, being the first ore boats of the season. The Murphy took a cargo of Pioneer and the Shaw took Chandler. The arrival of these boats puts things in little better shape, but unless they are soon followed by others it will be necessary to stop receiving ore from all the mines, as the docks and cars will all be full in about one more week.

President F. E. House, Superintendent Thomas Owens and Master Mechanic H. S. Bryan made a trip of the road Thursday. Mr. Owens accompanied Mr. House to Duluth to attend the banquet given by the Masons Thursday evening.

Miss M. E. Van Auken, of Duluth, came up last week for an extended visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. F. B. Evans.

Conductor G. H. McGreevy is securing plans and specifications for a new home which he intends to erect on Second avenue immediately east of A. E. Daniels' fine residence.

John Ranquist has completed the grade for the location where the new pumping and electric light station is to be constructed, and it is expected that the rails will be laid the latter part of this week. Pastoret & Lunz, who have the contract for constructing the building and laying the intake pipe, now have some of their steam drilling machinery here, and are waiting for the track to be laid so they can get their material on the ground and commence operations.

John Bergman has been awarded the contract to haul coal from the Duluth & Iron Range tracks to the village pumping and lighting station on Burlington bay at 38 cents per ton for the ensuing year, or until such time as the new station is completed. When the new plant is finished, coal will be delivered direct in cars, making a saving of about $700 per year to the village.

Since the overhauling the water and light departments received last fall, including the turning off of about fifty delinquents, there has been a decided increase in collections for water and light tax. The collector's report for the first quarter of the present year shows total collections, $1457.81. Nearly $1600 of this amount, however, was collected from the bondsmen of the former collector, who apparently forgot to turn the money over to the village treasurer as fast as collected.

At the present time there is a lively squabble on between the village council and the two village justices of the peace. From time immemorial it has been the custom for justices here, who handle the police justice work, to charge up costs in each case of this nature that is brought up before them, the lump sum of $5.00. All fines heretofore collected by the justices have been stowed away in the pockets of the aforesaid justices, and if the fines so collected and appropriated did not equal the amount charged as costs, the village has been paying the difference. The justices have now been requested to turn over all fines to the village treasurer as required by law, and to furnish the council with an itemized statement of the costs charged in each case tried before them, and on the presentation of such itemized statement of costs, duly verified, the bills will be paid.

Herman W. Cable, general manager of the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing company, who has been in Detroit, Mich., for some time looking after the interests of that corporation, returned Saturday evening.

Village President H. S. Bryan was laid up with a severe cold Monday so that he could not attend the meeting of the council. Trustee L. D. Rose was chosen president pro-tem.

E. K. Hughes, operator in the dispatcher's office, is now wearing a very broad smile due to the fact that he now has a son and heir born early Wednesday morning. Everyone around the general office has been smoking to the health, long life and prosperity of Mr. Hughes, Jr.

T. A. Bury left Wednesday for Cass Lake, Minn., where he went to assume his duties as timber estimator for the government. Mr. Bury has had a number of years' experience in estimating timber, and his ability in that line of work is highly commended upon by leading lumbermen in the Northwest. Mr. Bury's many friends here are well pleased over the fact that he landed this position.

Rev. John W. Smears of the Holy Ghost Catholic church of this place, went to Duluth Wednesday to participate in the services at the Cathedral Thursday morning.

F. E. Evans, George J. O'Connor and John Woodfill went to Ely last Saturday evening on No. 1 and returned on No. 2 Monday. They report having had an excellent time. Among the many attractions was a trip down in the famous Pioneer mine to a depth of 935 feet and they looked over the various sub-levels above the 925-foot point.

Miss Mamy McGraw returned to her home in Biwabik after a week's visit among numerous friends here.

Joseph N. Mellroy, of Portland, Me., arrived here Thursday evening to accept a position in the freight station under Agent G. A. Rock. Joseph is a brother of F. T. Mellroy, who has been in the employ of the Duluth & Iron Range at this place for the past ten years.

Ed St. George who has been making a tour of the range towns for the past week, went to Endion Wednesday evening to accept the position of assistant billing clerk. Ed's many friends in Two Harbors are sorry to have him leave here, but pleased at the deserved promotion which he has received.

W. W. Scott returned Tuesday from Colorado Springs, Col., where he was called last week on account of the serious illness of his brother, Dell. Mr. Scott brought his brother back with him, and the latter is now with his parents in Duluth.

Mrs. Louis McKennon and sister Miss Anna M. Enright went to Duluth Wednesday evening to attend the services in the Cathedral Holy Thursday.

Miss Kate McPhee went to Drummond Tuesday to keep house for her brother Nicholas, who is residing on a claim at that place.

Miss Eva Mather, of Duluth, visited at the home of Miss Florence Moulton the early part of the week.

Charles Porger, wife and daughter arrived Tuesday evening, they having spent the winter in Southern California. As soon as the ore starts to move Mr. Porger will assume his duties as conductor on the Duluth & Iron Range.

Conductor T. E. McCarthy met with a very painful accident last Saturday. His train parted as it was pulling into Tower Junction, and McCarthy, who was in the caboose making out reports at the time, was thrown violently against the small desk and his right collar bone was fractured. To use the phraseology of an engineer, "Mac" is down on one side now.

After arriving at Two Harbors and putting away his engine and starting for home on the night of March 24, Fireman W. G. Benham tripped on a grade stake and fell into a ditch excavated by parties laying the new system of water pipes around the shops, fracturing three ribs.

Walker.

Walker, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Peter Thayer, clerk and interpreter at the Red Lake reservation, was in Walker Wednesday and went over to the agency for consultation with the officials on business connected with the office at Red Lake. Mr. Graves is probably as well posted as any one on the situation at Red Lake, and the attitude of the Indians towards the treaty for the ceding of lands to the government. He is of the opinion that they will not ratify and says they view the proposition with disfavor even before receiving the thorough enlightenment which Maj. Scott recently gave them. Personally Mr. Graves takes the other view, inasmuch as he sees a very valuable consideration in the deeded 160-acre allotment allowed under the Clapp bill instead of only eighty acres according in the present law, and it is possible that others now opposed to the treaty may be brought to look upon it in this light and to see the advantage of getting a double allotment, upon which there is a large quantity of first-class timber from the sale of which they could derive a good profit. This is one of the principal features of the treaty that commends it to the Indians, but even this cannot overcome the desire so paramount in the Indian nature to get a definite cash payment for the lands they cede.

Mr. Graves says that Maj. Scott's recent talk to the Indians at Red Lake was a strong argument for the rejection of the treaty. The major, undisturbed by threatening reports from Washington, spoke just as he said he would and he had a stenographer take down all that he said and send to Washington a full report of his conference with the Indians, so that the department could know exactly what he advised. It is now a question whether Maj. McLaughlin will be able to undo the work of Maj. Scott and convince the Indians that it is to their advantage to accept the treaty. He thoroughly understands their nature and their desires and may be able to present the advantageous features of the treaty so plainly before them as to gain ratification. While asserting that in their present mood there is no prospect of ratification Mr. Graves is free to admit that they may be induced to change their minds.

Mr. Williams, superintendent of the Indian school at Onigum, is to be transferred to the Pottawatomie reservation in Kansas, about twenty miles north of Topeka. In fact, the order for transfer has been issued and will take effect just as soon as the bond offered by Mr. Williams has been approved at Washington. The change is a promotion for Mr. Williams, whose status will be practically that of an agent though his title will be that of bonded superintendent, the new position which Commissioner Jones is desirous of establishing at all agencies as a substitute for the agent. Dr. Hardin, who has been agency physician at Onigum, will succeed Mr. Williams as superintendent of the school, combining the two positions and, naturally, receiving increased pay with the dual office. These changes are, in a measure, an outcome of the recent visit of Inspector House to Onigum.

Chief Estimator E. L. Warren was in Walker this week placing crews at work in the vicinity of the agency and in the southeast corner of the reservation. The additional eight men recently added to his corps and with the new rule of having reports made by each individual estimator instead of having them work in pairs better time is being made and by the first week in May the work will be completed on all land around Leech lake, Winnebegoshish, Cass Lake and White Oak Point. Another corps has been sent up to Beaudette to operate in the northern part of the reservation and Mr. Warren will join them there in a few days. When estimates and classification have all been completed in this locality, as will be the case within a month, there need be no delay in advertising the opening and sale, so that it is practically assured logging operations can begin in the fall. The sawmill, for which a site has already been purchased in Walker, will then be erected and an industry will be established here which will materially add to the population and business of the place.

A very pretty home wedding was solemnized at the residence of Harry Brumund Saturday evening, the contracting parties being Mr. Brumund's sister, Miss Minnie Brumund, and Andrew Ghores. Rev. George Michael officiated. Only a few personal friends, including the clerks in Mr. Brumund's store were invited, among them being Mr. and Mrs. Hartshorn, Gus Kulander, Miss Culberton and George Schneider. The rooms were tastefully decorated and after the ceremony supper was served. Mr. Ghores was formerly employed in Mr. Brumund's store, but during the past winter has been working in the woods. The newly married couple will continue to reside in Walker.

Mrs. F. L. Wilcox left on Monday to visit relatives in St. Paul.

Mr. McGee, manager for C. M. Taylor & Co., left on Monday for Minneapolis to take the Scottish Rite degrees in Masonry.

Judge Spooner passed through Walker Monday for Brainerd to take up some of the legal work with which Judge McClenahan is overcrowded.

Mrs. James McCabe came up Monday from Smiley to pack up the household furniture and ship it to Smiley, where her husband is now working on his farm. Mrs. McCabe left again on Wednesday's train.

Rev. C. E. Farrar, of Brainerd, held services at the Episcopal church at the old agency Tuesday morning and in the school house in Walker that evening. He left for home Wednesday.

Mr. Smith, the contractor, and Mr. Kinney, architect, on the new court house, arrived in town last Friday evening and Mr. Smith remained several days looking over the ground and completing arrangements for the resumption of construction operations.

Frank Tuftus, deputy United States marshal, arrived Wednesday and left Friday with three Indians from the agency, arrested for violation of the liquor law.

Mrs. H. H. Dyer, who has been spending the past three months at Excelsior, returned to Walker Tuesday.

N. J. Palmer, who has been occupying Mrs. Dyer's house during her absence from town, has moved to his farm at Lake May, but will return in a few months to occupy the cottage he has purchased in town.

Frank Breece, of the Hotel Chase, left for St. Paul this morning to endeavor to secure female help wanted in the hotel.

Mr. Pederson, superintendent of delivery of material for the new court house, spent a couple of days this week in Bemidji, returning Thursday morning.

Dr. Camp was summoned from Brainerd this week to attend on Mrs. Bush, whose illness shows no signs of improvement.

Mrs. Tob Spencer is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.

Dr. E. E. Holman, of Pine River, who has been in Walker several days and made a host of friends, left for home Thursday morning.

Tom Kinkele, son of the mayor, who has been attending St. John's academy, Collegeville, came home this week.

Aitkin.

Aitkin, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Schlurusky, of Minneapolis, is visiting friends.

D. M. Falconer transacted business in Superior last Saturday.

Henry and Stewart Mills, of Brainerd, have been visiting friends here this week.

Harry Butler has taken the position of bookkeeper with the Hodgeden-MacDonald company.

Mrs. Emma Cage is teaching in Eagle Bend, Todd county.

Miss Hazel Foley, of St. Joseph's academy, St. Paul, has been spending the week's vacation here with her parents.

Miss Olga Hallberg, of Lindstrom, is visiting with friends in Duluth.

N. B. Barker, of the Lone Prairie Leader, spent Sunday with Aitkin friends.

Mrs. W. B. Marr and Miss Slavey entertained their lady friends at cinch Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. W. M. Murphy, of Hamline, is visiting her sons on the Aitkin Investment Co.'s farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wilbur have gone to Hibbing where they will embark in the hotel business.

Miss Jaeke Hempton has begun a spring term of school in Rossburg.

Frank Allen will build a house this spring.

William Byerla and John Cluff have finished their logging season and are bringing their outfit down from Esquagamah.

W. L. Wakefield has gone to a Minneapolis hospital for treatment, having been in poor health for several months.

Henry C. Lutz and Miss Olive Edden were married by Judge Williams at the court house Saturday, April 4. Miss Dick and F. L. Kinney attended the bride and groom.

Charles E. Haines and Mrs. Fannie E. Rothwell were married Thursday evening, April 2, at the home of Mrs. Haines, by Rev. C. S. Gathan. The ceremony was witnessed by several friends, after which a supper was served.

Stephen Stearns has moved onto his farm on the Kimberly road.

Irvine Inness and family have moved into the house they recently purchased of S. Stearns. They will make some improvements about the house as soon as the weather permits.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave a pillow sale and Easter supper in their parlors Thursday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. W. B. Gwathmey and Mrs. H. J. Petraborg entertained a party of ladies at cinch last Friday afternoon, and the Whist club in the evening at the home of Mrs. Gwathmey.

Mrs. W. F. Murphy is visiting friends in St. Paul.

A postoffice will be established at Elmwood, Aitkin county, with Charles Lindberg as postmaster. Mail will be supplied from Aitkin through Opstead.

Mrs. C. Galernault and daughter, Mrs. Parent, of St. Cloud, have been visiting the family of J. B. Galernault.

The fire department at their meeting last Wednesday elected George T. Williams, chief; H. J. Petraborg, first assistant; H. W. Haugen, second assistant; E. P. Duffy, secretary; Peter Larson, treasurer.

George Wotring and son Clark are both ill with smallpox in the Homuth house on West Cedar street.

The six-weeks-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Welton, of Pine Knoll died last week. The funeral was held at the home Sunday, conducted by Rev. W. Fletcher.

Carl Mattson died of quick consumption Friday morning at the home of Mr. Grassman, where he was boarding. Mr. Mattson was a young man and had been in this country but a few months. The funeral was held in the Swedish Lutheran church Sunday afternoon, Rev. W. E. Griffith officiating.

Charles Roubick has returned from the Western part of the state and accepted his former position in the O. D. Davis factory.

Mrs. Irvine is reported as convalescing.

Irene Hodgeden has been ill with throat trouble.

John Kane, of Hibbing, is here visiting his brother Dan Kane.

E. P. Mcullin, N. I. Cluff, E. J. Luther and G. W. Skinner went to Minneapolis Sunday night to take the Scottish rite degrees in Masonry.

William Mount, who has been night operator at the N. P. depot for some time past, has been transferred to Iron River, Wis., and William Hess, of North Barnch, is now filling the position of night operator.

Miss Harriet McMurdy, who is teaching at Jacobson, is at home during the Easter vacation.

An ice cream social was given Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Coulthard for the benefit of St. John's Episcopal Guild.

Commissioner J. L. Borg, of Grayling; D. S. Rease, of McGregor, and J. W. Lievsay, of Iowa, have formed a partnership to be known as the Rease-Borg-Lievsay Land company.

Moses Vachon has sold a half interest in his barber shop to Frank Trombly, who has been employed in the shop for some time.

C. H. Warner received the sad intelligence last Saturday that his father, Nathan Warner, of Buffalo, Minn., had been killed by a train that morning. Mr. Warner left at once for his father's home in Buffalo.

Miss Elsie Roberts has completed a term of school in Logan.

Thomas Chilton is seriously ill at his home on the South Side.

The Hodgedon-McDonald Co. will build a two-story brick building on their lots at the corner of Fourth and Birch streets.

The basketball season closed here Friday night when two games were played between the West Superior normal teams and the Aitkin high school boys' and girls' teams. The scores of the boys' teams were 24 to 3 in favor of Superior and the girls' were 11 to 11, also in favor of Superior. The girls' teams were fairly well matched, but the boys were outclassed by the full-grown men of the normal. A reception followed the game, which was enjoyed by all.

Little Muriel Reese has been suffering with an abscess of the inner ear and was taken to Minneapolis last week to be operated upon.

Sheriff Haugen was a Duluth visitor last week.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold an auction sale in the Methodist church parlors Monday evening.

The Catholic church is to be moved onto the parsonage lots on Ash street. The building will face the east thus leaving the corner vacant, so that when sufficient funds have been raised a fine new church will be erected on the corner. The old site will be sold.

A meeting of the board of education was held Saturday night for the purpose of electing teachers for next year. Professor King was present and recommended a new teachers to fill vacancies. A part of the present corps will remain.

Andrew C. Nelson and Miss Grace E. White were married Wednesday, April 8, by Rev. W. Fletcher at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Halfhill in Rossburg.

L. H. Storgaard, of White, S. D., arrived last week to look over the land he owns in Fleming township.

George Falconer, of Minneapolis, was in town last week.

Charles Olts went to Duluth last Wednesday to consult an aurist.

The ladies of the W. R. C. arranged a surprise for Mrs. W. O. Eddy and met at the home of Mrs. Falconer Saturday evening and proceeded to the home of Mrs. Eddy, where a handkerchief shower was given her. Mrs. Charles Young made a few pleasant remarks to Mrs. Eddy in behalf of the corps, after which a handkerchief shower was also given Mrs. Young.

New Duluth.

New Duluth, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Alphonse and Philippe La France, of Fond du Lac, called on friends in New Duluth Saturday.

John Delaney is quite ill this week with an attack of the mumps.

Frank Widell, of Duluth, spent Sunday with his family of this place.

Patrick Duffy and family, of Mass City, arrived in New Duluth Friday. They will occupy one of the Land company houses on One Hundred Third avenue west. Mr. Duffy has accepted a position at the box factory.

Byron Karm and Paul Sheff came down from Knife river Saturday to spend Sunday in New Duluth.

Miss Petersen, and Miss Durfe, of Fond du lac spent Saturday with Miss Sarah A. Smith.

Miss Stella Boyd, of West Duluth, arrived in New Duluth Friday to stay for some time. Miss Boyd is at the Miller hotel.

Mrs. M. O'Connell, Mrs. J. Salter, Mrs. Jerry Lockhart, Miss Ella Lockhart, Frank Specklen, Will O'Connell, James Salter, and Charles Carlson, transacted business in Duluth Saturday.

Miss Vilner returned to New Duluth Saturday after spending her vacation at her home near Ely.

The literary and musical entertainment which the Forrester team of the Woodmen expected to give Saturday night has been postponed until Saturday, April 18.

Fred Pearson, of Lake Nebagamon, was the guest of Mrs. and Miss Smith, Sunday.

Miss Ida Kenney, of West Duluth, visited Mrs. August Viergutz Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Fred Safford, of West Duluth, was the guest of Mrs. Edgar Tizzard Friday and Saturday.

The main shaft in the machine room at the Hurd Refrigerator factory broke Monday. The employes have been laid off until the shaft can be repaired.

Henry Dietz, left New Duluth Tuesday to accept a position as fireman on the railroad.

I. J. Ide is unable to be at his work this week because of illness.

Paul Sheff, Byron Karn and Jo Buhr went to the North shore on a business trip, Monday.

The Maccabees will give a ball Monday evening, April 13, at their hall.

Miss Ethel Becklinger returned to Duluth Sunday to resume her duties at the Duluth high school.

Miss Florence Brink, of Smithville, was the guest of Miss Isabel Thayer Tuesday.

Leo Biebl went to Barnum Wednesday to look for a house for his family to occupy. Mr. Biebl and family expect to move as soon as a suitable place is found. Mr. and Mrs. Biebl have lived in New Duluth a number of years and have many friends here who will miss them very much. They expect to go onto their farm in Barnum and make their future home there.

Verne Laidley has gone to the North shore to work.

Rev. G. A. Brandt returned to Barnum Monday after holding services in New Duluth two weeks.

Andrew Wilson is busy this week getting out cedar ties for the street car line.

Frank Naprawik is suffering with a badly bruised knee. While working at the box factory Tuesday he was hit in the eye with a board.

Rev. Knutson is spending the week in Duluth.

Miss Della Thornton returned to Duluth Monday after spending a couple of months in New Duluth.

Henry Thompson, whose hand was hurt quite badly a short time ago, went to Duluth Saturday to have it treated.

Mrs. Leo Biebl gave a very pleasant farewell party to the Lady Maccabees at her home, Wednesday evening. A delicious luncheon was served and the ladies all report an excellent time. Those present were Mesdames Noaeill, Mahoney, Harper, Dennis, Salter, Showers, Knutson, Tupper, Osmundsen, Becklinger, McKay, McDonald, Rutter, Krueger, Wills, Wege, Tizzard, Lockhart, Millen, O'Connell, Fischer, Misses Fischer, Maggie Fischer, Jarosch, Wilner, Smith and Miller.

Mrs. August Viergutz drove to Shortline Park Thursday.

Miss Florence Brink, of Smithville, spent Thursday with friends in New Duluth.

While repairing the shaft in the machine room at the Hurd Refrigerator factory, James Salter fell from a ladder to the floor. His hip was hurt quite badly but it is getting along nicely at present.

All the mirrors in the dressers at the New Duluth hotel have been stolen. A carriage cover was also stolen from U. C. Tower's carriage shed, this week.

The Lady Maccabees held a farewell reception for Mrs. Leo Biebl, after their meeting Thursday night. The ladies presented Mrs. Biebl with a beautiful picture, painted by Mrs. Knutson, and a china salad dish. Refreshments were served and a pleasant time was had by all present. Mrs. Katherine Neubauer of Smithville, was the only out of town guest.

Negaunee

Negaunee, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—David T. Murphy has taken the position in the Western Express office here recently made vacant by the resignation of Michael Byrnes.

Frank Nesbit is at St. Mary's Clemens receiving a treatment for rheumatism.

P. Paltrowitz, formerly with Ed. Clark, Ishpeming has associated himself with David Benyas under the firm name of Paltrowitz & Benyas and they have leased the new Caples block on Iron street where they will conduct a jewelry store.

The ladies of the Methodist church held a bazaar and served supper in the Sunday school rooms, Monday, as has been their custom for several years.

Joseph Andrews, a former merchant of this city, but now of Gunderson, Mont., is visiting the town for the first time since leaving here seven years ago.

R. C. Dutton, of Marquette, is now located in the city as bookkeeper for the Brietung Hematite Mining company.

T. Johns has gone to Utah where he expects to find employment.

Walter L. Maas, of St. Paul, spent Saturday and Sunday in town visiting his mother.

Matie Dawe and Gertrude Saw, teachers in the schools at Iron Mountain, are in town spending the week with their parents.

Florence Curran is expected home this morning from a business trip to Chicago.

Bee Boyle, teacher in the schools at the Soo is home on a visit to her parents.

Thomas Collins has moved his meat market from Iron street to the Sporley building in Jackson street. His former location is now being torn down preparatory to the erection, by the Odd Fellows, of a handsome brick building. Building operations will commence May 1st.

O. Jandron is erecting a handsome new residence on his lot on Peck street. Emil Gagon has the contract and the work will be pushed to an early completion.

Eldrige Barabe, wife and child arrived home Saturday afternoon from Los Angeles, California. They report a pleasant time.

The Upper Peninsula Interscholastic Athletic association will hold its next meeting at the Union Park, midway between Negaunee and Ishpeming, on the 30th of May. E. E. Scribner, superintendent of the Ishpeming schools and N. G. Begle, principal of the Negaunee high school are looking after the preparations for the event.

As predicted the election on Monday was one of the quietest affairs ever held here, there being no opposition to the Taxpayers' ticket. The candidates on ticket were elected by majorities which included all the votes cast in the city and the five precincts. The vote was extremely light, there being only 530 votes cast. The following is the ticket elected: Mayor, C. Houle; recorder, William H. Mitchell; treasurer, John Stecker; school inspector (full term), Thomas Trathen; constables, Joseph Curtis, Patrick Scanlon, William Wasmuth, John C. Peterson Edmund Roy. First ward—Supervisor John Nelson; alderman, John Deagon. Second ward—Supervisor, John E. O'Donaghue; alderman, C. Johnson. Third ward—Supervisor, Frank Sharon; alderman, N. Laughlin, Jr. Fourth ward—Supervisor, Joe Barabee; alderman, Al. F. Wilman. Fifth ward—Supervisor, Richard Roberts; alderman, William Heggaton. The first meeting of the new council was held Thursday evening.

Hugo Muck, who has been ill for some time is said to be convalescent.

The Sons of St. George gave their annual supper and concert Good Friday afternoon and evening. The concert was well attended and was a success in every way.

John Harris is visiting his brother, T. H. Harris.

Albin Pilgrim leaves today for Helsingfors, Finland, by the way of St. Johns, N. B.

Prof. McDonald, principal of the Gladstone high school, some years of high school here, is in the city on a visit.

Born, Tuesday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Larry Gorman, a daughter.

Fred Dougherty arrived in the city Monday to assume his position as editor of the Iron Herald.

Monday afternoon Capt. Samuel Mitchell was elected lay delegate to represent the Methodist church at the session of the Detroit conference to be held at Flint, Michigan, in September.

J. D. Chubb, architect, returned to Chicago Tuesday morning.

Dr. Hudson and wife now have their residence at the hospital, having moved there Saturday.

C. A. Barabee, formerly of Maynard & Barabee, furniture dealers of Escanaba is in town this week. He is interested in the Delmore Bay Gold Mining company, which is located in the great gold district of Sturgeon Lake in Western Ontario. In order to become more proficient in mining he intends to enter the mining school at Houghton. He is having a residence built there and will move his family there, from Escanaba, where they are now residing, about the first of May.

Samuel Redfern, agent for the Cleveland-Cliffs land department here, left Thursday noon on a business visit to Detroit.

A. J. Dousett, of Escanaba, is visiting friends in the city.

An entertainment for the benefit of famine sufferers in Sweden will be given this evening in the Cherry hall.

Mrs. Ernest Thiela and family left Monday for Weyhauser, Wis., where she will keep house for her brother, who is the proprietor of a large lumber yard there. Mr. Thiela will follow as soon as he can dispose of his property.

The senior class of the high school will publish this year, as is their custom, an annual.

C. I. Smith, salesman with Carpenter-Cook company, wholesale grocers, Ishpeming, has resigned his position to take effect today.

Dan Smith, with the Iron Herald for the past two months, left yesterday for West Superior, Wis.

Caper Piper is expected home this morning from Chicago accompanied by his son Gordon, who was successfully operated on for appendicitis.

Frank Kook, of Crystal Falls was in the city this week.

Virginia.

Virginia, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. O. L. Wasson died at the Mora hospital at Eveleth Sunday night at 12 o'clock. Death was due to a surgical operation for appendicitis. She was not in a condition physically to stand the shock of the operation and after lingering for two days finally succumbed. Mrs. Mrs. Wasson was the wife of the late Capt. O. L. Wasson, formerly of the Stephens mine, and who died of heart disease so suddenly at the mine last October. Since her husband's death Mrs. Wasson has grieved very much and longed for the time when she, too, would be laid to her rest. She waited but eight months. The Wassons came here from New York state four years' ago. There were two brothers, O. L. and William R., the latter having a family while his brother had but his wife. The brothers had positions with the Sauntry mine until the change in management, when the captain was transferred to the Stephens and W. R. took the secretary ship of the W. T. Bailey Lumber company, and which he retains. Mrs. Wasson's father, Mr. Pierce, lived with her before and after her husband's death, and he accompanied the remains to the old New York home where they will be tenderly laid beside those of her companion of twenty-one years. The whole story is a pitiful one and all Virginians were deeply touched when they heard of Mrs. Wasson's death Monday morning. W. R. Wasson and family accompanied Mr. Pierce and the remains as far as Duluth, the funeral from the residence being conducted by the Masons of the city.

Virginia is having a building boom this spring, nothing like it has been experienced before only twice, and those times were when the citizens were trying, after both disastrous fires, to get a place to live in. Hundreds of family men are arriving in the city every month. Those who are building residences are those who are renting now and what is going to become of those families which are waiting for a place to live is a matter of grave concern. The building of houses is not confined altogether in residences, either, but many solid brick business blocks are already under way and contractors are figuring on many new ones. Those who intend building business blocks this spring and summer are Stein & O'Rourke, double store. J. Roman, Axel Pakkola, David Forti, A. N. Thompson, Matt Prijanovich, W. H. Cole; additions will be built to the stores of the Virginia Hardware company, H. J. Nathanson and Milavetz Bros., the new Catholic church will be built this summer, residences will be built by P. A. Coffey, W. L. Barber, Fred Lerch, John Costin, Jr., Capt. Stevens and Manager Horkness, of the new sawmill. Aside from these buildings the families of the sawmill crew will have homes of their own.

Superintendent O. B Warren, formerly of the Penobscot mine, at Hibbing, has come to Virginia to live and will move his family here as soon as he can find a place or build one. He has come here to take charge of exploratory work at the Higgins mines, a stripping proposition controlled by the steel corporation and described as section 4, 58-17, this township. Active work at the Higgins will be commenced shortly after the ground becomes a trifle loose. Virginia merchants will be greatly benefited by the opening of the Higgins. Our people will find Mr. Warren a very fine fellow.

The clear manufacturing firm of Meteraud & Starliha, which embarked in business here last winter, has decided to pull up stakes and go to Two Harbors, where things look better for them and where there is a good opening.

The business and stock of the Virginia Cash Grocery company has been formally transferred to the firm of George Hughes & Co., and the work of taking final inventory of all appurtenances was finished Thursday.

Special Easter services will be held at the M. E. church Sunday morning. Rev. E. M. Catheart, pastor, will deliver a sermon on Masonry. The choir and Sunday school classes have prepared a special program for the occasion and the church will be beautifully decorated.

Painter E. H. Chittenden, who had the contract for painting and putting up of the street signs, has finished his job. Each corner has a sign, giving the name of the street in one direction and the avenue the other. All we want now is street cars and Virginia will give Duluth a chase for metropolitan life.

The work of digging trenches for the foundation for the new Roman brick block was commenced Tuesday. James Sampson has the contract for the new structure.

Herman J. Nathanson, the local clothier, has sold the stock of clothing he placed in Buhl a short time ago. He intends paying all his attention to his increasing trade here.

Louis Cohen, alderman of the Second ward, has purchased the lot on the corner of Maple street and Central avenue and will, in the fall, put up an elegant residence thereon.

Mrs. E. J. O'Rourke and two children have been ill this week.

Peter Shipley has returned his position as janitor of the Second ward school, and on Monday left for his farm near Minot, N. D., where he will put in some crops and the summer.

The city council has granted to Fay and Yanekey a permit to erect a 3-story solid brick addition to their Hotel Fay, and the work will be commenced soon. The hotel is very much too small for the traveling public, saying nothing of the local patronage, and the enlargement of this popular hostlery will be greeted with applause.

The Odd Fellows lodge won the plane in the contest closed last week and have the instrument in their hall in the Hawkinsin block. In view of their success the lodge intends giving a grand "blow out" to the other societies meeting in the same hall, and which helped them win the piano. The affair will take place the last of this month and will be held at the Opera house.

The city council will hold a regular meeting Tuesday night.

Duluth mining men have secured an option to explore and lease lots 1, 2 and 4 of section 24, 58-18, and known as the Gross-Grouchau lands. The property is located three miles south of Virginia near Mineral lake and the Missabe railroad runs through it. Drills will be put on the land immediately, this work to be under the supervision of W. T. McCarthy.

Ben Milavetz has returned from a business trip to Chicago.

Mrs. Mary Eddy returned Saturday evening from Battle Creek, Mich., accompanied by her mother, Mrs. George Williams. She met there with her mother with the intention of leaving the old lady at a sanitarium there and had made all arrangements for her mother's care and comfort, but the parting was too sad and her mother begged to be taken back with her and she did.

Superintendent Parmelee, of the Franklin, surveyed Monday from a business trip to Duluth.

Insurance Agent Moore had business at the county seat the fore part of the week.

B. N. Wheeler, former principal of the Virginia schools and also County Superintendent of Schools, was in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. J. A. Kennedy entertained about twenty-five of her lady friends at her home on Maple street Monday afternoon, the occasion being the celebration of her thirty-fifth birthday anniversary. She was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents. Those present were Mesdames Reid, E. Matheson, M. L. Matheson, Kimball, Thompson, Nathanson, Cohen, Bickford, Hannaford, Burley, Harrigan, Booth, Mesborg, Harkinson, Schaenleber, Shipley, Rinnert, West, Muzzy, Gately, Talty and Lasher and Miss Sara Saon. A pleasing lunch was served at 5 o'clock.

Albert F. Gross, a Duluth mining man, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday.

Landlord Smith, of the Fay, went to the Zenith City Monday morning to secure a good cook for the hotel here.

The local Woodmen are making grand

Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

It is pure.
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Gives Instant Relief to Corns, Bunions and Frost Bites.

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What we claim for it. If it fails your money will be refunded.

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But its evil effects can be cured.

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are curing men and women who have been wrecked by deadly drugs.
This remedy cures you all through.
If actually and positively makes prematurely old people young and vigorous.
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preparations for their Easter ball to be given at the Fay Opera house Monday evening net. The Vecelak orchestra will furnish music. This is the best musical organization north of Duluth, and those attending this dance will be treated to some splendid selections.

Miss Lille King is suffering with scarlet fever.

The Lady Maccabees will give a basket social at their lodge rooms the 20th of this month.

The Virginia Lumber company has large office rooms in the Opera house block. As soon as the mill commences to turn out lumber the company intends putting up an office building of its own.

Mrs. John Korby and children visited at Ely the fore part of the week.

Frank Loulan, of the Drake & Stratton company, who works at Buhl, was in the city a few hours Wednesday.

Superintendent Hawkins, of the Mountain Iron mine, was here on business Thursday.

W. H. Eaton, J. A. Kennedy, Henry Siegel and others who have an option on lands in section 1 58-18, has resumed exploratory work on this property. They have secured the services of Fred Nelson, the diamond drill man, who was formerly with the Minnesota Iron company. The land is located just south of the Mountain Iron mine.

One of the horses belonging to Peter Pastoret, of the Eveleth stage line, become very sick on the run over to this city Wednesday, and the animal was taken to Matheson's barn for treatment. The horse died during the night.

Victor Peterson is keeping books for the Kinney mine, near Buhl.

R. F. Berdie was over from Hibbing Thursday.

Superintendent McNeil, of the Commodore mine, was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Johnson and daughter, after a pleasant visit at the home of Rev. Grotheim, returned to their home at Tacoma, Wash., Tuesday.

Mayor Eaton had important business at the state capital the fore part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lerch have returned to Biwabik for the summer months. Mr. Lerch leaves here to re-open the Lerch Bros.' laboratory at Biwabik.

W. G. Sanborn, recently employed in the accounting department of the Fayal mine, has accepted the position of bookkeeper with the John Costin, Jr., insurance agency, filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of O. L. Pederson.

The following Virginia Masons attended the Scottish Rites Masons' banquet at the Spalding hotel at Duluth, Thursday evening: J. A. Kennedy, R. R. Bailey, W. H. Eaton, Harry J. George, W. R. Wasson, James Myers, D. W. Elmquist, D. B. McDonald, J. L. Kimball, Fred Lerch, George Lerch and John O'Neal.

There will be special music by the choir of the Catholic church Sunday morning. For the Easter service the choir will sing Leonard's mass in E flat, and the following voices will be heard: Sopranos, Mrs. John Korby and Miss Della Thuoen; altos, Misses Eva Demgen, Amelia Thompson; tenor, Walter Smith; bass, H. H. Lien. Mr. Lien has been directing the choir for some time and has succeeded in making a wonderful change in rendition of the important masses. Miss Josephine Sterle is organist.

Heard Sawyer Jones, of the new sawmill, has purchased the Wiggins residence on Central avenue.

McKinley.

McKinley, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. R. Ford transacted business in Eveleth Thursday.

Ready & Anchor have finished their logging business at mile 44 and have broken up camp.

Deputy Sheriff Wm. Bates was a range visitor this week.

There is about two feet of snow yet in the woods and the lakes have not yet broken up. Lumbermen are hustling to get as much done as possible while the snow lasts.

T. Murphy of Sparta, visited with J. H. Cavanaugh a few days this week.

Rev. Henry Logan, of Ely, was a McKinley visitor on Wednesday.

Supt. Owens, Asst. Supt. Holiday and Master Mechanic Bryan, of Two Harbors, looked over their interests here on Thursday.

Miss Mary Krompaski returned Wednesday from Biwabik, where she had been visiting for a few days with her aunt.

The D. & I. R. have closed their station at Murray, logging business being finished for the season.

Mr. W. Dundas visited with her sister at Biwabik on Tuesday.

W. C. Colbrath, of Duluth, transacted business here on Thursday.

A few of the new steel ore cars, of which the D. & I. R. have 250 more coming, made their first trip over the road this week.

Mrs. Richard Batison, of Hibbing, called on friends here between trains on Wednesday.

Wm. Smith transacted business at Eveleth on Thursday.

The Elba mine started shipping ore this week. They epect to ship a big output this season.

Cloquet.

Cloquet, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. A. Watkins, of Carlton, transacted business in the city Thursday.

Mrs. C. L. Dixon and daughter Ruth, were Duluth visitors Thursday.

Miss Whittemore, of Glencoe, Minn., who has been the guest of her brother, Dr. W. K. Whittemore of this city, for the past week, left for her home on Thursday.

Miss Pearl Rabideux, who has been confined to St. Mary's hospital at Duluth for some time, returned to her home in this city this week, and is much improved in health.

Harry Armstrong made a trip to Duluth on Friday.

Mrs. Dawson, of Scanlon, was stopping in Cloquet on Thursday.

Miss Nora Grenier returned home today after an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Close of Hibbing.

Hugh McCarthy made a trip to the Zenith City yesterday.

Tim Chamberlain returned to the city on Wednesday after spending the winter in the pineries.

Mrs. N. E. Huff, of Scanlon, was calling on friends in Cloquet Thursday.

J. C. Campbell, of Duluth, spent a few days with his family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Dea moved their household furniture to Duluth this week, where they will make their future home.

Mrs. H. F. Phelion was slightly indisposed this week.

The Northern Lumber company's upper mill shut down on Thursday for repairs.

Miss Tina Halverson, who is studying this year at the Winona Normal school is spending the Easter holiday in the city, the guest of her mother.

Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids, April 11.—The Presbyterian church year closing April 1 was a record making one, according to the report read to the congregation last Sunday. Twenty-five were added to the roll of members, over $100 was contributed to the board of the church, $1800 for current epenses $140 for outside causes—this includes $58 for the Bethel of Duluth and $50 for the Children's Home society of St. Paul. Nearly $250 were raised by the Ladies' Aid society.

On or about the 20th of the present month Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Berne will leave for Oregon, where they will make their home in the future.

S. C. Murphy, of Duluth, who organized Grand Rapids lodge, A. O. U. W., last August, arrived in town Monday night to assist the lodge in getting up a large class for initiation.

The village council met in Recorder Gole's office Monday evening, and after granting several licenses to sell intoxicating liquors, a discussion of the proposed sewer on Kindred avenue was had, and it was decided to hire a surveyor to make a survey of the proposed system, with a view of ascertaining the cost thereof.

The lecture given by Maria Sanford, professor of rhetoric and elocution in the State University of Minnesota, at the court house Monday evening, was well attended.

Mrs. A. H. Kremer and child and Mrs. J. S. Berne are visiting relatives in Toledo, Iowa. They are expected home in a few days.

Chet Robertson has returned to Deer River after a three-months' sojourn in Oregon.

The ladies of the Episcopal Guild met with Mrs. H. E. Graham Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Clyde Burnett, of Brainerd, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kearney.

Ed Higbee and his half dozen brothers left Tuesday for Oregon, to take up homesteads.

John Boyle O'Reiley has returned from his trip to the Twin Cities.

Clerk of Court Rasmussen is attending court in Brainerd this week.

The firemen will give a dance on Friday, May 8.

John A. Brown made Duluth a flying visit Monday.

County Attorney Spear was a St. Paul visitor this week.

Hibbing.

Hibbing, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Skinner is spending the week in Proctorknott.

Mrs. John A. Bedfern was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

C. O. Brownell and party returned yesterday from their tour to Oregon. But one of the party, Matt Schultz, took up a timber claim.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen O. Geiser celebrated the eighteenth anniversary of their marriage, Wednesday night, entertaining the choir of the Catholic church, of which they are members.

The following special musical program will be rendered Sunday at the Catholic church:

"Veni Aquam" ..... Choir.
"Kyrie" ..... Peters
Choir.
"Gloria" ..... Leonard
Choir.
Soprano solo—"Shepherd of Israel".. Miss A. McCarthy.
"Veni Creator" ..... Choir.
"Credo" ..... Peters
Choir.
"Et Incarnatus" ..... Miss A. McCarthy, Frank Skinner.
"Crucifixus" ..... Frank Skinner.
"Regini Coeli" ..... Wemer
Bass solo—"Calvary" ..... C. Dunning.
"Sanctus" ..... Choir. Concone
"Benedictus" ..... Beethoven
Miss A. McCarthy, Mrs. T. F. Brady.
"Agnus Dei" ..... Concone
Mrs. L. McPike, Miss K. Godfrey.

The choir is composed of Misses McCarthy and Barcessono, sopranos; Mrs. T. F. Brady and Miss K. Godfrey, altos; Frank Skinner, tenor; Clarence Dunning, bass; Mrs. Louis McPike, director.

Chief of Police Wiren received a telegram yesterday from the chief of police of Great Falls, Montana, saying that Charles L. Clark, our late village bookkeeper, was under arrest for embezzling and would return with requisition papers. Chief Wiren wired to the Great Falls authorities to turn Clark over to William McBride, detective for the Union Surety company, with whom Clark was bonded for $2000. He will be brought back here. His alleged shortage is said to be nearly $1800.

Eveleth.

Eveleth, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. C. Talboys was in Virginia Monday.

J. McGregor was in Cloquet the past week.

Mrs. G. Rohrer and little daughter Adeline departed Wednesday for their home in Calmet, Mich. Albert Rohrer and two daughters Adeline and Clara accompanied them as far as Duluth.

Miss Rockwell, one of the teachers in our schools departed Thursday noon, to spend Easter with her parents in Duluth.

William Smith, of Biwabik, has been here visiting with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Pryor.

J. C. Costin was over from Virginia Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Morris Nathanson Tuesday.

Chas. McNamara spent part of the week in Duluth.

Mrs. A. H. Griesser, of Cusholm is spending a few days here the guest of Mrs. Josephine Sibbit.

The Misses Sutton, of Grand Rapids, Minn., who spent a week with their sister, Mrs. J. C. Poole, departed Saturday morning for their home.

A new petition has been presented to the board of county commissioners at their last meeting to create a new school district out of the present District No. 22. As this petition is the result of a compromise between the people of Virginia and Eveleth, it is expected that there will be no more trouble before the county board at the adjourned meeting called for a hearing on said petition on Wednesday, April 22.

A small house west of town owned by a Finnlander burned to the ground Saturday morning.

Mrs. Richard Trezona, of the Fayal, returned from a two weeks' visit at Hurley, Wis.

The family of George McDermott has removed here from Biwabik and is moving into the home they recently purchased from Mrs. Riordan.

The little son of Rev. R. J. Taylor had his fingers crushed Tuesday by catching his hand in a small printing press Mr. Taylor was operating. Dr. Bullen sewed up the wounds and it is hoped no permanent injury is done.

James Robb returned Sunday noon from his Canadian trip. He left again Monday morning for Duluth where he will take some degrees in Masonry.

W. J. Moore, of Virginia, was in town the first of the week.

The Fayal club had a social session just for club members, Wednesday evening. Whist, pool and billiards were played and the evening was much enjoyed.

The ladies of the Methodist church had a luncheon at the residence of Mrs. James Robb on Wednesday evening. It was an orange luncheon and the idea was carried out very artistically in the table decorations and in the menu which was elaborate.

H. Parrott, of Pittsburg, has taken a position at the Fayal laboratory.

Miss Edda M. Angst, of Minneapolis, has been the guest of her brother, Robert A. Angst, for a few days. On Friday morning they left for Minneapolis to spend Easter with their parents.

H. Berdie, of Hibbing, was in town for a couple of days.

Among the Masons from here who took degrees in Duluth this week are, Dr. Frederick Barrett, R. M. Cornwell, J. C. Poole and James Robb.

C. W. Wilson, civil engineer, who formerly resided here, was up from Duluth this week.

T. Derbyshire is in town from Zim.

H. Luckie, of Pittsburg, Pa., and W. Harris, of Northfield, Minn., have taken positions at the Fayal laboratory.

The board of county commissioners at their meeting on Tuesday last divided the county money between the five road districts as follows: Nos. 2, 4, 6 and 7 receives each $700, while No. 5, being more thickly populated and with also a vast area, received $900. The sum of $3000 was appropriated for the Miller trunk road south of Eveleth and $1500 on that portion of the same road in the Little Fork country. Thirty-five hundred and fifty dollars were paid for replacing the bridge over the Cloquet river on the Swan lake road, the bridge having been blown down in a storm last summer. Fifteen hundred dollars was appropriated on the Fond du Lac road inside the corporate limits of Duluth. This latter appropriation being contingent on the city of Duluth appropriating double the above amount and the sum of $300 was left in the fund for contingencies.

George Payne, who left in January for Los Angeles, Cal., for the benefit of his health, is improving and will soon return to Eveleth.

James O'Toole, of Tower, visited several old Tower friends here this week.

C. Cerveny was up from Nebagamon the first of the week. Mr. Cerveny still retains his interest in the Eveleth Cash grocery.

Claus Olson was down to Sturgeon river this week looking after his interests there.

M. Schwartz, of Winona, transacted business here this week.

John Grannum is in Wisconsin on business.

A party composed of Miss Barrett, Miss Carrie Barrett, Miss Reid, of Virginia, and Messrs. O'Neal and Taber and Dr. Mitchell, of Virginia, bowled at the alleys Saturday afternoon, followed by dinner at Hotel McNeil then attended the lecture given in the evening by T. F. Sears.

The city schools closed Thursday noon and will open Monday morning. Thus permitting the teachers and pupils a short rest before beginning the spring term.

Hotel McNeil is to be formally opened with a banquet Friday evening, April 17. Many of the prominent men of the town will be called on to make speeches and it is sure to be a very happy event, and an occasion when the Eveleth citizens can show their appreciation of Manager McNeil for erecting such a creditable hotel.

The city council met Tuesday evening and discussed the water question. Many citizeitizens also attended. C. E. Bailey read a report giving a detailed account of the best directions for reaching St. Mary's lake and also of the estimated cost including machinery for power house pipe and labor of digging. It is probable that the next step will be to obtain the consent of the owners of lands to be crossed and then the work will be pushed rapidly. Eveleth is in need of pure water as the water from mines becomes contaminated and unfit for drinking purposes.

Martin Welch and Wallace Pool, who have both been seriously ill with pneumonia, are improving.

Dr. W. E. Howard spent Thursday and Friday in Duluth on business.

Good Friday was generally observed here. The bank and most of the business houses being closed all day.

P. W. Schimmel special agent for the Germania Life Insurance company, was up from Minneapolis the first of the week.

I. S. P. Weeks, of Lincoln, Neb., arrived Saturday evening and Monday morning left again for home accompanied by Mrs. Weeks, who has been visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. P. Sedgwick, of the Fayal.

John Wessel returned Saturday evening from his visit in Pittsburg.

Walter Scott visited in Zim this week.

Neil McInnis goes to Duluth today to meet Mrs. McInnis, who is returning from her extended visit in St. Cloud, Minn.

A. J. Shea was in St. Paul the first of the week.

W. T. Irwin, agent at the Duluth, Missabe and Northern had some valuable chickens stolen one night this week.

M. O. Boucher, one of the owners of the bowling alleys, was in town from Cloquet, and remained part of the week.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church gave a unique supper at Fayal hall on Thursday evening. The menu was gotten up in such a way that it was very misleading and one hardly knew what would be brought but a very substantial supper would appear. The affair was well patronized.

John Healy was over from Hibbing the first of the week.

William Bates, deputy sheriff of Duluth, spent a day here this week.

Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Clifford Sawyer, who is attending school at Pillsbury's academy, spent a few days with his parents here this week.

Mrs. Jerry Guyer, of Akely, visited with relatives here this week.

Mrs. A. J. Woodin returned Saturday from McIntosh, where she was called last week by the death of her mother, Mrs. Pratt.

Arthur Page and family arrived Tuesday from Riceville, Iowa, and will make their home here for the summer. Mr. Page being employed in the "Clipper" office.

Mrs. Bert Keitland returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Turtle River.

W. E. Bender, of Sparta, arrived here Tuesday morning and will spend several weeks looking after his farming interests here.

Mrs. E. C. Lincoln, who has been ill for some time, was taken to Minneapolis Friday for treatment. She was accompanied by Mr. Lincoln and Dr. W. F. Stone.

The public schools was opened Tuesday after a week's vacation.

T. E. Buck, one of the pioneers of Hubbard county, died at his home here Wednesday morning after a lingering illness. The funeral was held at the Congregational church Friday, under the auspices of the G. A. R., of which Mr. Buck was a member.

J. M. and Charles Weekley departed Thursday for Maltby.

J. A. Delezene returned to Richburg, N. D., Tuesday, after spending the winter with his family here.

Miss Esther Deveraux visited with friends at Nevis a few days last week.

The Ladies' Active club was entertained by Mrs. David Mandigo, Wednesday afternoon.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Sampson has returned to her home at Ironwood after a short visit here with her daughter, Mrs. Morrill.

H. M. Glass, brakeman on the Duluth Iron Range passenger, was over from Eveleth and spend a few days with friends, returning to work Monday.

Miss W. McCullum left Saturday for Hibbing, where she will make her home for the summer with her sister, Mrs. Will Mewhinney, who moved there lately from here.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed went to Eveleth Monday after a few days' stay here on business.

Capt. Jarchow, the diamond drill man from Grand Rapids, transacted business here a few days this week.

Miss Mable Trevena was over from McKinley this week spending her vacation with her folks.

Mr. Sampson is down from West Superior on business.

Mrs. James Hildebrand returned Saturday after an extended visit with her parents at Illinois.

J. M. Guss, who was section boss here a few years ago for the Misabe Northern railroad, arrived here Saturday from Washington, where he was located. Mrs. Guss has died since leaving here, which their friends were sorry to hear. Mr. Guss has accepted a position at Stevenson for the summer and left Monday for that place.

Mr. Myers was over from Stevens Saturday attending to business.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Klink, of McKinley, were in town Saturday, calling on friends.

Teddy Lutes has been suffering from an attack of tonsilitis and measles, but is now almost well again.

Hannah Johnson was over from McKinley Saturday visiting with friends.

Ed St. George returned to his home at Two Harbors Monday, after spending a few days with his friend, James Carey.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis McKenna were up from Two Harbors and spent Sunday with relatives.

On account of the opening of a new saloon here Saturday evening a few celebrated, which ended in a fight. They did not stop their celebrating until one was pushed through the window in Mr. Glasner's drygoods store at 1 o'clock Sunday morning. Night Police Everrett was soon on the scene and put them in jail. They were given their trial Monday. After paying damages and fine they were released.

Mrs. Enright was down to Two Harbors a few days visiting with friends.

Professor Grae is able to be out again, after a slight attack of erysipelas.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Colvin spent Sunday with friends at Duluth.

Albert Lewis was over at Stevens Tuesday, between trains. He has accepted a position here for the summer.

Miss Mayme McGraw returned from Two Harbors Tuesday, where she spent a week with friends.

Miss Vena Krompasky was over from McKinley visiting with her aunt, Mrs. Faber, Wednesday.

Rev. Koch was over from Mountain Iron the greater part of the week. He has been given a field in the lower part of the state, as pastor.

Mr. Stark was up from Two Harbors this week, attending to business.

Frank Loulan, of Buhl, called on friends here Tuesday.

Mr. Riley, father of Alderman Riley, has rented the house vacated by Mr. Evanson and family and will move his family here from Chippewa, Wis.

Rev. Bilban was over from Virginia Tuesday on business.

Mrs. William Carmichael was a Duluth visitor a few days the latter part of the week.

Edwin Nelson, of Ironwood, transacted business here Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Fanny Osborne has accepted a position with the Glass supply house, under Mr. Douglas.

Capt. Carmichael has charge of the sinking of a new shaft here.

Mrs. J. R. Ford was over from McKinley Thursday on a shopping trip.

Mrs. Smith and children were up from Two Harbors a few days. They expect to move here soon.

Mrs. Joe Smoke, of McKinley, called on friends here Friday.

Mrs. Herbert Dane visited with her sister, Mrs. Dundas, Friday.

The school children were given a holiday Friday, it being Good Friday. The bank was also closed.

John Milner was up from Stevens a few days on account of the strike of the steam shovel men there for still higher wages. They are receiving $4.25 a day now.

Mrs. Boree, of Superior, was in town a few days giving lessons on needle art.

Frank Golbokar returned Wednesday from the southern part of the state, where he has been the past week purchasing cows. He brought home a carload.

Mrs. John Lutes returned Thursday from a short visit at Duluth.

William Smith was over to Eveleth Wednesday visiting with his daughter, Mrs. Joe Prior.

Mrs. Henry Apitz is over from Stevenson spending a few days with friends.

The Young people of the congregational church are busy preparing for the old folks' concert which they will give in a few weeks.

Miss Pearl Stanton is at Eveleth. She expects to remain several weeks.

Jennie Cox has returned from Two Harbors, where she spent a few weeks.

Loyd Forgy, of Two Harbors, was in town Thursday on business.

Dr. Bray was over to Eveleth Tuesday, transacting business.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Norton has recovered from her severe attack of pneumonia and is again able to be out.

Mr. Whiteside is up from Two Harbors. He has accepted a position as engineer at the short line run to Virginia in Engineer McGraw's place.

Tom Birkland, formerly night watchman here, left Wednesday for New York, from where he takes sail for Norway. He expects to remain until June.

Professor Nelson, of the Elba school, was in town Friday calling on friends.

Several of the houses in town are under going repairs.

John Gus has moved his family into the home which he recently purchased from Conductor McDermit.

The ladies' literary club met with Miss Dennison Saturday afternoon in the Kindergarten room at school. The lesson for the day was art. A paper was read on Douglas Volk and Burt Harwood, by Miss Glasner. Mrs. Minnie Ream Hoxie was discussed by Miss Agnes Carmichael. Miss Rowe read a paper on Miss Bertha Corbett and Miss Dennison one on Minnesota artists. Current events was led by Miss Glasner. News from the countries was discussed, the next meeting, which was held with Miss Stultz this afternoon at the home of Dr and Mrs. Bray.

Mr. and Mrs. Sigmund Mattson have returned here from Eveleth and will make their home here for the summer.

James Enright was over from Elba and spent Sunday with his folks.

Rev. Saunderson will be down from Sudan and hold Easter services in the Methodist church.

Miss Slotich, of Elba, was in town Friday visiting with relatives.

Ironwood.

Ironwood, Mich., April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. A. Lindgren, for a number of years pastor of the Swedish Baptist church in Ironwood, resigned as pastor of the church and left for Washington Monday night.

L. W. Hoffman, of Green Bay, was in Ironwood on Business Friday.

R. H. Beckman, of Lake City mine, was in the city on business Friday.

A very large crowd attended the concert and Supper given at the Scandinavian hall Monday night by the Temple of Honor and all were well pleased.

James Devoy was in Duluth on business this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Paruleski, of Warinesco, were in twon Thursday visiting with friends.

Mrs. R. Johnson, of Monico, was in the city visiting with friends Wednesday.

R. C. French, of Chicago, was an Ironwood visitor Thursday.

A bouncing baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Colmer, of Ayer street Tuesday.

James McRae, of Rhinelander, was in the city on business Wednesday.

Miss M. Sullivan, of Watersmeet, was in Ironwood visiting with friends Tuesday.

A bazaar was held at the armory by the M. E. church Thursday and Friday and the church met with great success.

C. G. Sawyer, of Waupaca, Wis., was in Ironwood visiting with friends Thursday.

E. T. Graves, of Marinesco, was in Ironwood on business Thursday.

Midway.

Midway, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ladies' society met at Emil Helmer's last Tuesday afternoon.

Henry Norman made a business trip to Duluth Thursday.

Everything is beginning to look spring like. The robins have arrived and the croak of the bull frogs is heard in our swamps. Soon the busy times of the farms will be at hand.

The new bell for the Swedish Lutheran church has been placed in position.

Andrew Hedeen has gone to West Duluth to work.

The Johnson Brothers have returned from Highland, where they have been running a tie and pulpwood camp this winter.

Mr. Gulbranson has his sawmill and grist mill running.

The road overseer, Oscar Erickson, is on the sick list.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, April 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Commercial club was organized here at a meeting held in the office of the Cass Lake Water and Power Co., on Wednesday afternoon. The following are the officers. President, A. S. Bernard; vice presidents, Dr. R. T. Whetson and C. M. Taylor; secretary, City Attorney E. M. Stanton; treasurer, Cashier Leisen. The meeting was largely attended and much enthusiasm shown

A. G. Bernard and Dr. R. F. Whetstone returned home on Tuesday. Dr. Whetstone has taken a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins Medical college, Baltimore. He epects to build a hospital here. He has as partner Dr. Drimhall, late of Minneapolis.

Roy Owens returned Wednesday from a visit to Bemidji on businesss.

M. Beckett, of Gardner & Beckett, returned from a trip South on Thursday.

near Bemidji on Wednesday evening, he removed his furniture here last week and will ship his horses to Grand Forks for the summer's work. He reports logging in the past winter as fairly profitable.

Mrs. Fredrick and family went to Tenstrike to visit with relatives on Thursday and expect to be away a few days.

B. A. Strawbridge went to Oregon on Thursday to secure a timber claim. He expects to be home in three weeks. J. W. Strawbridge takes charge of the dry goods while Benjamin is away.

C. M. Taylor and Cashier Leisen, were Farris, visitors on Thursday.

Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith went to Bemidji on Thursday and will accompany Rev. Dr. Dodds to the Blackduck country.

Sewell Tibbetts left for Bemidji on Wednesday where he will work in the mill.

(Continued on Page 21.)

Handy Classified List
Of Duluth and West Superior
Representative Firms

FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL.

Abstract of Title.
THE CONS. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.
UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale Bldg.
H. H. HOYT (Lake and Cook Counties), Manhattan Bldg.

Accident and Health Insurance.
UNION MUTUAL INS. CO., Palladio bldg

Accident and Liability Insurance.
AETNA LII : INS. CO., Wendell P. Mosher, Mgr., Providence bldg.

Architects.
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale bldg
I. V. HILL, Palladio bldg.

Attorneys at Law.
M. DOUGLAS, 312 First Nat. Bk. Bldg.
N. H. WILSON, 508 Torrey Building.
F. W. HARGREAVES, 715 Torrey Bldg.
CHAS. A. McPHERRIN, 709 Torrey Bldg.
DAVID M. DEVORE, 614 Manhattan Bldg
I. GRETTUM, 421 Manhattan Bldg.

Banks.
AMERICAN EXCHANGE, Exchange bldg.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
MERCHANTS Bank, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Civil Engineers.
PATTON & FRANK, 613 Palladio.

Collections.
BRIGHT MERC. AGENCY, 909 Torrey.
NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT CO. (Inc.), 513 Palladio.

Dentist.
H. C. SPENGLER, 3 West Superior.
H. BURNETT, 303 West Superior.
R. E. NIXON, New Jersey building.

Electrical Contractor.
J. H. McLAUGHLIN, Palladio building.

Farm Lands.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 4-8 West Superior.
FRANK C. DESCENT, W. Sup., Wis.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON-McRAE & Co., Exchange.
LANE McGREGOR & CO., Exchange bldg

Furnaces, Cornices, Roofing.
BURRELL & HARMON, 3 S. 1st Ave. E.

Land Attorney.
H. L. SHEPHERD, 225 Manhattan bldg.

Life Insurance Companies.
NEW YORK LIFE INS. CO., Manhattan bldg. Jesse R. Sharp, manager.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.
PENN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Henry I. Pineo & Co., Mgr.

Lots and Dock Property, West Duluth
W. DULUTH LAND CO., Trust bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.
R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale.

Optician.
C. C. STAACKE, New Jersey building.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks
JAMES T. WATSON, Palladio Building.

Pine and Iron Lands.
EATON BROS., 412 Providence Building.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG (Est. 1880), New Jersey bldg.

Pine Lands and Pulp Wood.
BROWN BROS., 511 Torrey bldg.

Real Estate.
STRATTON & HAMMOND, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Farm and Iron Lands.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO., Providence bldg.
O. G. OLSON, 415 Burrows bldg.

Real Estate and Investments.
A. M. MORISON, 212 Trust building.

Real Estate and Iron Lands.
SHARP & RYAN, 406 Palladio Building.

Real Estate and Loans.
WM. C. SHERWOOD & CO., Torrey Bldg.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Bldg.
N. J. UPHAM & CO., 400 Burrows Bldg.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
FULFORD, HOW & CO., Trust bldg.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
O. H. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
CHAS. A. STARK, 213 Palladio bldg.
E. P. ALEXANDER, JR., Torrey bldg.
ALFRED KJELLIN, 306 Burrows bldg.
W. B. GETCHELL, 407 Central Av., W. D
N. J. MILLER, 433 Manhattan bldg.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange.
WALTER FOWLER, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Municipal Bonds, Loans
A. C. VOLK, Palladio building.

Real Estate and Renting.
LITTLE & NOLTE (Est. 1886), Ex. bldg.
HARFORD L. BILLSON, Torrey bldg.

Safety Deposit.
NAT. SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 1st Nat. Bank Bldg, boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

WHOLESALE.

Art, Leaded Glass, Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Art M'f'rs, Picture Frames, Mirrors.
DECKER MFG. CO., 16 Second Ave. W.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Bag Manufacturers and Paper Dealers.
LAKE SUPERIOR BAG CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Bakeries.
SCANDINAVIAN BAKERY, 110 Garf'd.

Bakery and Ice Cream.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.

Blank Book Manufacturers and Binders.
R. C. MAST & CO., Providence bldg.

Boiler and Marine Work.
NORTHWEST BOILER WKS., 609 Gar.
GOGEBIC BOILER WKS., 409 Lake.

Breweries.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.
FITGER & CO., E. Superior St.

Brownstone Dealers.
WM. PENN & CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Michigan.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Mich.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.
TUCKER, TOBEN & CO., 212 W. Mich.
SANDERS & CO., 201 West Michigan.

Car Hauling, Engines and Machinery
SUPERIOR IRON WORKS, W. Sup. Wis.

Carriages, Wagons and Harness.
M. W. TURNER, 3d Ave. E. and Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
CUTLER & GILBERT, Providence bldg.

Chain Manufacturers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 430 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 East First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Contractors.
L. D. CAMPBELL & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
MACLEOD & SMITH, Torrey bldg.
WATTERWORTH & FEE, Lonsdale bldg.
P. McDONNELL, McDonnell blk.
THEO NAUFFTS, Torrey bldg.
THOS. THORBURN, Palladio bldg.

Cut Stone and Masonry.
N. F. NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

Doors, Sash and Mouldings.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO., 110-112 E. Mich.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., 37th Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
F. A. PATRICK & CO., South 5th A. W.

Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Engines and Boilers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Everything Electrical.
CROWLEY ELECTRIC CO., 3d A. Mich.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Td.
GREGORY COOK CO., W. Superior, Wis.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Flour, Grain, Hay and Feed.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 29th Ave. W.
H. F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Mich.
D. S. McKAY & CO., 102 S. 1st Avenue.
J. E. LEES & CO., 120 E. Superior.
J. P. ENGSTROM & CO., 20 W First.
THEO. BARTHOLDI, 520 East Fourth.
THE J. L. ROSS CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Foundry.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Glass Plate and Window.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Grain Commission Merchants.
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd.Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Bd. of Trade.
AMES-BROOKS CO., Board of Trade.
G. S. Barnes & CO., Board of Trade.
ATWOOD, LARSON & C., Board Trade.
WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Bd. of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.
W. J. BETTINGEN & CO., Board Trade.
W. C. MITCHELL & CO., Board of Trade.
SPENCER, MOORE & CO., Bd. Trade.
THOS. GIBSON, Board of Trade.
McKINDLEY & NICHOLLS, Bd. Trade.
GEO. H. DAGGETT CO., Board Trade.
McCABE BROS., Board of Trade.
KENKEL-TODD CO., Board of Trade.
CARGILL COMMISSION CO., B'd Trade.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grocers.
GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO., S. 5th.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS, 103 S. 5th
DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 West Michigan.
TWOHY-ELMON MERC. CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Hardware.
MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Lake avenue south.

Harness and Saddlery.
J. H. CONSTANTINE, 104 W. 1st.

Horses, Vehicles and Harness.
L. HAMMEL CO., 300 E. First.

Hotels.
SPALDING HOTEL, Superior 5th Ave.W.
ST. LOUIS HOTEL, W. Superior street.
HOTEL McKAY, 1st and Fifth Ave. W.
ARLINGTON HOTEL, 321 W. Michigan.
MERCHANTS HOTEL, Superior 2d A. W.
ST. JAMES HOTEL, 215 W. Superior St.

Ice Cream Manufacturer.
DULUTH ICE CREAM CO., 28 E. Sup.

Ice Dealer.
DULUTH ICE COMPANY, 15 E. Sup. St.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Knitting Mills.
NELSON BROS., 2101 E. Superior.

Laundries.
TROY LAUNDRY.
YALE LAUNDRY CO., 30-32 East First.
DULUTH STEAM LAUNDRY, 57th A. W.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Sup.
LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 808 E. 2d.

Leather—Findings—Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROS. Co., 302 W. MICH.

Lithographers and Printers.
DUL. LITHOGRAPH & PRINTING CO.

Logging Tools and Sleighs.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Lumbermen's Supplies.
KELLEY-HOW-THOMPSON, CO., S. 5th.

**

OPERA AND DRAMA AT DULUH THEATERS

"The Strollers" at the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday—"A Trip to Chinatown" and "Arizona," "In Idaho" and "A Celebrated Case" at the Metropolitan.

At the Lyceum theater on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week, the Marguerita Sylva Opera company, an organization of more than fifty people, headed by this beautiful and accomplished artiste, will present "The Strollers," one of the brightest musical comedies of the last decade. It will be remembered thit this work was first produced at the Knickerbocker theater, New York, during the summer of 1901, and since that time has been almost continuously on tour, having enjoyed long runs in Boston, Philadelphia and other cities. The Marguerita Sylva company has been playing the piece since last August, and when the long tour ends in Montreal in June, the company will have traveled more than 22,000 miles, and covered territory from coast to coast and from Manitoba to the gulf, a most remarkable achievement for so large an organization, and indisputable evidence of the popularity of the brilliant star, her company and the play. "The Strollers" abounds in comedy of the legitimately funny sort, and has probably more genuine musical hits than any similar work on tour. There are a dozen or more musical numbers of the "whistleable" kind that dwell in one's memory for months, and they have been written with a view to their adaptability to the story of the play, instead of being dragged in just to fill out a program.

The bright particular star of the company is Miss Marguerita Sylva, sne of the striking figure, midnight hair, pearly teeth and flashing eye. Miss Sylva's position among the very first of American prima donni is firmly established. No woman of the stage has been endowed by nature with rarer physical gifts, to which is added a winsomeness of personality and charm of manner seldom observed. Her rise in her profession has been rapid indeed, but certainly well deserved. Her voice is soprano, of pristine brilliancy, and

TONY IN "ARIZONA."

her recent singing of a better grade of music than that which fell to her lot during the earlier stages of her career is doubtless responsible for the flutelike quality that has crept into it. In "The Strollers" Miss Sylva has found a most congenial role, since the character demands no less than three marked changes, not only of costume, but of characterization as well. As the strolling player in the first act, Miss Sylva loks the gypsy girl ideally. In the second act she is "every inch a princess," indeed, while those who had the good fortune to see her in "The Princess Chic" will unite in declaring that the striking military uniform called for in the last act of her present vehicle will be worn with true distinction.

The organization which Messrs. Nixon & Zimmerman have selected to support Miss Sylva this year in the play includes George C. Boniface, Jr., a comedian of undoubted merit, who is well suited to the part of August; Neil McNeil, who is said to be quaintly unctuous in the role of the jailer; ridiculously humorous, D. L. Don, in he eccentric comedy part of the petty prince, whose grotesque grimaces and dancing are a feature; David Torrence, of the resonant baritone voice and manly figure; Miss Dorothy Hunting, who abandoned a church choir position in Hamilton, Ont., less than two years ago, and who has won her way into a commanding position in musical comedy work by reason of a remarkably rich contralto voice and charming personality; Miss Louise Middleton, considered one of the most beautiful women on the stage, who looks and acts the part of Mimi, the French dancer, to perfection, and a very large chorus that not only sings the music of the score with vim and tunefulness, but is composed of about the handsomest young women ever brought together in one company.

The production is practically new, having been recently rebuilt and repainted, and as it requires two large baggage cars to transport the scenery and accessories, and an extra force of stage mechanics to handle it, the management has left nothing undone to assure their new and brilliant star of their interest in her further development.

"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN."

The Lyceum theater will present as it attraction next Monday Hoyt's roaring comedy, "A Trip to Chinatown."

Somehow there seems to be an unmeasurable strength in the Hoyt trade mark, which appeals to the most fashionable as well as the masses. This fact is very forcibly demonstrated by the large audiences which always greet the presentation of a Hoyt play.

"A Trip to Chinatown," as a merry maker, has eclipsed all records and was considered by the author as his greatest success both artistically and financially. Bright, breezy and entertaining, full of catchy music and ridiculous situations, it is the best of tonics to drive away the "blues" or scatter dull care to the winds.

This season the play will be embellished with all the latest musical successes of the most popular authors, while a first-class cast is promised which includes William Kellar Mack, Jack Campbell, Frank Beamish, Percy Walling, William Sturgeon, John Doyle, Sylvia Starr, Kitty Wells, Nellie Sennett Miler, Molly Saylor, Zenie Blair and others.

"ARIZONA" COMING.

Much of the interest attached to the coming engagement of Augustus Thomas' play, "Arizona," is due to the fact that since its former road tour it has been made a larger and more expensive production in every way. Last spring Manager Kirke La Shelle produced it at the Academy of Music, New York, where it played an engagement of 150 nights. Due to the large stage at that theater, Mr. La Shelle put "Arizona" on in a massive way, and the production intact as given during this last New York run will be brought here at the Lyceum theater Friday and Saturday and Saturday matinee.

When Augustus Thomas wrote "Alabama" the ablest critics in America said he had written the best American play. On the morning of Sept. 11 three of the best newspaper critics in New York declared "Arizona" a greater play than "Alabama." The logical inference is evident. "Arizona," as the name would indicate, is a stage-told story of the lives and loves of men and women living in that picturesque section of our national domain, which is now knocking at the door of congress with the demand for the signities of statehood. The characters are typical of the sturdy civilization of a new country. Canby, a splendid old ranchman, who dominates the Aravaipa valley; his kind-hearted but peppery-tempered wife; their two beautiful daughters, children of the plains, veneered with San Francisco culture; the officers and soldiers of a frontier cavalry post—these are the principal types that move and live in a play said to be one of the best contributions to the American stage.

The New York company will be seen in the production here, and the mounting of the play will be as correct and elaborate in every detail as that which characterized its first presentation, for the Lyceum stage is as large and complete in every detail as any in this country.

AT THE METROPOLITAN.

"In Idaho" and "A Celebrated Case" Next Week.

The Ferris Comedians, the week just closing, have made two more distinct hits by presenting at the Metropolitan fien productions of "The Prisoner of Zeresla," and the "Resurrection." The "Resurrection" is the biggest production yet attempted by the company, using as it does forty-five people in the cast, and a large amount of special scenery. Tonight will be the last production of the famed play "Resurrection" and there will no doubt be a crowded house.

For next week Mr. Ferris will have his company present two plays of merit. During the first half, beginning Monday night, the great play of Western life, "In Idaho," will be given. This is conceded to be one of the very best of its class. The cast has been placed to excellent advantage, and the scenic effects will be elaborate.

For the last half of the week "A Celebrated Case" will be presented on a large scale. This play is well known to all theatergoers and is one of the most beautiful costume plays of modern times.

The performances are all continuous, as high class vaudeville is introduced between the acts. Those to appear next week are Meley and Mullery and Christy and Willis, who this week scored such pronounced hits.

The business being done by this company is remarkable, as it is now in the fifteenth week and playing to large houses.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Virginia Earle Sues Manager Lederer For Damages.

New York, April 11.—Miss Virginia Earle is in a quandary. Incidentally she is a much ill-used young lady, even as such matters sometimes go on Broadway. All her troubles date from the time when she last affixed her signature to a contract with George W. Lederer. Many a time had she done this before and more than once had it caused her trouble, but she forgave and forgot to her own undoing. When Miss Earle returned from London last year it was with fresh laurels fairly and squarely won in the British capital. Offer after offer were made to her, but Lederer won. She had been with him many years and his bait was alluring. She was to star in a musical comedy especially written for her, and at the head of a company of unmatched excellence. There was to be a bank roll for her alongside of which the obelisk in Central Park would like a broken toothpick, and taking it altogether everything was to be lovely. Since then Miss Earle has rudely awakened. Lederer didn't keep any part of the agreement, but did offer to let her have Marie Cahill's part in "Sally in Our Alley," when the latter was ready to star. That was adding insult to injury, and of course Miss Earle refused. Since then there has been nothing doing except that Miss Earle has sued Lederer's company for $25,000 damages and he has put in the unique counter claim that she has damaged him to that extent because he would have made that much money if she had played Sally. However complimentary this may have been to Miss Earle, it was poor satisfaction for having practically lost an entire season. To date she has made no arrangement with another manager, but is carefully considering several propositions. One of these is to have the leading role in the Shubert production of "The Sweet Girl," and on Monday evening Miss Earle watched the Irving Place version with great care as the guest of Manager Conreid, but she could not reach a decision. It is highly probable, however, that in the end she will transfer her allegiance to Weber and Fields and take the place to be made vacant by Fay Templeton.

From America, where her tour will end in May, Mrs. Langtry will sail for England for a three weeks' holiday. Then she goes to South Africa, where she will make her first appearance. Her season will last from early June until September. She will carry no company with her, but will be supported by local stock companies.

"Jimmie" Powers has been so affected by the early spring that he has written the words and music of a song, "The Things You See After Dark," and has turned it over to Miss Blanche Ring, of his company, for use when she stars this summer.

One of the most familiar figures along Broadway for several months has been E. J. Radcliffe, once a matinee idol, but now sadly fallen from his former stage. After his matrimonial troubles Radcliffe had a short period of success in the West, and induced one New York manager to give him another trial here. But the public generally had neither forgotten nor forgiven, and Radcliffe was soon retired from the cast. Since then he has waited patiently for a New York engagement, and at last succeeded. He is to be the leading man for Miss Nance O'Neil when she appears in "Macbeth" at the Herald Square Theater in September.

The sensational hit which Miss Marie Dressler made as interlocutor in the minstrel show given at the benefit tendered to Sherry Matthews at the Brondway last year has not been forgotten. Others have tried to emulate her in the same character since that time, but have met with little success. A woman must possess a keen sense of humor, wit and repartee to successfully fill such a position. Such women are very rare. A few days ago Miss Dressler received the following telegram from San Antonio, Texas: "Will you accept position as interlocutor, West minstrel, next season? Salary eight hundred. Answer, Sanford Rieaby." Owing to other engagements which Miss Dressler has made for next season she was obliged to decline the offer. A big minstrel company in which she would be featured as interlocutor would undoubtedly create a sensation. The idea is certainly an original one and opens up a field for clever women. It would be an innovation, and with the proper person might prove to be a very profitable experiment.

Miss Ida Haverly, daughter of the late Colonel Jack Haverly, whose name will forever be prominent in the history of minstrelsy, is to make her debut on the vaudeville stage. She is a very pretty and charming young woman, with a mezzo soprano voice of great power. Miss Haverly takes to the stage largely as a matter of necessity. "Yet," she said, the other day, "it will really gratify my earliest ambition. When I was a little bit of a girl I traveled all over the country with my father, and at 15 I had firmly made up my mind to go on the stage. Father, however, vigorously opposed this, although he gave me the best teachers money could procure to cultivate my voice. Before he died he said one day: 'Ida, if I leave you nothing else, you will always have the name of the Haverly Minstrels to fall back on.' As a matter of fact, when he died, more than a year and a half ago, his successor was under contract to pay my mother and myself $65 a week for the use of the name for five years. The payment was stopped at the end of the first year, and we are now fighting the matter in the courts. In the meantime I found it necessary to do something for our support, and I found that vaudeville offered the greatest attraction."

Miss Marie Cahill has found a new attraction for "Nancy Brown," in the person of Miss Louise Egener. She is a native of Rotterdam, in Holland, and her father was stage manager of the Royal opera house there. Before she was a month old she made her first appearance in "The Flying Dutchman." Sixteen years ago she came to this country, and Miss Louise, who was then just 6, was given a small part in the chorus, where she has remained ever since. A few weeks ago she rose in rebellion against grand opera, and, despite the family reproaches, sought out Miss Cahill and got an engagement. Her reasons she explains as follows: "I left grand opera," she said, "because it is too gloomy. I just couldn't stand it. I could see myself withering by degrees, imbibing Italian, German, French and Polish. I wanted light and sunshine and real color, such as American heroes on the stage have, but I couldn't get it at the Metropolitan opera house. Now I am going to have just what I have always wanted."

Miss Laura Biggar is thrilling audiences over in Jersey in that good old stand-by "East Lynne." Her advent was heralded in the most glowing terms that an enthusiastic press agent could find. He refers to her as "the object of the strangest destiny that culminated recently," and then goes on: "Her honor vindicated, her reputation restored, the poisoned arrows of ambush fall broken at her feet. She stands triumphant; her victory, the common cause of American womanhood; hers, the scars of the most vindictive, cunning, malicious and sinister battle waged against a single woman by a legion of powerful foes. Equipped as she is by nature, with all the gifts that the god's throw into beauty's lap, her art is enhanced rather than dulled. She stands today with a fund from which no actress of her ability can draw. The stage has won back one of its lost idols. The world has witnessed the conduct of a woman that stands, as does that of Josephine, Lucrece, Virginia, Joan of Arc, a rare type of moral sublime." If that doesn't catch Jersey from end to end nothing ever will.

MARGUERITA SYLVA,
Charming Prima Donna Who Appears With Her Own Company In "The Strollers."

George W. Lederer has given the chorus girls something to think about this week by declaring open warfare on their custom of appearing in a show as long as it remains in this city, and then promptly transferring their services to some other Broadway attraction. Lederer has, to a certain extent, been the patron saint of the Broadway chorus girl. He has taught her how to dress and how to act, as if she were really in good society. He has selected his raw material with remarkable judgment, and has turned it into a finished product, the like of which was never seen before. All this he did for years without complaining, when, having made the chorus girl's fortune, she airily turned her back upon him and forced him to go out on the road with a second-class batch. Now Lederer has risen in his wrath, and declares that hereafter all chorus girls in his employ must sign a contract to stay with the show wherever it goes as long as it is running. The one who breaks her contract will be put on the blacklist, and nevermore can he seen with a Lederer production. Several other managers have joined with him in this declaration, and it begins to look as if the chorus young lady will hereafter be forced to submit to discipline.

Martin Harvey went back to England feeling greatly aggrieved at the manner in which his tour had been handled in this country. So displeased was he with the general results that before going he signed a contract to reappear under the management of James K. Hackett and Harrison Grey Fiske, the bitter opponents of the firm which has just had him under contract. He will come back to play "Hamlet" in a most elaborate production, feeling confident of success now that William Gillette has decided to postpone his Shakespearean triumph for a season or two.

Klaw and Erlanger have entitled the space which covered the top of the New York theater, "The Beautiful Crystal Garden." At considerable expense the place is being remodeled on ideal lines to represent a summer night's Arcadia. New and commodious elevators are being constructed, embodying all the modern conveniences and especially adapted to the carrying of large crowds. George W. Lederer will furnish the entertainment, which is promised to be original and unique, and dissimilar to any that have heretofore been seen on the so-called "roof gardens." The opening is announced for about June 10.

James K. Hackett has purchased from Winston Churchill the dramatic rights of Mr. Churchill's novel, "The Celebrity." The dramatization will be made by a well-known author, and Mr. Hackett will produce the play next autumn with a special company, headed by a well-known actor.

Rehearsals of "There and Back," George Arliss' farcical play, in which Charles E. Evans is to be seen once more as a star, are now in progress at the Princess theater. "There and Back" will follow "The Frisky Mrs. Johnson" at the Princess three weeks hence, when Miss Bingham starts on her Western tour.

Miss Adelaide Fitz-Allan will shortly make a starring tour in a new romantic comedy, "The Duchess of Devonshire," by Mrs. Charles A. Doremus, author of "The Circus Rider," played by the late Rosina Vokes. Miss Fitz-Allan was leading woman for Frank Mayo, Thomas W. Keene and also for Alexander Salvini from the time he began his first starring tour until his death. Her last New York appearance was with Miss Henrietta Crosman as the duchess of Portsmouth in "Mistress Nell."

On Easter Monday another star will be added to the stellar firmament. Her name is Miss Edith Ellis Baker, and she will appear in her own play, "The Point of View," which tells a story of American lives lived in an American way. The piece is a comedy drama, from which the "heavy villain" and the woman with a past have been eliminated. The scenes are laid in this city and near Irvington on the Hudson. Miss Baker has played important parts with Joseph Jefferson, Miss Fanny Davenport, McKee Rankin and other stars. She has been on the stage since 6 years old. For two years she managed the Criterion theater in Brooklyn.

The company supporting Miss Elsie de Wolfe in her new comedy, "Cynthia," is unique in its composition. Miss de Wolfe plays the only American character in the cast; the English characters are all played by English men and women. A German money-lender is played by a German, and two French servants are played by a "mademoiselle" and "monsieur" from sunny France.

David Belasco's next big surprise to be sprung in New York, it is now whispered, will be a handsome production of "The Truth Tellers," with David Warfield in the principal role, that of a Scotchman. The arrangement will give Warfield a splendid chance to demonstrate his versatility as a dialect and character actor, and it would be no surprise if he made an even bigger success than he has scored in "The Auctioneer." The play was originally owned by the late Sol Smith Russel and Fred Berger, who manages the Russell estate, will be interested in it with Belasco. It was produced last season in Washington by Walter Clarke Bellows and his stock company and made a splendid impression. Since then Belasco has been at work putting in those deft finishing touches which he is the master of, and he now has it in excellent shape for use next season. A big block of time has been secured at the Victoria Theater, anticipating a long run for the production.

Louisville will be the first city to see "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" and "Lovely Mary" when these dramatizations of Mary Hegan's popular stories are transferred to the stage. Manager Tyler has selected Louisville for the premiee for two reasons: First, it is the home of the author, and also of Mrs. Flexner, who is making the dramatizations; and, secondly, the "cabbage patch" is a part of Louisville, and on this account the play will have a triple local interest. It is thought that a week's engagement will be played in Louisville early in October preceding the more pretentious opening in New York.

Percy Haswell will appear as the star in George Fawcett's production of the prize-winning play, "The Favor of the Queen," which is to be produced the week of May 4 in Baltimore at Manager Fawcett's stock theater. This is the drama by Roy S. Sennebaugh, of St. Louis, which is attracting much attention through the novel manner in which Manager Fawcett secured it. Young Sennebaugh is only 22 years old, and it is his first effort at play writing, but he is said to have turned out an uncommonly good piece of property. A novelty in connection with the play is that William Shakespeare is introduced as one of the characters.

The benefit which was to have been tendered A. M. Palmer in New York next month has been postponed until next October. This change is due to the fact that as soon as Herr Conried takes charge of the Metropolitan Opera House the work of remodeling the stage will be begun, and will not be finished until October. As the Metropolitan is the only house the promoters of the benefit care to use, it being their aim to make the Palmer testimonial the greatest of the kind ever given in this country, they have decided to wait until the house will be ready for occupancy.

There is talk of W. H. Thompson being seen next season in a spectacular revival of "King Lear," with this splendid character actor in the itle role.

Eleanor Robson in "Audrey" has been in the thickest of the flooded country down South of late, but has not missed a performance, though in several towns the players had to be transferred from their trains to the theaters in rowboats. "Audrey" will not be sent out by Liebler & Co. next year, but will be let out to the stock companies.

George Ade's new comedy will be called "The Circuit Judge," and it is said will be a far more legitimate effort at playmaking than anything the well-known slang writer has yet brought out. Mr. Ade has completed the first act and is at work on the remainder, hoping to have it ready for use by next season.

Kirke La Shelle has closed the trial tour of his company that produced "Checkers," and is holding that play in store until he can secure time at one of the New York theaters for a run, which it is thought will be quite an extended one.

Kathryn Osterman is to be the star of a musical farce next season in which she will be managed by her well known husband, Jake Rosenthal.

The latest rumor from London is that when King Edward celebrates his next birthday, among those who will be ushered into the flower of British Knighthood will be Kyrle Bellew, the actor.

Though Viola Allen's contract with Liebler & Co. expires this season it is said that they have an option on her services for another year, and will continue Miss Allen as the star of "The Eternal City," booking her over a route which has yet to be visited by the play.

Hobart Bosworth has so far recovered his health that for the spring tour he has been engaged by Miss Henrietta Crossman as her leading man, taking the place of White Whittellsey, who retires soon.

C. E. Callahan, of "Coon Hollow" fame, has made a new version of "Oliver Twist" which he will send out next season under the title of "Nancy Sykes."

Joseph Weber, of Weber and Fields, denies the generally circulated report that he is to quit the stage and will be succeeded by Louie Mann. Mr. Weber will look after the business interests of the firm that is beginning to branch out quite extensively, but he says he will also remain in the cast of the Weber and Fields's productions.

Euginia Blair will likely tour the Stair and Havlin houses next season in the Crossman production of the latter's play, "The Sword of the King."

Weber and Fields, who recently joined forces with the independent booking agency, were last week made members of the governing board of that body, and have signed an agreement to book all of their proposed porductions in theaters not under the syndicate control.

FOUR PEOPLE FATALLY SHOT

Fight In a Jacksonville, O., Saloon Has Disastrous Results.

Athens, Ohio, April 11.—In a fight last night at Jacksonville, twelve miles north of Athens, four people were fatally and one seriously shot. The fatally wounded are: Mrs. Henry Skrotsky, Charles Riley, Charles Cochran, Seth Tinham. The seriously injured is Henry Hoblett.

The fight occurred in a saloon of which Mrs. Skrotsky is proprietor. Last night a large crowd assembled in the saloon for an evening of card-playing and drinking. Tinham and Hoblett, who as partners were playing Riley and Cochran, were badly beating their companions. Presently Tinham threw down his cards, declaring he had been cheated.

He pulled his revolver, his three companions followed suit, and the four began to shoot at each other at arm's length. A dozen shots were fired, and when their weapons were emptied four men, three dying, lay in pools of blood, while Mrs. Skrotsky, shot through the breast accidentally, lay behind the bar. She and Tinham cannot survive.

Physicians from neighboring towns were summoned to care for the injured. Mrs. Skrotsky and Hoblett were taken to their homes, while Riley, Cochran and Tinham were carried on stretchers to the Jacksonville prison, where hundreds of excited people gathered. Mayor Ginnan of Jacksonville has sworn in many extra policemen to assist Marshal Charles Stewart in keeping out of the prison friends of the dying men.

WILL RE-ELECT SHAFFER.

Pittsburg, April 10.—President T. J. Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, will probably be re-elected without opposition, Lewis Good, of this city, the most formidable candidate, having sent a letter of withdrawal to the convention. Mr. Good says it appears to be the general feeling that it would be injudicious to interrupt Mr. Shaffer's policy at this time.

IOWA BADLY DAMAGED.

Injury to Battleship Greater Than Was Expected.

Pensacola, Fla., April 11.—The damage to the battleship Iowa, caused by the premature explosion of a shell in the forward port 12-inch gun, has developed to be more serious than was thought when the first examination was made, and as a consequence the big ship has been ordered to the New York navy yard to go out of commission.

It is known that three decks, including the upper deck in the forward part of the ship, will have to be entirely removed and rebuilt.

It is feared that the steel supports under the 12-inch port turret are sprung to such an extent that they will have to be removed.

The gun itself is a hopeless wreck. Although the gun which burst went into numberless pieces, the end of the gun is as smooth as if it had been turned out of a shop, and except that it is about twelve feet snorter than the starboard gun, it is hardly noticeable that an explosion occurred. According to the record of the exploded gun, it was good for at least another year for service, and reports that the gun had been condemned are without foundation.

Fire Insurance Rates.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The writer has noticed from time to time considerable comment upon the high insurance rates existing in our city. The writer has for some time been engaged in the sale of fire fighting appliances. Very frequently, in fact, in most cases, I find the insured resting perefectly satisfied and contented in the fact that they are fully insured and some could even burn at a good profit. Now, if the business men of Superior street or any other portion of Duluth, consider their rates too high, they can for a nominal consideration secure expert service from Chicago that will come to our city, examine and survey the situation, devise and suggest ways and means along the lines adopted and in use in our large Eastern cities by Edward Atkinson, of Boston, probably the greatest authority in this country on fire hazards and the protection of property. In making my rounds I am often astonished and wonder why some get off as cheap as they do. Insurance rates are not based on what we have had, but on what we are likely to get 'and will" unless greater caution is exercised. Respectfully yours,

CHARLES J. BIRCH.

Duluth, April 10.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Because of the succession of accidents which have occurred recently in the navy, a board of officers is to be appointed to revise the drill regulations in order that every precaution may be taken in the future against casualties.

Arthur Andrews and E. Gage, of Minneapolis, grain dealers; John C. Gage and Herbert G. Gage, of Winnipeg, elevator owners, and Francis A. Chamberlain, of Minenapolis, have been incorporated as the Andrews-Gage company, with a proposed capital stocks of $500,000 for carrying on the business of operating grain elevators and warehouses.

The battleship Maine arrived in Hampton Roads from San Juan Friday afternoon and is anchored off Old Point Comfort. The ship's six-inch gun platform will be examined by the naval board from Washington to determine the extent of the weakness developed.

INCREASE IN WAGES.

Hoosac Falls, N. Y., April 10.—A 10 per cent increase in wages has been granted to the 300 or more iron molders and laborers of the Walter A. Wood Mower and Reaper company. The advance was unsollcited.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Last Time Tonight "The Chaperons"

Monday, April 13 "A Trip to Chinatown"

A complete production of the best of all the Hoyt farces. Pretty girls, dazzling costumes, special scenery, catchy music. PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Tuesday and Wednesday, April 14 and 15

NIXON & ZIMMERMAN PRESENTS THE

Marguerite Sylva Opera Company

Headed by the Talented and Brilliant Artiste

MARGUERITE SYLVA

In the Rollicking, Musical Comedy Success

"THE STROLLERS"

Book by Harry B. Smith, author of "Robin Hood." Music by Ludwig Englander. A splendid company of fifty people, including GEORGE C. BONIFACE, JR., NEIL McNEIL, D. L. DON, DOROTHY HUNTING, LOUISE MIDDLETON and DAVID TORRENCE.

PRICES—Evening—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

Matinee—$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.

NOTE—"The Strollers" will be at Superior Monday night, April 13.

Friday and Saturday, April 17 and 18. Matinee Saturday.

KIRKE LA SHELLE'S PRODUCTION OF AMERICA'S GREATEST PLAY.

ARIZONA

BY AGUSTUS THOMAS.

One Year Each in New York, Chicago and London.

SECURE SEATS EARLY.

NIGHT—Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

MATINEE—Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 25c.

METROPOLITAN

W. H. REANEY, Manager. Both 'Phones 969.

LAST TIME TONIGHT "SESURRECTION"

For the week of April 13, DICK FERRIS Presents

FERRIS' COMEDIANS

IN TWO MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTIONS.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Matinee and Night—the great drama of Western Life "In Idaho"

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Matinee and Night—the beautiful Costume Play "A Celebrated Case"

A CONTINUOUS SHOW—high-class vaudeville between the acts.

Never-changing Prices—Nights, 10c, 25c and 50c. Matinees—10c and 25c.

For the week of April 20—the world-famed "Aerial Shaws" will play a return engagement.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

MONDAY, April 13. Mr. Jack Campbell, complete, in Hoyt's greatest play,

A Trip to Chinatown.

A complete production of the best of all the Hoyt farces. Pretty girls, dazzling costumes, special scenery, catchy music Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Monday, April 20.

The Apollo Club

OF DULUTH.

A Grand Chorus of

60—MALE VOICES—60

Under the Direction of

Milton B. Griffith,

Assisted by

Miss Charlotte DeMuth, Violinist

and

Frank B. Webster, Basso.

Marx E. Oberndofer, Accompanist.

PRICES—Parquette, $1.00; Dress Circle, $1.50; Family Circle, 75c. Reservation of seats opens Saturday, Apr. 18, at 9 o'clock.

THE SWEDISH MISSION CHURCH

21st Avenue West and 2nd St.

APRIL 15; 1903, 8 P. M.

The Greatest Singing Organization ever sent to America from the land of Christine Nilsson and Jenny Lind.

THE FAMOUS ORIGINAL DURING SWEDISH LADIES' QUINTETTE.

"The Best Vocal Quintette in all Europe." Now on their First American Tour. Assisted by the Noted Humorist,

Mr. Curtis G. Morse.

All the Sweet Old "Folk-Songs" of the Fatherland, sung in the picturesque national costumes.

PRICES: Adults 50 cents; Children 25 cents.

Tickets on sale at Lundberg & Stone's, 221 West Superior street, and Lion Drug Store, 2002 West Superior street.